



# A step towards tagging of quenched jets

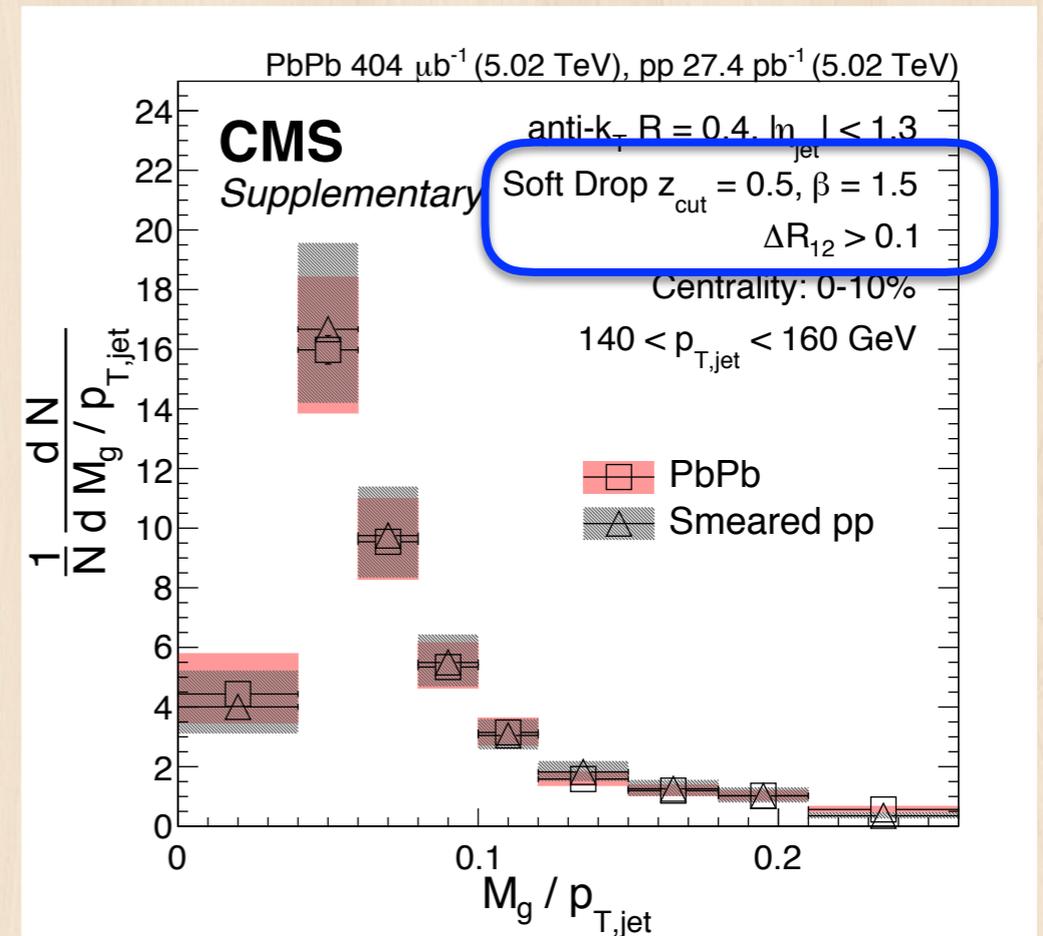
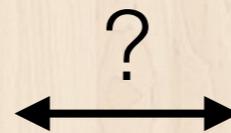
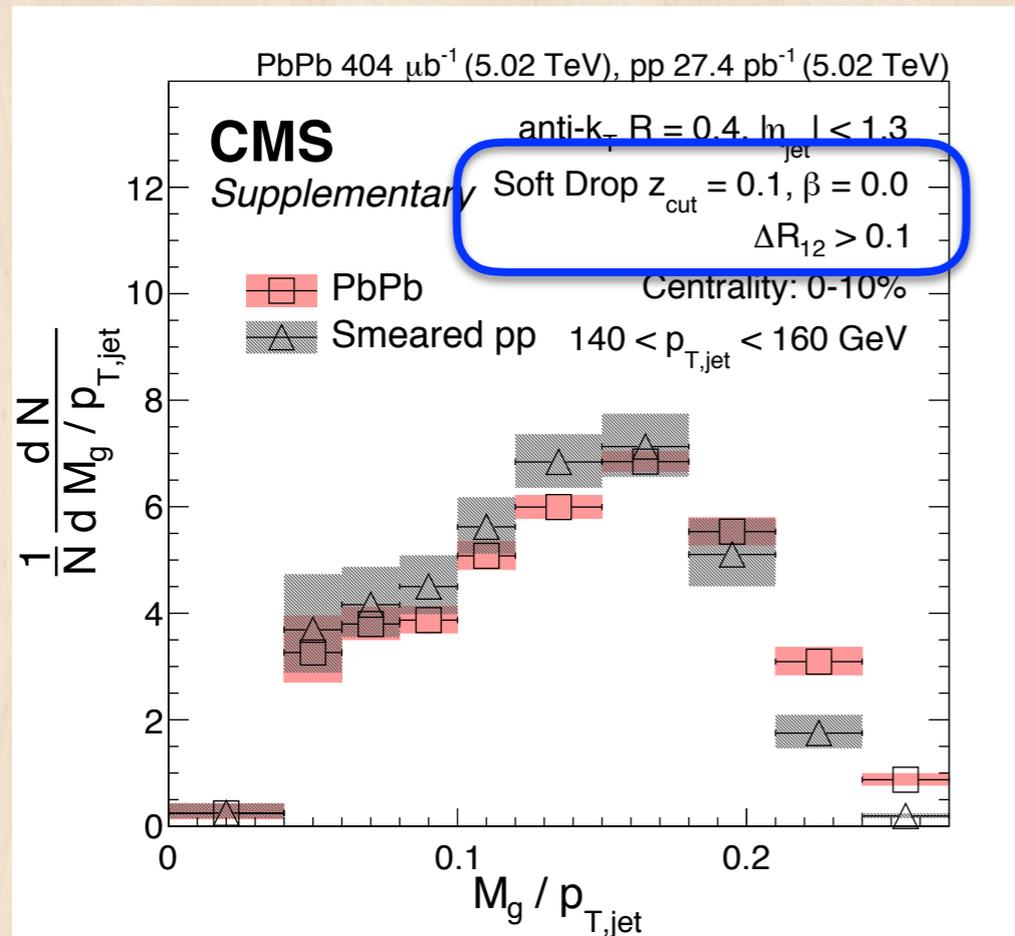
Yi Chen<sup>3</sup>, Guilherme Milhano<sup>1</sup>, Liliana Apolinario<sup>1</sup>, Yen-Jie Lee<sup>2</sup>  
Hard Probes, Oct 3, 2018

<sup>1</sup> LIP & IST

<sup>2</sup> MIT

<sup>3</sup> CERN

# Different aspects of jet



Different algorithm = different phase space  
 = different behavior

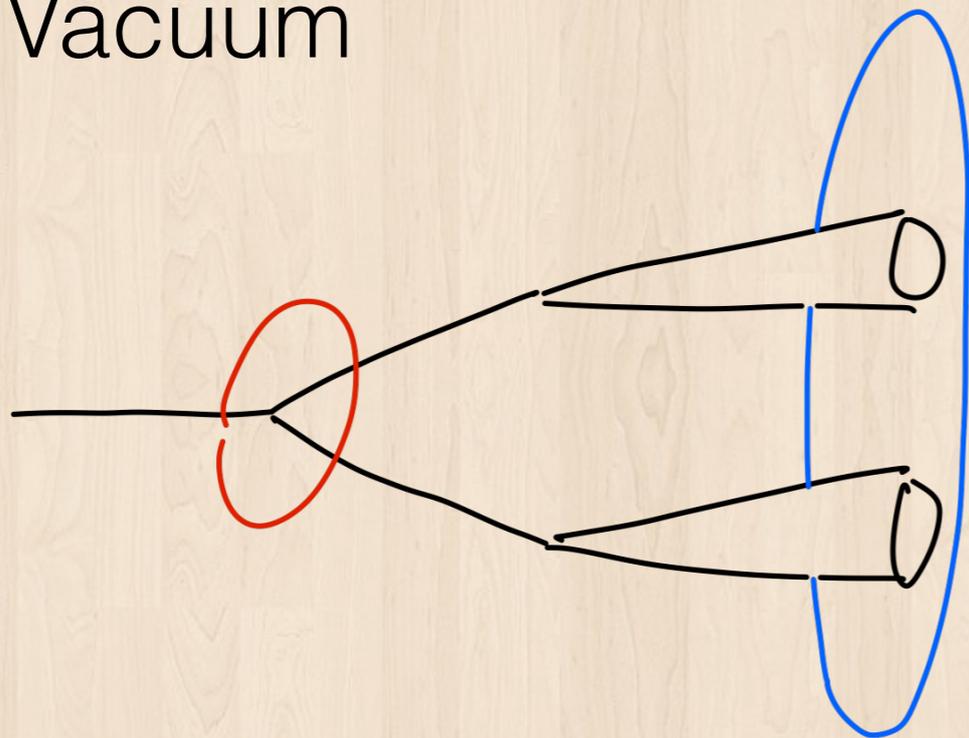
# Correlations

- What can we learn by correlating different observables?
- Can we use one to classify jets and another one to extract physics?
- If we have an observable on the initial opening angle, we can access for example coherence/incoherence effect

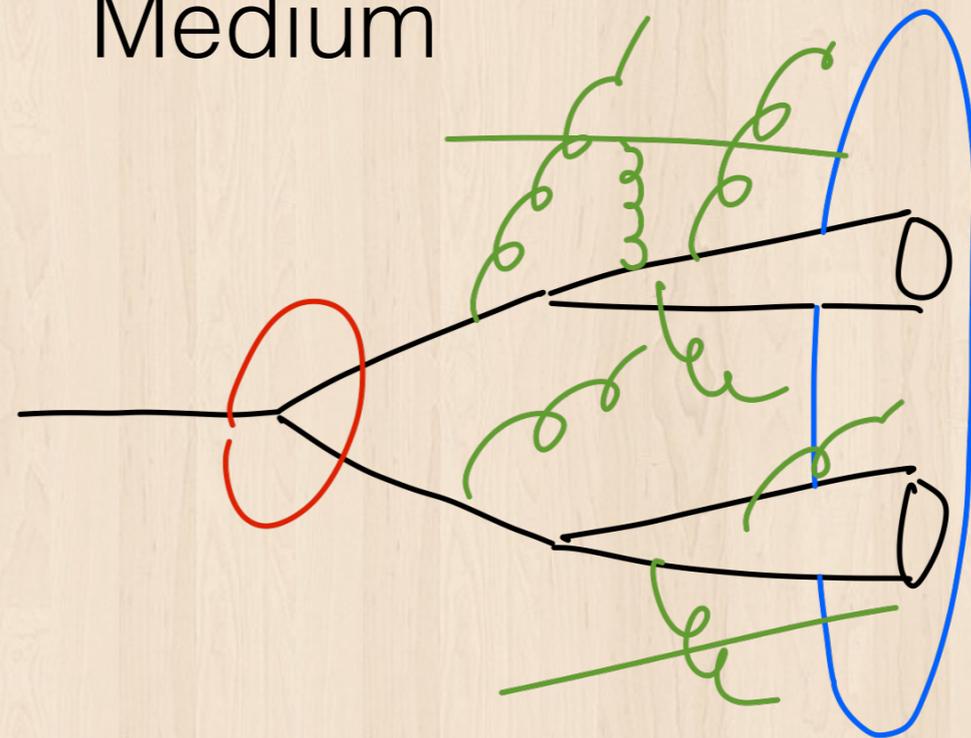
Can we “tag” the initial  
shower shape?

# The goal

Vacuum

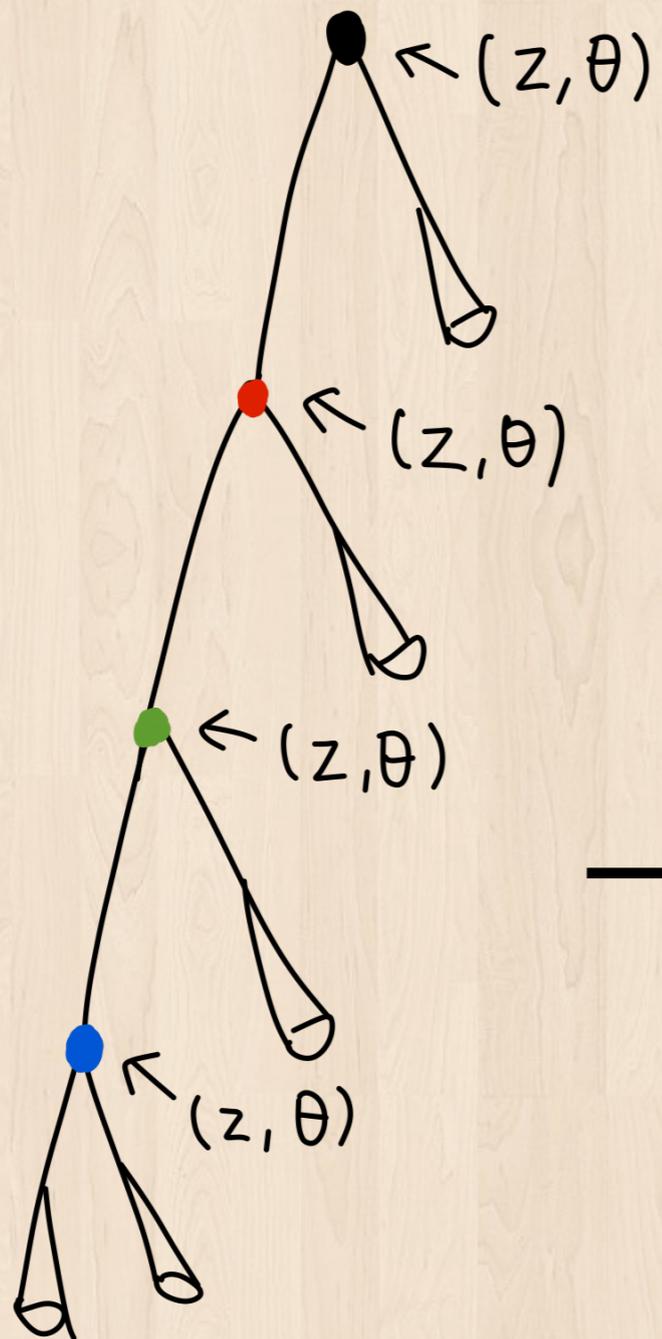


Medium



Find some set of **observables** that reproduce the properties of the **hard splitting**, both in vacuum and in medium

# Mapping jet splittings



Decluster jet (C/A) and follow harder branch

$\ln(z\theta)$

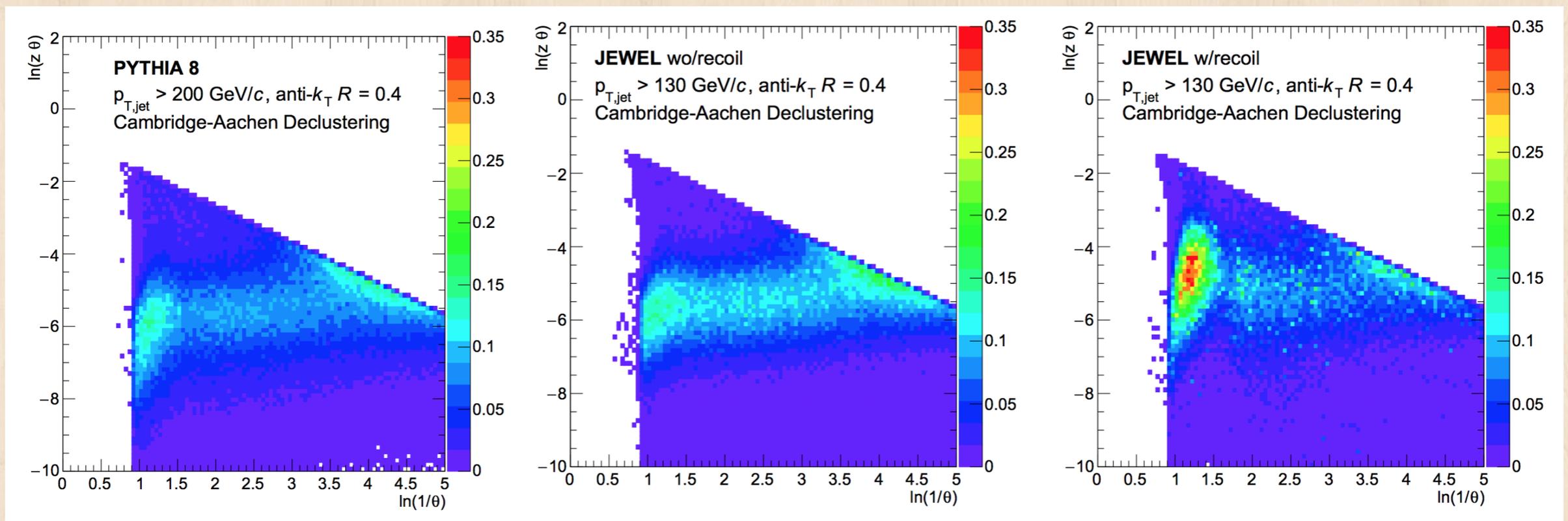


# Jewel: a case study

Vacuum

Jewel: no recoil

Jewel: recoil



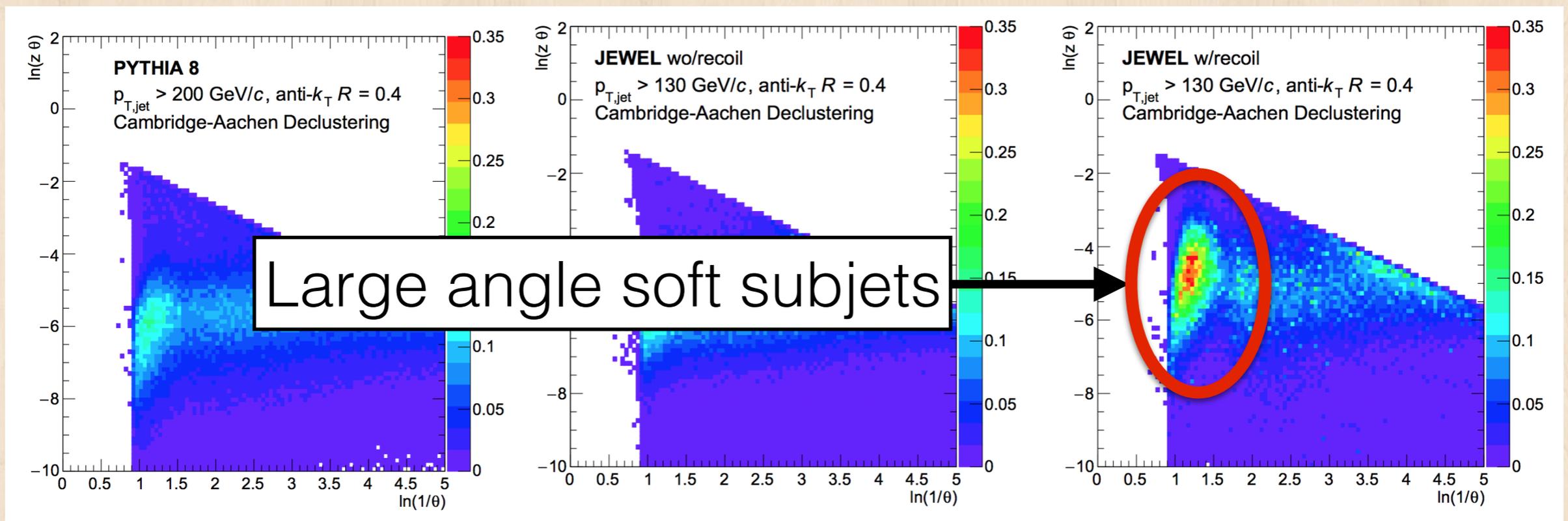
First step: find a way to slice this plane so that vacuum and jewel results look similar

# Jewel: a case study

Vacuum

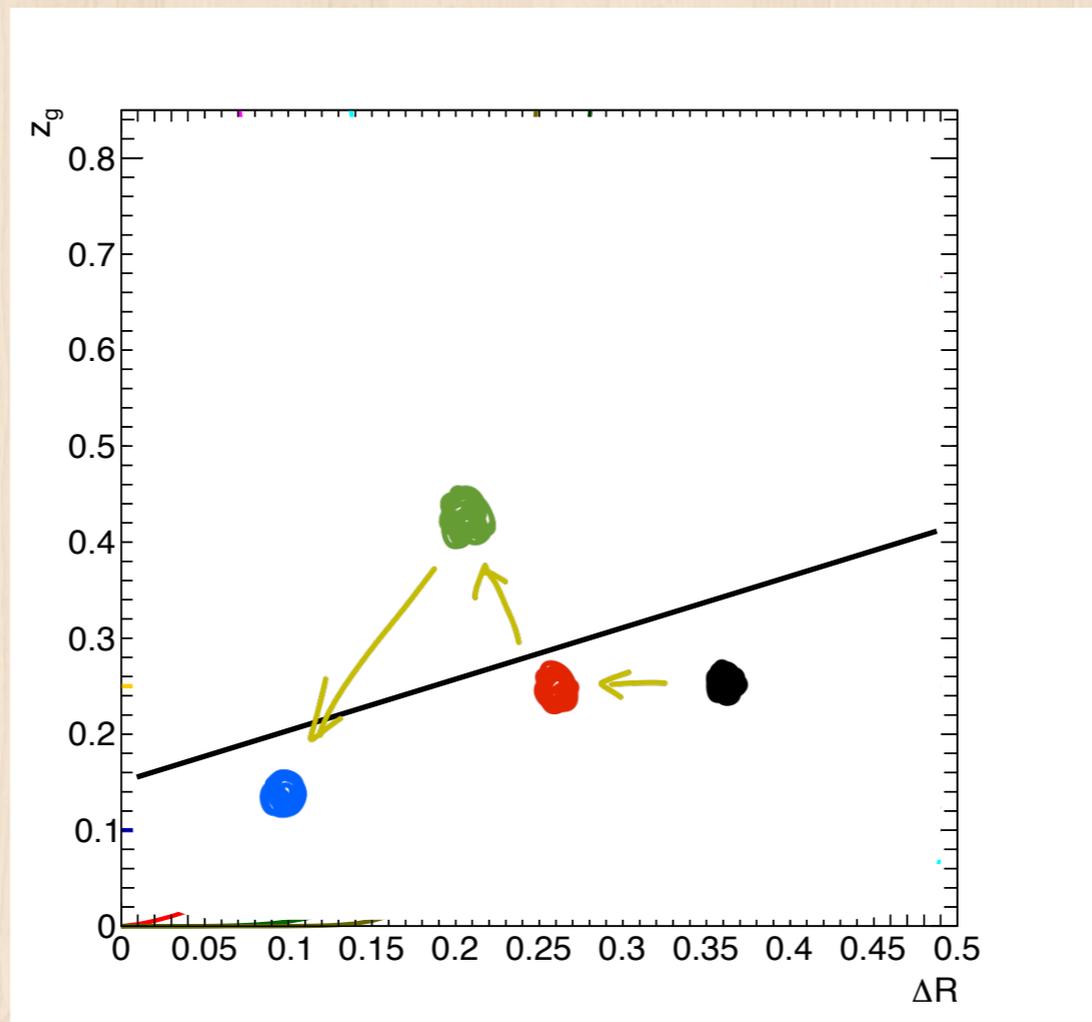
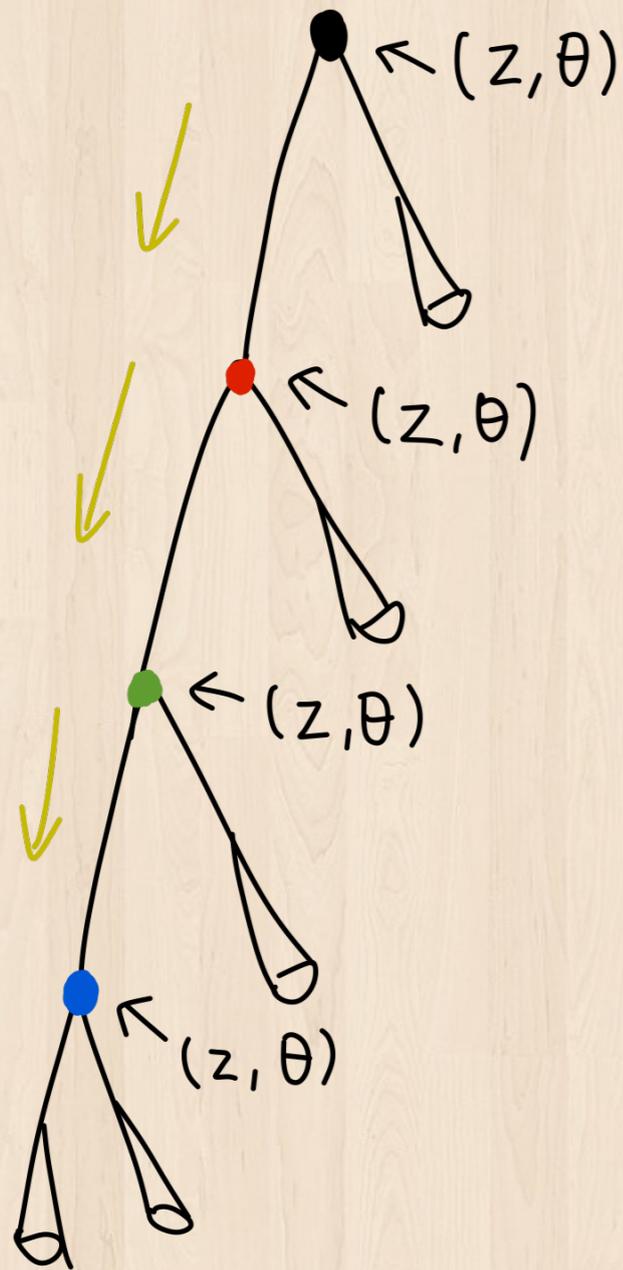
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First step: find a way to slice this plane so that vacuum and jewel results look similar

# Soft drop grooming

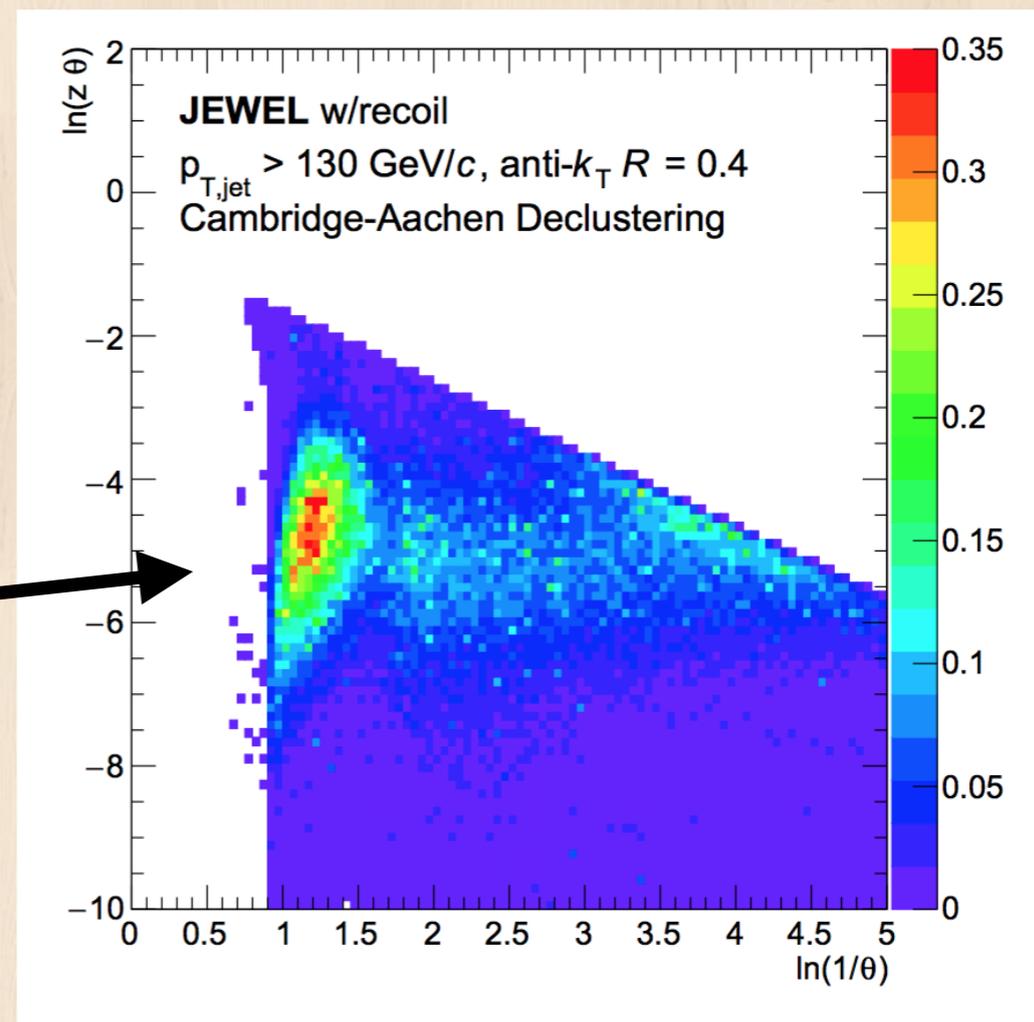
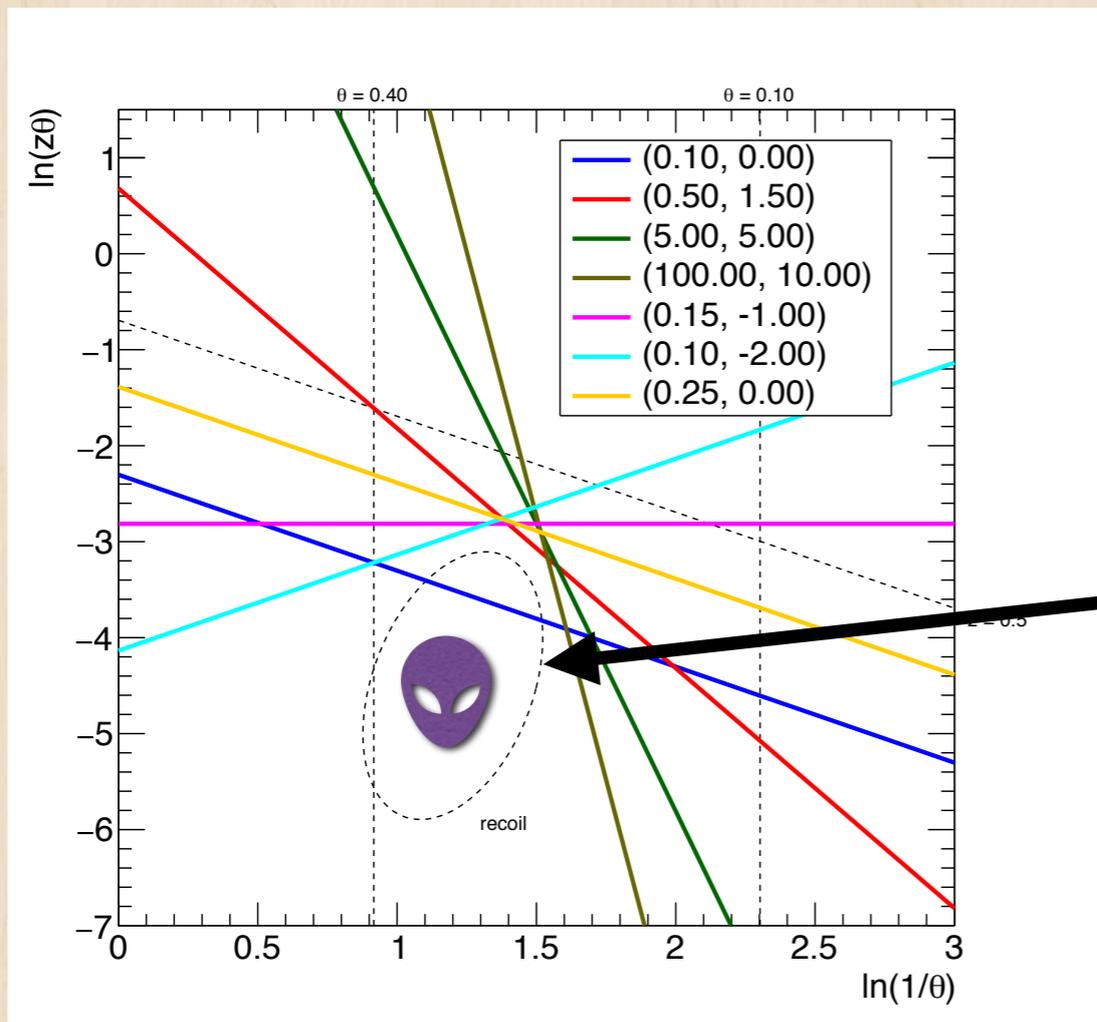


Above line:  
accepted by  
grooming

Below line:  
groomed  
away

# Soft drop grooming

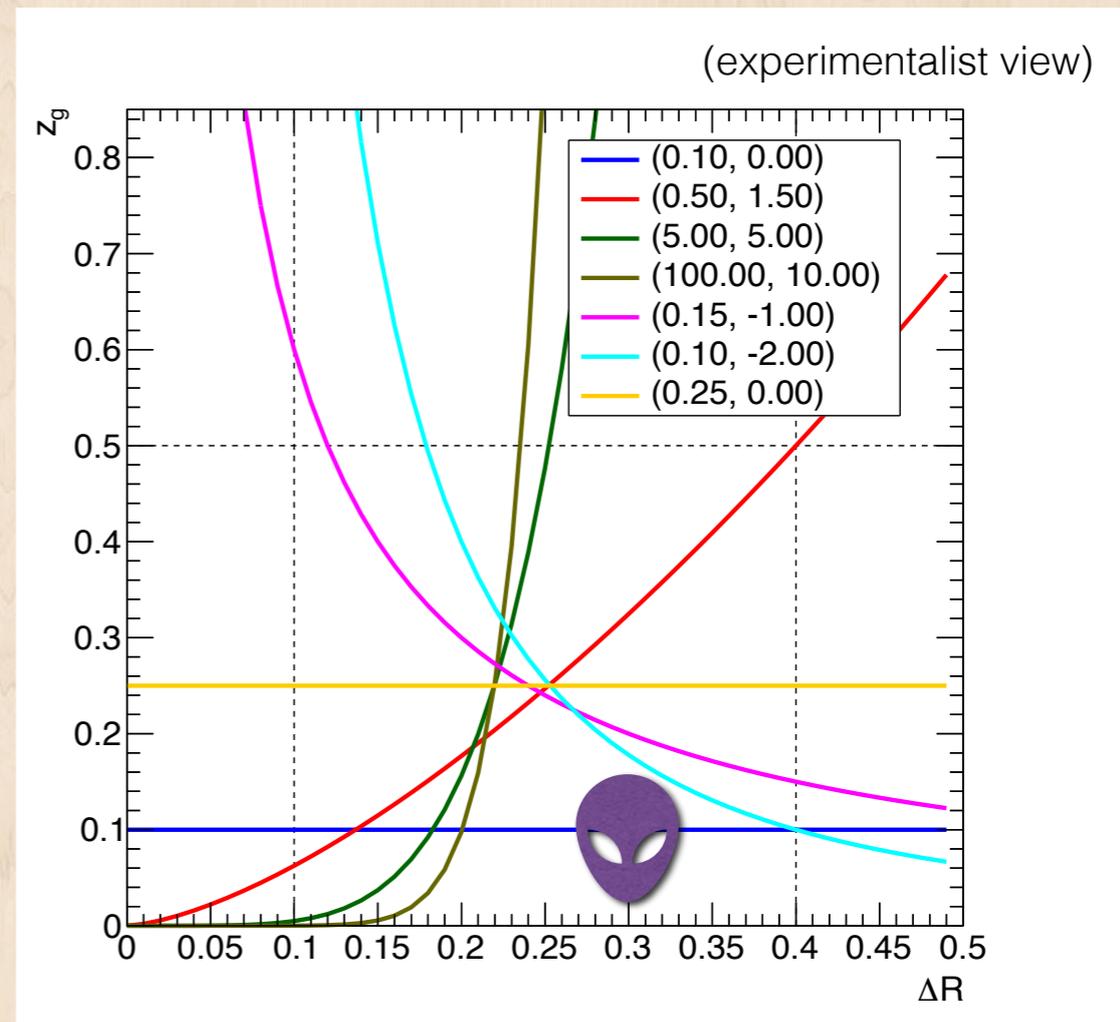
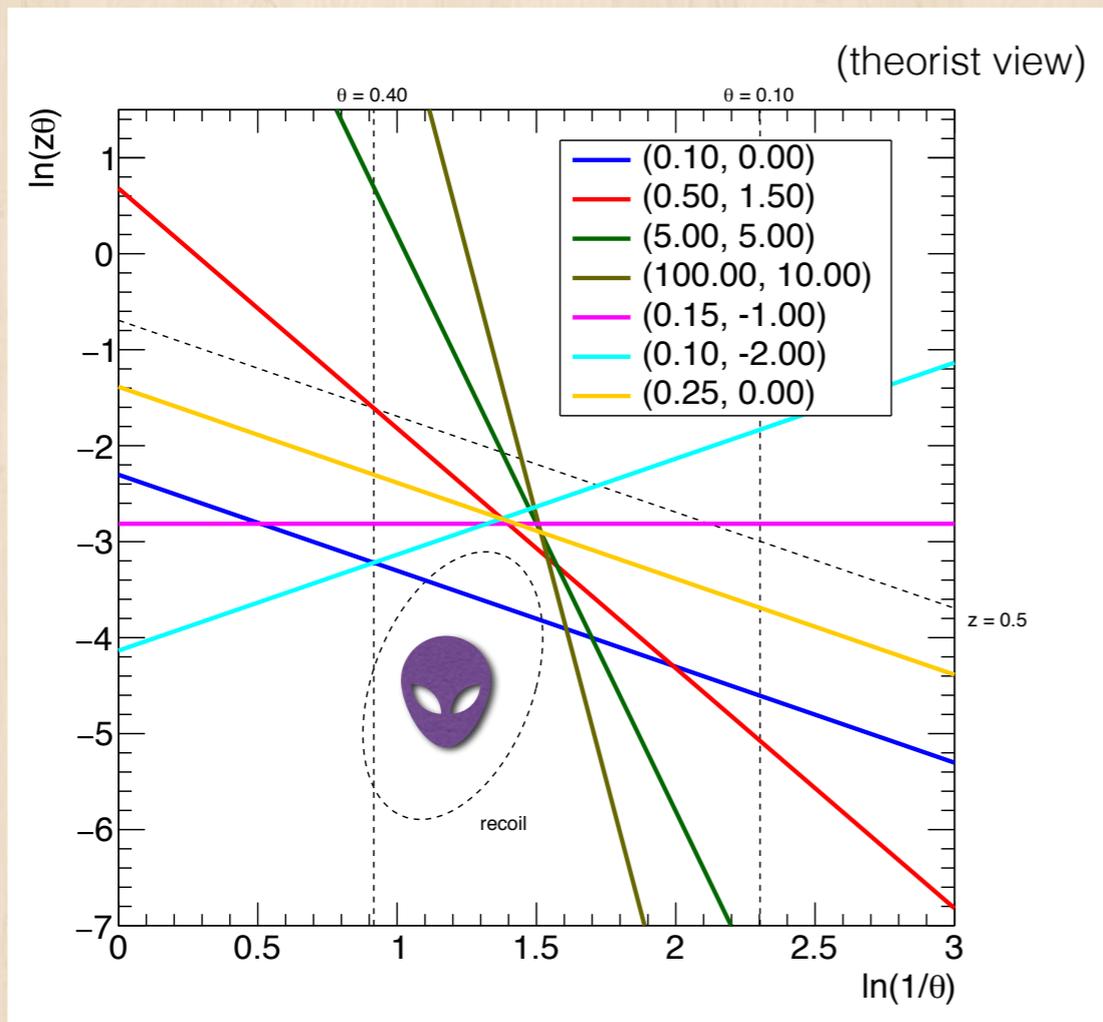
Is there a soft drop grooming setting  $(z_{\text{cut}}, \beta)$  that can achieve the goal?



Soft drop condition:  $z_g > z_{\text{cut}} (\Delta R/R_0)^\beta$

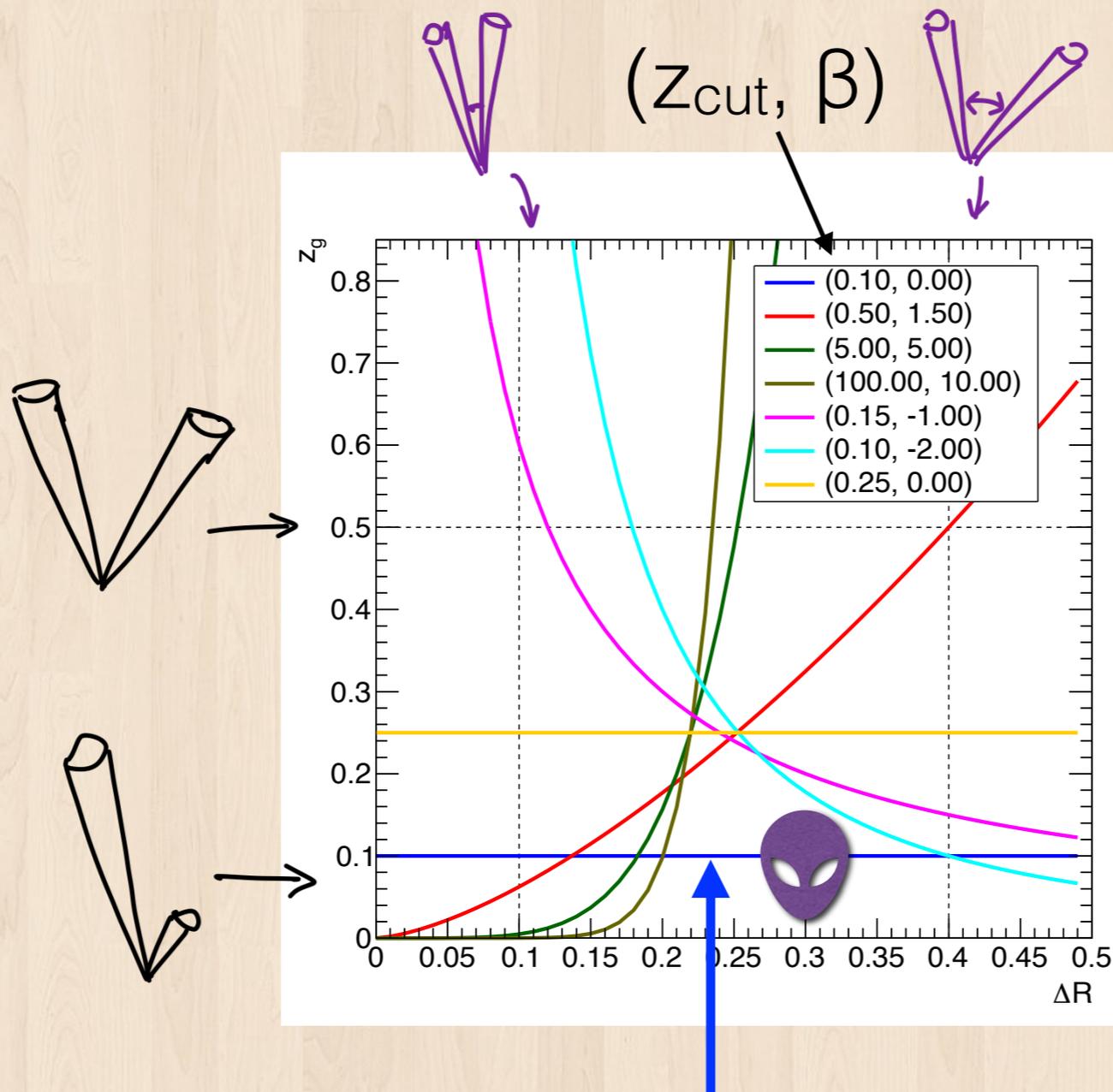
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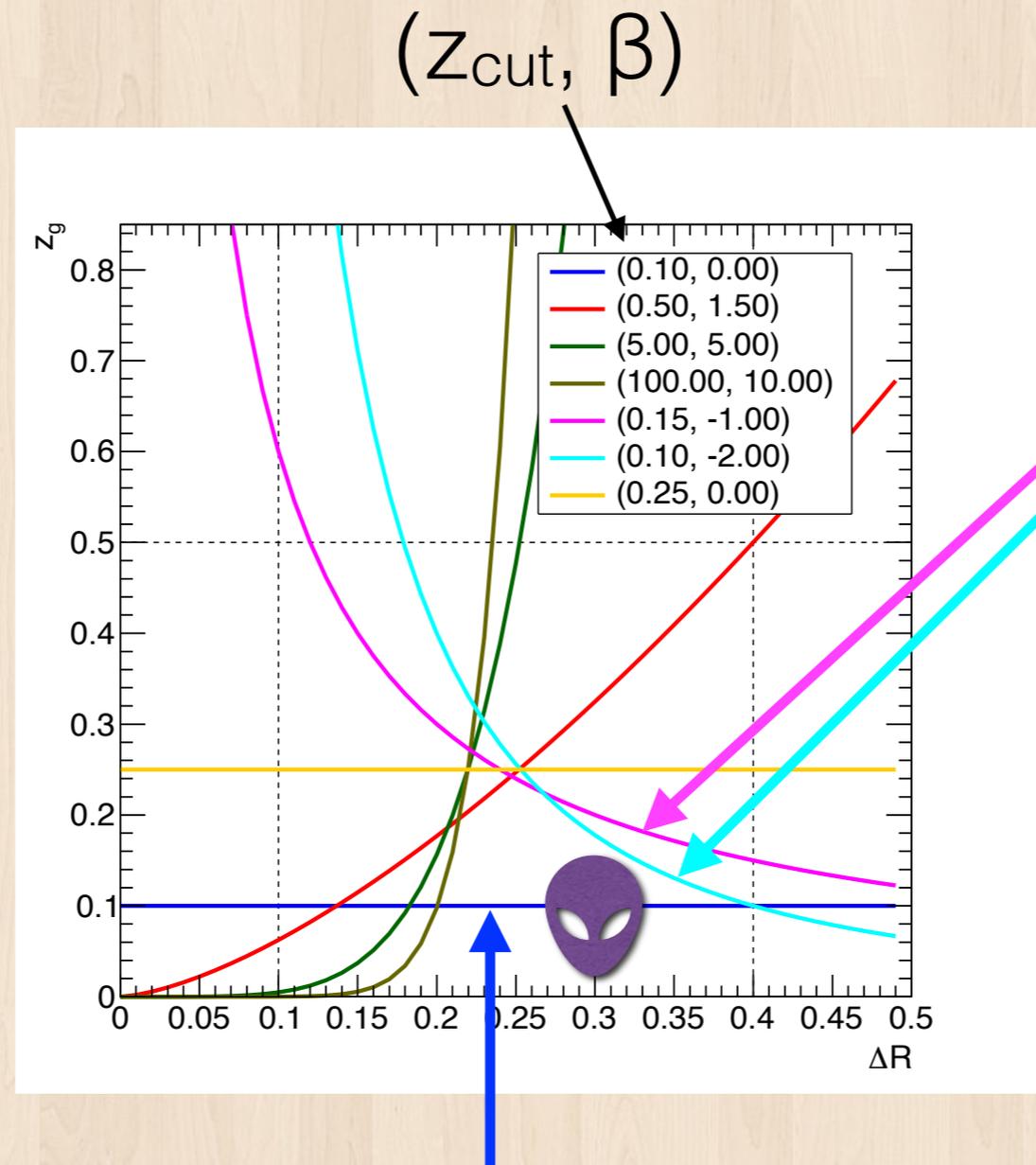
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# Classic grooming



Classic: Catches large angle soft particles

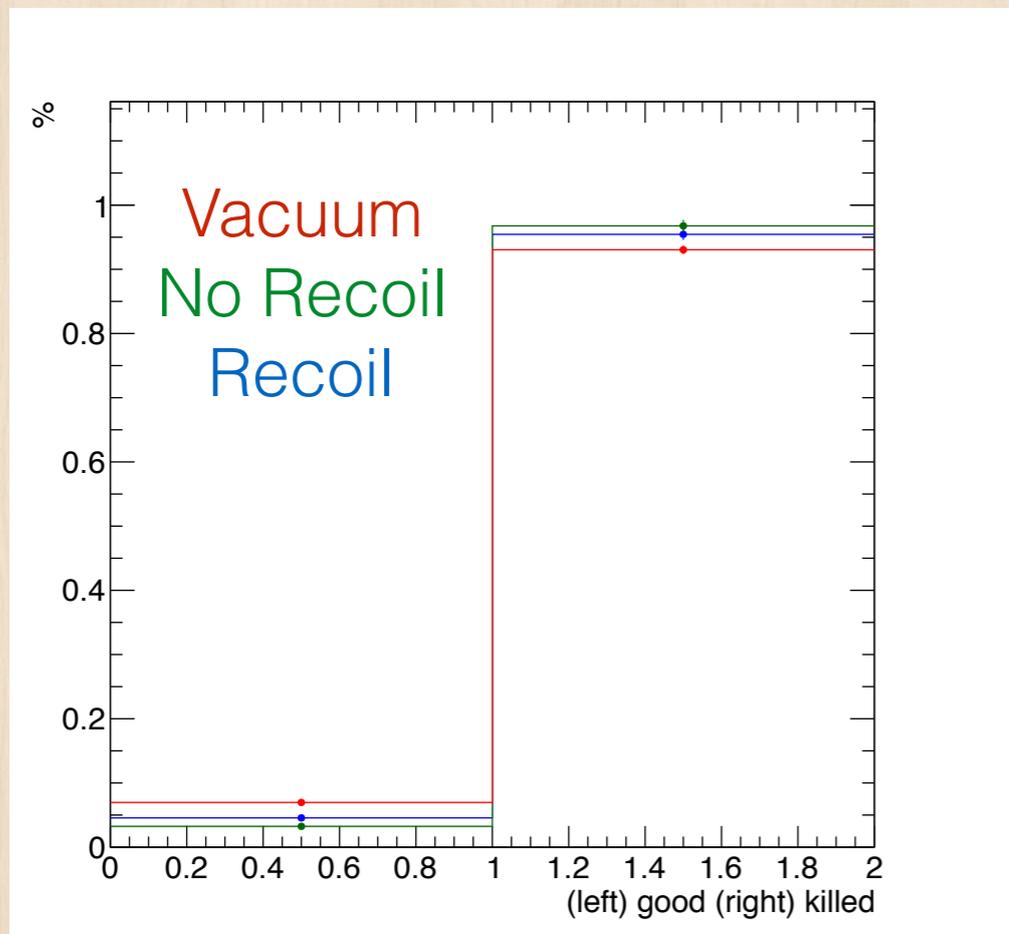
# Pros and cons



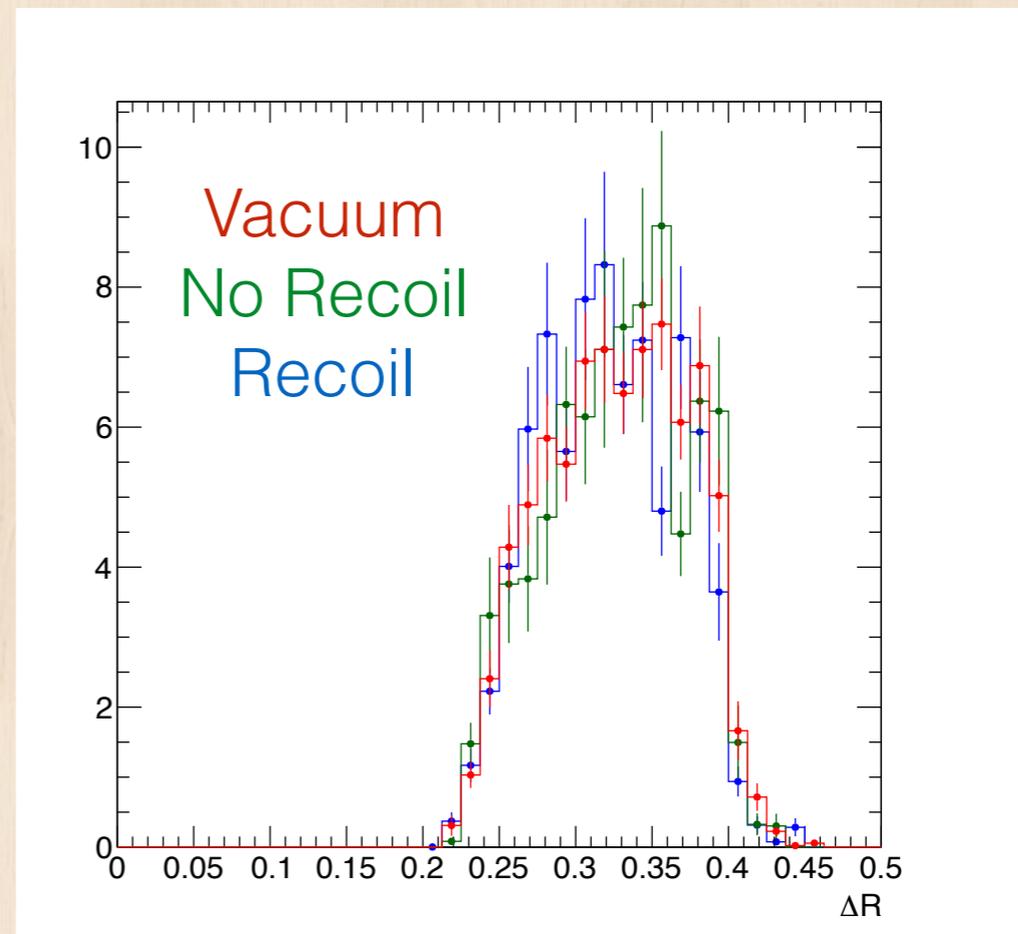
Limited to large angles; groomed-away rate large

Classic: Catches large angle soft particles

$$\beta < 0 \quad (0.15, -2.00)$$



> 90% jets completely groomed away

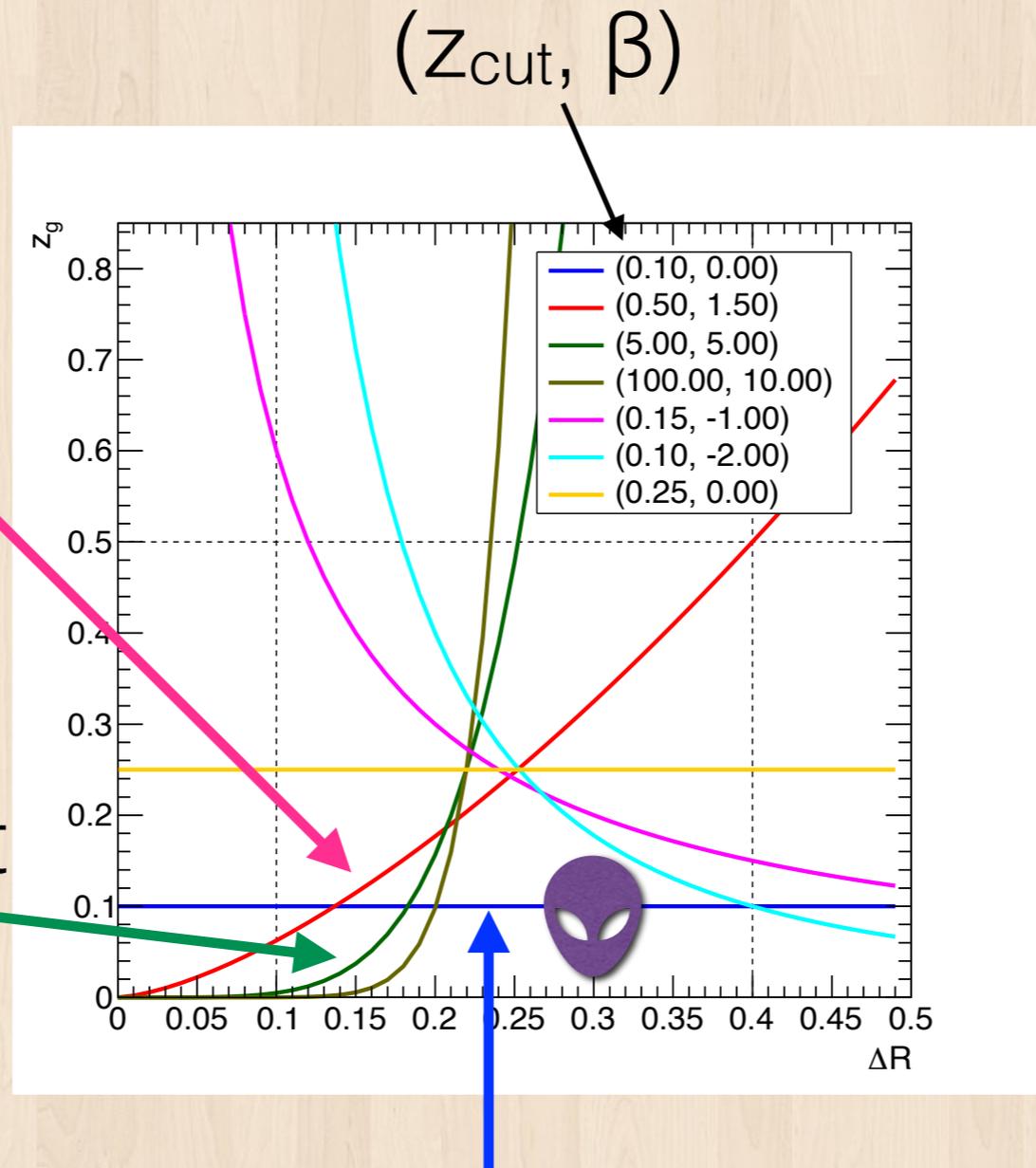


Only span part of opening angles

# Pros and cons

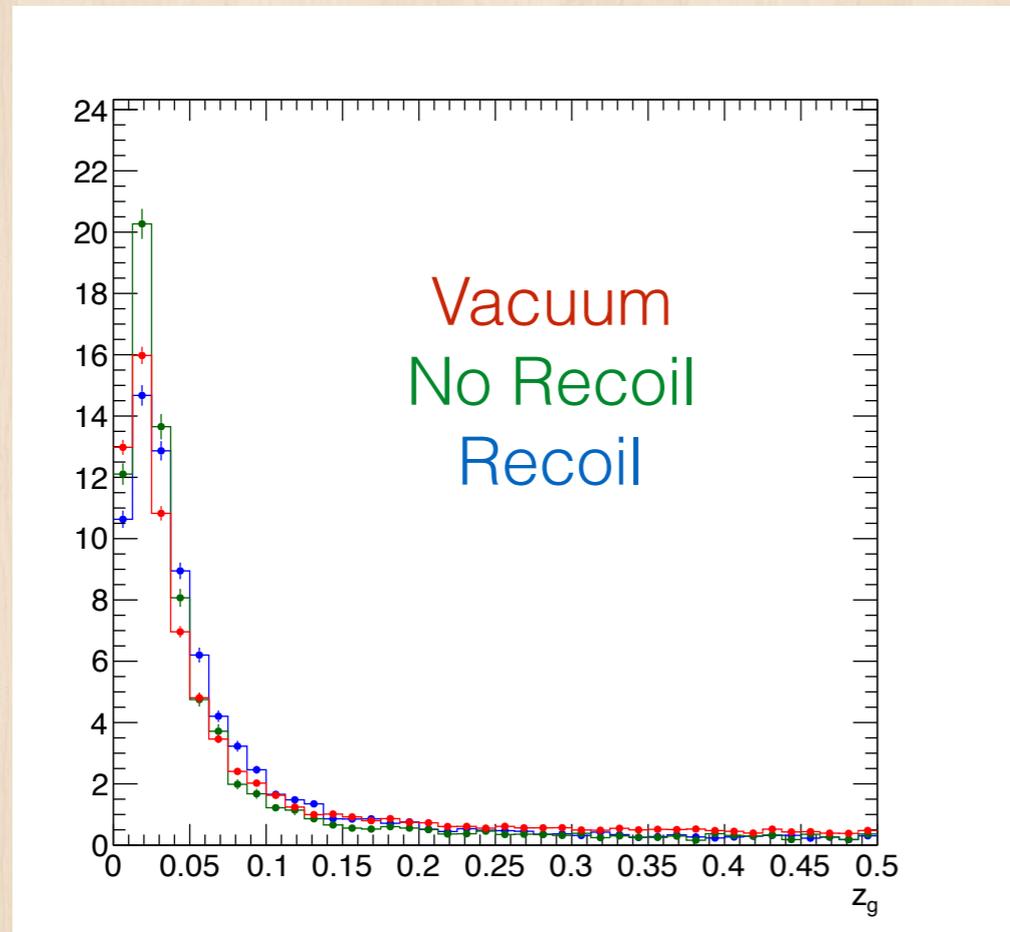
Focuses on small angle

Very small  $z_g$ ; not experiment friendly

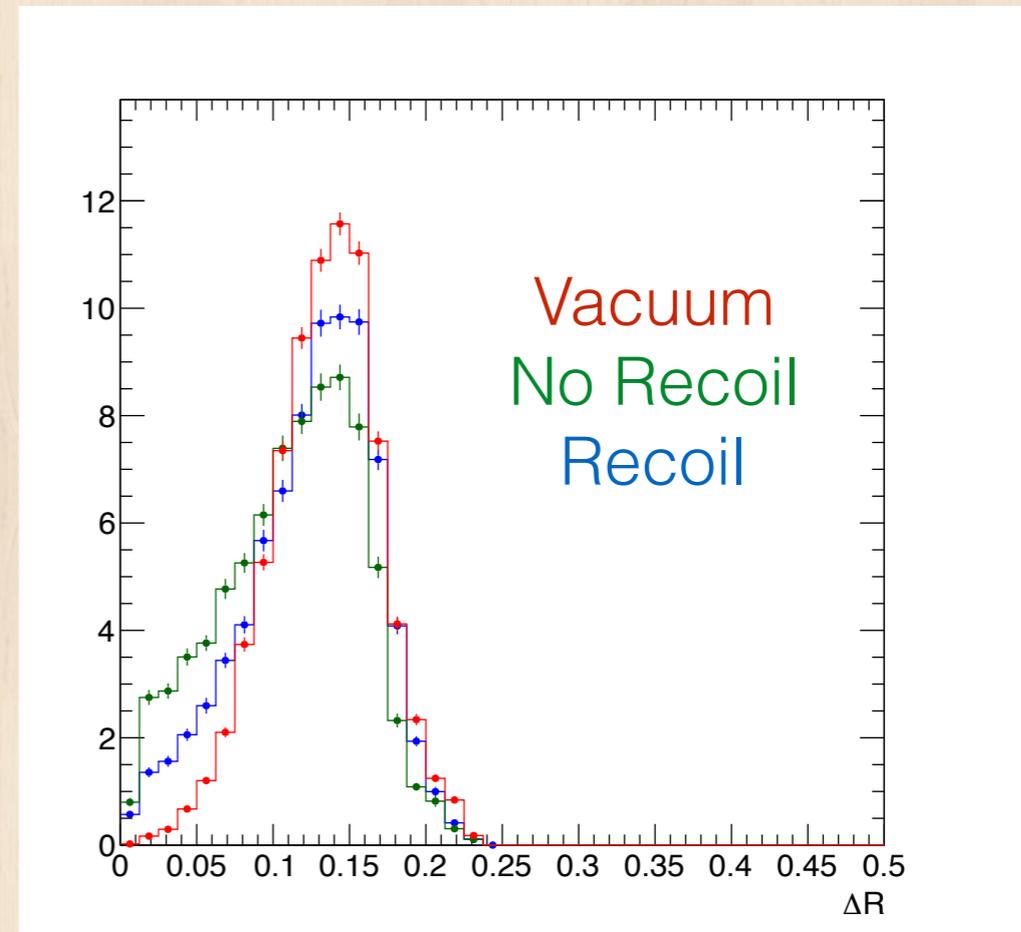


Classic: Catches large angle soft particles

# Large $\beta$

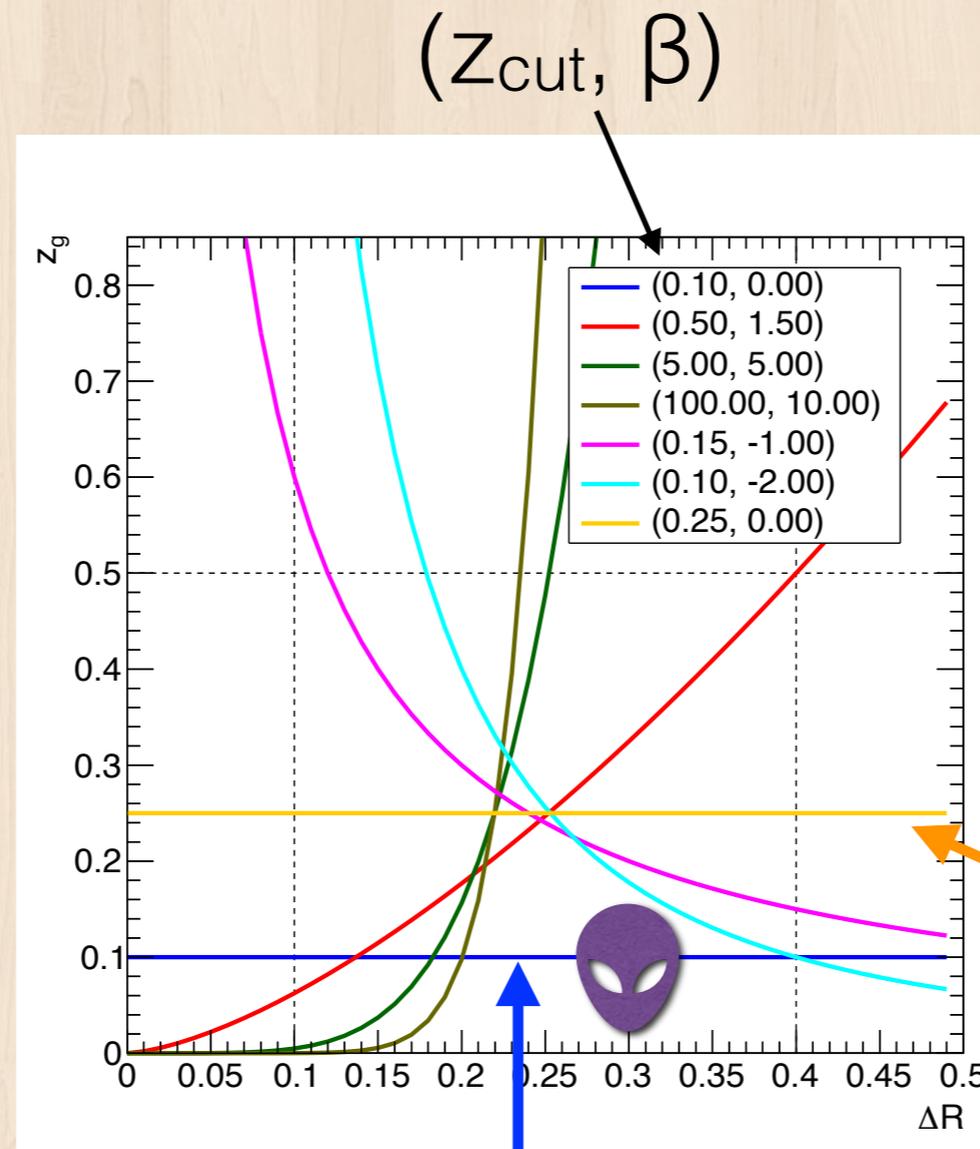


Very small  $z_g$ , hard to control experimentally



Only span part of opening angles

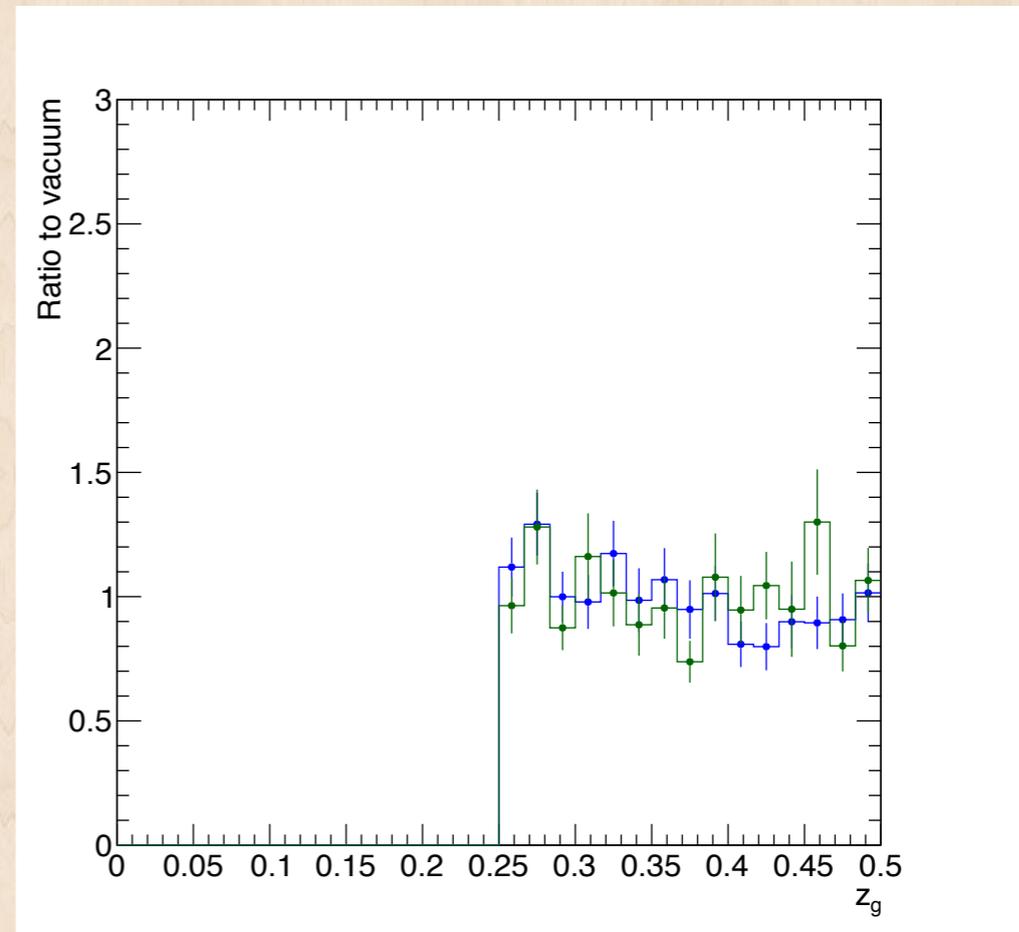
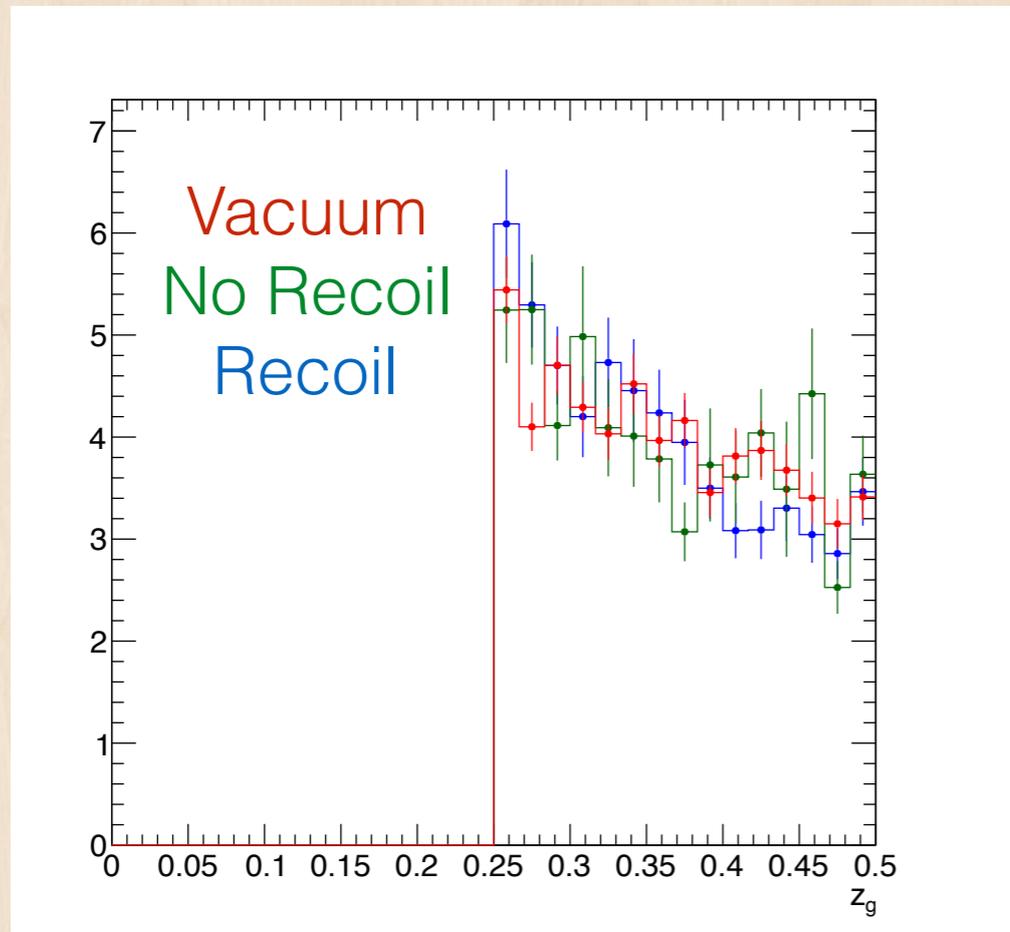
# Pros and cons



Avoids most soft radiation

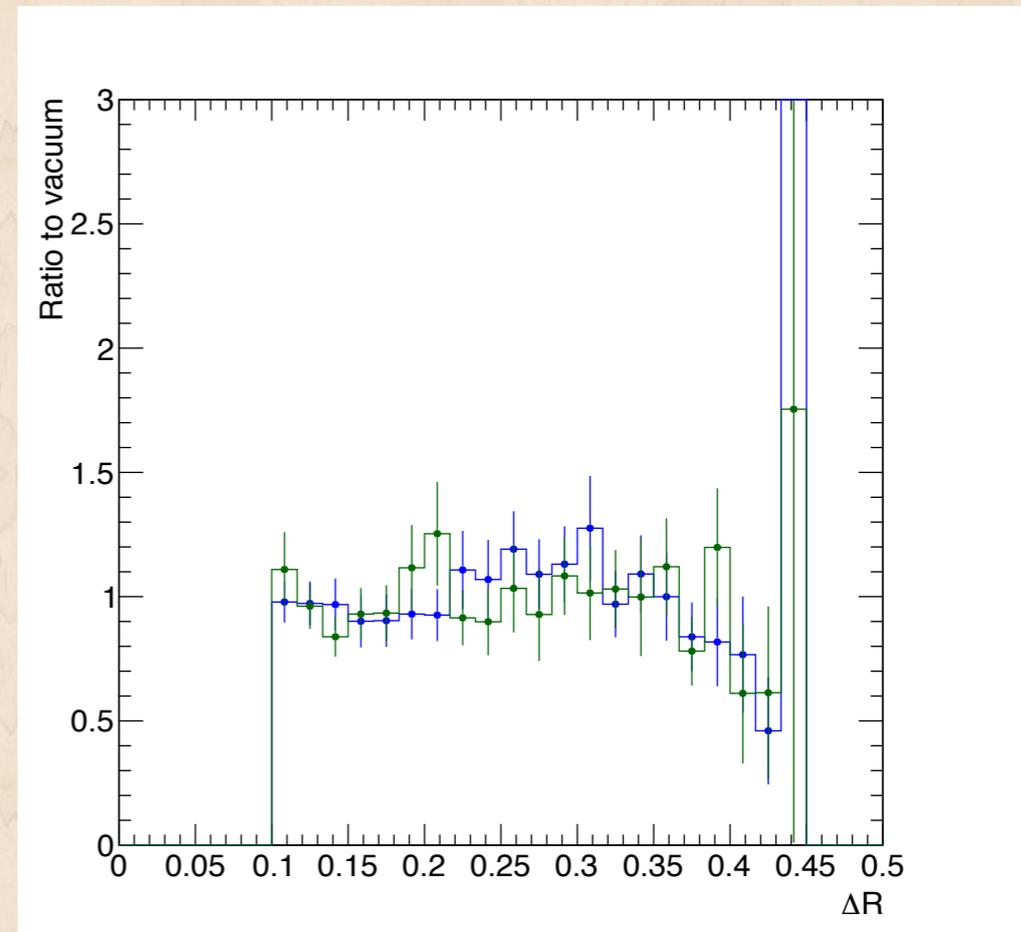
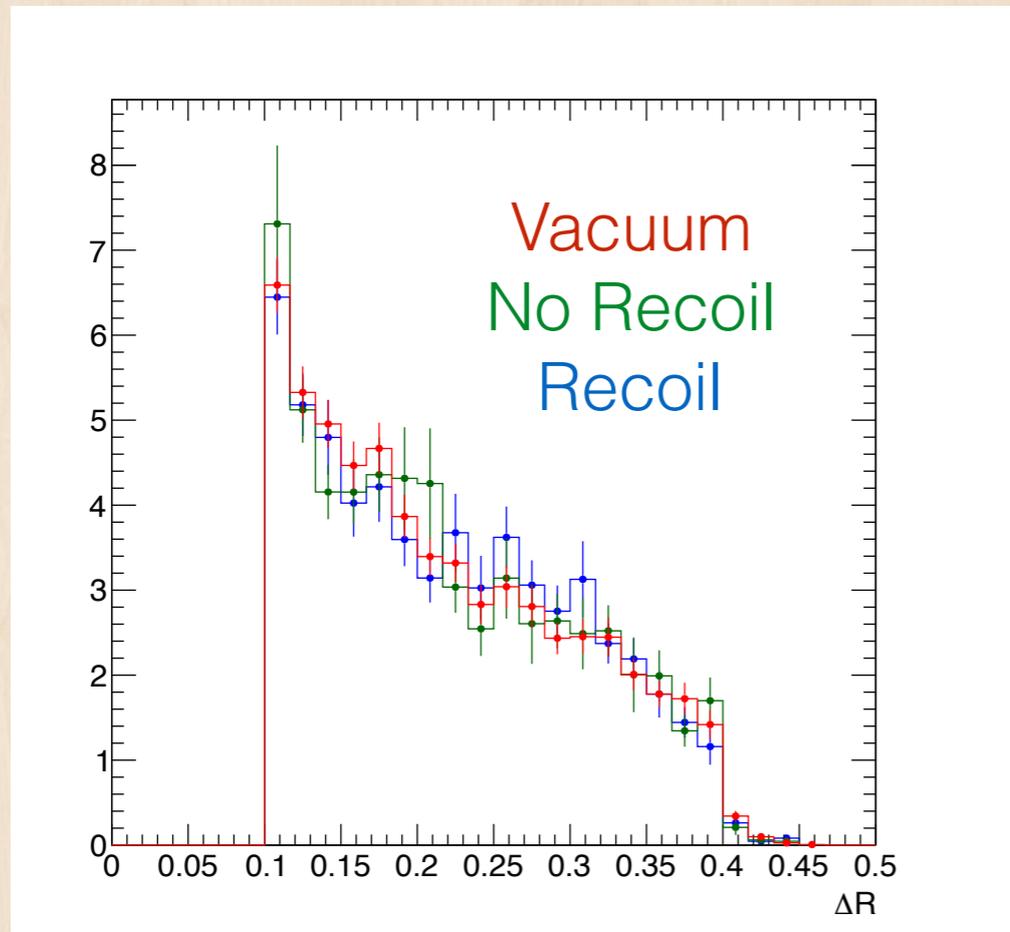
Classic: Catches large angle soft particles

$(Z_{\text{cut}} = 0.25, \beta = 0.00)$



Grooming: flat as a function of opening angle  
Has potential to “tag” the initial angle  
Distribution looks similar between vacuum and jewel

$$(Z_{\text{cut}} = 0.25, \beta = 0.00)$$



Grooming: flat as a function of opening angle  
Has potential to “tag” the initial angle  
Distribution looks similar between vacuum and jewel

# What can we study?

V-tagged jets, Jet  $R_{AA}$   
fragmentation function, mass, radial profile

$\Delta R$

←  
Balanced splitting  
at small angle

Structure of the “recoil”;  
Coherent emission

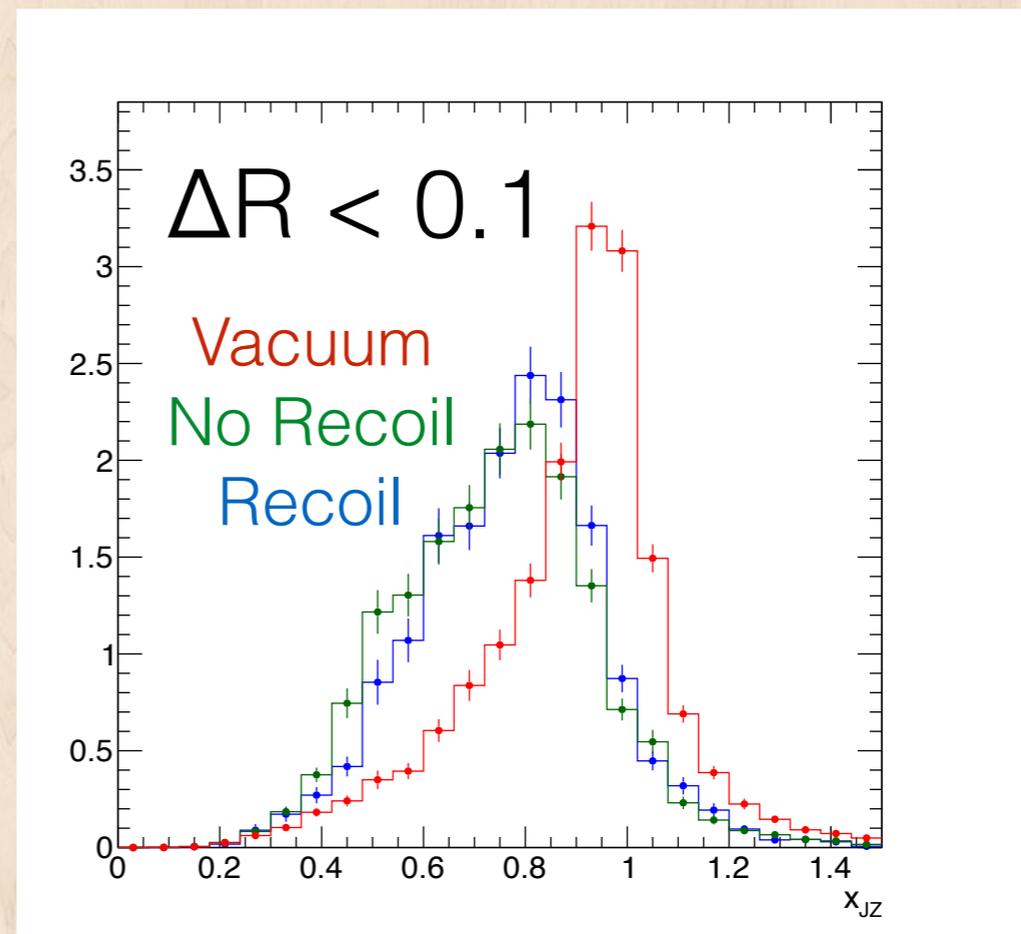
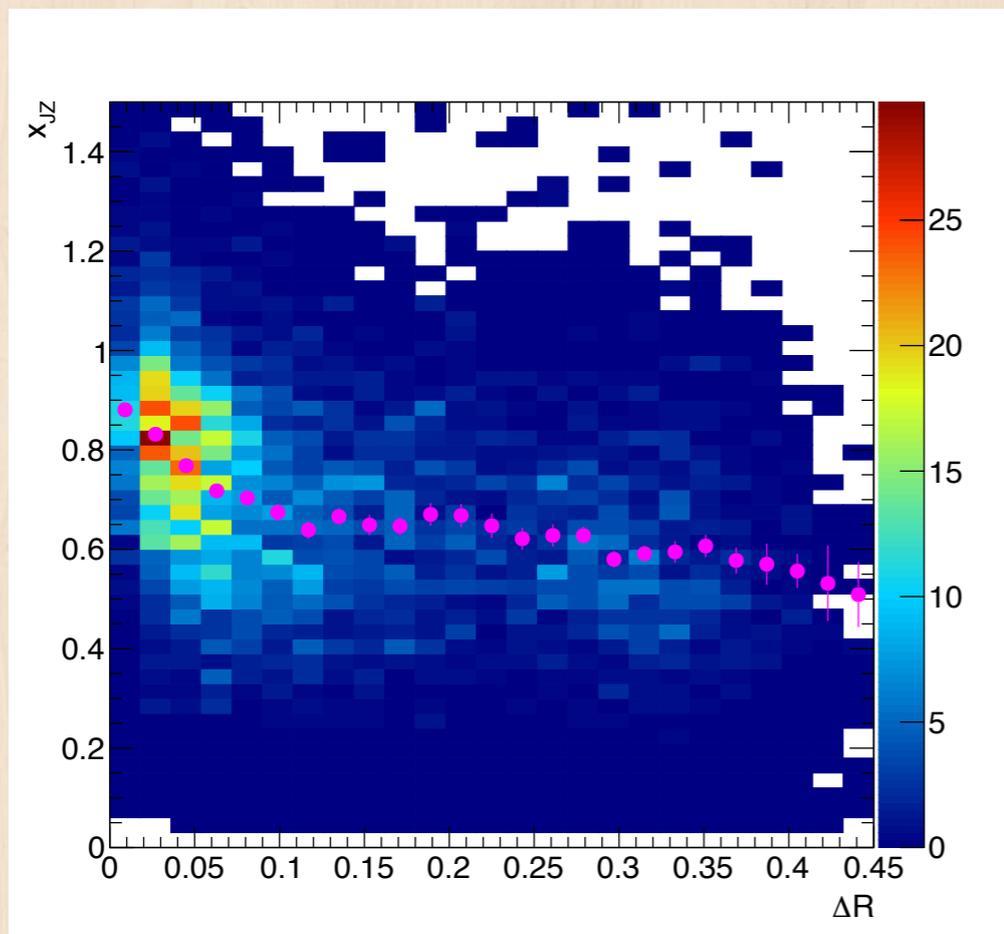
→  
Balanced splitting  
at large angle

Correlate with grooming  
with  $\beta > 0$  to study  
protected structures

Correlation with other  
observables: examples

# Z-tagged jet

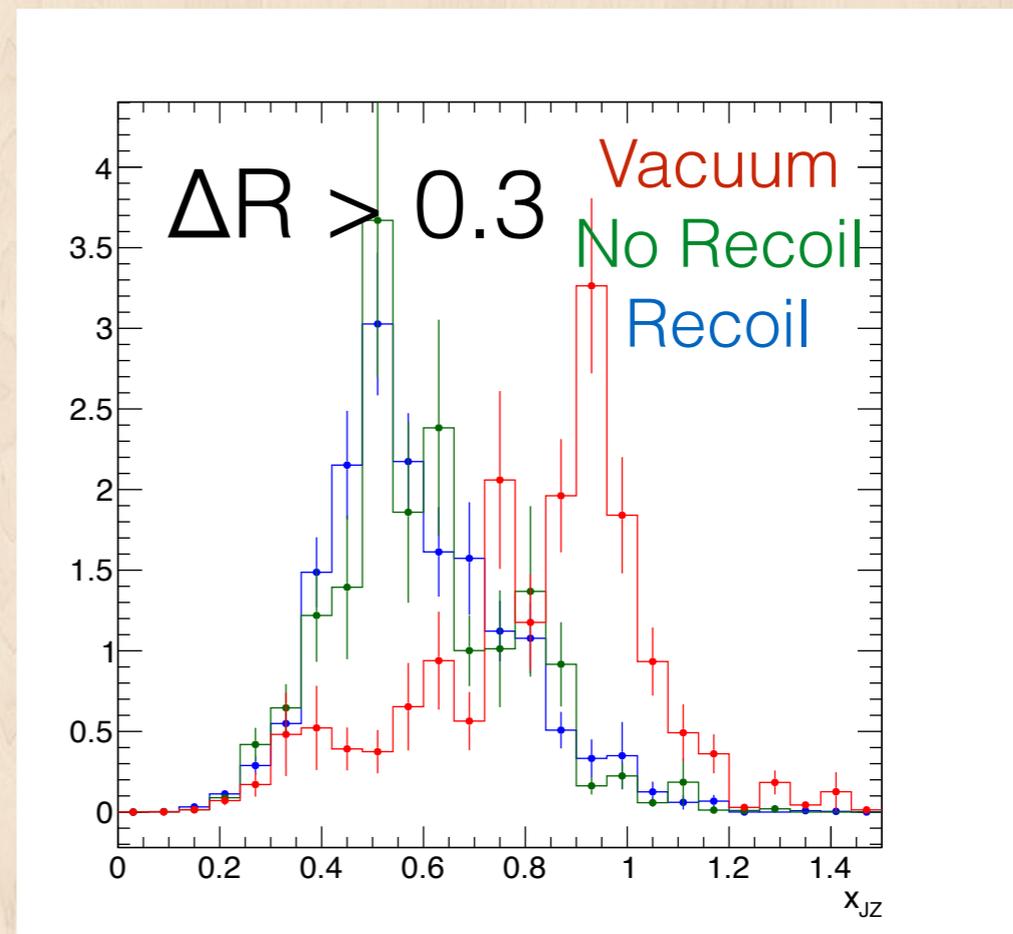
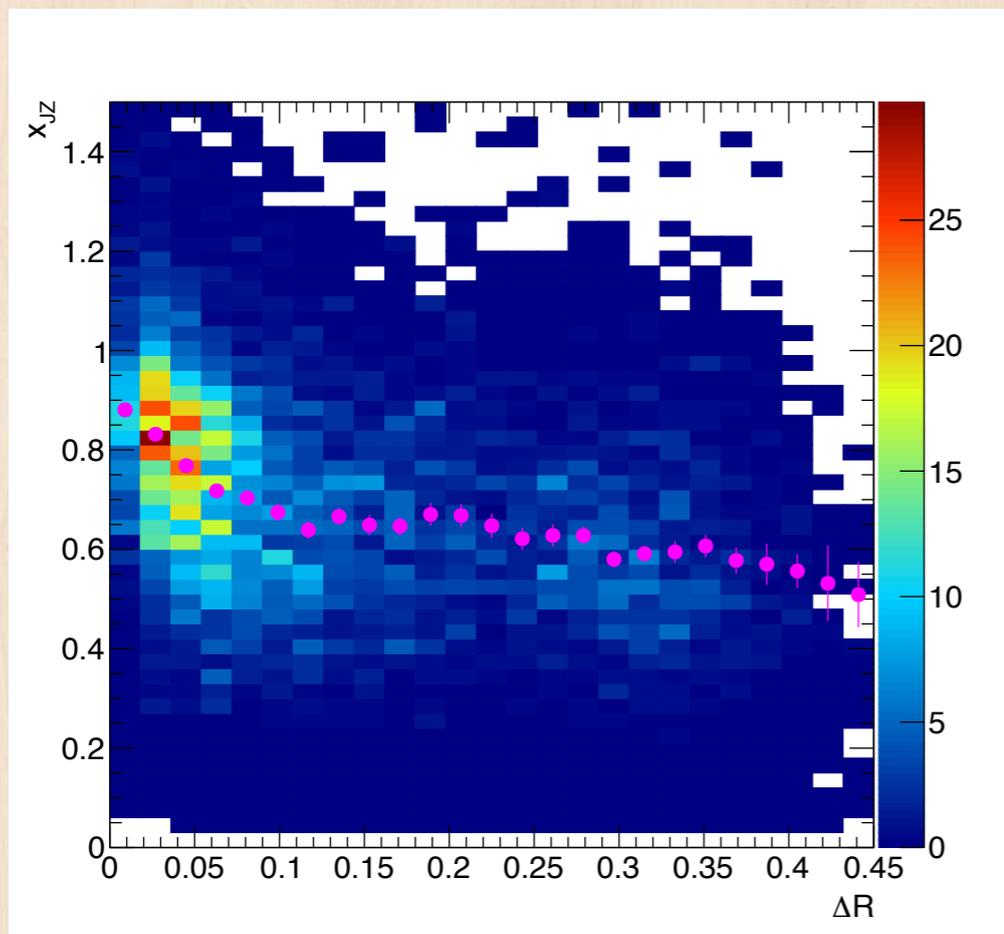
Identify Z boson and look at away-side jet energy



Jets with large-angle balanced splitting lose more energy compared to those with smaller angle

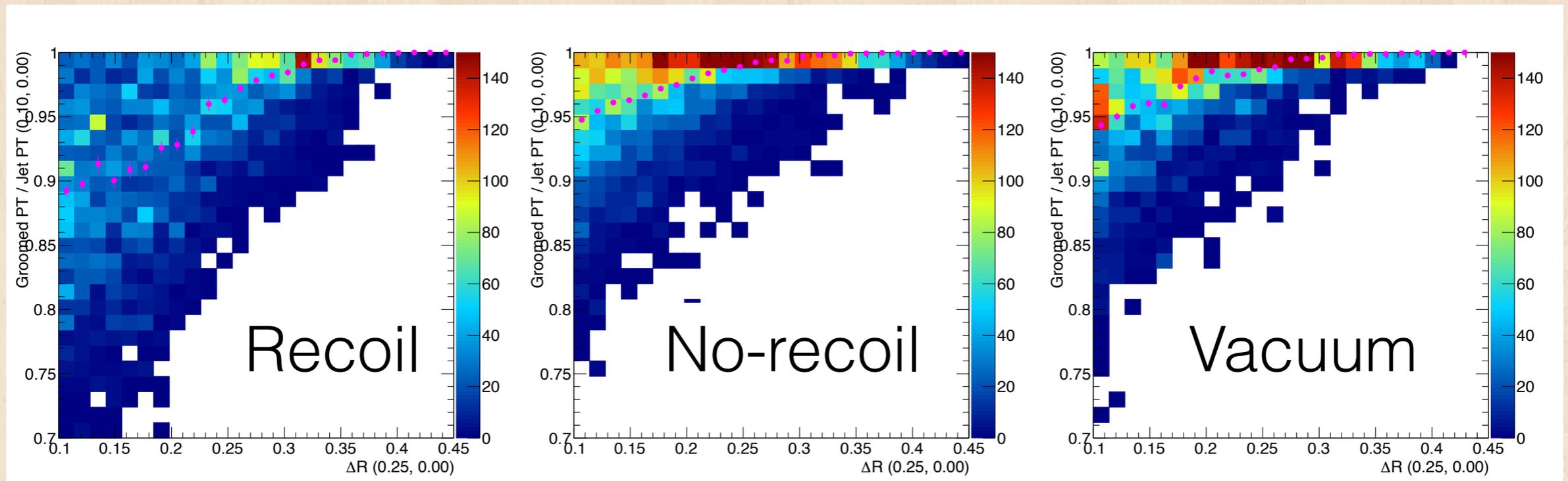
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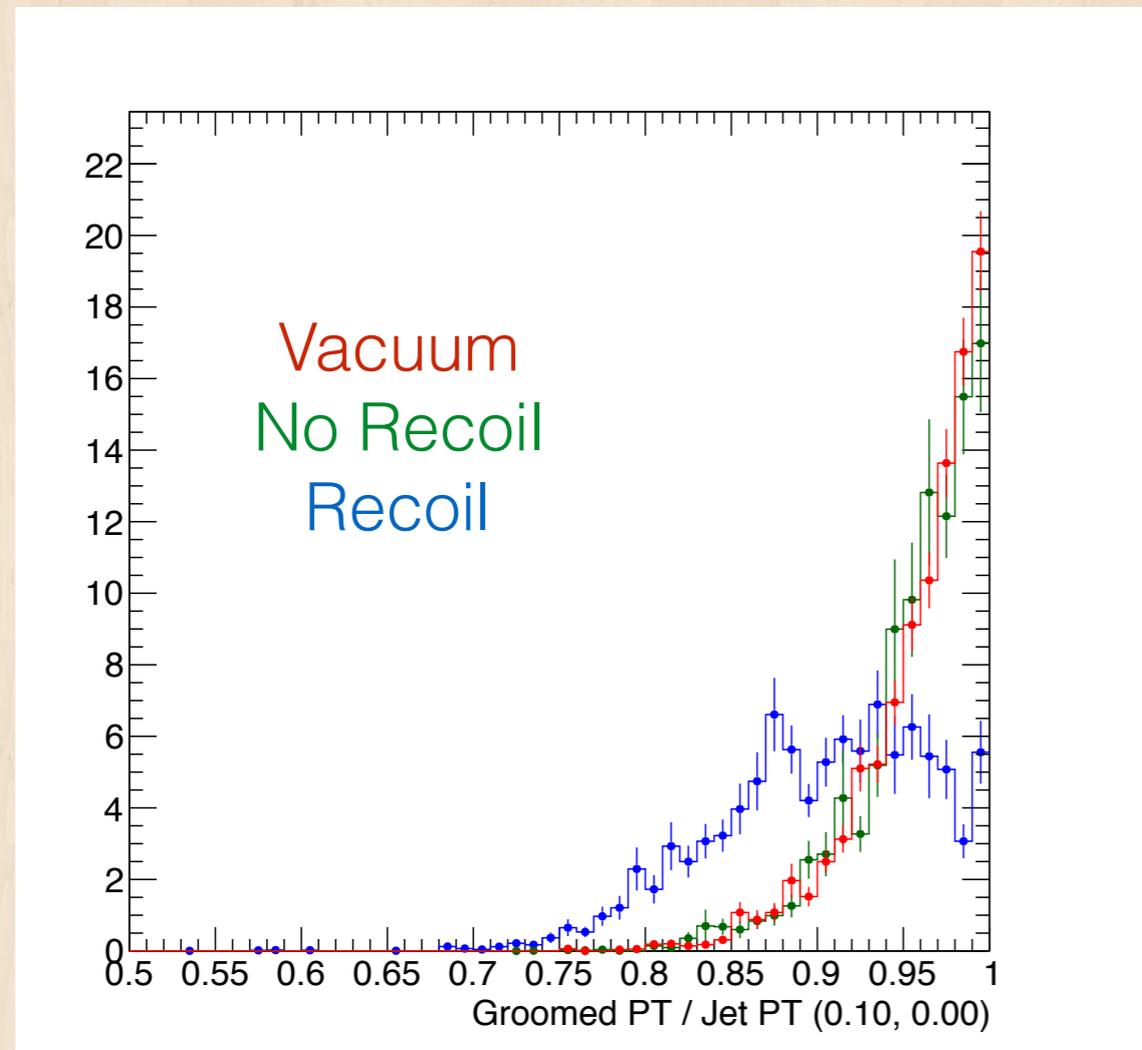
# Groomed PT (0.10, 0.00)



Groomed jet PT with (0.10, 0.00) as a function of opening angle of first uniform splitting

In vacuum, regardless of the opening angle, groomed-away energy is minimal

# Groomed PT (0.10, 0.00)



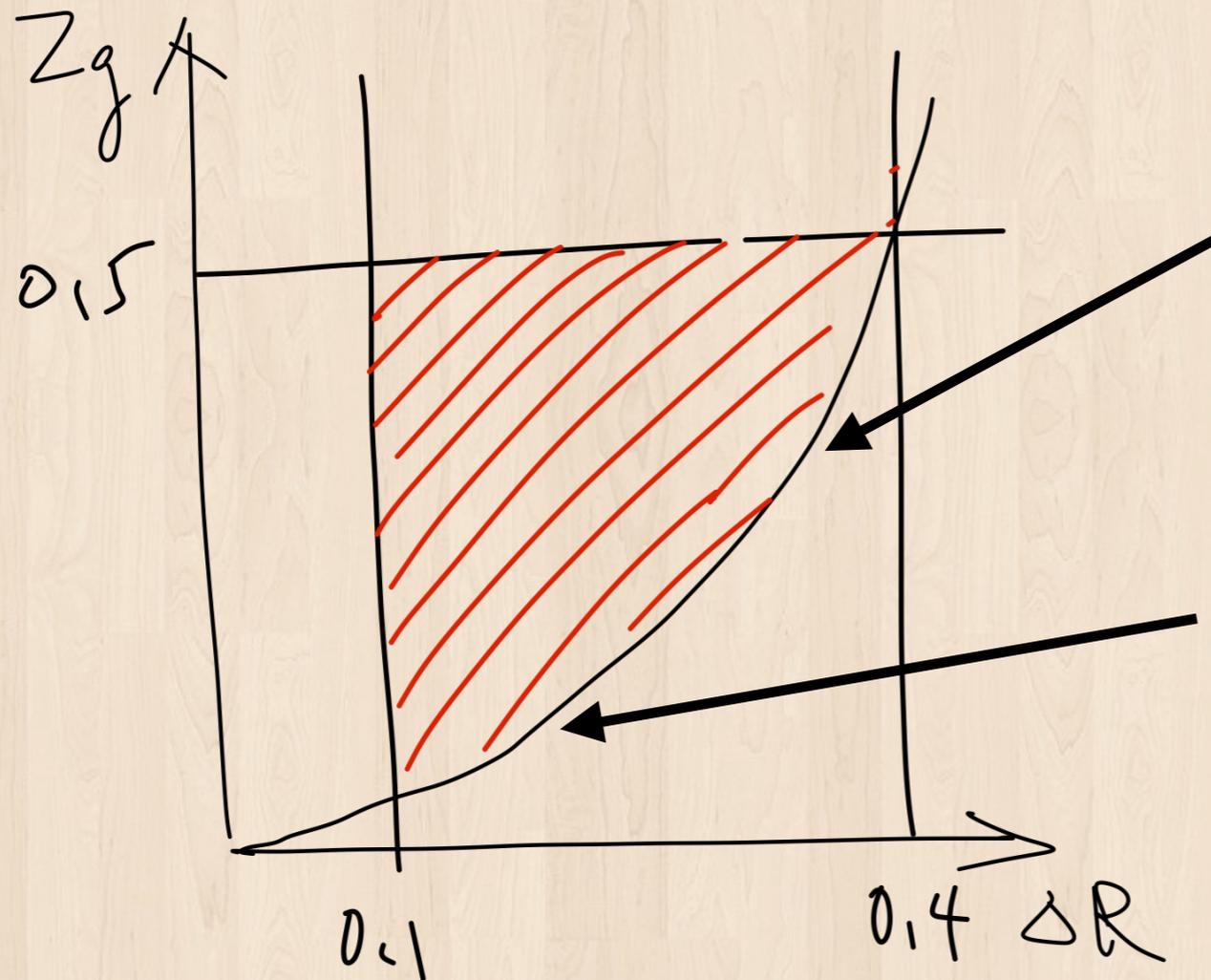
Opening angle of first  
balanced splitting = 0.1-0.2

Select only jets with  
small opening angle,  
examine groomed jet  
PT with (0.10, 0.00)

Vacuum  $\sim$  no-recoil  $>$  recoil

A measure of the  
**amount of recoil**

# (0.5, 1.5) grooming setting



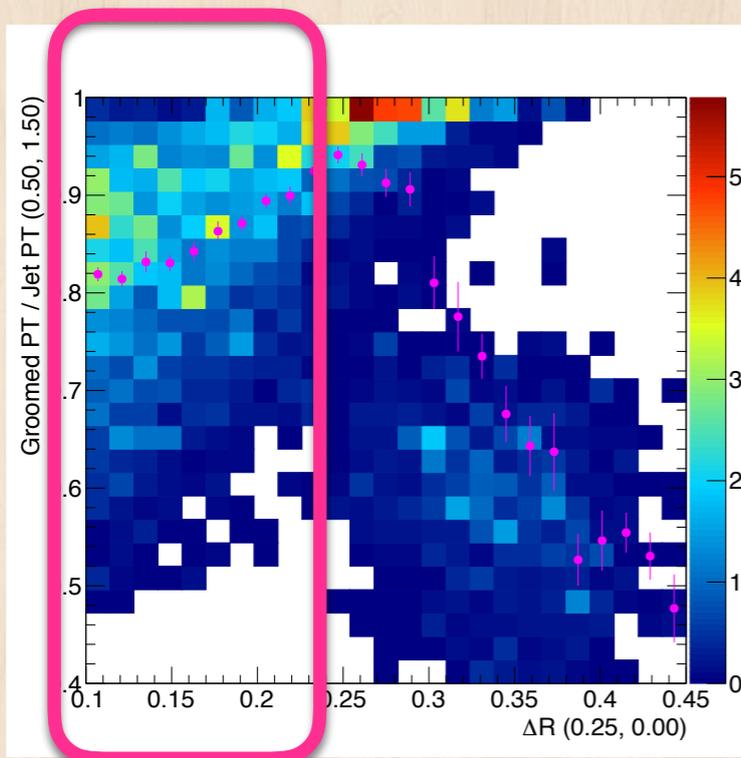
Stronger grooming  
at large angle

Weak grooming  
at small angle

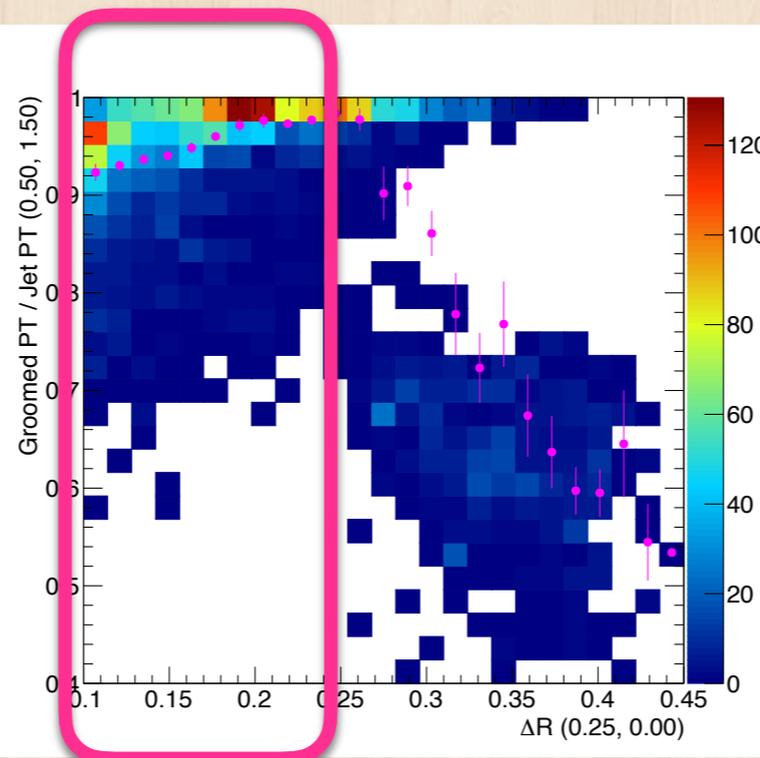
Focus on the  
**core of the jet**

# Groomed PT (0.50, 1.50)

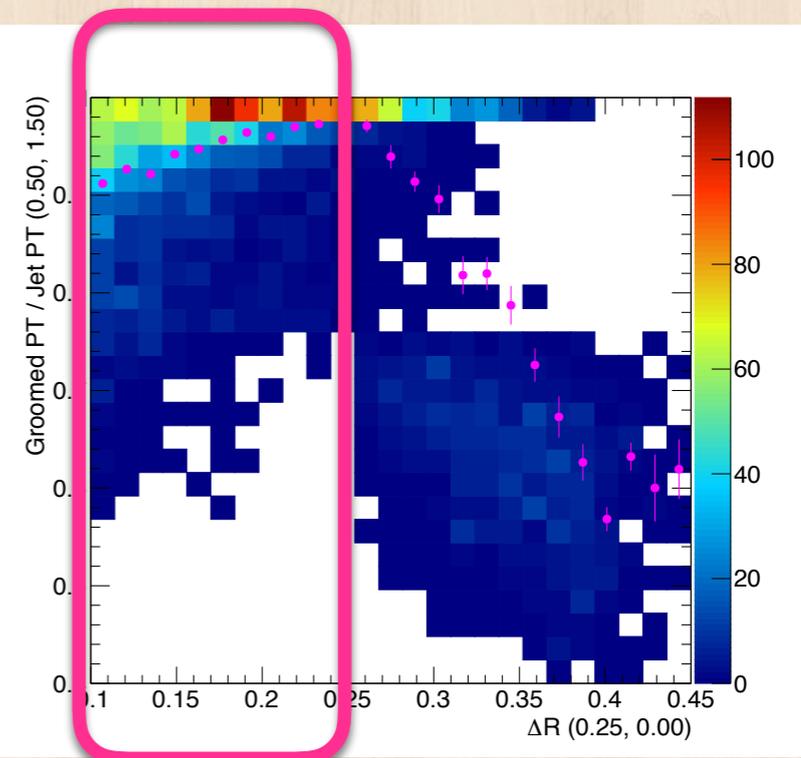
Recoil



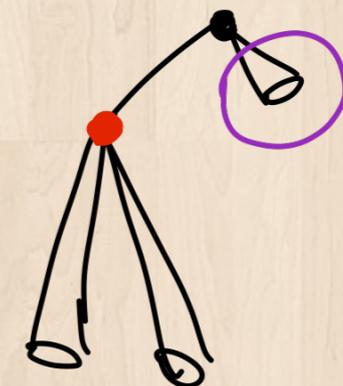
No-recoil



Vacuum



First balanced splitting at small angle:  
measure of the amount of recoil

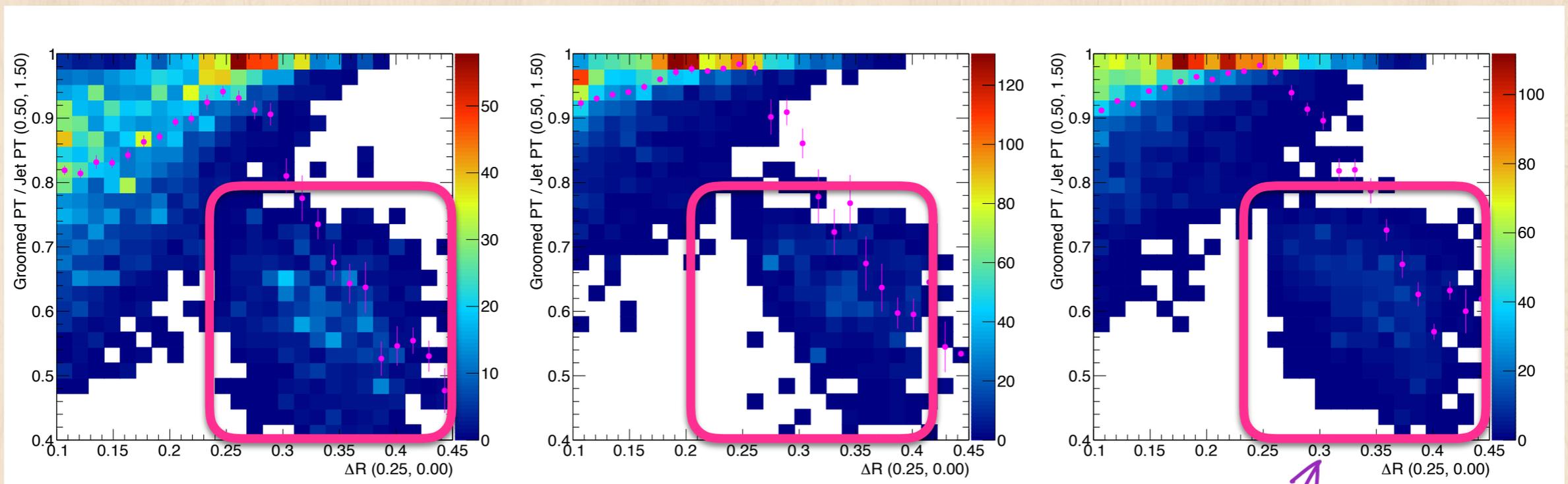


# Groomed PT (0.50, 1.50)

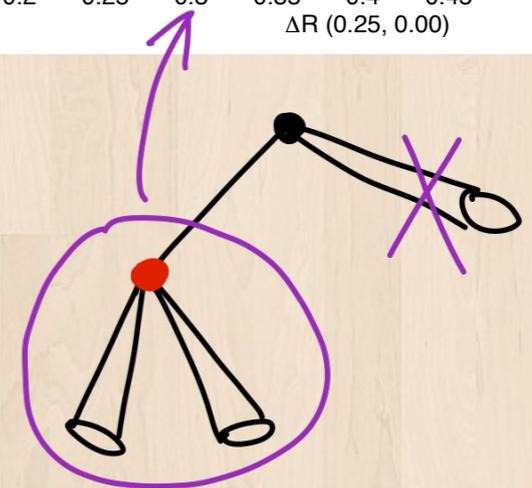
Recoil

No-recoil

Vacuum



First balanced splitting at large angle:  
how is the **leading subjet** modified when  
there is large scale structure?



# Summary

# Summary and outlook

- There is potential in tagging initial splitting properties with one observable and looking at other observables
- Potential probe of coherence emission and many other aspects of jets
- Work is ongoing to search for better taggers, and to strengthen the tagging properties
- Apply on other types of generators
- Study of effect from background subtraction

Backup Slides Ahead

