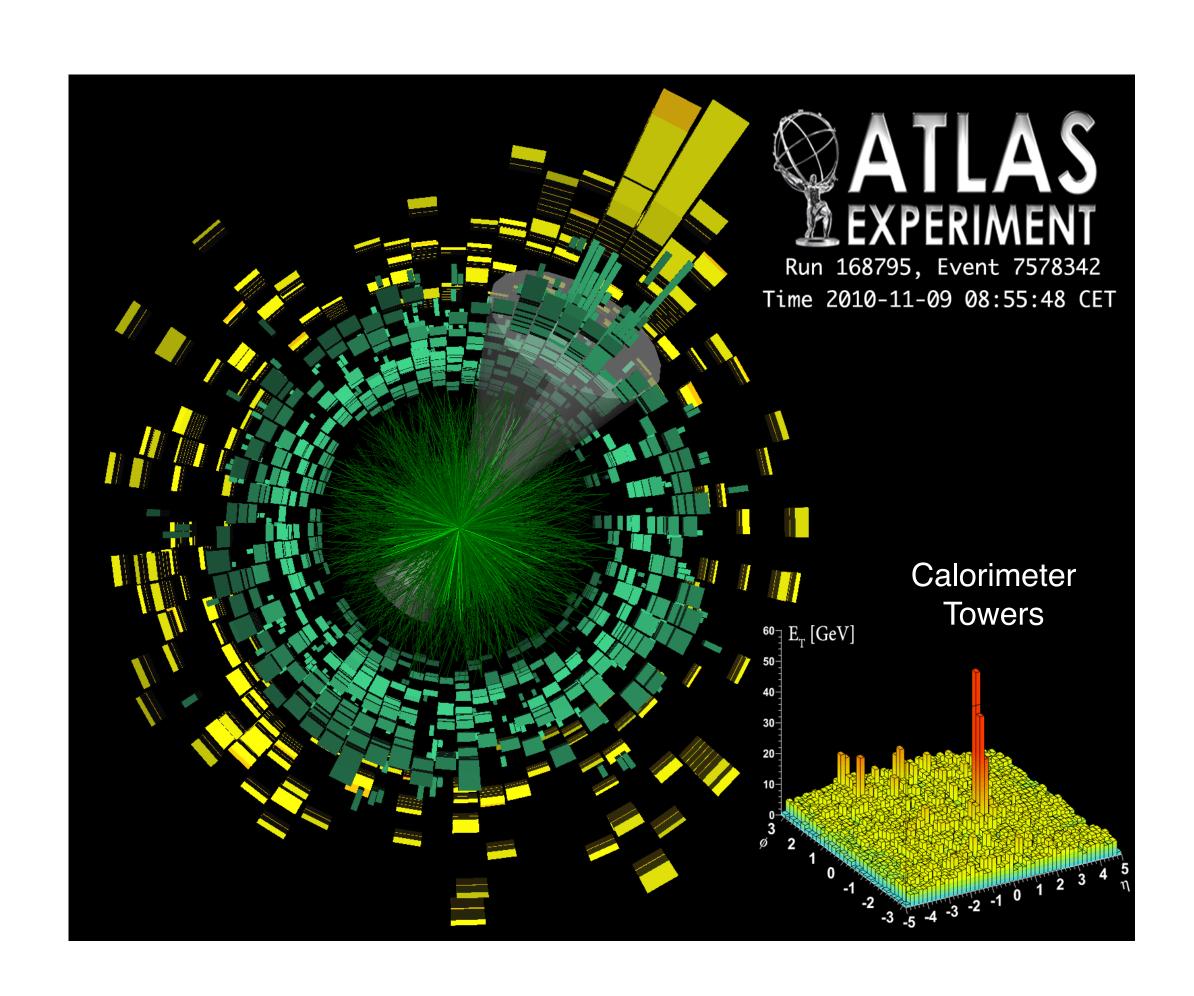
Jet fragmentation and radial distribution of charged particles within and around jets in Pb+Pb collisions with ATLAS

Akshat Puri for the ATLAS Collaboration October 4, 2018

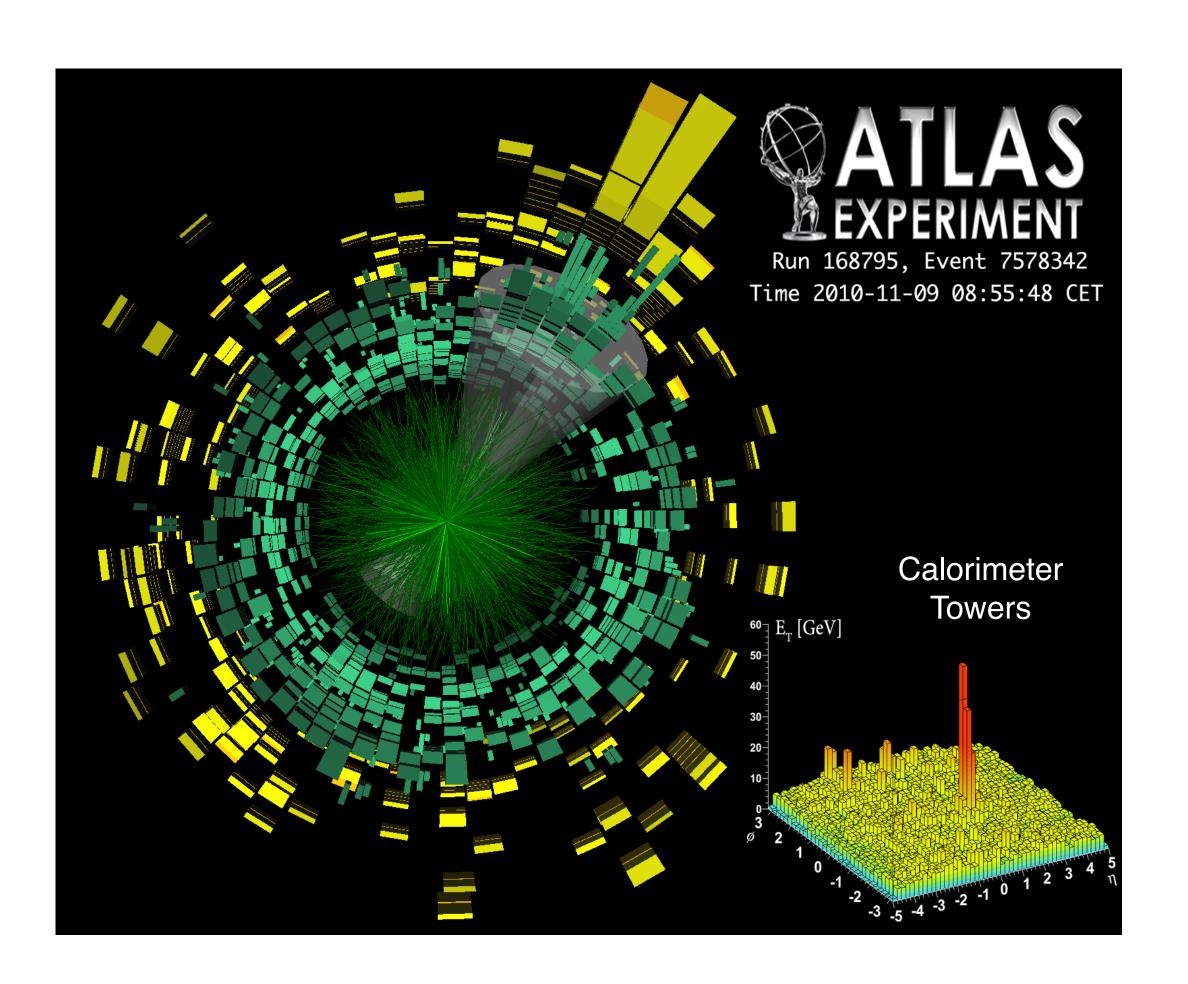




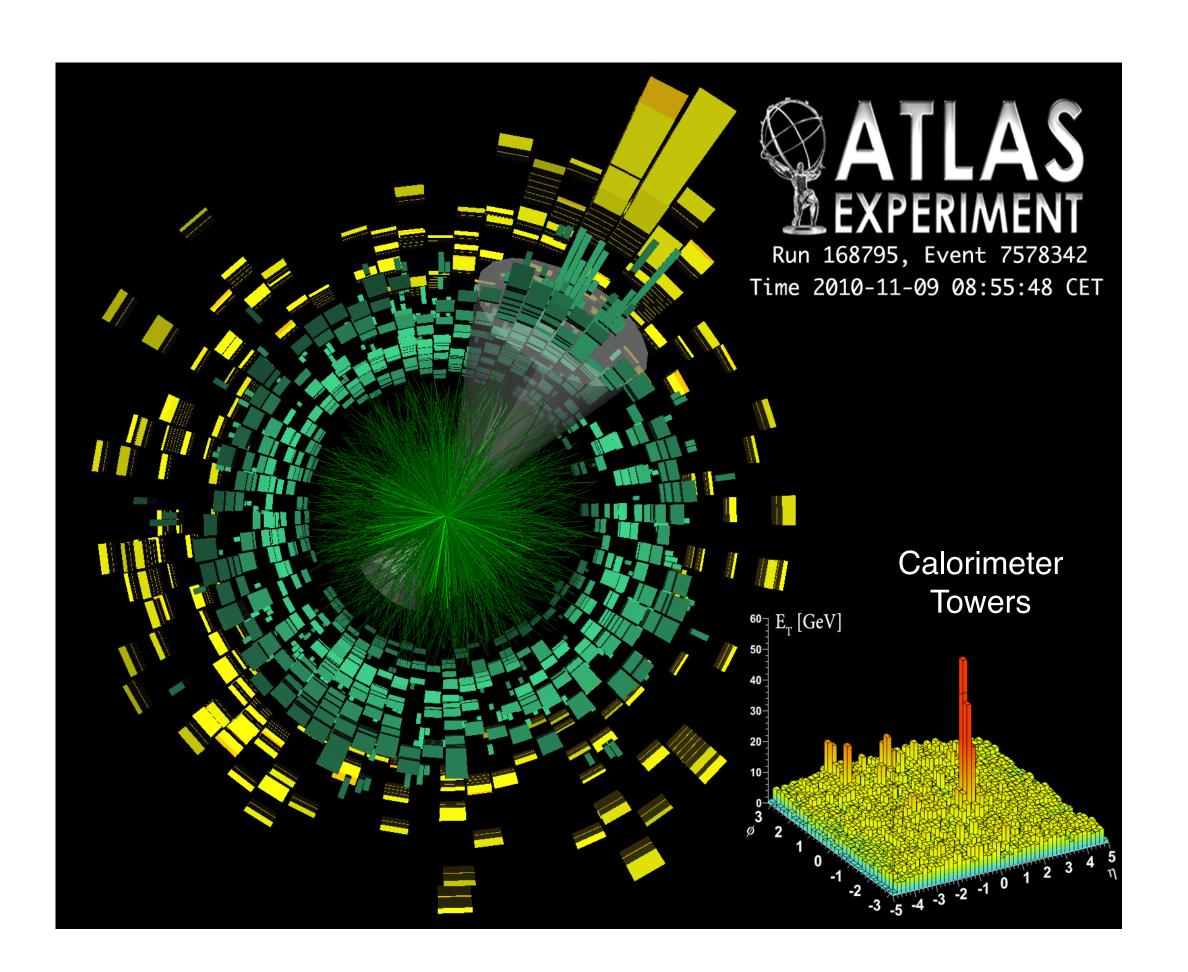




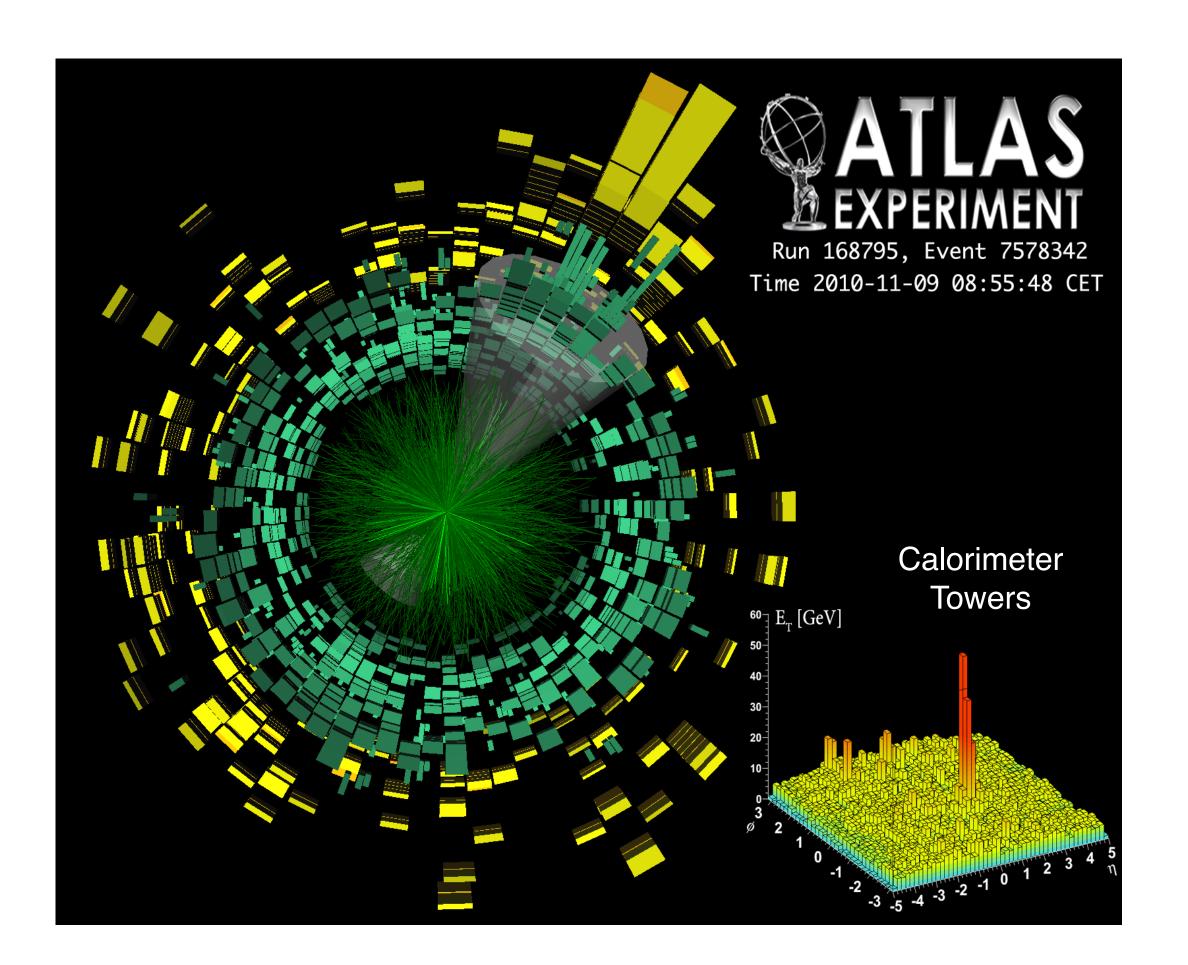
How does a jet lose energy in the QGP



- How does a jet lose energy in the QGP
 - Fragmentation function measurements to explore the track and jet p_T phase space Phys. Rev. C 98, 024908 (2018)

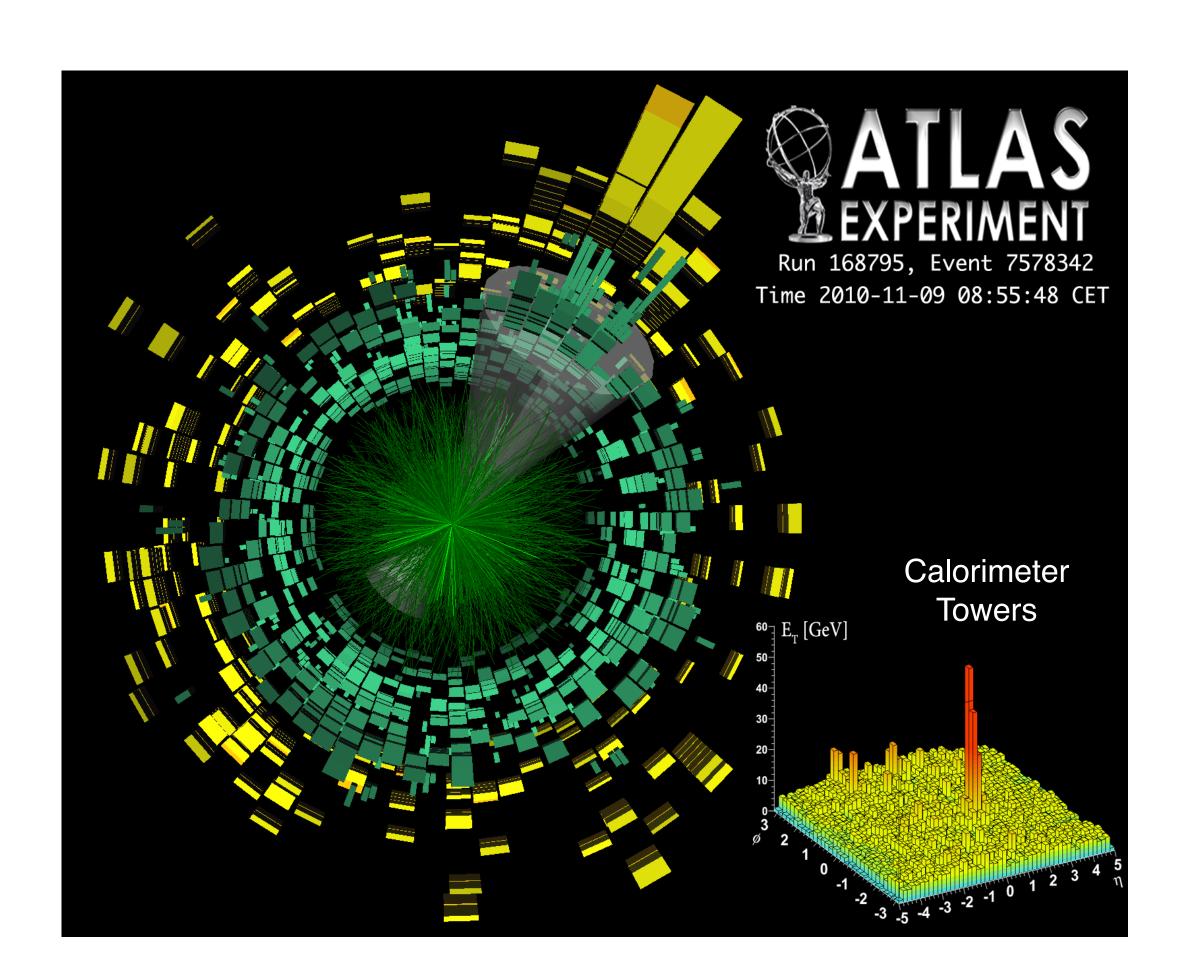


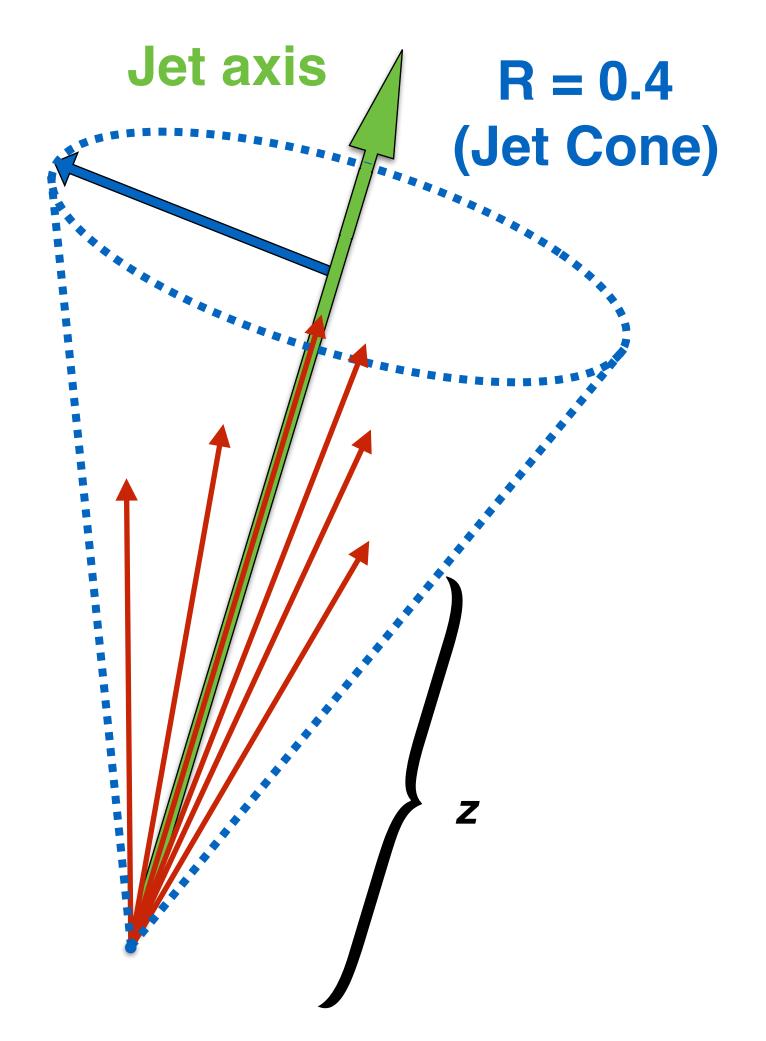
- How does a jet lose energy in the QGP
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 - Radial dependence of fragmentation ATLAS-CONF-2018-010



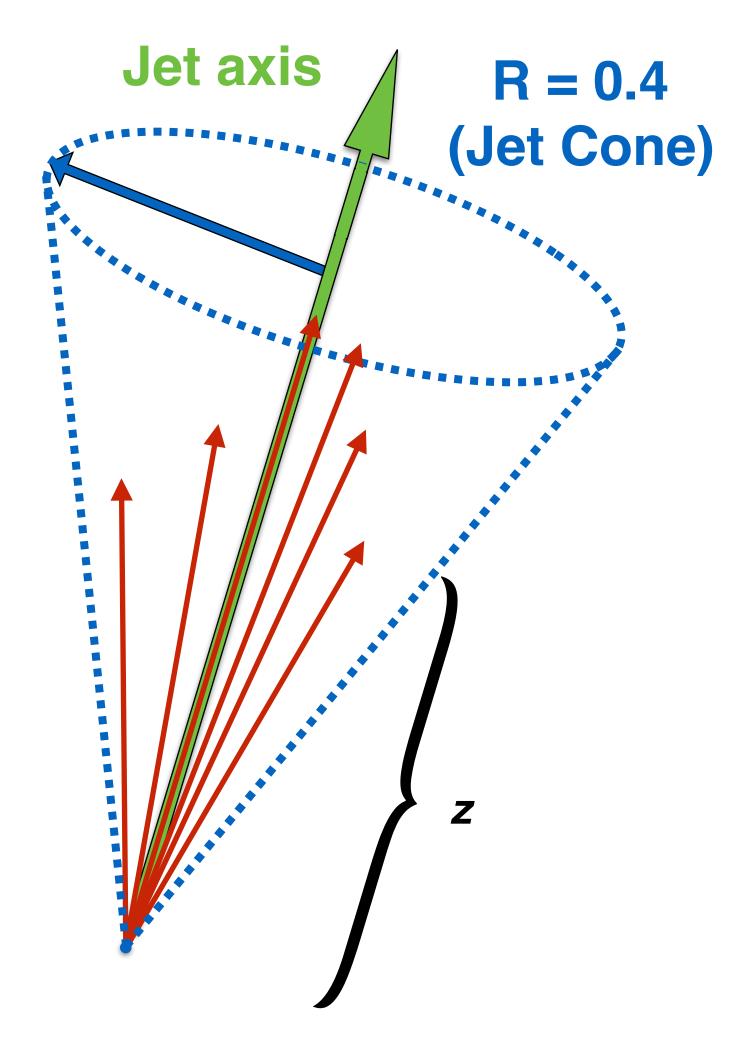
- How does a jet lose energy in the QGP
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Title	Presenter
Charged-particle production in Pb+Pb and Xe+Xe collisions measured with the ATLAS detector	Petr Balek
Energy loss and modification of photon-tagged jets with ATLAS	Dennis Perepelitsa
Jet and photon probes of small collision systems with ATLAS	Martin Spousta
Inclusive jet and dijet suppression in Pb+Pb and Xe+Xe collisions with ATLAS	Radim Slovak



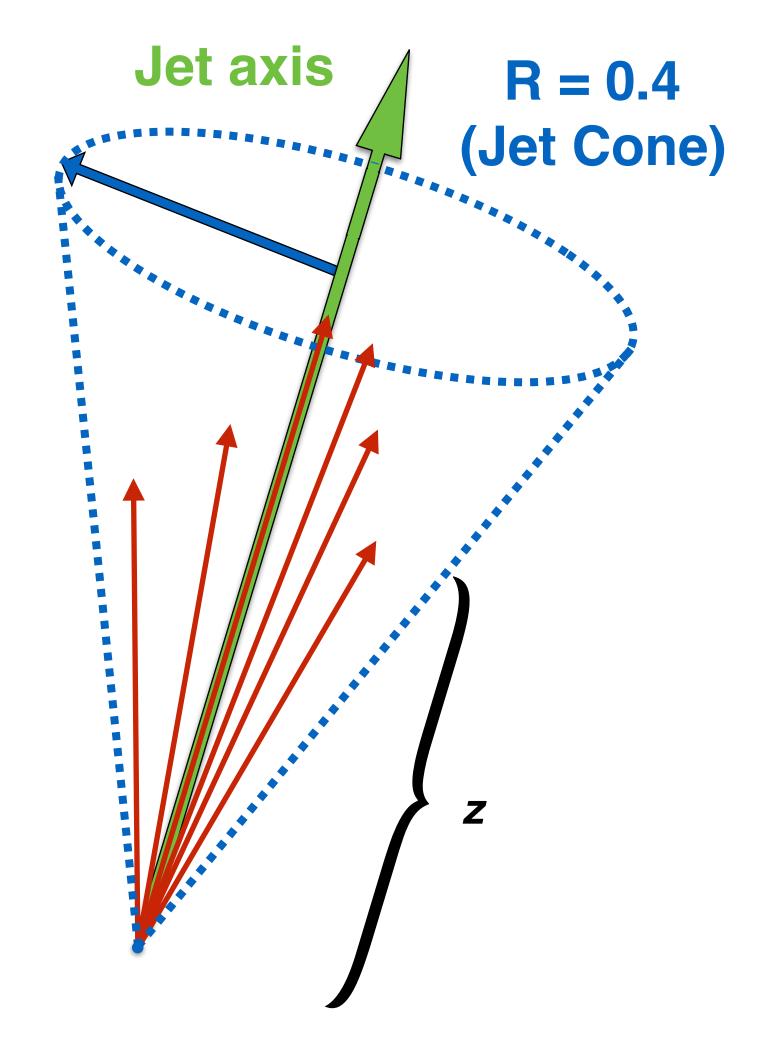


Fragmentation functions:



Fragmentation functions:

$$D(p_{\rm T}) \equiv \frac{1}{N_{\rm jet}} \frac{\mathrm{d}n_{\rm ch}}{dp_{\rm T}}$$



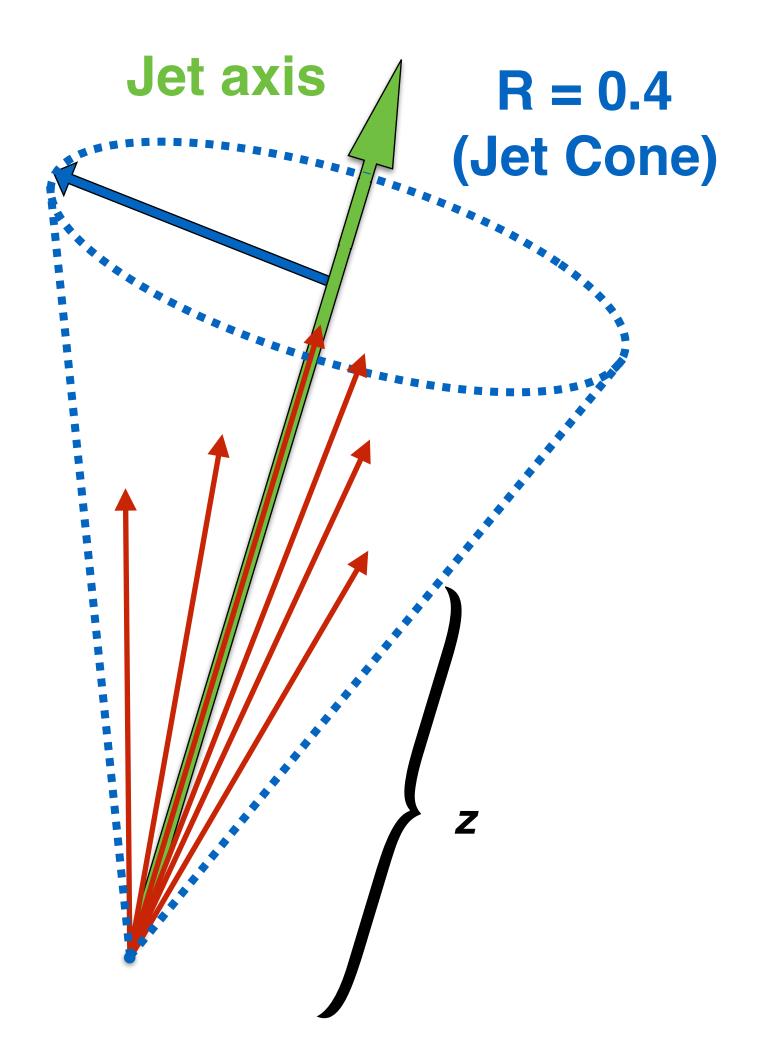
Fragmentation functions:

$$D(p_{\mathrm{T}}) \equiv \frac{1}{N_{\mathrm{jet}}} \frac{\mathrm{d}n_{\mathrm{ch}}}{dp_{\mathrm{T}}}$$

$$1 \quad \mathrm{d}n_{\mathrm{ch}}$$

$$D(z) \equiv \frac{1}{N_{\text{jet}}} \frac{dn_{\text{ch}}}{dz} \quad [z \equiv p_{\text{T}} \cos(\Delta R)/p_{\text{T}}^{\text{jet}}]$$

$$[z \equiv p_{\rm T} \cos(\Delta R)/p_{\rm T}^{\rm jet}]$$

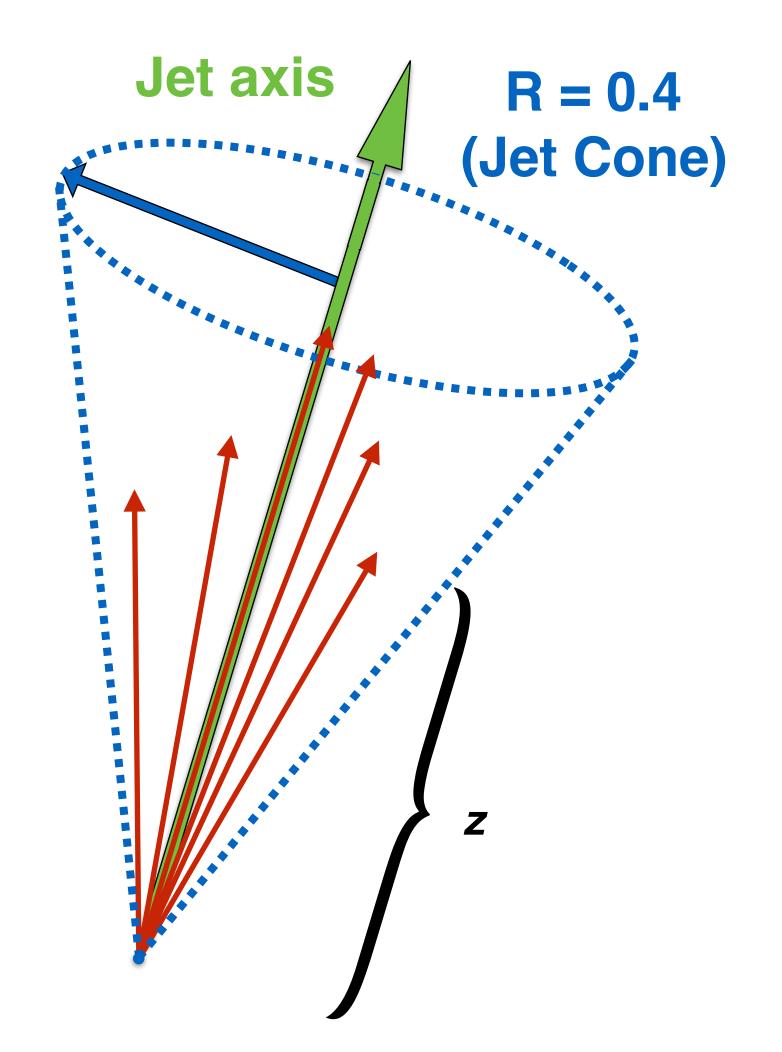


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Comparison between pp and Pb+Pb



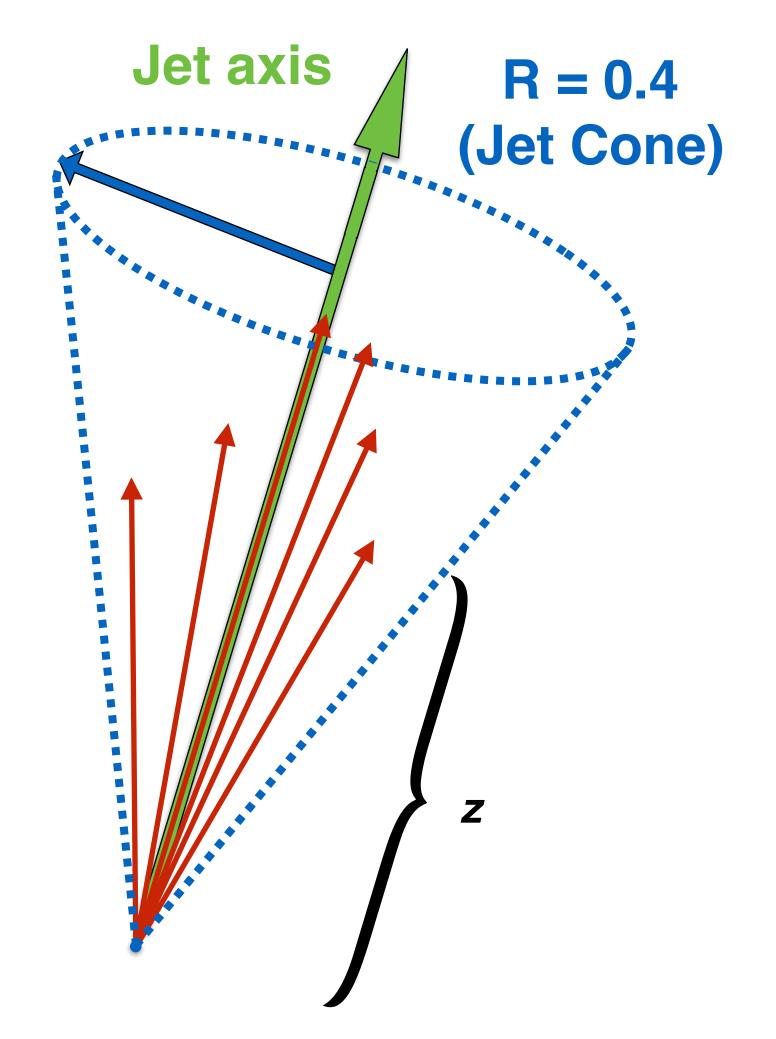
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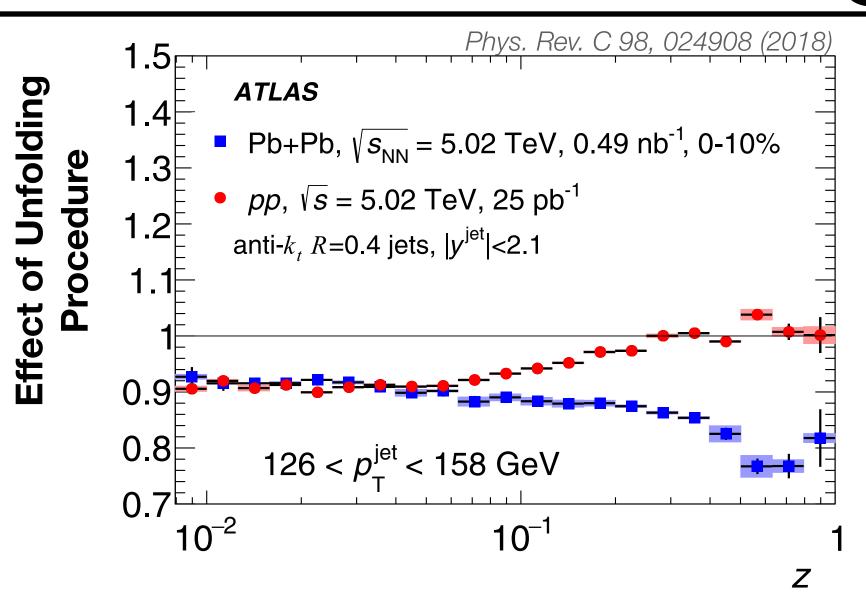
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Comparison between pp and Pb+Pb

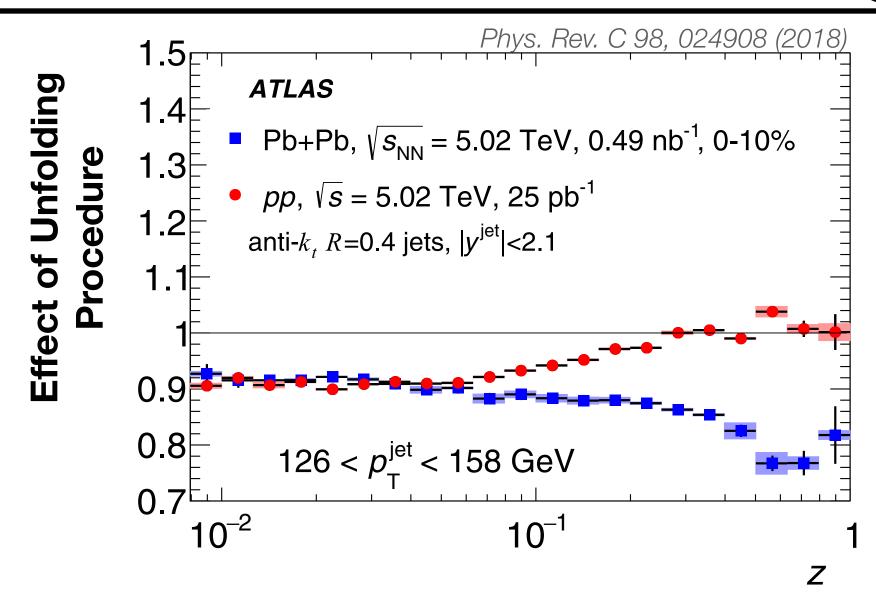
$$R_{D(p_{\mathrm{T}})} \equiv \frac{D(p_{\mathrm{T}})_{\mathrm{PbPb}}}{D(p_{\mathrm{T}})_{\mathrm{pp}}} \quad R_{D(z)} \equiv \frac{D(z)_{\mathrm{PbPb}}}{D(z)_{\mathrm{pp}}}$$



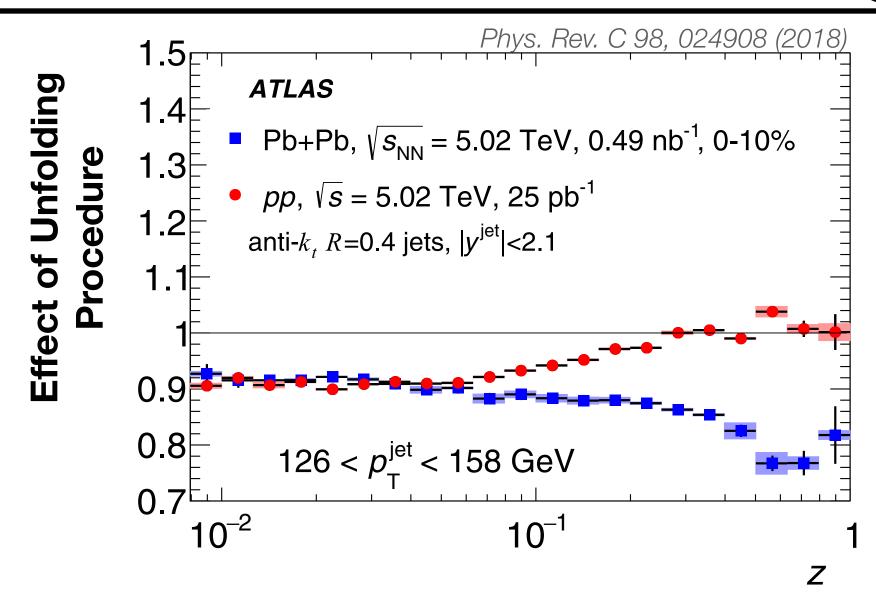
Unfolding has up to a 20% effect



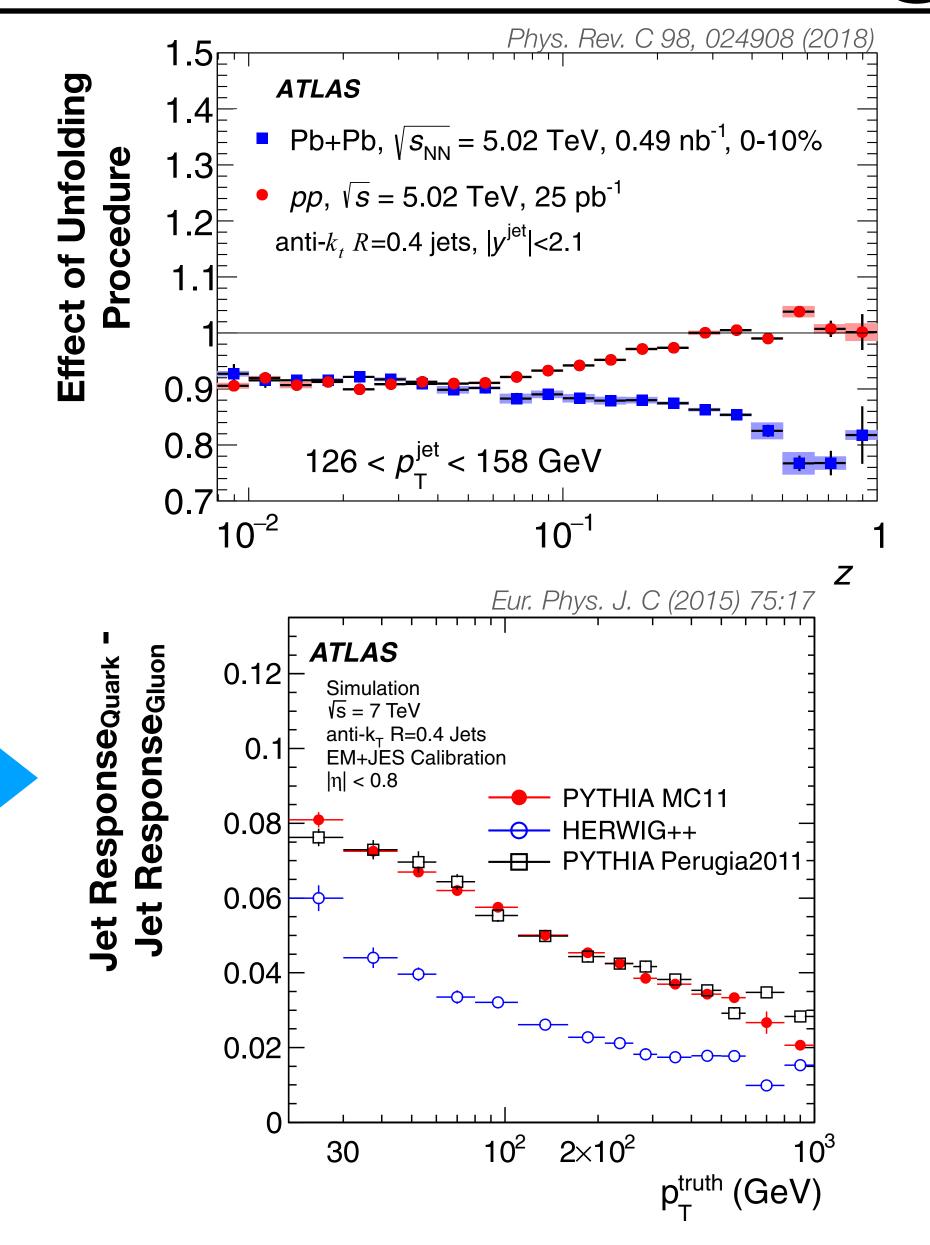
- Unfolding has up to a 20% effect
- Corrects for
 - Steeply falling distributions at large p_T , high z



- Unfolding has up to a 20% effect
- Corrects for
 - Steeply falling distributions at large p_T, high z
 - Finite jet energy and track momentum resolution

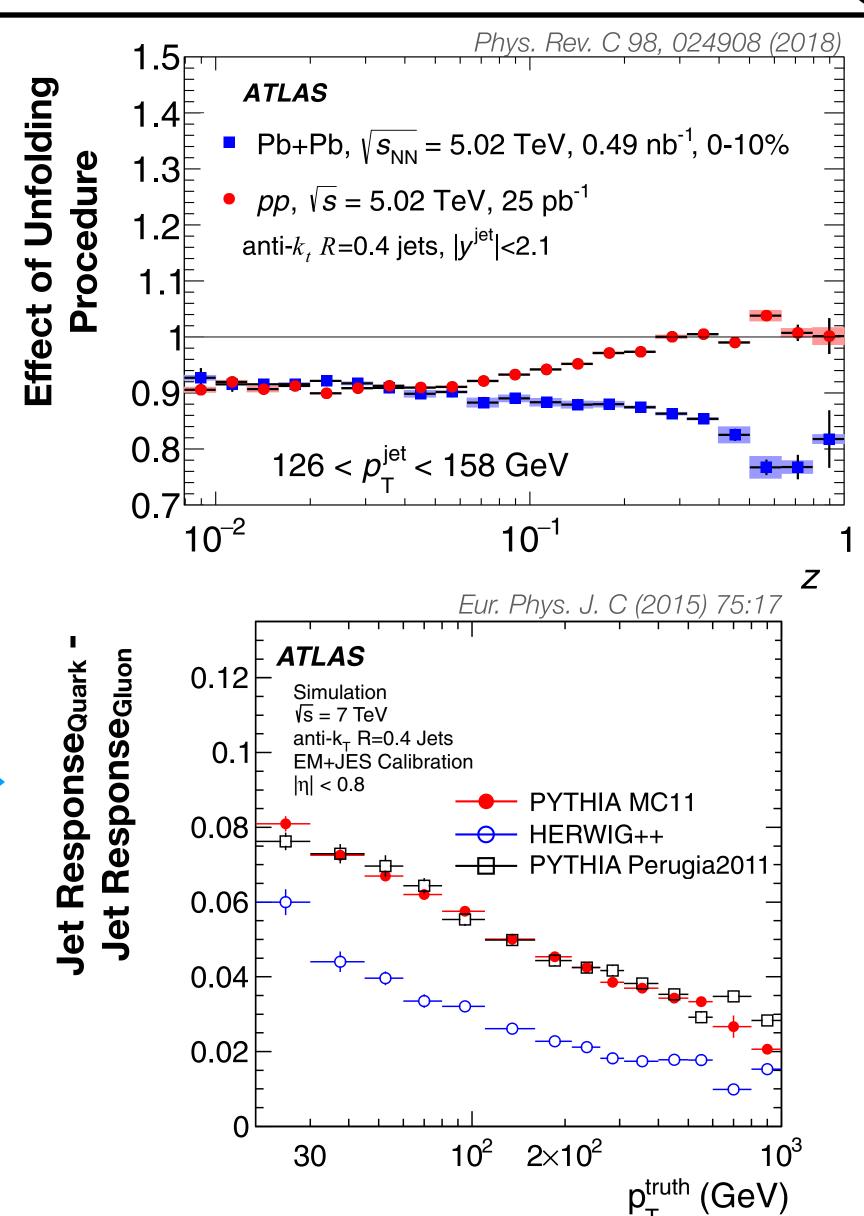


- Unfolding has up to a 20% effect
- Corrects for
 - Steeply falling distributions at large p_T, high z
 - Finite jet energy and track momentum resolution
 - Parton flavor dependent jet response

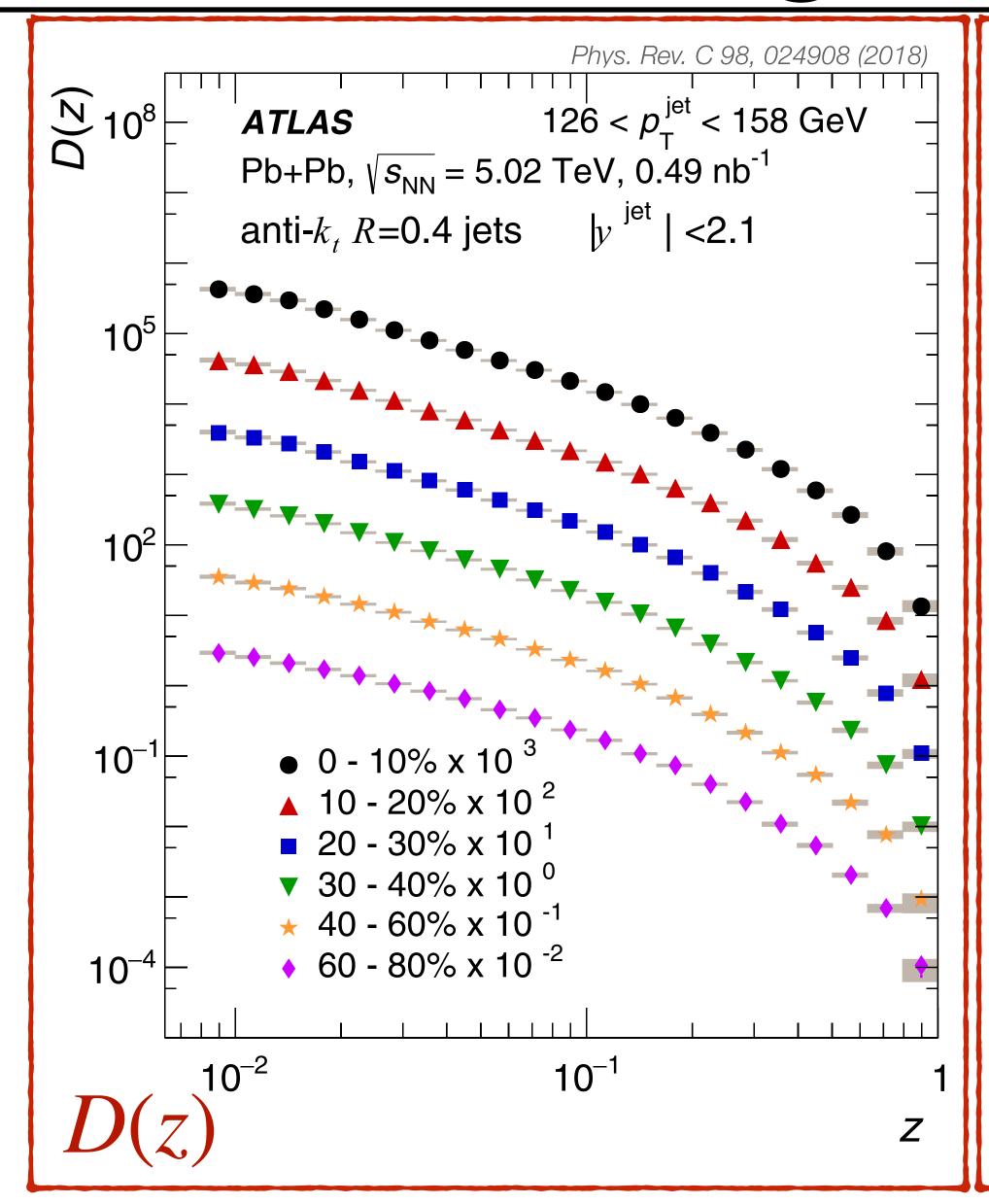


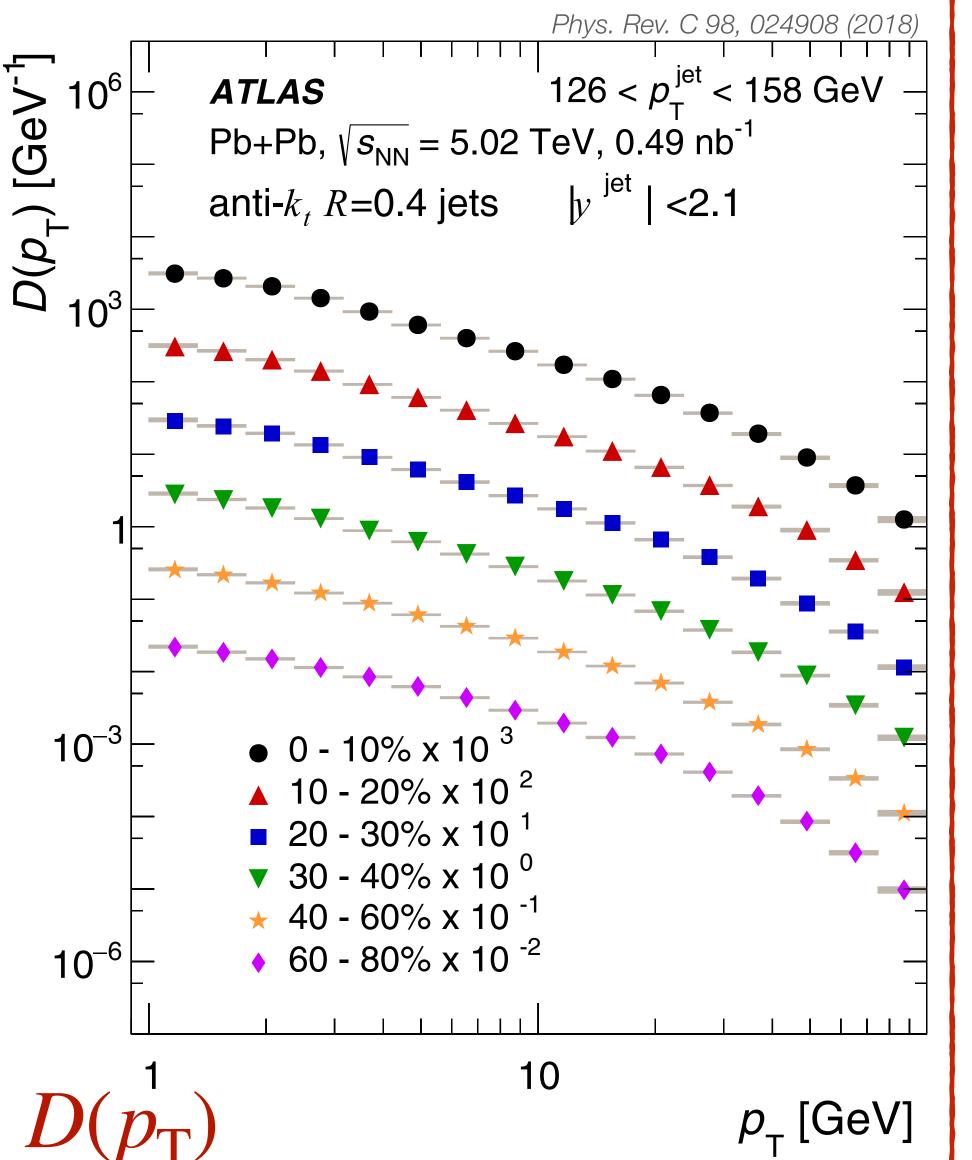
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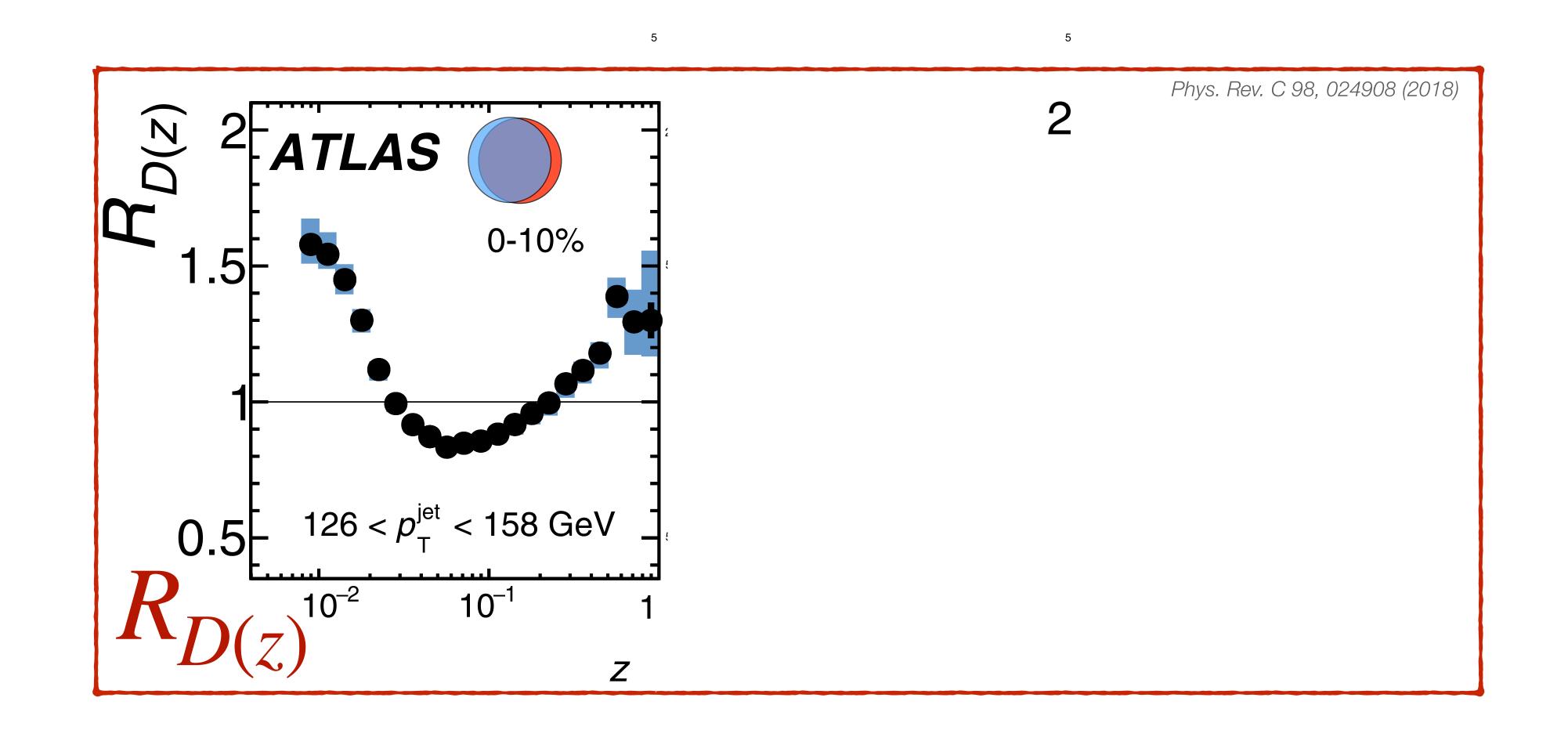
Unfolding enables direct comparison to theoretical models as well as other measurements



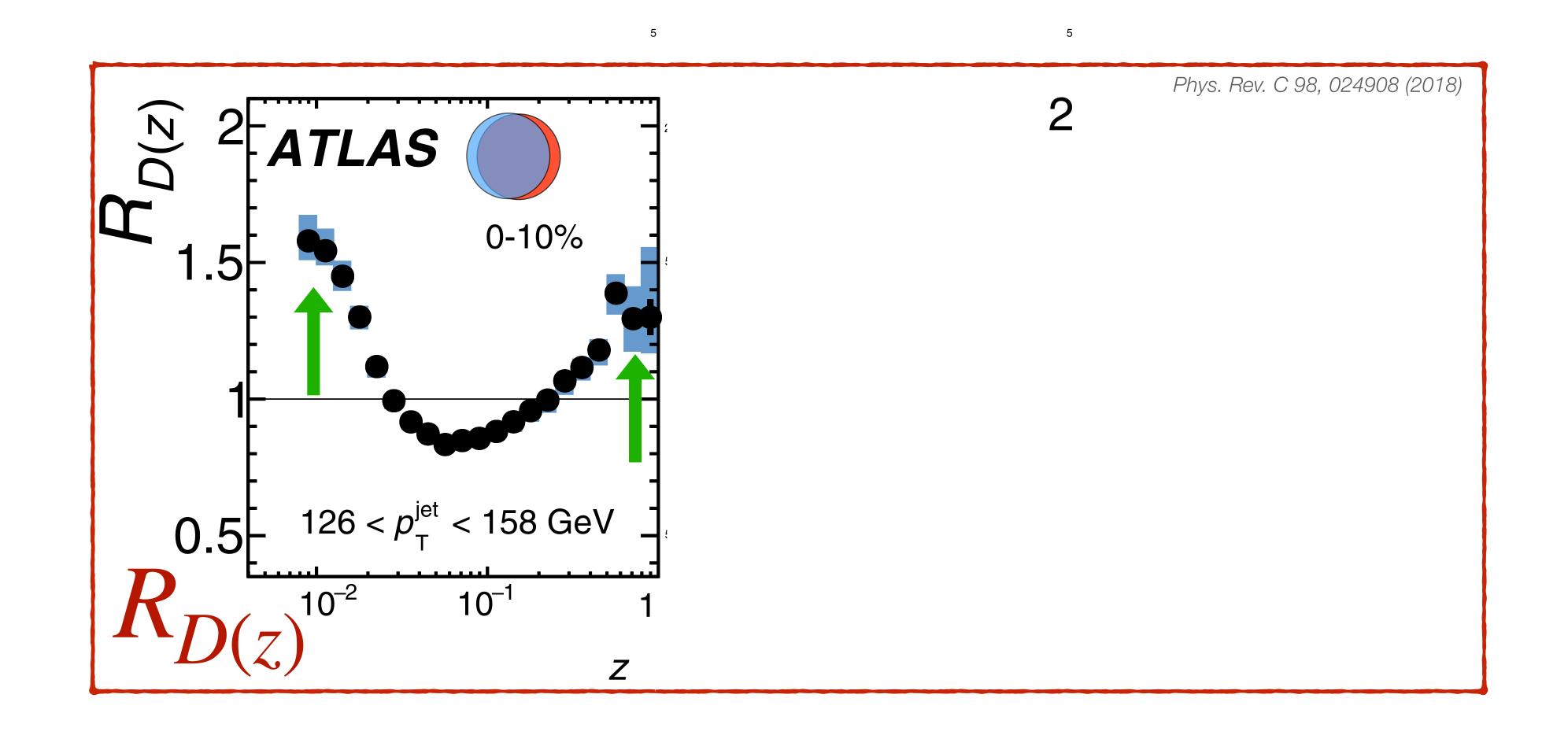
Fragmentation Functions



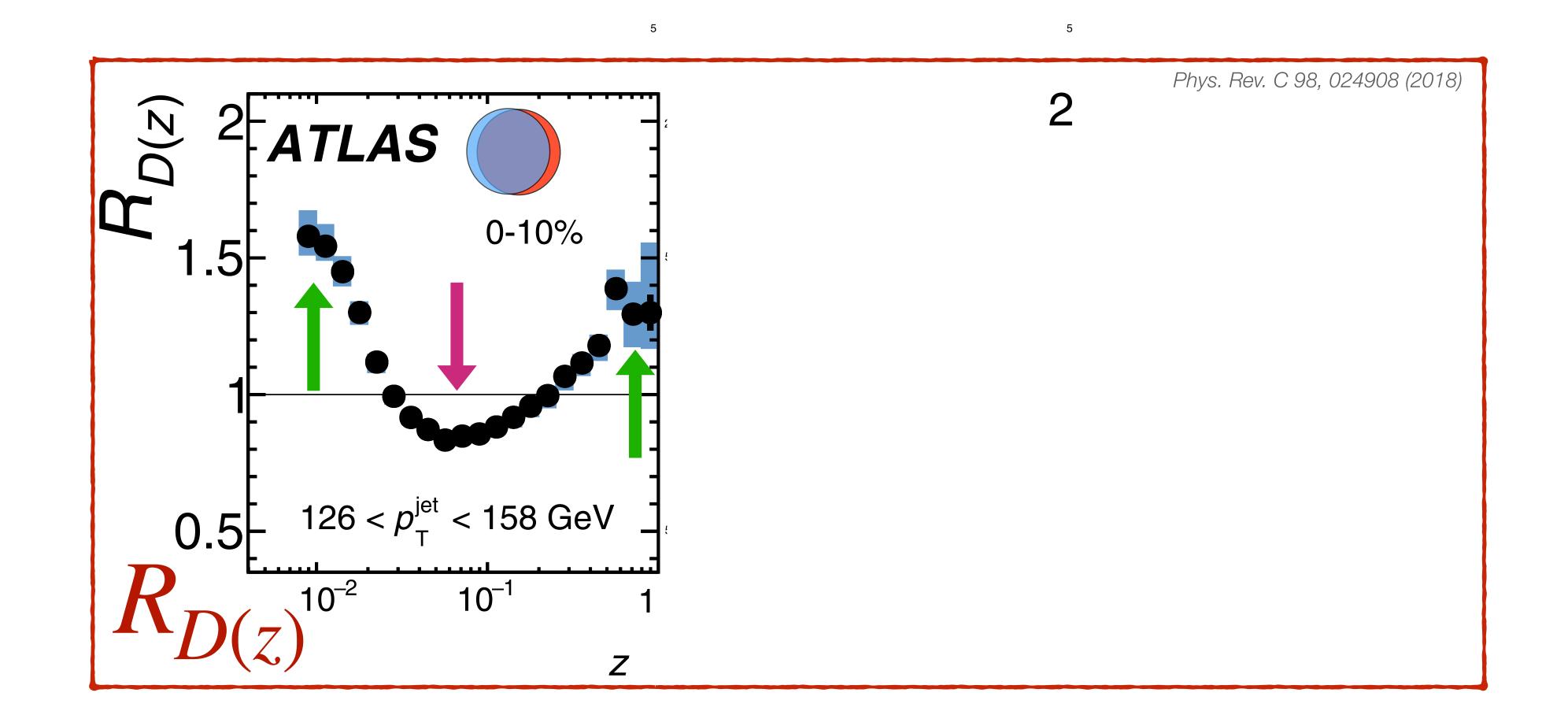




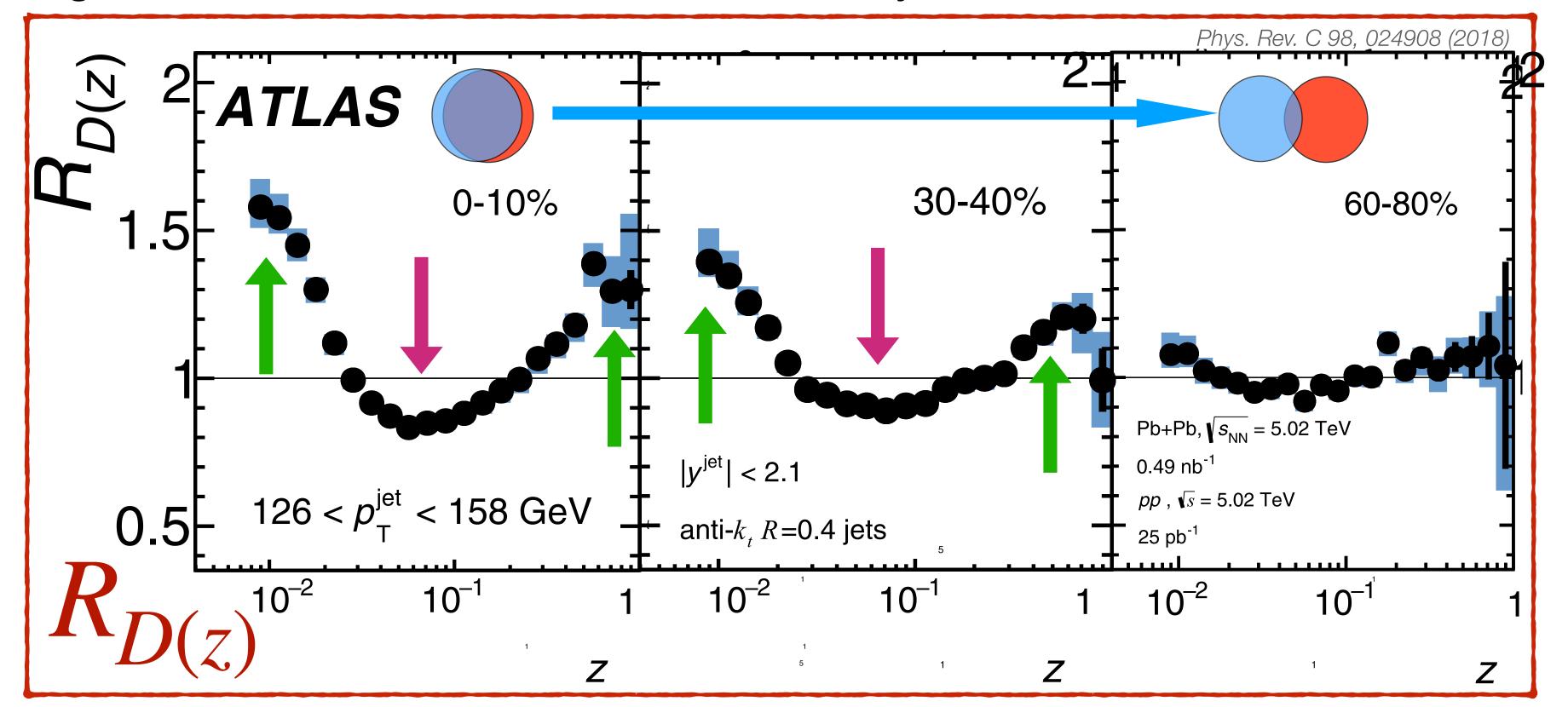
Enhancement of yields of hard and soft fragments



- Enhancement of yields of hard and soft fragments
- Depletion at mid z, p_T

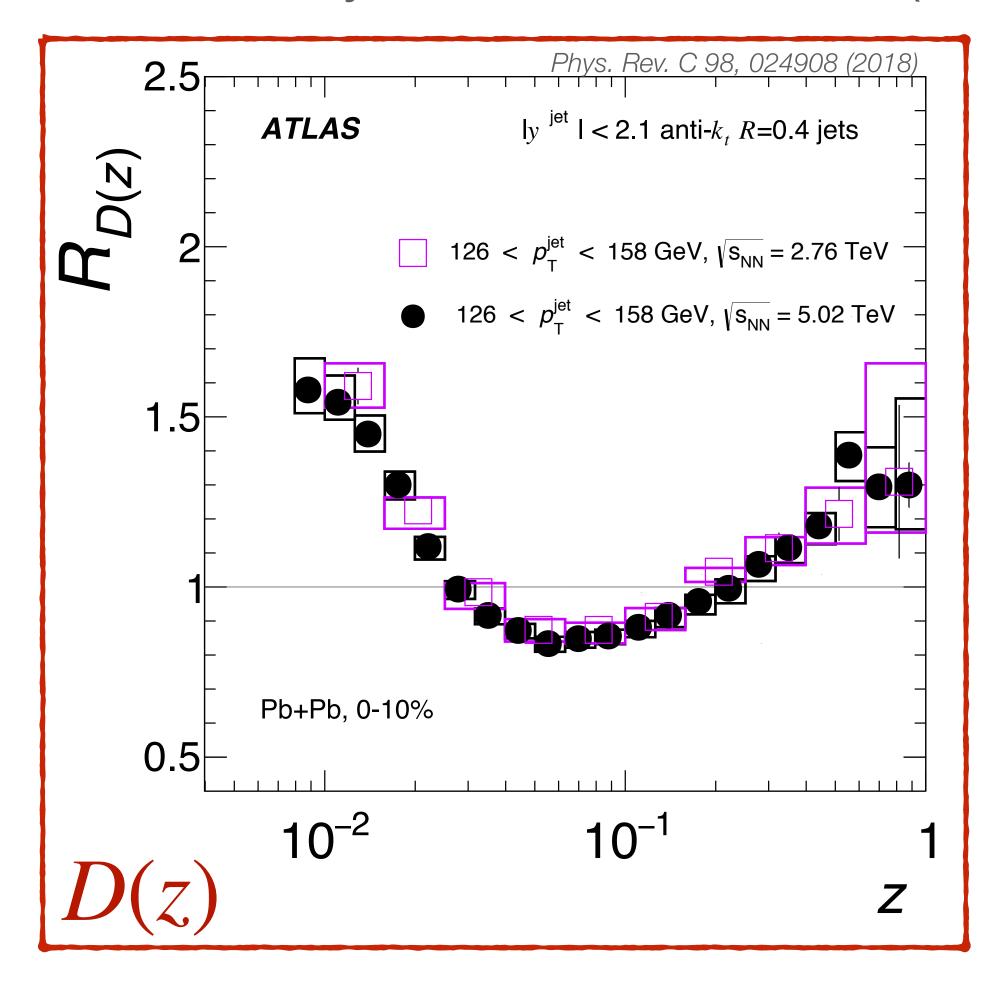


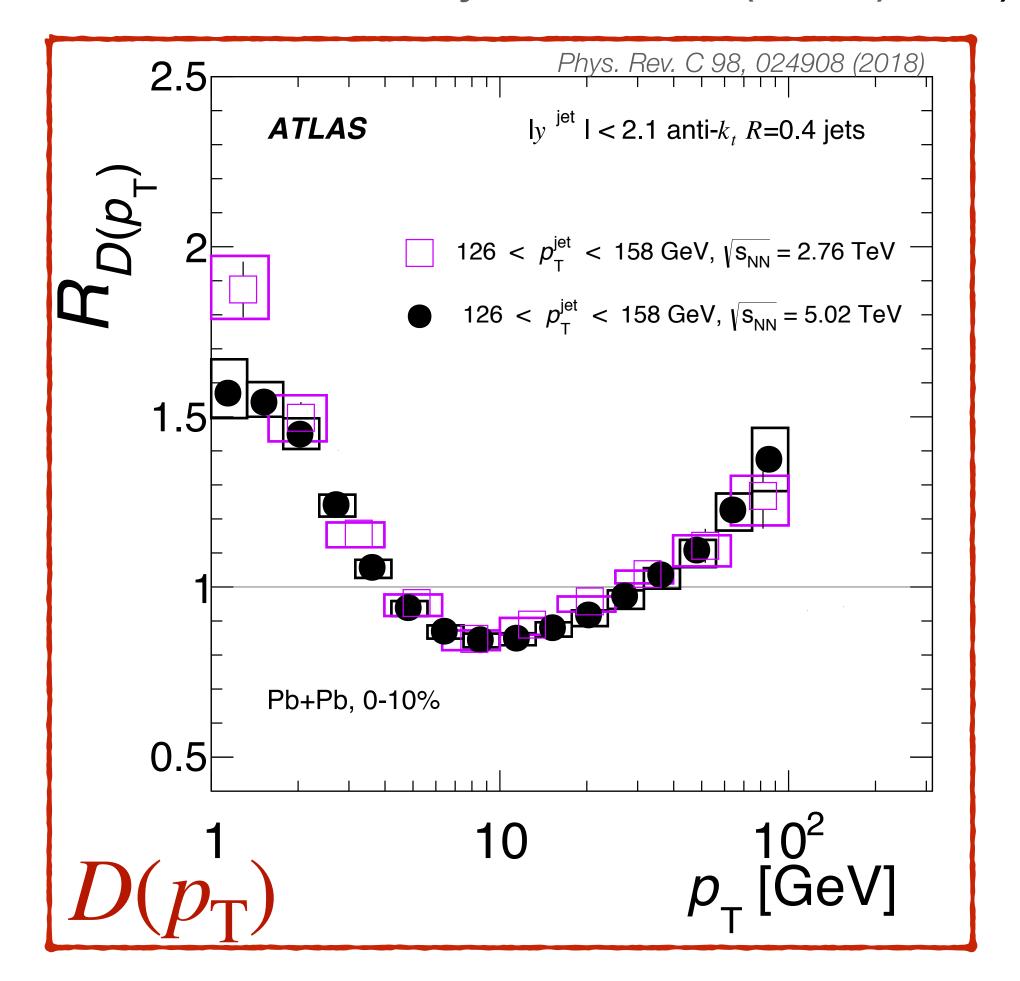
- Enhancement of yields of hard and soft fragments
- Depletion at mid z, p_T
- Increasing modification as a function of centrality



Collision energy dependence

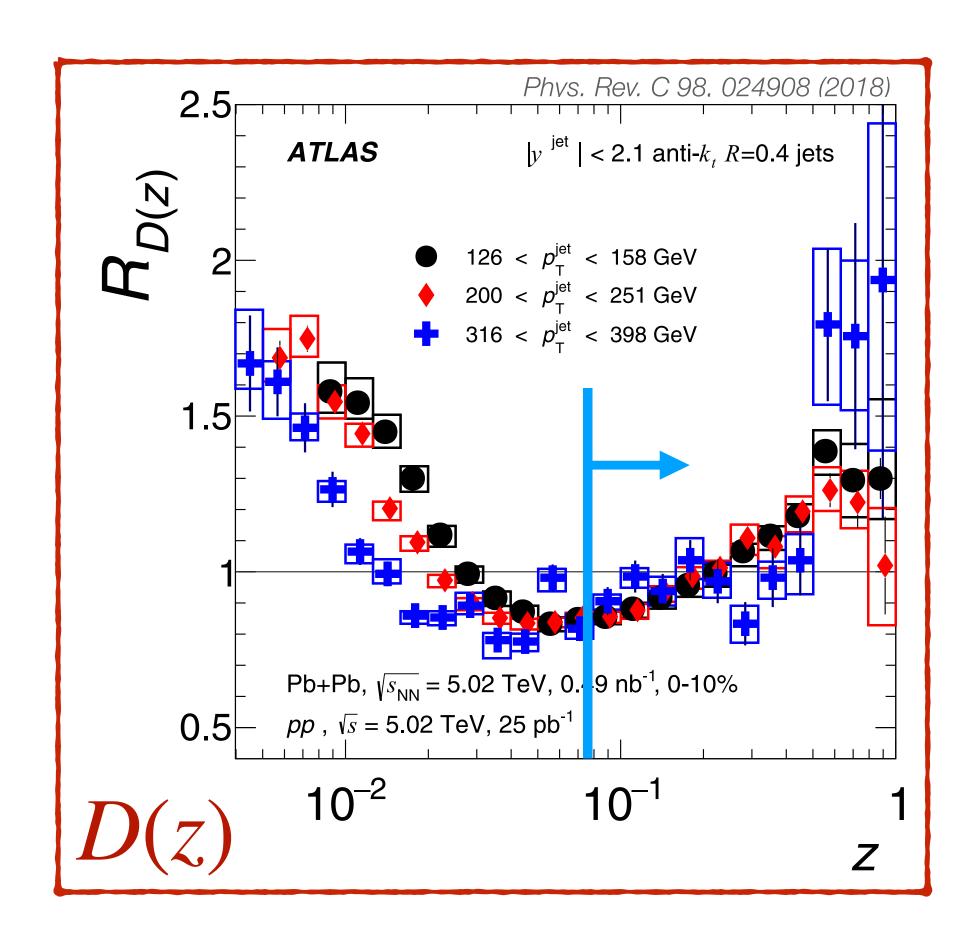
- Comparing to lower collision energy
 - 5.02 TeV Phys. Rev. C 98, 024908 (2018) vs 2.76 TeV Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 379)



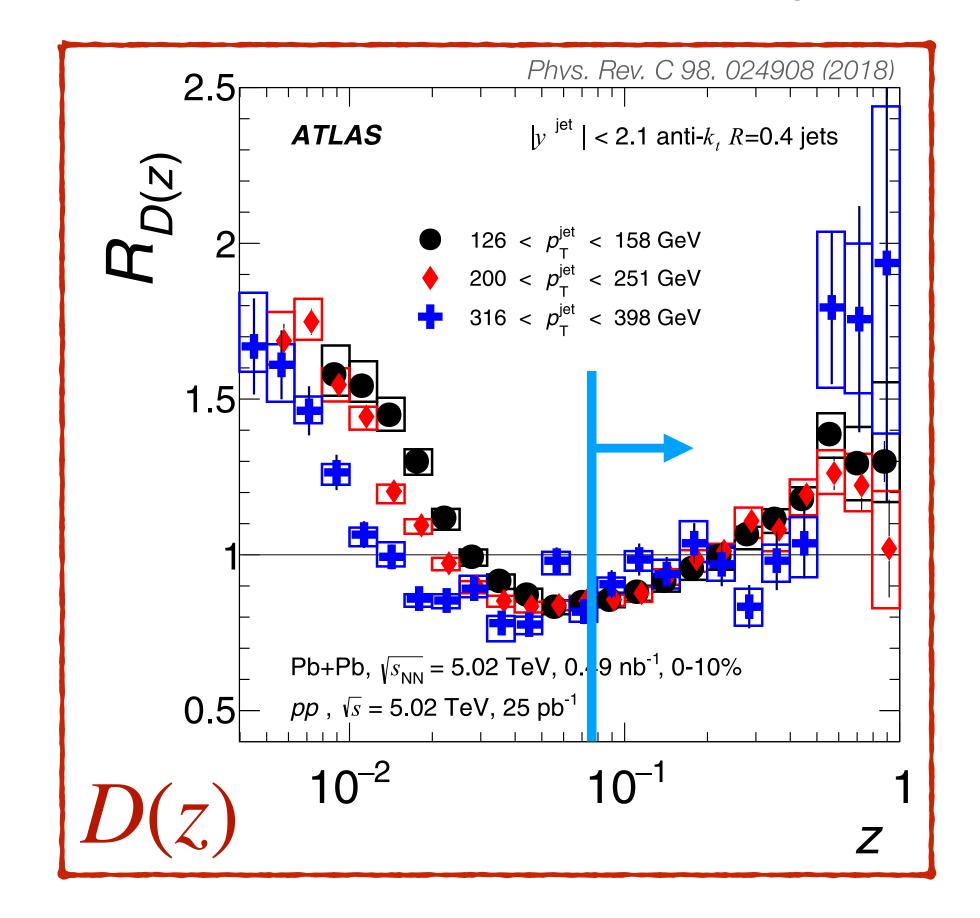


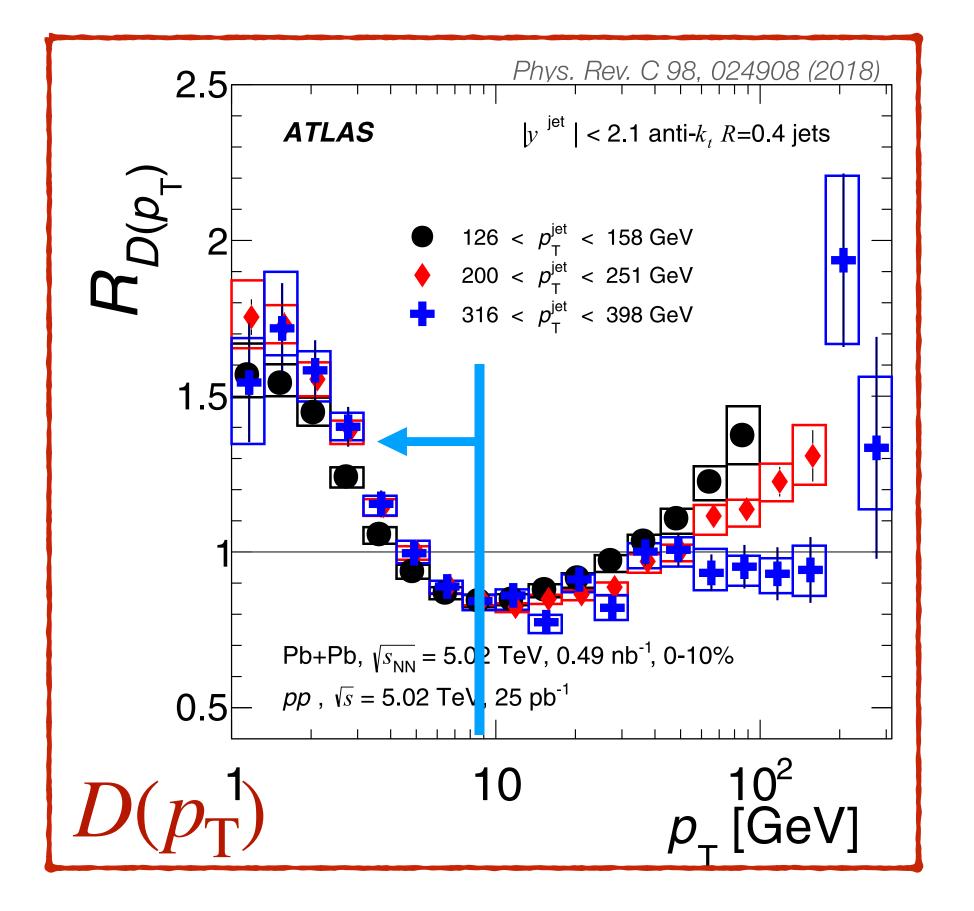
• Scaling with z: Fragmentation effects; scaling with p_T : medium response effects

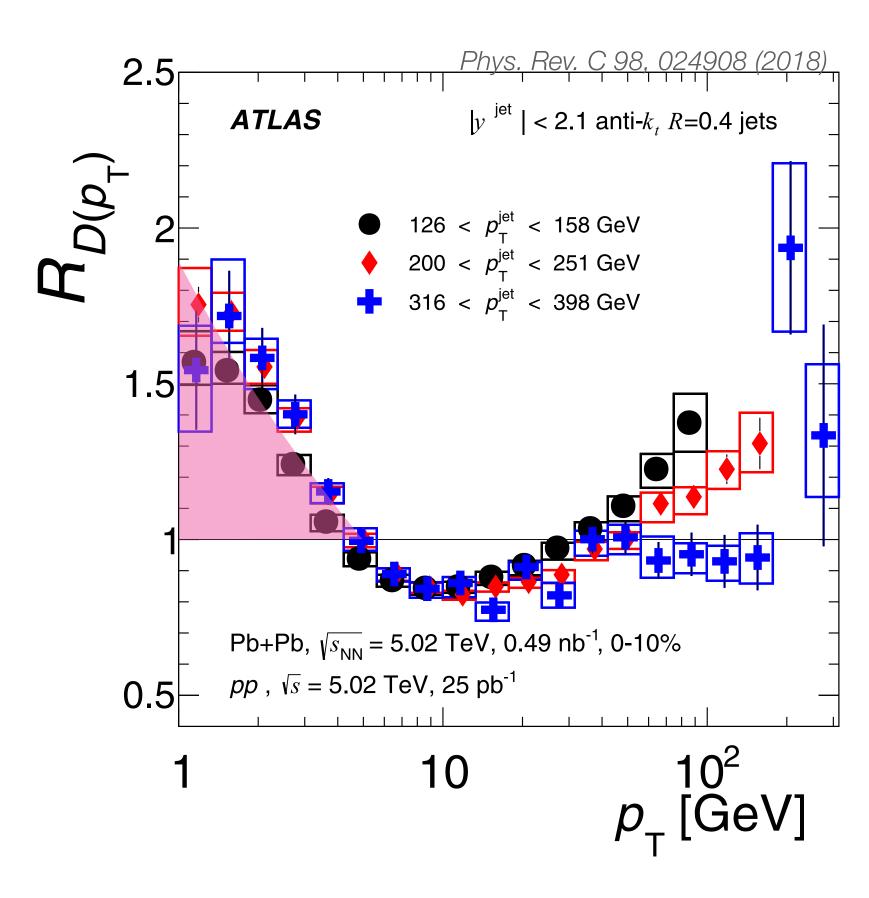
- Scaling with z: Fragmentation effects; scaling with p_T : medium response effects
 - No jet p_T dependence observed at high z for jets with p_T up to 400 GeV

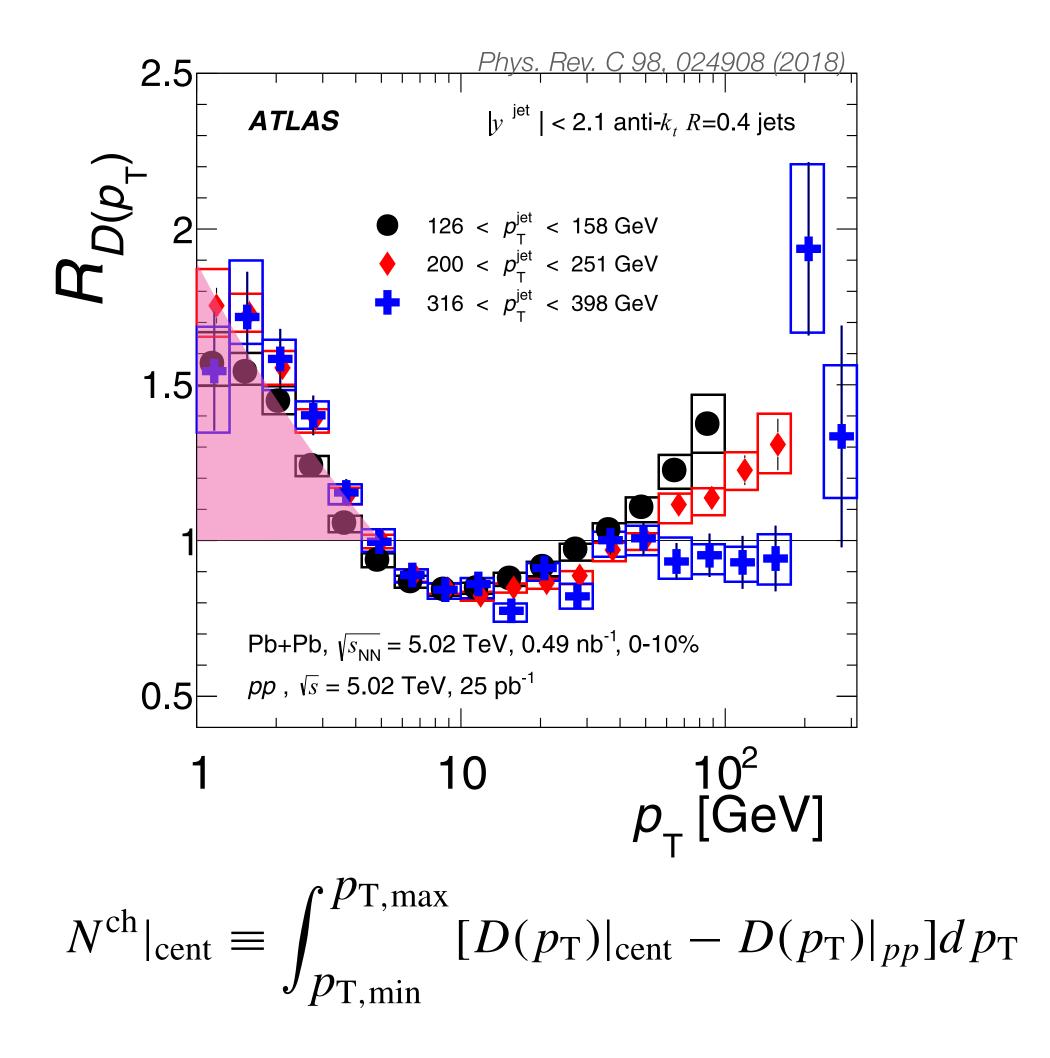


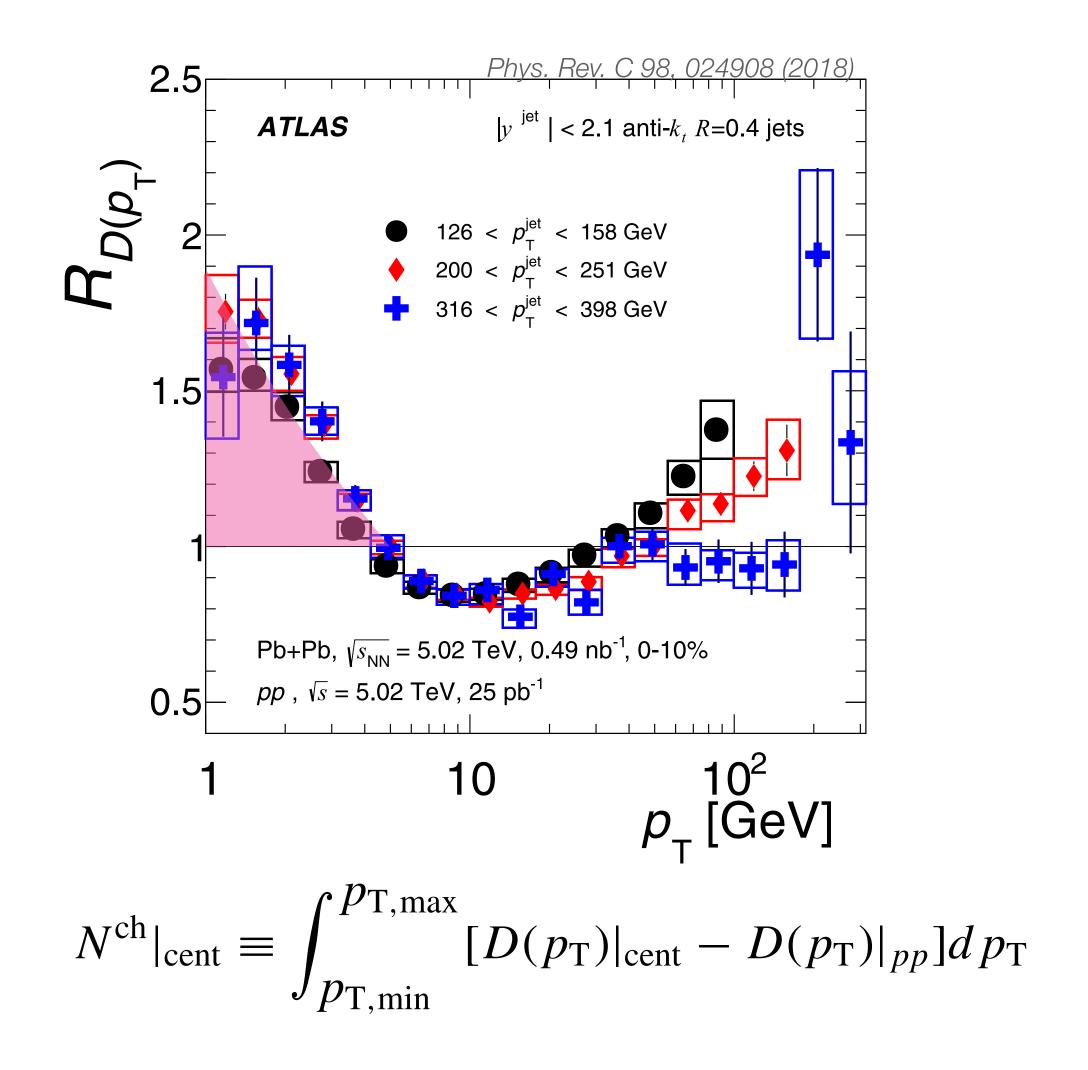
- Scaling with z: Fragmentation effects; scaling with p_T : medium response effects
 - No jet p_T dependence observed at high z for jets with p_T up to 400 GeV
 - Greater enhancement of soft fragments for high p_T jets

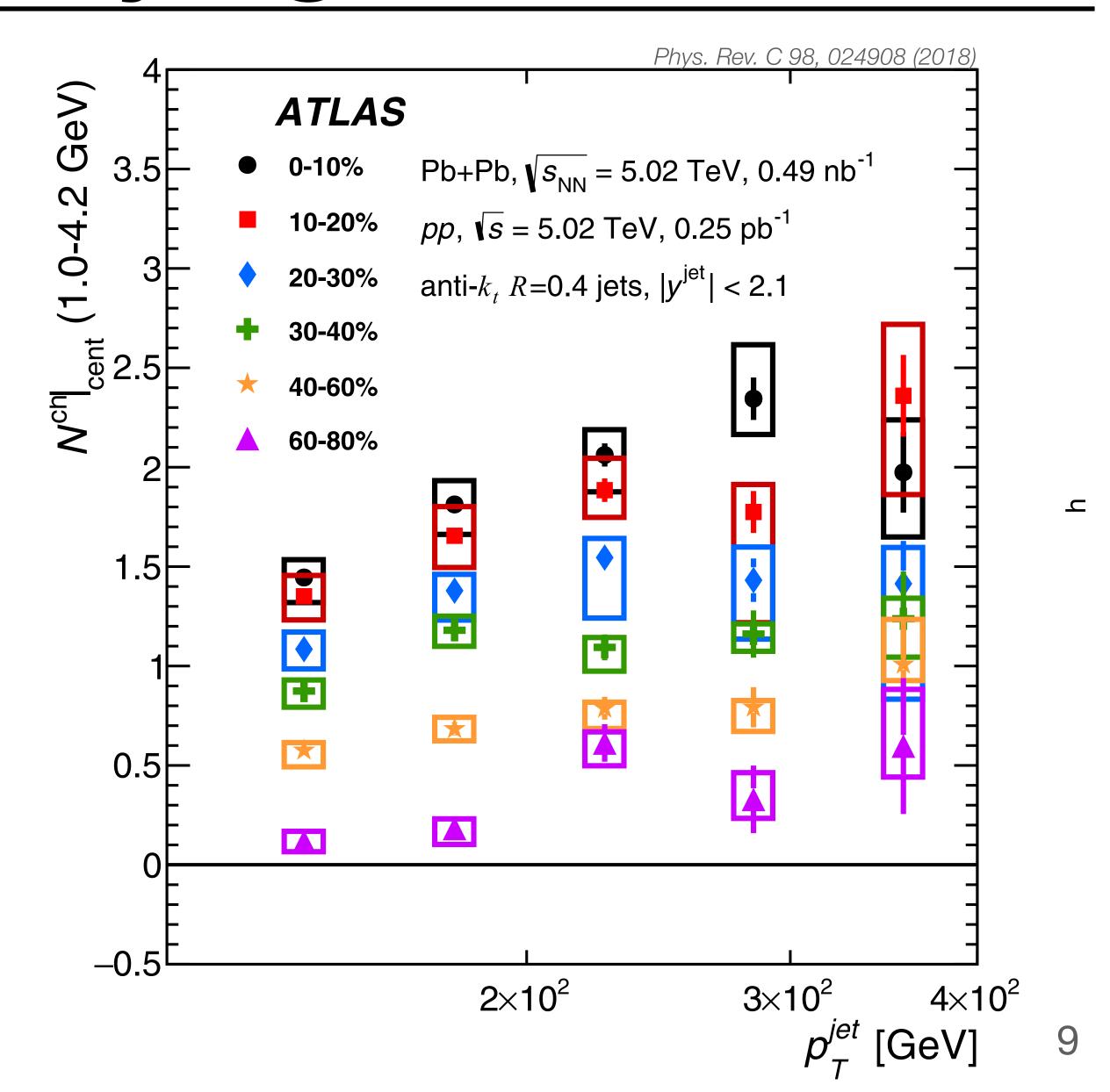


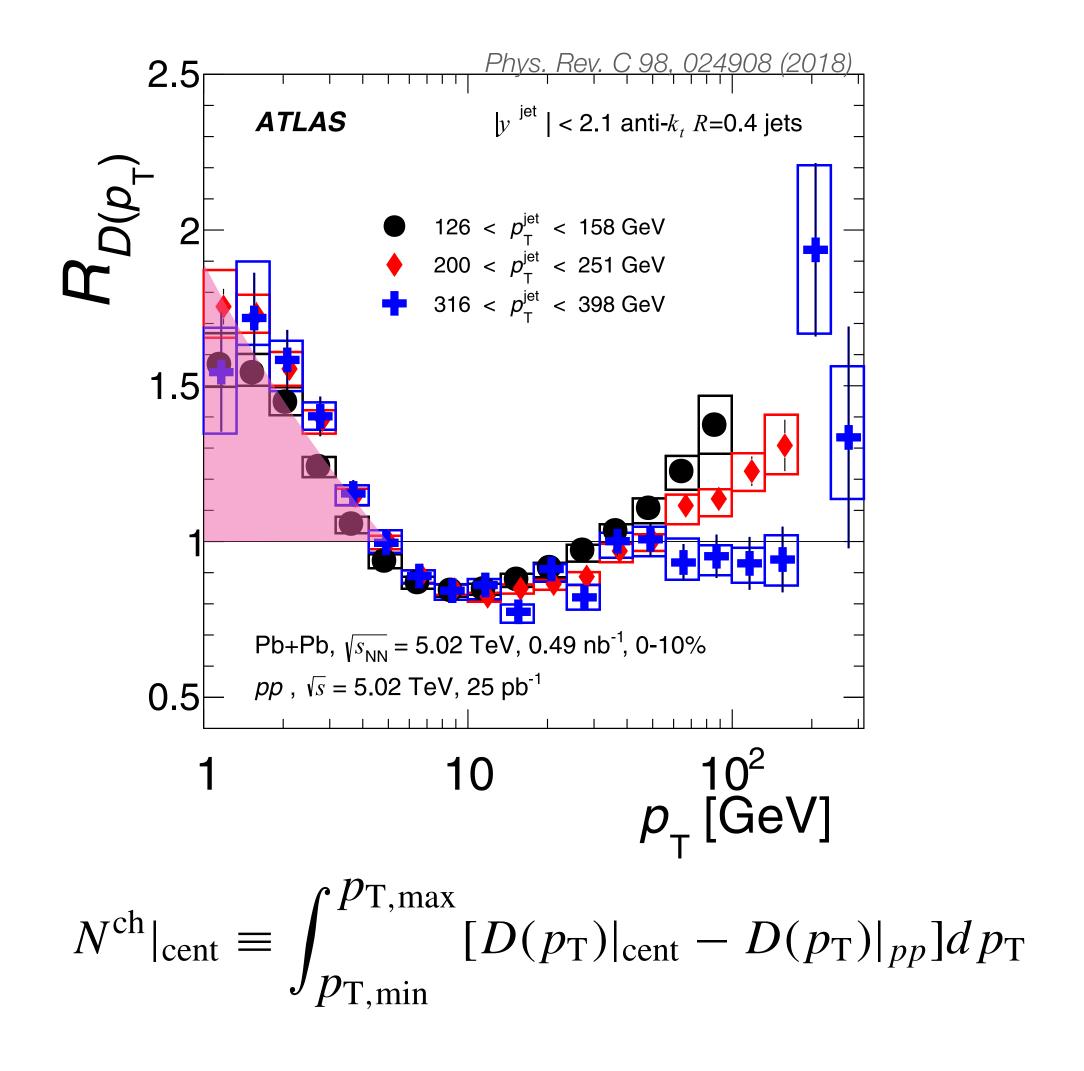


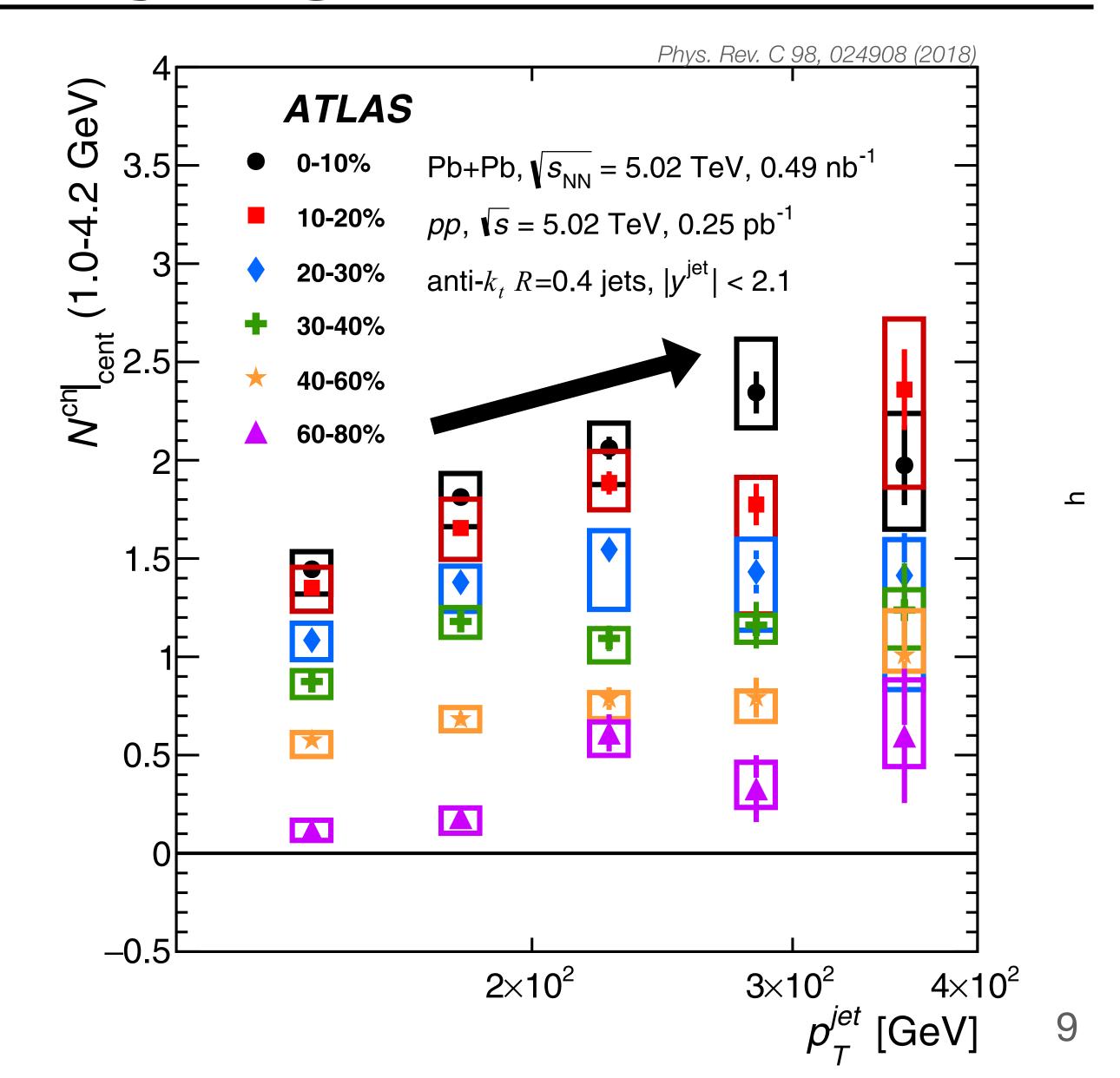


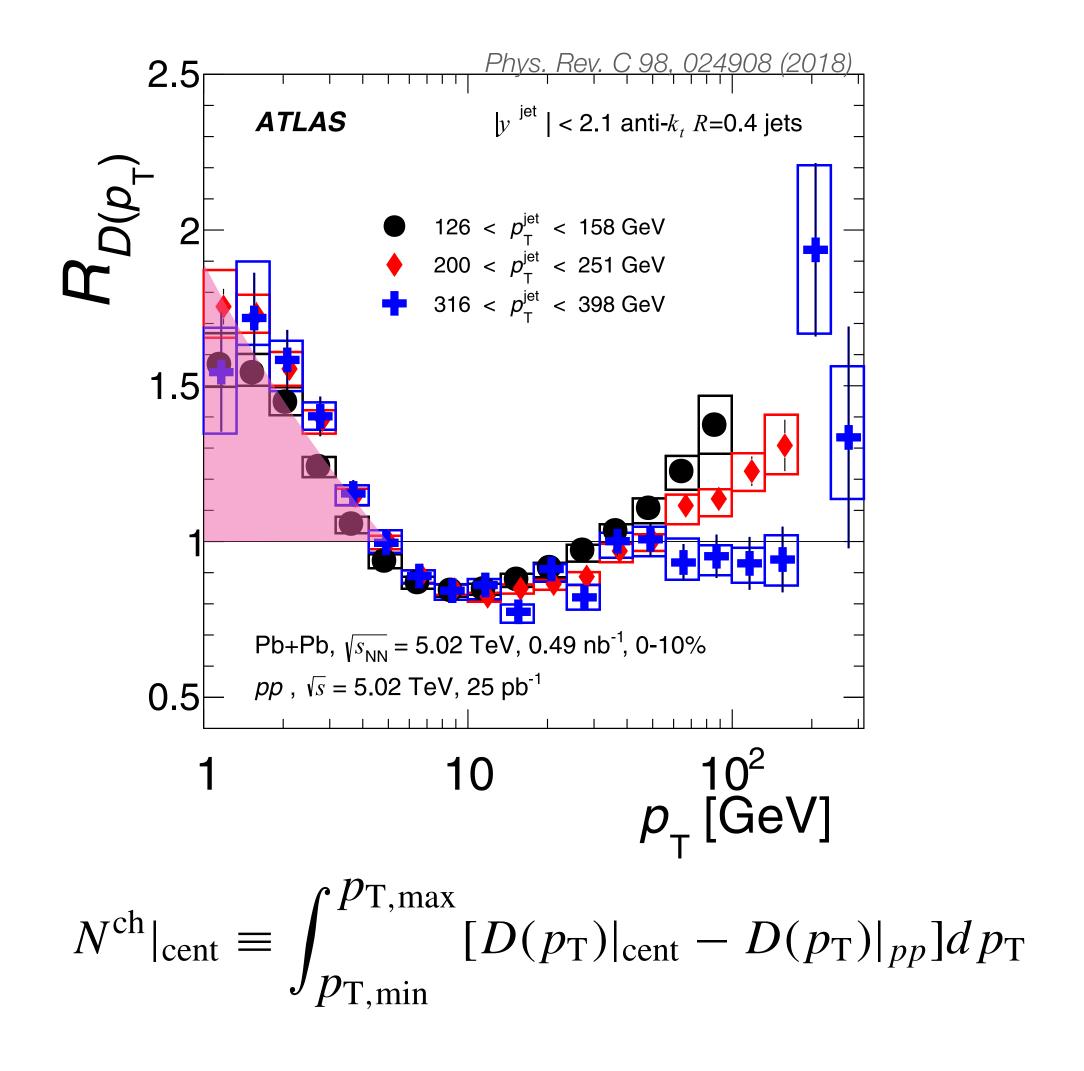


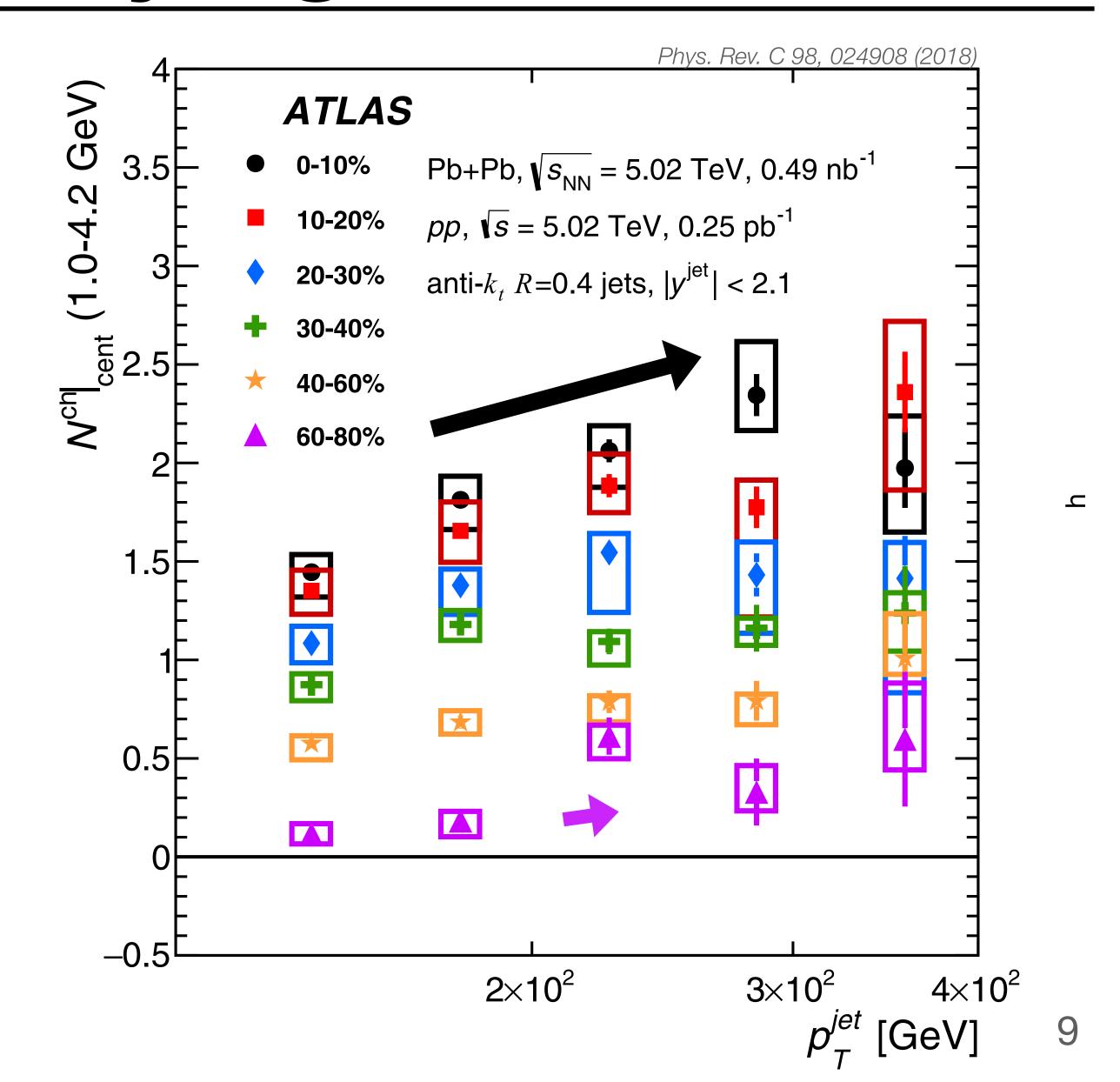










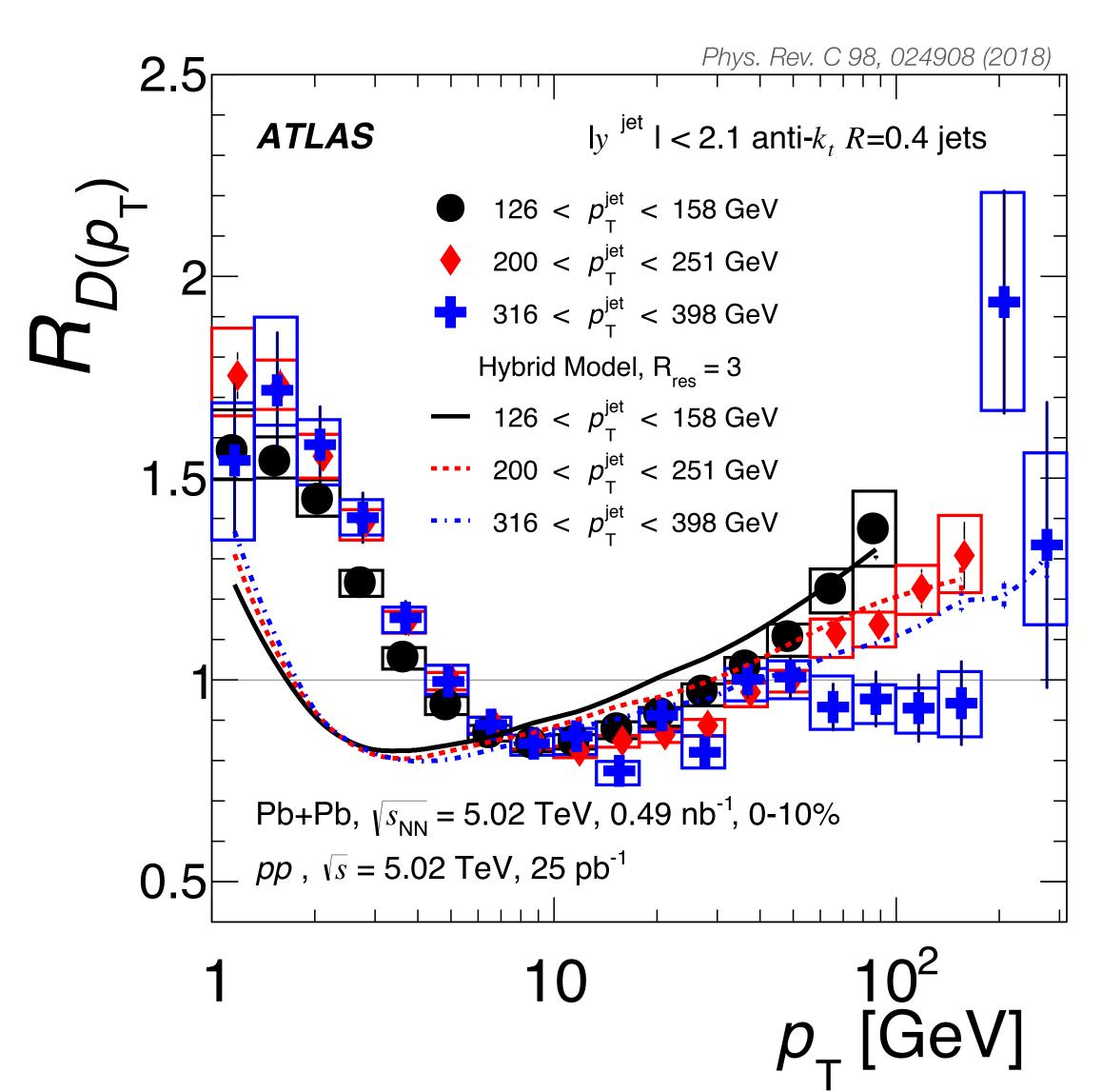


Comparing to theory

- Hybrid Model <u>JHEP03(2018)010</u>
 - Agreement at high p_T
 - Low p_T behavior not described well

Resolution effects in the hybrid strong/weak coupling model

Zachary Hulcher, a Daniel Pablos b and Krishna Rajagopal a

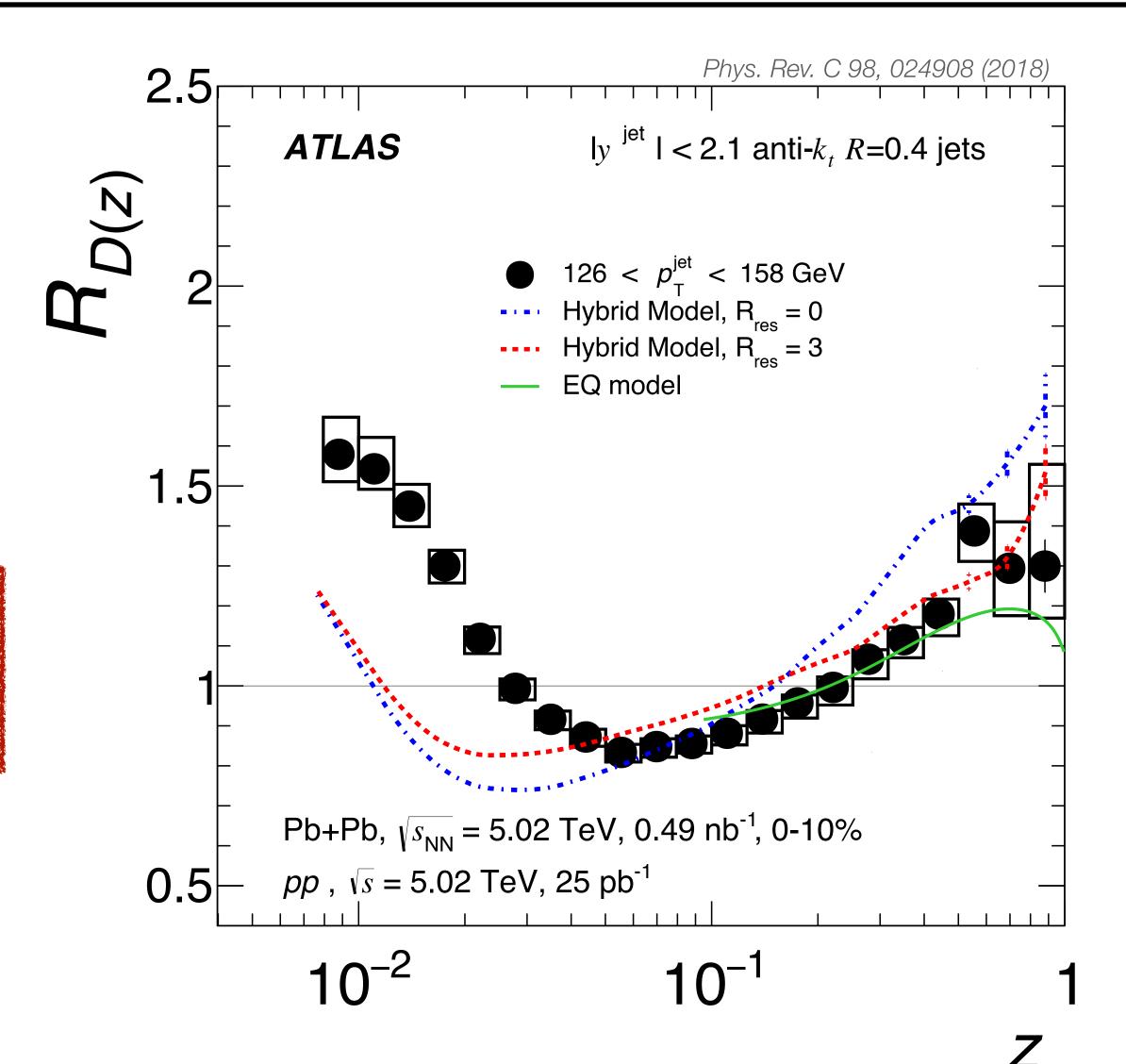


Comparing to theory

- Effective Quenching (EQ) Eur.Phys.J. C76 (2016) 50
 - Agreement at high z
 - Low z behavior not part of EQ

Interpreting single jet measurements in Pb+Pb collisions at the LHC

Martin Spousta^{1,a}, Brian Cole^{2,b}

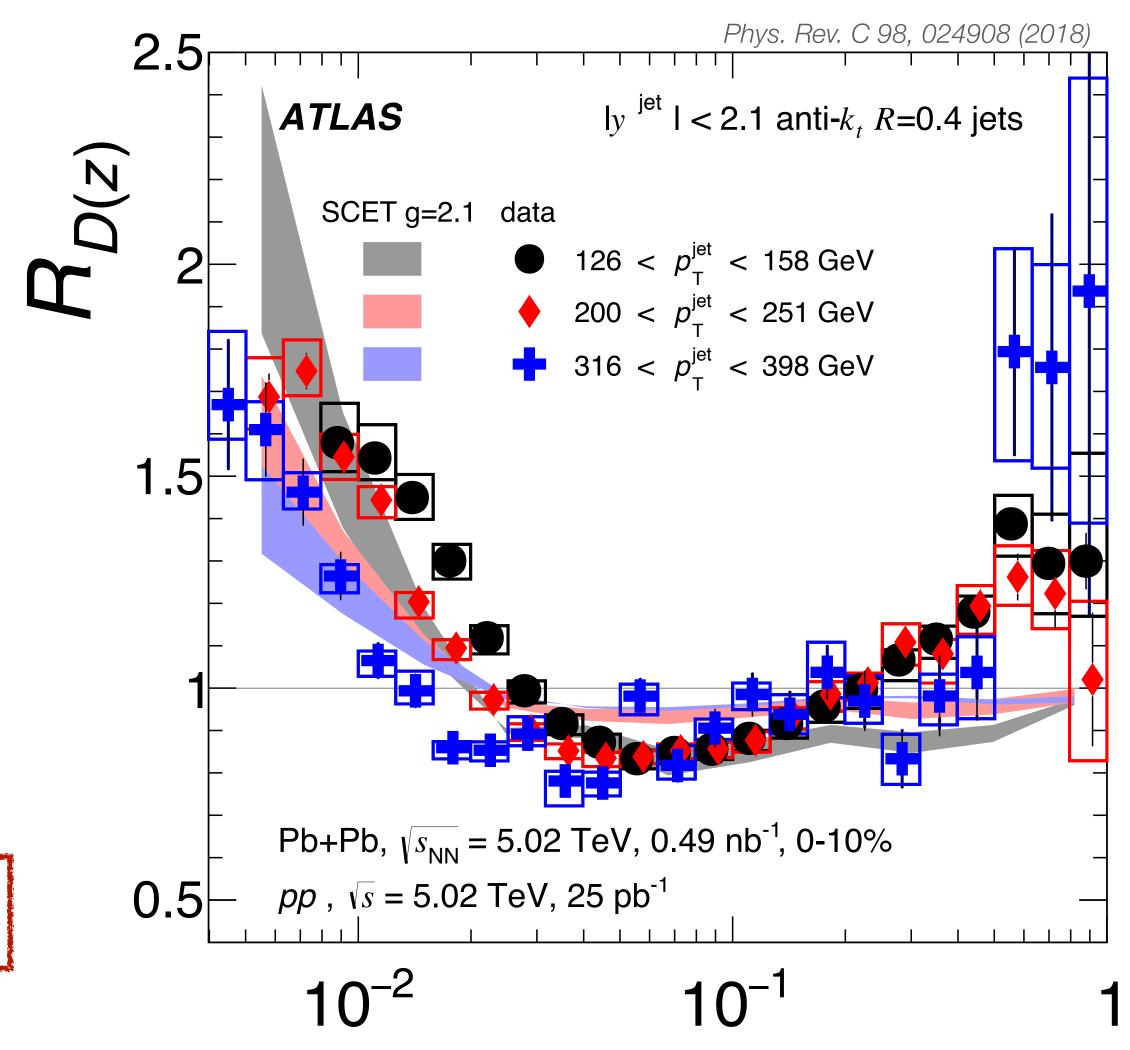


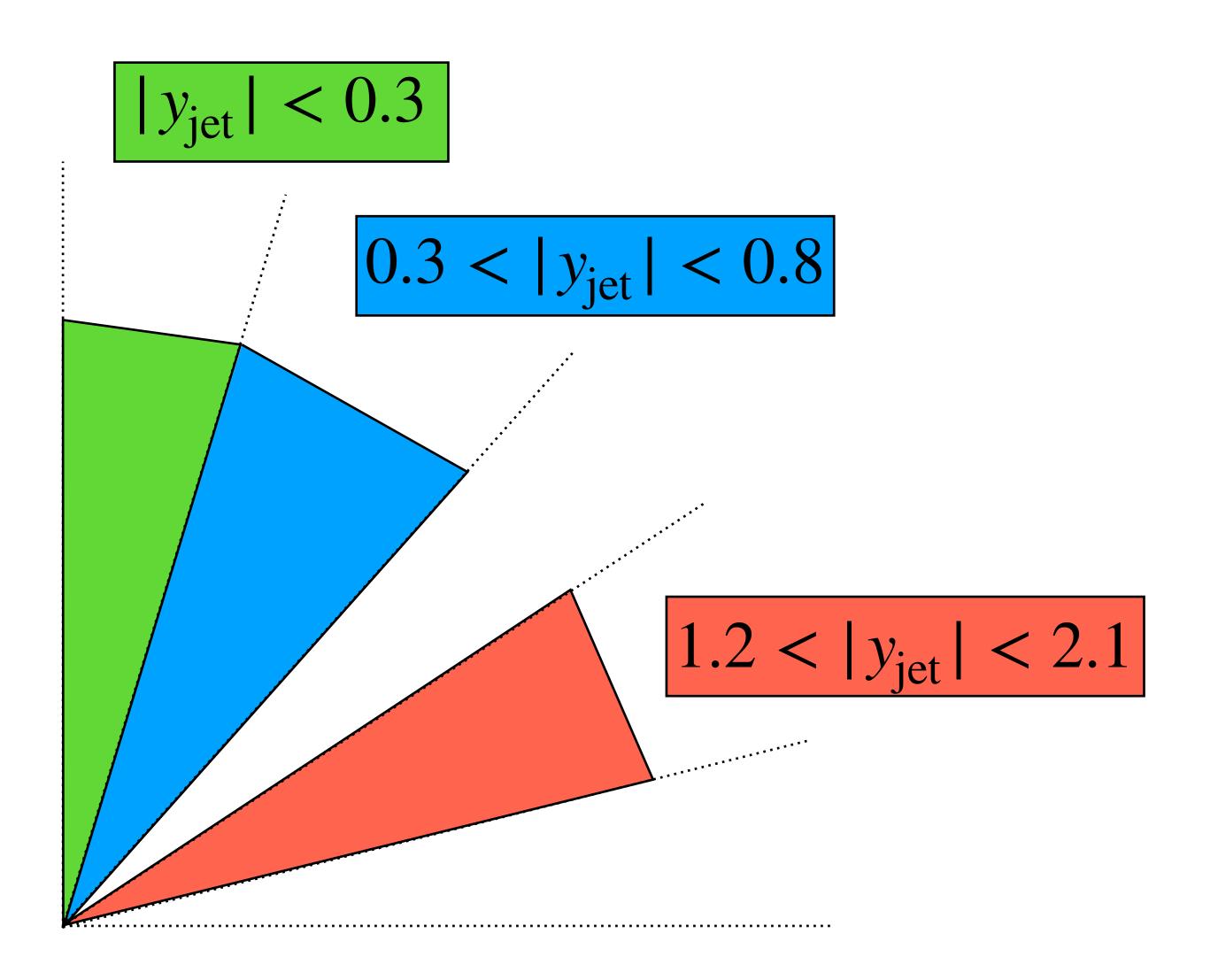
Comparing to theory

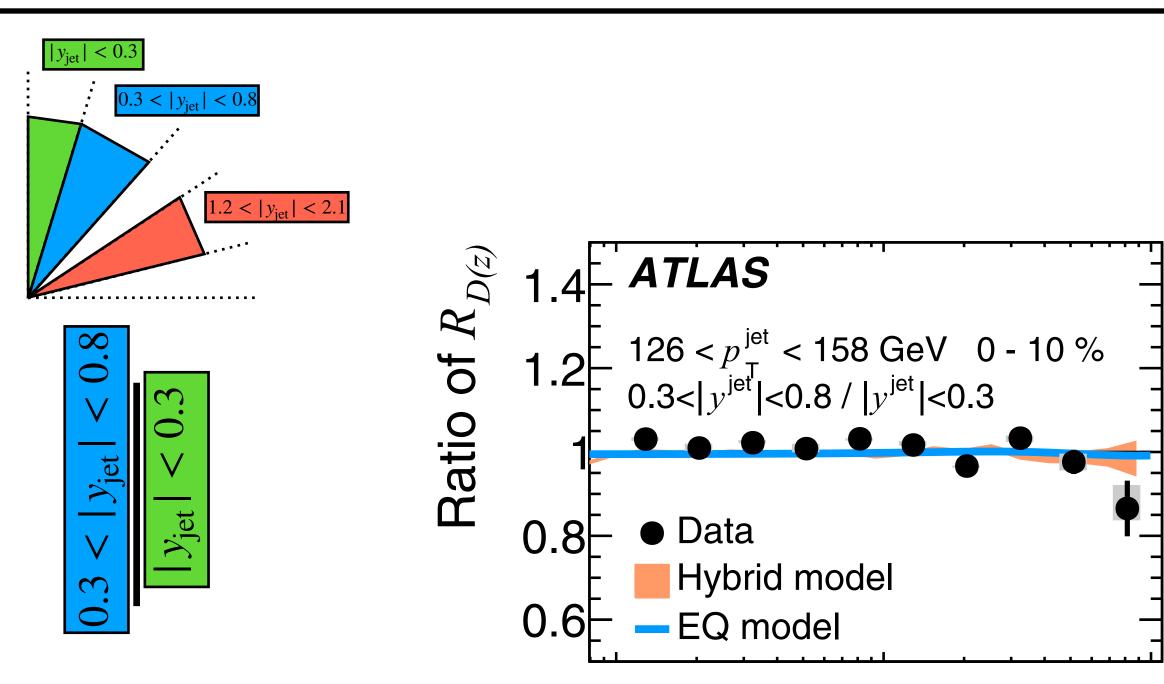
- Soft Collinear Effective Theory Phys. Rev. D 93, 074030 (2016)
 - Agreement at low z
 - High z excess is not described
- Hybrid model, EQ, and SCET can be used to describe other measurements:
 - γ-jet balance: <u>arXiv:1809.07280</u>
 - γ-jet fragmentation: <u>ATLAS-CONF-2017-074</u>
 - jet R_{AA}: <u>arXiv:1805.05635</u>

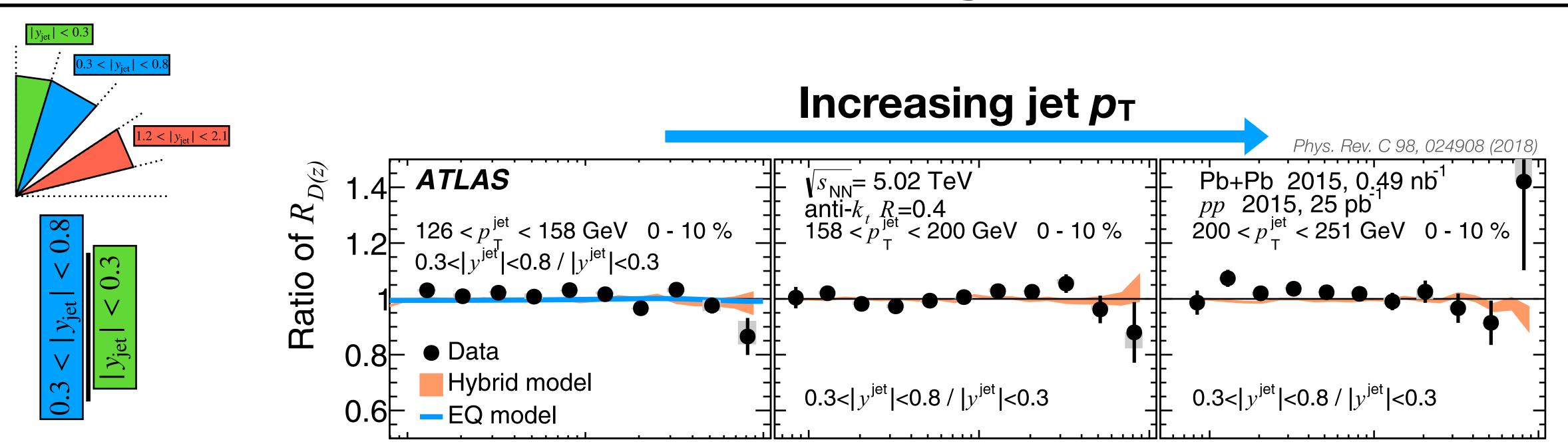
Jet quenching from QCD evolution

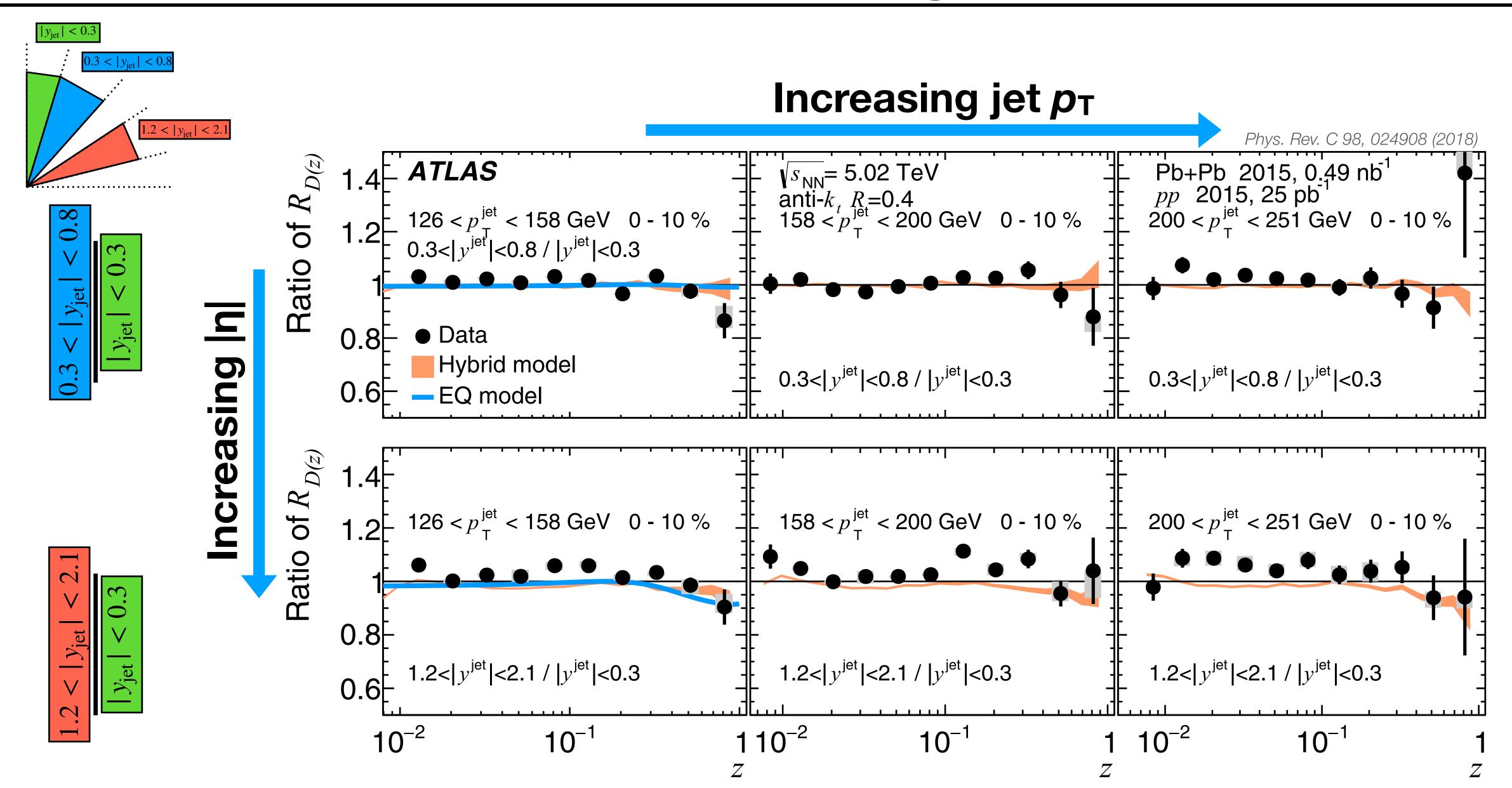
Yang-Ting Chien,^{1,*} Alexander Emerman,^{2,†} Zhong-Bo Kang,^{1,‡} Grigory Ovanesyan,^{3,§} and Ivan Vitev^{1,¶}



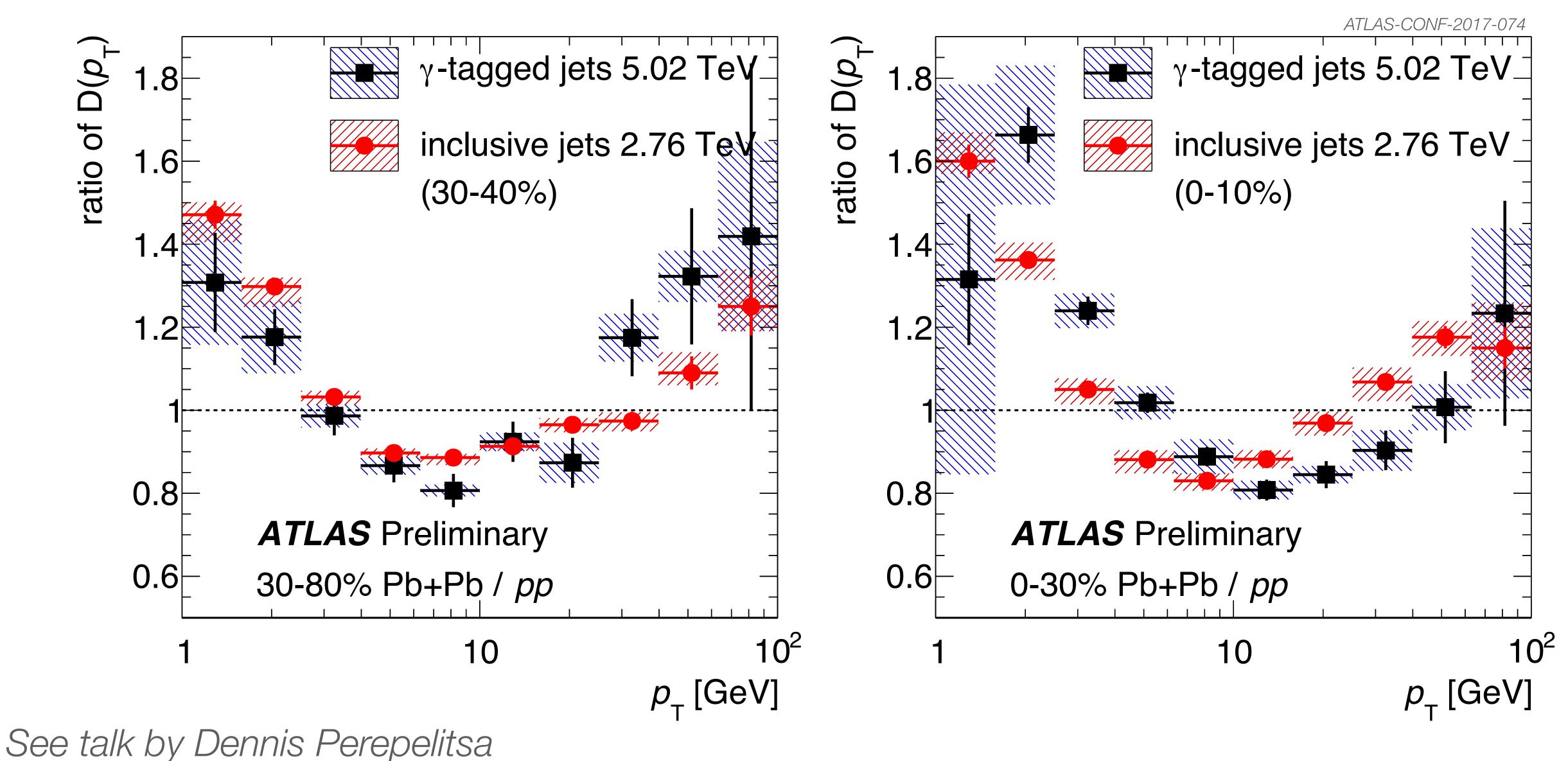








Flavor dependence (?)



14

From Fragmentation Functions...

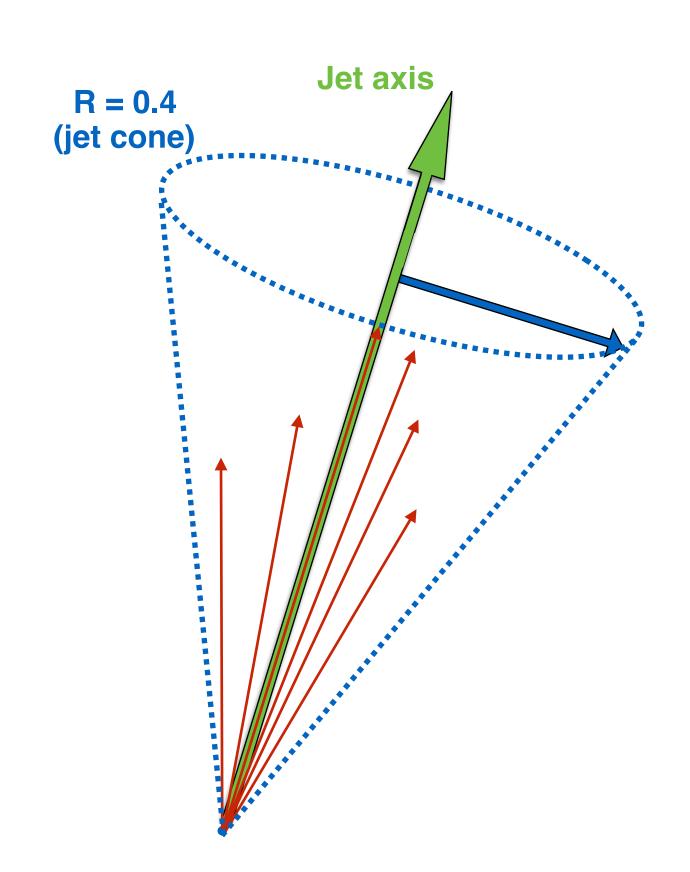
Fragmentation functions:

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Comparison between pp and Pb+Pb

$$R_{D(p_{\mathrm{T}})} \equiv \frac{D(p_{\mathrm{T}})_{\mathrm{PbPb}}}{D(p_{\mathrm{T}})_{\mathrm{pp}}} \quad R_{D(z)} \equiv \frac{D(z)_{\mathrm{PbPb}}}{D(z)_{\mathrm{pp}}}$$



...to radial dependence

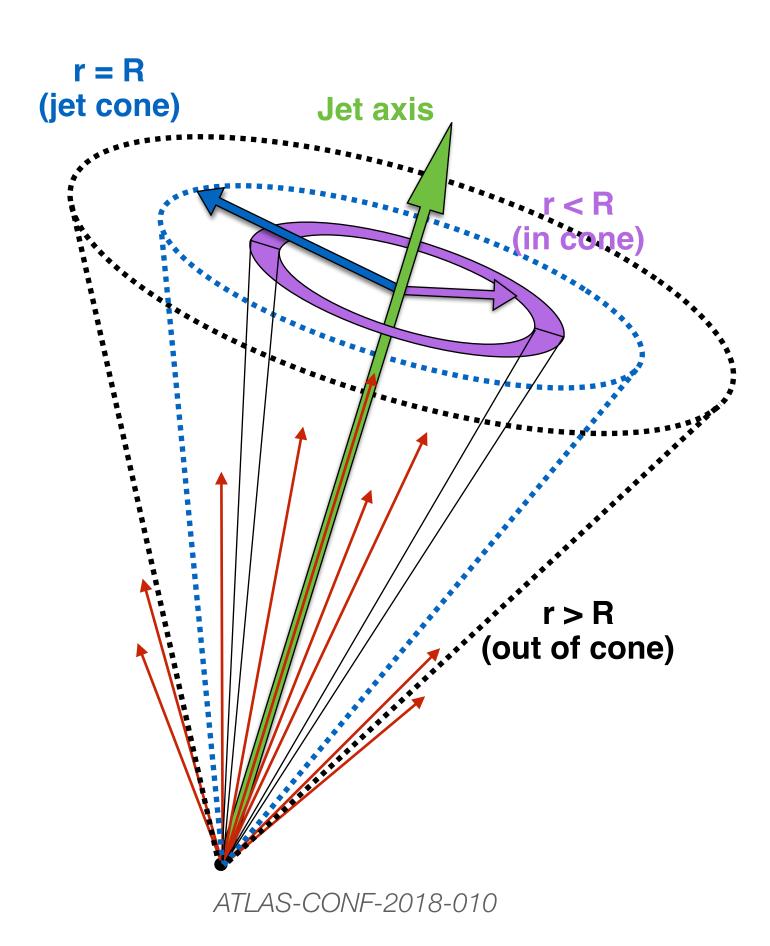
Radial distribution (r < 0.6)

$$D(p_{\mathrm{T}}, r) \equiv \frac{1}{N_{\mathrm{jet}}} \frac{1}{2\pi r} \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 n_{\mathrm{ch}}(r)}{dr dp_{\mathrm{T}}}$$

[r < 0.6]

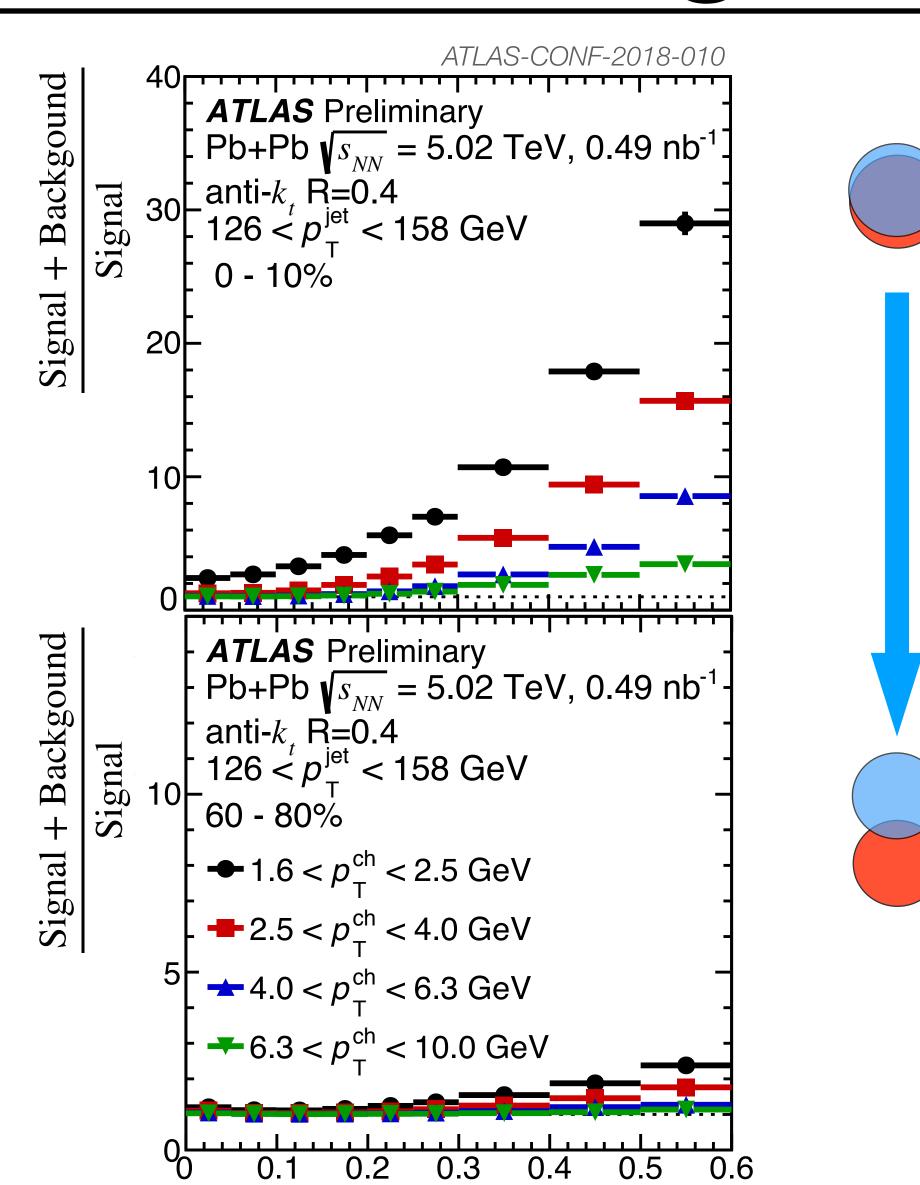
Comparison to pp at 5 TeV

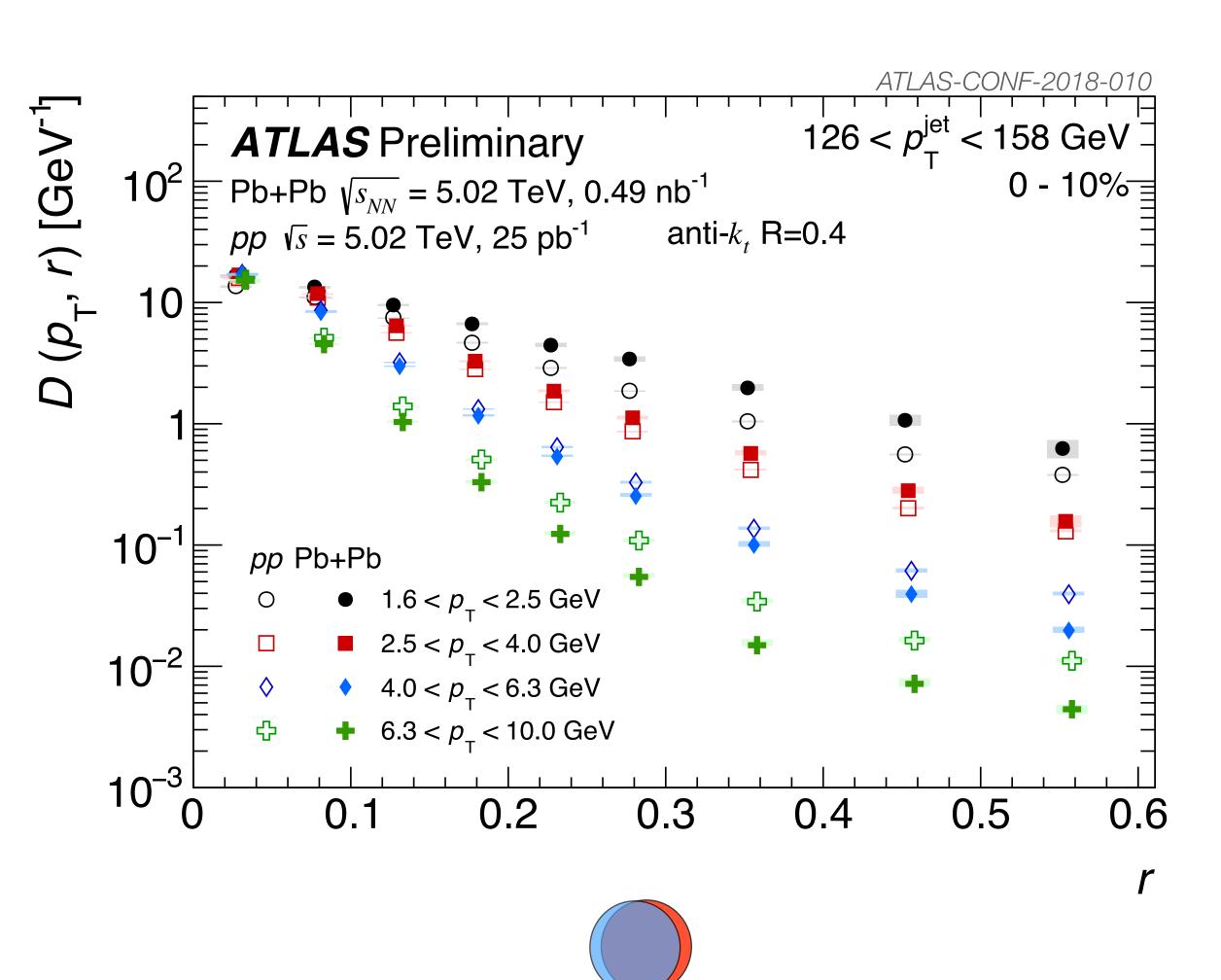
$$R_{D(p_{\mathrm{T}},r)} \equiv \frac{D(p_{\mathrm{T}},r)_{\mathrm{PbPb}}}{D(p_{\mathrm{T}},r)_{\mathrm{pp}}}$$



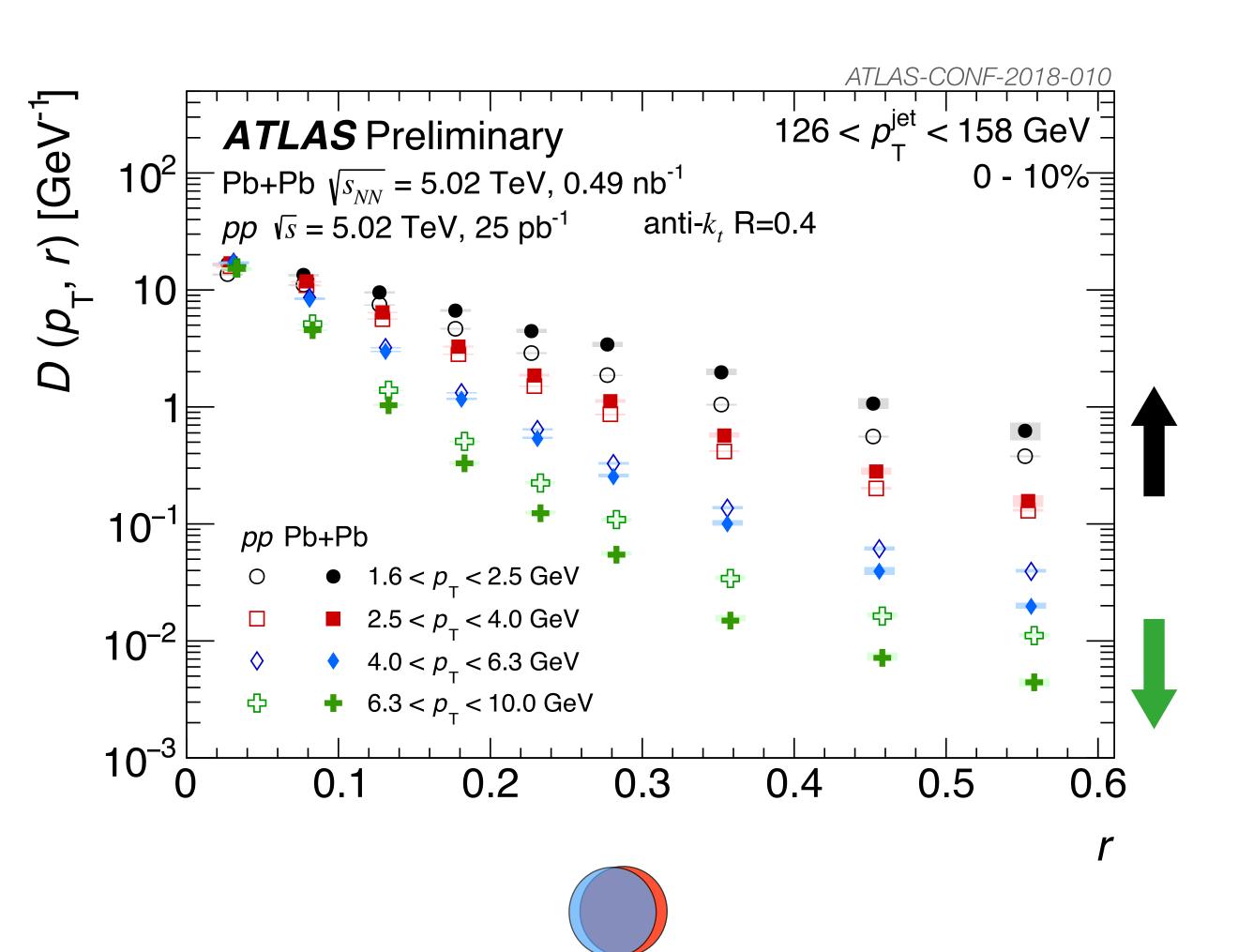
Challenges

- Large underlying event
- Strongly dependent on
 - Centrality
 - Track p_T
 - Distance from jet axis
- Underlying event depends on eta and flow
- Determined using minimum bias events in the same centrality class with no jet
- Measurement is unfolded

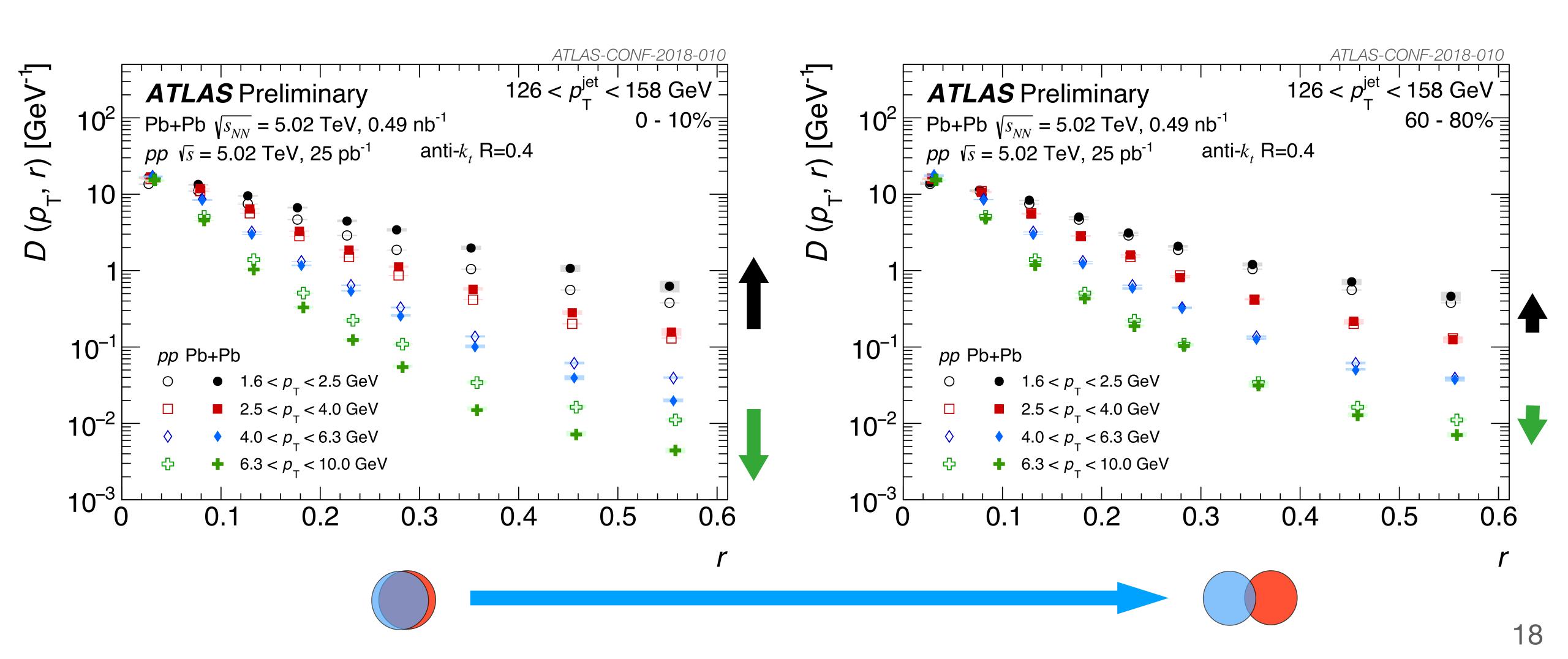


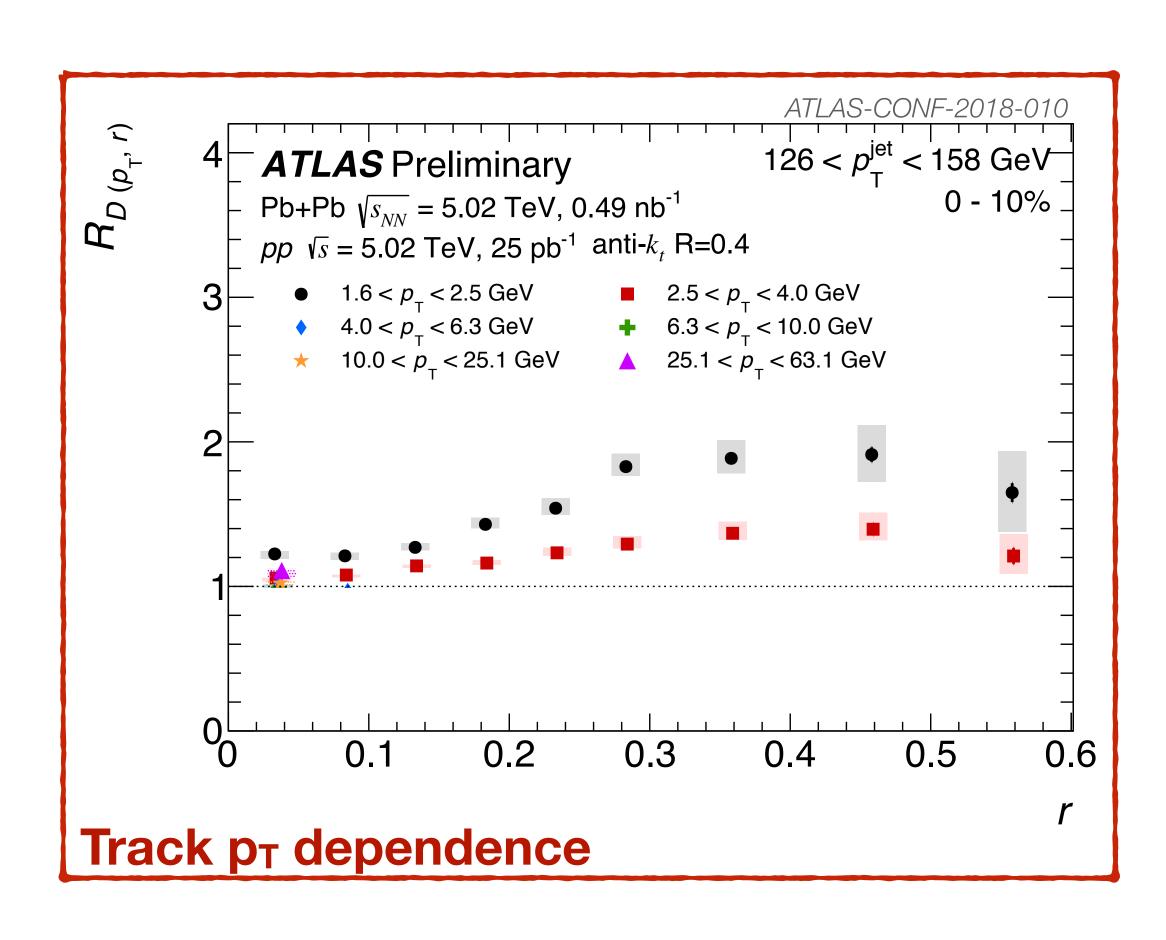


• Broadening for low p_T particles, narrowing for high p_T particles

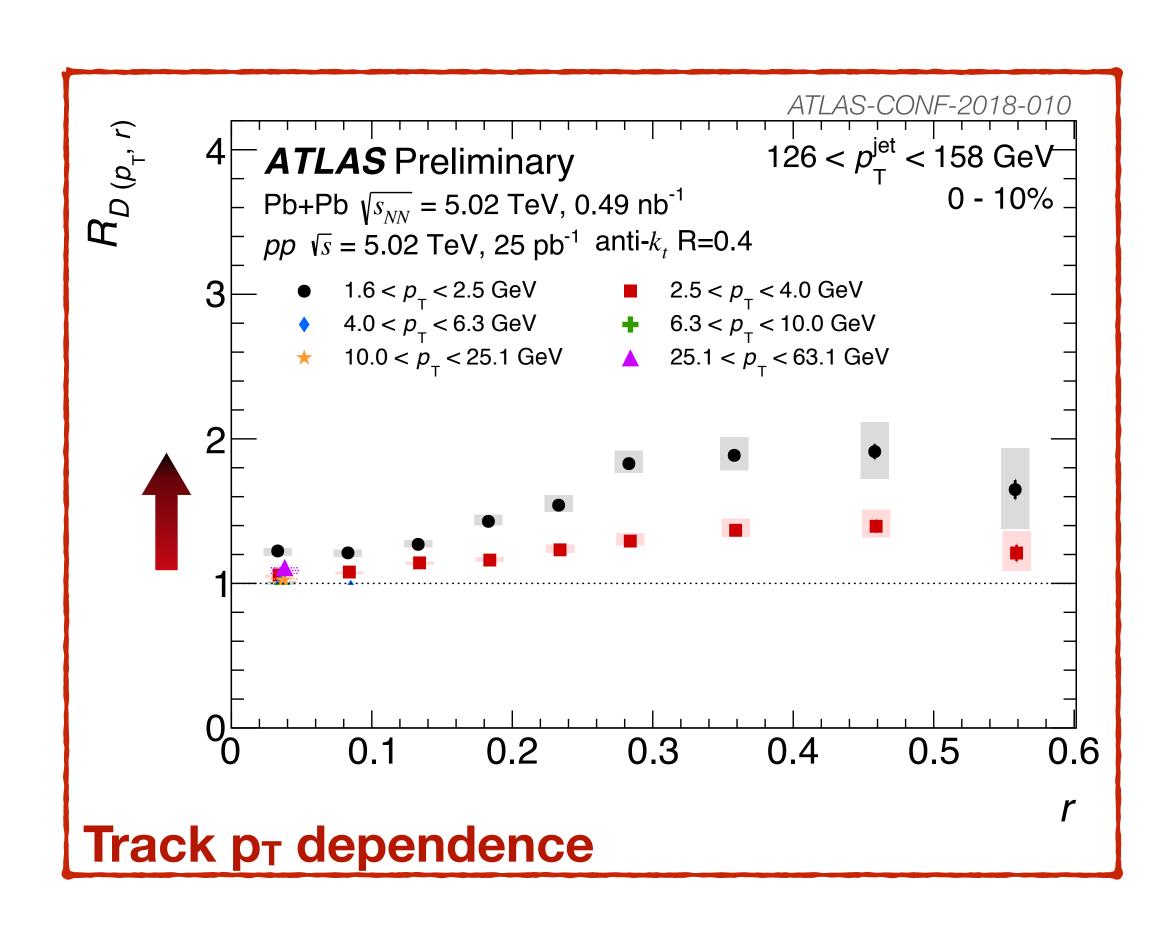


• Broadening for low p_T particles, narrowing for high p_T particles

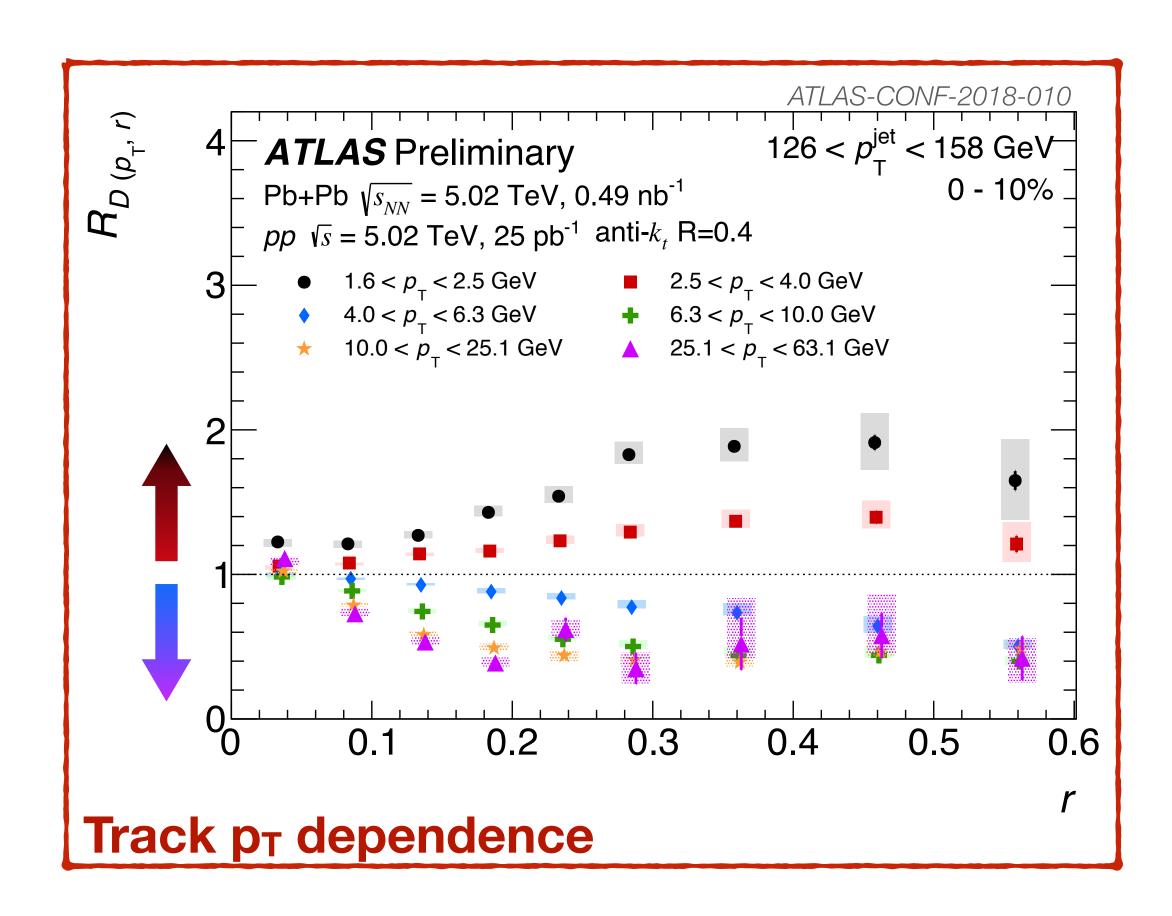




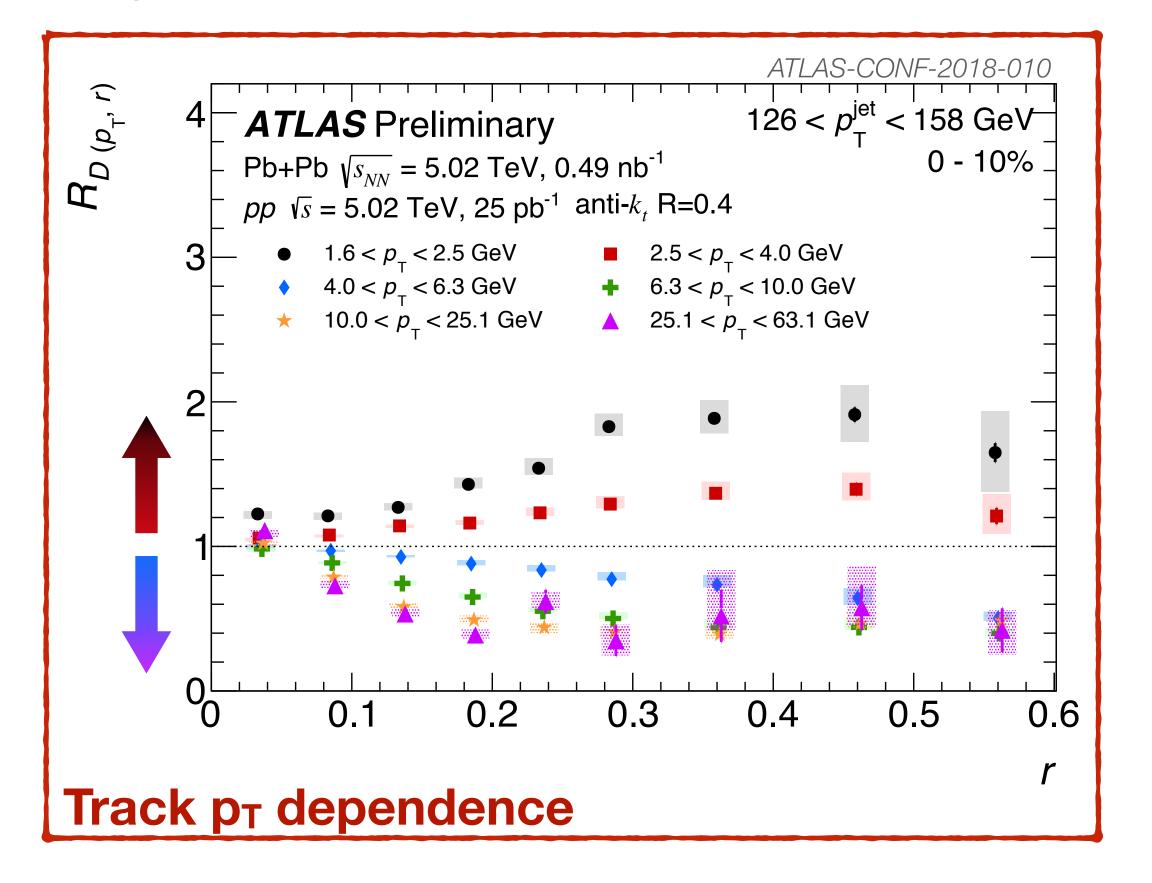
• Enhancement for particles with $p_T < 4$ GeV

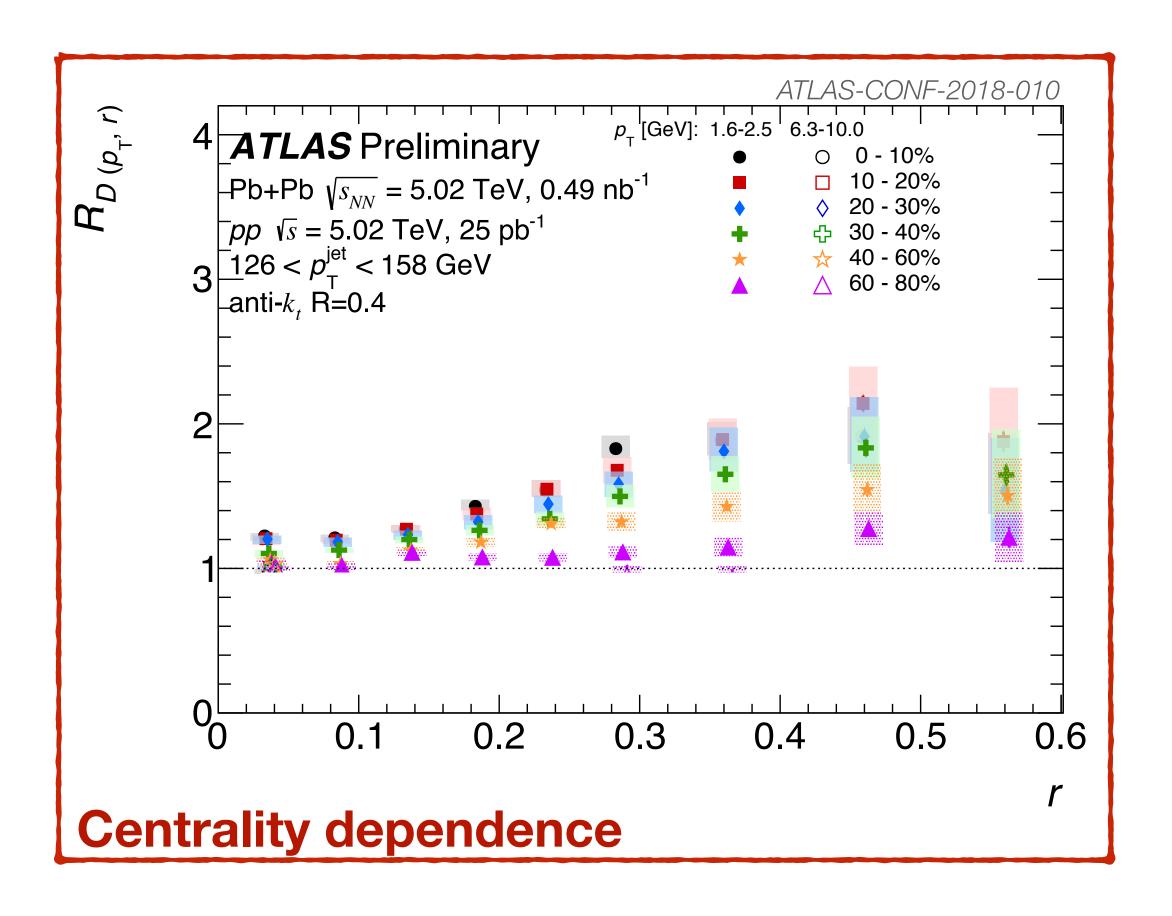


- Enhancement for particles with $p_T < 4$ GeV
- Depletion for particles with $4 < p_T < 63$ GeV

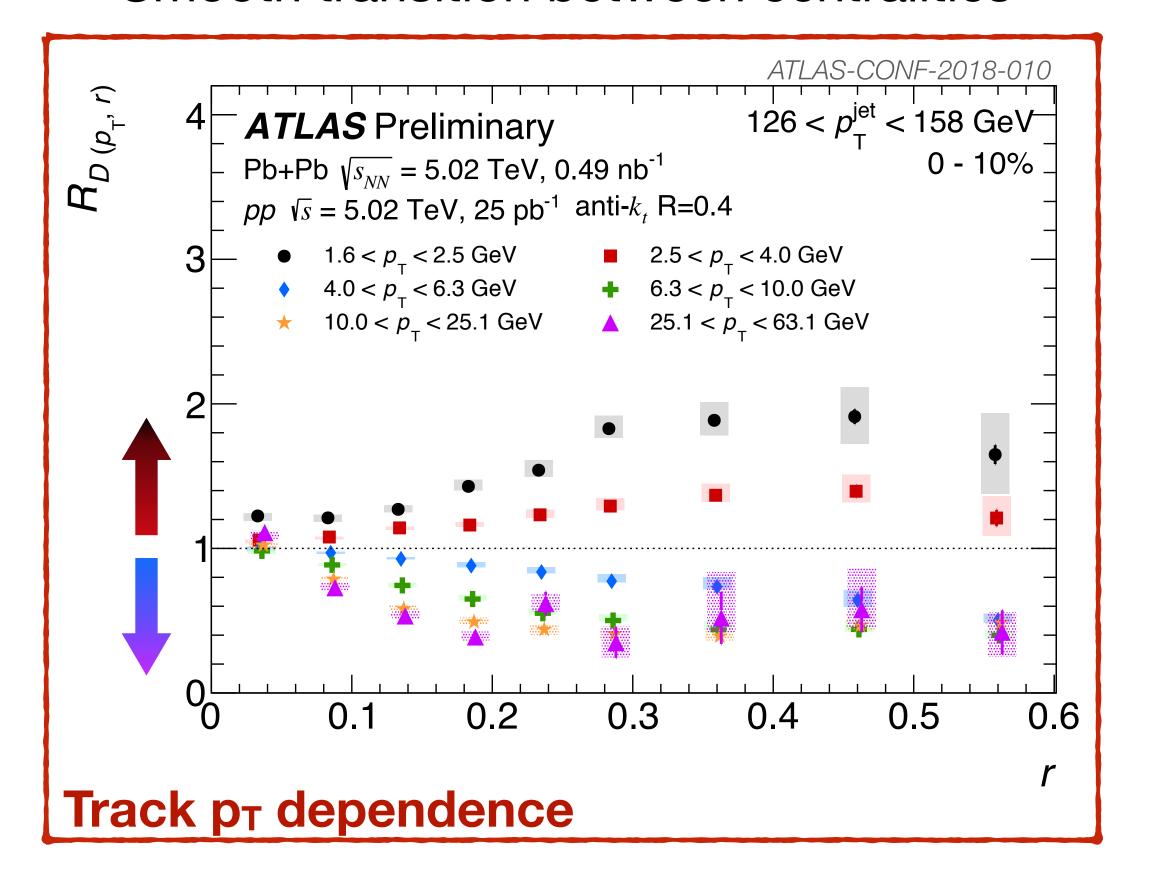


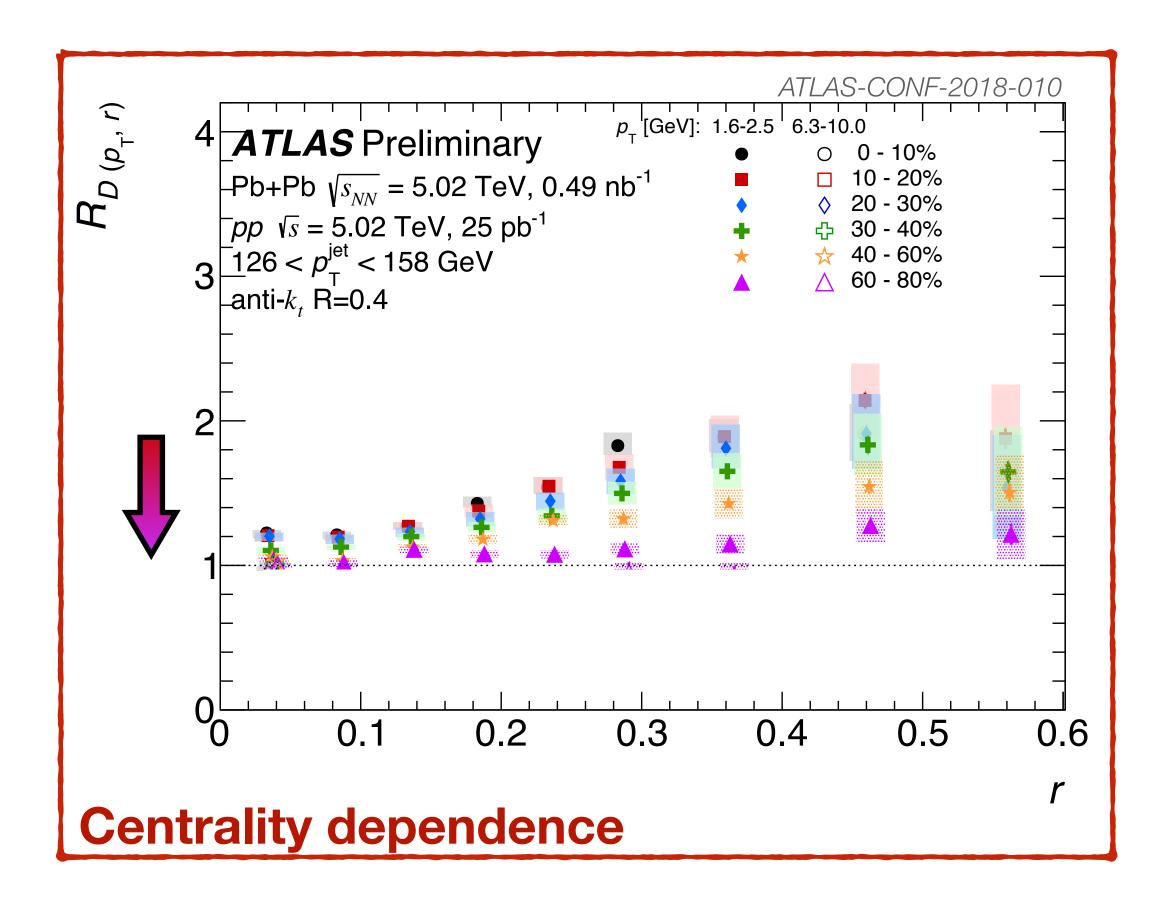
- Enhancement for particles with $p_T < 4$ GeV
- Depletion for particles with $4 < p_T < 63$ GeV
- Smooth transition between centralities



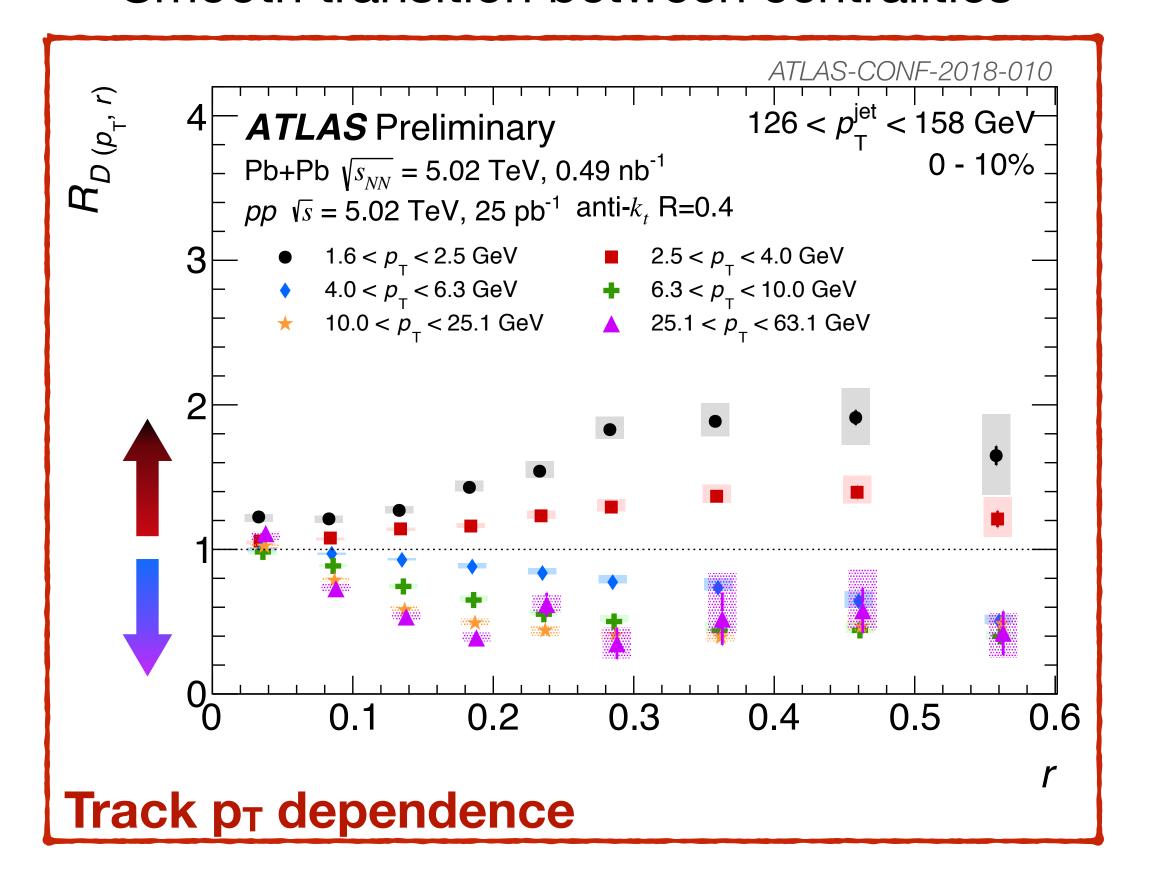


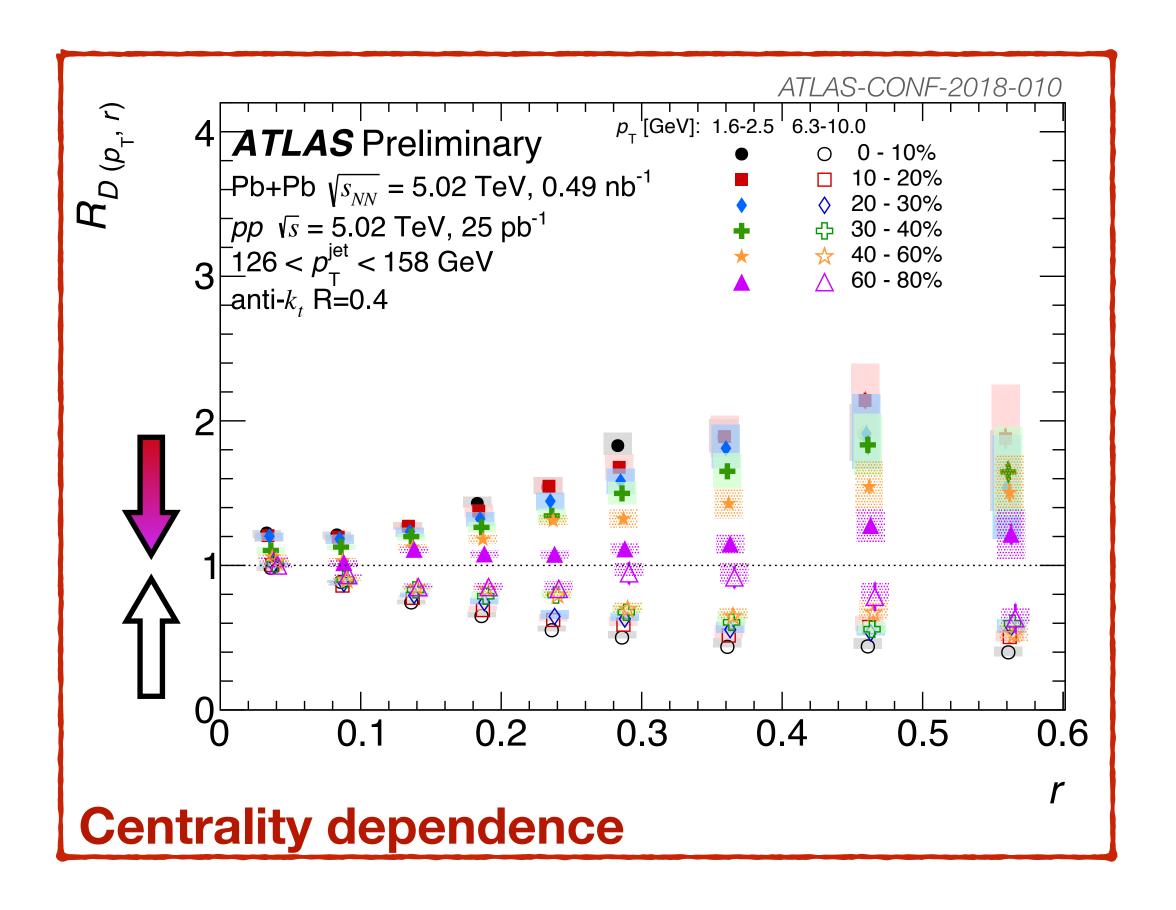
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- Enhancement for particles with $p_T < 4$ GeV
- Depletion for particles with $4 < p_T < 63$ GeV
- Smooth transition between centralities





Conclusions

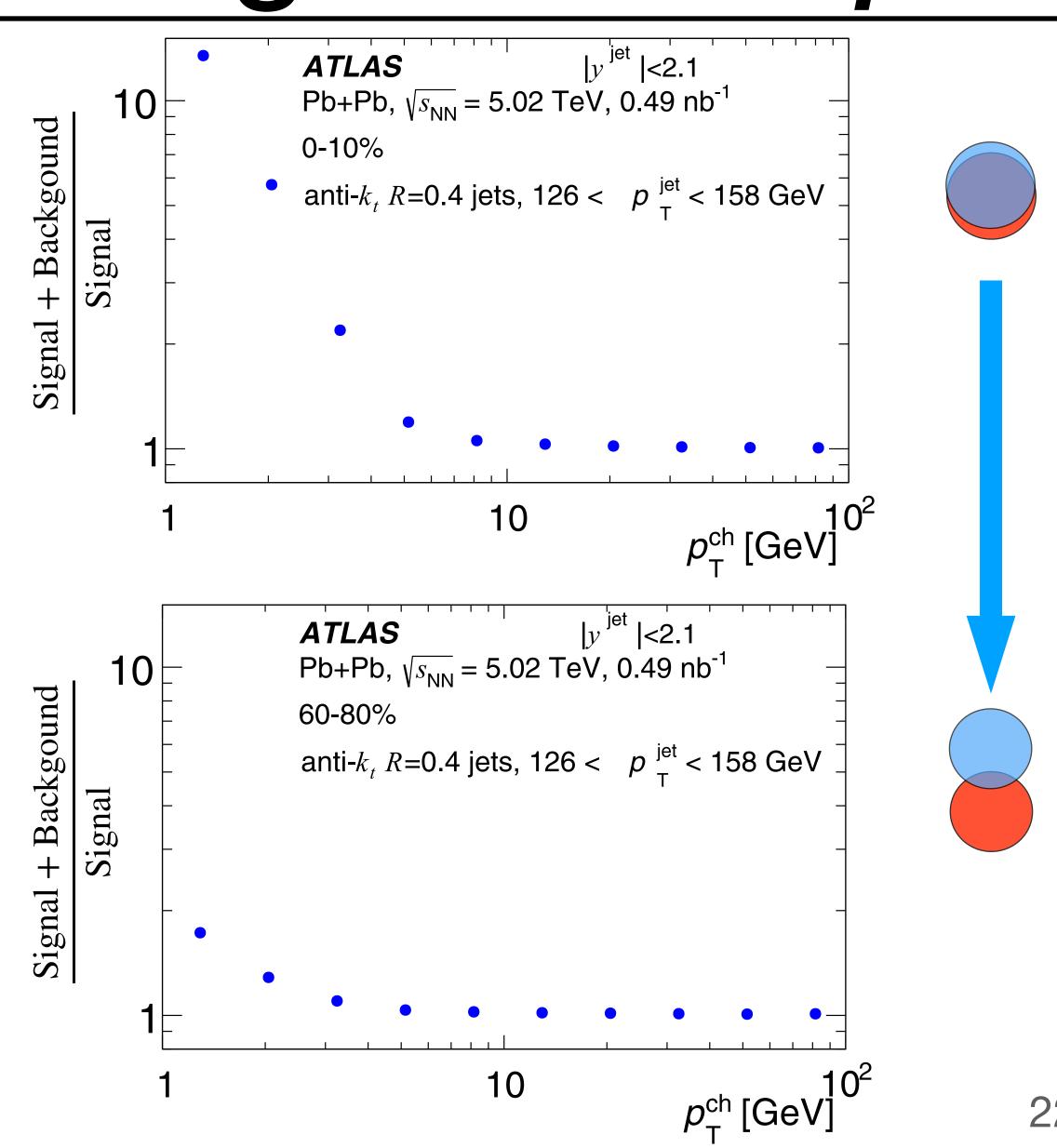
- Fully unfolded measurements of jet fragmentation
 - Low and high z enhancement, mid z, p_T depletion
 - Jet broadening at low track p_T, narrowing for high track p_T
- Extension of previous jet fragmentation function measurements
 - Jet p_T , jet rapidity, radial dependence, flavor fraction (?)
- Comprehensive ATLAS Jet Physics program to constrain the physics of jet energy loss
- Looking forward to the run next month, and are excited to measure the larger Pb+Pb dataset
- Public ATLAS Heavy Ion Results



Backup

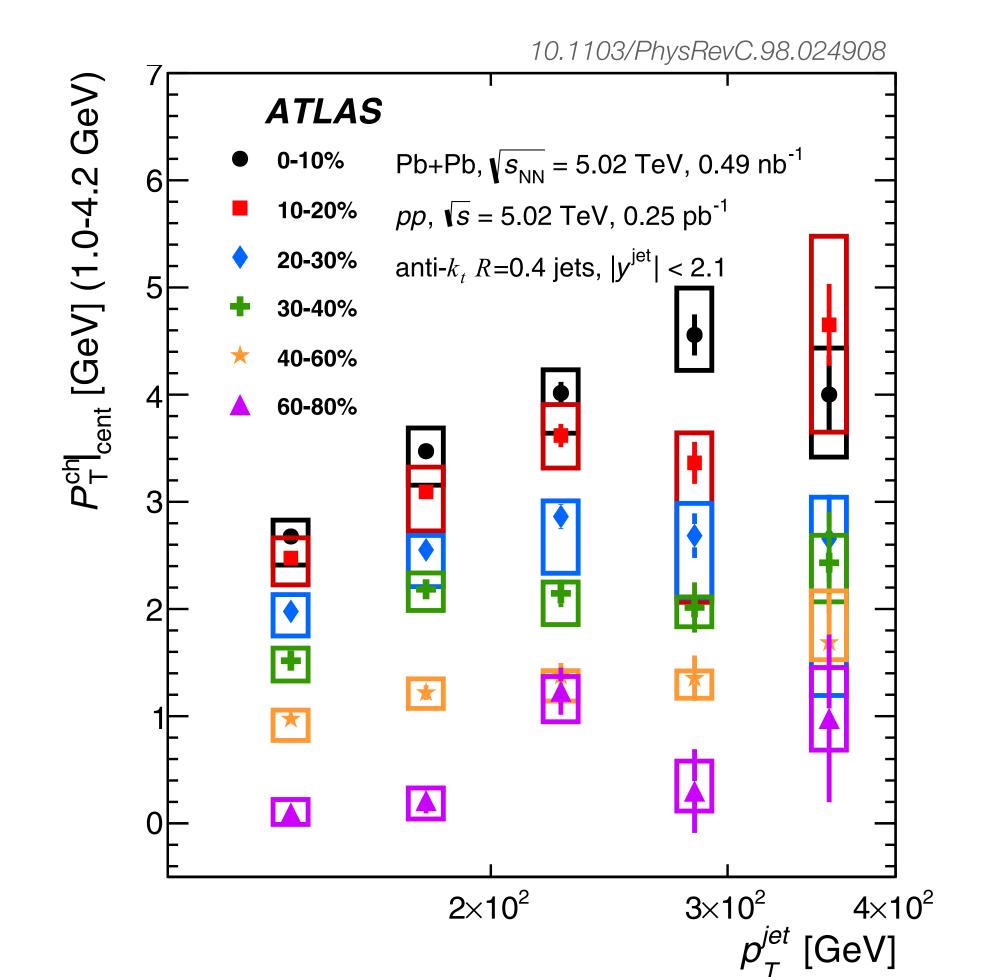
Challenges at low pt

- Shown here as (Signal+Background)/Signal
- Up to 0.05 at low p_T
- Strongly dependent on centrality and track p_T
- Corrections for flow, eta dependence, and underlying event - Jet energy resolution correlation

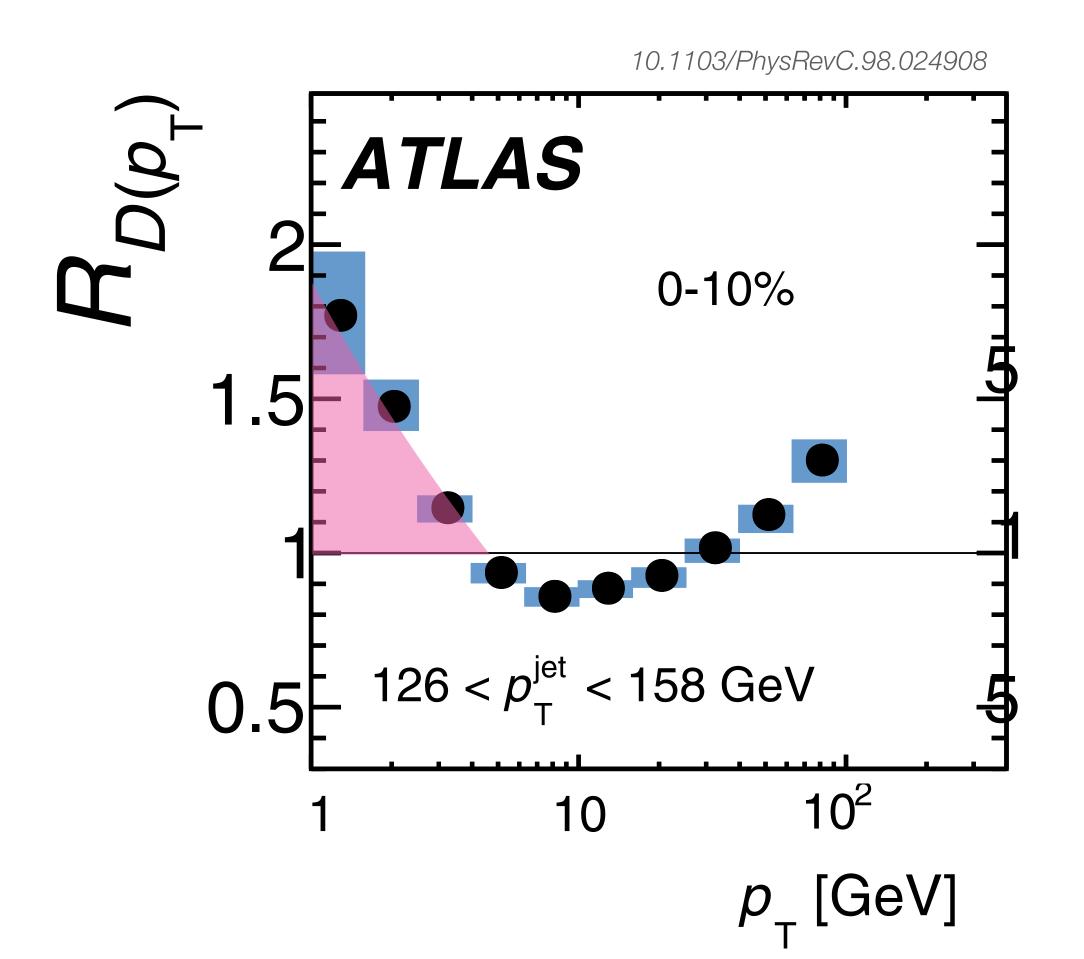


Integrating D(pt)

- Enhancement is dependent on the Jet p_T
- Medium response to the high p_T parton?

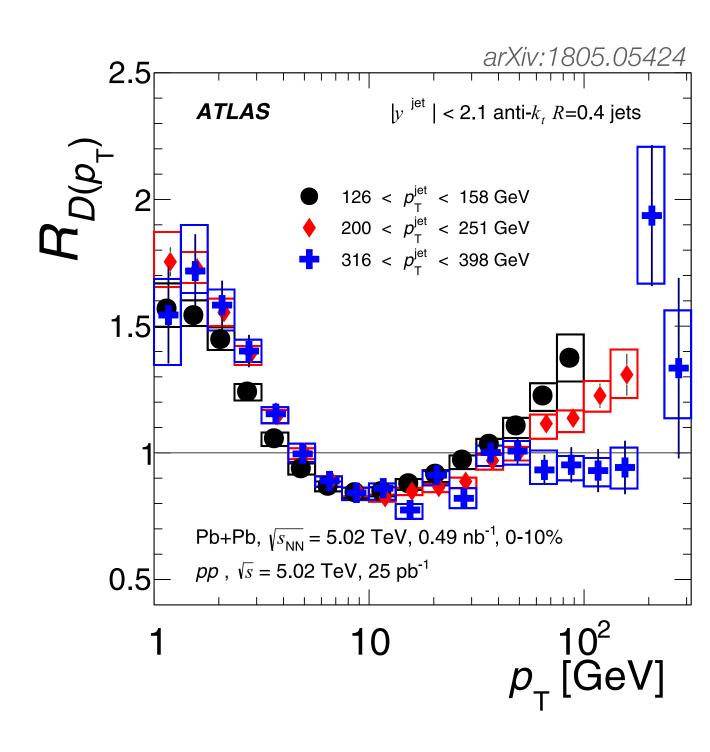


$$P_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{ch}}|_{\mathrm{cent}} \equiv \int_{p_{\mathrm{T,min}}}^{p_{\mathrm{T,max}}} [D(p_{\mathrm{T}})|_{\mathrm{cent}} - D(p_{\mathrm{T}})|_{pp}] p_{\mathrm{T}} dp_{\mathrm{T}}$$

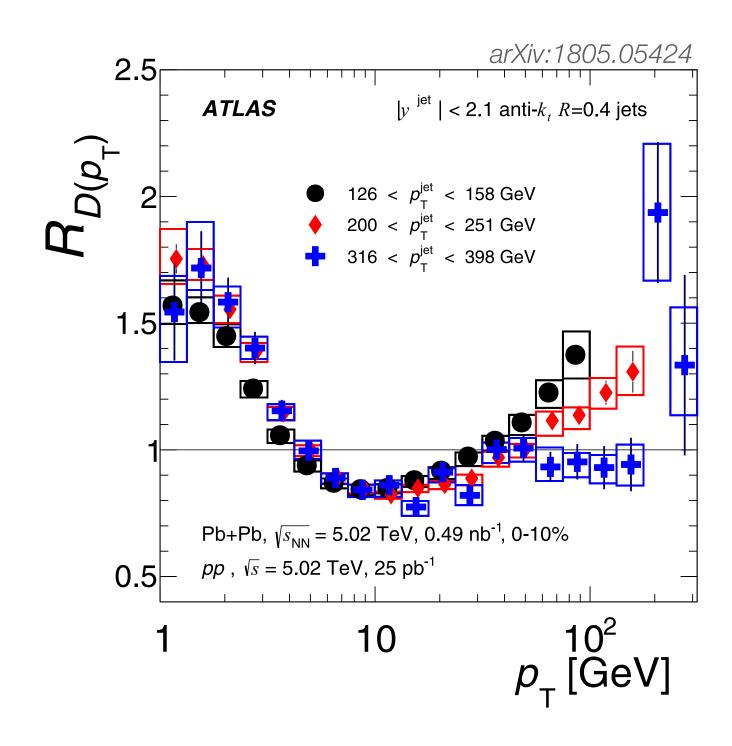


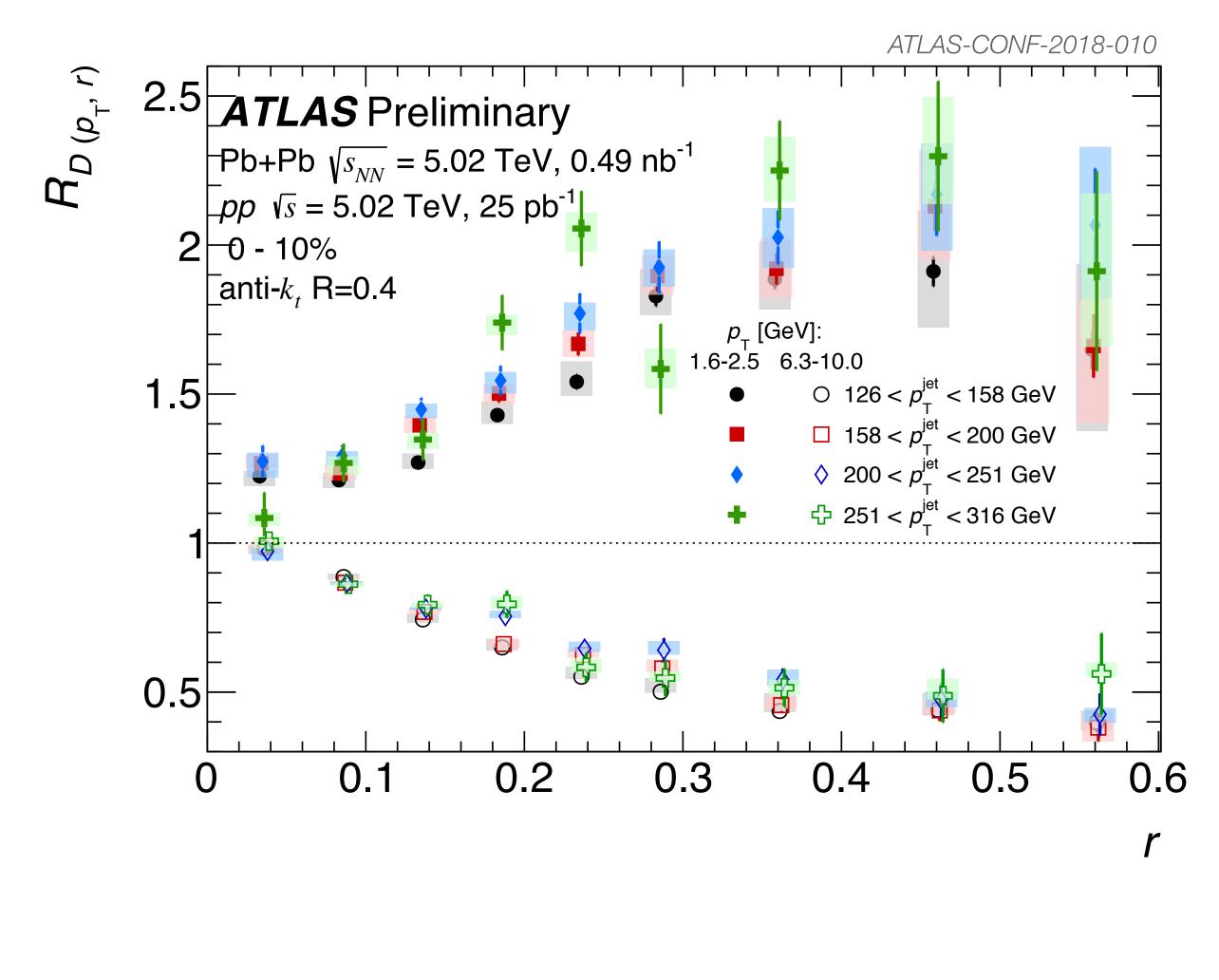
- Low p_T particles show enhancement of yields with increasing jet p_T
- Intermediate p_T particle yield is independent of jet p_T

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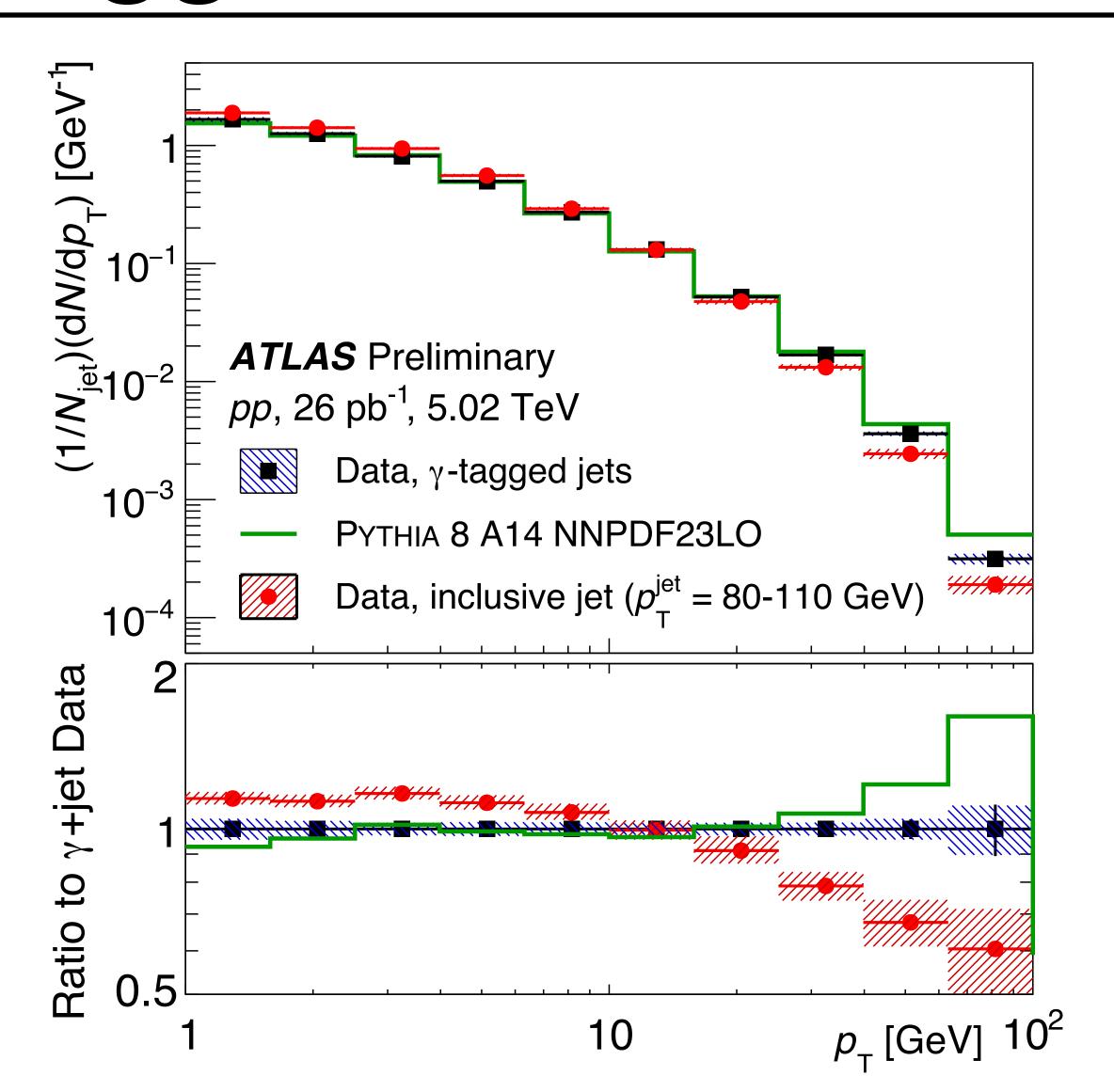
- Low p_T particles show enhancement of yields with increasing jet p_T
- Intermediate p_T particle yield is independent of jet p_T





Comparing photon tagged to inclusive

- Difference in shapes in the pp distributions between inclusive and photon tagged
 - Gamma tagged jets fragment harder



Harder fragmentation for q - jets in central collisions

R_{CP(Dz), D(pT)} for photon tagged vs inclusive jets

