

ADT AC-Dipole mode

Verification of kick strength and excitation speed

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Acknowledgements: D. Wollmann, M. Valette, D. Valuch

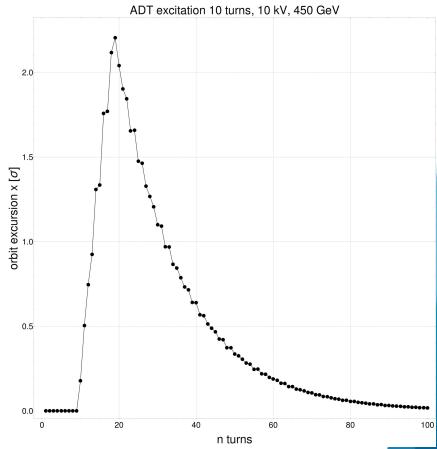


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Motivation

ADTs are strong transversally acting elements - new AC-Dipole mode allows coherent excitation

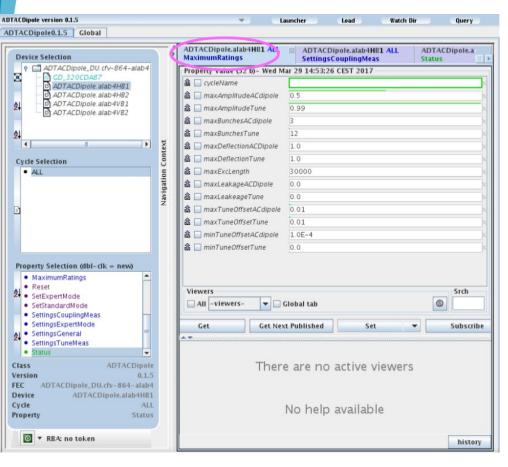
- To be used during standard operation with high intensity beam
 - Verification of kick + excitation speed for allowed settings
- Expected max kick ~2.5 μrad @ 450 GeV
 ~0.2 μrad @ 6500 GeV

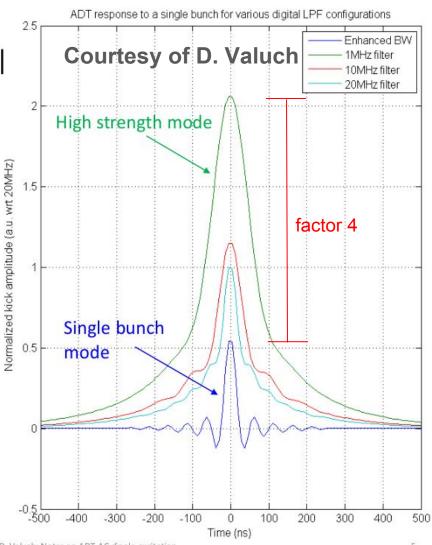




Parameters

- Main parameters:
 - Voltage, Excitation length, Bandwidth, Number of bunches







Goals

MD Goals:

- Verification of the limits for the ADT AC-Dipole settings (voltage/bandwidth, excitation windows, ...)
 - User parameters
 - Expert parameters
- Benchmarking of the MAD-X simulation model (by B.Lindstrom) and the kick estimator (by D.Valuch)

Required observables:

- BPMs (ADT Obs box) for bunch-by-bunch orbit excursion and tune
- BCTs for bunch-by-bunch intensity
- Bunch-by-bunch emittance, before and after each separate excitation
- ADT settings and actual voltage (from estimator)
- BLMs in IR7 (including diamond BLMs for turn-by-turn losses)

Masks:

- BPMS IP6
- SIS orbit interlock
- BLMs



Measurements Proposal

Only pilot bunches

Energy [GeV]	Bandwidth	Voltage [kV]	Excitation length (turns)	# of repetitions	Comments
450	Low	1	10	2	Re-excite used bunch after a minutes
	High	3	10	2	
			30	2	
	Low	3	10	2	
			30	2	
	Low	1	200	2	
	High	10.5	10	2	
	Low	10.5	10	2	
			Total bunches	16	
			Total	32	

Energy [GeV]	Bandwidth	Voltage [kV]	Excitation length (turns)	# of repetitions	Comments	F
6500	Low	2	10	2	Re-excite used bunch after a few minutes	_
	High	10.5	10	2		
			30	2		
	Low	10.5	10	2		
			30	2		
	Low	2	300	2		
			0.752			

measurements

Total bunches 12 Total measurements 24

Follow up tests:

- Excitation of nominal bunches
- In case two different pilots do not show coherent response to excitation, do more for statistics



Thank you for Listening!



Equilibrium between excitation and damping

Damping is still active during excitation, giving a max orbit excursion per set voltage

