

# Collider Time Evolution

Tom Mertens

June 7, 2017

- 1 Collider Time Evolution
  - Motivation
  - Highlights
  - Internals
- 2 Physics
  - Betatron motion
  - Synchrotron motion
  - Radiation damping
  - IBS
  - Collision
- 3 User interface - input
  - Command Line Interface
    - Input Files
- 4 Output
- 5 Example p-Pb
- 6 Documentation

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- update : not possible to simulate proton-lead
- update : difficult to add new physics routines
- update : only two bunches

- Allows for different particle species in each beam

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- More flexibility for adding new physics routines
- Output flexibility, easier plotting



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```
subroutine sptransChrom(np,x,px,y,py,pt,psix,psiy,coeffchromx,coeffchromy,tpdqmin,k2L,k2Lskew)
! full turn update for x, horizontal
implicit none
integer, intent(in) :: np
!f2py intent(in) :: np
double precision, intent(inout), dimension(np) :: x,px,y,py,pt
!f2py intent(in,out) :: x,px,y,py,pt
double precision, intent(in) :: psix,psiy,coeffchromx,coeffchromy,k2L,k2Lskew,tpdqmin
!f2py intent(in) :: psix,psiy,coeffchromx,coeffchromy,k2L,k2Lskew,tpdqmin
double precision :: xk,pxk,xk1,pxk1,yk,pyk,yk1,pyk1,psk1,ptk,a11,a12
integer :: k
```

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- PEP8 standard (at least tried)
- Roughly 3500 lines of FORTRAN and 3500 lines of Python

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- collimation
- **TODO: stochastic cooling**

Transverse starting distribution : bi-Gaussian ( $\sigma = \sqrt{\epsilon\beta}$ )

```
! rotate in y-py plane
ptk = pt(k)
psi1 = psiy + ptk * coeffchromy
a11 = cos(psi1)
a12 = sin(psi1)
yk = y(k)
pky = py(k)
yk1 = yk * a11 + pky * a12
pyk1 = pky * a11 - yk * a12
y(k) = yk1

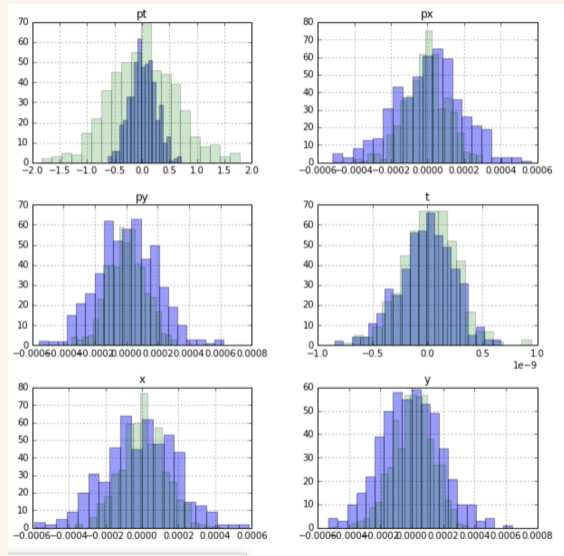
! rotate in x-px plane
psi1 = psix + ptk*coeffchromx
a11 = cos(psi1)
a12 = sin(psi1)
xk = x(k)
pkx = px(k)
xk1 = xk * a11 + pkx * a12
pxk1 = pkx * a11 - xk * a12
x(k) = xk1

! now have dqmin part - coupling between x and y
px(k) = pxk1 + tpdqmin * yk1
py(k) = pyk1 + tpdqmin * xk1

! thin sextupole kick
px(k) = px(k) + 0.5 * k2L * (xk1**2 - yk1**2) - k2Lskew * (xk1 * yk1)
py(k) = py(k) + k2L * (xk1 * yk1) + 0.5 * k2Lskew * (xk1**2 - yk1**2)
```

Longitudinal starting distribution:

- smoke ring distribution
- from file
- bi-Gaussian
- pseudo-Gaussian



Radiation integral calculations:

- smooth approximation using ring averages
- lattic : calculate for each element and sum over ring
- manual : lifetimes and equilibrium sizes are given manually

# Radiation damping code

```
@check_set_particle_atomicn(fn_log_file)
@check_set_particle_charge(fn_log_file)
@check_set_particle_gamma(fn_log_file)
@check_set_raddamp_method(fn_log_file)
@check_set_raddamp_switch(fn_log_file)
def init_radiation_damping(dict_sim, df_twiss_data, trev, part_charge_key, part_atom_key, part_gamma_key, part_mass_key,
                           betax_avg, betay_avg):
    """
    Returns radiation lifetimes and equilibrium sizes
    :param dict_sim: simulation settings dictionary
    :param df_twiss_data: twiss data
    :param trev: particle revolution time
    :param part_charge_key: particle charge dict key
    :param part_atom_key: particle atom number dict key
    :param part_gamma_key: particle gamma dict key
    :param part_mass_key: particle mass key
    :param betax_avg: ring average betax
    :param betay_avg: ring average bety
    :return: tradperp, tradlong, siglong, sigperp
    """
    rIoni = (float(dict_sim[part_charge_key]) ** 2 / float(dict_sim[part_atom_key])) * 1.54e-18
    # C_alpha*E^3/C in handbook formulas p 221 eq 11
    CalphaE3C = rIoni * float(dict_sim[part_gamma_key]) ** 3 / (3 * trev)

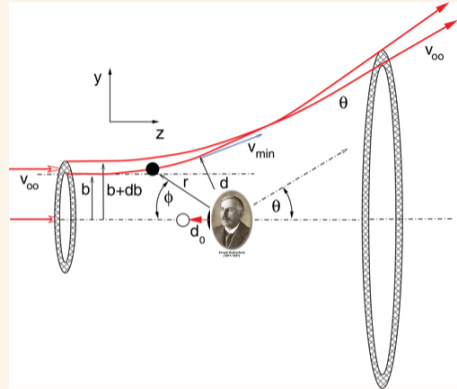
    if dict_sim['phys_raddamp_method'] == 'approx':
        I2, I3, I4x, I4y, I5x, I5y = get_raddamping_integrals_approx(dict_sim, betax_avg, betay_avg)
        tradperp, tradlong, siglong, sigperp = get_raddamping_lifetimes_equi_sizes_from_integrals(dict_sim, I2, I3, I4x,
                                                                                                  I4y, I5x, CalphaE3C,
                                                                                                  part_mass_key,
                                                                                                  part_gamma_key)

    elif dict_sim['phys_raddamp_method'] == 'lattice':
        I2, I3, I4x, I4y, I5x, I5y = get_raddamping_integrals_lattice(dict_sim, df_twiss_data)
        tradperp, tradlong, siglong, sigperp = get_raddamping_lifetimes_equi_sizes_from_integrals(dict_sim, I2, I3, I4x,
                                                                                                  I4y, I5x, CalphaE3C,
```

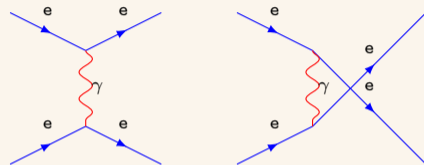
- CTE software has several IBS models (FORTRAN)



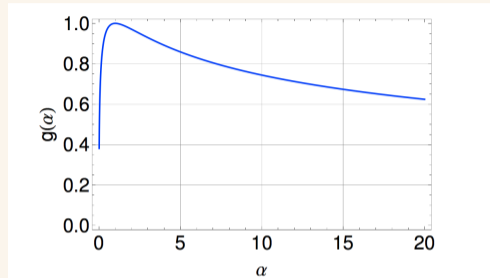
- CTE software has several IBS models (FORTRAN)
  - Piwinski (smooth, lattice, modified - using  $D'$ )



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  - Bjorken-Mtingwa - Tri-linear interpolation (MAD-X)



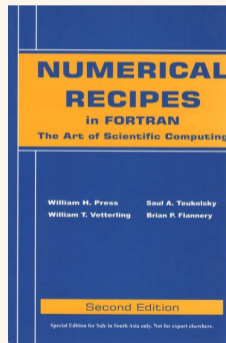
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  - Bane - high energy



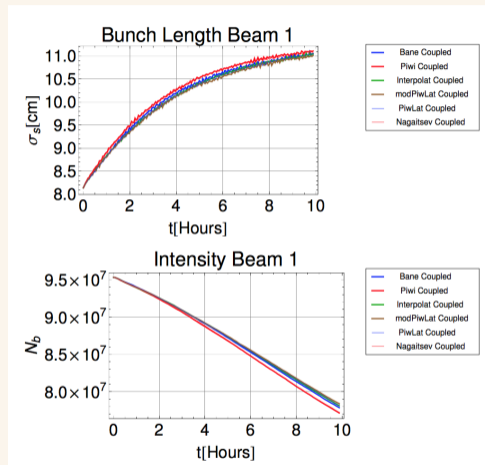
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  - Bane - high energy
  - Nagaitsev - Carlson's Elliptical Integrals

$$R_D(x, y, z) = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{\sqrt{(t+x)(t+y)(t+z)^3}} \quad (1)$$

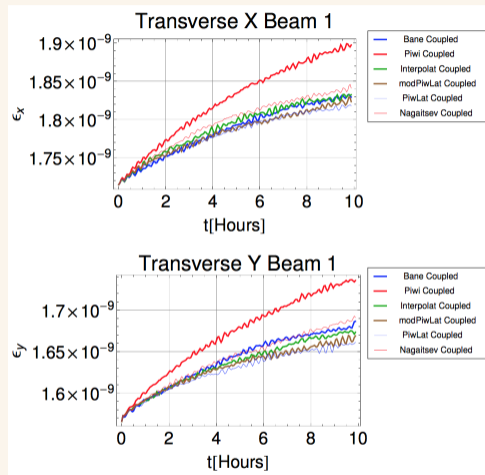
$$R_D(x, x, x) = x^{-\frac{3}{2}} \quad (2)$$



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  - Bjorken-Mtingwa - Tri-linear interpolation (MAD-X)
  - Bane - high energy
  - Nagaitsev - Carlson's Elliptical Integrals
- How do the IBS models compare?



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- How do the IBS models compare?





# Collisions

Two different routines available:

- assuming Gaussian distribution
- using binning and no Gaussian assumption (slow)

CTEPY contains a function to determine order of collisions and collision locations (here LHC version).

```
def genlumikeys(b1,b2):
    tdc = OrderedDict()
    lumip1keys = []
    lumip2keys = []
    lumip5keys = []
    lumip8keys = []
    lumip1 = OrderedDict()
    lumip2 = OrderedDict()
    lumip5 = OrderedDict()
    lumip8 = OrderedDict()

    for i in range(3564*2):
        res = [None]*4
        bb1 = [(b-i/2.)*3564 for b in b1]
        bb2 = [(b-i/2.)*3564 for b in b2]
        for j in range(len(b1)):
            for k in range(len(b2)):
                if (bb1[j]==0) and (bb2[k]==0):
                    res[0]=[j,k]
                if (bb1[j]==3564-445.5) and (bb2[k]==445.5):
                    res[1]=[j,k]
                if (bb1[j]==1782) and (bb2[k]==1782):
                    res[2]=[j,k]
                if (bb1[j]==447) and (bb2[k]==3117):
                    res[3]=[j,k]

        if res != [None]*4:
            tdc[i/2.] = res
            if res[0] is not None:
                lumip1keys.append('b1-'+str(b1[res[0][0]])+'-b2-'+
                    str(b2[res[0][1]]))
            if res[1] is not None:
                lumip2keys.append('b1-'+str(b1[res[1][0]])+'-b2-'+
                    str(b2[res[1][1]]))
            if res[2] is not None:
                lumip5keys.append('b1-'+str(b1[res[2][0]])+'-b2-'+
                    str(b2[res[2][1]]))
            if res[3] is not None:
                lumip8keys.append('b1-'+str(b1[res[3][0]])+'-b2-'+
                    str(b2[res[3][1]]))

    for k in lumip1keys:
        lumip1[k] = pd.DataFrame(columns= ['sim.turn', 't(hours)', '
            L(cm^-2_us^-1)', 'red_factor', 'betas'])
    for k in lumip2keys:
        lumip2[k] = pd.DataFrame(columns= ['sim.turn', 't(hours)', '
            L(cm^-2_us^-1)', 'red_factor', 'betas'])
    for k in lumip5keys:
        lumip5[k] = pd.DataFrame(columns= ['sim.turn', 't(hours)', '
            L(cm^-2_us^-1)', 'red_factor', 'betas'])
    for k in lumip8keys:
        lumip8[k] = pd.DataFrame(columns= ['sim.turn', 't(hours)', '
            L(cm^-2_us^-1)', 'red_factor', 'betas'])
    return tdc, lumip1, lumip2, lumip5, lumip8
```



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- Example:

```
python ctepy -f "settings.in" -b1 "bunchesb1.csv" -b2 "bunchesb2.csv" -s "12376" -t "./results/test_sim_"
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- Decorators perform checks on arguments



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- Python parser to read CLI arguments

- -f : file containing simulation settings
  - -b1 /-b2 : files containing the initial conditions for the bunches to be simulated
  - -s : random seed
  - -t : location and prefix for output files (possible update to write to database)
- Decorators perform checks on arguments
  - Several input files required

- Settings file

```
op_voltage_rf1_b2      0.0
op_nharm2_b1          35640
op_nharm1_b2           360
op_voltage_rf1_b1      0.0
sim_nturns             2000
op_nharm2_b2           35640
op_ip_settings_fn      ../../TestInputFiles/test_ip_settings.csv
op_voltage_rf2_b2      -14000000.0
part_a_atom_b2         1
op_tauhat1             1.25e-09
op_tauhat2             1.25e-09
sim_timeratio          20000
switch_raddamp         True
part_a_atom_b1         208
phys_raddamp_method    approx
```

- Settings file
- Bunches initial conditions

```
bucket  exn      eyn      npart    blen
1        1.5e-06  2.1e-06  11000000000.0  0.076
5        1.8e-06  2.3e-06  13000000000.0  0.085
```

- Settings file
- Bunches initial conditions
- IP settings

```
ip_id  ip_rf_loc  ip_beta ip_xing ip_level_switch ip_level_value
ip1    0          0.6    0.000145  False  1.8e-26
ip2    891       0.8    0.0001375  False  0.0
ip5    1782     0.6    0.000145  False  0.0
ip8    3117     1.5    0.000285  False  0.0
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- Intensity Evolution (per beam per bunch)

```
,sim.turn,t(hours),N1_macro,N1_real,NlostLum1,SumL1,NlostDebunch1,SumD1,NlostBet1,Sumb2,NlostMom1,SumM1
0,100.0,0.04940248245,990.0,148500000.0,10.0,10.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0
1,200.0,0.0988049648999,985.0,147750000.0,5.0,15.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0
2,300.0,0.14820744735,980.0,147000000.0,4.0,19.0,1.0,1.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0
3,400.0,0.1976099298,972.0,145800000.0,8.0,27.0,0.0,1.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0
4,500.0,0.24701241225,966.0,144900000.0,6.0,33.0,0.0,1.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0
```

- Emittance Evolution (per beam per bunch)
- IBS life times (per beam per bunch)
- Luminosity Evolution (per IP per colliding pair)

- Intensity Evolution (per beam per bunch)
- Emittance Evolution (per beam per bunch)

```
,sim.turn,t(hours),ex1(m),ey1(m),eli(eV/s/charge),sig1_T1,sig1_dP/P_2
0,0.0,0.0,5.5825769063e-10,5.39433790991e-10,0.469071511379,2.51828545989e-10,9.12058214449e-05
1,100.0,0.04940248245,5.6129215906e-10,5.40293321836e-10,0.487367635197,2.57958067577e-10,9.25115655377e-05
2,200.0,0.0988049648999,5.64613375881e-10,5.39773833543e-10,0.498639674164,2.68272894516e-10,9.10119657798e-05
3,300.0,0.14820744735,5.70276964844e-10,5.38991703571e-10,0.507743064796,2.65008880096e-10,9.38149460536e-05
4,400.0,0.1976099298,5.72806052518e-10,5.39316255512e-10,0.513817308456,2.58815455793e-10,9.72091133559e-05
5,500.0,0.24701241225,5.81267935014e-10,5.40179947552e-10,0.532681410349,2.71776785229e-10,9.59718007271e-05
```

- IBS life times (per beam per bunch)
- Luminosity Evolution (per IP per colliding pair)

- Intensity Evolution (per beam per bunch)
- Emittance Evolution (per beam per bunch)
- IBS life times (per beam per bunch)

```
,sim.turn,t(hours),Tp(hours),Tx(hours),Ty(hours)
0,100.0,0.0494024831861,1.99135178794,5.53714454666,-22935.2000234
0,200.0,0.0988049663722,1.99528245505,5.77796324126,-23871.4348998
0,300.0,0.148207453239,2.12068578922,5.84764345996,-23996.5108119
0,400.0,0.197609932744,2.27011494092,5.82620991508,-23824.4177956
0,500.0,0.24701241225,2.32592380837,6.2401060832,-25378.3411978
```

- Luminosity Evolution (per IP per colliding pair)



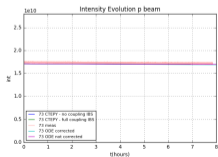
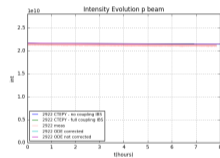
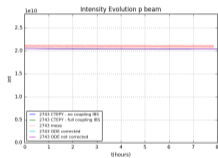
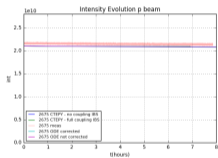
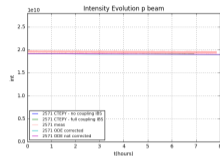
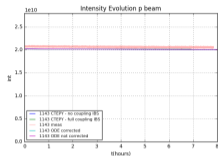
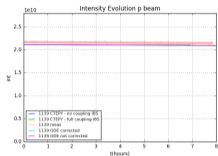
- Intensity Evolution (per beam per bunch)
- Emittance Evolution (per beam per bunch)
- IBS life times (per beam per bunch)
- Luminosity Evolution (per IP per colliding pair)

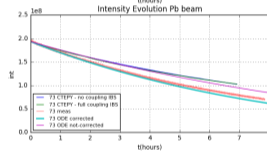
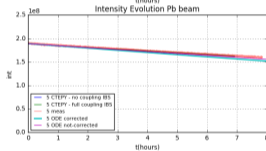
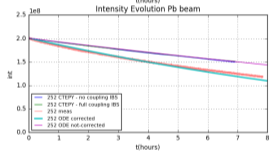
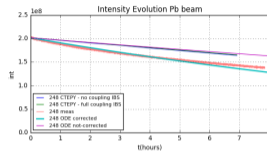
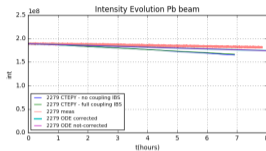
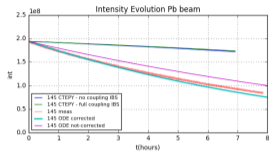
```
,sim.turn,t(hours),L(cm^-2 s^-1),red factor,betas
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1,100.0,0.04940248245,5.32563765713e+24,0.833414126217,0.8000003615
2,200.0,0.0988049648999,5.20354748571e+24,0.82727548401,0.8000003615
3,300.0,0.14820744735,5.07332067055e+24,0.820042334529,0.8000003615
4,400.0,0.1976099298,5.03359018282e+24,0.829682807118,0.8000003615
5,500.0,0.24701241225,4.91015007074e+24,0.825243108757,0.8000003615
```

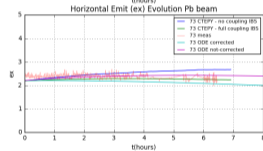
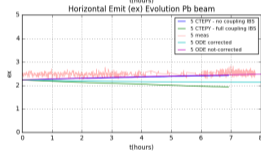
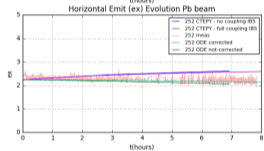
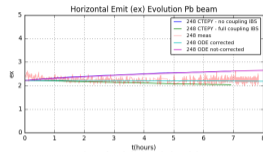
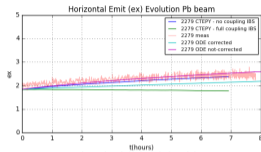
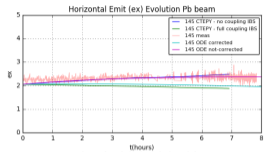
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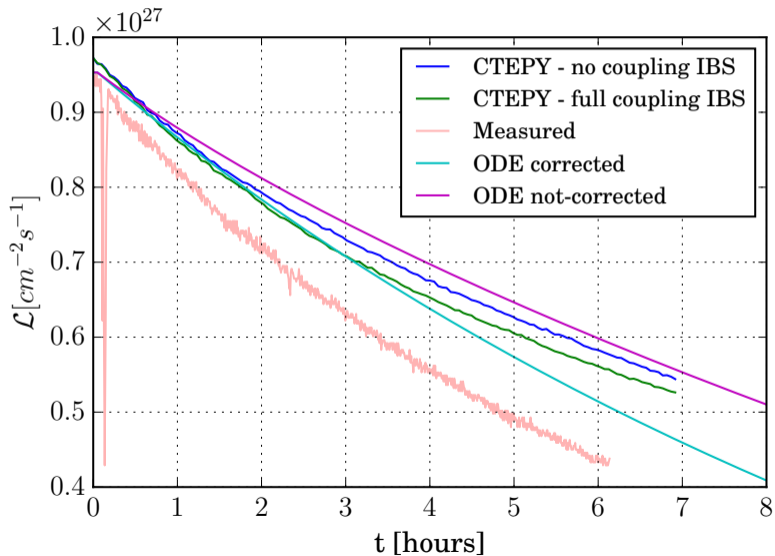
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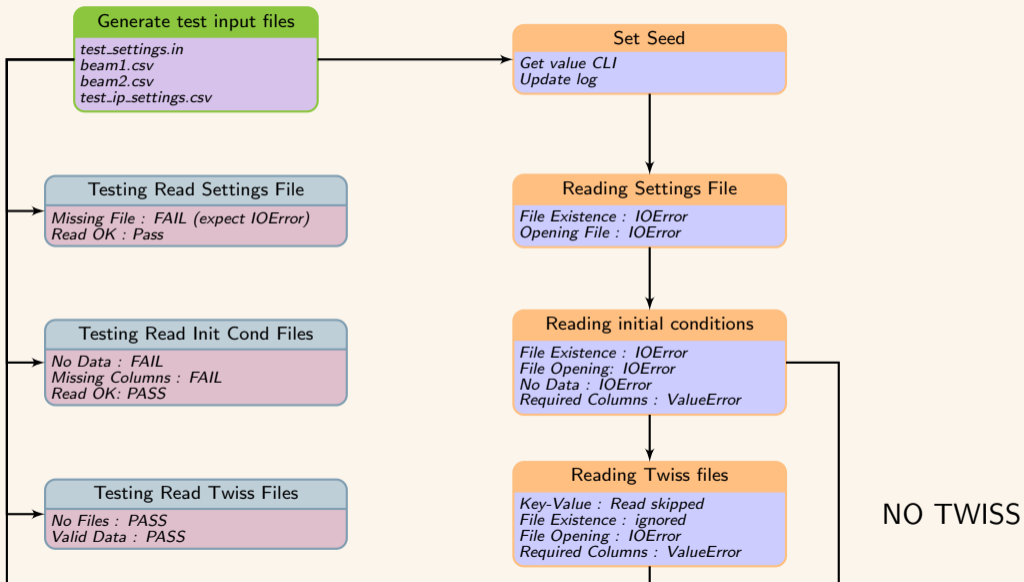


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# Flowchart example





Questions?

