



Collider and Dark Matter Physics Workshop  
Mitchell Institute for Fundamental Physics and Astronomy, Texas A&M University (TX)  
18<sup>th</sup> May 2017

*Probing compressed SUSY with low- $p_T$  leptons  
a.k.a. "SUSY around<sup>in</sup> the cornerS"*

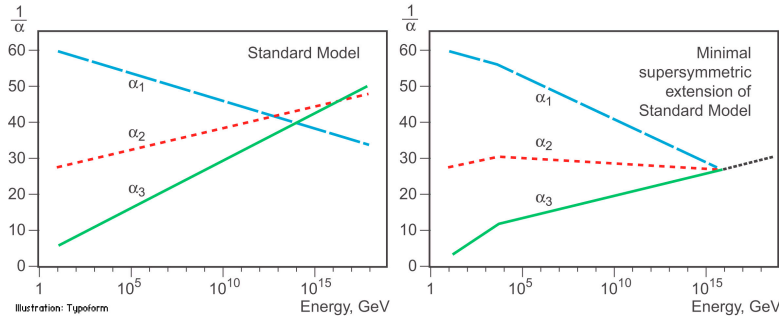
Roberto Castello (CERN)  
roberto.castello@cern.ch



[Ref. CMS-PAS-SUS-16-048]

# Why SUSY?

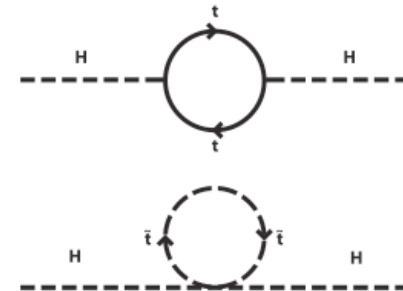
Many, many questions solved in one, natural, elegant theory



Unification of gauge couplings  
Presence of sparticles changes running of couplings

## Hierarchy problem

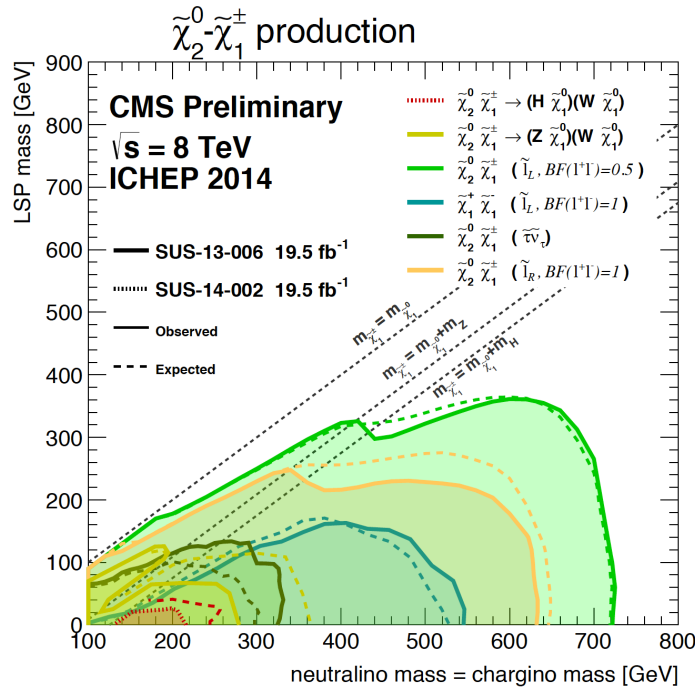
Low-mass top squarks cancel SM contributions to  $m(H)$   
(together with light higgsinos and gluinos)



## WIMP Dark matter

Lightest SUSY particle can be massive, stable, and weakly interacting

# The legacy of the past

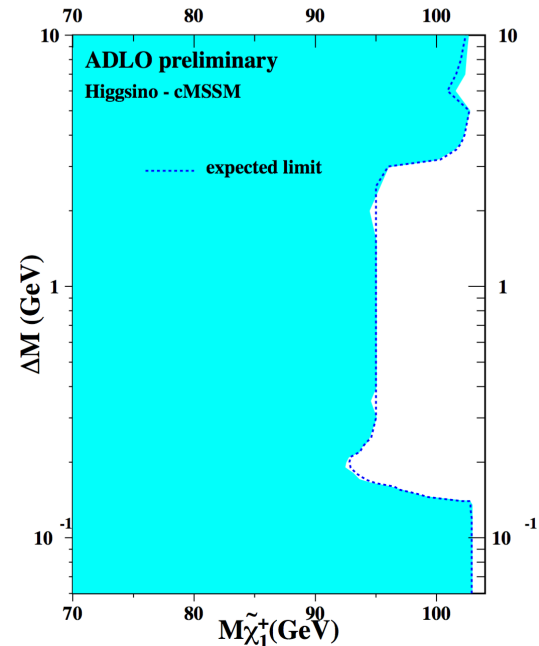


LHC8TeV: a broad range of searches

- ✧ Large number of signatures and final states
- ✧ No excesses, but limits

LEP: limits on Higgsino LSP

- ✧ Chargino masses excluded up to  $\sim 100 \text{ GeV}$
- ✧ How?
  - ✧ photon ISR and soft decay products down to  $\Delta m \sim 200 \text{ MeV}$
  - ✧ for smaller  $\Delta m$ : displaced tracks or HSCP



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- ✧ Little visible energy or long-lived decays
- ✧ Signal kinematics very similar to the major background
- ✧ Complex decays: suppressed MET (*stealth*) or compressed mass spectra

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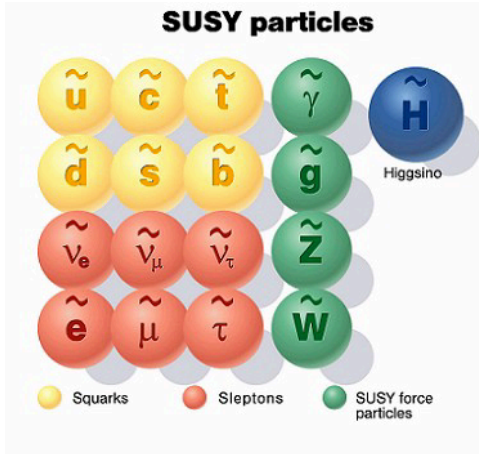
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*Solution: Work on improving experimental techniques. And keep calm.*

# #electroweakSUSY



**Mixing:** Superpartners (Winos, Bino, Higgsinos) mix to form mass eigenstates (EWKinOs)

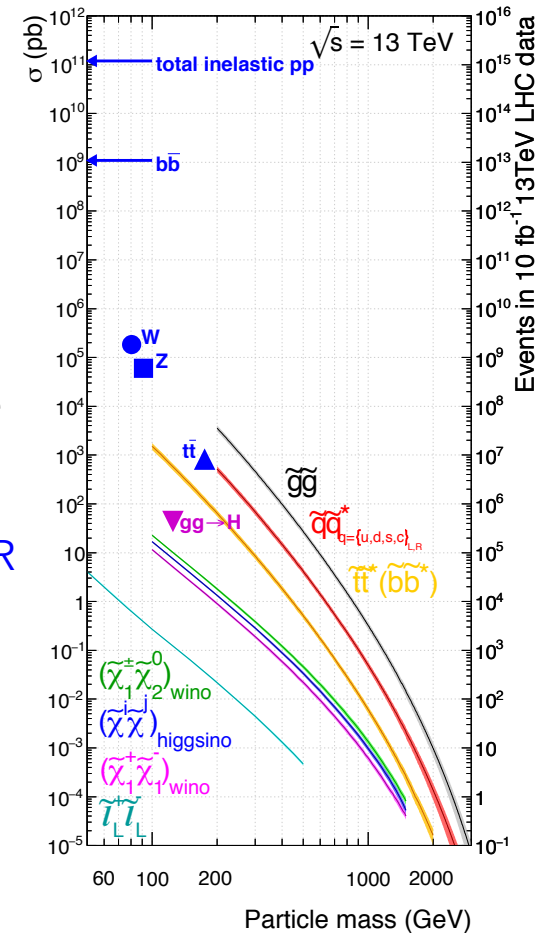
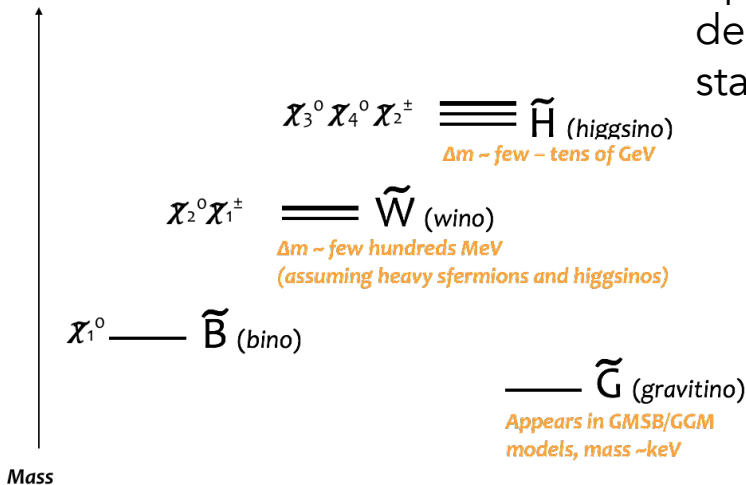
Neutralinos:  $\chi_1^0 \chi_2^0 \chi_3^0 \chi_4^0$

Charginos:  $\chi_1^\pm \chi_2^\pm$

**Production:** low cross-section (quark induced) + W/Z/H in the decay chain, hadronic final states too much SM like

→ exploit leptonic BR

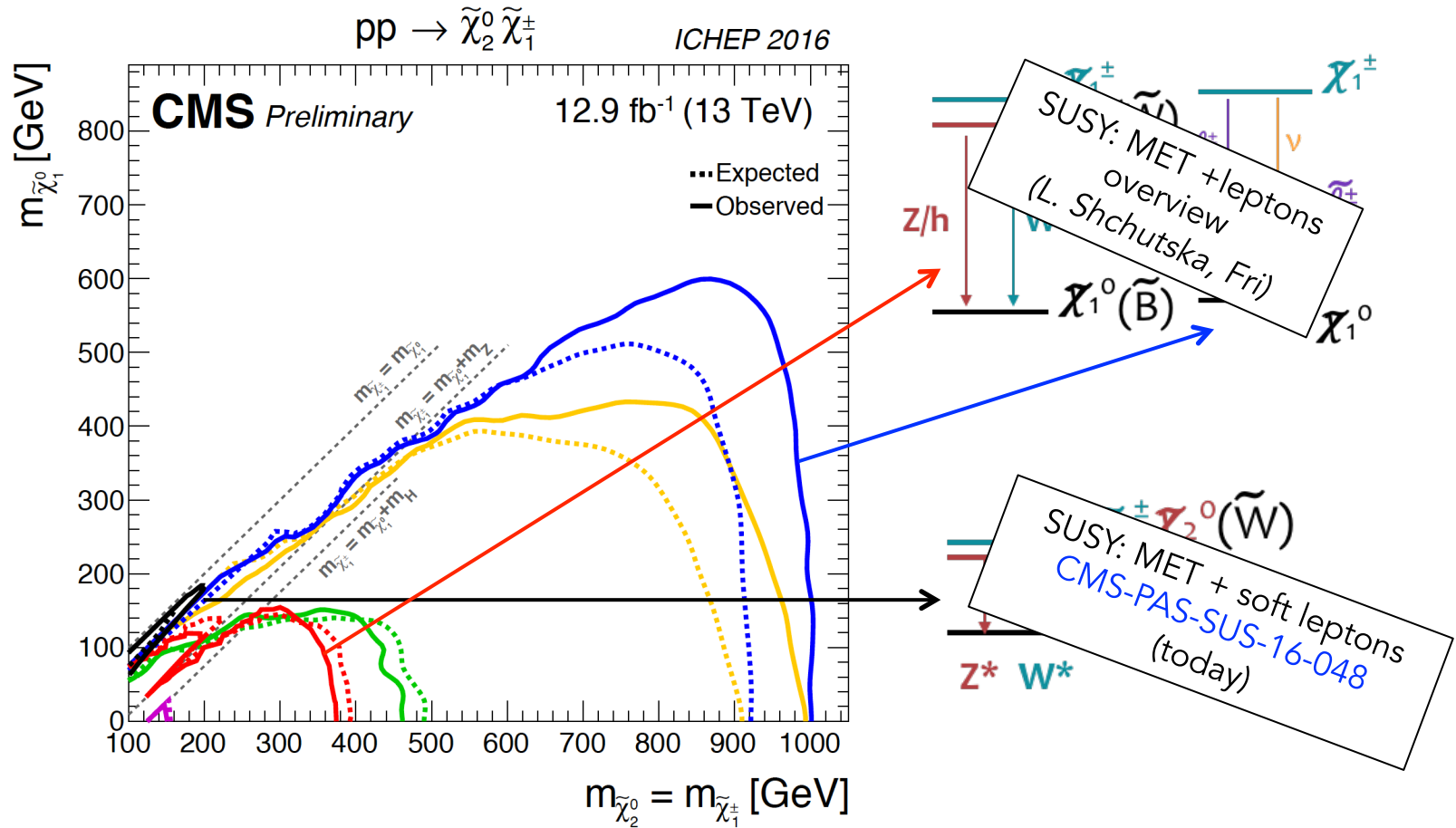
**Spectrum:** In principle, any hierarchy allowed, interesting when Higgsino is the lightest





# #electroweakSUSY

CMS has a full program: covering large fraction of phase space



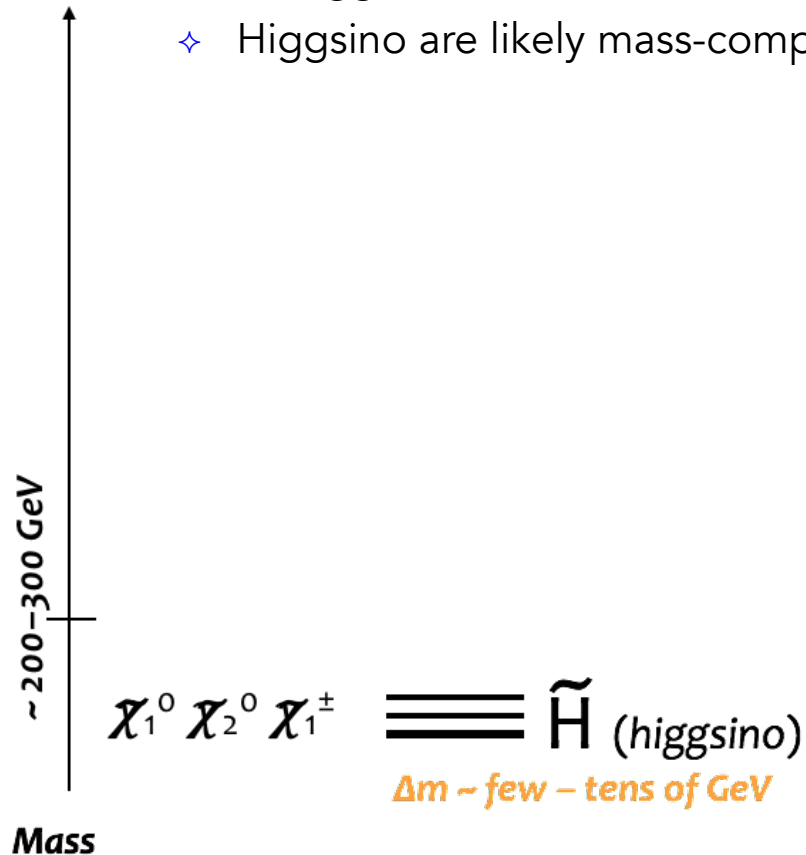
# Why #compressedSUSY ?

## #compressedSUSY and #Naturalness

- ✧  $m(\text{Higgsino}) < 200\text{-}300 \text{ GeV}$  (&&  $m(\text{gluino}) < 2 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $m(\text{stop}) < 1 \text{ TeV}$ )
- ✧ Higgsino are likely mass-compressed

[ <https://arxiv.org/abs/1401.1235> ]

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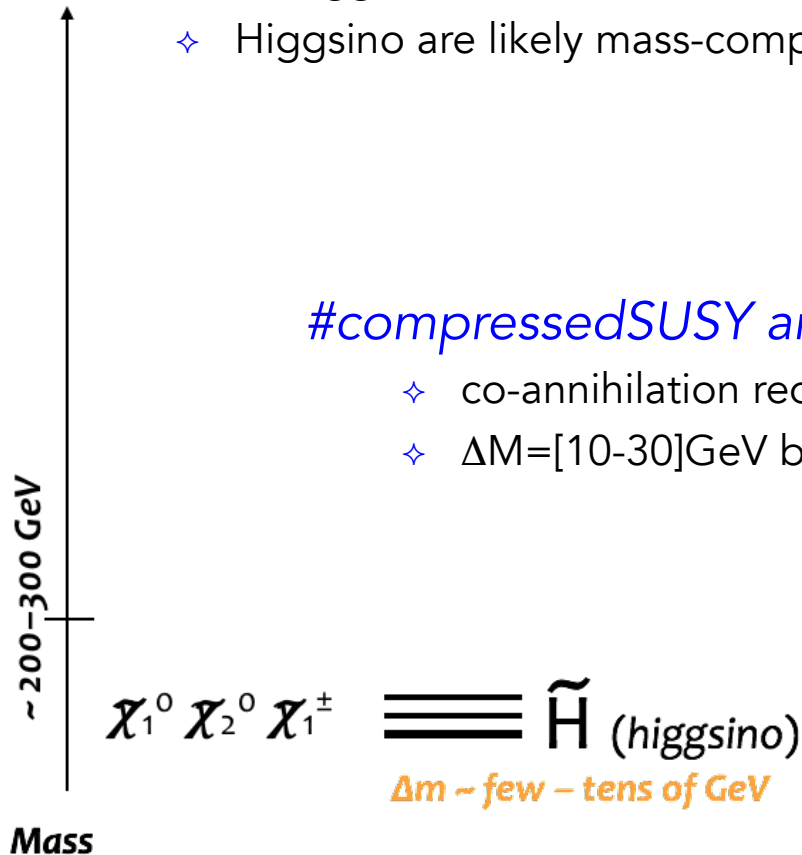
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## #compressedSUSY and #DarkMatter

- ✧ co-annihilation reduces DM and get right relic density
- ✧  $\Delta M = [10\text{-}30] \text{ GeV}$  between co-annihilation partners

[ [Phys. Rev. D 70, 015007](#) ]



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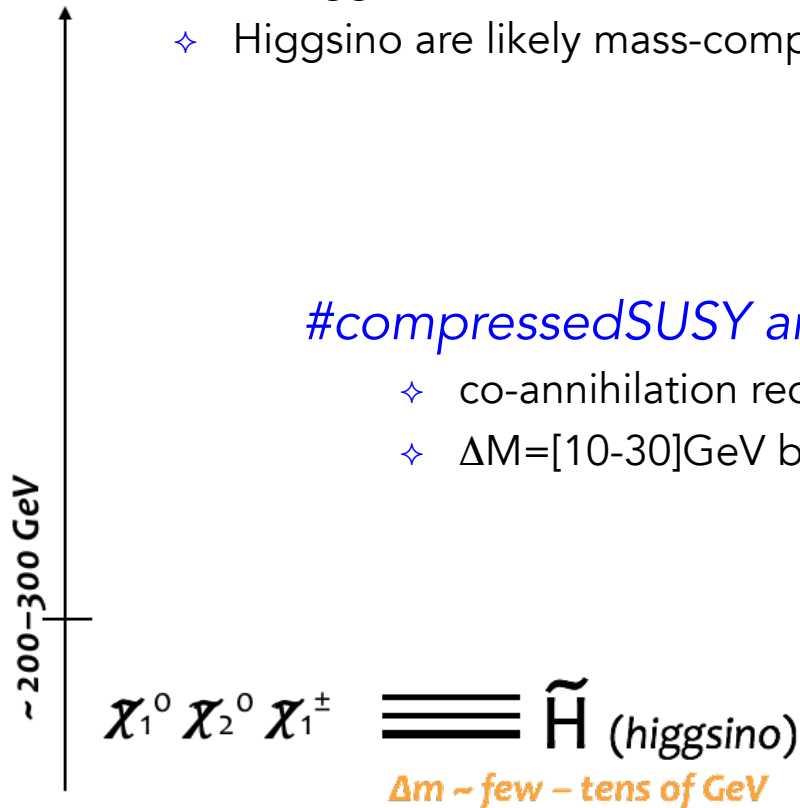
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## #compressedSUSY and #Stop

- ✧ Low  $\Delta M$  between (light) stop and LSP motivated in literature

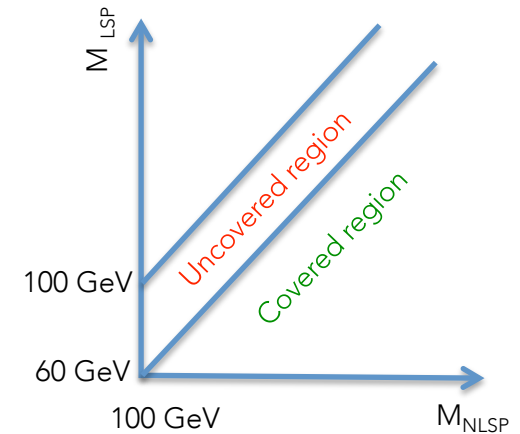
[ <https://arxiv.org/abs/1212.6847> ]



# Compressed for experimentalists

Compressed can be used for  $\Delta M(\text{NLSP}, \text{LSP}) < 40 \text{ GeV}$

- ✧ LSP carries out most of *invisible* energy
- ✧ Small energy fraction left to *visible* decay products
  - ✧ off-shell leptonic W and Z for EWK SUSY sector

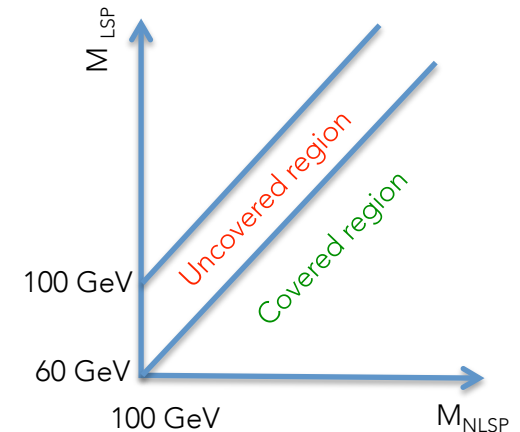




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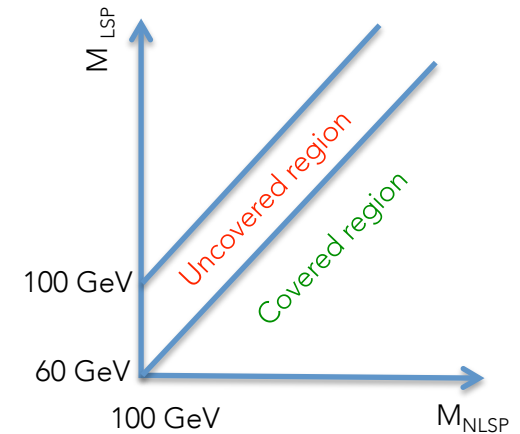


*LSP at rest + very soft particles = nothing in the detector*

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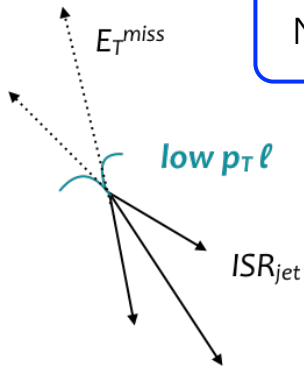
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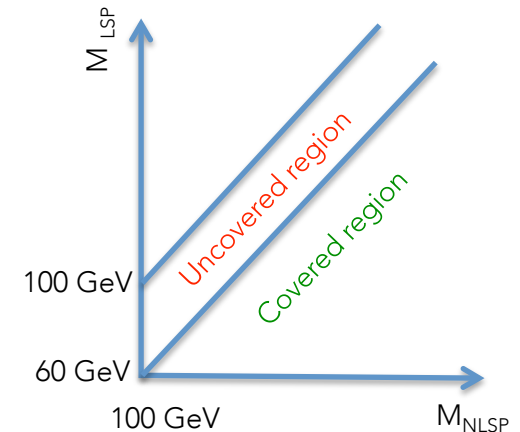
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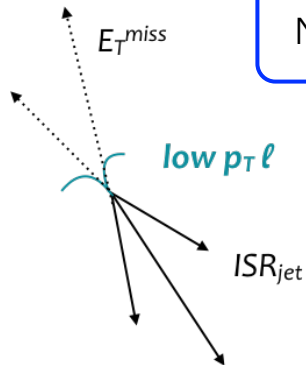
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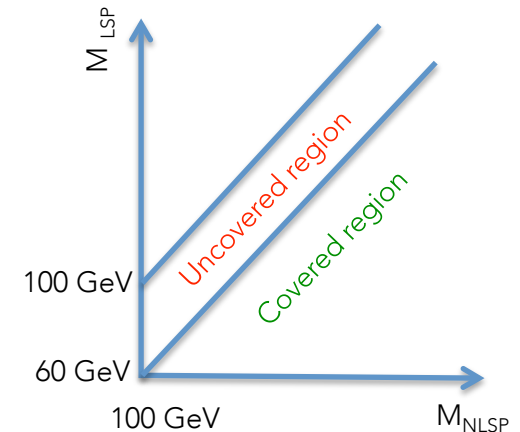
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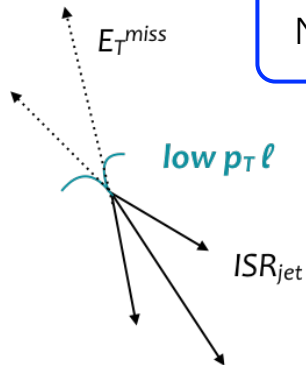
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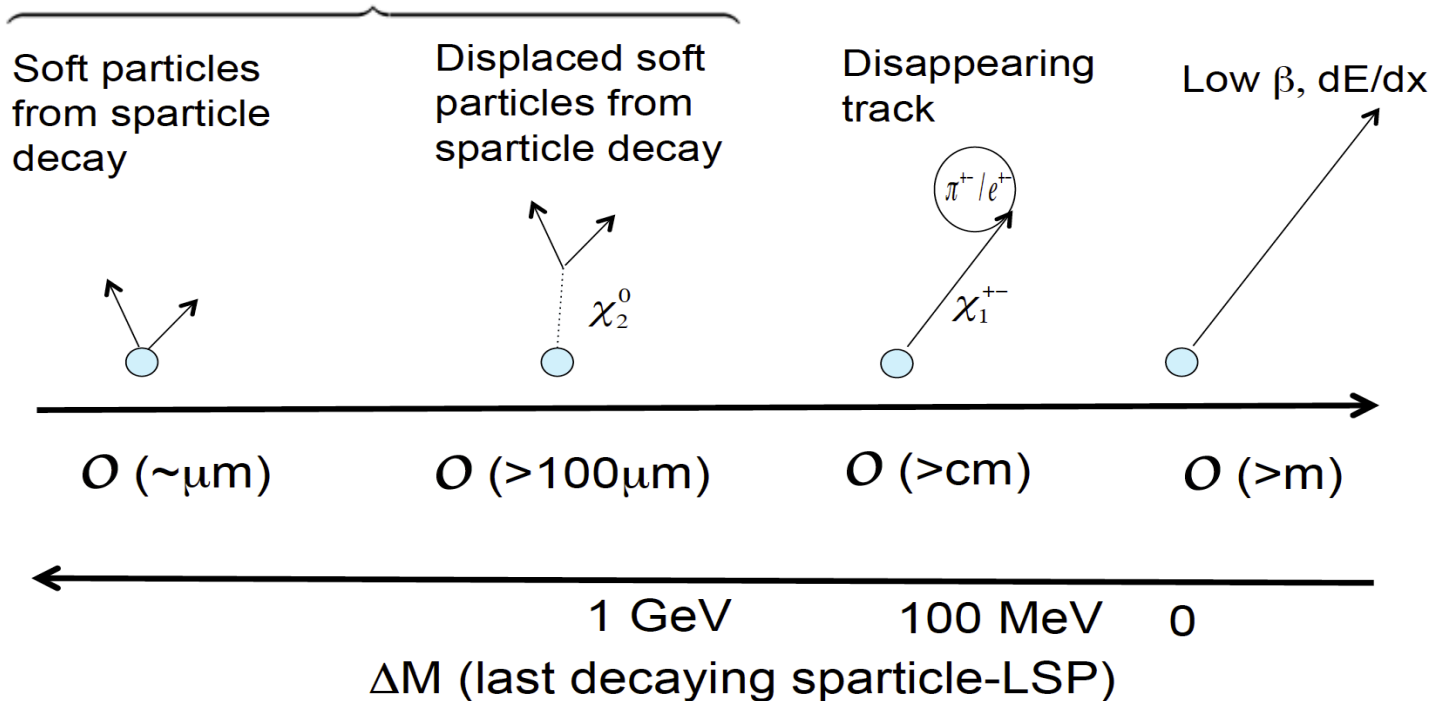
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...pays back:  $O(100\text{k})$  less bkg than pure monojet search! (for same MET)

# Signatures vs strategy

Triggering on ISR or MET (monojet like topology)

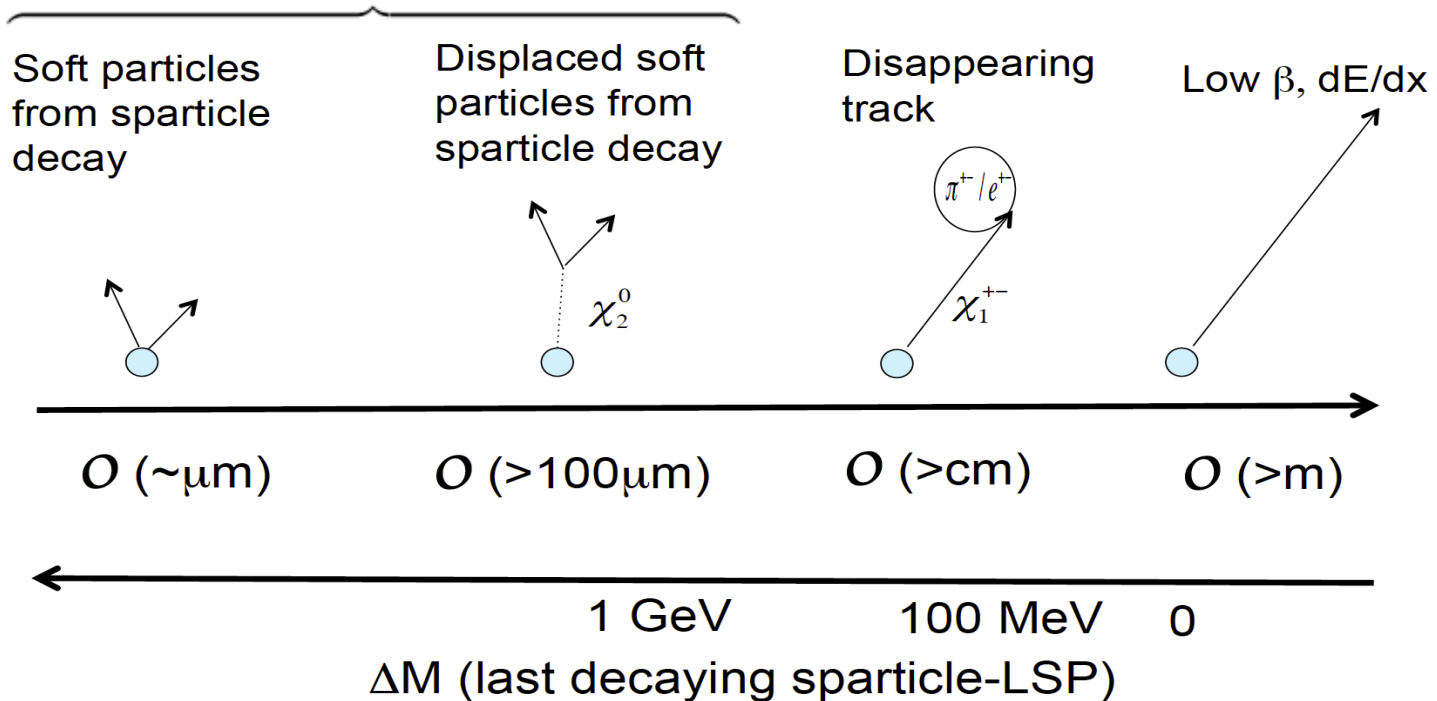


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- ✦ Pure MET trigger thresholds raised  $\rightarrow$  loss in sensitivity w/ monojet

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New technique in CMS during Run2 : Triggering on soft leptons+ MET

# The key: triggering

- ✧ **Leptonic triggers:** analyses require  $p_T > 20/25$  GeV
  - ✧ No constraint on MET, can probe **down to  $\Delta M(l\bar{l}) > 30-40$  GeV**
- ✧ **MET/ISR triggers:** hadronic analyses for non-compressed require **MET > 200 GeV**

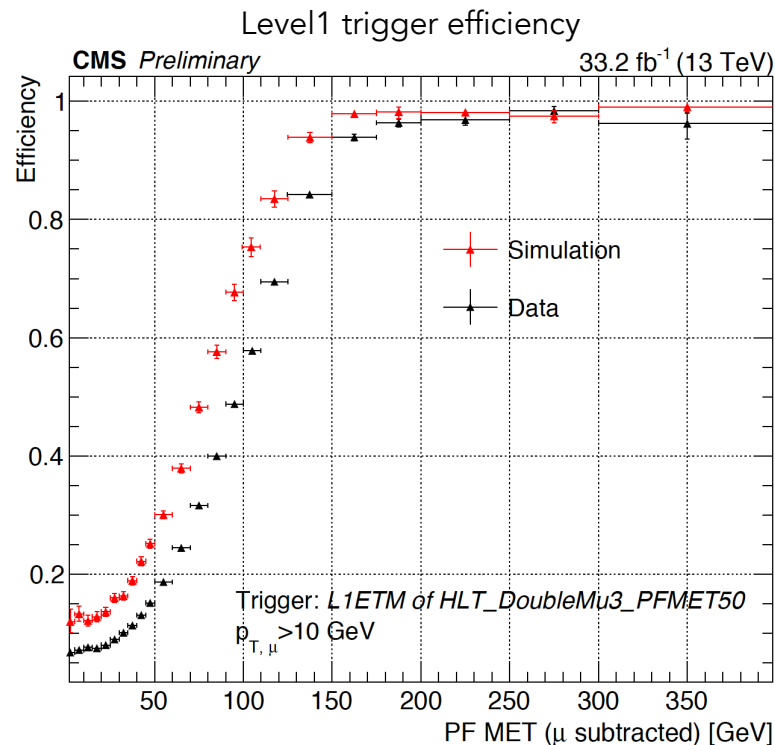
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## What's new in Run2

Trigger combining low  $p_T$  muons (**3 GeV**) and low MET (**50 GeV**) already at Level1

- ✧ Increasing the acceptance:
  - ✧ **2 OS  $\mu$   $p_T > 5$  GeV**
  - ✧ **MET > 125 GeV**
- ✧ 80% trigger efficiency
- ✧ MET 200  $\rightarrow$  125 GeV:
  - ✧ **Almost a factor 2 more in sensitivity!**





# Designing the analysis

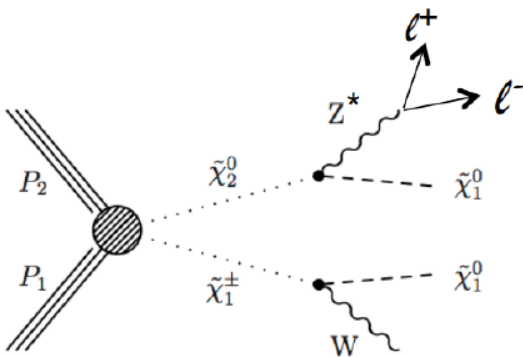
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Non prompt leptons

QCD and Quarkonia

DY  $\rightarrow$  tautau

Dileptonic TTbar



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*Two SF OS leptons* ( $\mu$  or  $e$ ) w/  $p_T = [5-30]$  GeV

✧ Tight ID and lepton IP to reject non-prompt  $\ell$

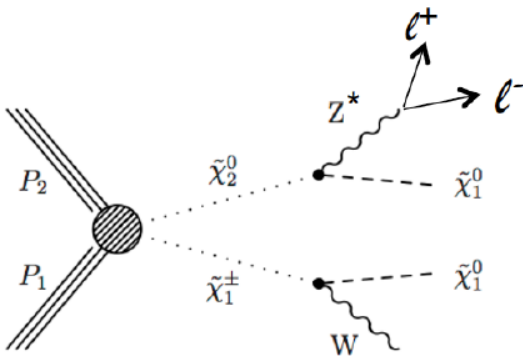
✧ Typical ID efficiency for  $\mu(e)$  80-90% (50-60%)

*ISR jet* and *MET*  $> 125$  GeV, *Y veto*

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*B-jet veto*: reduce TTbar dileptonic

*MTmin( $\ell, MET$ )*  $< 70$  GeV: for signal MET aligned



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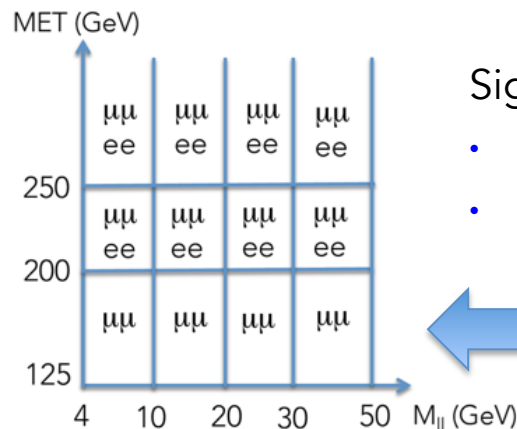
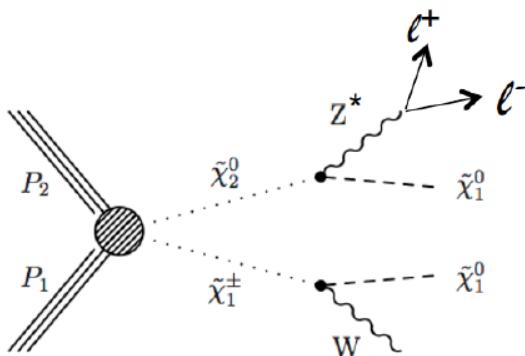
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Signal region (SR) binned in:

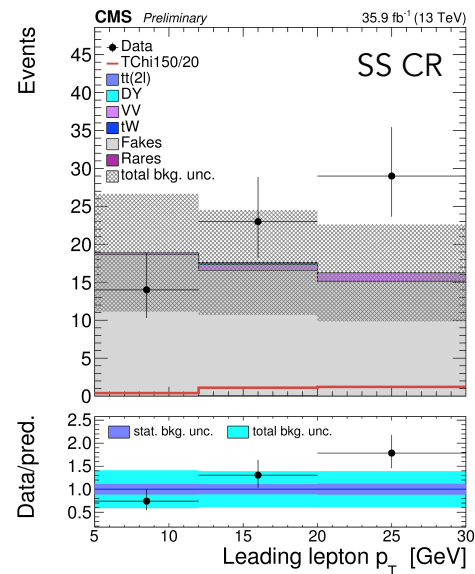
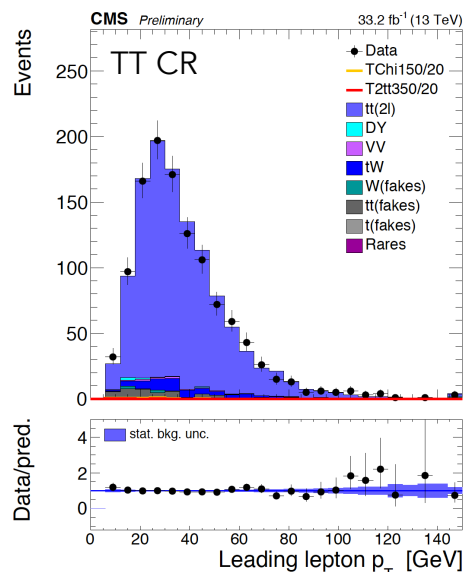
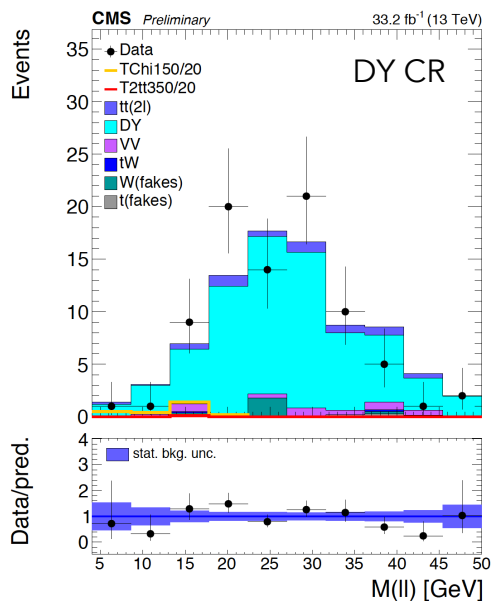
- $m(\ell\ell)$  (signal edge)
- *MET* (125-200-250- $\infty$ )

← New trigger

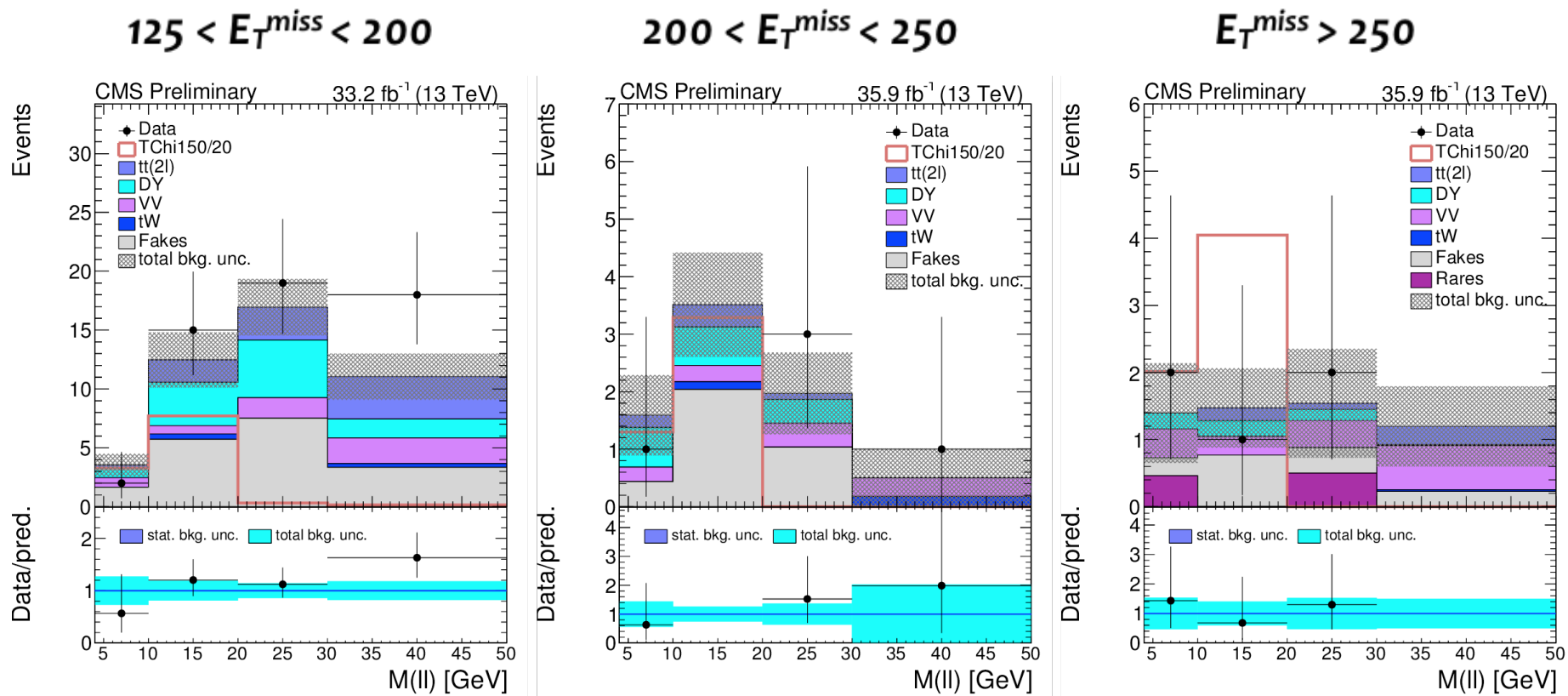
# Backgrounds

Define bkg-dominated control regions (CR) similar in phase space to SRs

- ✧ Shapes validation in data
  - ✧ CR fitted simultaneously to the SRs bins, to constrain normalization
  - ✧ **DY** CR: inverted  $m(\tau\tau)$  cut, relax  $\ell$  IP and upper  $\ell$   $p_T$  cuts
  - ✧ **TTbar** CR:  $\geq 1$  b-jet, relax upper  $\ell$   $p_T$  cuts
  - ✧ **VV (mainly WW)**: from simulation, normalization validated in dedicated CR
  - ✧ **Non prompt**: probability for non prompt  $\ell$  to pass ID measured in data
- + bkg-dominated same-sign (SS) CR



# Opening the box



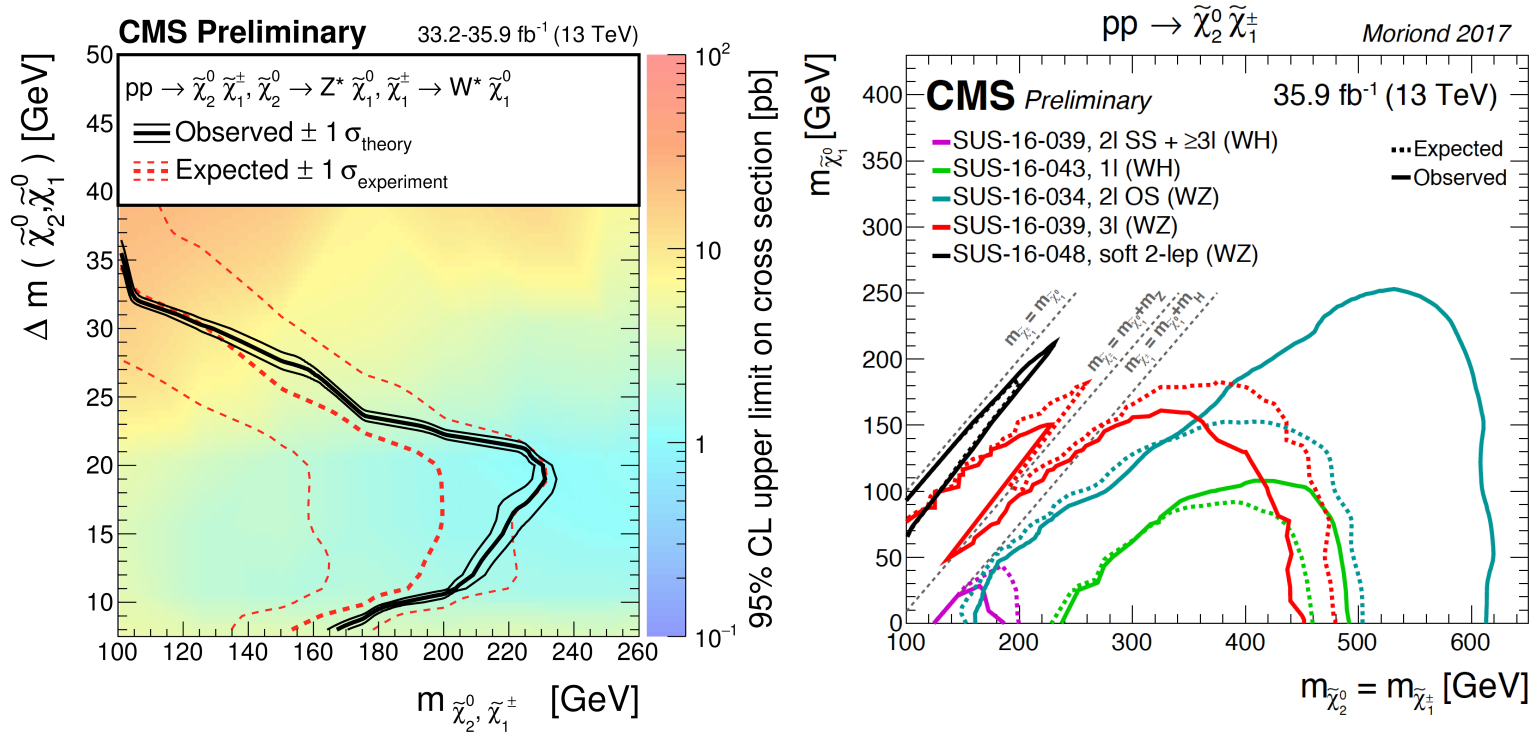
“No significant excess” [cit.]

# Interpretation

Results interpreted using NLO+NLL Wino pure cross-section  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \equiv \tilde{W}$  (wino)  
 [Eur. Ph. J. C 73 (2013) 2480, JHEP 10 (2012) 081]  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \equiv \tilde{B}$  (bino)

First coverage at LHC of region  $7.5 \text{ GeV} < \Delta m(\text{NLSP}, \text{LSP}) < 30 \text{ GeV}$

Exclusion up to 175 GeV for  $\Delta m = 7.5$ , 230 GeV for  $\Delta m = 20 \text{ GeV}$



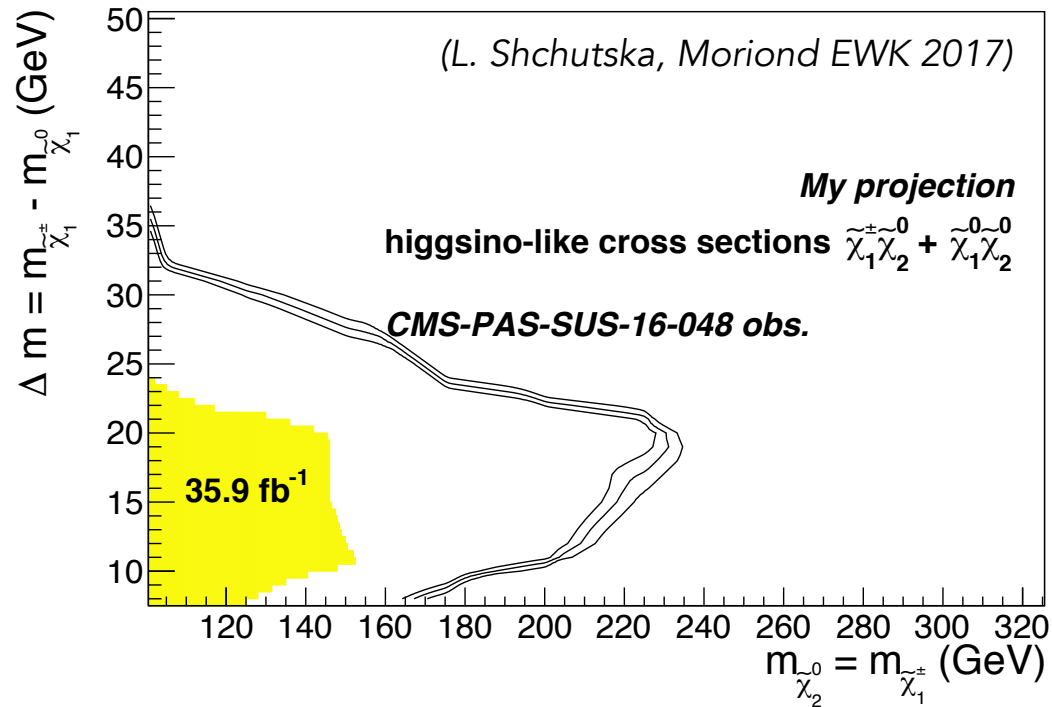
Nice complementarity with other SUSY EWK analyses

# What if Higgsinos are DM?

Assuming instead of Wino the Higgsino x-sec for mode  $\chi_2^0\chi_1^0 + \chi_2^0\chi_1^\pm$

Only projections so far, but results will be out soon

Exclusion up to  $\sim 120$  GeV for  $\Delta m = 7.5$ ,  $\sim 150$  GeV for  $\Delta m = 20$  GeV



Will extend the limits for the first time after LEP!

# Summary and thoughts

- ✧ LHC Run2 explores new territories in the *SUSY EWKino sector*
  - ✧ Low cross sections, *leptonic final state* powerful tool
- ✧ *Exclusion possible* for a large phase space and corners thanks to:
  - ✧ New ideas and improvement of exp. techniques (trigger, lepton ID,..)
- ✧ *Low  $p_T$  leptons* have been used to probe corners *for the first time at LHC*:
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- ✧ Adding more luminosity: no drastic improvements
- ✧ Should work on *refining techniques and strategies*
  - ✧ Adding a third soft lepton (e.g. we have a soft trilepton trigger, let's do it)
- ✧ Access even *more compressed regions* ( $\Delta M < 4\text{GeV}$ )
  - ✧ Displaced soft leptons, long lived disappearing tracks, etc..
    - ✧ Develop *triggers* with topological cuts
    - ✧ Synergy with analysis looking for generic *exotic* models w/ same topologies
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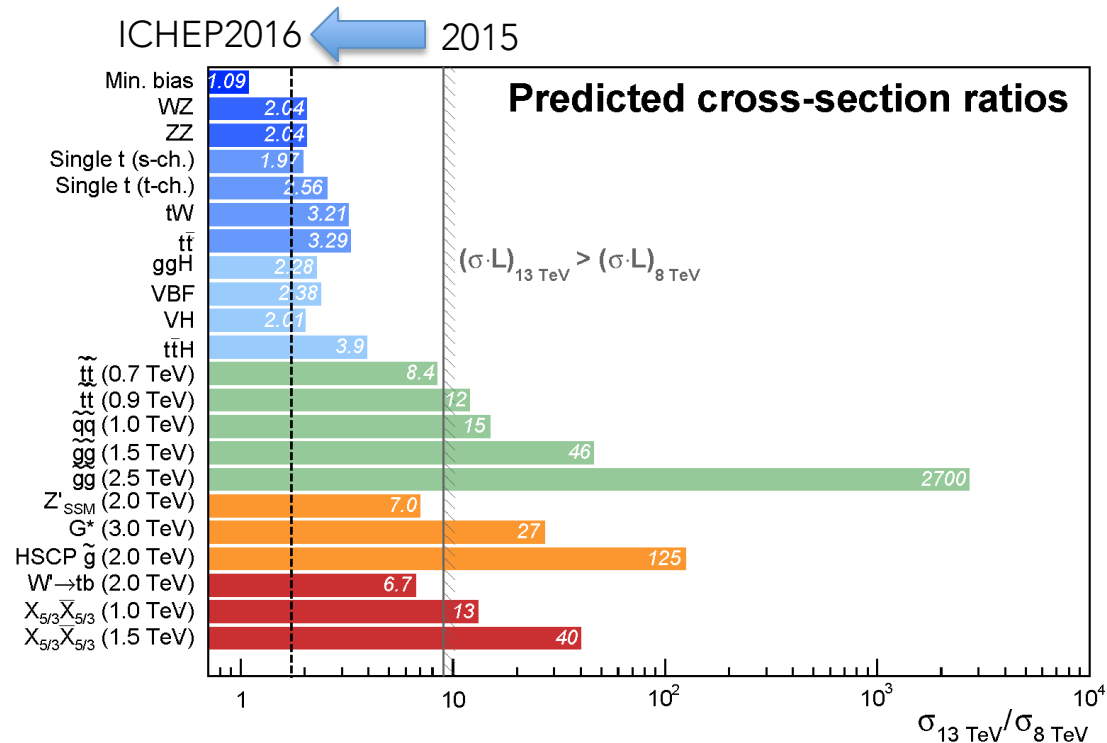
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Thank you.

# Extra slides

# LHC: a tool for going beyond

- ✦ LHC8, CMS collected  $\sim 20/\text{fb}$ , Higgs boson discovery and its precise measurement
- ✦ LHC13 era started in 2015,  $\sim 36/\text{fb}$  collected for Moriond17 ( $2.3/\text{fb}$  in 2015) by CMS

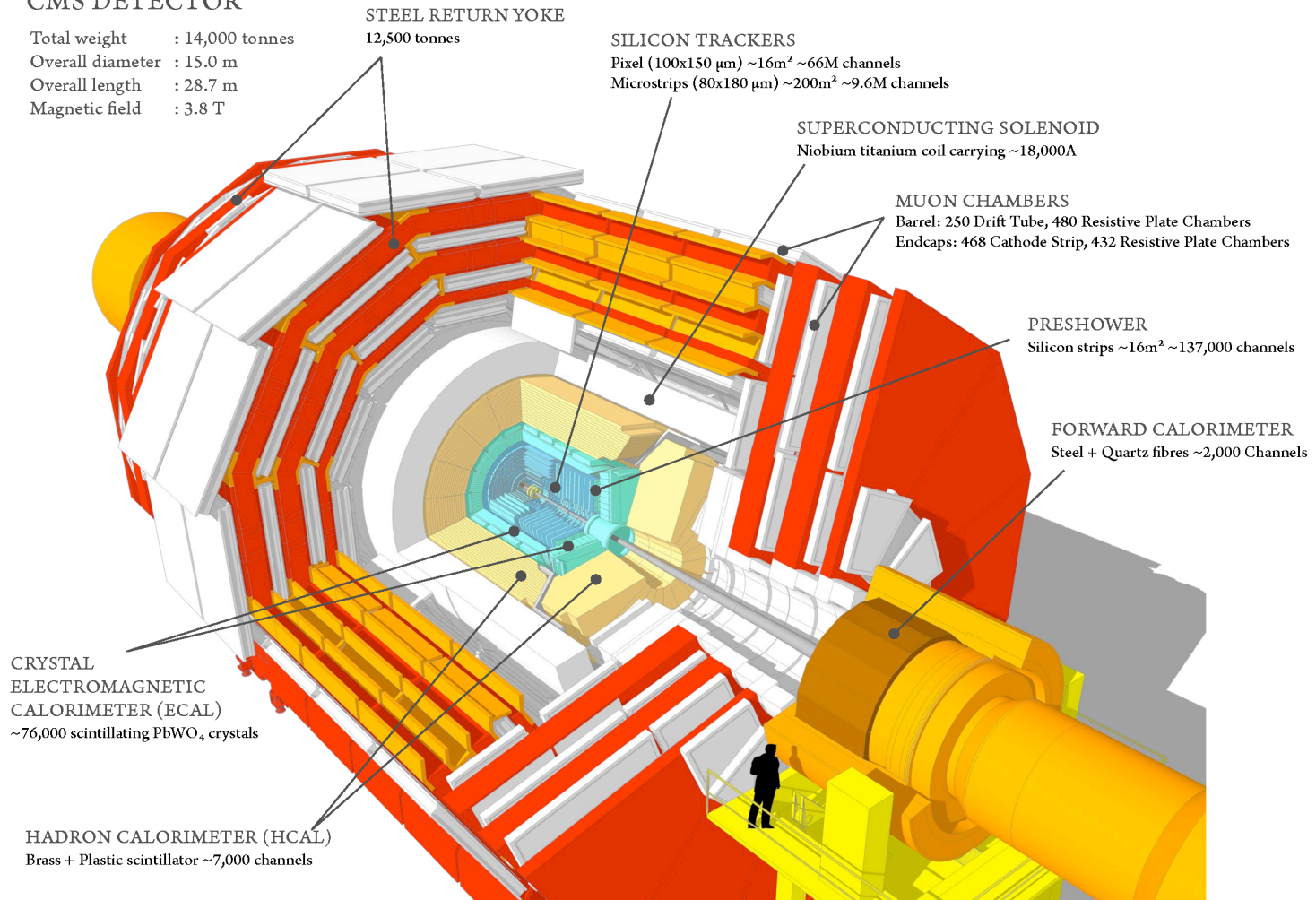


- ✦ Cross-section of many BSM benchmarks would significantly increase @LHC13
- ✦ E.g. gluino is what would be most abundantly produced (if exists)
- ✦ Sharp probes are need to scan all the challenging final states hiding NP

# The CMS detector at LHC

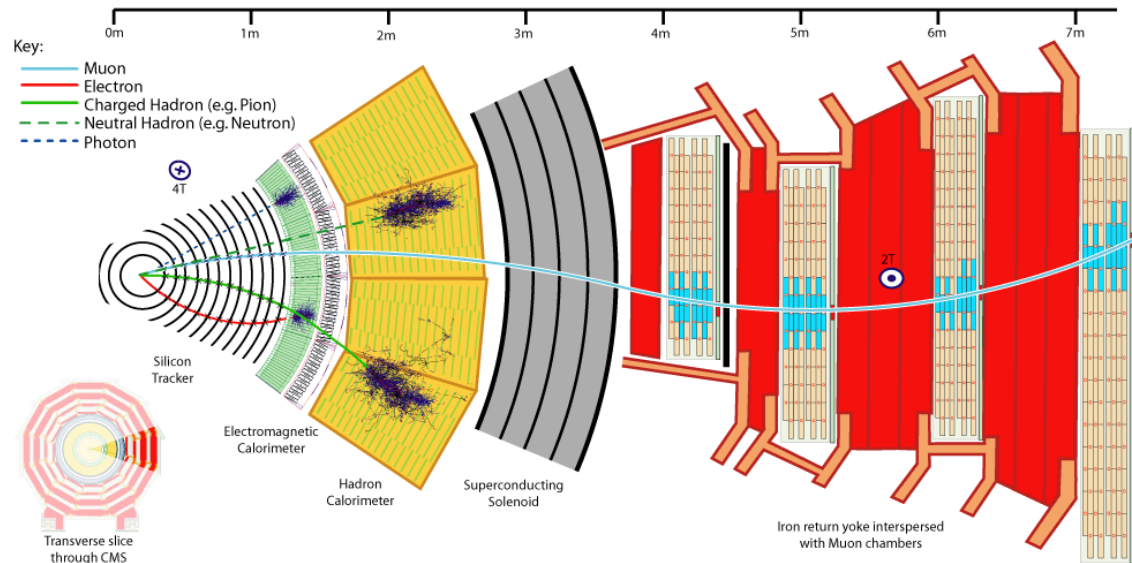
## CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes  
Overall diameter : 15.0 m  
Overall length : 28.7 m  
Magnetic field : 3.8 T



# The CMS detector

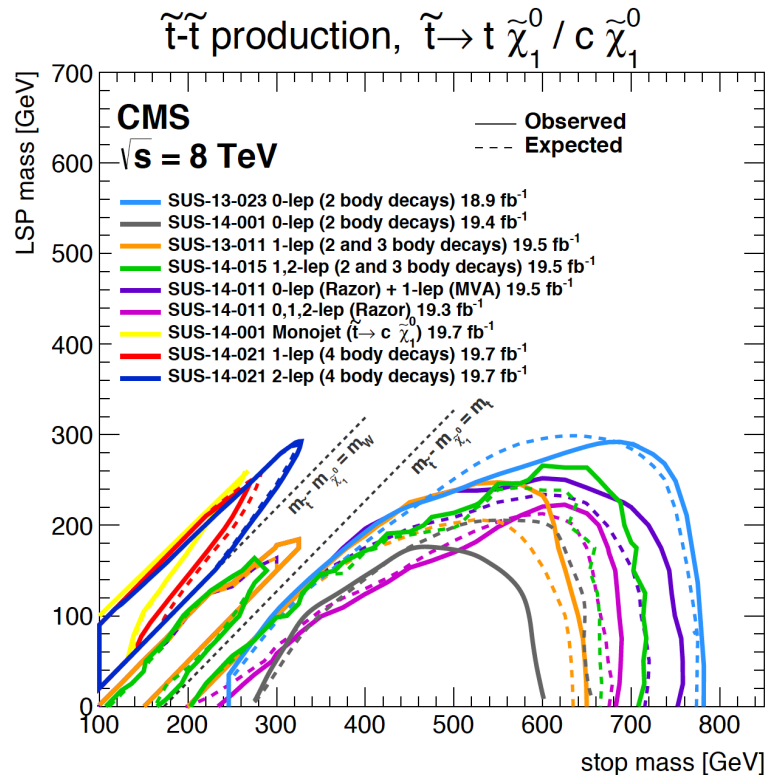
- ✧ From particle reconstruction: muons, electrons, hadrons (charged and neutral), photons



- ✧ ... to physics objects: muons, electrons, jets, photons
- ✧ Excellent detector performance:
  - ✧ Track-finding efficiency is more than 99%
  - ✧ Transverse momentum resolution:  $\sigma(p_T)/p_T = 1.5 - 3\%$  for tracks of  $p_T \sim 100$  GeV
  - ✧ Energy resolution for electrons and photons:  $\sigma(E)/E \sim 1\%$

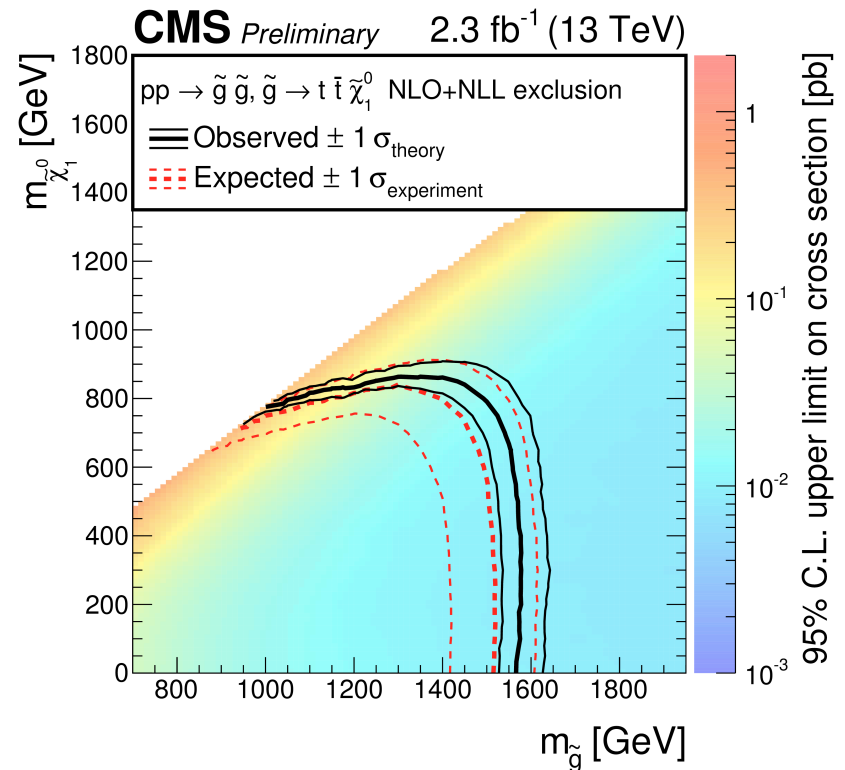
# How to read all this?

- Showing the potential of the different final states in constraining a model



Bulk is proven by the hadronic, corners (compressed) mostly by leptonic final states

- Model independent limits on the cross section for a specific final state (+ specific benchmark contour)



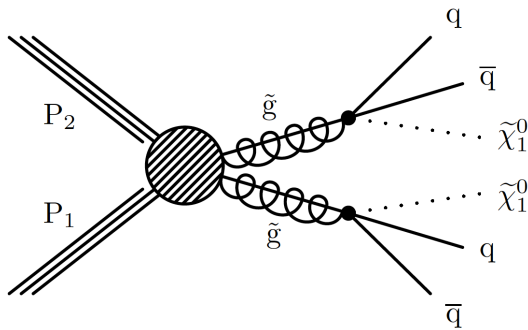
Can be reinterpreted in any other model with the same final state (modulo signal efficiency)



# Hit parade of SUSY models (as of today)

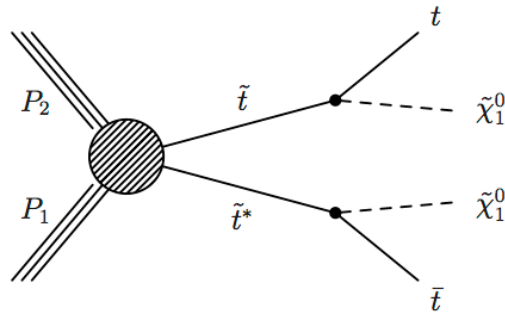
(assuming R-parity conservation)

## Glauino pair production



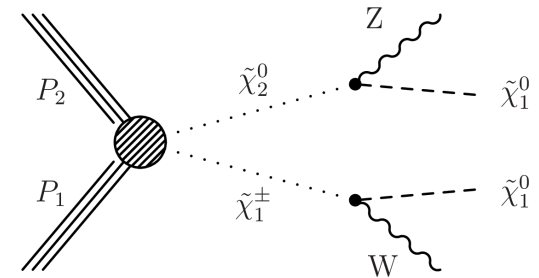
- Highest SUSY x-section
- Characterized by high hadronic activity in the event
- Can give access to other sparticles via decay chains

## Stop pair production

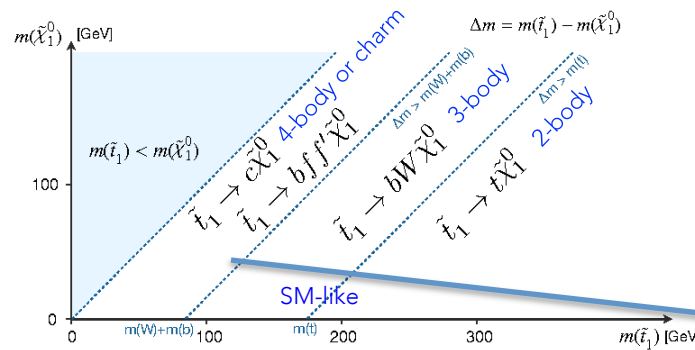


- Low-mass stop required by natural SUSY ( $\sim < 1\text{TeV}$ )
- Decays depend on the  $\Delta m(\text{stop-LSP})$

## EWK production



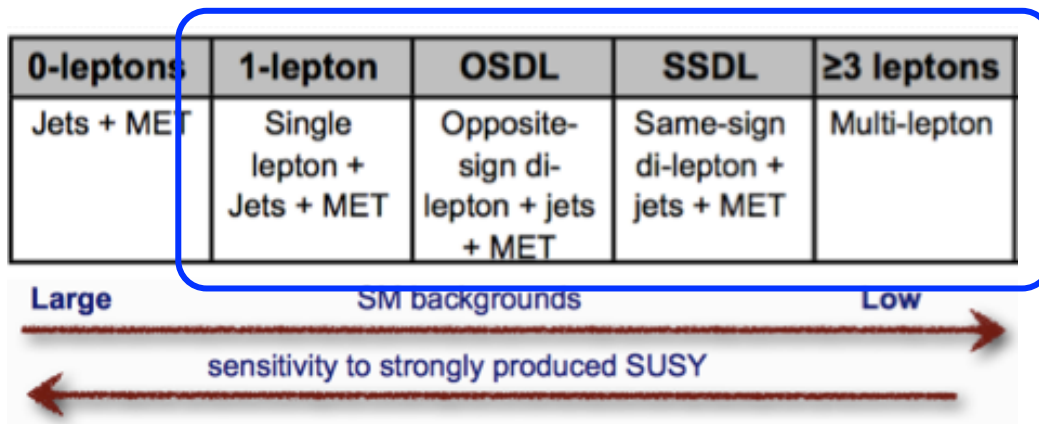
- Few jets, many W,Z: high leptonic activity
- Small cross sections, accessible only now
- Small mass splitting in natural SUSY,  $\Delta m(\text{C1-N1}) \sim \text{few GeV}$



Compressed SUSY

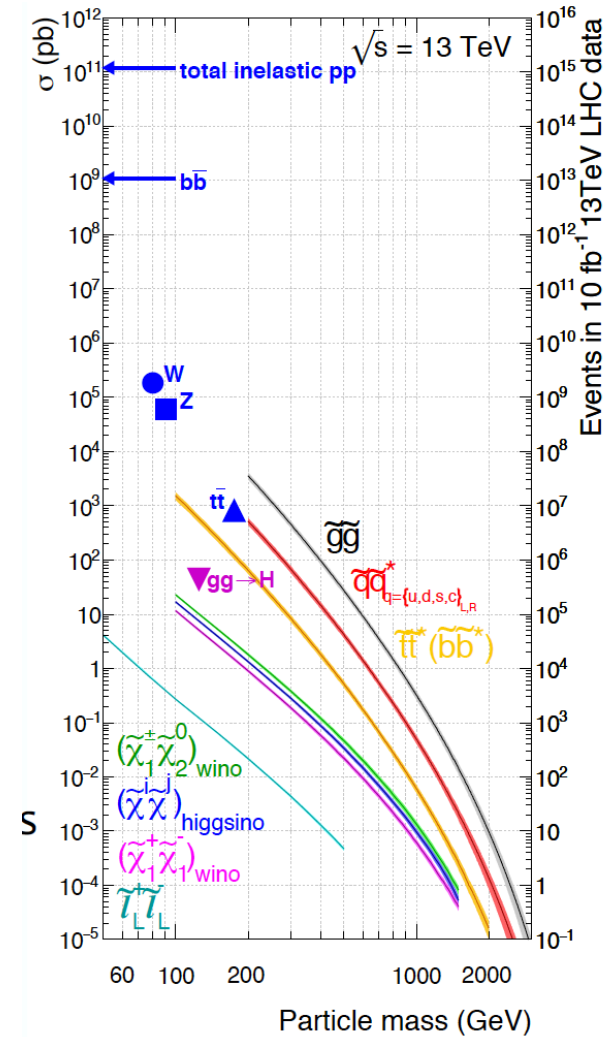
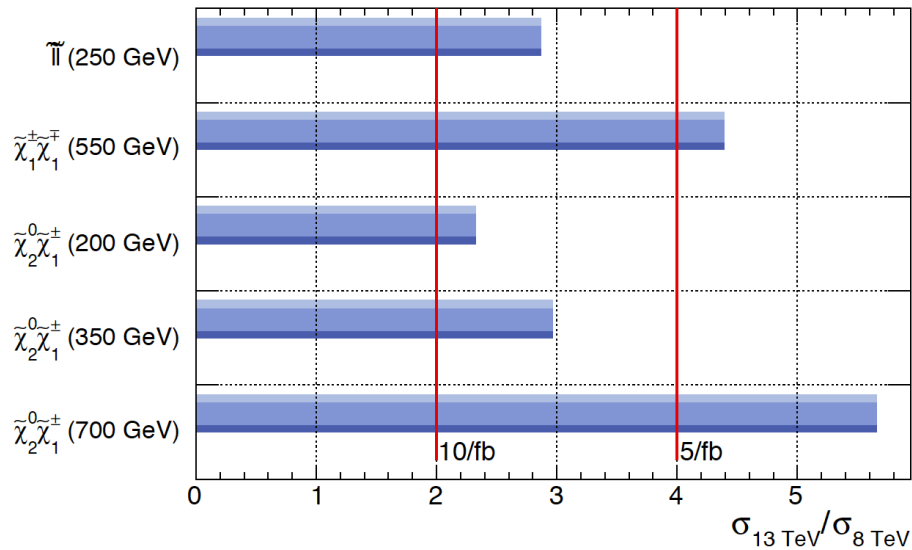
# The importance of being *lepton*

- ✦ In R-parity SUSY, LSP is stable and also a natural DM candidate
- ✦ LSP at rest = nothing in the detector, need a (transverse) boost  
the key: **Missing Transverse Energy (MET)**
- + **jets**: purely hadronic final states, ideal for early discoveries
- ✦ High BR, very sensitive to strong productions
- ✦ Suffer of large backgrounds
  
- + **leptons**: leptonic final states
- ✦ Targeting generic decays but also corners of phase space (e.g. compressed)
- ✦ Smaller BR, but low SM background

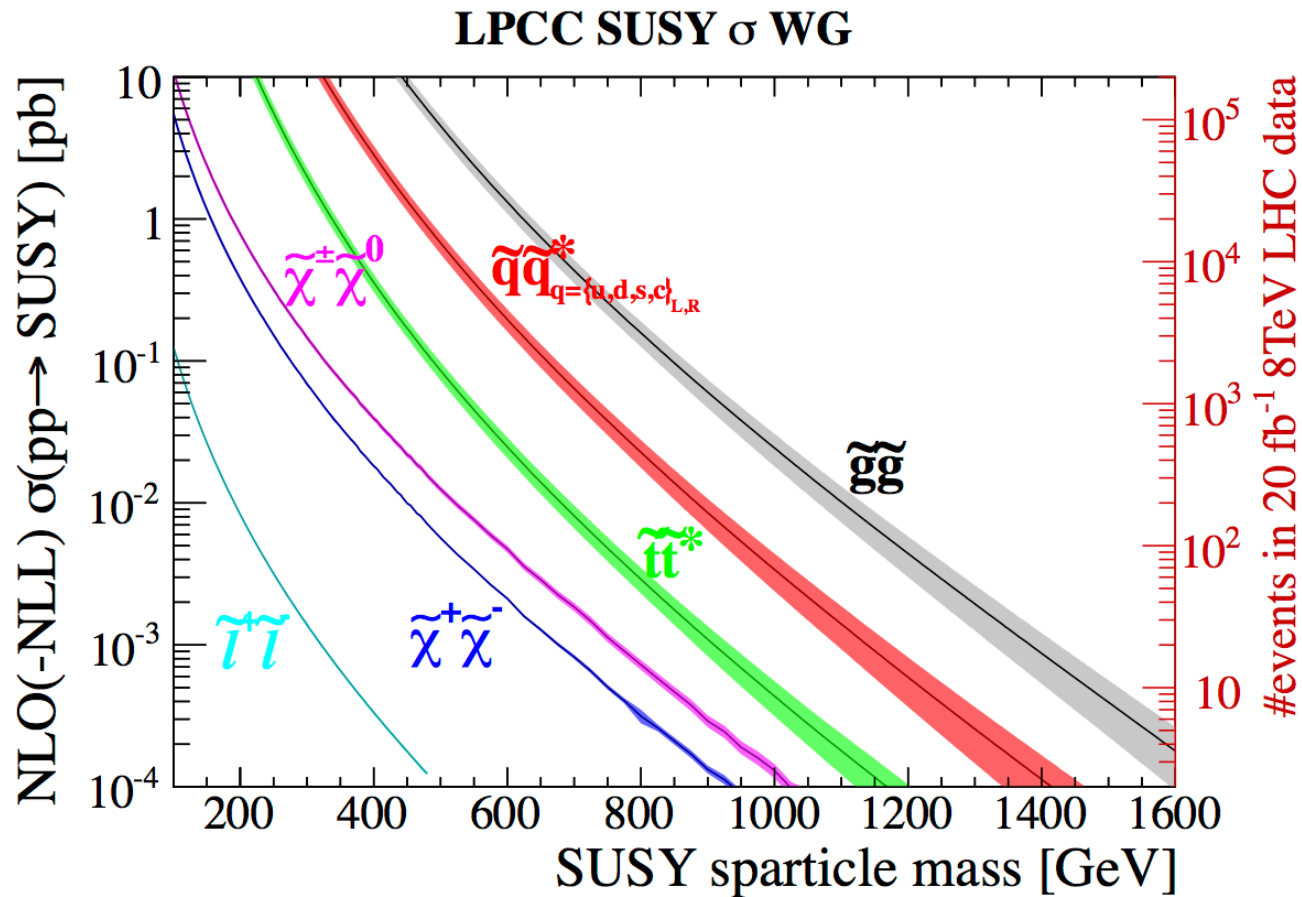


# SUSY cross sections at LHC13

Electroweak signatures with the midsummer dataset:



# SUSY sparticle pair x-section

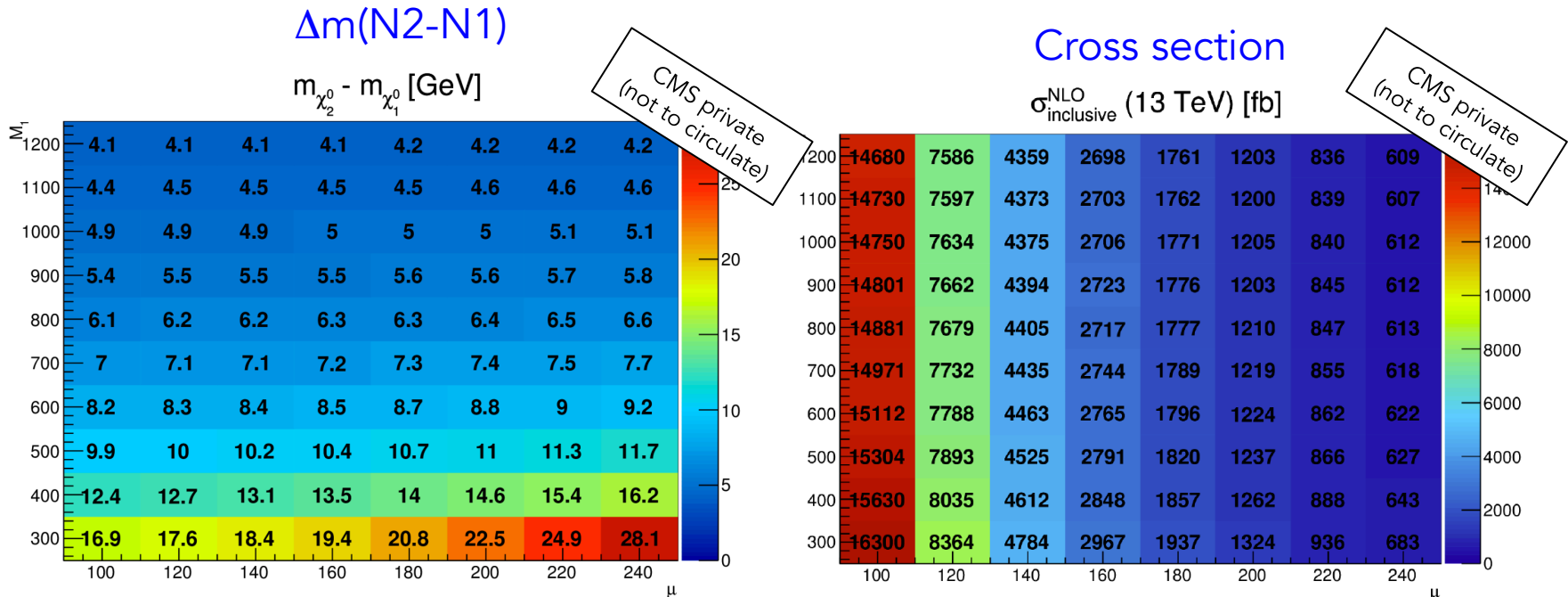


<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/SUSYCrossSections>

arXiv:1206.2892

# Higgsino full model (pMSSM)

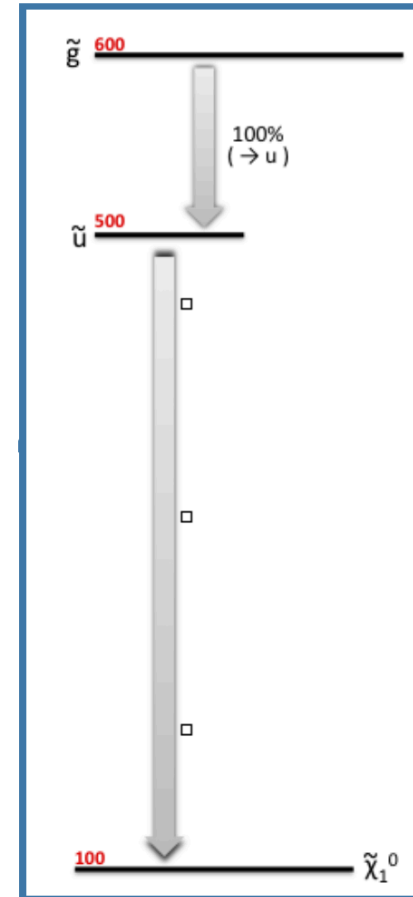
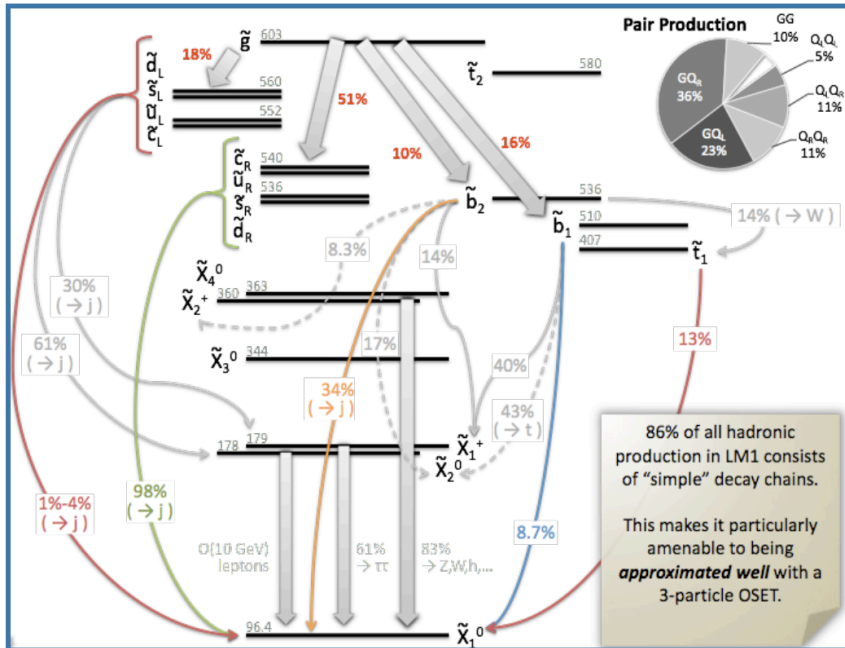
- ✧  $\Delta m$  can range from 2-4 GeV ( $M_1 \sim 1200$  GeV) up to 20-30 GeV ( $M_1 \sim 300$  GeV)
- ✧ To have gaugino unification at the GUT scale:  $M_2 = 2 \times M_1$ ,  $M_3$  decoupled
- ✧ Ingredients are there: NLO inclusive cross section and 2L efficiency ( $\sim 5\%$ )



# Different views in HEP

SUSY model for an experimentalist

SUSY model for a theorist

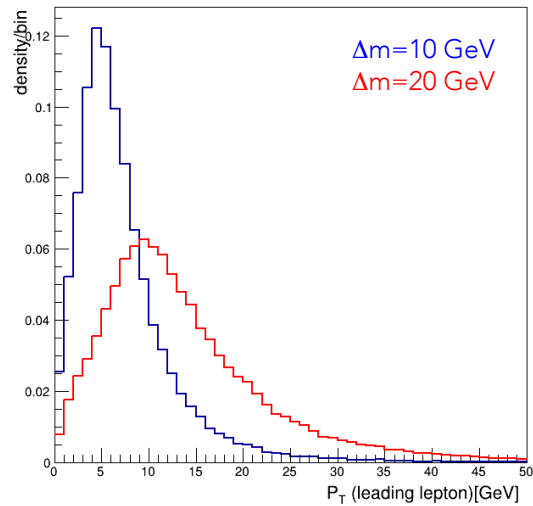


Mostly dealing with *simplified models*

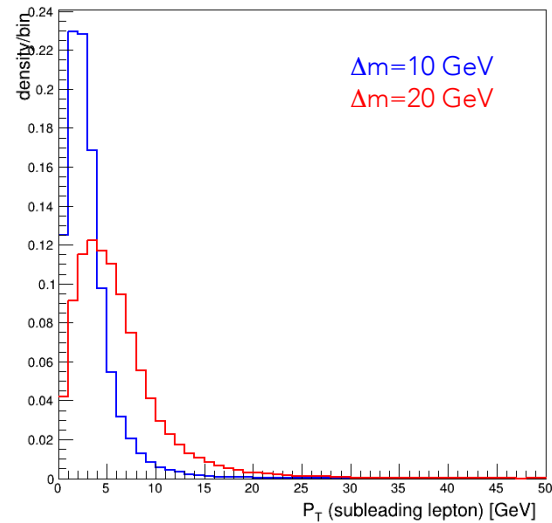
- ❖ 2-3 particles, 1-2 decay modes at a time, 100% BR
- ❖ Not really a statement on theory, but rather showing potential for a specific kin.

# Kinematics of the simplified model

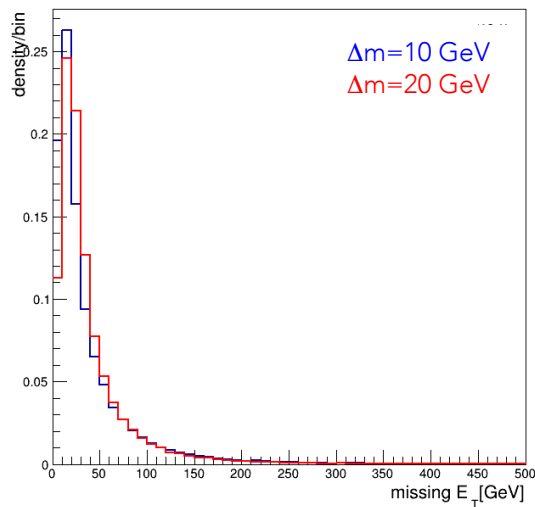
CMS simulation (13TeV)



CMS simulation (13TeV)



CMS simulation (13 TeV)



CMS simulation (13TeV)

