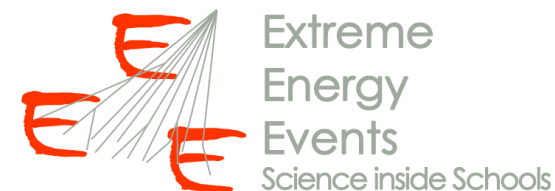


XIV Workshop on Resistive Plate Chambers and related detectors



New Eco-gas mixtures for the Extreme Energy Events MRPCs: results and plans

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Puerto Vallarta, Jalisco, Mexico
Hilton Hotel Feb 19-23, 2018

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Eco-friendly gas mixture for gaseous detectors: why?

- **Global Warming Potential** (GWP) measures the greenhouse effect of a gas normalized to CO_2 ($GWP_{CO_2}=1$)
- Gas mixtures with **GWP > 150** have been banned by EU
- Present RPCs adopt mixtures with high GWP

Example (EEE nominal): 98% $C_2H_2F_4$ + 2% $SF_6 \Rightarrow$ **GWP = 1889**

Ecogas tests within the EEE Project

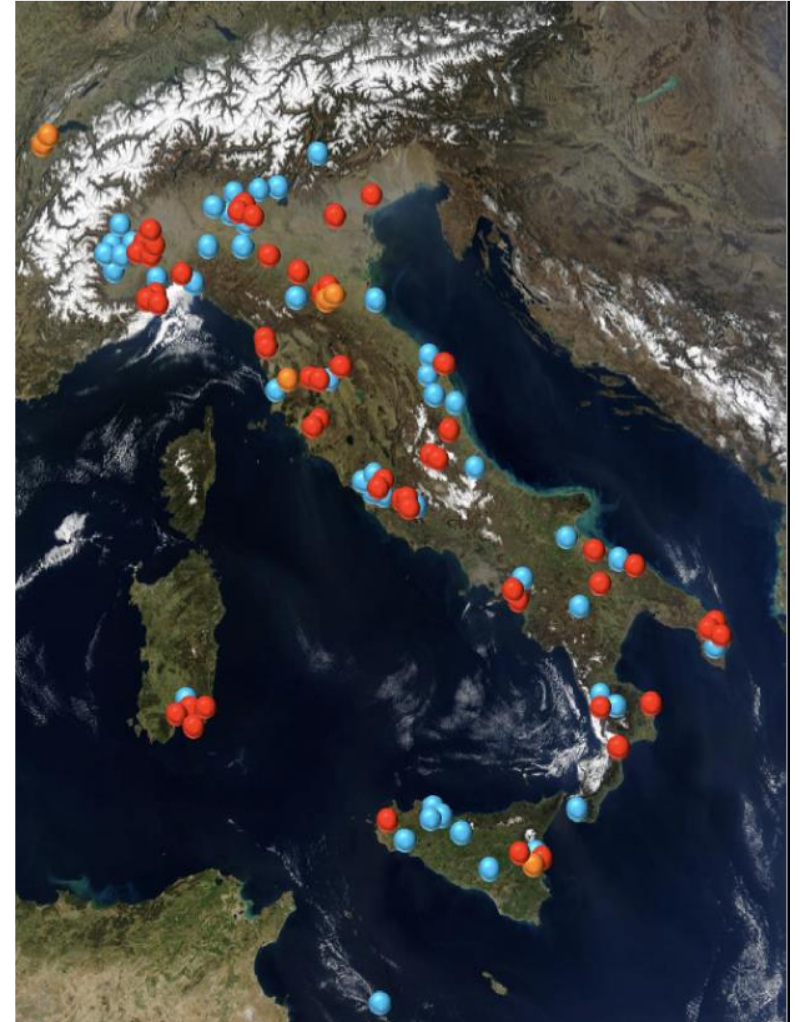
EEE Project: a network of telescopes based on Multi-gap Resistive Plate Chambers for the detection of Extreme Energy Events in cosmic rays

~ 56 stations

Ecogas mixture tests:

⇒ first tests on MRPCs (together with the ongoing tests at high rate – see Yonwook Baek's talk)

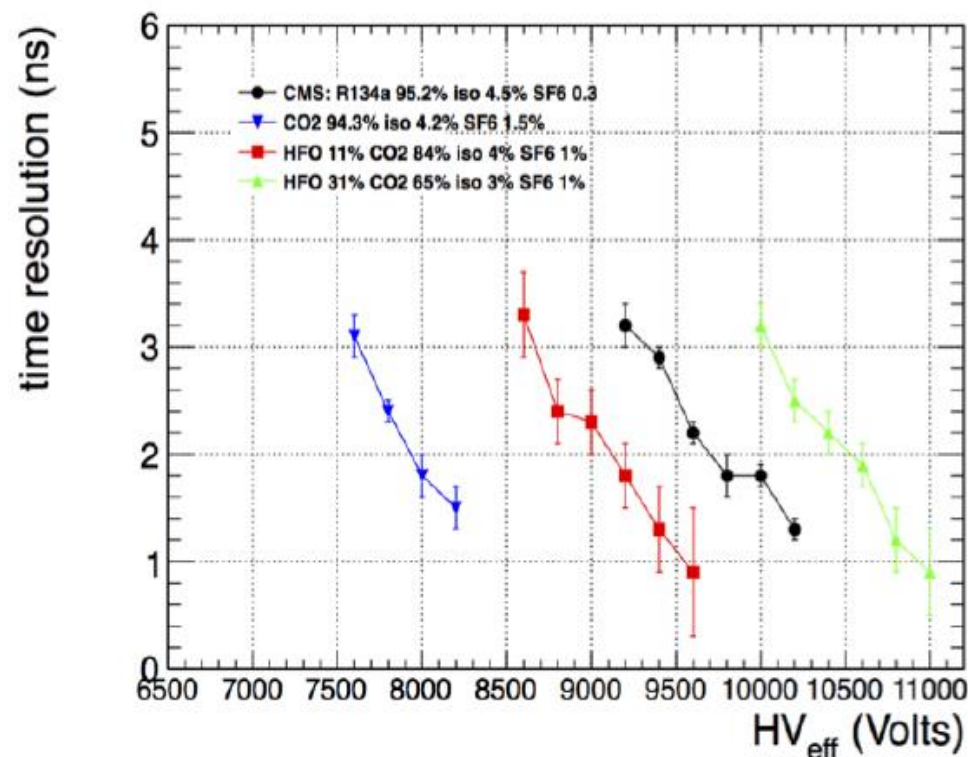
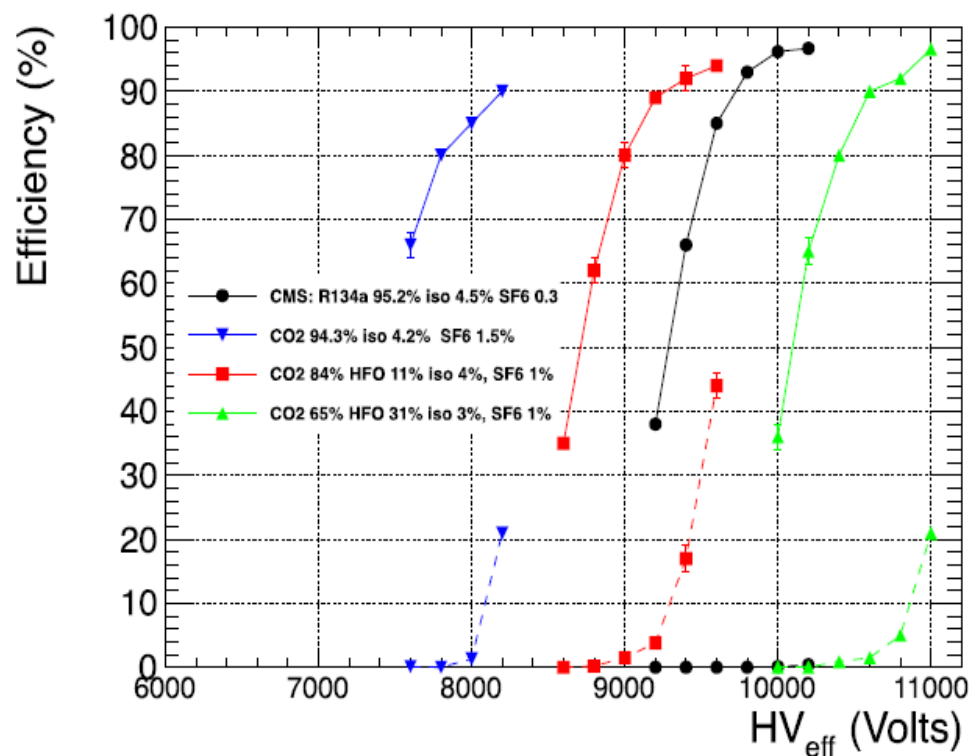
⇒ first tests at **low rate** (100 Hz/m^2)



⇒ see M. Abbrescia's talk on the project upgrade
⇒ see D. De Gruttola's talk on the performances

Recent tests on RPCs at high rate

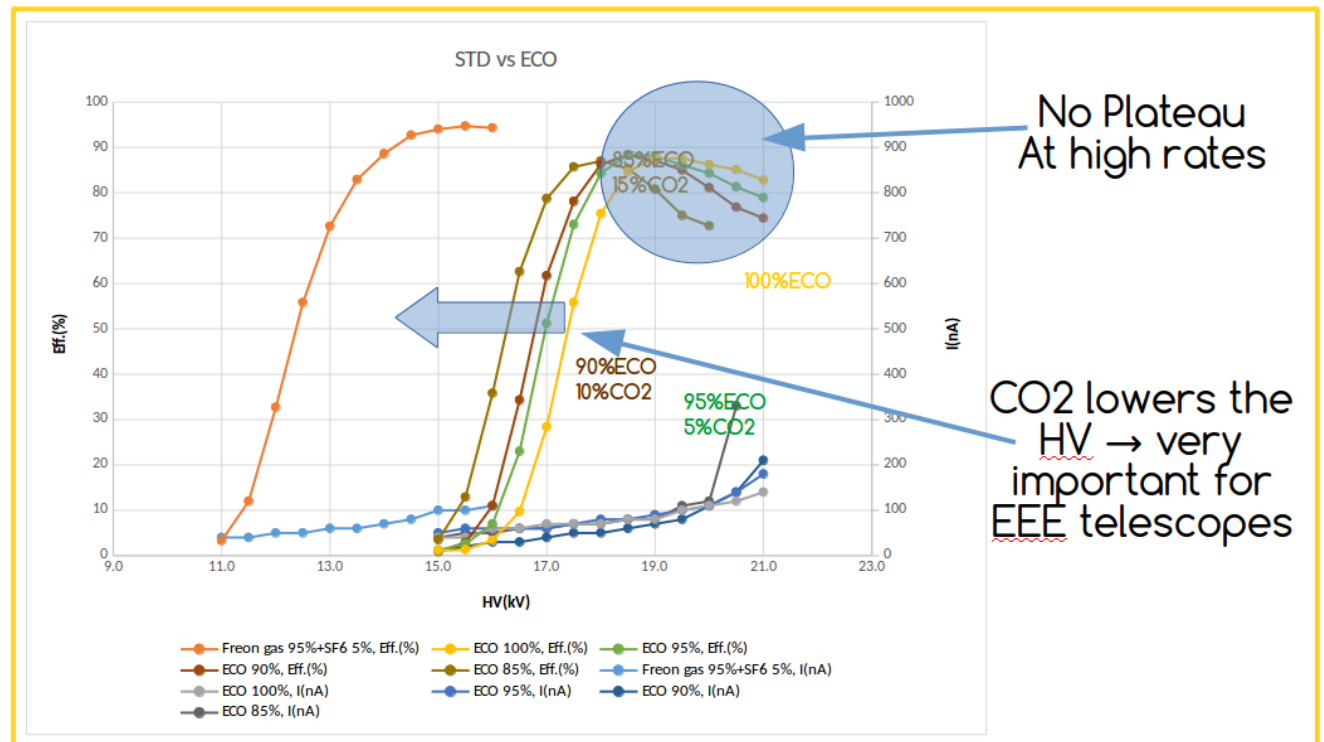
$C_3H_2F_4$ (tetrafluoropropene, HFO, GWP=6) emerged as a good candidate to substitute $C_2H_2F_4$ (GWP=1300) when combined to CO_2 and CF_3I or SF_6



Tests with cosmics at low rates

Open questions from high rate studies:

1. Is it possible to reach a stable **plateau** with eco-friendly mixtures at **low rates**?
2. Can the **streamer percentage** be kept **low** enough?
3. Can the HV-lowering by CO_2 observed at high rate be exploited in EEE MRPCs?
4. Can mixtures containing SF_6 be produced still fulfilling ECO requirements?



⇒ See Yonwook Baek talk

Tests with cosmics at low rates

Tested mixtures

Pure R1234ze

R1234ze + CO_2
(90/10 – 80/20 – 50/50)

R1234ze + SF_6
(98/2 – 99/1)

CO_2 -based mixtures

**Original mixture: R134a – tetrafluoroethane
GWP=1300**

R1234ze (GWP=6) + CO_2 (GWP=1)

- No limitations on percentages
- streamer % with CO_2 at low rates?
- lower HV?

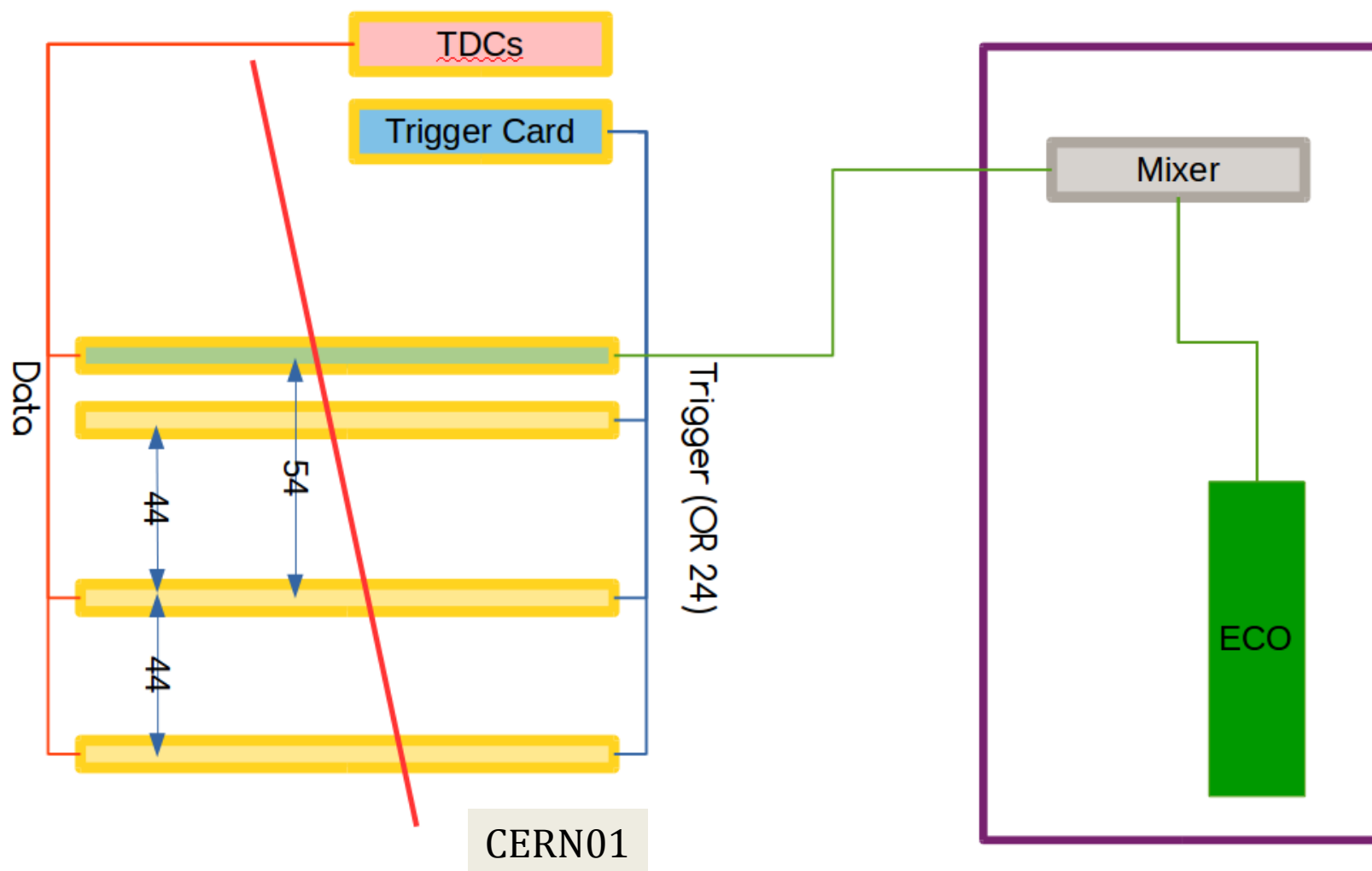
R1234ze + SF_6 (GWP=23900)

- $SF_6 < 0.5\%$
- likely better in terms of streamer %
- HV above the DC/DC limits

Further combinations being tested:

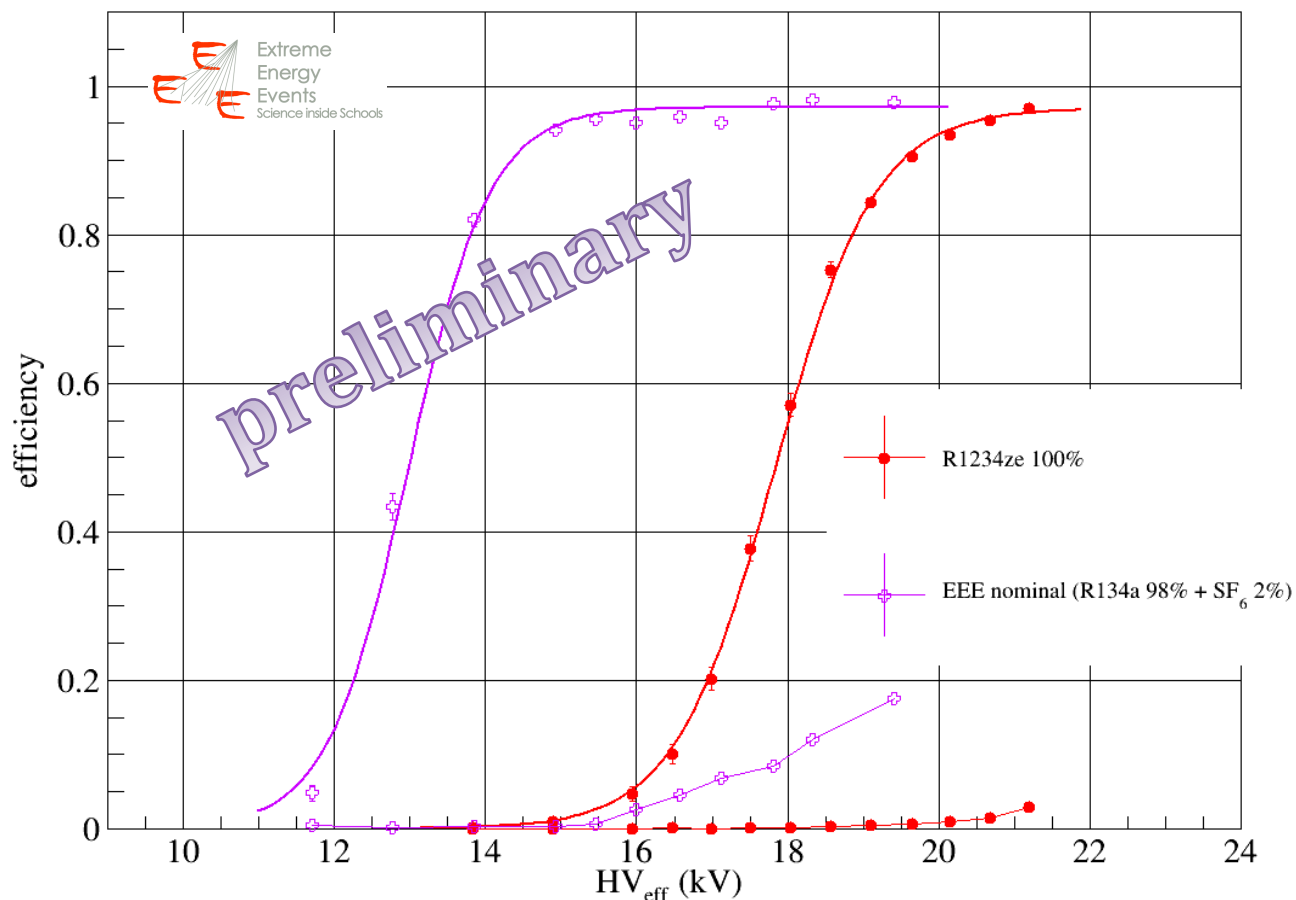
- CO_2 -based combinations
- CF3I (trifluoroiodometane, GWP<5)

Pure R1234ze



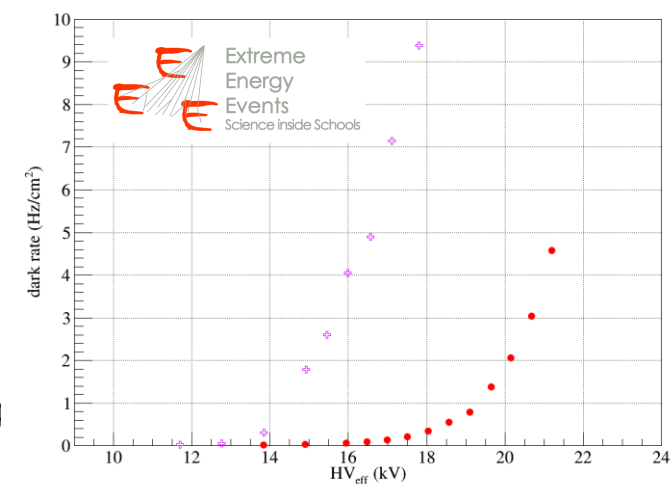
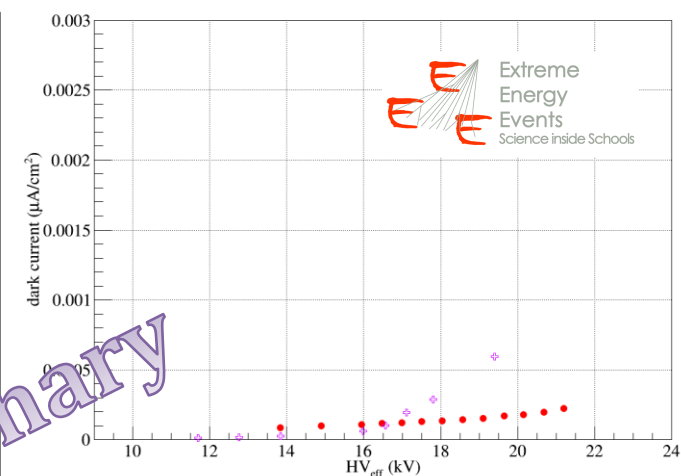
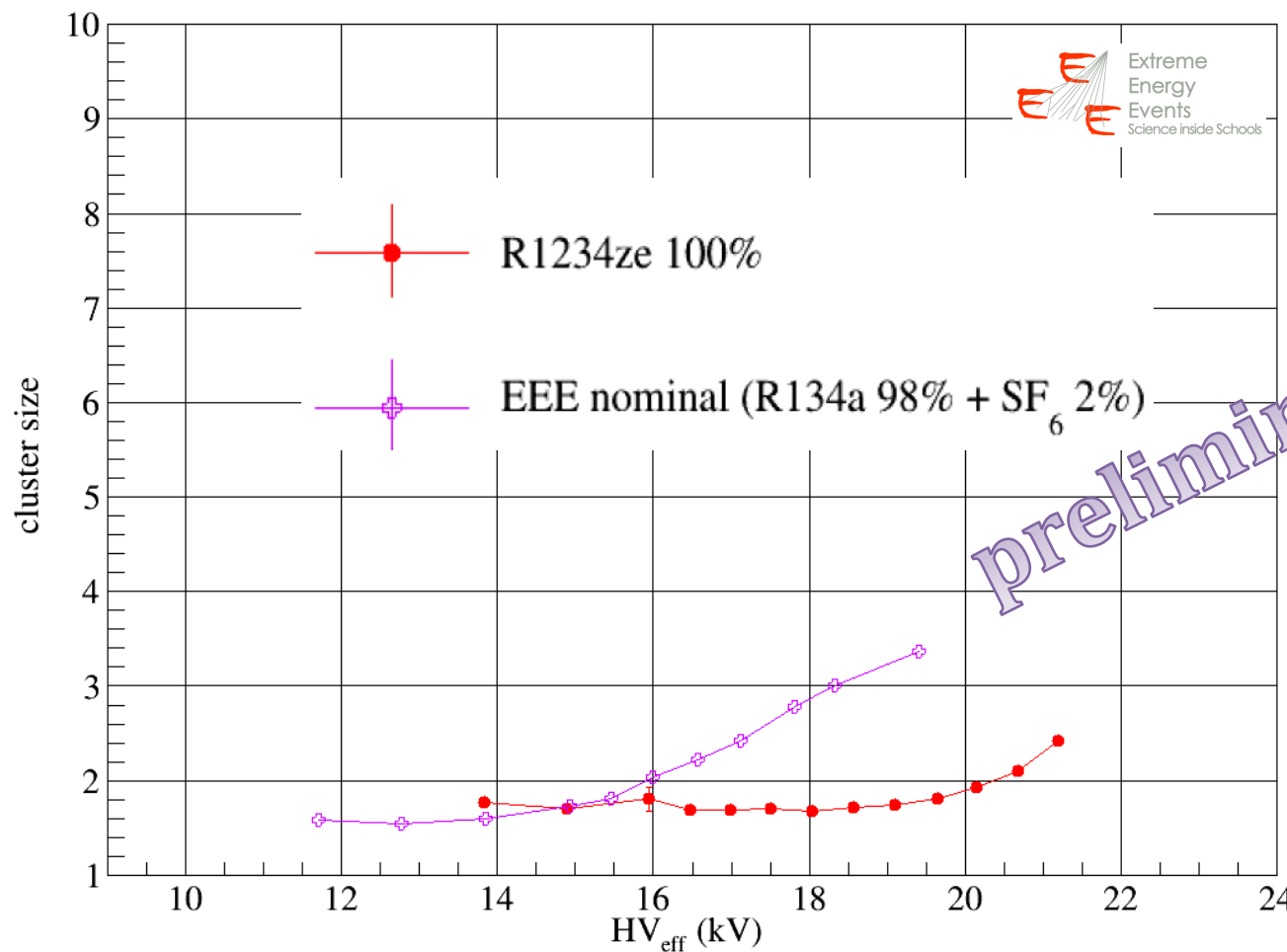
⇒ see D. De Gruttola's talk for details on performances
⇒ see M. Abbrescia's talk on efficiency calculation

Pure R1234ze

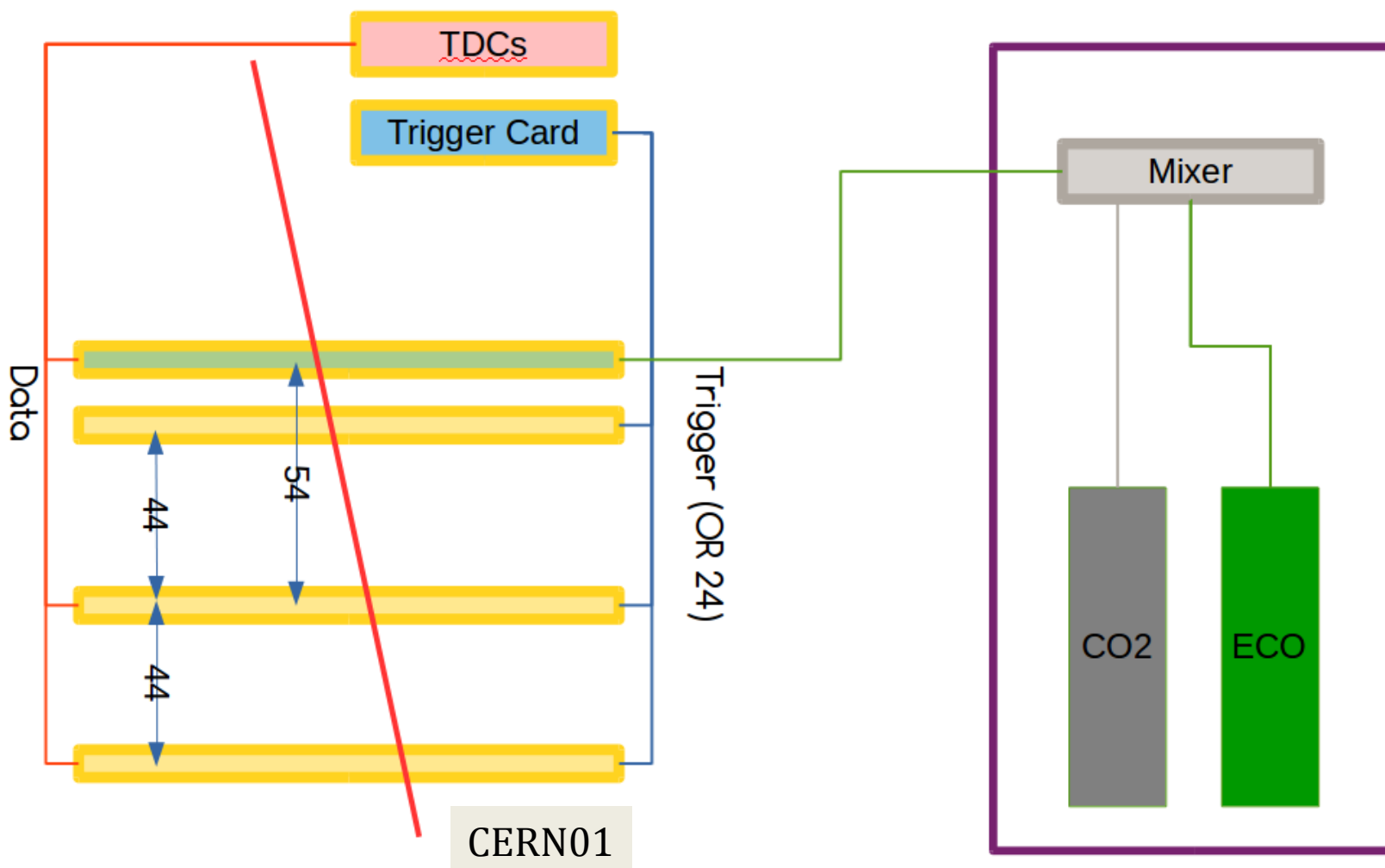


- Higher HV setting point with respect to standard mixtures
- streamer percentage under control
- Less noisy behaviour (lower dark currents)
- Stable cluster size
- HV at the limit of the DC-DC converters

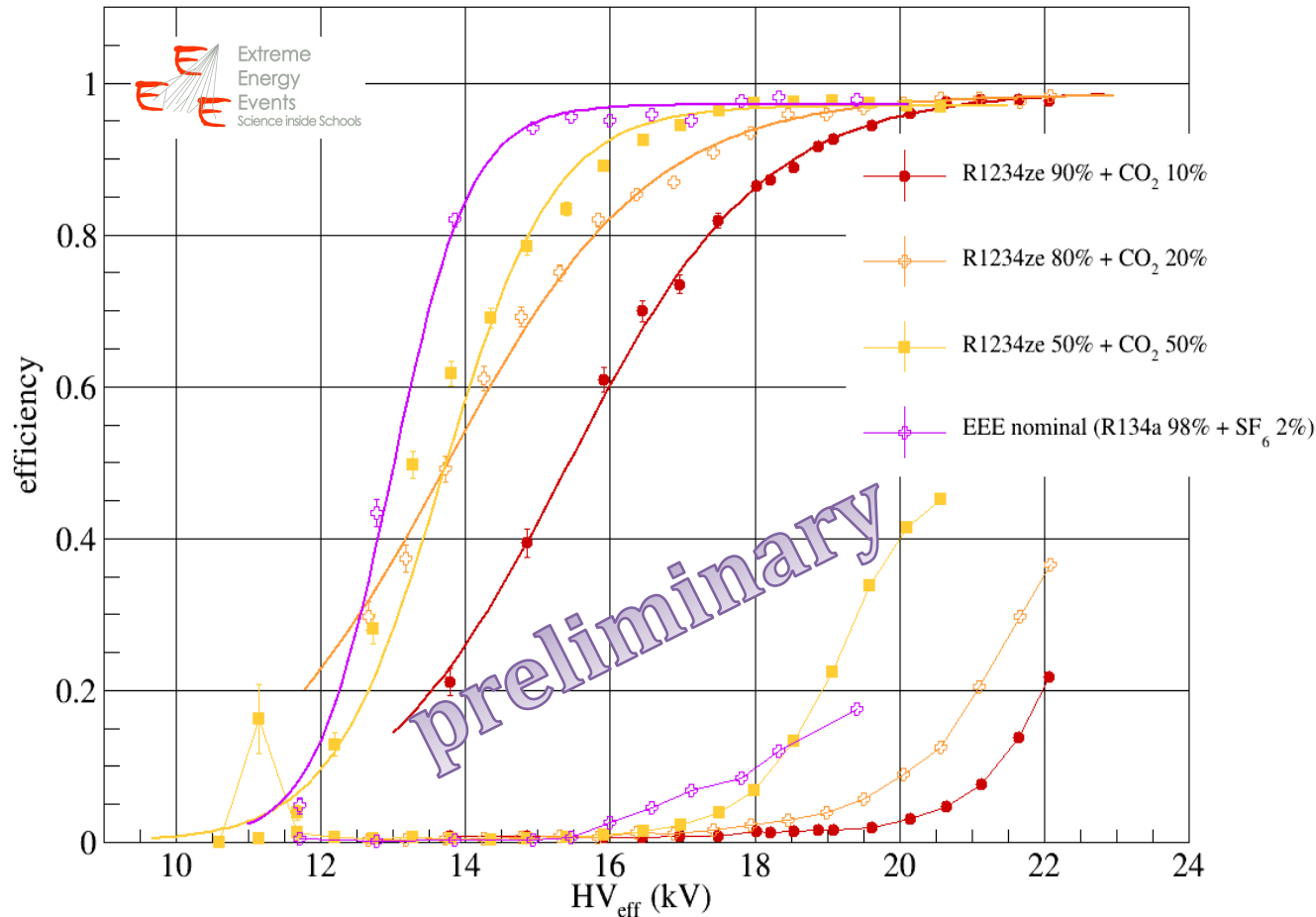
Pure R1234ze



R1234ze + CO₂

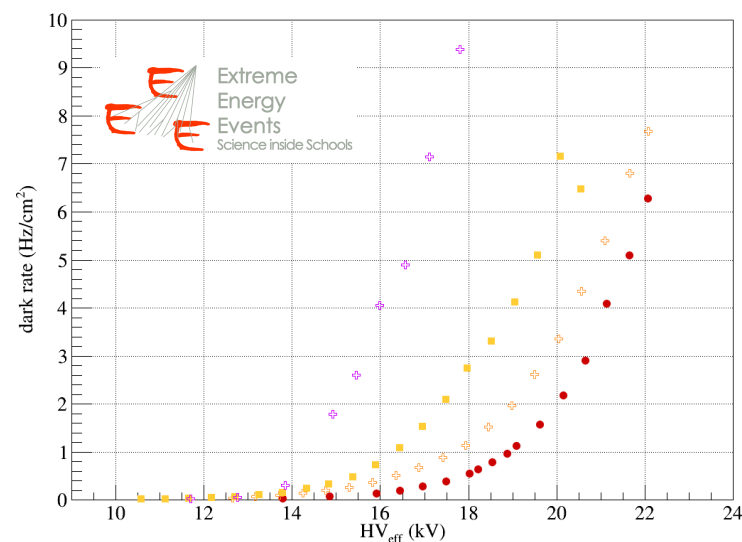
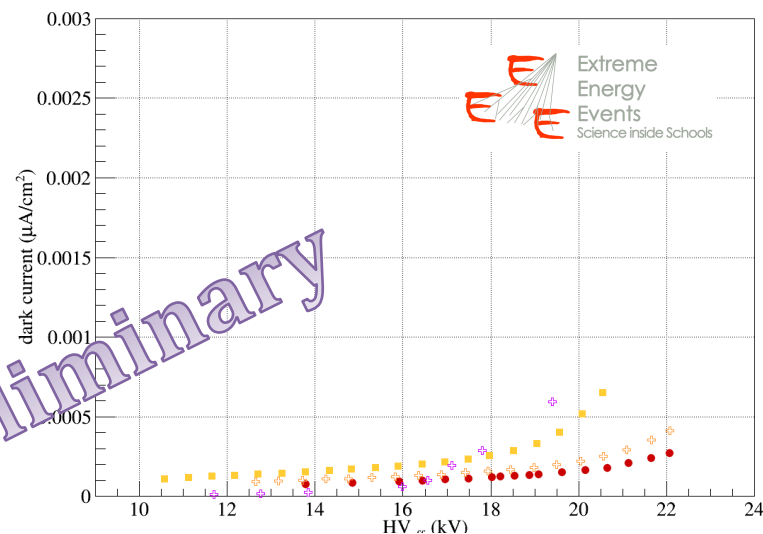
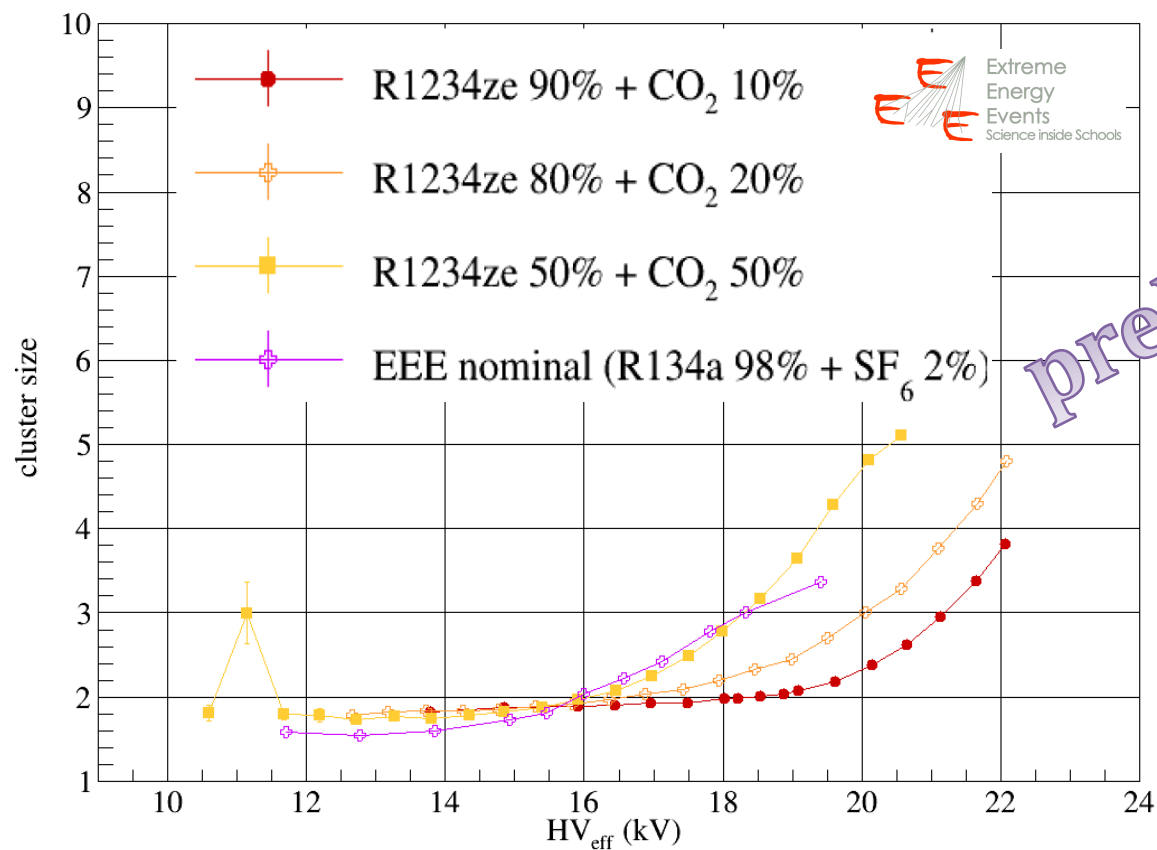


R1234ze + CO₂

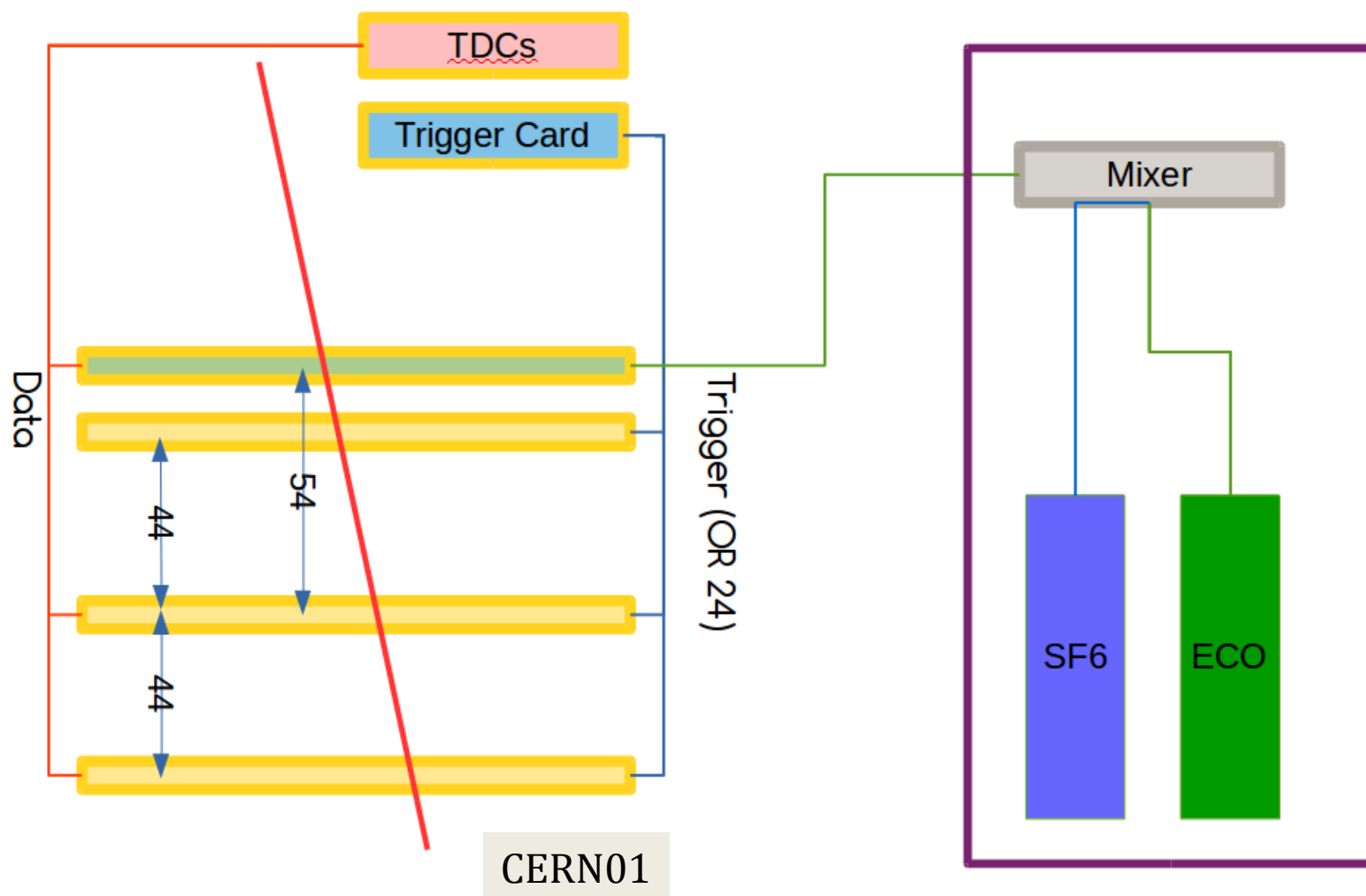


- **Lower HV** setting point with respect to standard mixtures
- However, noisy behaviour observed
- Possible working point under identification (17÷18 kV?) for **R1234ze 50% + CO₂ 50%** (but streamer component close to diverge)

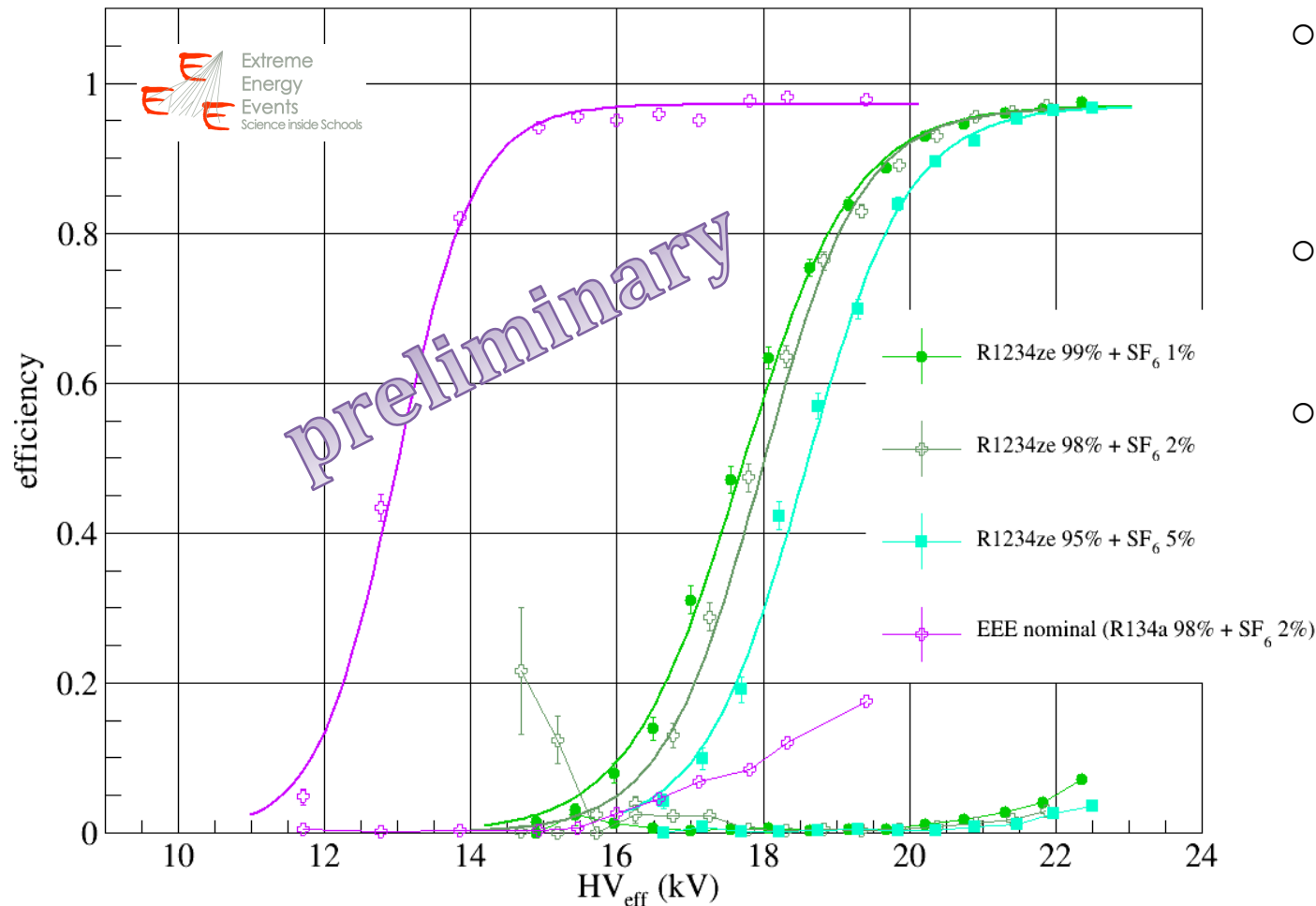
R1234ze + CO₂



R1234ze + SF_6

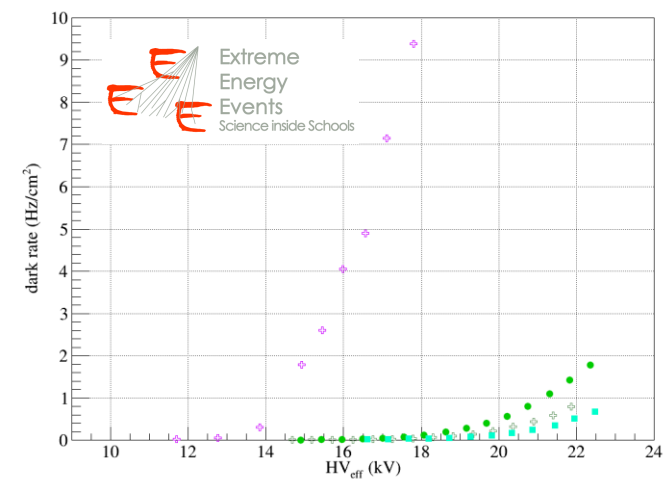
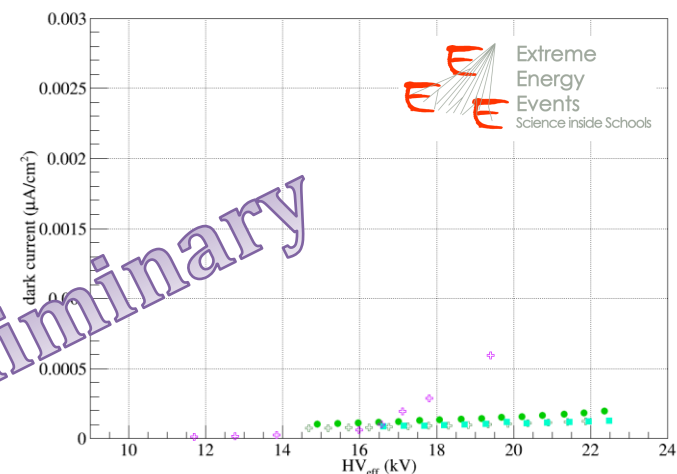
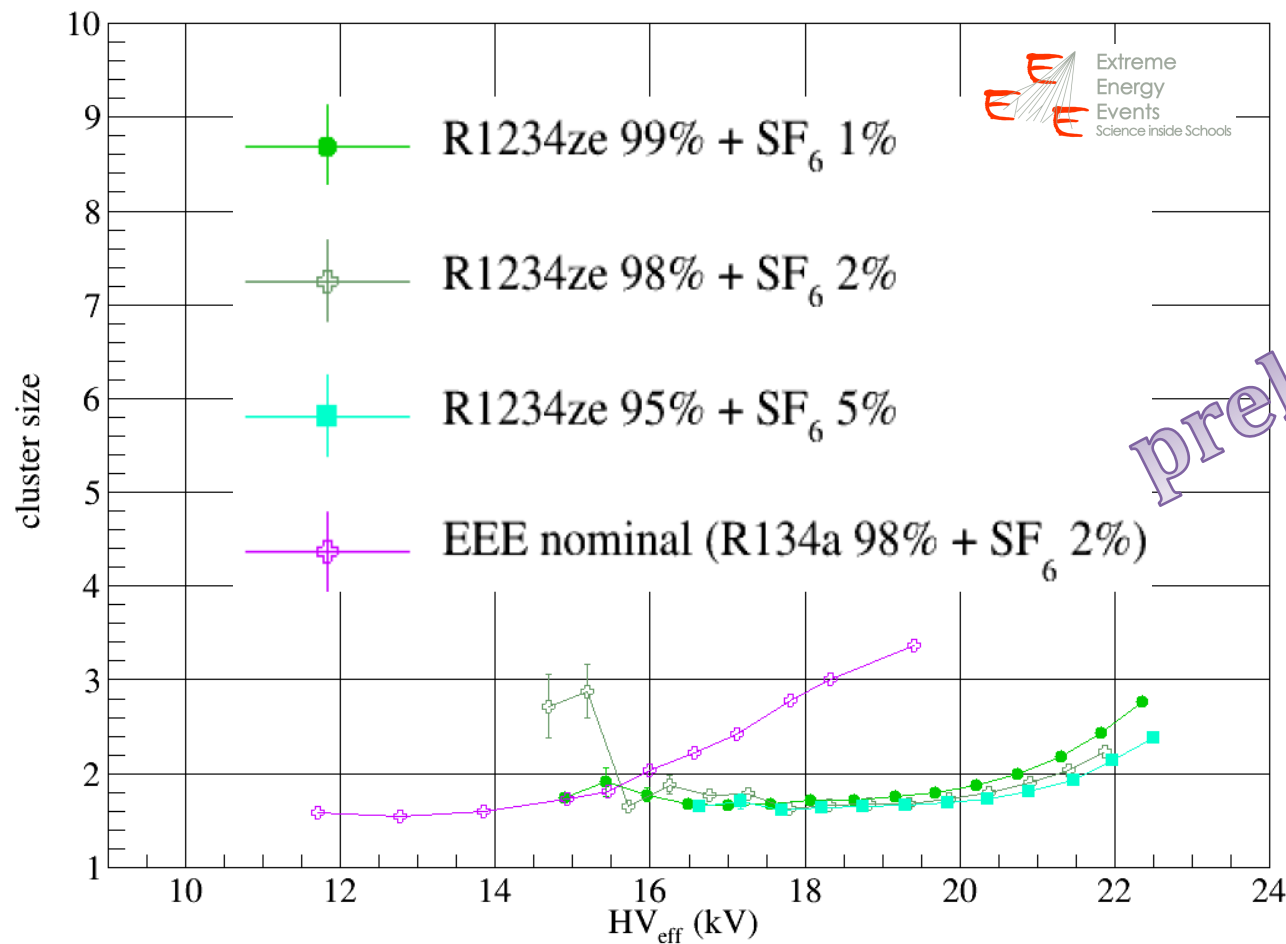


R1234ze + SF_6

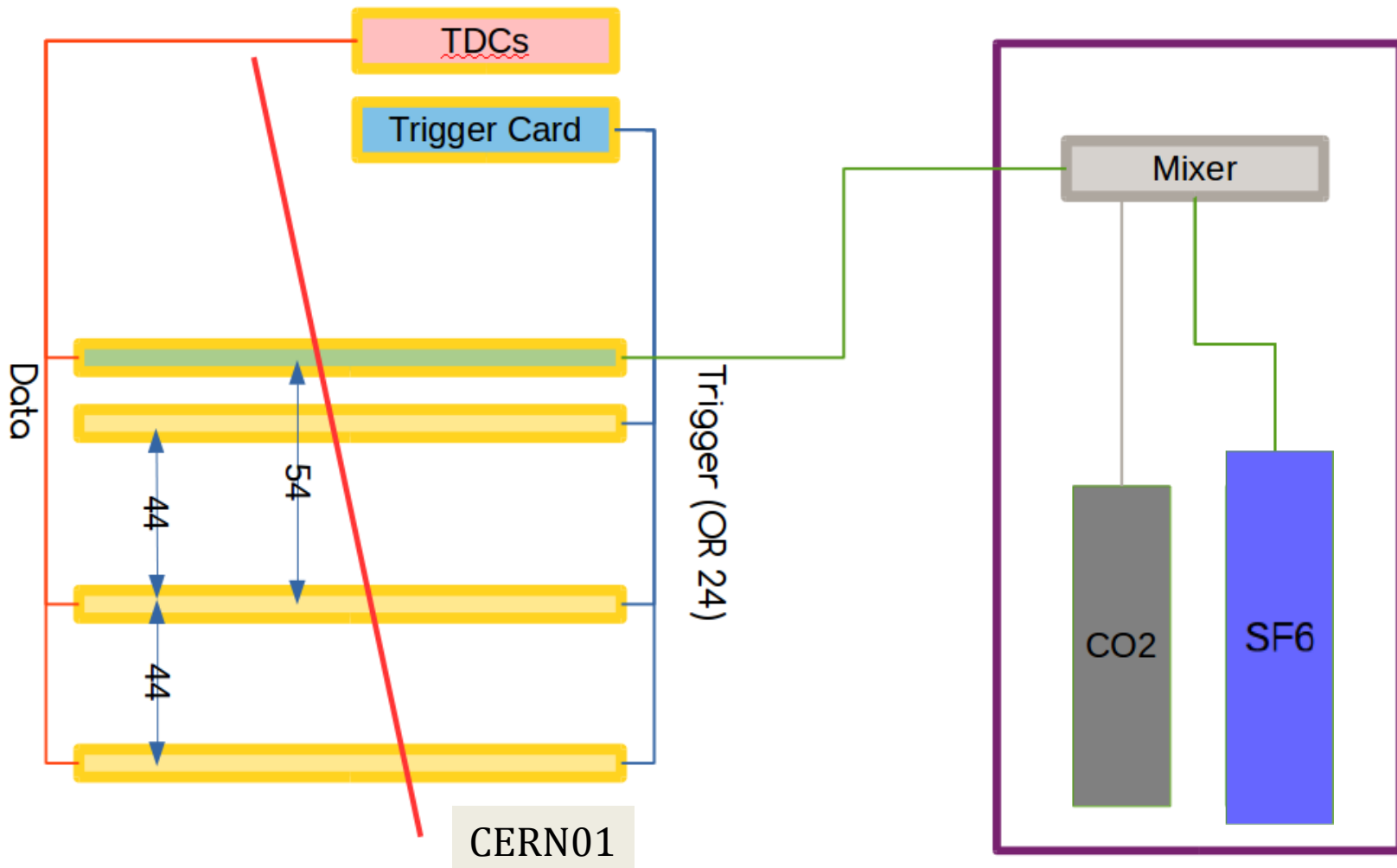


- **Higher** HV setting point with respect to standard mixtures
- However, noise is highly suppressed by SF_6
- **R1234ze 99% + SF_6 1%**
⇒ most promising configuration
- However, **SF_6 0.5% max percentage to fulfill UE requirements**
- Future tests on **R1234ze 99.5% + SF_6 0.5%**

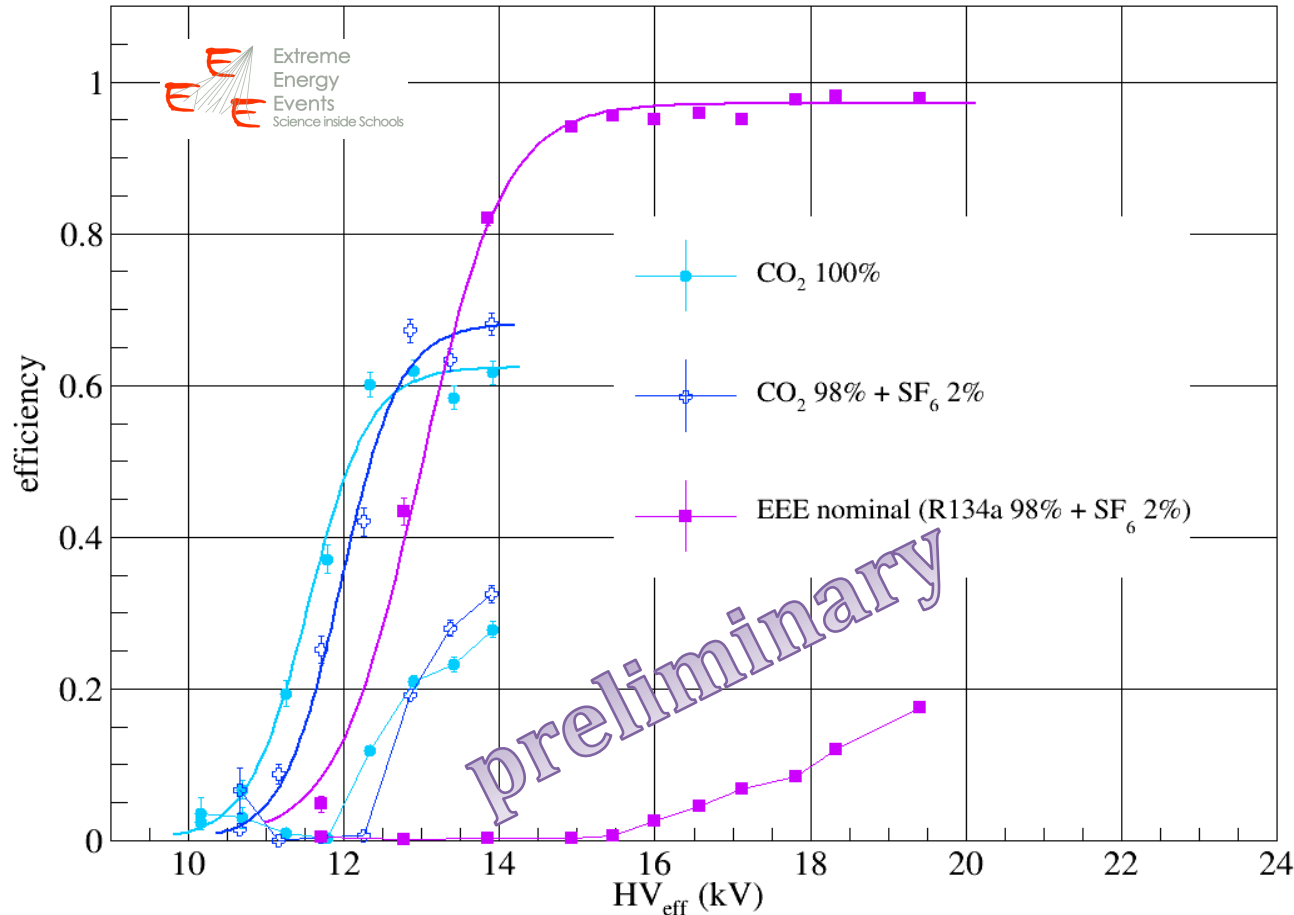
R1234ze + SF_6



CO_2 -based mixtures

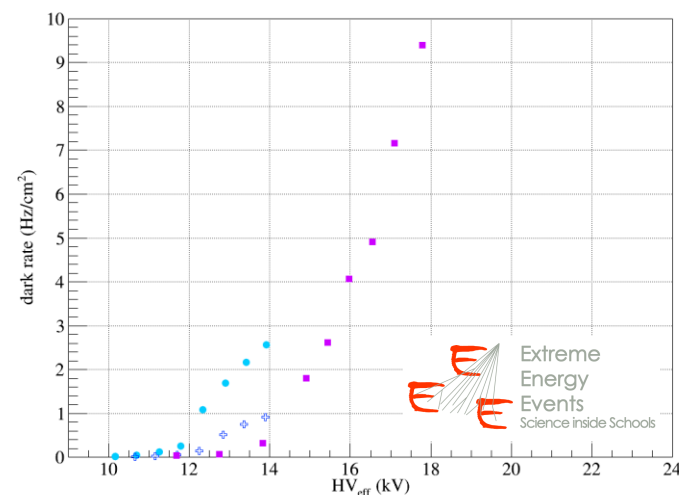
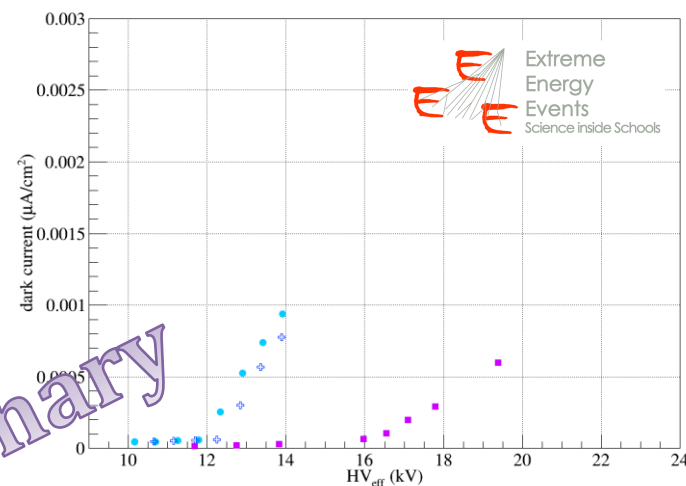
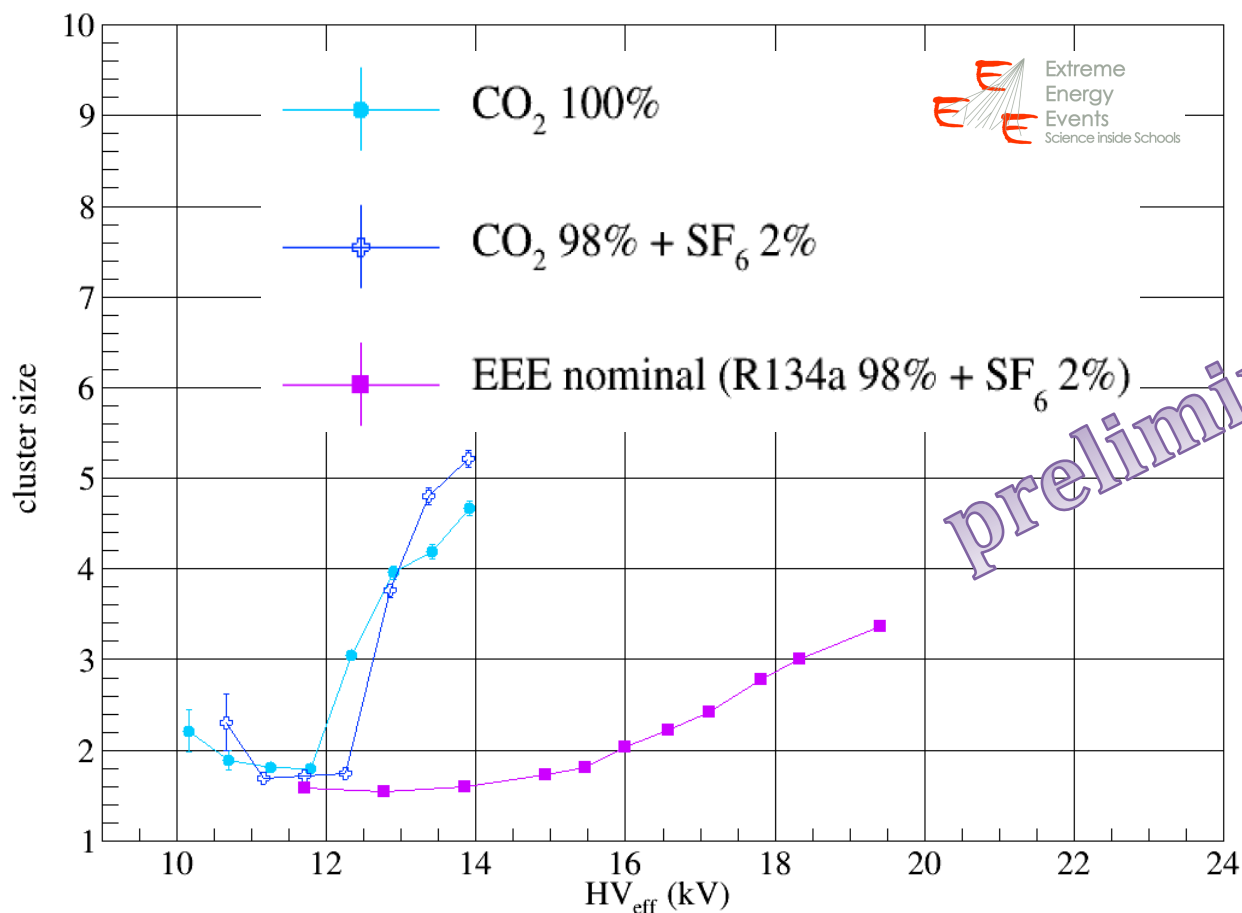


CO₂-based mixtures



- **Very low** HV setting point with respect to standard mixtures
- However, very noisy configuration
- Efficiency too low (~ 0.6)

CO₂-based mixtures



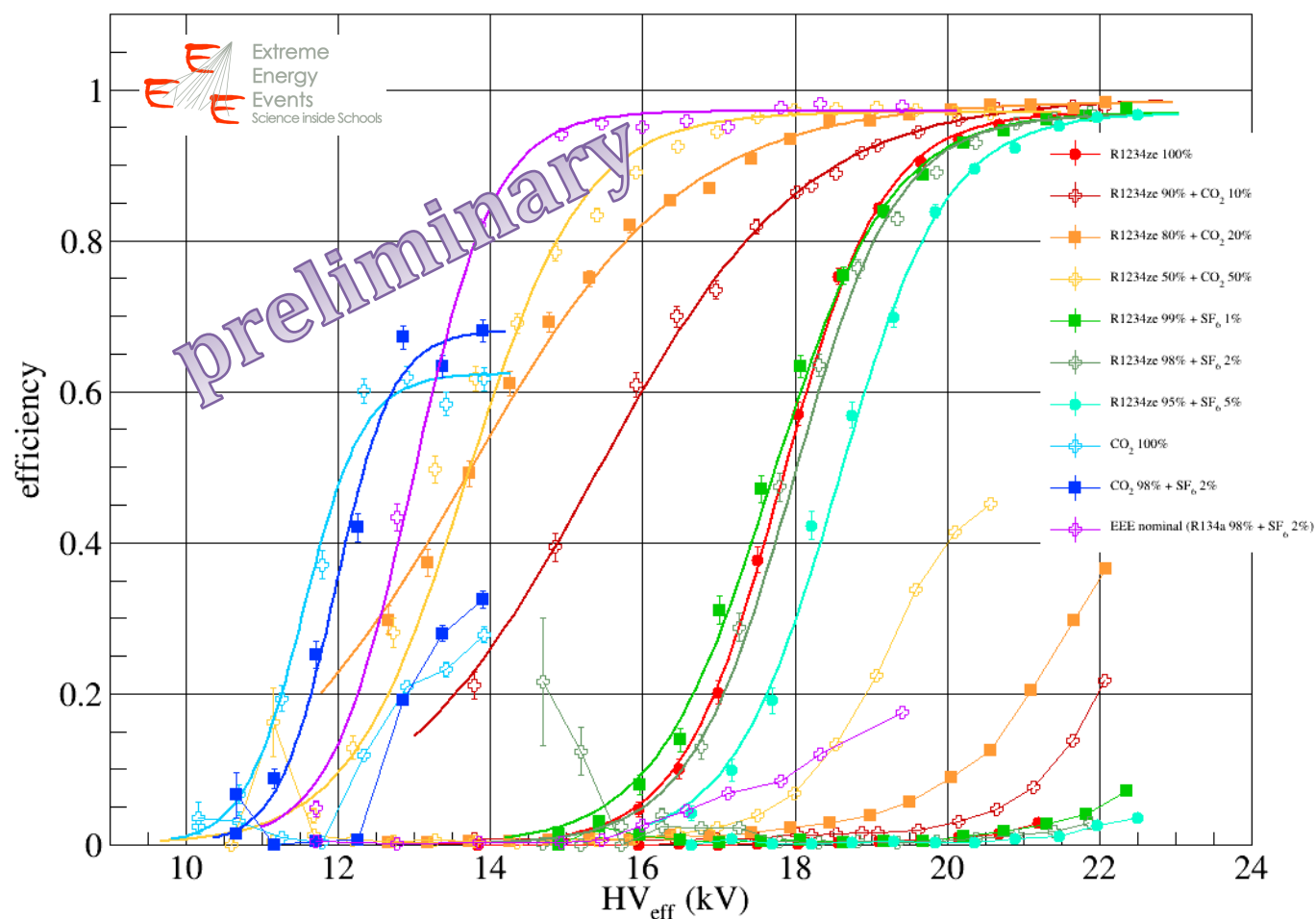
Conclusions

A **stable plateau** can be reached in the low rate configuration

CO_2 significantly lowers the working point for HV, but is very noisy

CO_2 -based mixtures not efficient

SF_6 is the best candidate as a quencher, but only a very small component is allowed by UE requirements (0.5% max)



Conclusions

- First tests on MRPCs at low rate
- Stable plateau observed \Rightarrow possible HV working points can be identified
- **R1234ze 99% + SF₆ 1%, R1234ze 50% + CO₂ 50%** most promising configurations \Rightarrow under balancing now
- In few months, some stations will be equipped with the best eco-friendly mixtures for testing in full operational mode on a longer time scale

backup

Tests with MRPCs at high rate at CERN

⇒ See Yonwook Baek talk

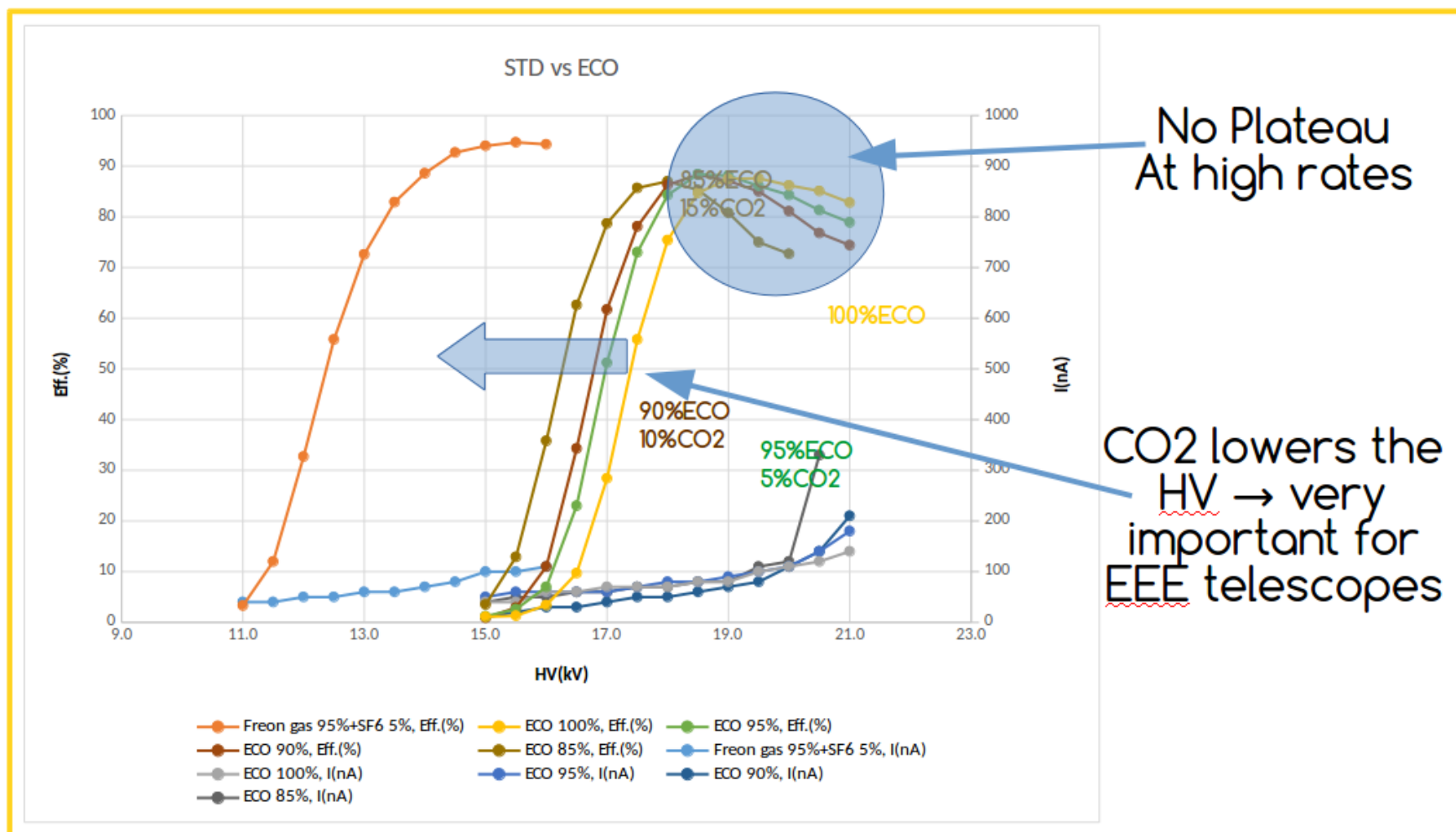
Experimental setup

- T10 East Area
- 7 GeV, 60 mrad, Spill: 0.3 s, max intensity 10^6 N/s
- Pions (protons and muons also available)
- Nominal 10^3 N/s- 10^4 N/s, 400 events per spill acquired (sw limit)

Tests with MRPCs at high rate at CERN

95% R124a + 5% SF_6
vs. R1234ze + CO_2 mixture

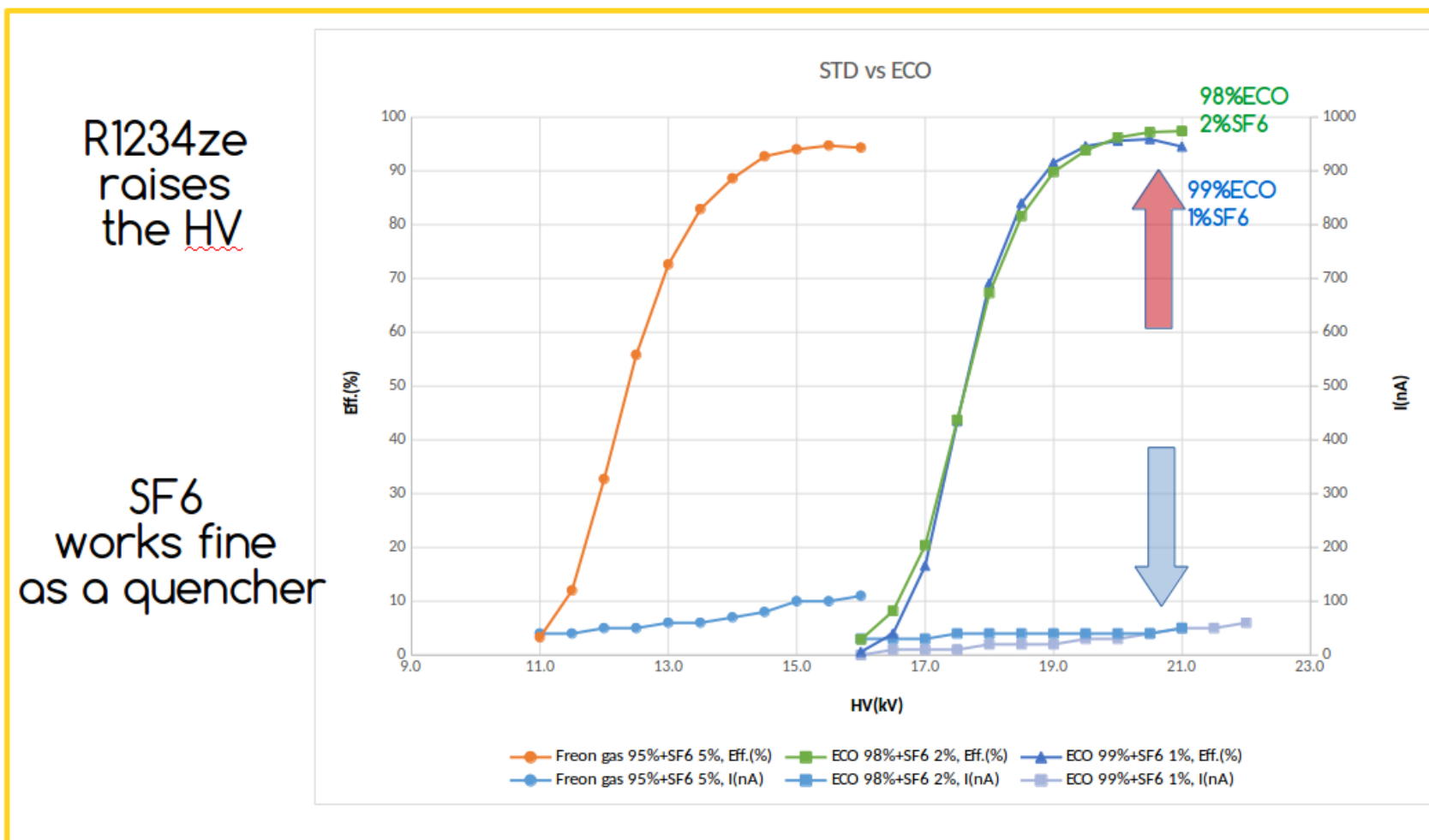
⇒ See Yonwook Baek talk



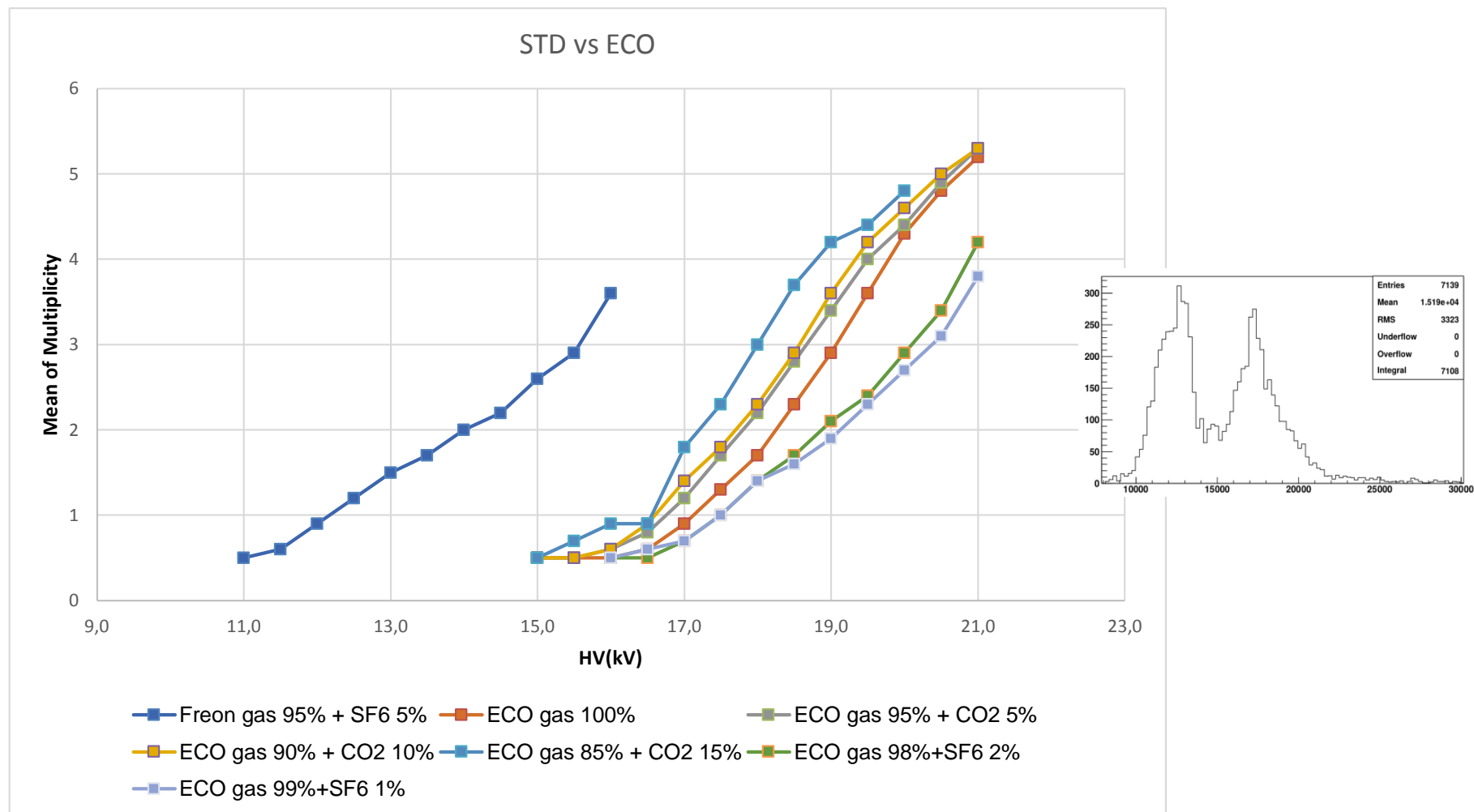
Tests with MRPCs at high rate at CERN

95% R134a + 5% SF_6
vs. R1234ze + SF_6 mixture

⇒ See Yonwook Baek talk



Mean multiplicity



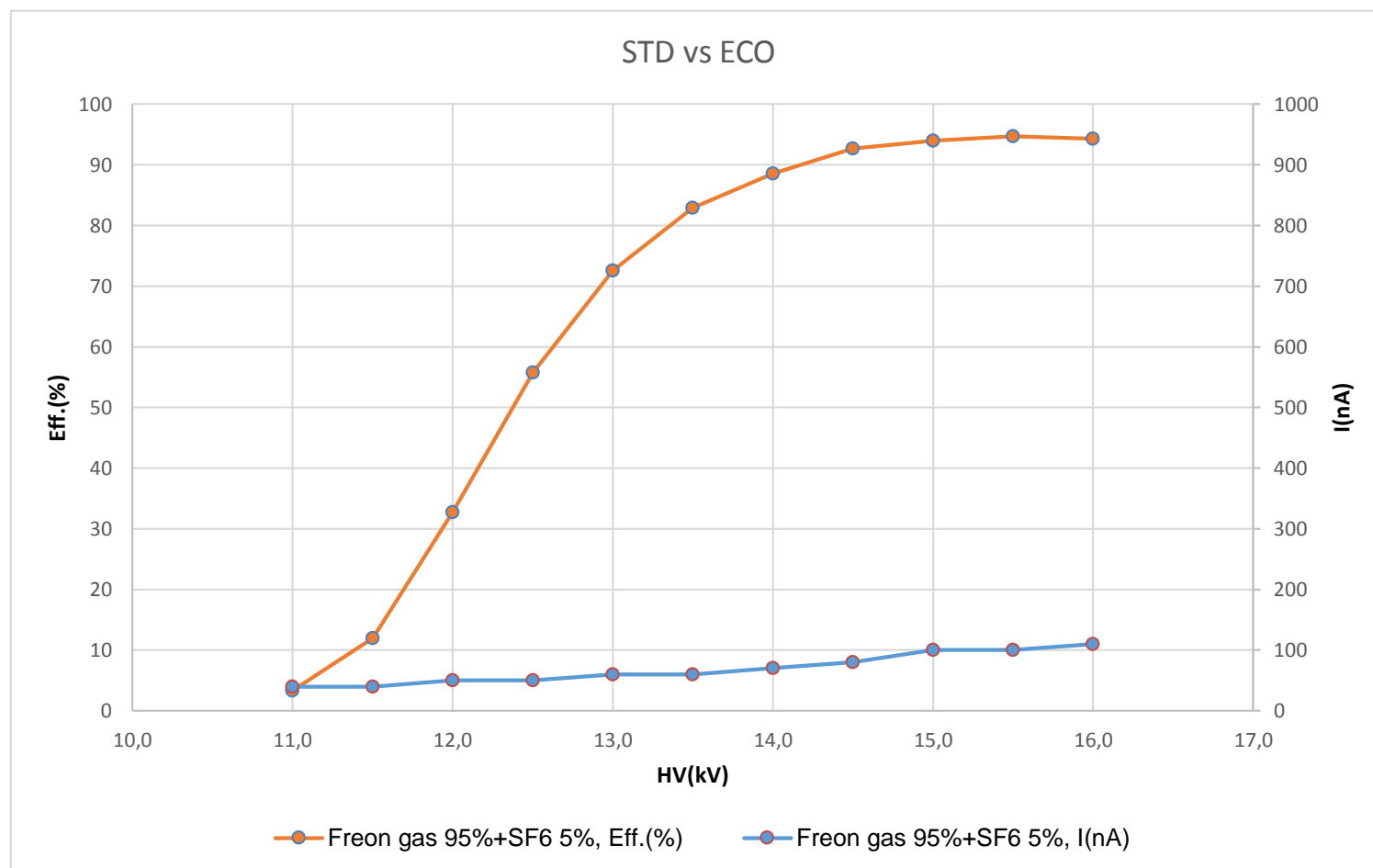
Tests with MRPCs at high rate at CERN

⇒ See Yonwook Baek talk

95% R124a + 5% SF_6 (EEE nominal)

Good plateau
stability

Low dark
currents and
rates



Tests with MRPCs at high rate at CERN: streamer %

