

# Robust predictions for gauge couplings and the top Yukawa in the MSSM with a vector-like family

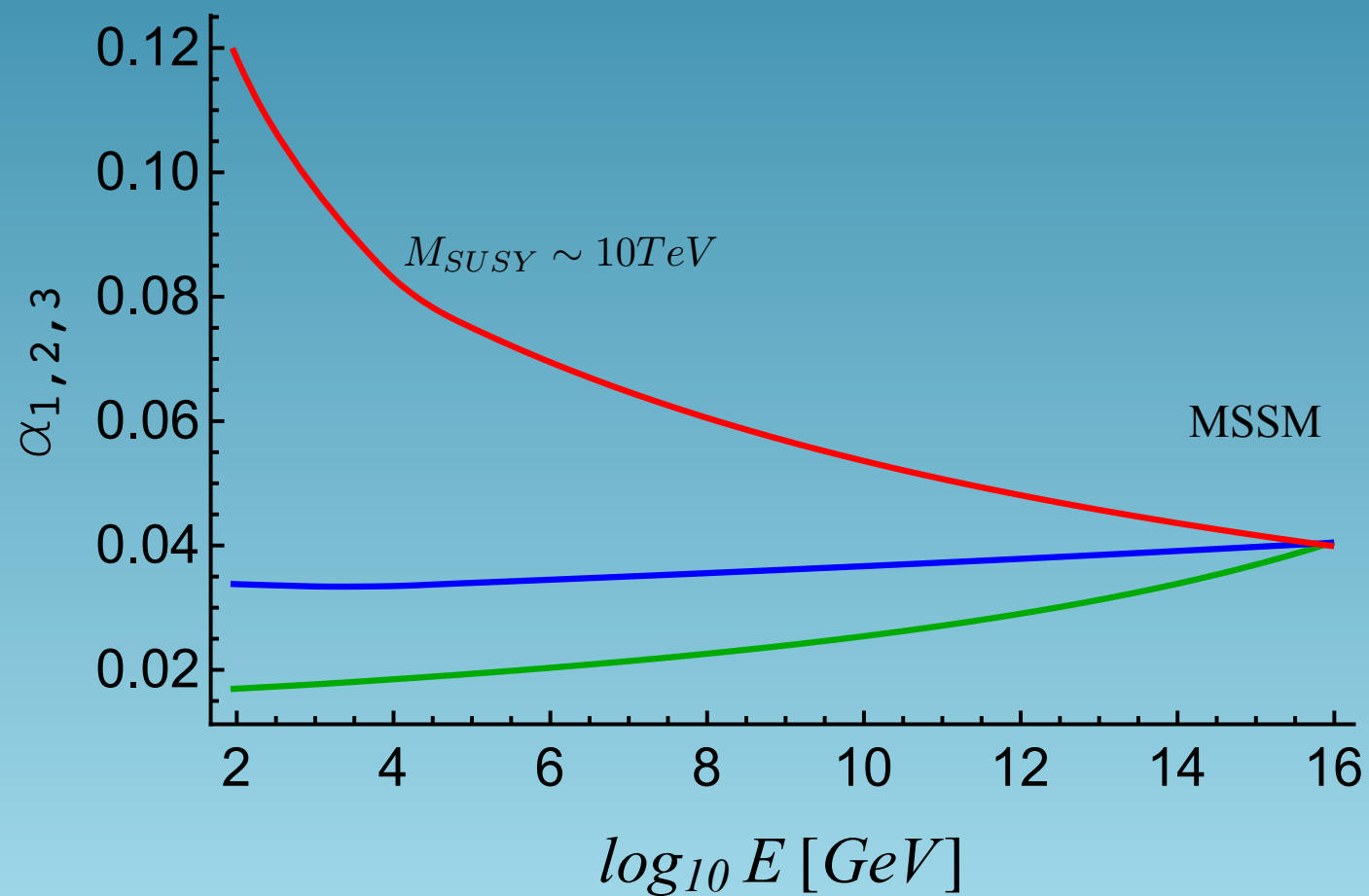
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Work in progress

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# Gauge coupling unification in the MSSM

$$Q, u, d, L, e \rightarrow \overline{\mathbf{5}} \oplus \mathbf{10} \subset \mathbf{16}$$

$\overline{\mathbf{5}} \oplus \mathbf{10} \subset \mathbf{16}$



$$M_G \simeq 2 \times 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta\alpha_G \sim -3\%$$

# MSSM with vector-like fermions

## MSSM+

$$W \supset M_Q Q\bar{Q} + M_U U\bar{U} + M_E E\bar{E} + M_L L\bar{L} + M_N N\bar{N} + M_D D\bar{D}$$

## Part 1:

$$W \supset M_{VF} \bar{16}16$$

- Consider universal masses at fixed scale or universal at GUT scale

## Part 2:

$$W \supset Y_{T_1} H_u Q\bar{U} + Y_{T_2} H_u \bar{Q}D.$$

## Part 1:

# Gauge coupling unification in the MSSM

$$\frac{d\alpha_i}{dt} = \beta(\alpha_i) = \frac{\alpha_i^2}{2\pi} b_i$$

$$b_i = (33/5, 1, -3) + n_5(1, 1, 1) + 3n_{10}(1, 1, 1)$$

$$n_5 = 5 \oplus \bar{5} = (L \oplus \bar{L}) \oplus (D \oplus \bar{D})$$

$$n_{10} = 10 \oplus \bar{10} = (Q \oplus \bar{Q}) \oplus (U \oplus \bar{U}) \oplus (E \oplus \bar{E})$$

**For IVF:**  $b_i = (53/5, 5, 1)$   
 $n_5 = n_{10} = 1$

**→ Larger  $\alpha_G$**

# One-loop estimates

$$\alpha_i^{-1}(M_Z) = \frac{b_i}{2\pi} \ln \frac{M_G}{M_Z} + \alpha^{-1}(M_G)$$

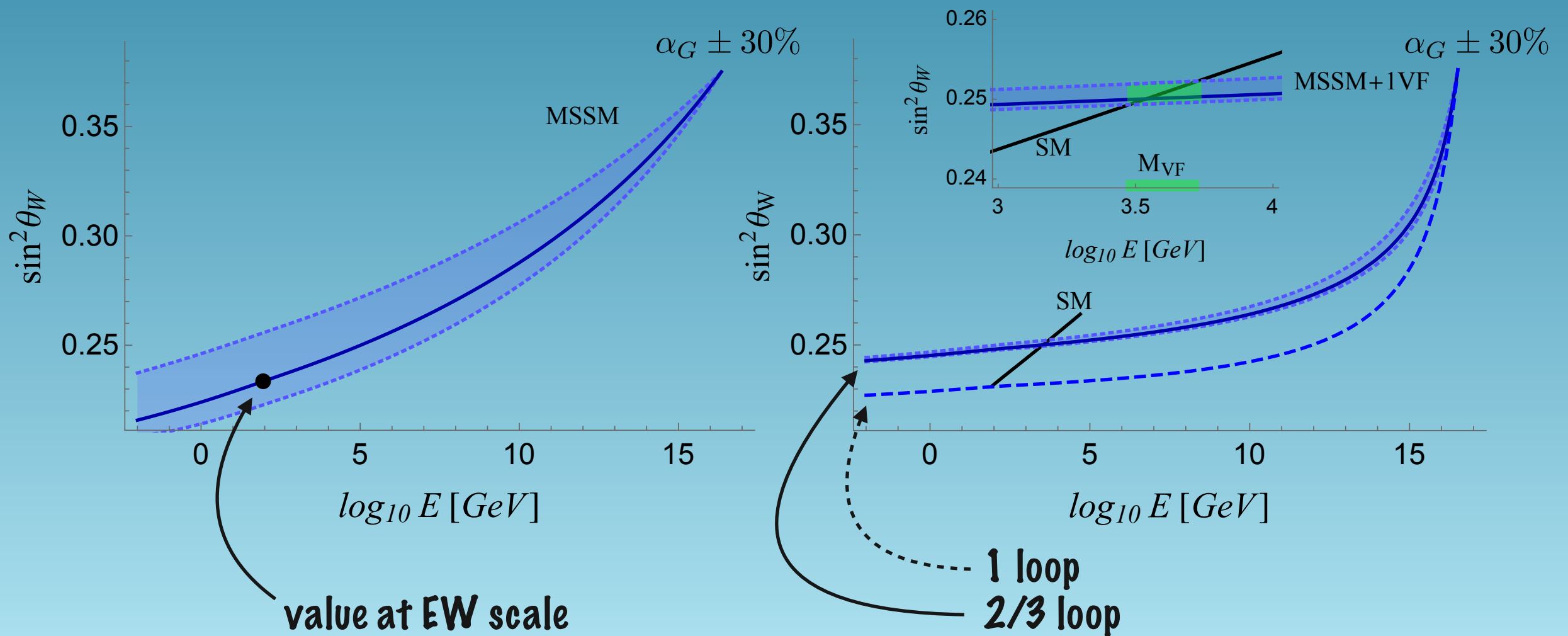
$$\star M_G = M_Z \exp \left( 2\pi \frac{\alpha_1^{-1}(M_Z) - \alpha_2^{-1}(M_Z)}{b_1 - b_2} \right)$$

$$\star \frac{\alpha_i(M_Z)}{\alpha_j(M_Z)} \simeq \frac{b_j}{b_i}$$

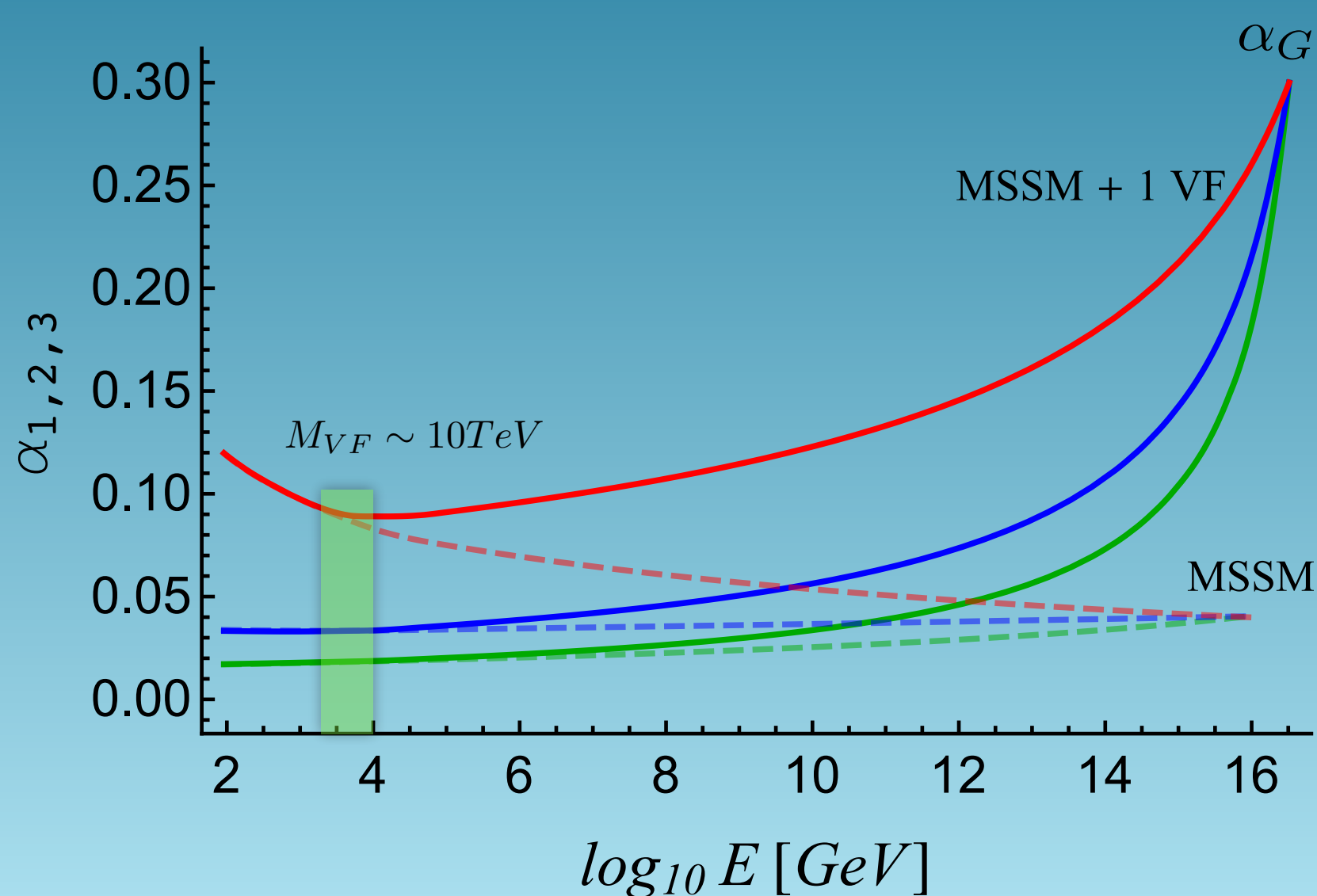
 **Predictions for weak scale parameters based on particle content**

# Weinberg angle

$$\sin^2 \theta_W \equiv \frac{\alpha'}{\alpha_2 + \alpha'} \simeq \frac{b_2}{b_2 + b'} = 0.2205$$



# Gauge Couplings

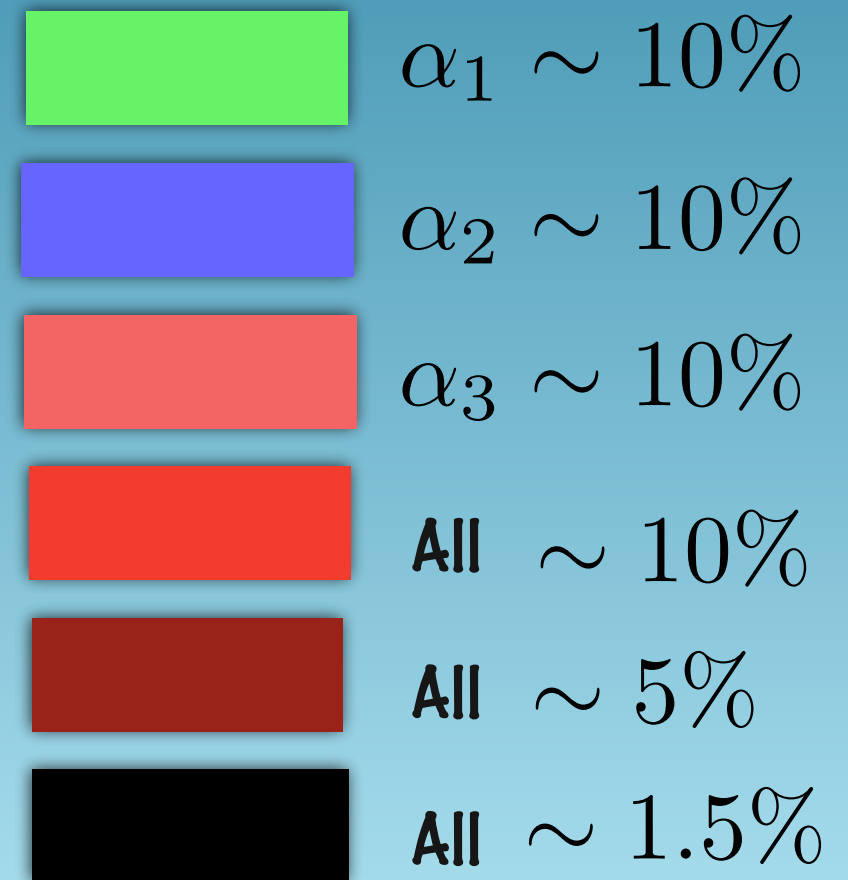
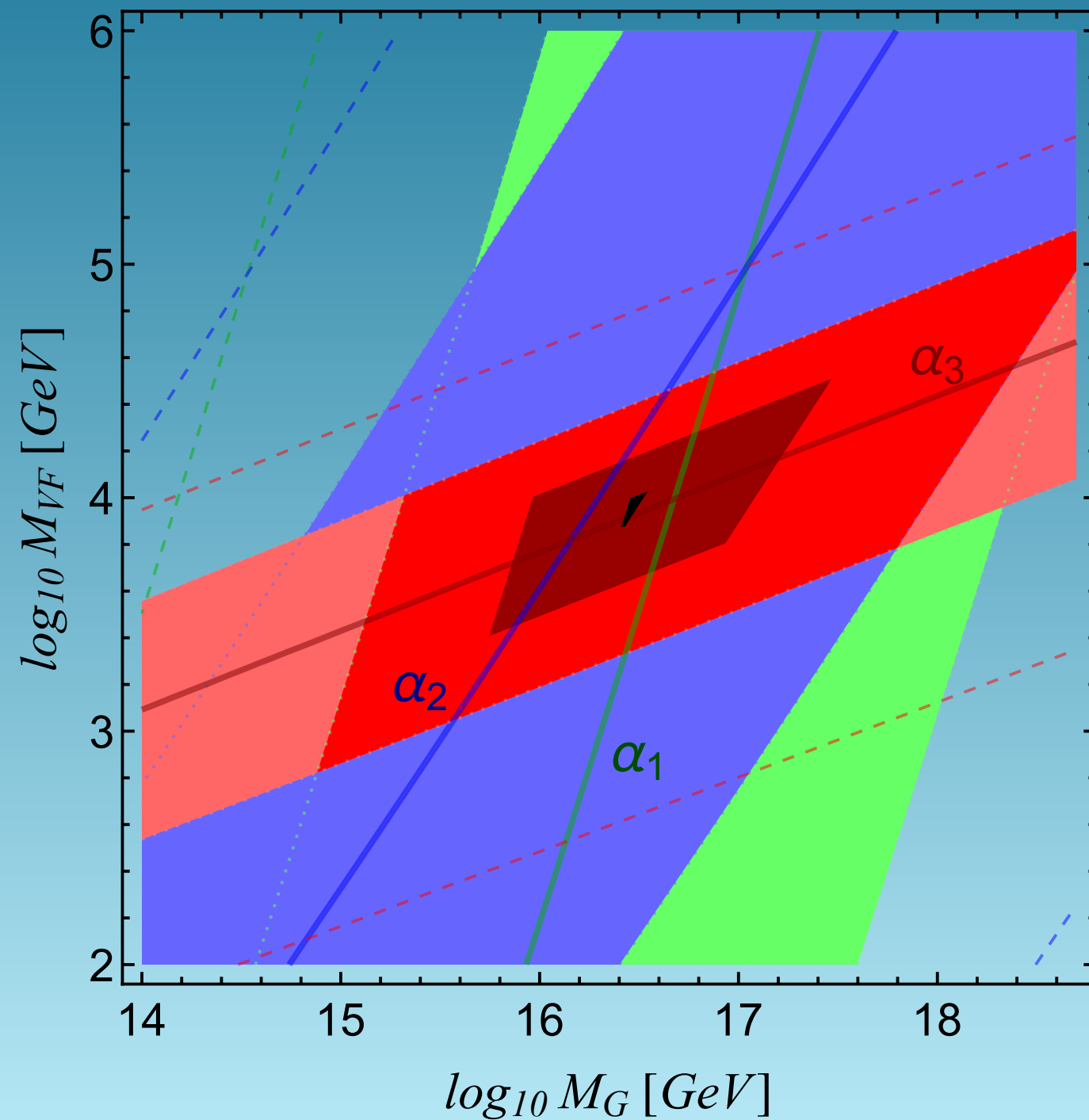


- $M_{SUSY}(M_G) = 10TeV$   
( $M_{1/2}, m_0$ )  
- in the range for Higgs mass
- Consider vector-like matter at a universal weak scale value or universal at the GUT scale

# Motivating a scale for $M_{VF}$ (1)

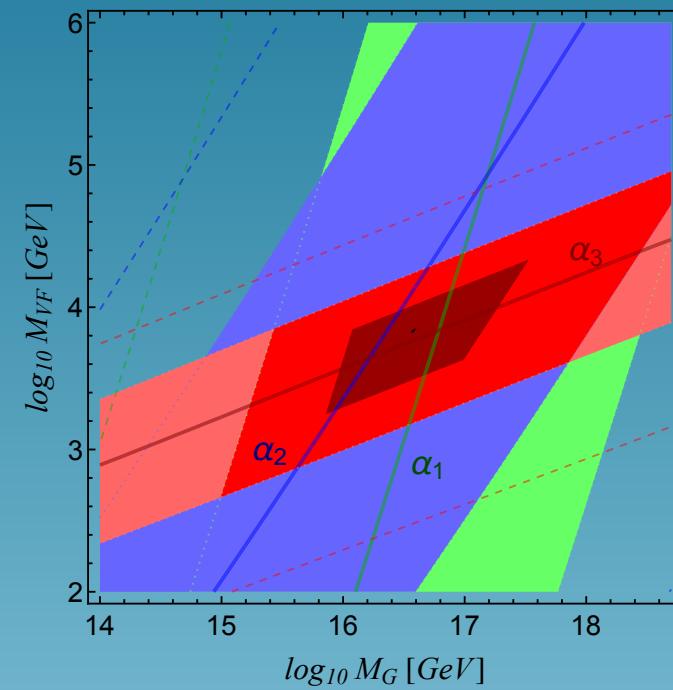
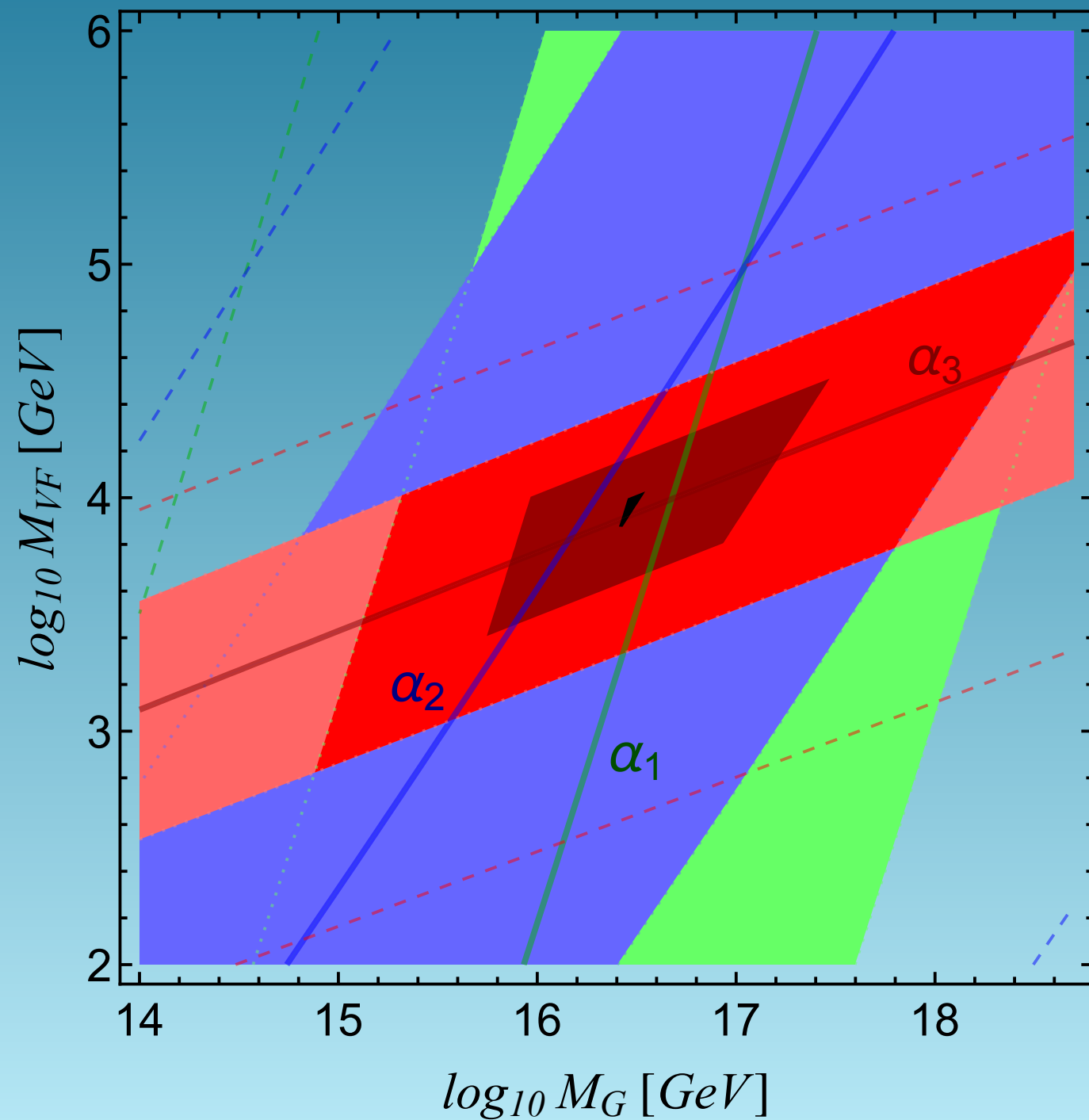
$$\alpha_G = 0.3$$

$M_{VF}$  universal at low scale

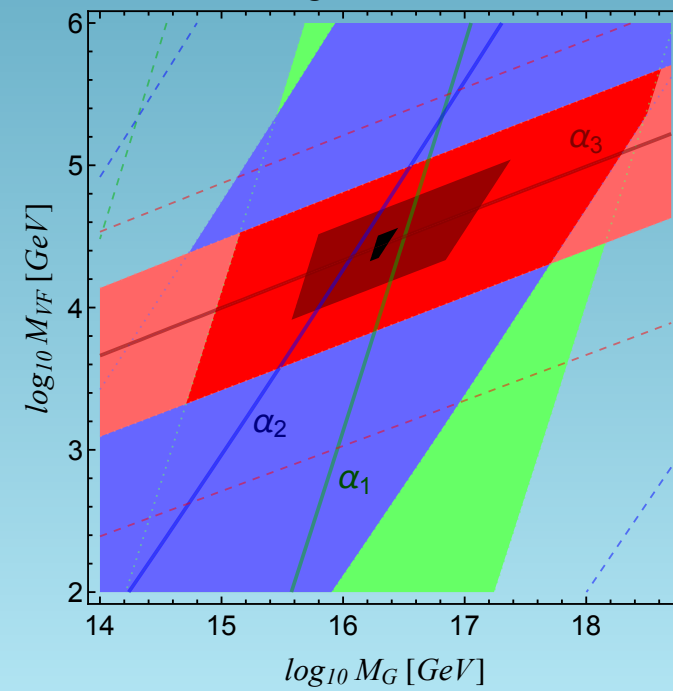




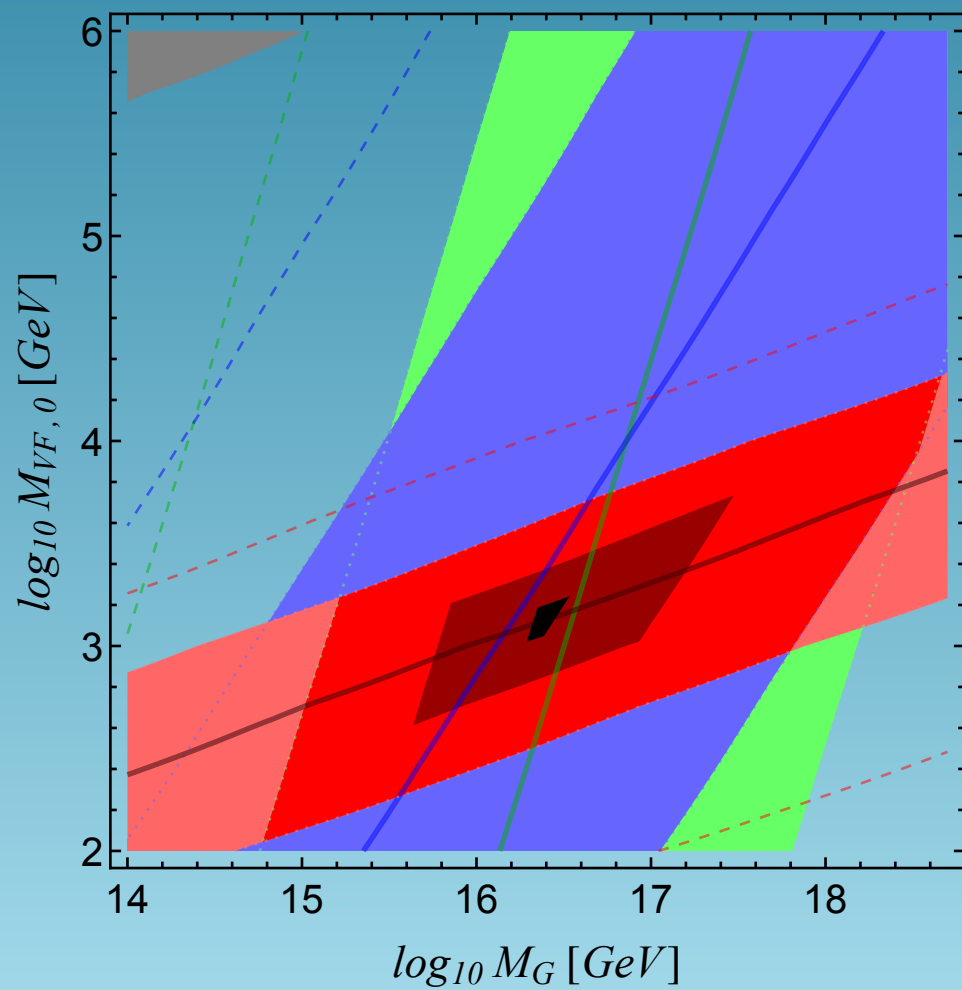
# Motivating a scale for $M_{VF}$ (1)



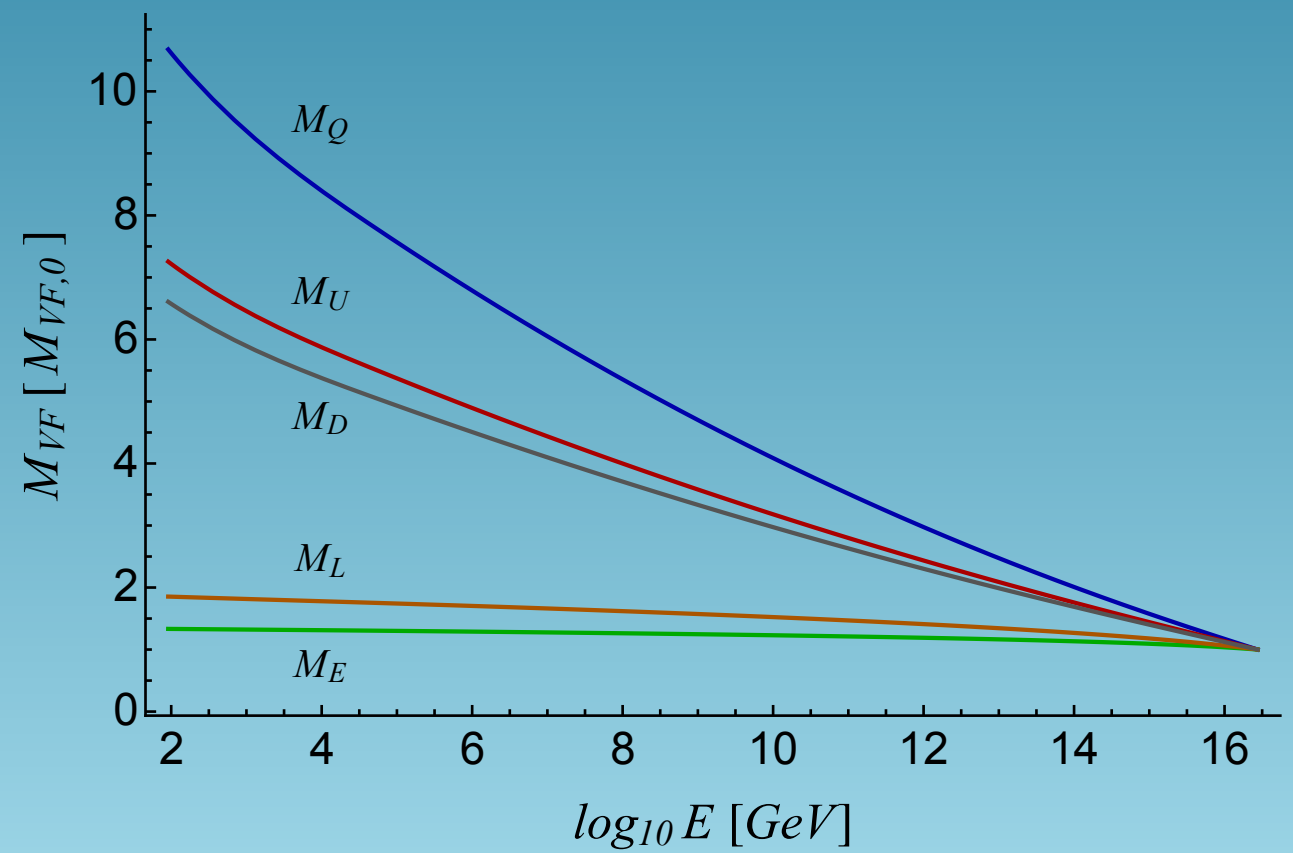
$$\alpha_G = 0.3 \pm 0.1$$



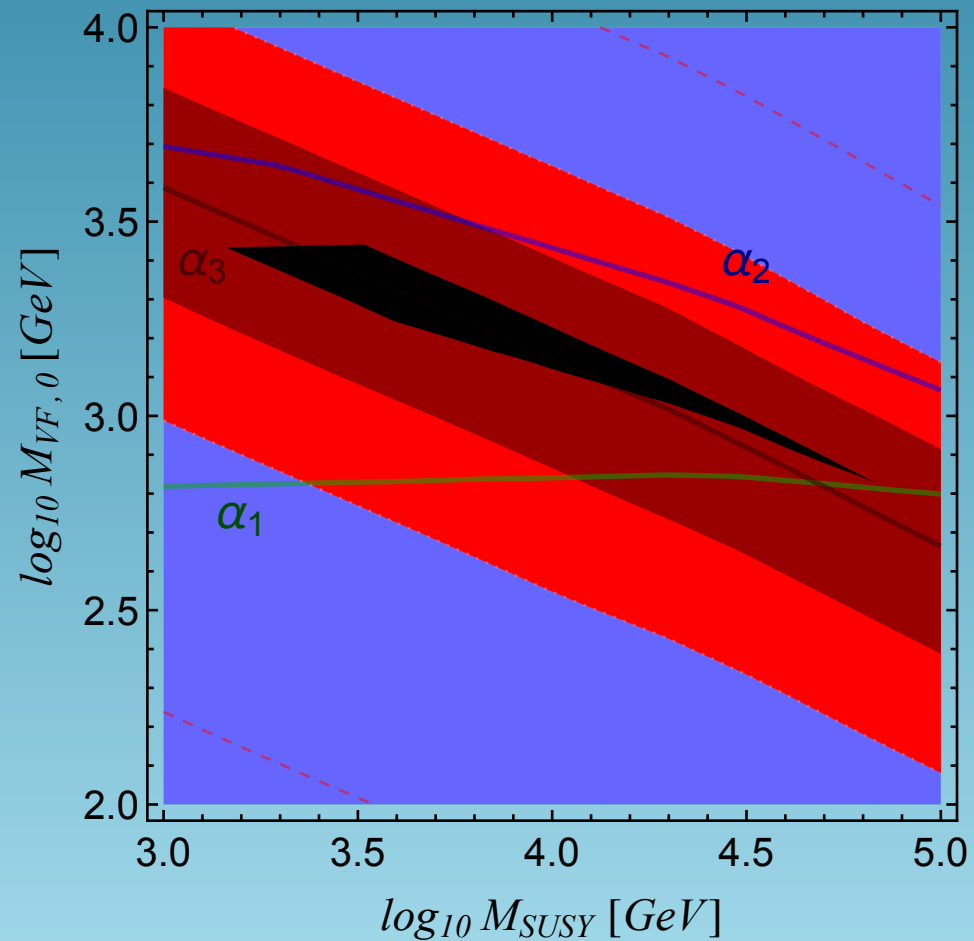
# Mass scale for $M_{VF}$ (2)



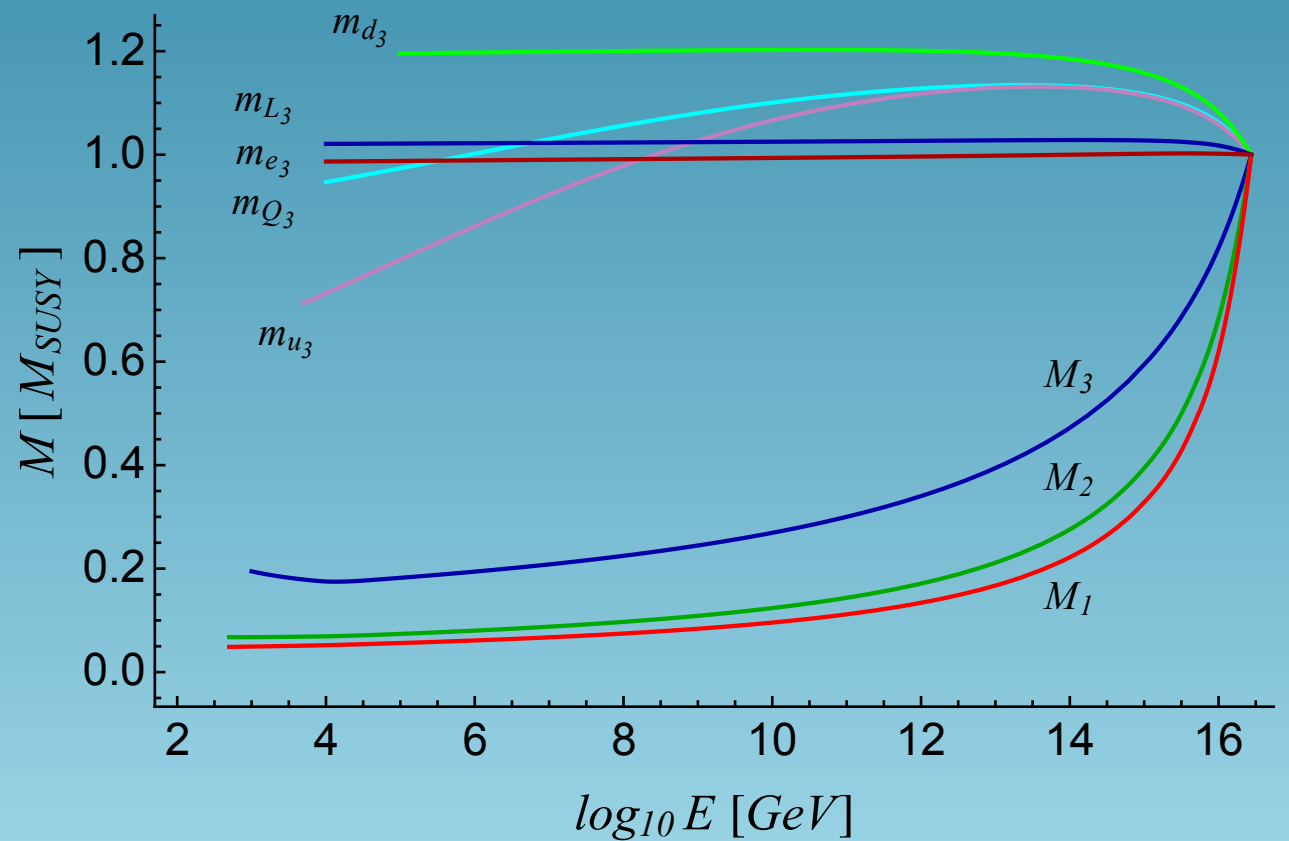
**$M_{VF}$  universal at GUT scale**



# Mass scale for $M_{VF}$ (3)



- $M_{VF}$  universal at GUT scale
- $M_{SUSY}$  varied at GUT scale



- can get Wino LSP, lowering  $M_2$  -20/%

## Recap for vector-like masses and gauge couplings

- IR predictions give indication of scale where vector-like matter decouples
- Possible to obtain predicted gauge couplings within 1.5% of experimental values with  $M_{VF}$  close to 10TeV

Can adjust GUT scale parameters over large ranges and still learn something about the scale of vector-like matter!

## Part 2:

# IR fixed points for the top Yukawa

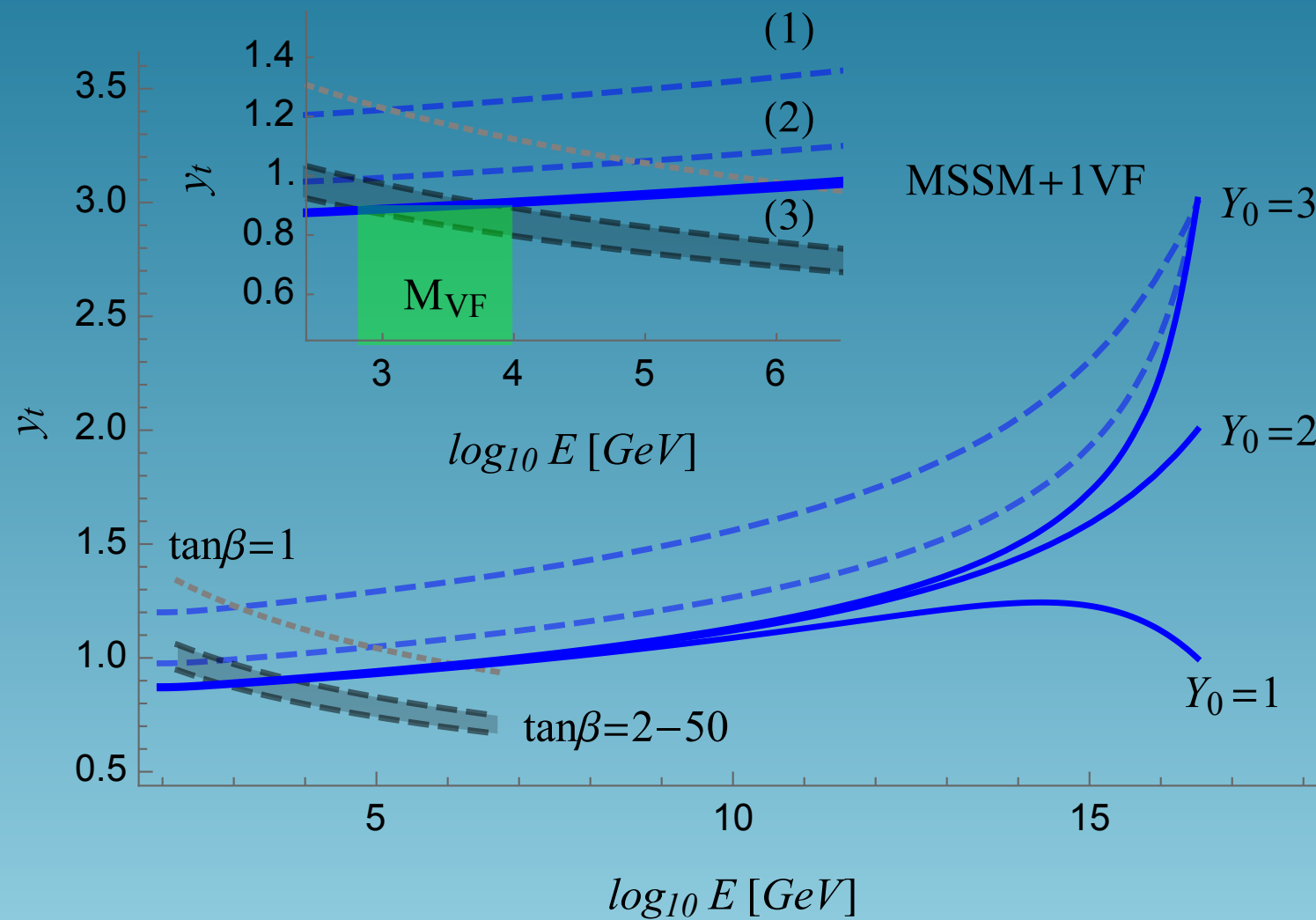
$$W \supset Y_{T_1} H_u Q \bar{U} + Y_{T_2} H_u \bar{Q} D.$$

$$\beta_{y_t}^{(1)} = y_t \left( 6y_t^2 + 3Y_{T_1}^2 + 3Y_{T_2}^2 - \frac{16}{3}g_3^2 - 3g_2^2 - \frac{13}{15}g_1^2 \right)$$

**Fixed point:**  $y_{t, MSSM} \simeq 1.2$

**+1VF:**  $y_t \simeq 0.87$

# $M_{VF}$ vs $Y_t$

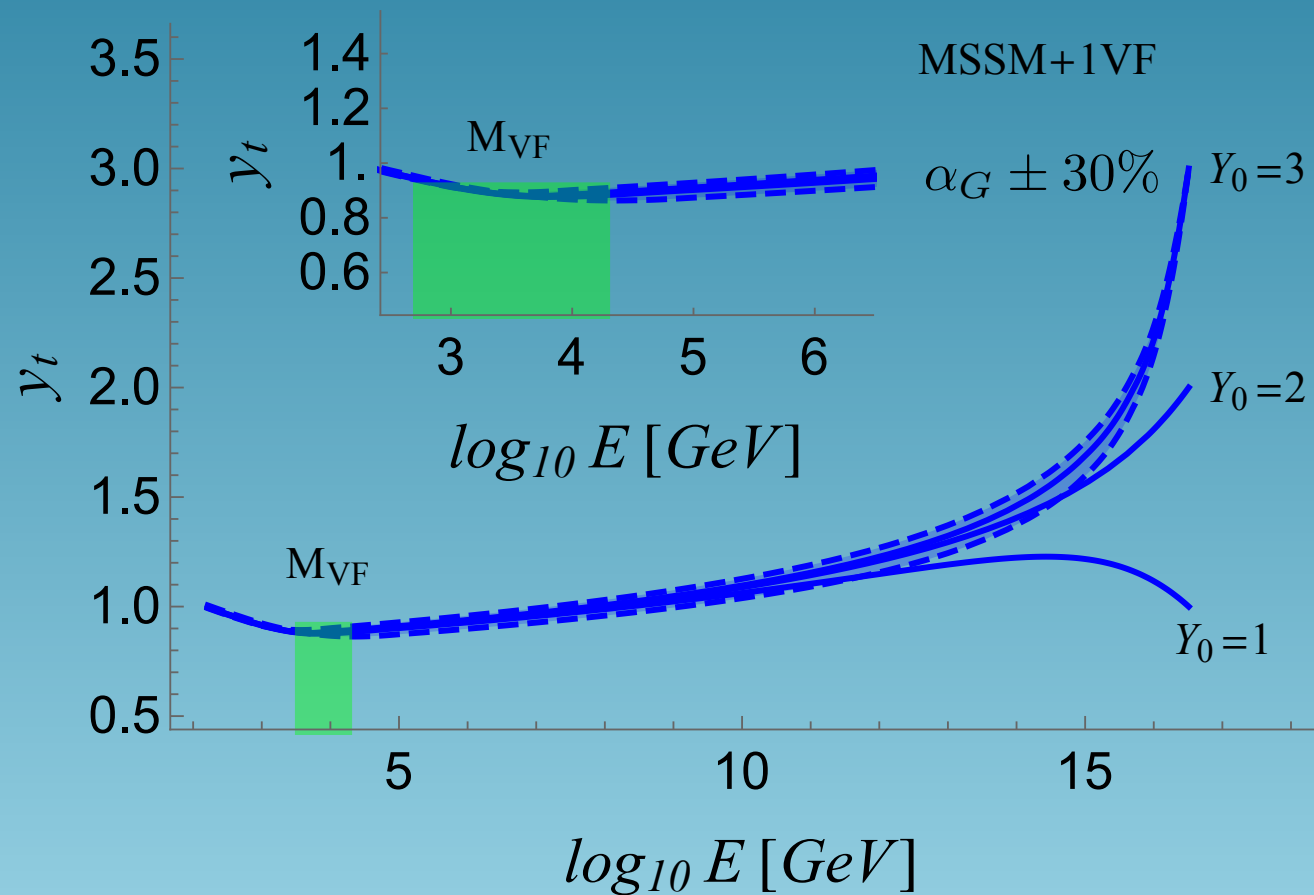


- (1) top-yukawa
- (2) top-yukawa +  $Y_{T1}$
- (3) top-yukawa +  $Y_{T1}$  +  $Y_{T2}$

  $y_t$  in at low energies defined by  $m_t = y_t v \sin \beta$

 Indication of scale to decouple VF

# Sensitivity of $M_t$ to $\alpha_G$

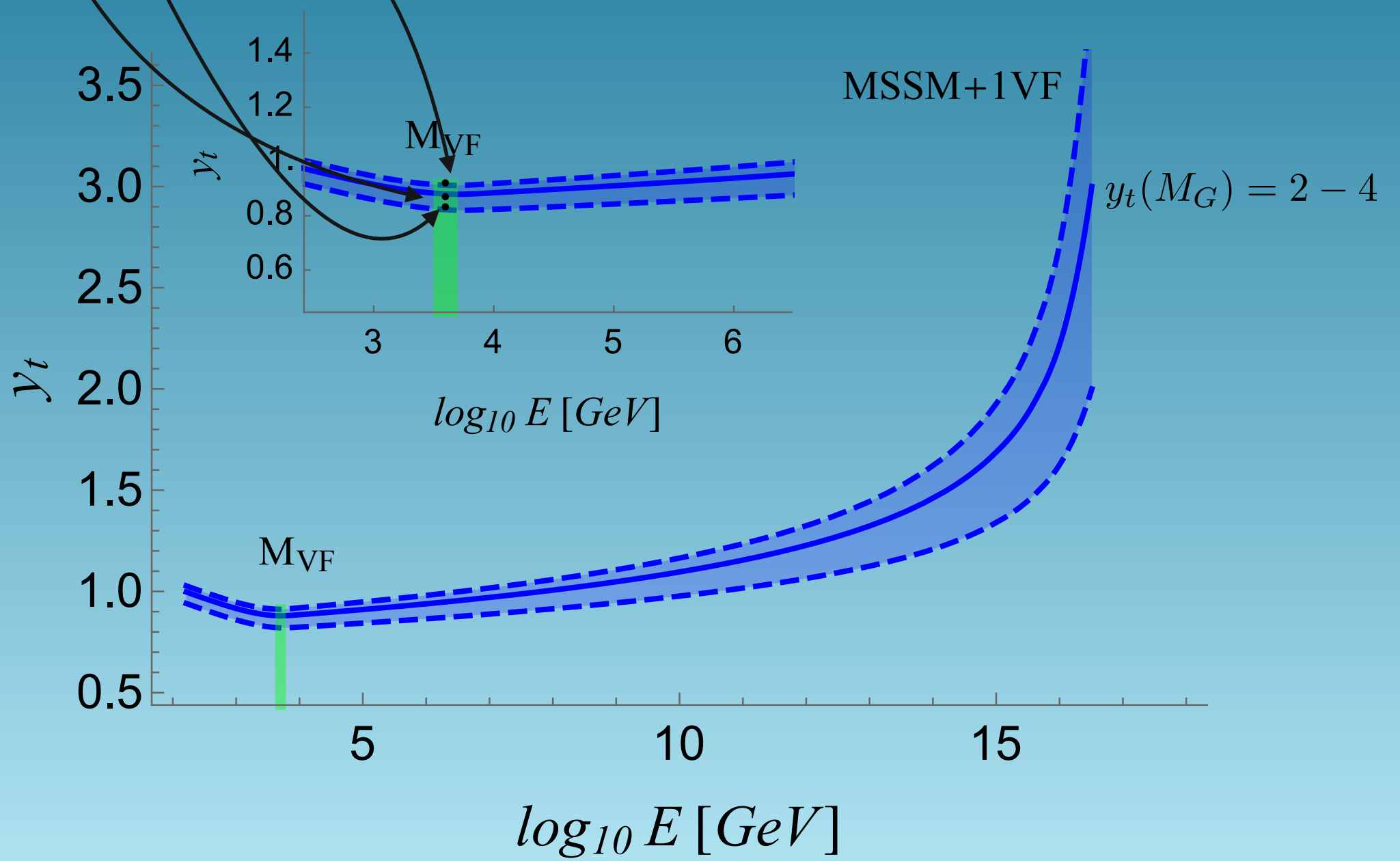


Fixed point predictions for  $M_t$  for  $\tan \beta = 2, 10$

$Y_0$	$M_{VF}$ (TeV)	$M_t$ (GeV), $\tan \beta = 2$	$M_t$ (GeV), $\tan \beta = 10$
1	$6.3_{+17.9}^{-2.5}$	$164.7_{+0.8}^{-0.6}$	$181.6_{+1.1}^{-0.6}$
2	$5.6_{+15.7}^{-2.1}$	$164.7_{+0.8}^{-0.6}$	$182.0_{+1.4}^{-0.8}$
3	$5.3_{+14.3}^{-2.0}$	$164.7_{+0.8}^{-0.6}$	$182.1_{+1.4}^{-0.9}$

# Sensitivity of $M_t$ to $y_t(M_G)$

$\tan \beta = 2, 3, 10$





# Summary

- MSSM extended with a vector-like family gives IR predictions that can be understood based on particle content
  - Weinberg angle within 5%
- Scale for vector-like matter that gives best prediction for gauge couplings - 10TeV
  - extremely robust, not sensitive to GUT scale parameters
- IR fixed point for the top-yukawa gives another prediction that is insensitive to the GUT scale
  - Find again that the best scale for VF to decouple - 10TeV

MSSM+1VF  10TeV