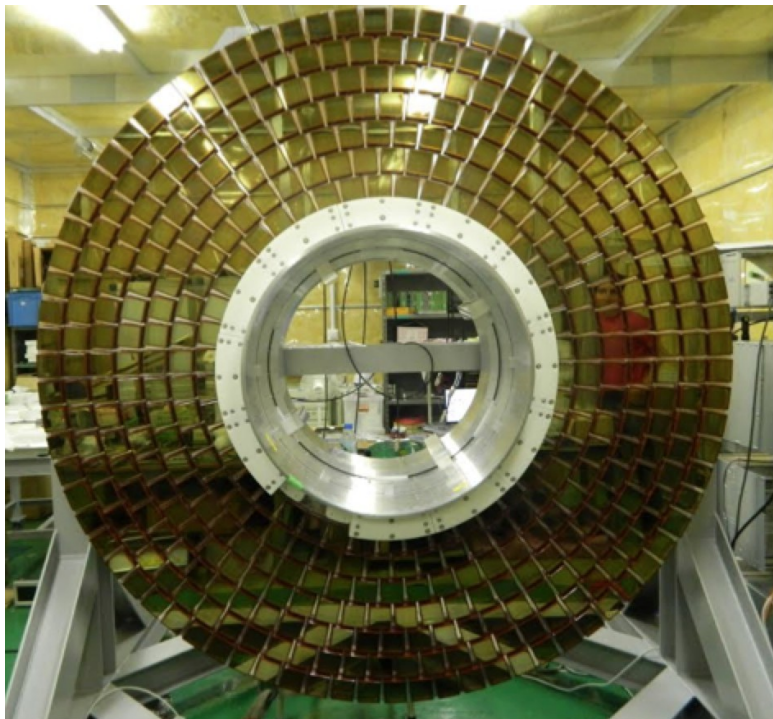
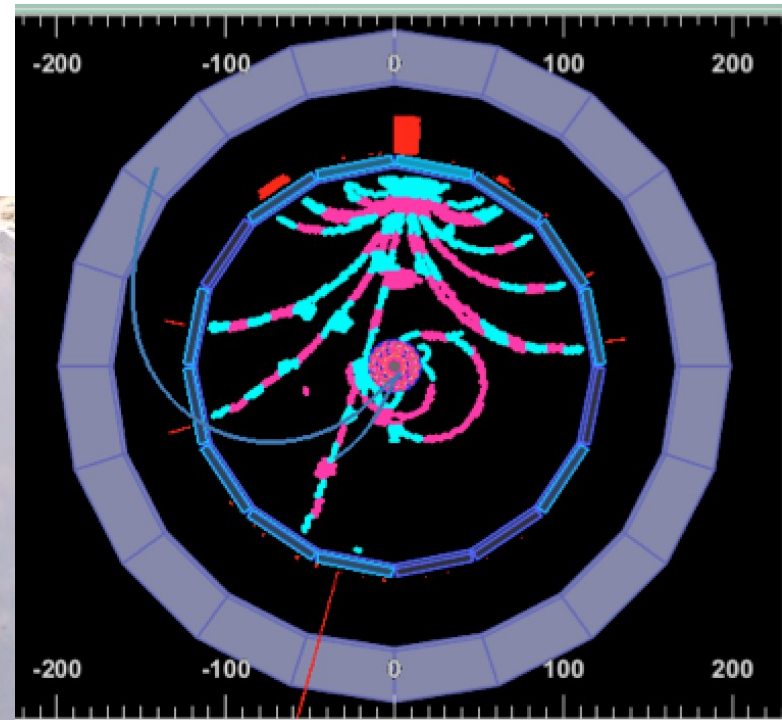


Hadron Physics at

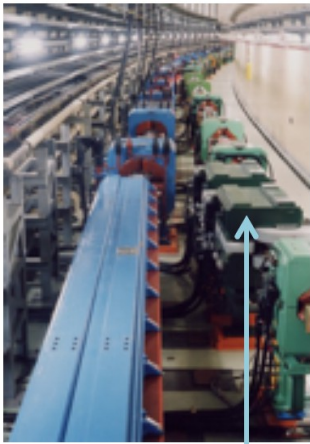


*Roberto Mussa
INFN Torino*

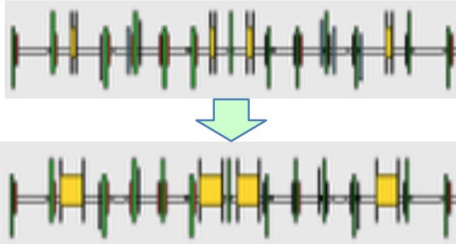


CERN July 17-18, 2017

KEKB \rightarrow Super-KEKB

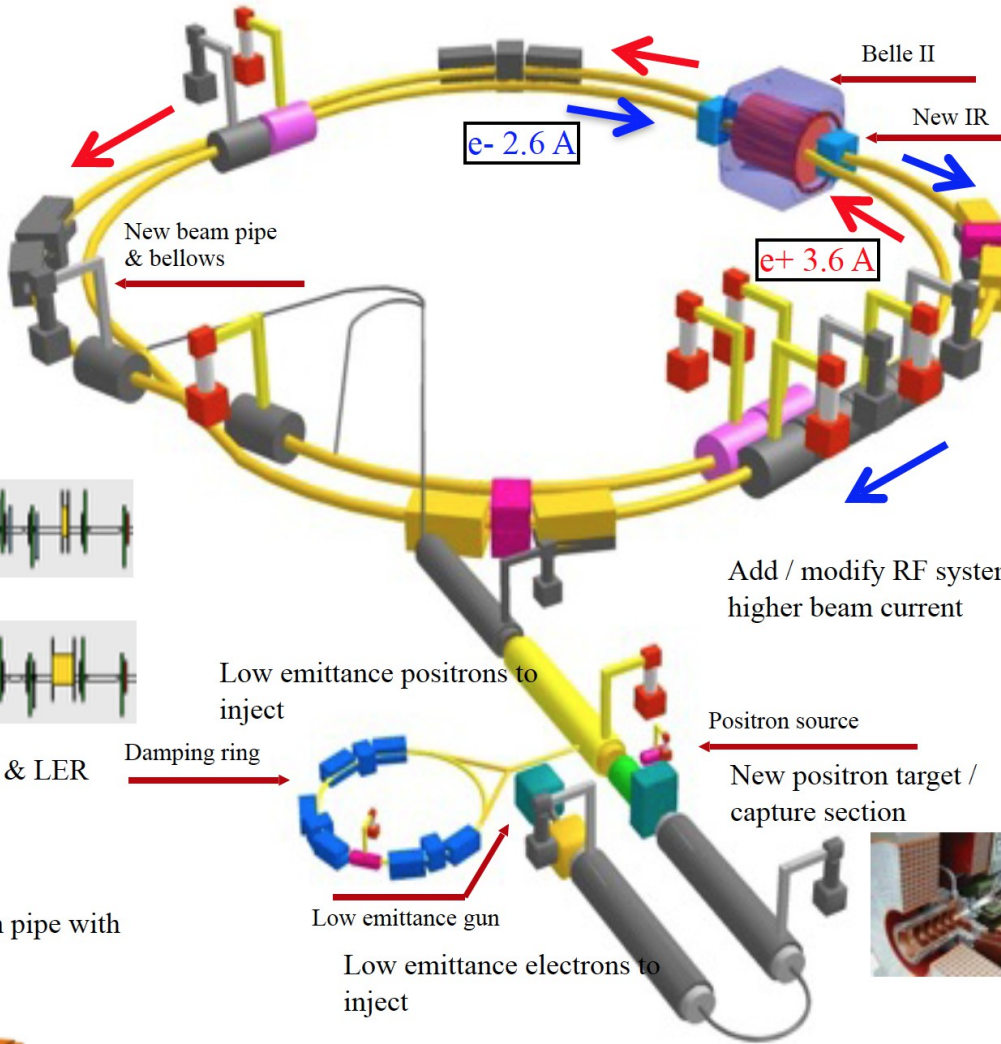
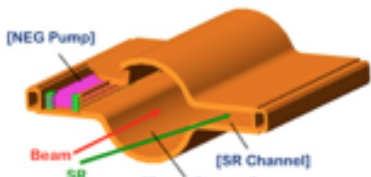


Replace short dipoles with longer ones (LER)



Redesign the lattices of HER & LER to squeeze the emittance

TiN-coated beam pipe with antechambers



Colliding bunches
New superconducting / permanent final focusing quads near the IP



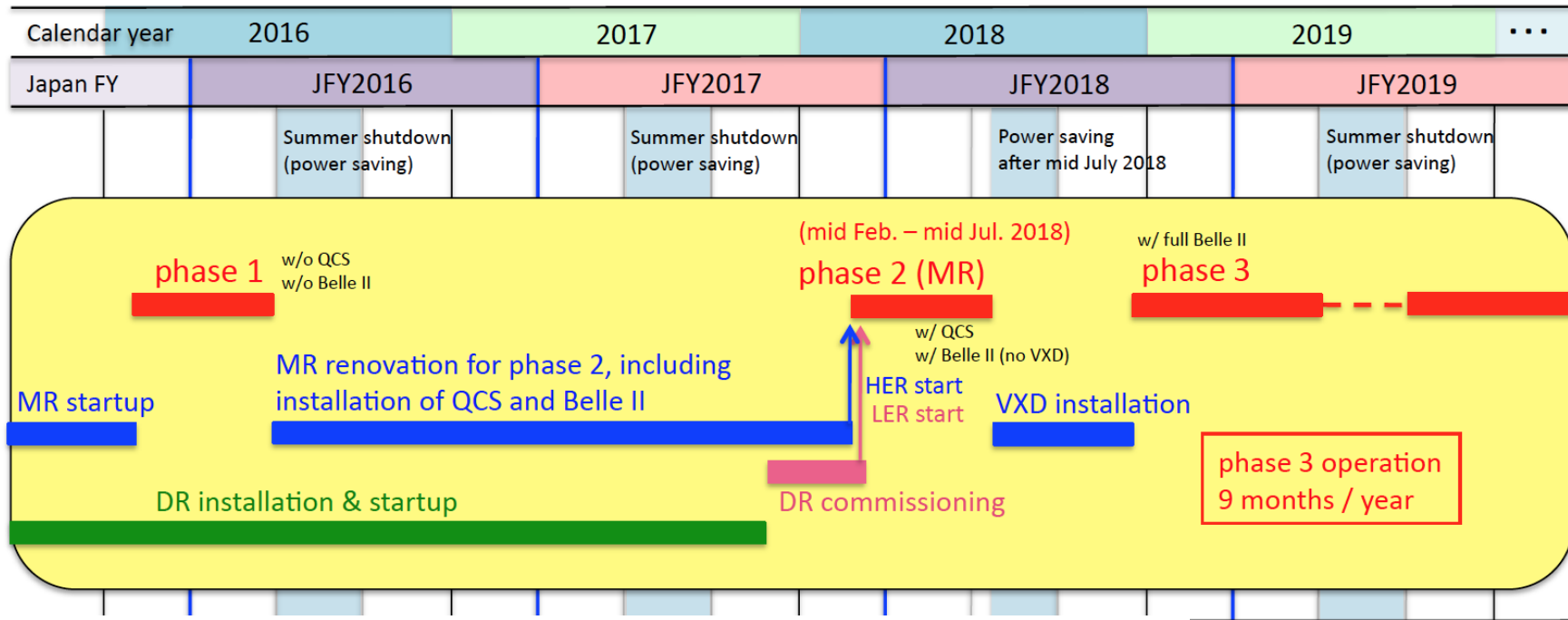
Add / modify RF systems for higher beam current



To obtain x40 higher luminosity

	Energy (GeV) LER/HER	β_y^* (mm) LER/HER	ϵ_x (nm) LER/HER	ξ_y LER/HER	ϕ (mrad)	I_{beam} (A) LER/HER	Luminosity ($\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$) $\times 10^{34}$
KEKB Achieved	3.5/8.0	5.9/5.9	18/24	0.129/0.090	11	1.64/1.19	2.11
SuperKEKB	4.0/7.0	0.27/0.41	3.2/2.4	0.09/0.09	41.5	3.6/2.62	80

KEKB short term plans: startup schedule

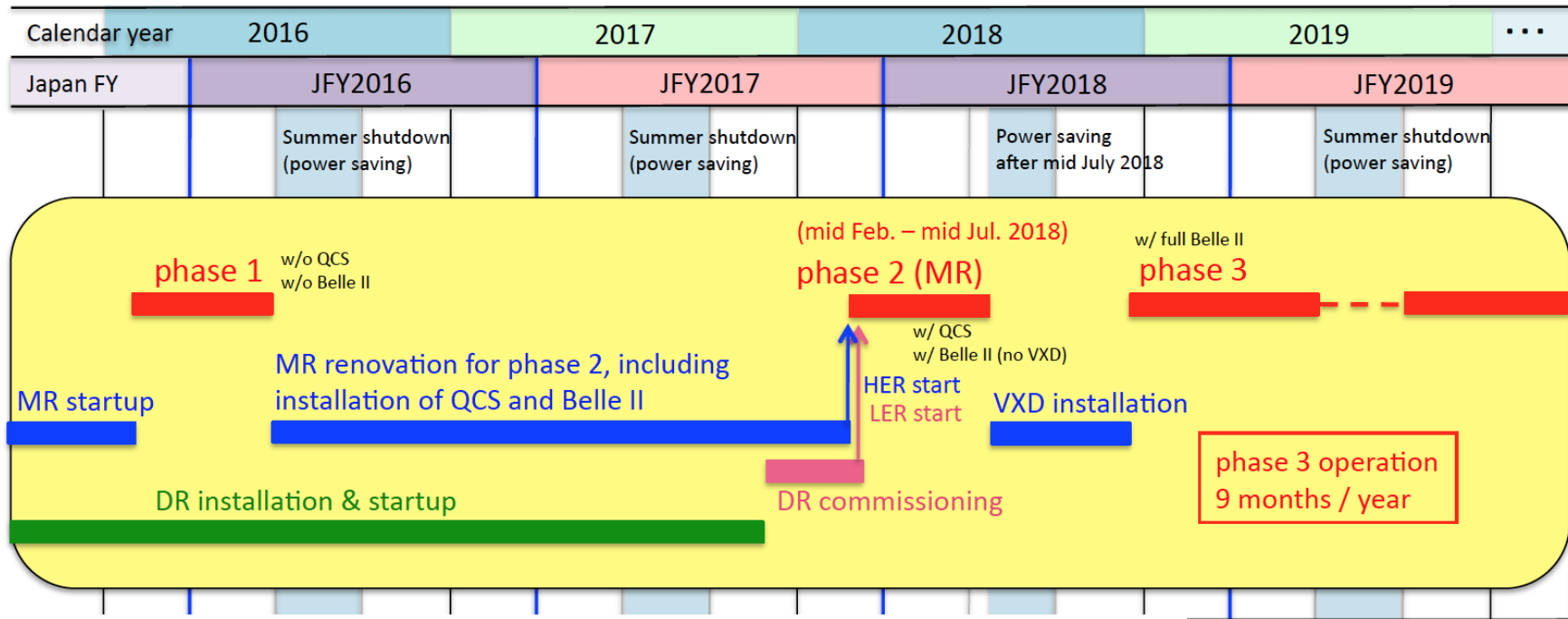


- **Summer 2017:** global cosmic ray run
- **September 2017:** ARICH and forward ECL
- **October 2017:** start Beast Phase II VXD commissioning
- **Nov 2017 - Summer 2018:** Phase 2 commissioning, with two main goals:
 - ✓ tune SuperKEKB with nano-beams - eventually reach KEKB design luminosity
 - ✓ ensure background levels are compatible with vertex detector operation
 - ✓ then, if compatible with the above, also do some physics without vertex detectors
- **Summer 2018:** install vertex detectors
- **End 2018:** full detector operation - **start of Physics run**

11/4: Belle-II roll in

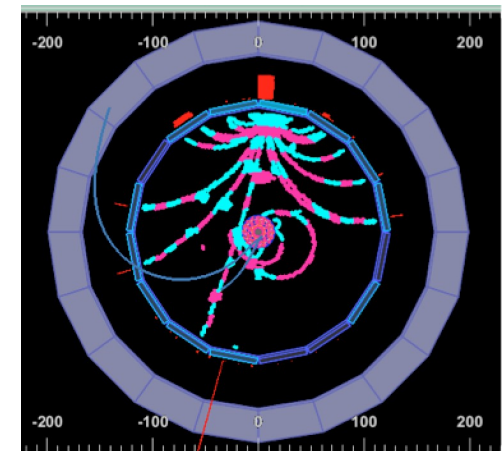


KEKB short term plans: startup schedule

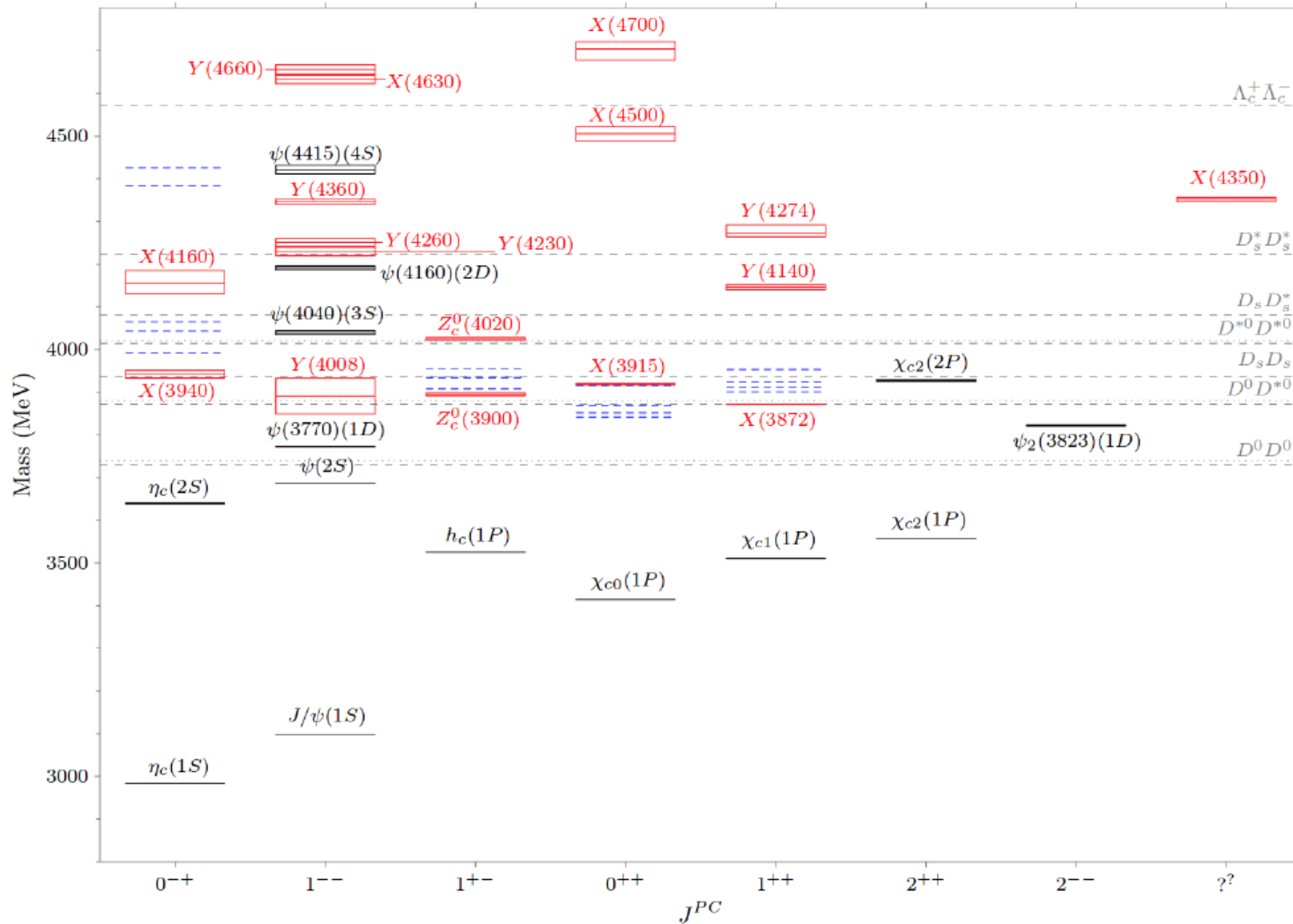


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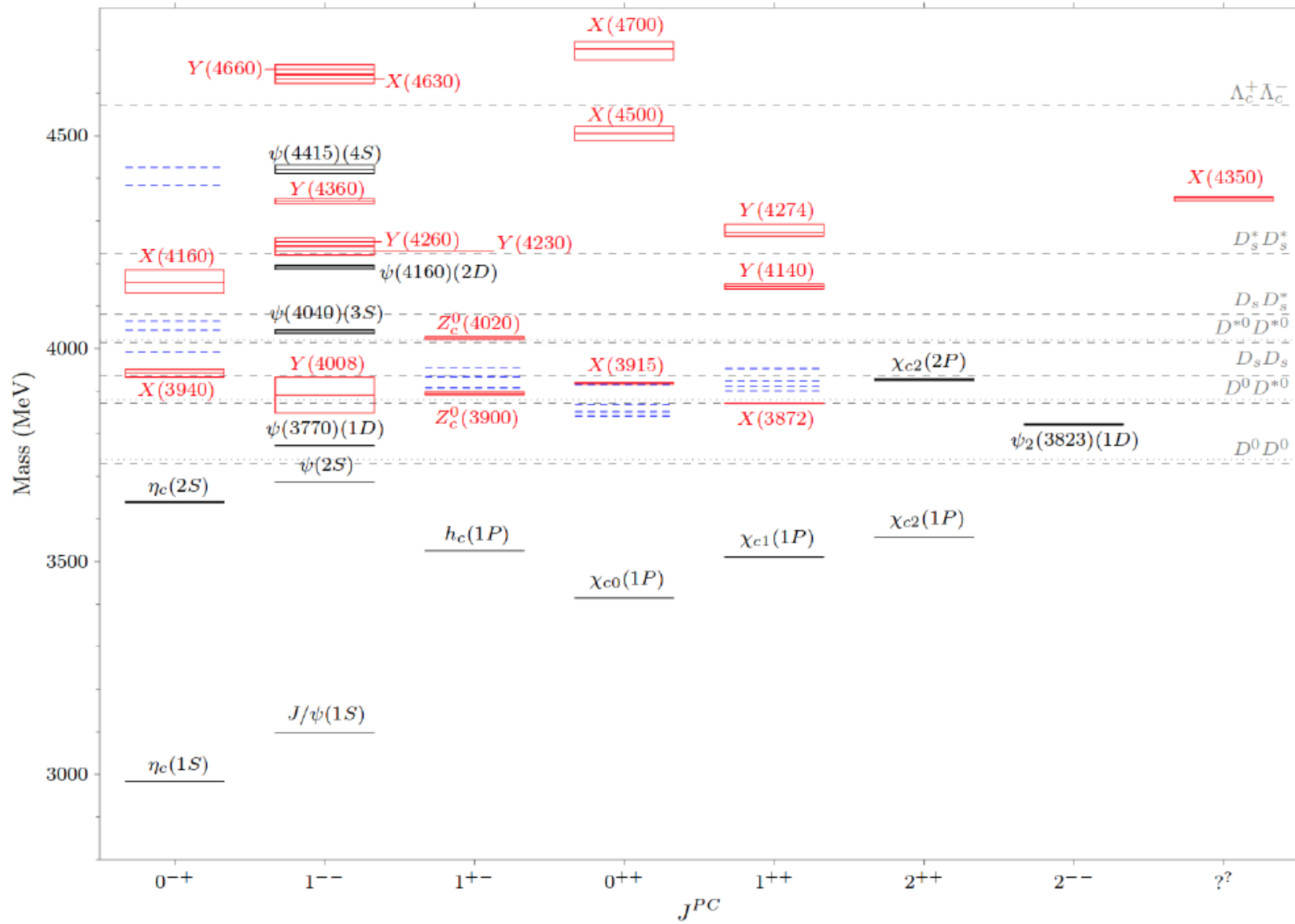
6/2017: cosmics in B field



The legacy of 1st generation B-factories...

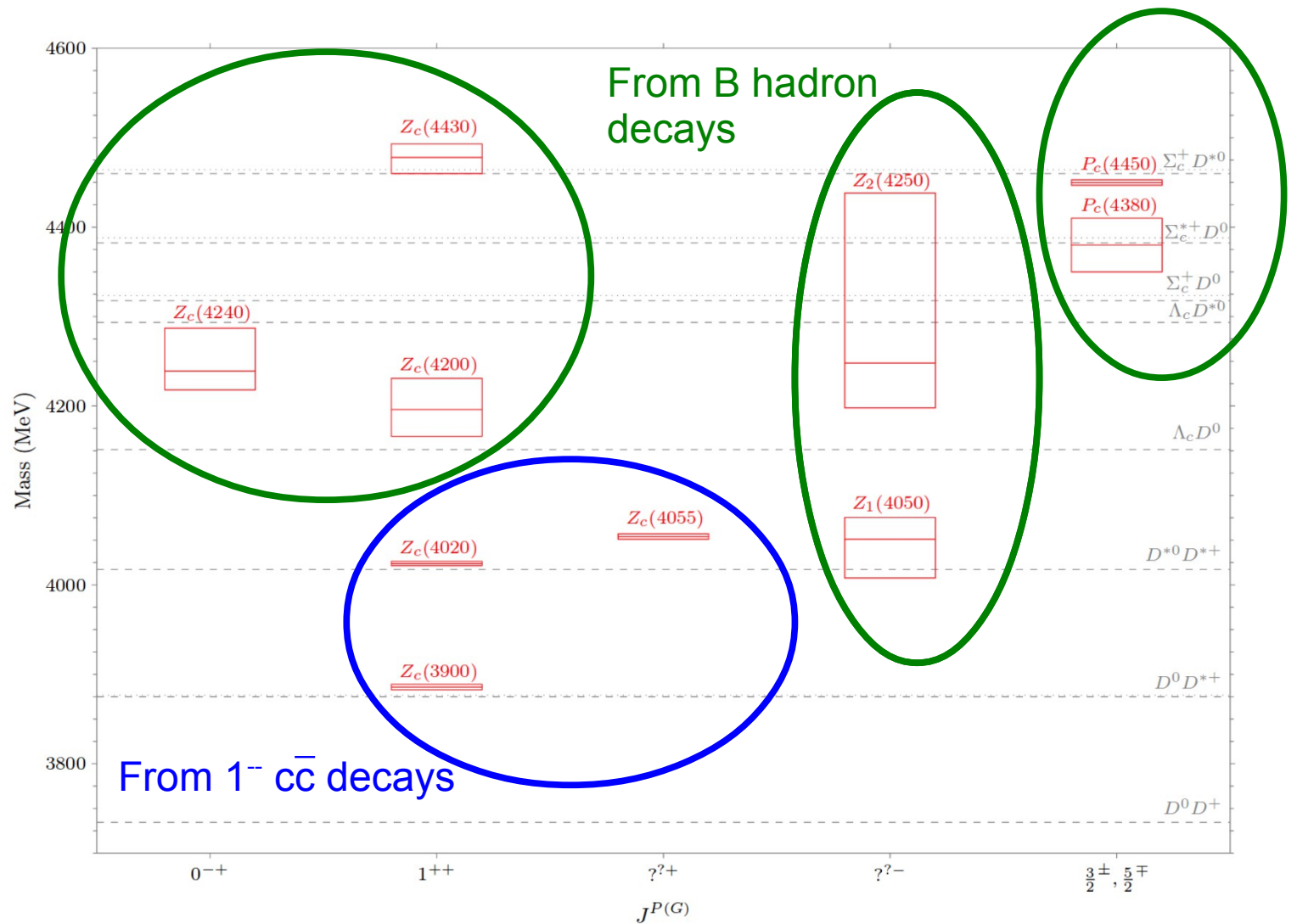


The legacy of 1st generation B-factories...



Challenge for the new generation: sort out this mess...

Charged charmoniumlike: width vs production mechanism



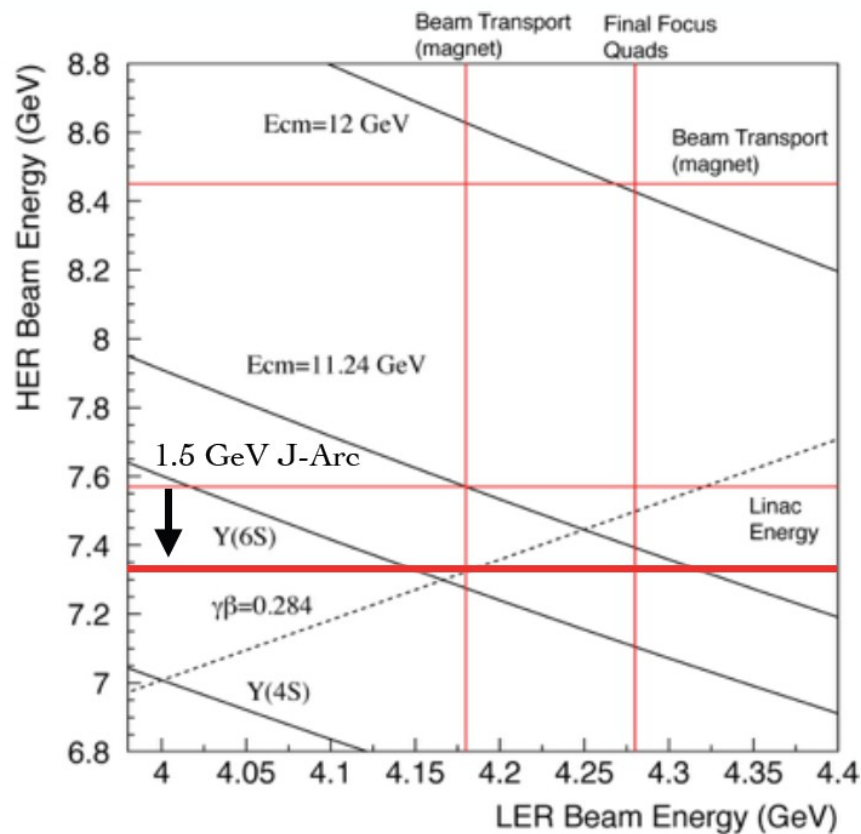
Motivations for non- $\Upsilon(4S)$ running

Particles	Threshold, GeV/ c^2
$B^{(*)}\bar{B}^{**}$	11.00 – 11.07
$B_s^{(*)}\bar{B}_s^{**}$	11.13 – 11.26
$\Lambda_b\bar{\Lambda}_b$	11.24
$B^{**}\bar{B}^{**}$	11.44 – 11.49
$B_s^{**}\bar{B}_s^{**}$	11.48 – 11.68
$\Lambda_b\bar{\Lambda}_b^{**}$	11.53 – 11.54
$\Sigma_b^{(*)}\bar{\Sigma}_b^{(*)}$	11.62 – 11.67
$\Lambda_b^{**}\bar{\Lambda}_b^{**}$	11.82 – 11.84

Energy	Outcome	Lumi (fb ⁻¹)	Comments
$\Upsilon(1S)$ On	N/A	60+	-No interest identified -Low energy
$\Upsilon(2S)$ On	New physics searches	20+	-Requires special trigger
$\Upsilon(1D)$ Scan	Particle discovery	10-20	-Already accessible in B Factories?
$\Upsilon(3S)$ On	Many -onia topics	200+	-Known resonance -Luminosity requirement: Phase 3
$\Upsilon(3S)$ Scan	Precision QED	~10	-Understanding of beam conditions needed
$\Upsilon(2D)$ Scan	Particle discovery	10-20	-Unknown mass
$>\Upsilon(4S)$ On	Particle discovery?	10+?	-Energy to be determined
$\Upsilon(6S)$ On	Particle discovery?	30+?	-Upper limit of machine energy
Single γ	New physics?	30+	-Special triggers required

Experiment	Scans/Off. Res.	$\Upsilon(5S)$		$\Upsilon(4S)$		$\Upsilon(3S)$		$\Upsilon(2S)$		$\Upsilon(1S)$	
		10876 MeV	fb ⁻¹ 10 ⁶	10580 MeV	fb ⁻¹ 10 ⁶	10355 MeV	fb ⁻¹ 10 ⁶	10023 MeV	fb ⁻¹ 10 ⁶	9460 MeV	fb ⁻¹ 10 ⁶
CLEO	17.1	0.4	0.1	16	17.1	1.2	5	1.2	10	1.2	21
BaBar	54	R_b scan		433	471	30	122	14	99	—	
Belle	100	121	36	711	772	3	12	25	158	6	102

Super KEKB limitations



Y(4S)

HER: 7 GeV

LER: 4 GeV

A - B sector : 1 backup unit

C - 2 sector: 1 backup unit

3 - 5 sector: 1 backup unit

(1 unit = 160 MeV)

C - 2 → 2 backup units in Phase 3

Y(6S)

HER: 7.30 GeV

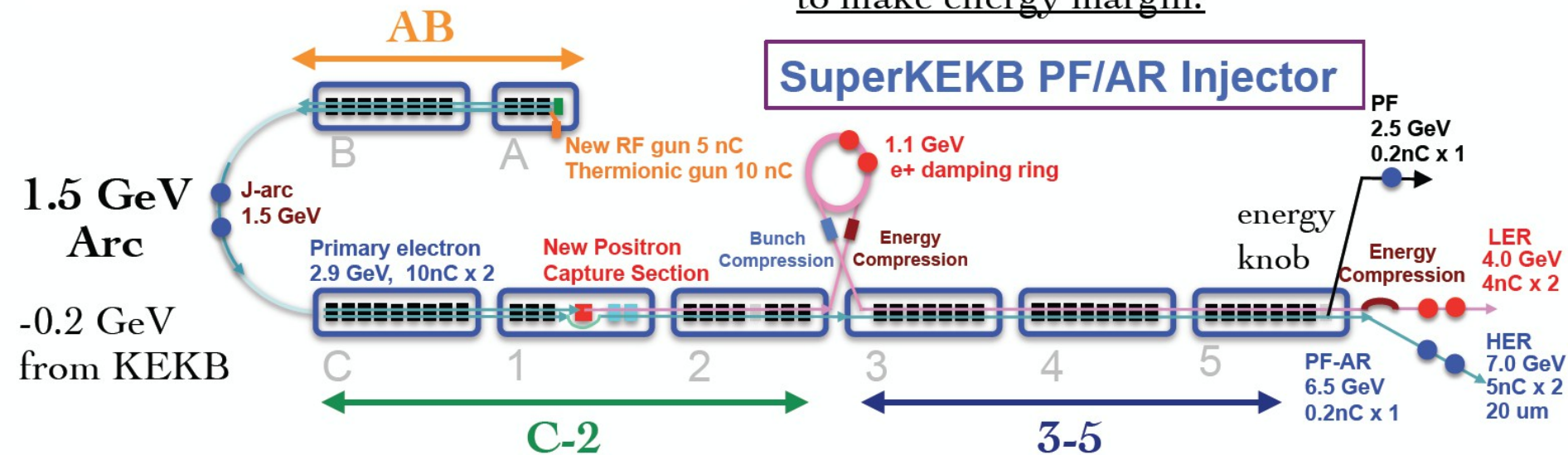
no backup unit in C - 5 sector (max 7.35 GeV)

LER: 4.16 GeV

no backup unit in 3 - 5 sector (max 4.18 GeV)

Risk at higher beam energy

The old accelerating structures should be replaced to make energy margin.

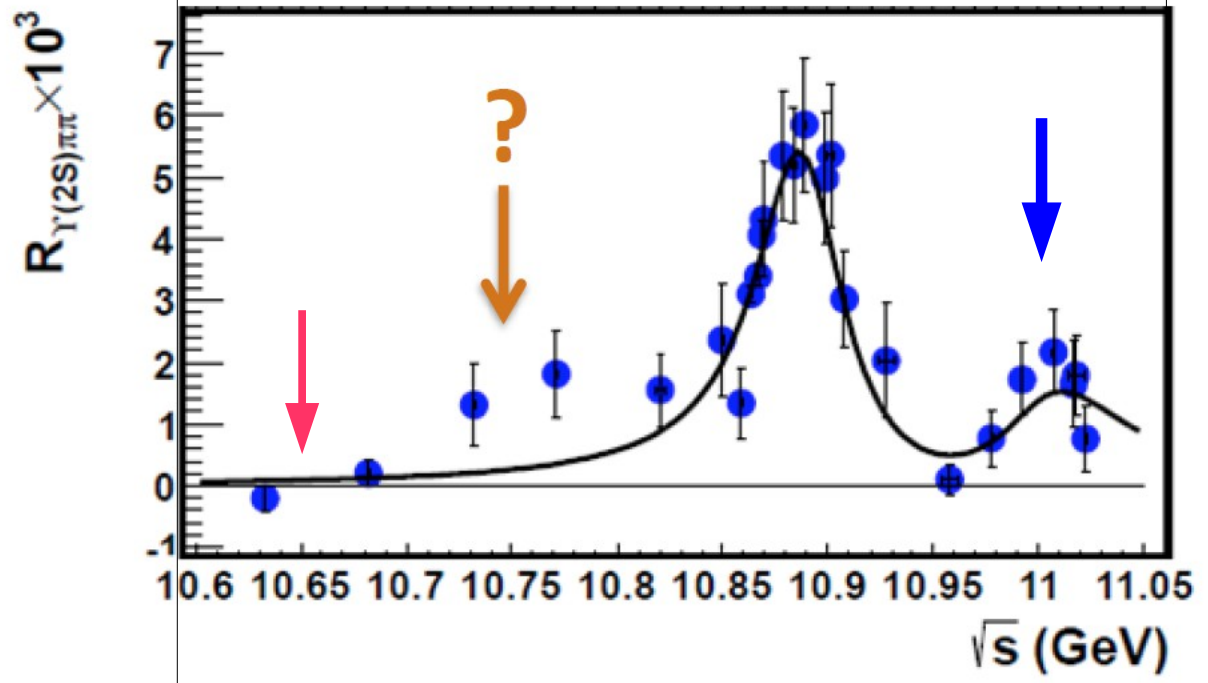
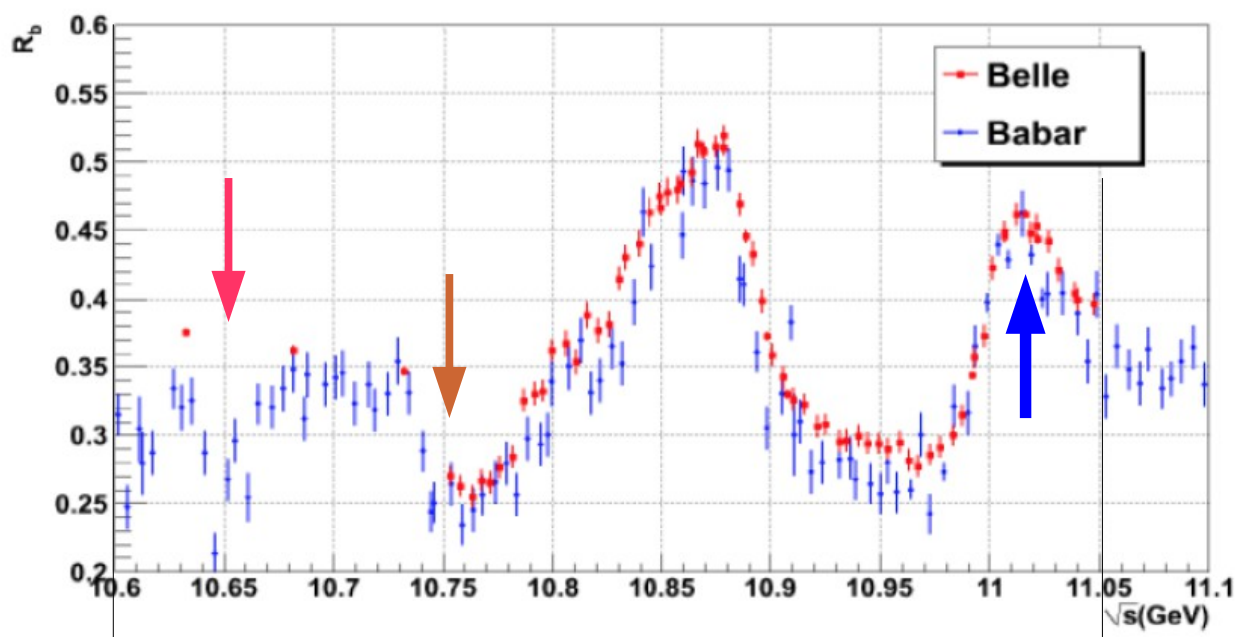
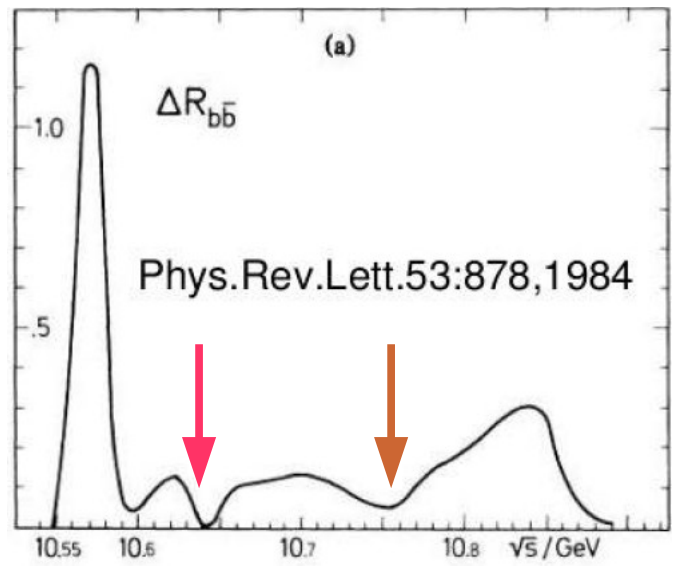


Scenarios for Phase-II

Where to run for $Ldt \sim 10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$?

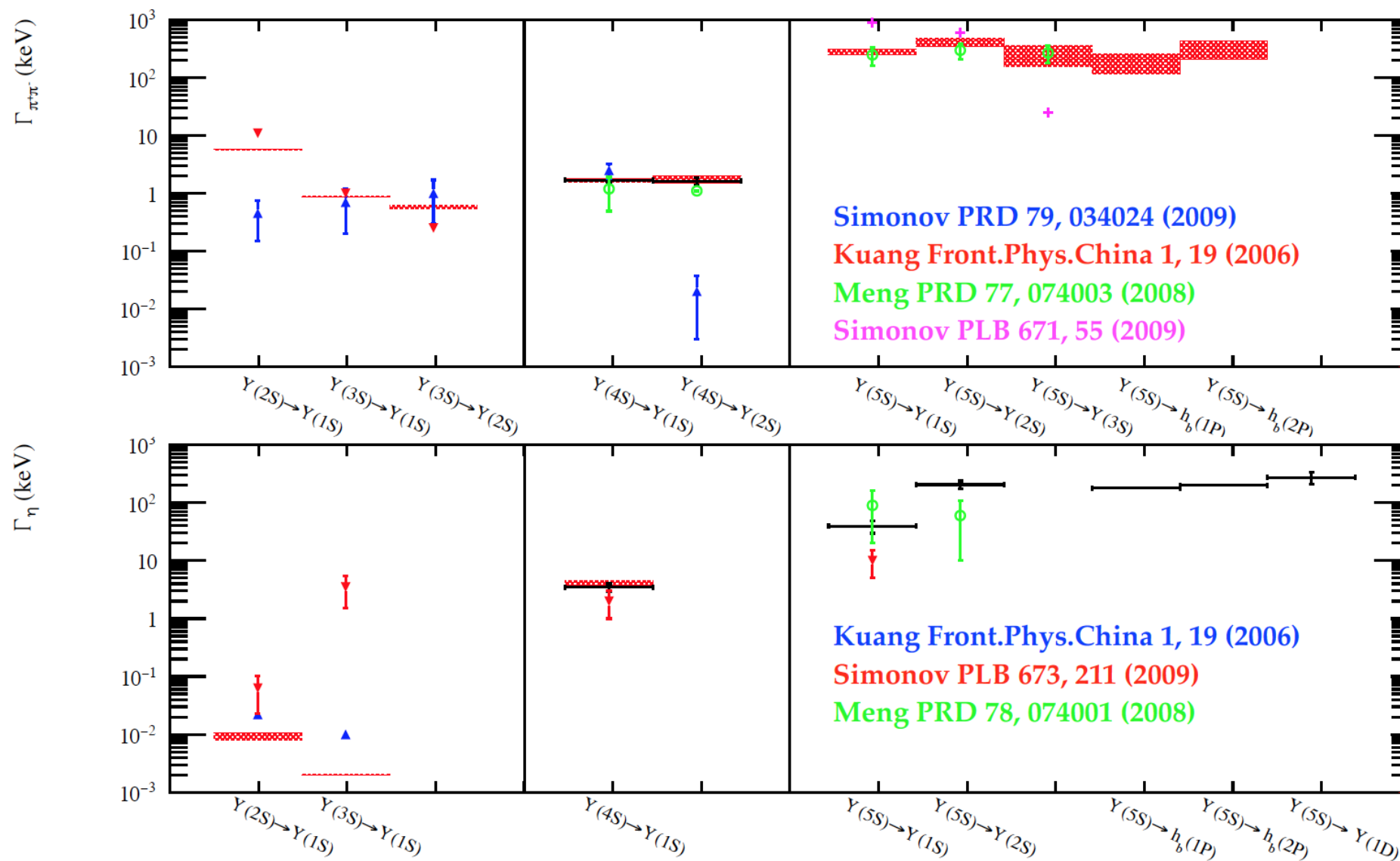
- $E = 10.65 \text{ GeV}$
Dip in R_b , just on B^*B^* threshold
- $E = 10.75 \text{ GeV}$
On the first $Z_b \pi$ threshold
Above R_b drop at 10.74
Bump observed in R_Y
- $E = 11.02 \text{ GeV}$
 $Y(6S)$ peak,
6pt scan (1 fb^{-1} each) in Belle-I

Note: features predicted by theory (coupled channel model)

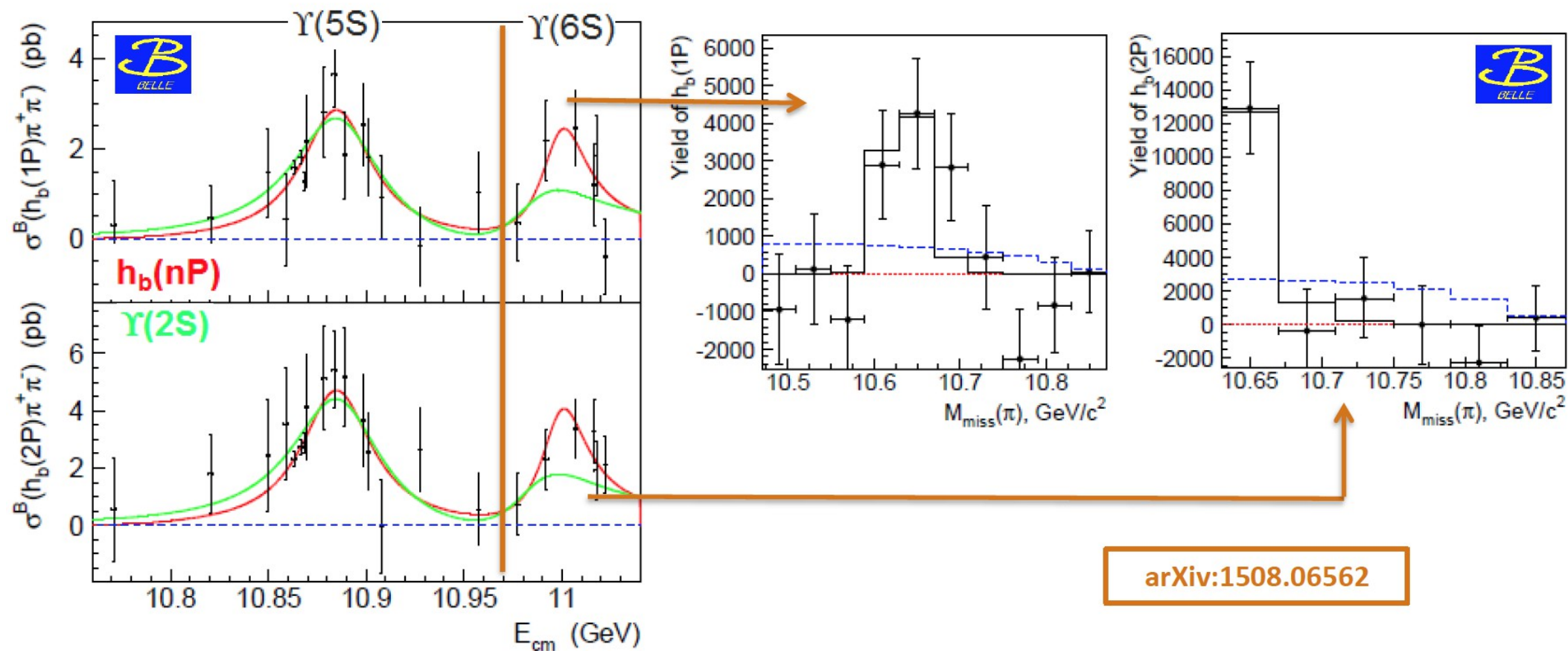


The puzzle of eta / dipion transitions in bottomonium

Still lacking a unified theoretical model to describe the observed evolution of the cross section



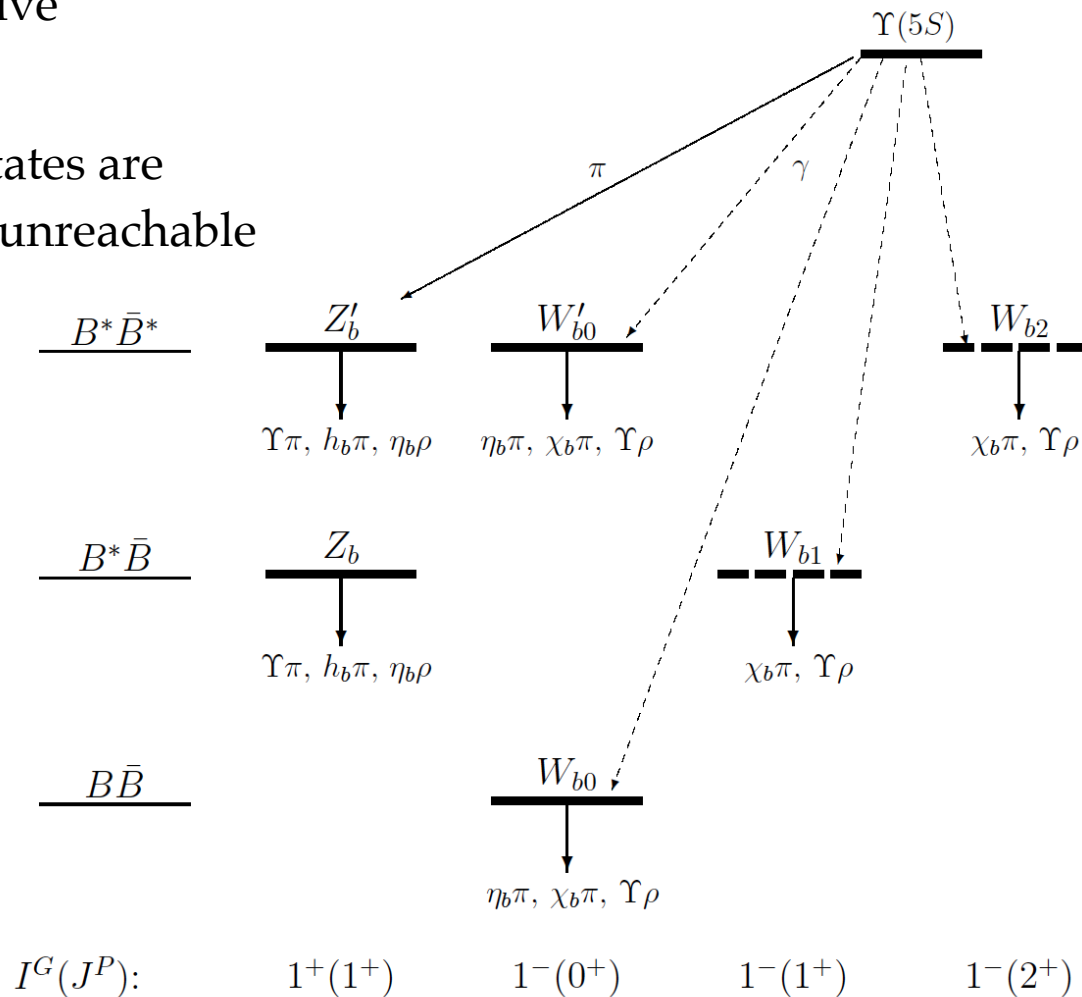
- Preliminary evidence for $\Upsilon(6S) \rightarrow \pi\pi h_b(nP)$, via $\pi Z_b^\pm(106XX)$ decay



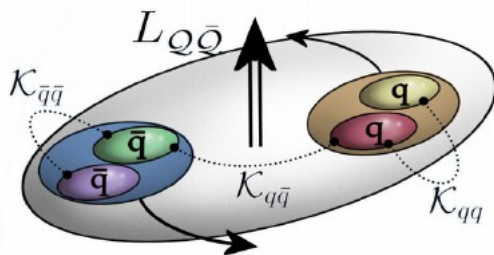
- Resonance structure of $\Upsilon(6S) \rightarrow \pi\pi\Upsilon(pS)$ decays not fully studied

The molecular model of the Z_b states predicts neutral partners (W_b) with $J=0,1,2$ which are expected on the same energy range, and should be reachable from $Y(5,6S)$ via radiative transitions.

Further hadronic transitions to W_b states are expected above W_b threshold (11.3) unreachable at present.



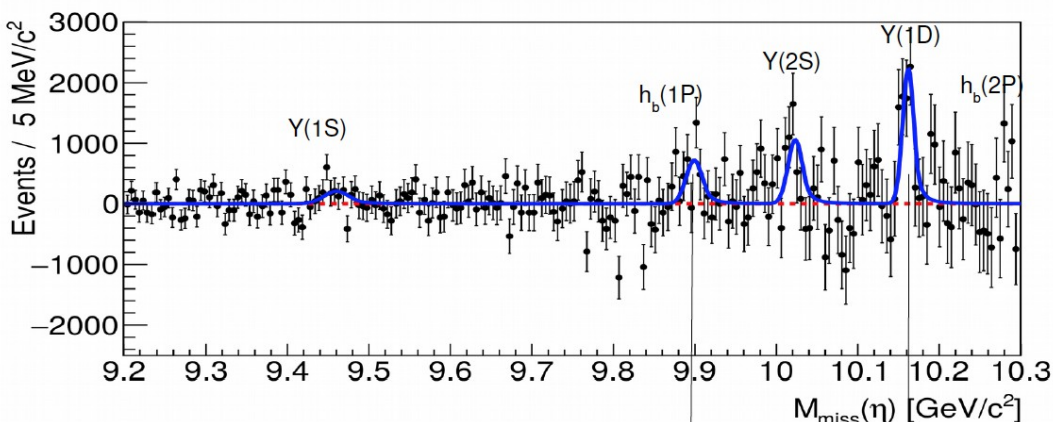
Label	J^{PC}	charmonium-like		bottomonium-like	
		State	Mass [MeV]	State	Mass [MeV]
X_0	0^{++}	—	3756	—	10562.2
X'_0	0^{++}	—	4024	—	10652.2
X_1	1^{++}	$X(3872)$	3890	—	10607.2
Z	1^{+-}	$Z_c^+(3900)$	3890	$Z_b^{+,0}(10610)$	10607.2
Z'	1^{+-}	$Z_c^+(4020)$	4024	$Z_b^+(10650)$	10652.2
X_2	2^{++}	—	4024	—	10652.2
Y_1	1^{--}	$Y(4008)$	4024	$Y_b(10891)$	10891.1
Y_2	1^{--}	$Y(4260)$	4263	$Y_b(10987)$	10987.5
Y_3	1^{--}	$Y(4290)$ (or $Y(4220)$)	4292	—	10981.1
Y_4	1^{--}	$Y(4630)$	4607	—	11135.3
Y_5	1^{--}	—	6472	—	13036.8



The tetraquark model (Maiani et al.) predicts a full spectrum of states in both bottomonium and charmonium region. We need to better understand the nature of both Y(5S) and Y(6S).

From $Y(6S)$: $Y(1,2D)$ searches in Belle-II

Eta vs dipion transitions with 120 fb^{-1} at $Y(5S)$



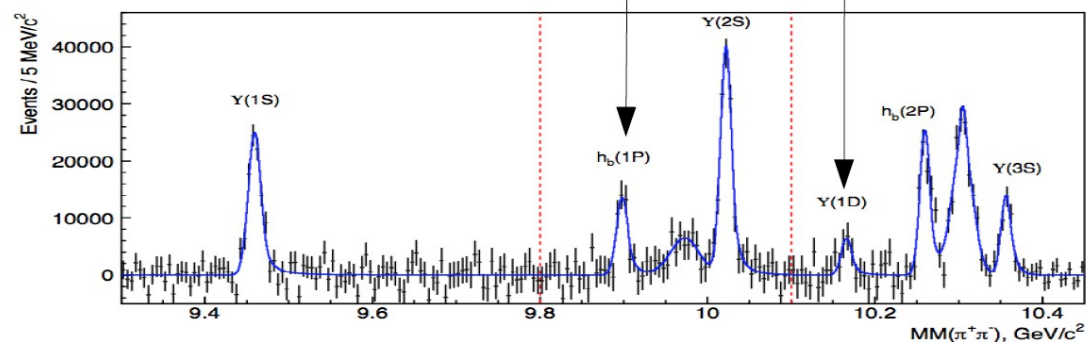
$$\sigma_{\text{Born}}[e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta Y_{1,2}(1D)] = (1.50 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.20) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Born}}[e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta Y(2S)] = (0.97 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.19) \text{ pb}$$

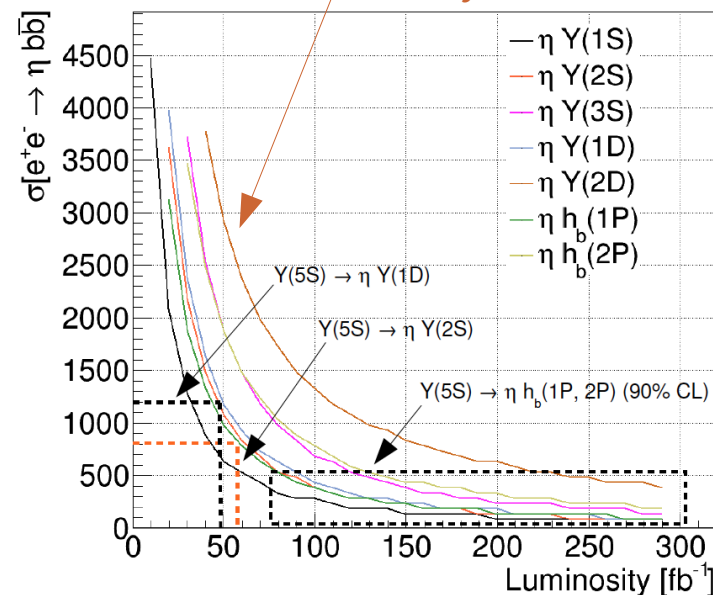
$$\sigma_{\text{Born}}[e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta Y(1S)] < 0.61 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Born}}[e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta h_b(1P)] < 0.92 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Born}}[e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta h_b(2P)] < 0.69 \text{ pb}$$



5 σ level for discovery of $Y(2D)$

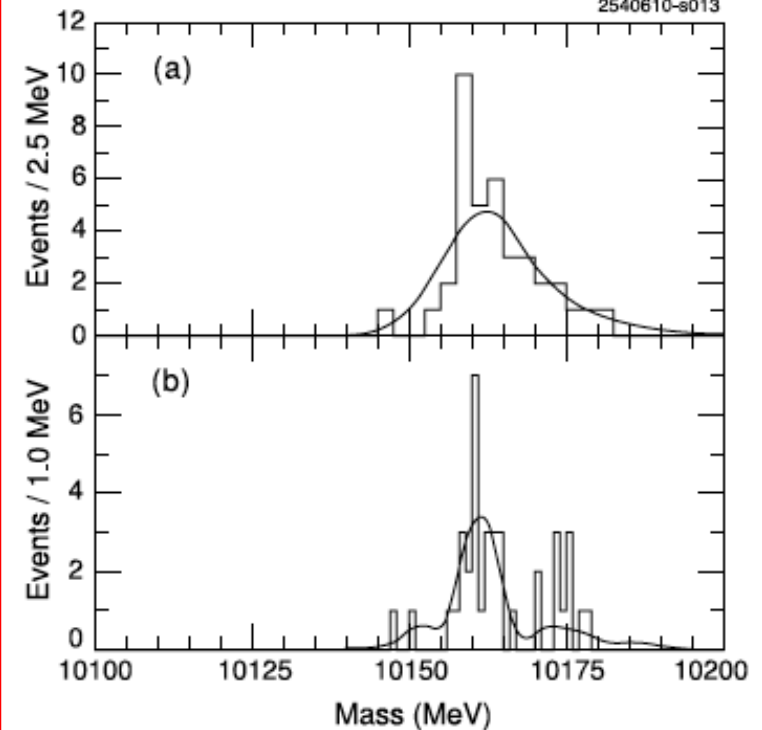
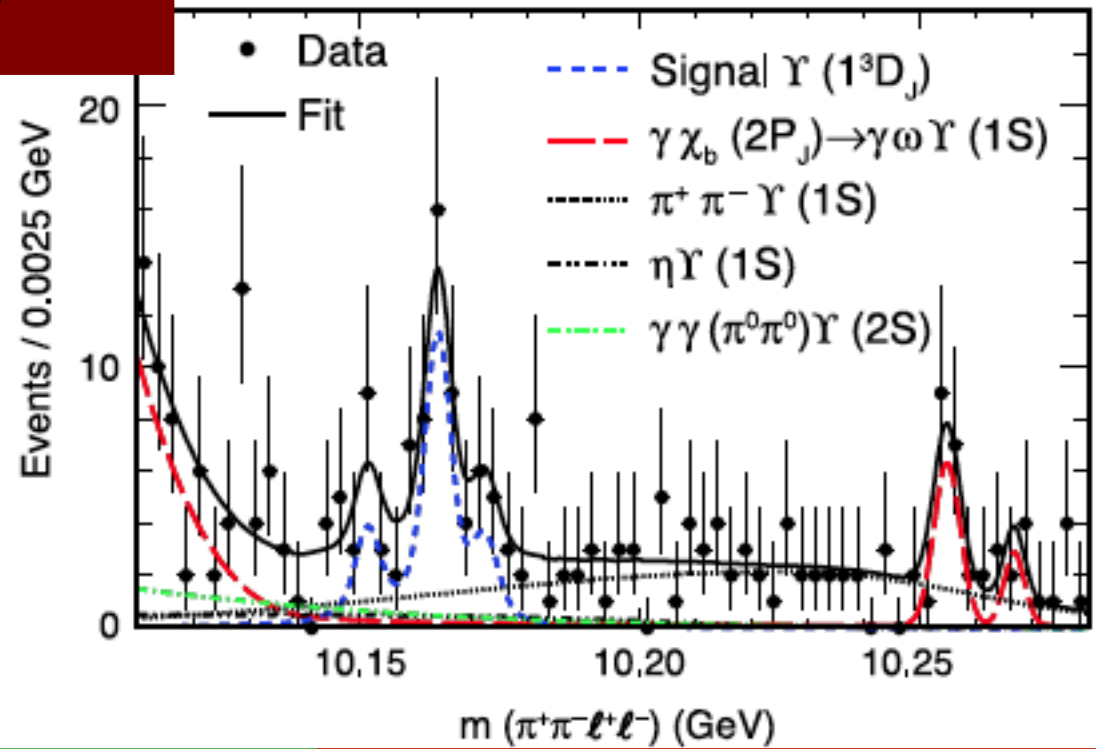
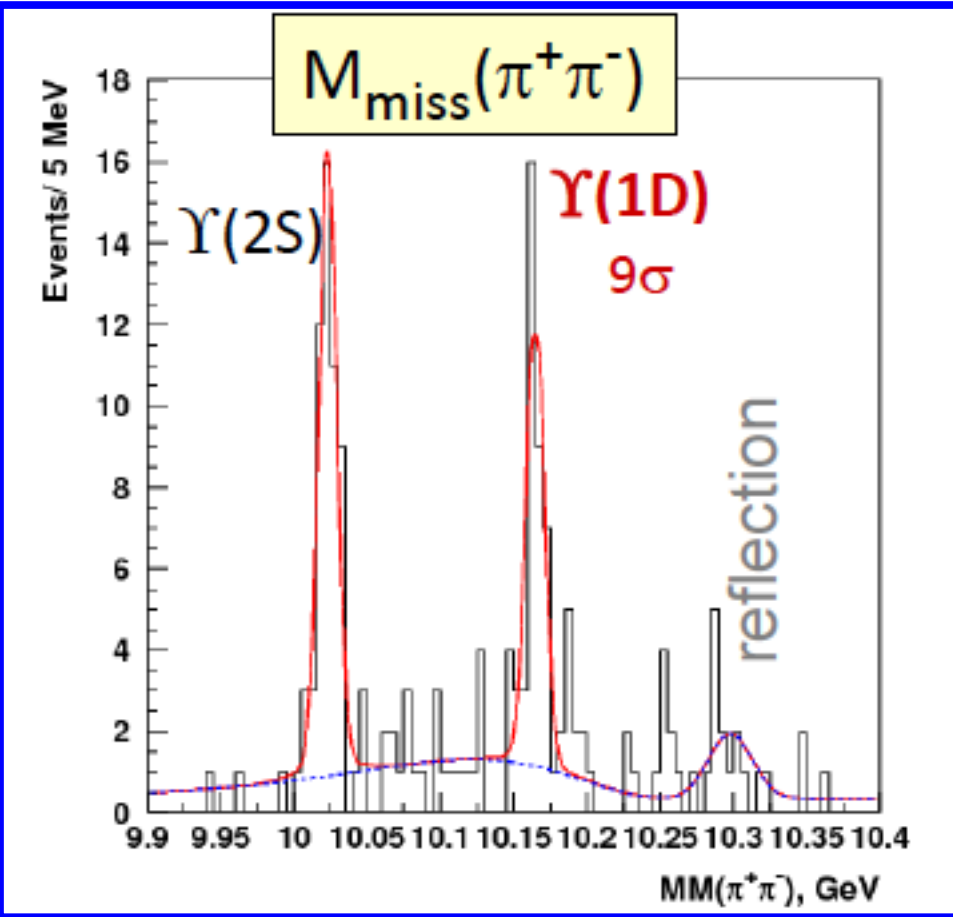


- Dipion transitions main discovery tool for charged bottomonia (more Z_b 's?)

- Eta transitions : best pathway to $Y(2D)$?

- $Y(6S)$ running will be staged: first 10 fb^{-1} , ... 50 fb^{-1} , ... 150 fb^{-1}

$\Upsilon(1D)$ triplet still unresolved



Belle (from 5S) $10164.7 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.0$ MeV

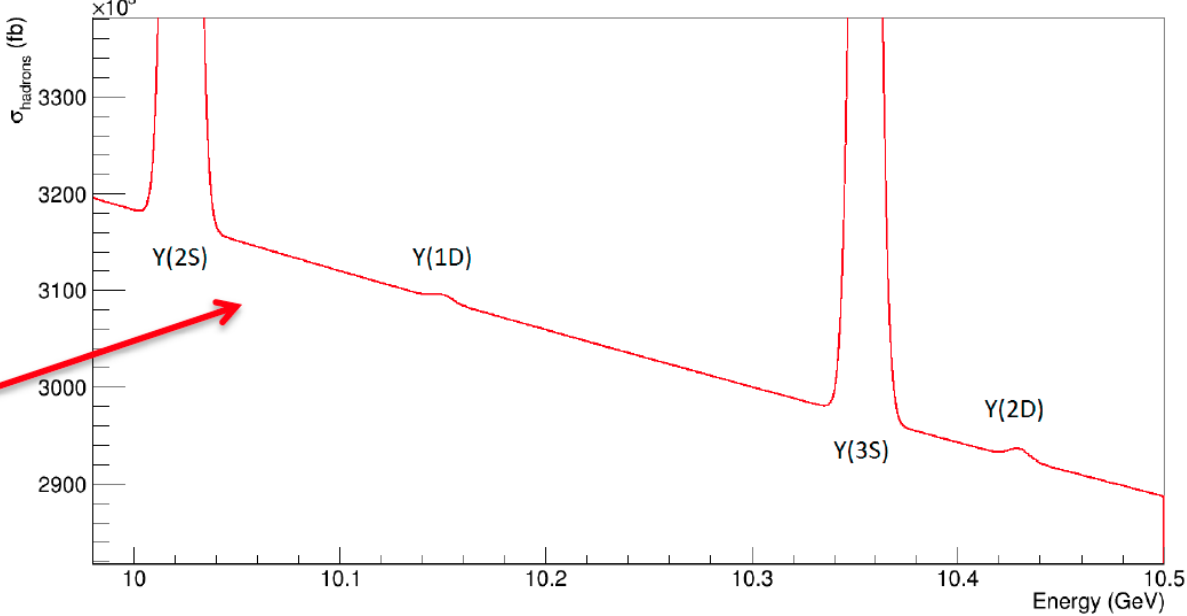
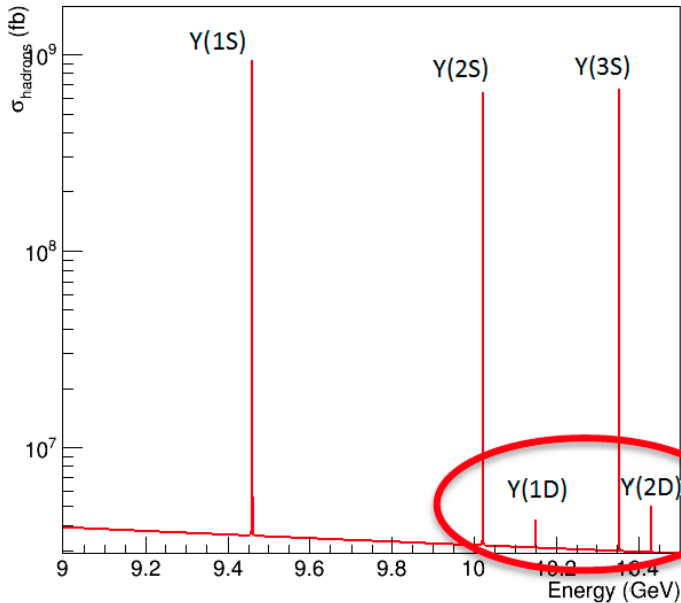
BaBar (from 3S) $10164.5 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.5$ MeV

CLEO (from 3S) $10161.1 \pm 0.6 \pm 1.6$ MeV

Scanning $Y(1,2^3D_1)$?

Observable : e+e- to hadrons

Continuum cross section: $\sigma = N_c Q_f^2 \frac{86.8 \text{ nb}}{s (\text{GeV}^2)}$



Search for 1D: 7 point scan (5 MeV steps) around 10.15 GeV

Search for 2D: 7 point scan (5 MeV steps?) around 10.43 GeV

IF the 2S scan is successful, we may envisage a longer run on 2D peak and search for 1F states (single photon spectrum, probably large background from ISR Y(3S))

Missing pieces of spectrum below threshold

Below threshold:

* **3S**: $\eta_b(3S)$ not yet observed by anyone, maybe reachable from $h_b(3P)$?

* **3P**: $\chi_b(3P)$ discovered at LHC, not yet resolved, can we see them from 4S?

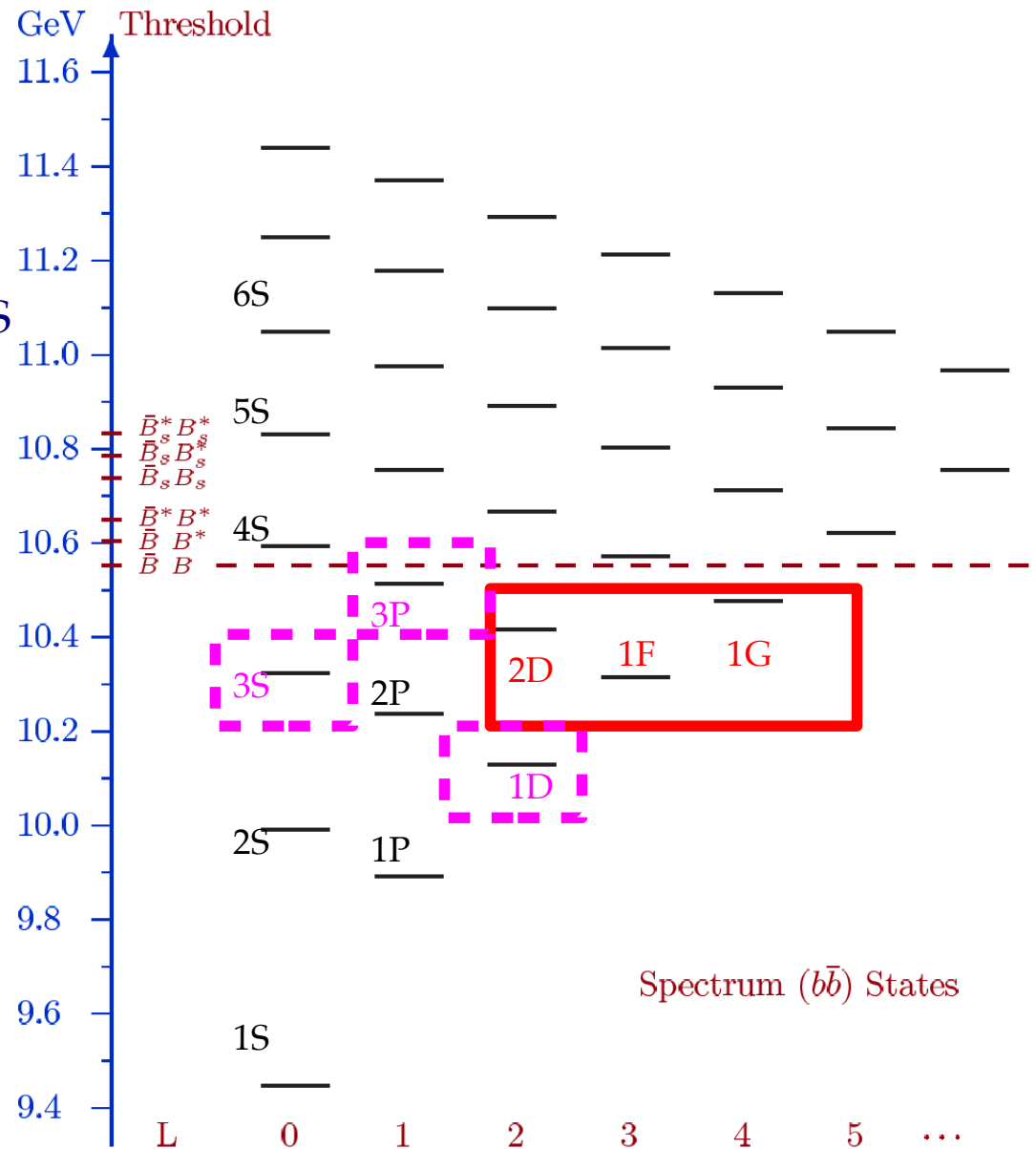
$h_b(3P)$: too high to be reached from 5S via Z_b , maybe from 6S? How?

* **1D states**: triplet states BEST STUDIED from 3S, **singlet** (2^-) maybe reachable from $h_b(2P)$. We plan to **scan** the 1^- region.

* **2D, 1F, 1G**: **totally unknown**

We propose to search for the lowest member of the 2D triplet with a scan. The others *may* be reached from 6S.

The **1F** triplet $2,3,4^{++}$ is very close in mass to $Y3S$, but may be reached from the 2D triplet via E1 radiative transitions.



Antinuclei in $\Upsilon(3S)$ decays

CLEO results :

$$\mathcal{B}^{\text{dir}}(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \bar{d}X) = (3.36 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-5}$$

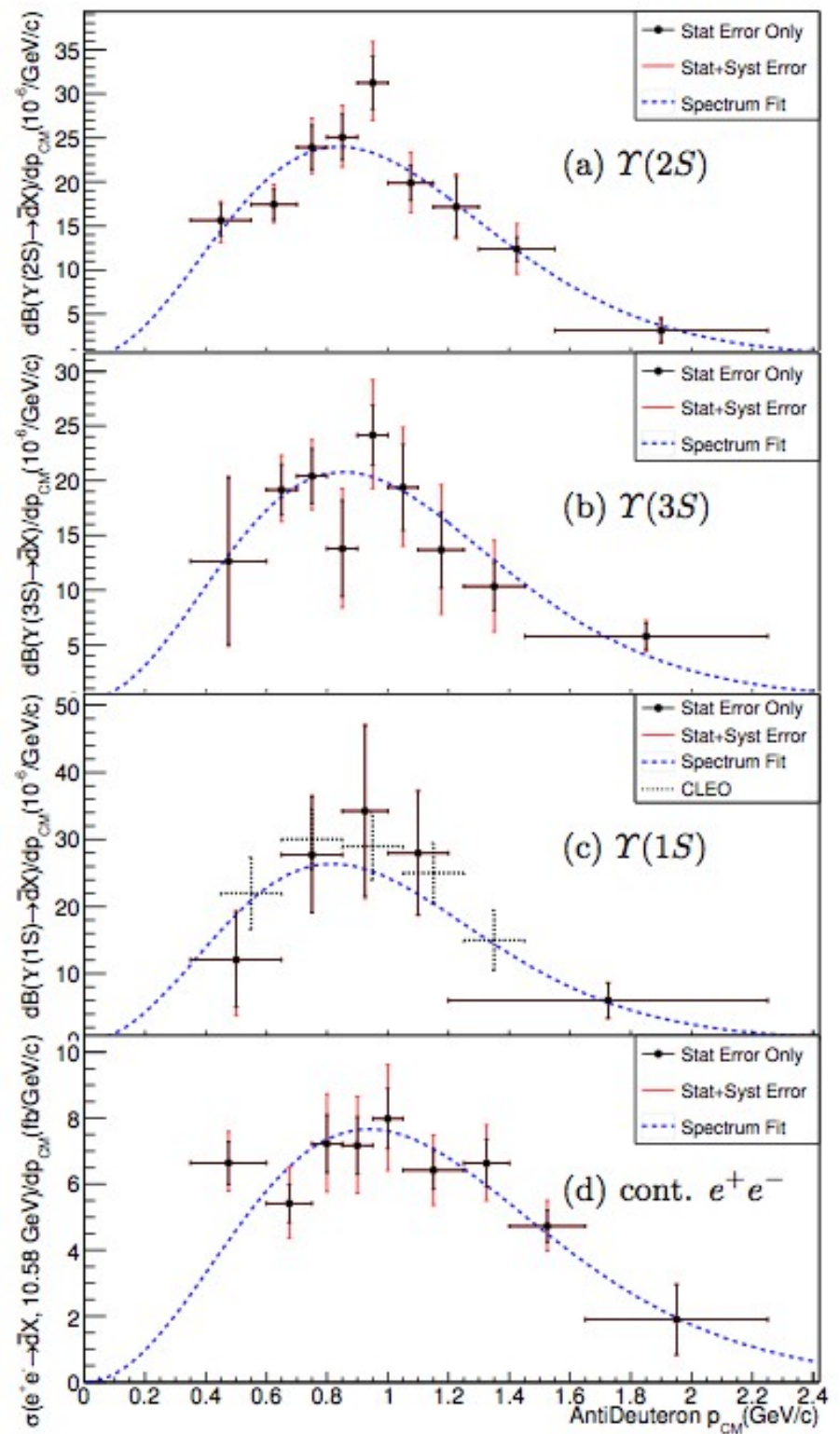
$$\mathcal{B}(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \bar{d} + X) = (3.37 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-5}$$

BABAR results :

Resonance	Onpeak	# of Υ Decays	Offpeak
$\Upsilon(4S)$	429 fb^{-1}	463×10^6	44.8 fb^{-1}
$\Upsilon(3S)$	28.5 fb^{-1}	116×10^6	2.63 fb^{-1}
$\Upsilon(2S)$	14.4 fb^{-1}	98.3×10^6	1.50 fb^{-1}

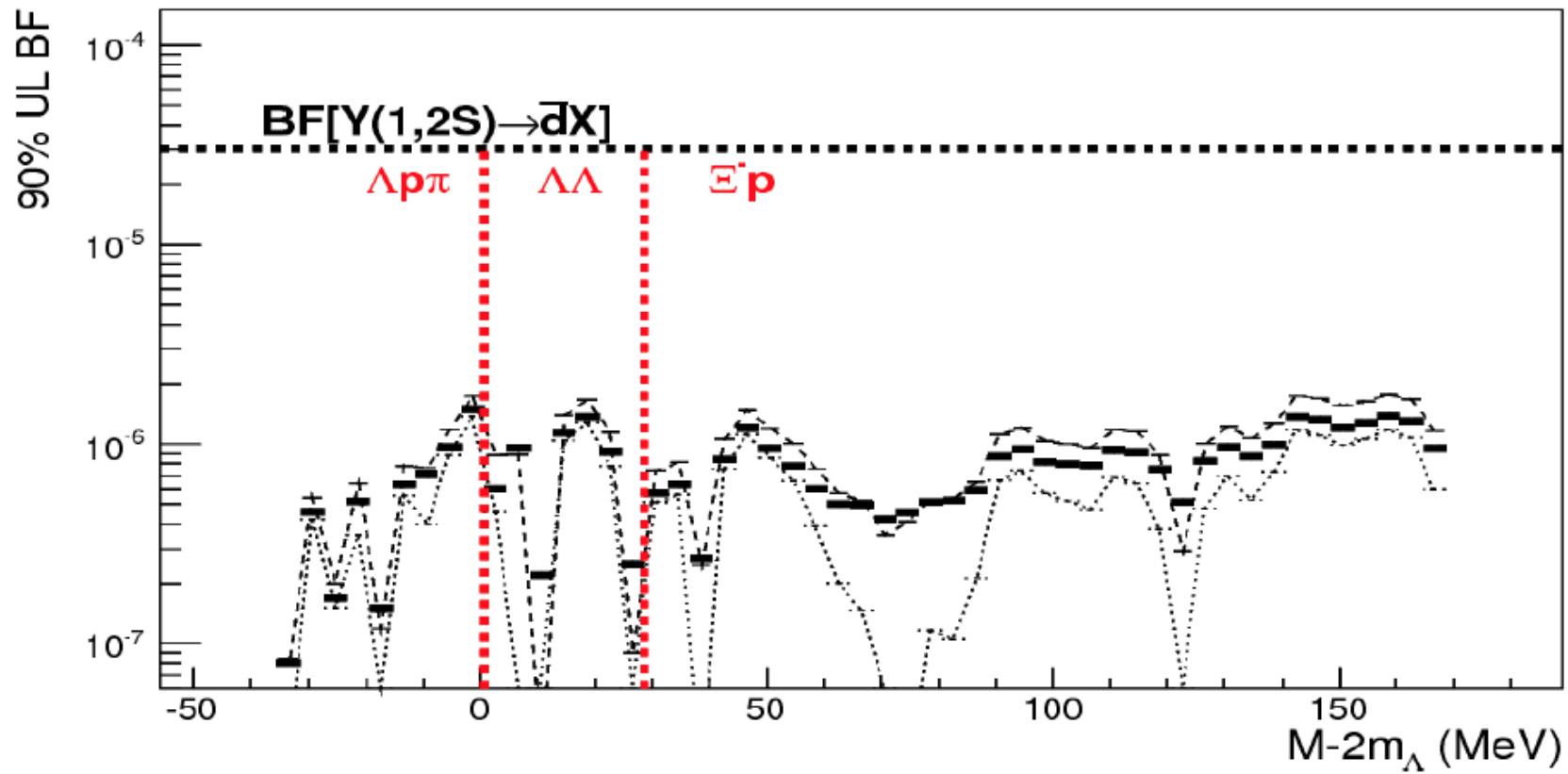
Process	Rate
$\mathcal{B}(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \bar{d}X)$	$(2.33 \pm 0.15^{+0.31}_{-0.28}) \times 10^{-}$
$\mathcal{B}(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \bar{d}X)$	$(2.64 \pm 0.11^{+0.26}_{-0.21}) \times 10^{-}$
$\mathcal{B}(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \bar{d}X)$	$(2.81 \pm 0.49^{+0.20}_{-0.24}) \times 10^{-}$
$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{d}X) [\sqrt{s} \approx 10.58 \text{ GeV}]$	$(9.63 \pm 0.41^{+1.17}_{-1.01}) \text{ fb}$
$\frac{\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{d}X)}{\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{Hadrons})}$	$(3.01 \pm 0.13^{+0.37}_{-0.31}) \times 10^{-}$

Production mechanism still unclear: coalescence?
 Associated $d\bar{d}$ production not checked by Babar
 Good target for future $\Upsilon(3S)$ decays samples



$Y(3S)$ to *exa*-quarks

Belle has extensively searched for the weakly bound Jaffe's H-dibaryon in $Y(1,2S)$ in a broad mass range, setting limits at $O(10^{-1})$ the measured deuteron production



Belle-II will further investigate these channels, both with fully reconstructed final modes, and in missing mass.

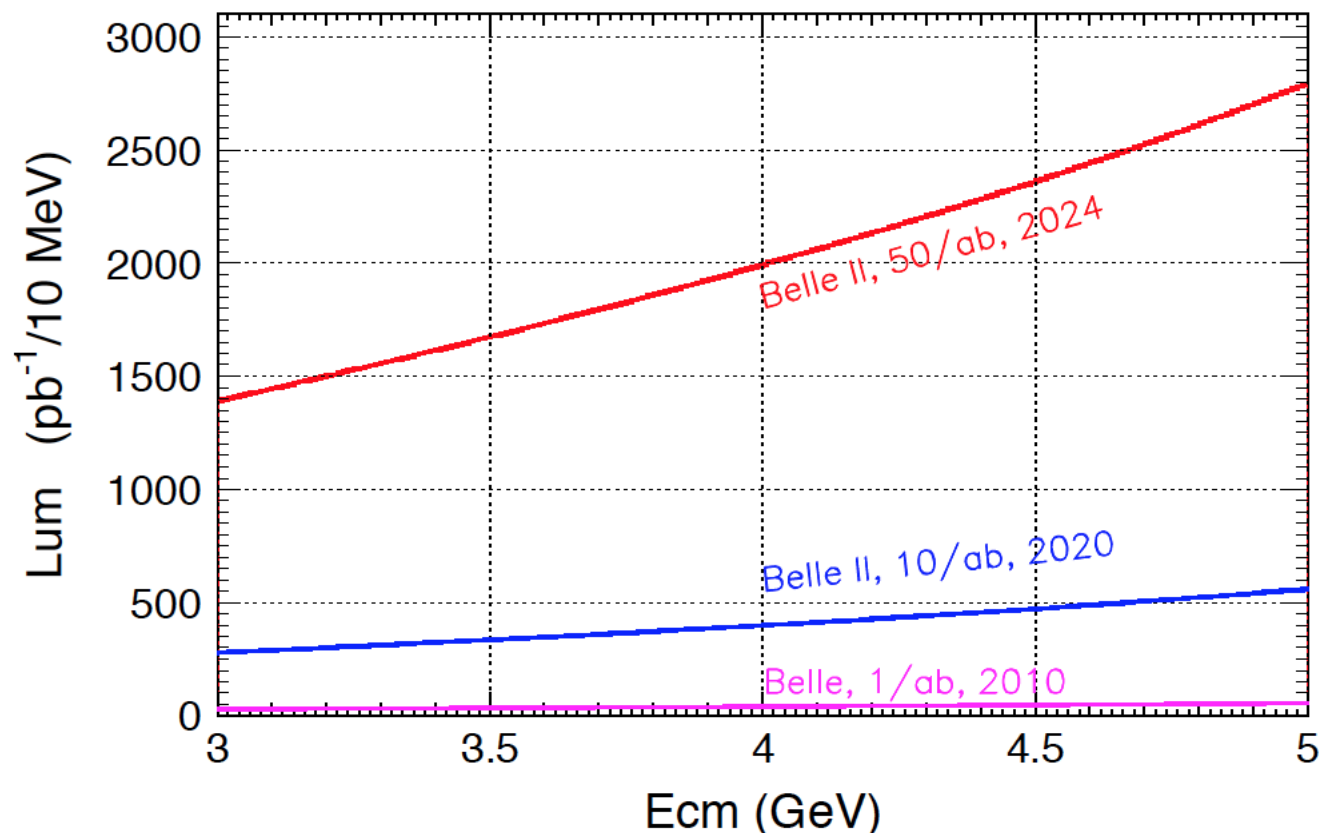
$Y(4S)$ running : ISR luminosity

Access to vector states

Detailed scan of all hadronic transitions

Complementary to detailed searches at BES-III

Statistical sensitivities for 10(50) fb⁻¹ are given below:



Golden Channels	$E_{c.m.}$ (GeV)	Statistical error (%)	Related XYZ states
$\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi$	4.23	7.5 (3.0)	$Y(4008)$, $Y(4260)$, $Z_c(3900)$
$\pi^+\pi^- \psi(2S)$	4.36	12 (5.0)	$Y(4260)$, $Y(4360)$, $Y(4660)$, $Z_c(4050)$
$K^+K^- J/\psi$	4.53	15 (6.5)	Z_{cs}
$\pi^+\pi^- h_c$	4.23	15 (6.5)	$Y(4220)$, $Y(4390)$, $Z_c(4020)$, $Z_c(4025)$
$\omega\chi_{c0}$	4.23	35 (15)	$Y(4220)$

Y(4260) news from BES-III

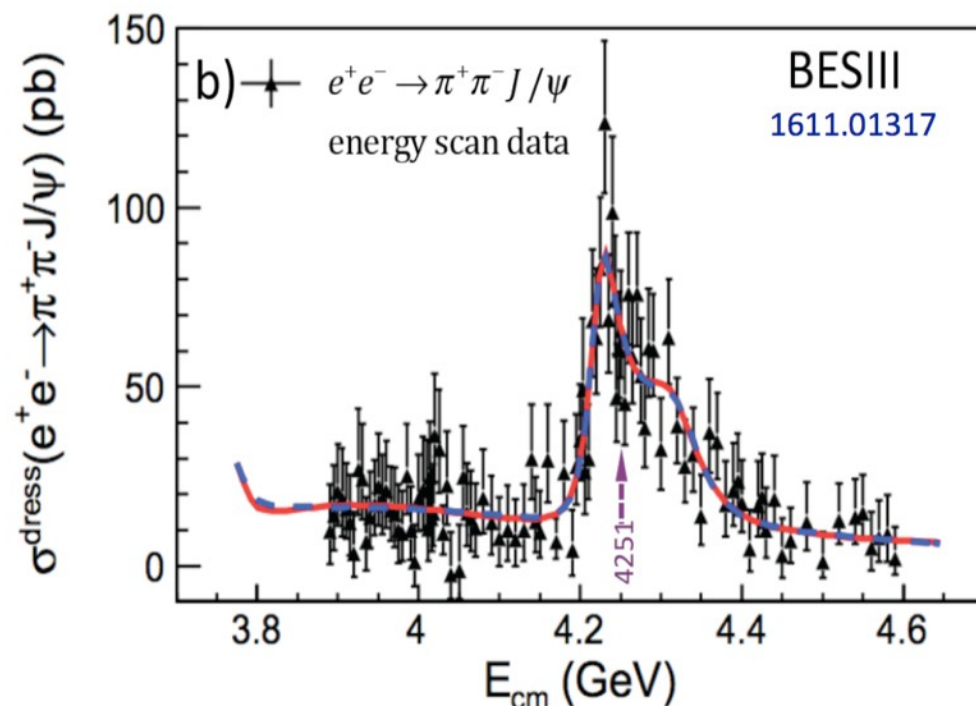
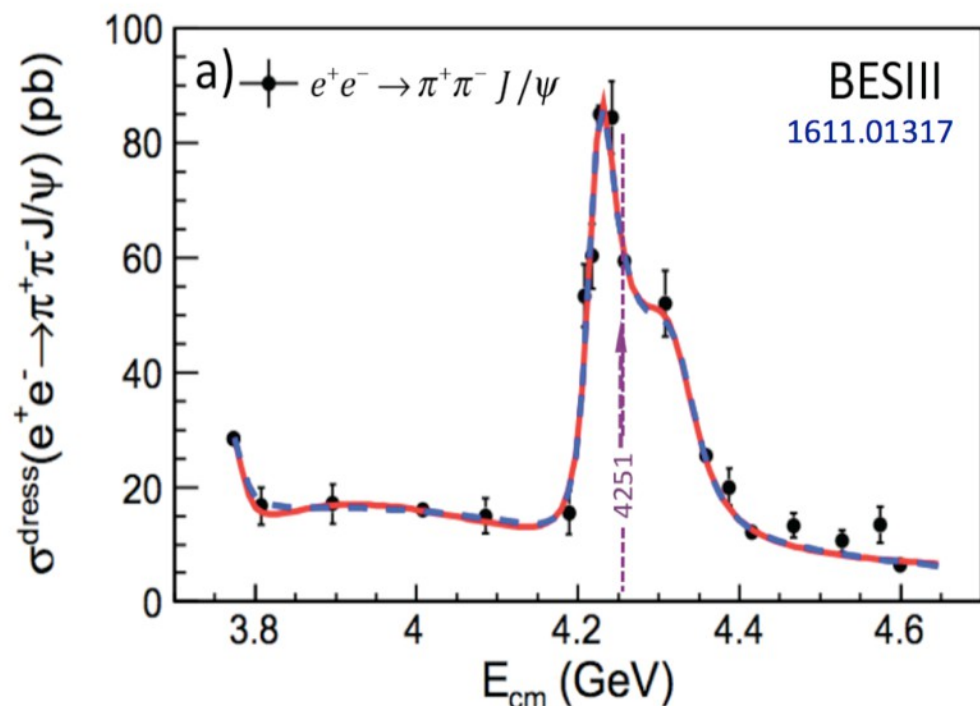
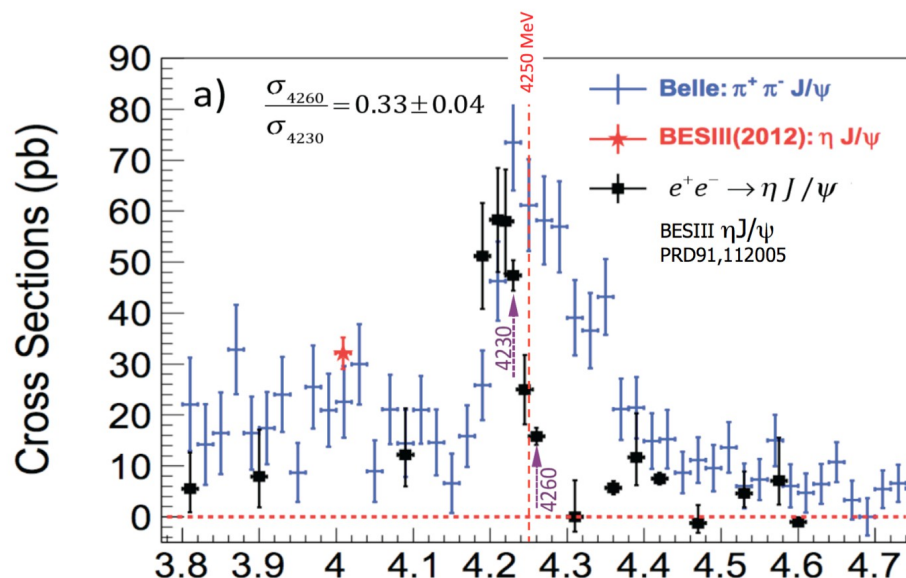
The Y(4260) may actually be the sum of two states, as suggested by high statistics scans and eta transitions:

2 BW res. fit preferred over 1 BW res. fit by $>7\sigma$

$$M_1 = 4220 \pm 4 \text{ MeV}/c^2 \quad \Gamma_1 = 44 \pm 5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$M_2 = 4320 \pm 13 \text{ MeV}/c^2 \quad \Gamma_2 = 101_{-22}^{+27} \text{ MeV}$$

Y(4260) \rightarrow $\eta J/\psi$?



Wrapping it up

Belle-II hopes to do some valuable physics even during phase-II run , without low momentum tracking , and no vertexing.

A pilot run on $\Upsilon(6S)$ peak, even with only 20fb^{-1} , will give us about the 10x data taken in Belle-I. But it is quite risky in phase II This will be a pilot run, to plan future studies in this interesting region.

Searches for exotics are been proposed at $10.65+10.75$ GeV

At least 300fb^{-1} at (and about) the $\Upsilon(3S)$ peak are needed to address the following hot topics :

- *Rare η transitions* - *Spectroscopy of D waves*
- *Hindered radiative transitions* - *Exaquarks in Υ decays*

Scans of the $\Upsilon(1D)$ and $\Upsilon(2D)$ regions are being planned as well
Looking forward showing first results from Belle-II in end 2018

State	m (MeV)	Γ (MeV)	J^{PC}	Process (mode)	Experiment ($\# \sigma$)	Year	Status
X(3872)	3871.52 ± 0.20	1.3 ± 0.6 (< 2.2)	$1^{++}/2^{-+}$	$B \rightarrow K(\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi)$	Belle [85, 86] (12.8), BABAR [87] (8.6)	2003	OK
				$p\bar{p} \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi) + \dots$	CDF [88–90] (np), DØ [91] (5.2)		
				$B \rightarrow K(\omega J/\psi)$	Belle [92] (4.3), BABAR [93] (4.0)		
				$B \rightarrow K(D^{*0}\bar{D}^0)$	Belle [94, 95] (6.4), BABAR [96] (4.9)		
				$B \rightarrow K(\gamma J/\psi)$	Belle [92] (4.0), BABAR [97, 98] (3.6)		
				$B \rightarrow K(\gamma\psi(2S))$	BABAR [98] (3.5), Belle [99] (0.4)		
X(3915)	3915.6 ± 3.1	28 ± 10	$0/2^{?+}$	$B \rightarrow K(\omega J/\psi)$	Belle [100] (8.1), BABAR [101] (19)	2004	OK
				$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(\omega J/\psi)$	Belle [102] (7.7)		
X(3940)	3942_{-8}^{+9}	37_{-17}^{+27}	$?^{?+}$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi(D\bar{D}^*)$	Belle [103] (6.0)	2007	NC!
				$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi(\dots)$	Belle [54] (5.0)		
G(3900)	3943 ± 21	52 ± 11	1^{--}	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(D\bar{D})$	BABAR [27] (np), Belle [21] (np)	2007	OK
Y(4008)	4008_{-49}^{+121}	226 ± 97	1^{--}	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi)$	Belle [104] (7.4)	2007	NC!
$Z_1(4050)^+$	4051_{-43}^{+24}	82_{-55}^{+51}	?	$B \rightarrow K(\pi^+\chi_{c1}(1P))$	Belle [105] (5.0)	2008	NC!
Y(4140)	4143.4 ± 3.0	15_{-7}^{+11}	$?^{?+}$	$B \rightarrow K(\phi J/\psi)$	CDF [106, 107] (5.0)	2009	NC!
X(4160)	4156_{-25}^{+29}	139_{-65}^{+113}	$?^{?+}$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi(D\bar{D}^*)$	Belle [103] (5.5)	2007	NC!
$Z_2(4250)^+$	4248_{-45}^{+185}	177_{-72}^{+321}	?	$B \rightarrow K(\pi^+\chi_{c1}(1P))$	Belle [105] (5.0)	2008	NC!
Y(4260)	4263 ± 5	108 ± 14	1^{--}	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi)$	BABAR [108, 109] (8.0)	2005	OK
					CLEO [110] (5.4)		
					Belle [104] (15)		
				$e^+e^- \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi)$	CLEO [111] (11)		
				$e^+e^- \rightarrow (\pi^0\pi^0 J/\psi)$	CLEO [111] (5.1)		
Y(4274)	$4274.4_{-6.7}^{+8.4}$	32_{-15}^{+22}	$?^{?+}$	$B \rightarrow K(\phi J/\psi)$	CDF [107] (3.1)	2010	NC!
X(4350)	$4350.6_{-5.1}^{+4.6}$	$13.3_{-10.0}^{+18.4}$	$0,2^{++}$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(\phi J/\psi)$	Belle [112] (3.2)	2009	NC!
Y(4360)	4353 ± 11	96 ± 42	1^{--}	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S))$	BABAR [113] (np), Belle [114] (8.0)	2007	OK
$Z(4430)^+$	4443_{-18}^{+24}	107_{-71}^{+113}	?	$B \rightarrow K(\pi^+\psi(2S))$	Belle [115, 116] (6.4)	2007	NC!
X(4630)	4634_{-11}^{+9}	92_{-32}^{+41}	1^{--}	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(\Lambda_c^+\Lambda_c^-)$	Belle [25] (8.2)	2007	NC!
Y(4660)	4664 ± 12	48 ± 15	1^{--}	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S))$	Belle [114] (5.8)	2007	NC!
$Y_b(10888)$	10888.4 ± 3.0	$30.7_{-7.7}^{+8.9}$	1^{--}	$e^+e^- \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-\Upsilon(nS))$	Belle [37, 117] (3.2)	2010	NC!

