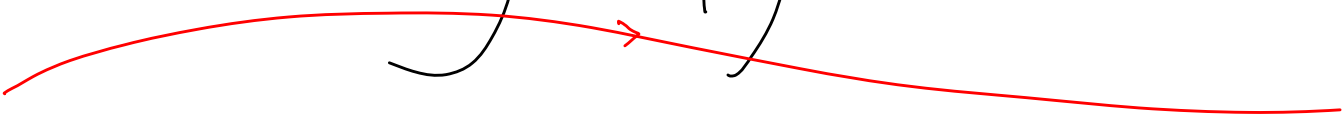

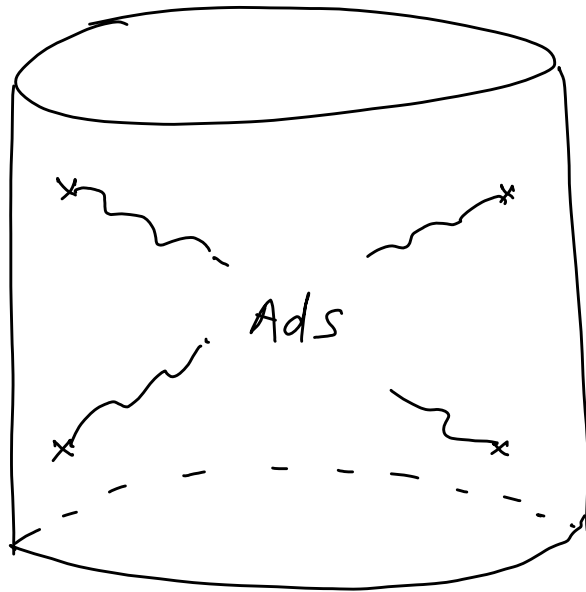


Scattering Amplitudes From

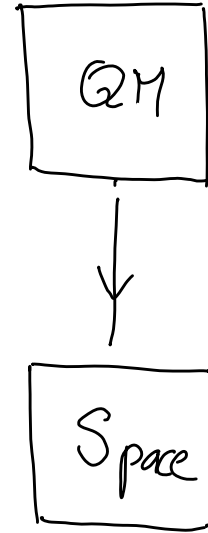


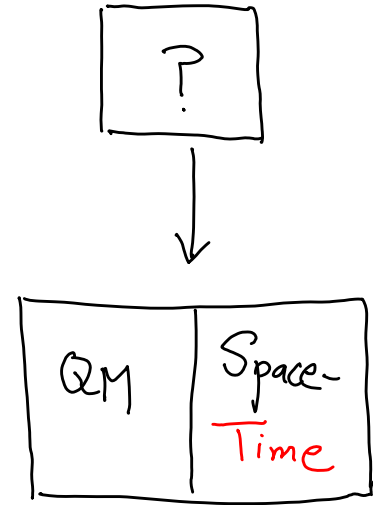
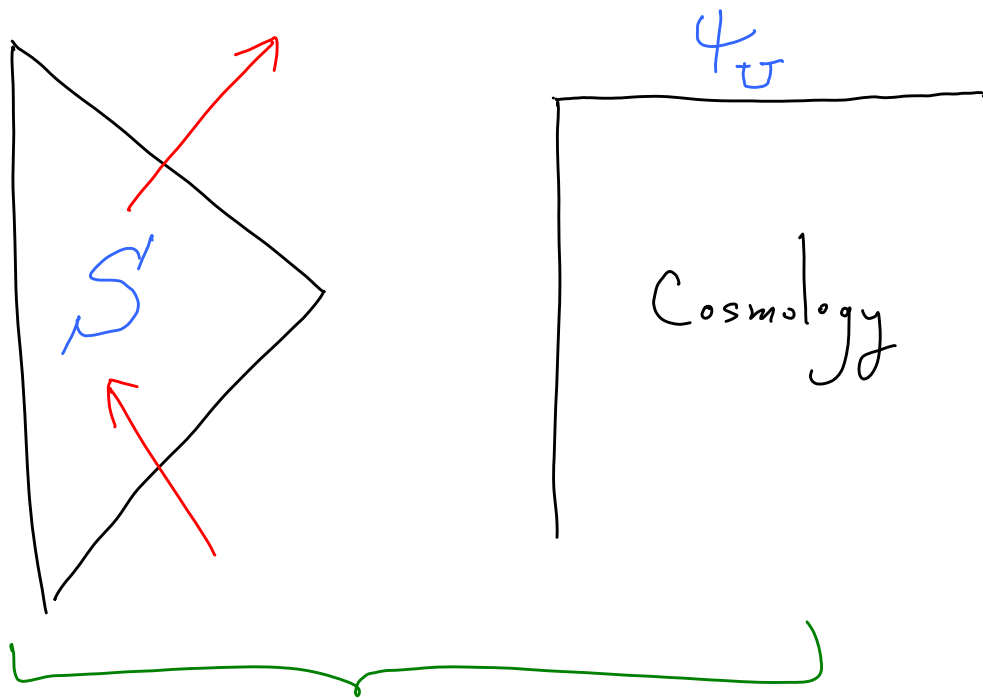
Combinatorial Geometry at Infinity





↑ time





Unlike 2AdS, no  
obvious notion of time+locality

# The Canvas

\* Physical momenta

\* "Twistor" variables

\* "Celestial Sphere"

\* Spatial Future

Kin. Space  
 $\sim \mathcal{D}$  Minkowski

(Amps)

( $\Psi_{\text{Univ}}$ )

WHAT IDEAS BREATHE  
PHYSICS - LIFE INTO THIS SPACE?

# The Canvas

\* Physical momenta

Kin. Space  
 $\sim \mathcal{D}$  Minkowski

\* "Twistor" variables

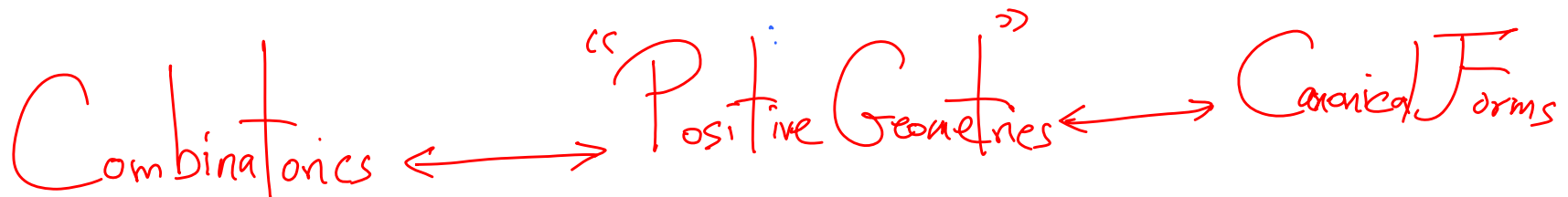
(Amps)

\* "Celestial Sphere"

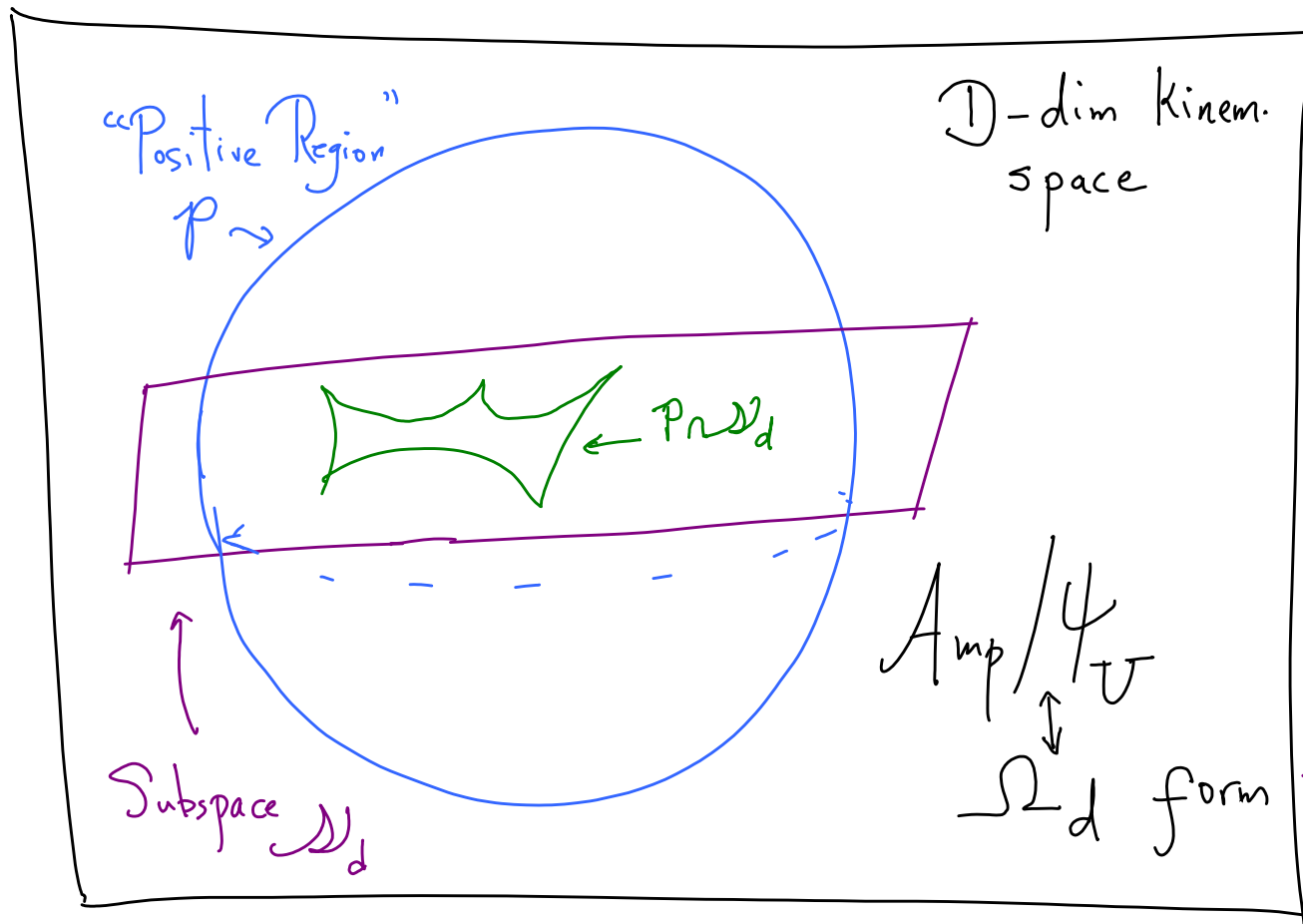
\* Spatial Future

( $\Psi_{\text{Univ}}$ )

EMERGING PICTURE:



# General Picture



$\Omega_d$  fixed thusly:

$\Omega_d$  intersects

$P$  in a  
POSITIVE  
GEOMETRY

$\Omega_d$  Pulls Back to  
CANONICAL  
FORM

Amplituhedron:

$$dZ_a^I \leftrightarrow \eta_a^I; d\lambda_a^\alpha, d\tilde{\lambda}_a^{\dot{\alpha}} \leftrightarrow \eta_a^\alpha \tilde{\eta}_a^{\dot{\alpha}}$$

Geometrizes Helicity


Associahedron:

$$ds_1 ds_2 \leftrightarrow f f$$

Geometrizes Color

Amplituhedron:  $[12345] = \frac{(\langle 1234 \rangle \eta_5 + \text{cyclic})^4}{\langle 1234 \rangle \dots \langle 5123 \rangle}$

$\implies \frac{(\langle 1234 \rangle dZ_5 + \text{cyclic})^4}{\langle 1234 \rangle \dots \langle 5123 \rangle} = d \log \frac{\langle 2345 \rangle}{\langle 1234 \rangle} \dots d \log \frac{\langle 5123 \rangle}{\langle 1234 \rangle}$

Associahedron:   $\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{t} \implies d \log \left( \frac{s}{t} \right)$

Remarkable Projectivity:  $(s, t) \rightarrow \Lambda(st)(s, t)$   
Color — Kinematics



Planar  $\mathcal{N}=4$  SYM Amps

$\phi^3$  theory, Pions, Gluons...

$\Psi_{\mathcal{O}}$  [ $\varphi^N$  theories]

---

Effective Field Theory

Conformal Field Theory

Amplituhedra

(Generalized) Associahedra

Cosmological Polytopes

"EF Theatron"

Hidden Positive Geometry  
of Causality + Unitarity


"CF Theatra"

Positive Geometry of Conformal Bootstrap

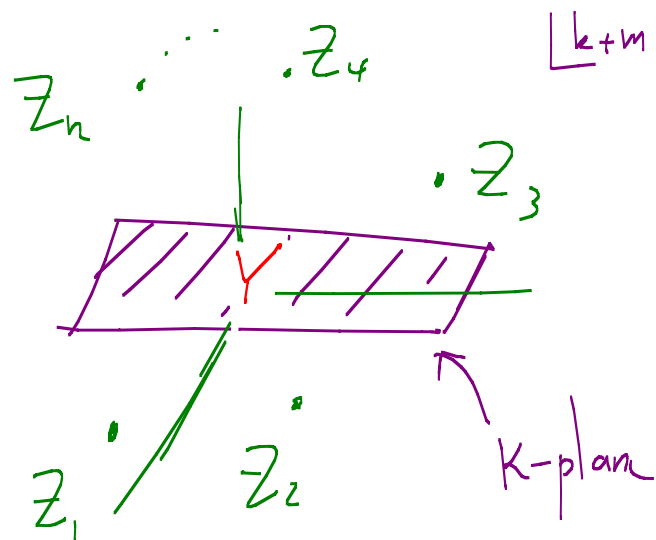
# Outline

- ① Theory + Practice of Amplituhedron in Kinematic (Mout-Twistor) space + natural speculation for Amplitudehedron
- ② Amplitudes from "UV regulated" integration of canonical forms + the Kinematic space avatar of the World-sheet; Associahedra + string amps from "UV completion".
- ③  $\Psi_U \longrightarrow$  Scattering Amplitude: emergence of Lorentz-Invariance + Unitarity from "Amplitude-facet" of Cosmological Polytopes

The Kinematic-space Amplitahedron



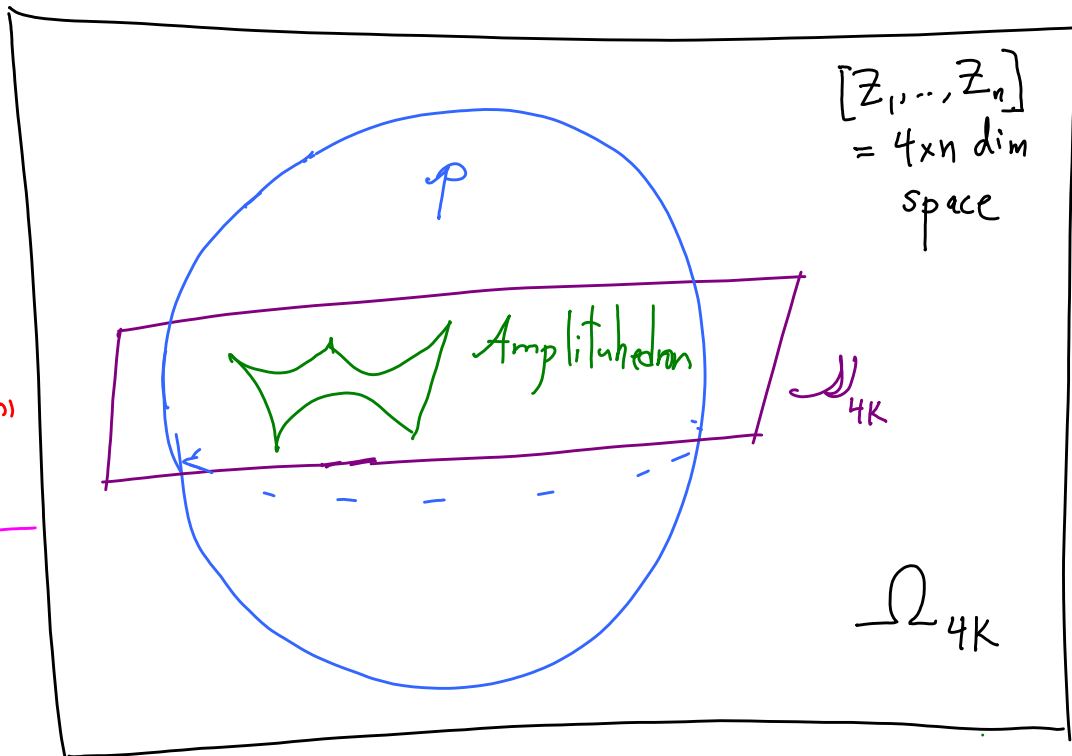
# Are You In or Out?



When is  $Y$  in the amplitude domain?  
 Project through  $Y \rightarrow m$  dim.  
 picture. What does this picture  
 look like?

{ Physics  $m=4$  : This is precisely conf. of momentum twistors }

$P$ : Config. of  $\{Z_1, \dots, Z_n\}$  has fixed "binary code"  $\Rightarrow$  physical poles  $> 0$  + maximal "winding #"



In full:

$$\langle ii+1 jj+1 \rangle > 0$$

$\{\langle 1234 \rangle, \dots, \langle 123n \rangle\}$  has  $k$  sgn flips

$$\langle AB_\alpha ii+1 \rangle > 0, \langle AB_\alpha AB_\beta \rangle > 0$$

$\{\langle AB_\alpha 12 \rangle, \dots, \langle AB_\alpha 1n \rangle\}$  has  $k+2$  sgn flips

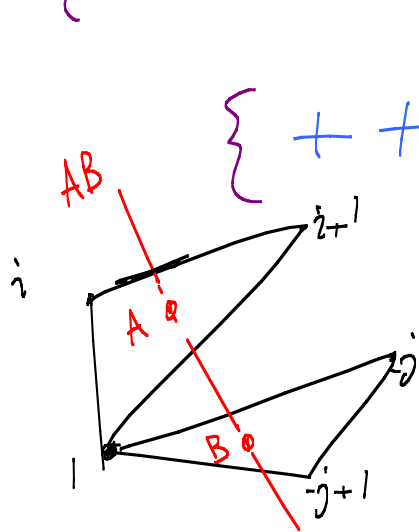
$\mathcal{D}_{4k}$ : Affine subspace

$$Z_a^I = Z_{*a}^I + y_\alpha^I \Delta_a^\alpha$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{c} Z_* \\ \Delta \\ \cap \\ G_+(4+k, n) \end{array} \right)$$

Example: 1-loop MHV

\*  $\{ \langle AB|2 \rangle, \dots, \langle AB|n \rangle \}$  has  $k+2 = 2$  sign flips



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccccccc} & i & i+1 & & j & j+1 & \\ & + & + & \dots & + & - & \dots & - & + & \dots & + \end{array} \right\}$$

$$A = z_1 + \alpha_i z_i + \alpha_{i+1} z_{i+1} \quad \alpha_{i, i+1, j, j+1} > 0$$

$$B = -z_1 + \alpha_j z_j + \alpha_{j+1} z_{j+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Omega = \sum_{i, j} d \log \alpha_i d \log \alpha_{i+1} d \log \alpha_j d \log \alpha_{j+1}$$

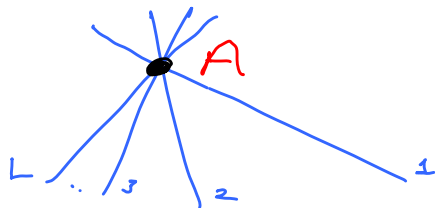
$$= \sum_{i, j} d \log \frac{\langle AB|i \rangle}{\langle AB|i+1 \rangle} d \log \frac{\langle AB|i+1 \rangle}{\langle AB|i+2 \rangle} d \log \frac{\langle AB|j \rangle}{\langle AB|j+1 \rangle} d \log \frac{\langle AB|j+1 \rangle}{\langle AB|j+2 \rangle}$$

# Infinite Class of Cuts

w/ Larger  
Trinka  
Yelleshpur-Srikant

\* "Maximal Intersection"

$$\langle AB_\alpha AB_\beta \rangle \rightarrow 0$$



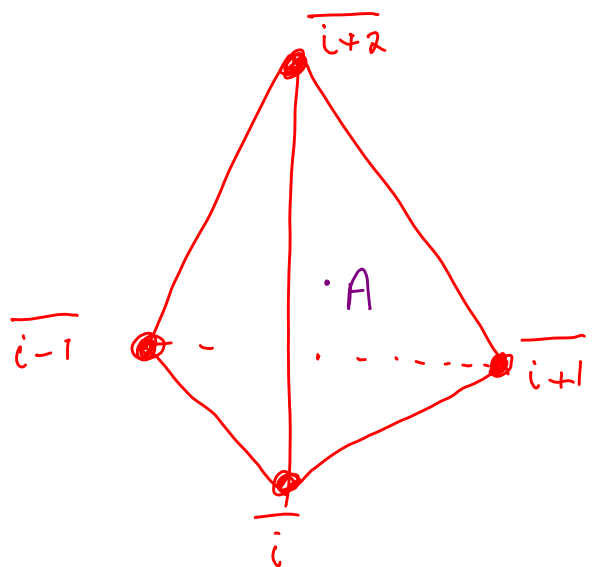
4L full from  
↓  
(2L+3) or cut

\* Deep in "interior" - most complicated local integrands contribute.

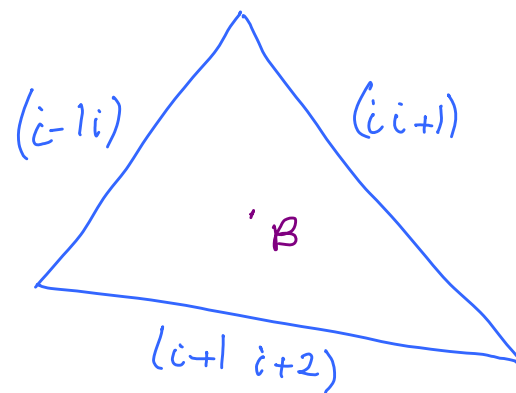
\* Momentum Twistor Amplituhedron:  $\langle (AB)_\alpha ij \rangle > 0$  !

Remarkable prediction: solve "1-loop" (AB) geometry  
 $\Rightarrow$  cut to  $\infty$  loop order!

# A - Geometry

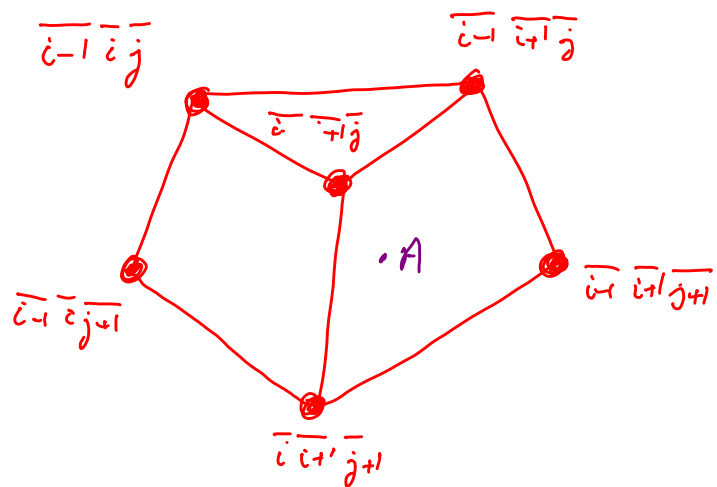


# AB - Geometry

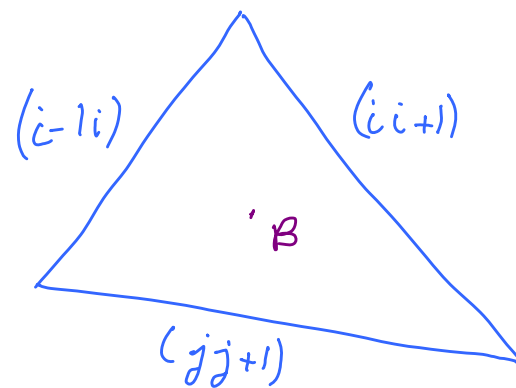




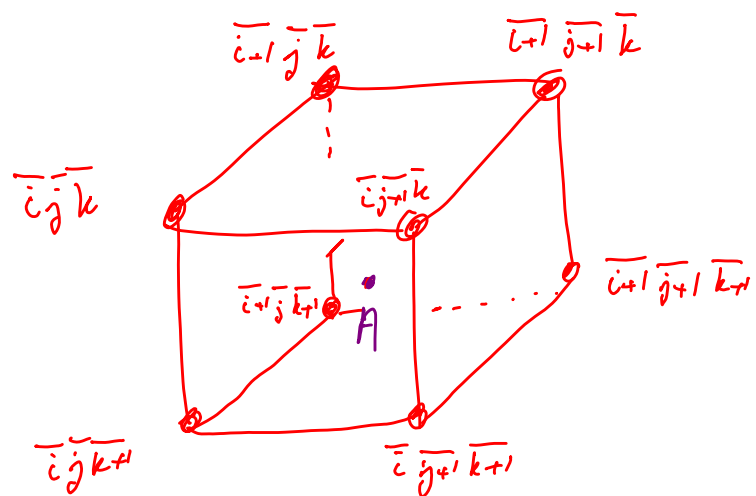
# A - Geometry



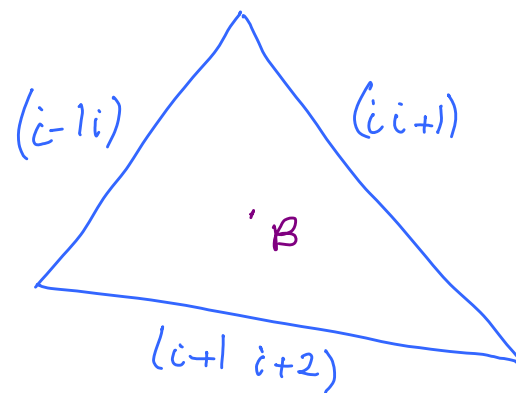
# AB - Geometry



# A - Geometry



# AB - Geometry



# Final Result

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i < j < k} \frac{\langle A(i+1) \cap (Ajj+1)kk+1 \rangle \langle i-1ii+1i+2 \rangle \langle j-1jj+1j+2 \rangle \langle k-1kk+1k+2 \rangle}{\langle Ai-1ii+1 \rangle \langle Aii+1i+2 \rangle \langle Aj-1jj+1 \rangle \langle Ajj+1j+2 \rangle \langle Ak-1kk+1 \rangle \langle Akk+1k+2 \rangle} \prod_{\alpha} \frac{\langle A(i+1) \cap (Ajj+1)kk+1 \rangle}{\langle AB_{\alpha}ii+1 \rangle \langle AB_{\alpha}jj+1 \rangle \langle AB_{\alpha}kk+1 \rangle}$$

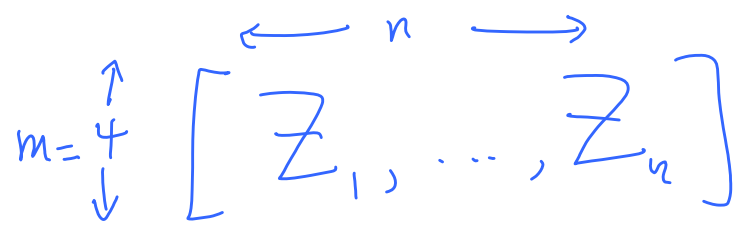
A geometry
factorized  $(AB)_{\alpha}$  geom.

All these pols spurious!

First non-trivial  $N=4$  computation for  $n \rightarrow \infty$   
 $L \rightarrow \infty$

New "Kinematic space" def'n of Amplituhedron critical for this

Natural Signature for Branch Location for all  $k, n$ :



$\text{Conf}_{\text{flip } k} [m=4, n]$

$\langle i, i+1 \ j, j+1 \rangle > 0$   
 $k$  sign flips

Integrand Form  $\log \text{sing}$   $\longleftrightarrow$  Boundaries of  $C_K[n]$

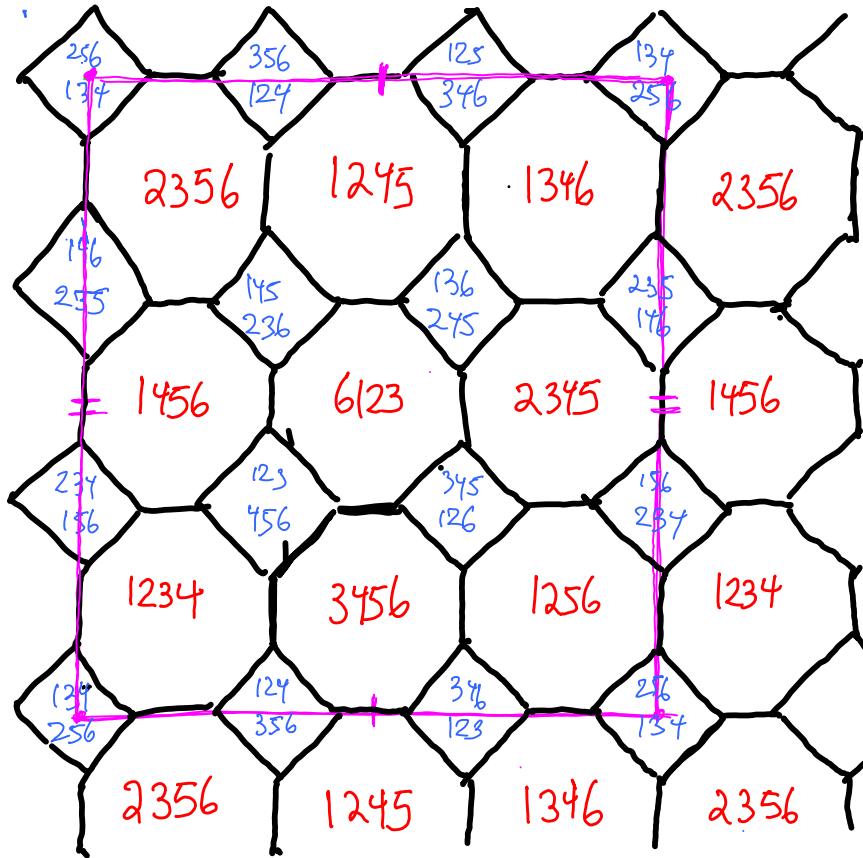
Sing of  $A_n$ -Hsf Branch Points  $\longleftrightarrow$  Boundaries of  $C_K[n]/\text{Little Grp}$

$\left\{ K=0 \text{ "Cluster coordinates in symbol"} \right\}$

# Boundary Structure for 6pt NMHV

w/ He Spradlin

A  
Toms!



$$G(4,6) = G(2,6)$$

Flip = 1  $\Rightarrow$   
(odd even) > 0

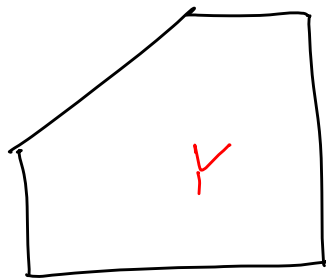
$$1234 = \textcircled{1234} \textcircled{56}$$

$$123 = \textcircled{123} \textcircled{456}$$

Associahedra + Kinematic-space

Avatar of the Worldsheet

# Integrating Canonical Forms $\rightarrow$ Canonical Functions



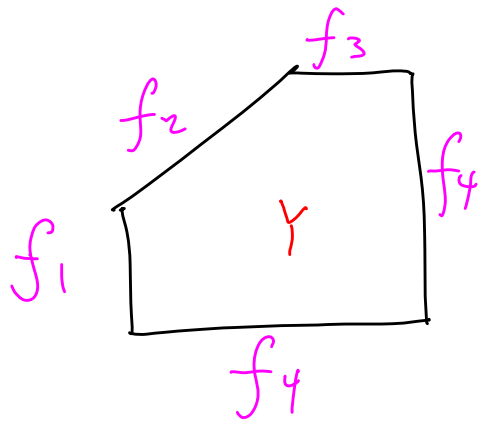
$$\int_P^{\infty P} \Omega_P$$

DIVERGES



# Integrating Canonical Forms $\rightarrow$ Canonical Functions

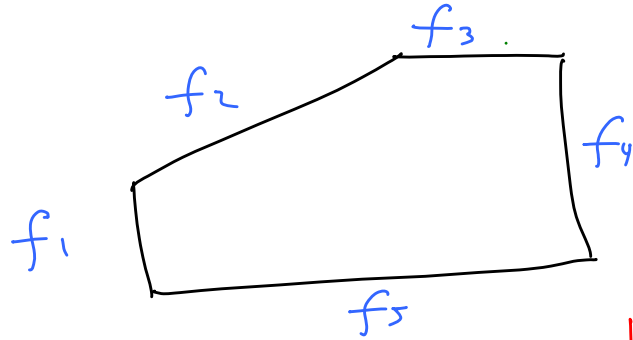
w/ Bai  
He  
Thomas



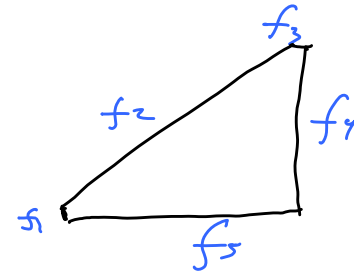
$$\int_P^{\alpha \rightarrow P} \Omega_{Pa} \left( \frac{W_{a,\gamma}}{W_{0,\gamma}} \right)^{\alpha' f_a} \text{ Canonical Regulator}$$

$$\alpha' \rightarrow 0 \quad \therefore \quad \sum_i \frac{1}{f_i f_{i+1}} \quad \text{"Canonical Function"}$$

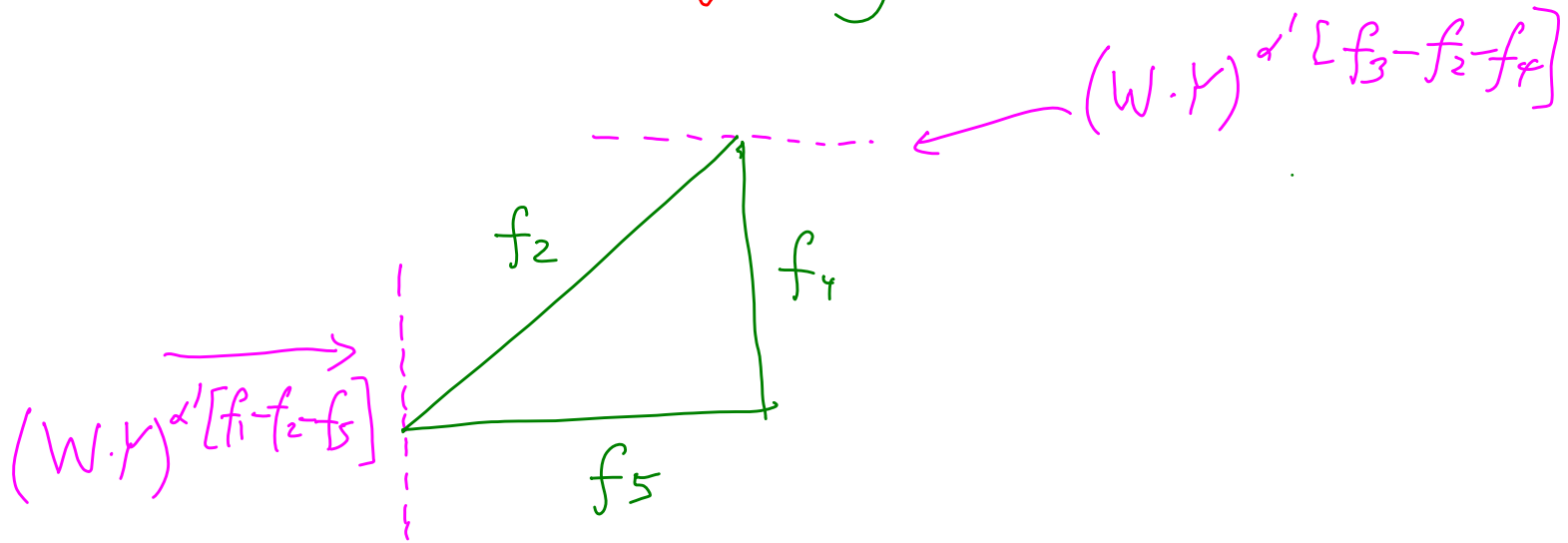
Canonical Function only depends on *shape* :



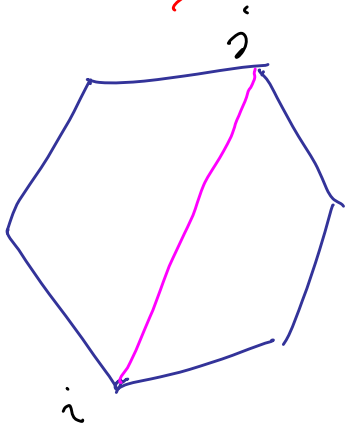
same as



⇓ Degenerate



# Kinematical Association



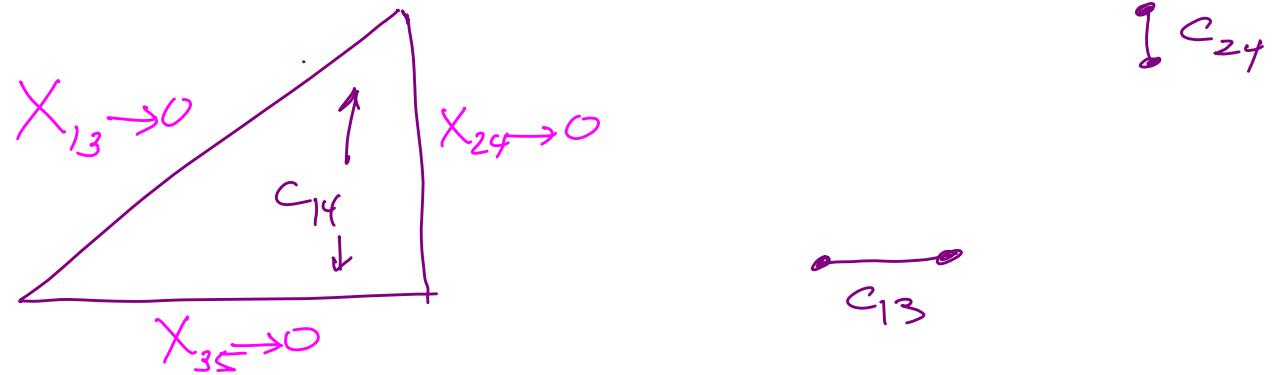
$$X_{ij} = (p_i + \dots + p_{j-1})^2$$

$$X_{ij} \geq 0$$

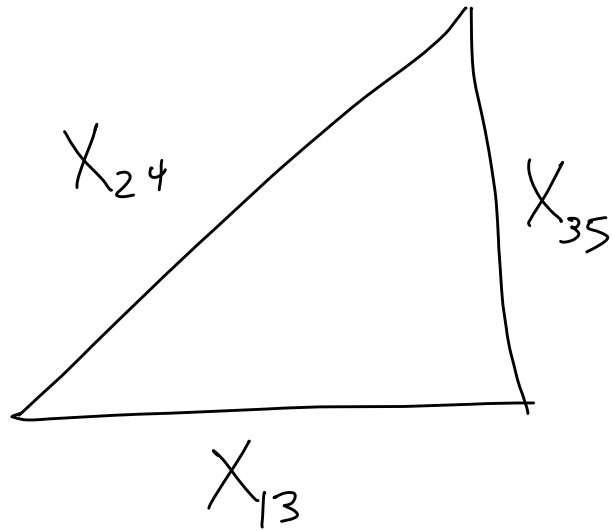
$$X_{ij} + X_{i+1, j+1} - X_{ij+1} - X_{i+1, j} \equiv C_{ij} \geq 0$$

$$i < j \leq n-1 \quad [\text{leave out } n]$$

... turn off all but one  $c_{ij}$ 's, space drops dimension, EXCEPT for  $C_{1 \dots n-1}$ : SIMPLEX



Full Associahedron is Minkowski Sum of all these!



$$X_{13} + X_{24} + X_{35} = C_{14}$$

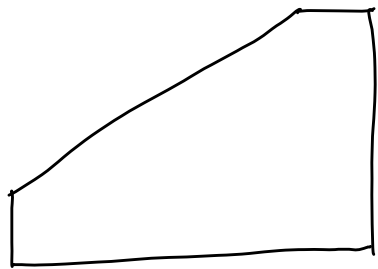


$$X_{i\ i+2} = C_{1n+1} (\sigma_{i+1} - \sigma_i)$$

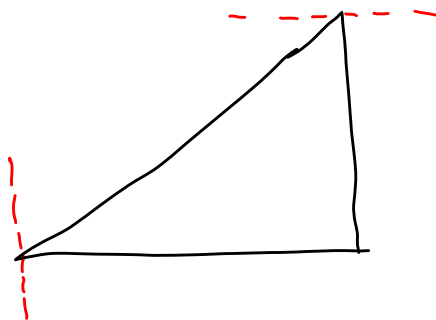
$$0 = \sigma_1 < \sigma_2 \dots < \sigma_{n+1} < 1$$

Kin Space Avatar of the Gauge-Fixed WS!

Canonical Function = Amplitude



↓ Degenerate



$$\alpha'^2 \int \Omega \left| W_{\alpha-Y} \right|^{\alpha' \chi_{ij}} = \text{Amp}$$

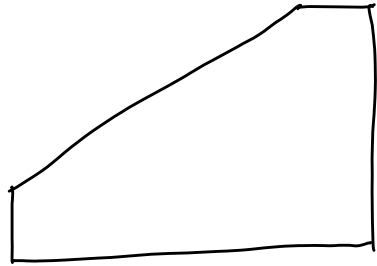


$$\alpha'^2 \int \text{PT} (\sigma_i - \sigma_j)^{\alpha' S_{ij}} !$$

WS, PT + KN, from Kin Space

[ Z[\alpha|\alpha] theory Amps @ finite ]

Q: What's wrong with



$$\alpha'^2 \int_{\Omega} |W_{a-Y}|^{\alpha' \chi_{ij}} @ \text{finite } \alpha'?$$

A: "Canonical Function" doesn't map to itself  
on poles as  $\chi_{ij} \rightarrow 0$ ! Physics: failure  
to factorize for finite  $\alpha'$

Q: Which polytopes  $P$  have canonical functions that can be consistently " $\alpha$ " deformed:  
 "UV completed"  $P$   $\longleftrightarrow$

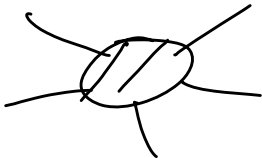
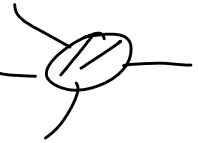

Q: Which Polytopes can be given a "curvy, binary" description of the form

$$F_a = 1 - \prod_{\alpha \text{ not touching } a} F_\alpha$$



... it appears the answer is

PRODUCTS OF ASSOCIAHEDRA!

Remarkable:  $\partial$   =  - 

emerges from all possible polytopes, from consistency  
of  $\alpha'$  deformation!

[Natural conjecture: allow general powers  $\longleftrightarrow$   
discover polytopes of cluster algebras...]

$\Psi_U$ , Amplitudes

and

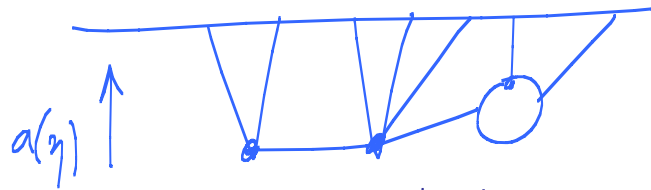
"Amplitude Facet" of Cosmological Polytopes

# What are Rules for $\Psi$ Universe?

(I) How is consistent "unitary time evolution physics" encoded in late-time correlators?

(II) Is there an autonomous object that satisfies these rules without bulk time evolution?

# Joy Model for Cosm. WF of $\mathcal{U}$

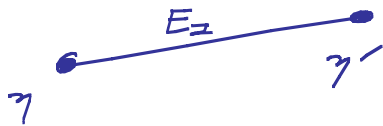
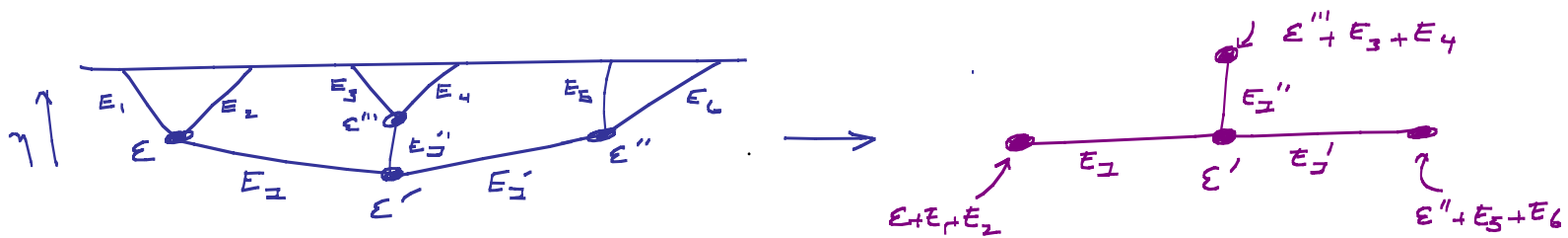


conf. coupled  
scalar, non-conf.  
polynomial interactions

$$\psi[\phi]$$

$$S = \int d\eta (\partial\phi)^2 + g_3(\eta)\phi^3 + g_4(\eta)\phi^4$$

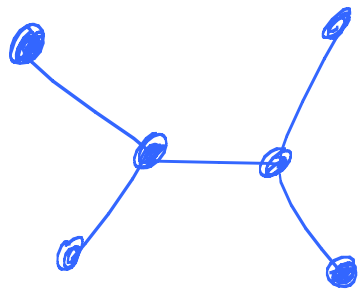
$$g_i(\eta) = \int d\varepsilon e^{i\varepsilon\eta} \tilde{g}(\varepsilon)$$



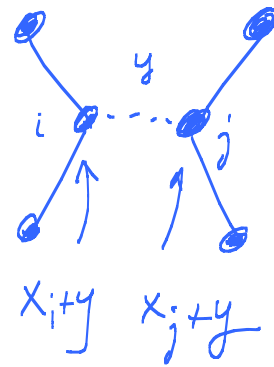
$$G_{\mathbb{B}}[\gamma, \gamma'] = \frac{1}{E_{\pm}} \left[ \underbrace{e^{iE_{\pm}(\gamma' - \gamma)} \Theta(\gamma - \gamma')}_{\text{Feynman Prop}} + (\gamma \leftrightarrow \gamma') \underbrace{-e^{iE_{\pm}(\gamma + \gamma')}}_{\text{BC @ } \gamma=0 \text{ to compute } \psi} \right] \quad 3 \text{ terms}$$

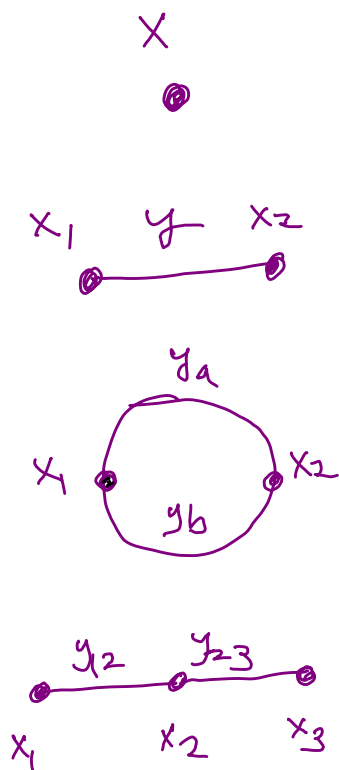
$$F_G[x_i, \gamma_{\pm}] = \int_{\mathbb{V}} \prod_{\nu} d\gamma_{\nu} e^{i\gamma_{\nu} x_{\nu}} \prod_{\text{edges}} G_{\mathbb{B}}[\gamma_i, \gamma_j, \gamma_{ij}] \quad , \quad \text{Time Evol } \mathcal{O}(3^E) \text{ terms}$$

\* When couplings are  $\eta$ -independent, there is a non- $\eta$  dependent way of computing  $\Psi$ : just solve the Sch. Egn! Generalizes to "Old-fashioned pert theory":



$$= \frac{1}{(\sum x_i)} \sum_{\text{cuts}}$$





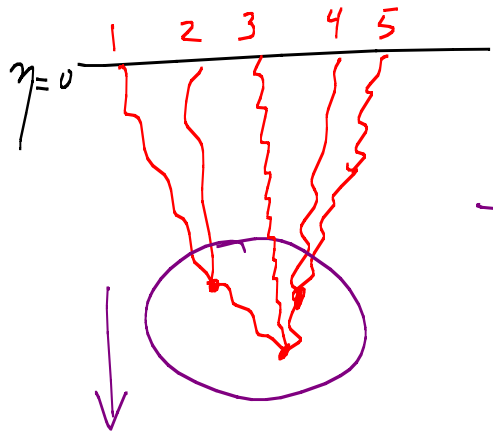
$$\frac{1}{x},$$

$$\frac{1}{(x_1 + x_2)(x_1 + y)(y + x_2)}, \quad [3 \text{ terms}]$$

$$\frac{2(x_1 + x_2 + y_a + y_b)}{(x_1 + x_2)(x_1 + y_a + y_b)(x_2 + y_a + y_b)(x_1 + x_2 + 2y_a)(x_1 + x_2 + 2y_b)}, \quad [7 \text{ terms}]$$

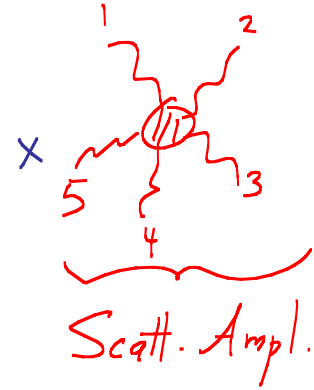
$$\frac{x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + y_{12} + y_{23}}{(x_1 + x_2 + x_3)(x_1 + y_{12})(y_{12} + x_2 + y_{23})(y_{23} + x_3)(x_1 + x_2 + y_{23})(y_{12} + x_2 + x_3)}, \quad [9 \text{ terms}]$$

$\Psi_U$  Contains Scattering Amplitudes!

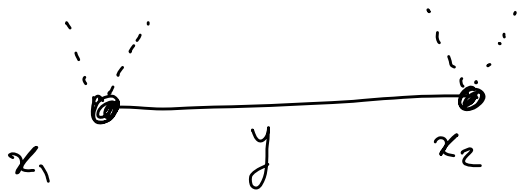


$$\left( \frac{1}{E_1 + \dots + E_5} \right)$$

↓  
0







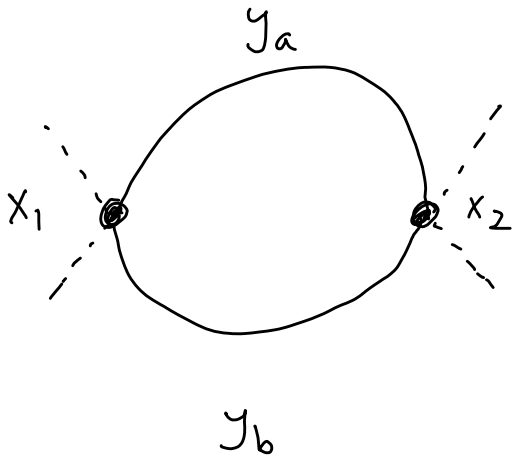
$$\frac{1}{x_1 + x_2}$$

↓  
0

$$\frac{1}{x_1 + y} + \frac{1}{x_2 + y}$$

⇓

$$\frac{1}{x^2 - y^2} = \frac{1}{s}$$



$$x_1 + x_2 \rightarrow 0$$

→

$$\frac{1}{(y_a + y_b)^2 - x_1^2} \left( \frac{1}{2y_a} + \frac{1}{2y_b} \right)$$

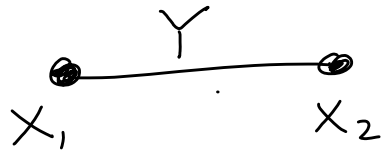
= Feynman Tree Then Loop Integrand!  
(no integral done w/ iε)

\*  $\mathbb{I}_n$  Flat Space: the rational functions

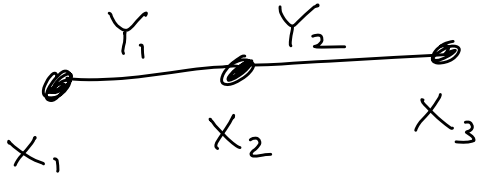
give  $\mathcal{F}_{\text{vac}}[\varphi]$

\*  $\mathbb{I}_n$  dS, further int. gives  $\mathcal{F}_{\text{dS}}[\varphi]$ .  
( $\mathbb{I}_n$  AdS,  $\partial$  correlators)

\* We get "Cosmological POLYLOGS"  
even @ tree level!



$$S: \frac{X_1 + Y}{X_1 - Y} \otimes \frac{X_2 + Y}{X_2 + X_1} + 1 \leftrightarrow 2$$



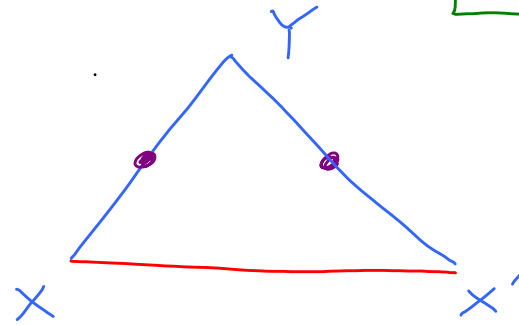
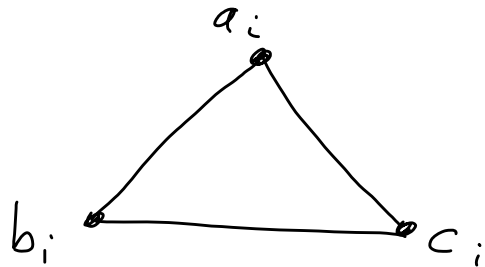
$$S: \downarrow$$

$\{-1, X_1 - Y_1, X_2 + Y_1 + Y_2, X_2 + X_3 + Y_1\}, \{1, X_1 - Y_1, X_1 + X_2 + Y_2,$   
 $X_1 + X_2 + X_3\}, \{1, X_1 - Y_1, X_2 + Y_1 - Y_2, X_2 + X_3 + Y_1\}, \{-1,$   
 $X_1 - Y_1, X_1 + X_2 - Y_2, X_1 + X_2 + X_3\}, \{1, X_1 - Y_1, X_1 + X_2 - Y_2,$   
 $X_3 + Y_2\}, \{-1, X_1 - Y_1, X_2 + Y_1 - Y_2, X_3 + Y_2\}, \{1, X_1 - Y_1,$   
 $X_2 + Y_1 + Y_2, X_3 + Y_2\}, \{-1, X_1 - Y_1, X_1 + X_2 + Y_2, X_3 + Y_2\}, \{1,$   
 $X_1 + Y_1, X_1 + X_2 - Y_2, X_1 + X_2 + X_3\}, \{-1, X_1 + Y_1, X_1 + X_2 + Y_2,$   
 $X_1 + X_2 + X_3\}, \{-1, X_1 + Y_1, X_1 + X_2 - Y_2, X_3 + Y_2\}, \{1, X_1 + Y_1,$   
 $X_1 + X_2 + Y_2, X_3 + Y_2\}, \{-1, X_1 + Y_1, X_2 + Y_1 - Y_2,$   
 $X_2 + X_3 + Y_1\}, \{1, X_1 + Y_1, X_2 + Y_1 + Y_2, X_2 + X_3 + Y_1\}, \{1,$   
 $X_1 + Y_1, X_2 + Y_1 - Y_2, X_3 + Y_2\}, \{-1, X_1 + Y_1, X_2 + Y_1 + Y_2,$   
 $X_3 + Y_2\}, \{1, X_1 - Y_1, X_3 - Y_2, X_2 + X_3 + Y_1\}, \{-1, X_1 - Y_1,$   
 $X_3 - Y_2, X_1 + X_2 + X_3\}, \{1, X_1 - Y_1, X_3 - Y_2, X_1 + X_2 + Y_2\}, \{-1,$   
 $X_1 - Y_1, X_3 - Y_2, X_2 + Y_1 + Y_2\}, \{-1, X_1 - Y_1, X_3 + Y_2,$

+ ...  
 Already Pretty  
 Complicated....

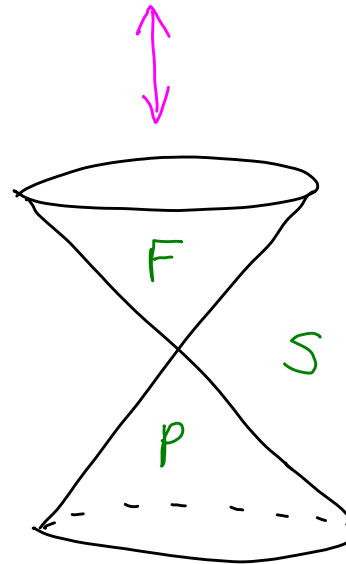
# Cosmological Polytopes

w/ Benincasa  
Postnikov

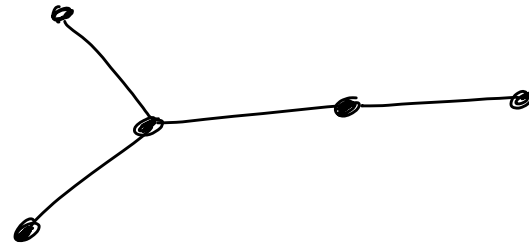
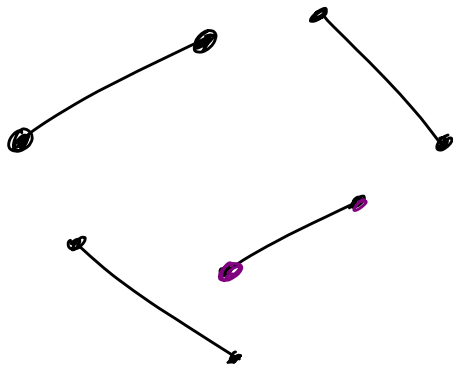


Collection of Triangles  
Allowed to intersect  
on 2 of 3 sides

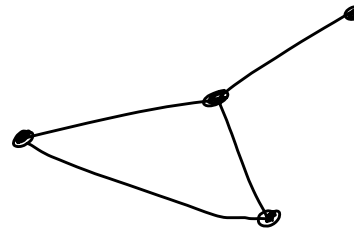
$a_i + b_i = a_j + b_j$   
and  
or  $a_i + c_i = a_j + c_j$   
NOT  $b_i + c_i = b_j + c_j$



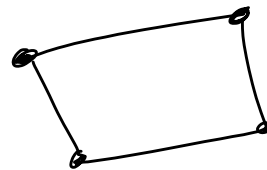
# Polytopes Associated w/ Graphs

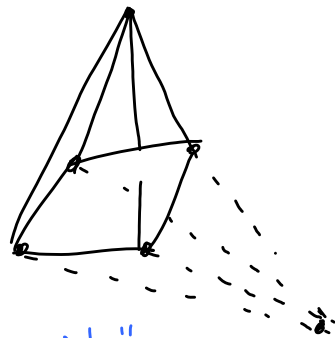
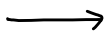
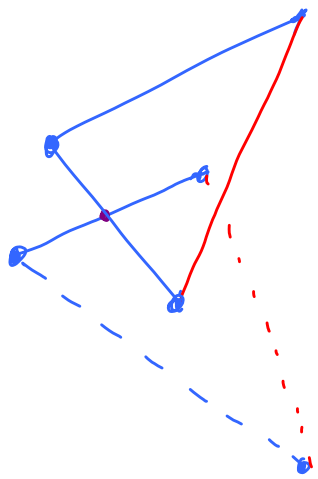


or

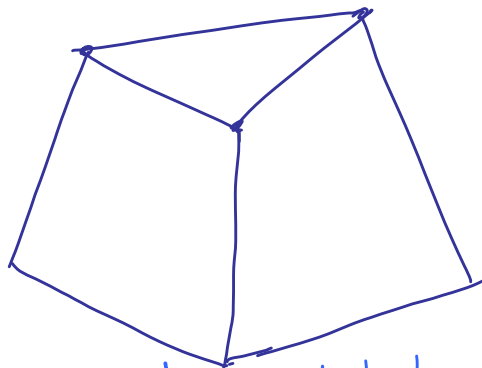
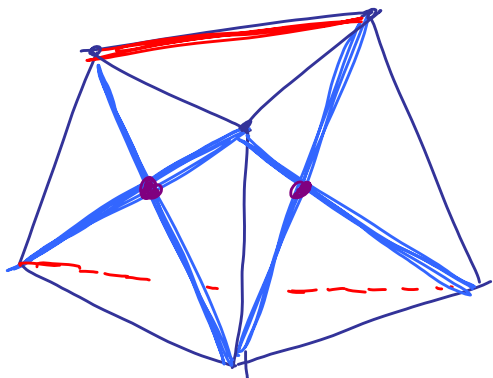


or

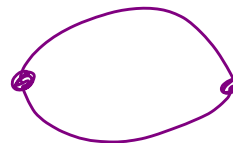


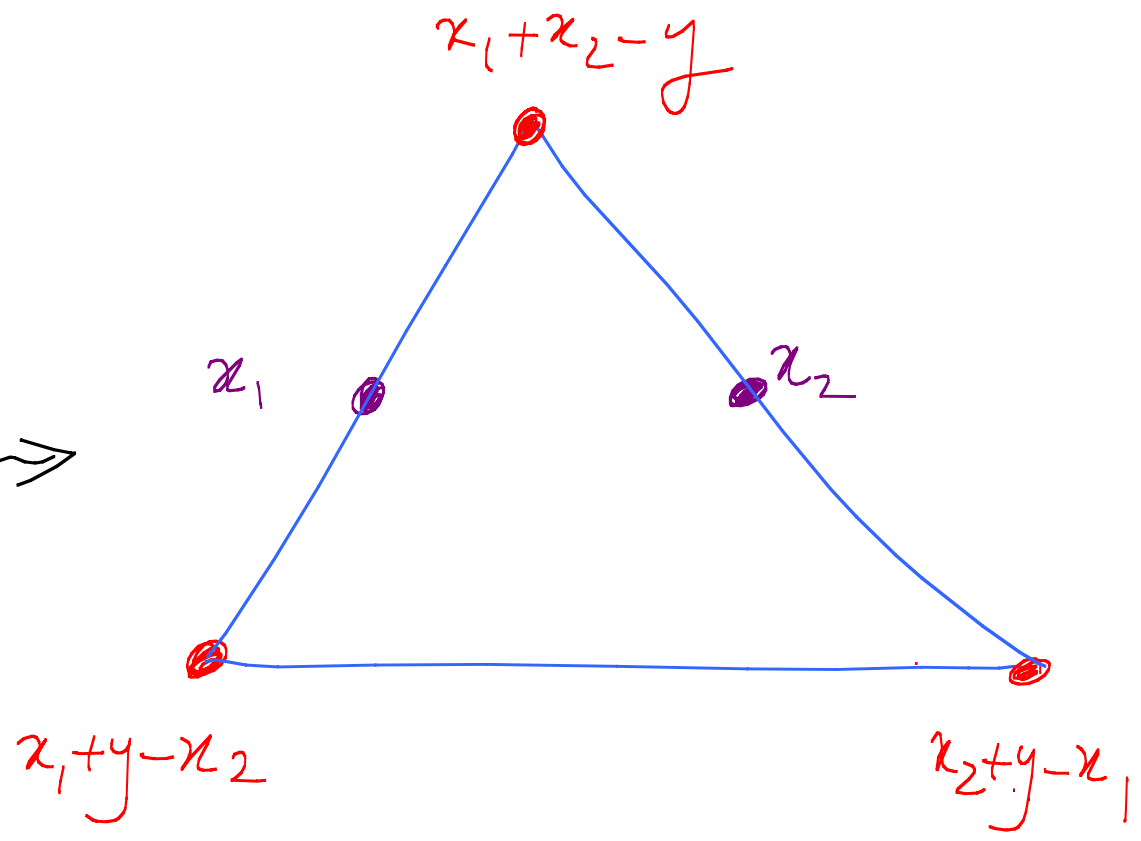
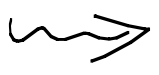
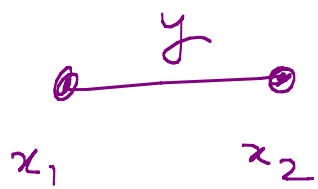


"Double" square pyramid

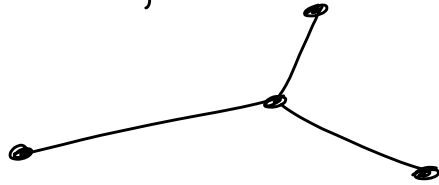


Truncated Tetrahedron





Wavefunction = Canonical Form!



$$X = \sum x X + y Y$$

$$\Omega [X, \text{Cosm. Polytope}[G]]$$

$$= \left( \prod dx dy \right) \times \Psi_G [x, y]$$

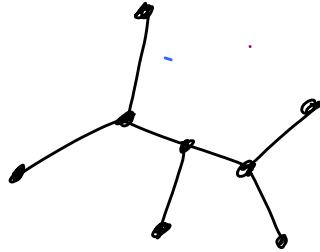
- \* Natural triangulations give  $\begin{matrix} \nearrow \text{Time-Int. Rep} \\ \searrow \text{Ad-fah. part-th.} \end{matrix}$
- \* That  $\Psi_G$  satisfies Sch. Egn  $\rightarrow$  Emergent from Polytope!
- \* [New triangulations  $\rightarrow$  more efficient expressions for  $\Psi_G$ ]



# Scattering Amplitude Facet

w/ Benincasa

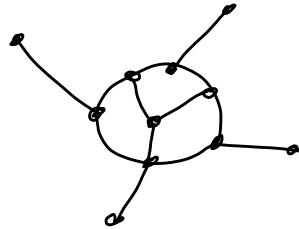
\* Tree level :



Face where  $\sum_a x_a \rightarrow 0$   
is a SIMPLEX

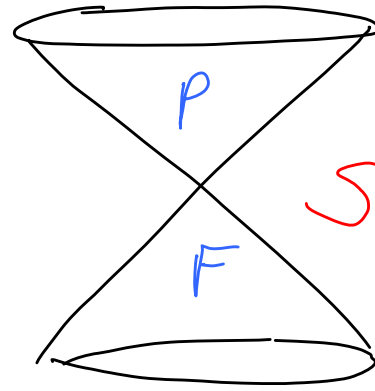
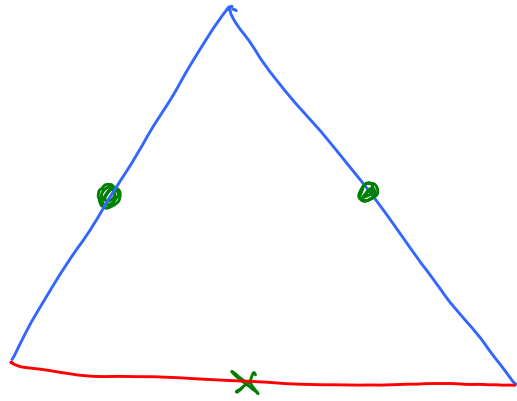
$$\left( \prod_{a \in E} \frac{1}{\text{Energies}} \right) \rightarrow \prod_E \frac{1}{S_E}$$

\* Loop level :



Not a simplex... but,  
All triangulations w/ polytope  
vertices = All ways of  
doing so integrals!

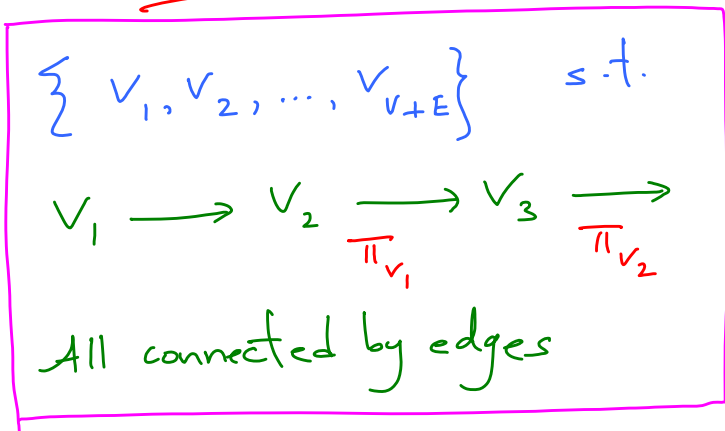
"Feynman Tree Thm Polytope"



Lorentz Invariance }  
Unitarity }

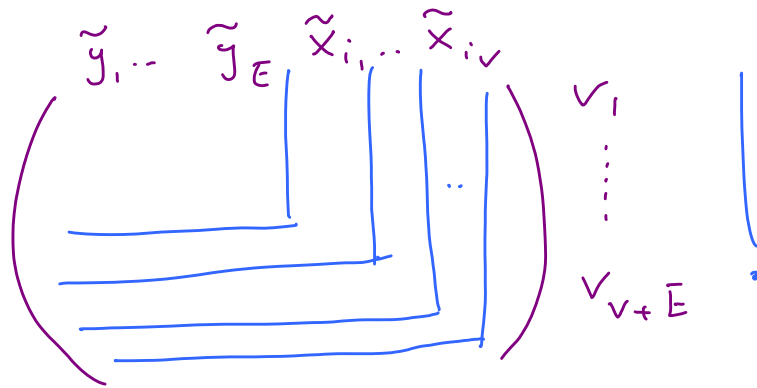
On "Amplitude Face",  
emerge from this  
combinatorial geometry

Symbol of Cosmological Polylog =  
Record of Projective Paths in Cosm. Polylog!

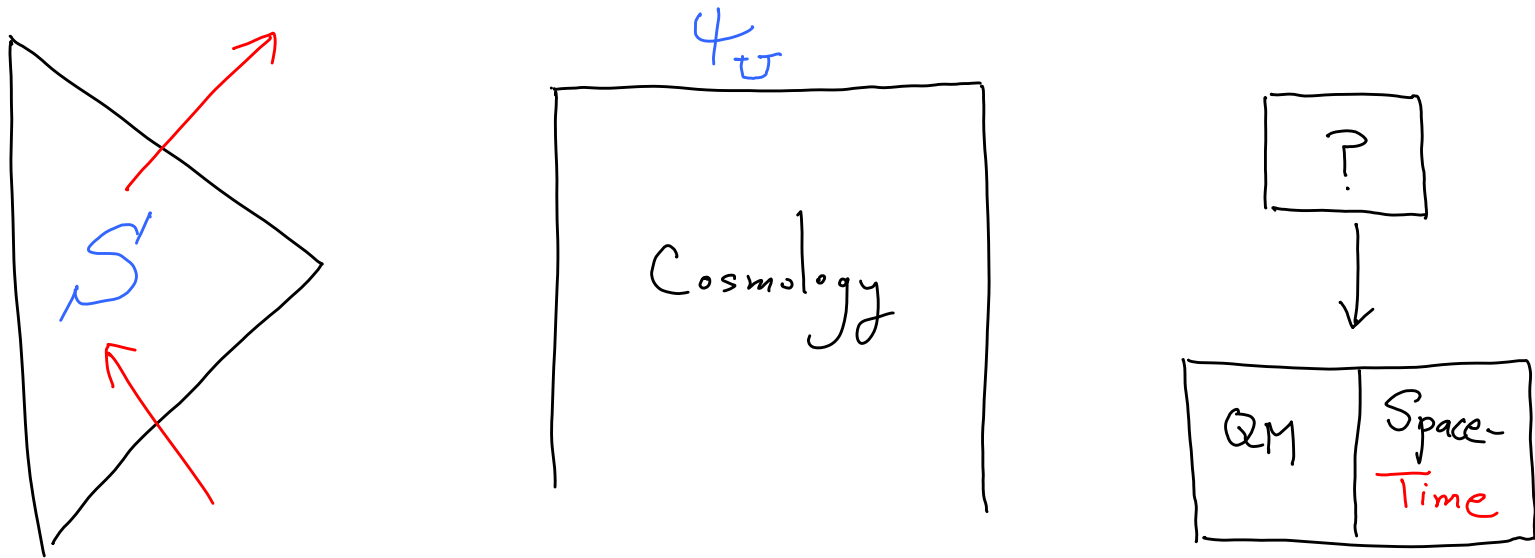


$\{\tilde{W}_1, \dots, \tilde{W}_{V+E}; V_1, \dots, V_{V+E}\}$   
 = Matrix  $[\tilde{W}_I \cdot V_J]$

$S = \sum_{\substack{\{\tilde{X}_{i_1}, \dots, \tilde{X}_{i_v}\} \\ \{V_1, \dots, V_{V+E}\}}} (\pm) \Pi$



symbol = cons. nested minors w/ Yuan



Much more progress in past 10 years than  
I imagined was possible... can't wait for next 10 years!