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FOR FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICS

Searches for SUSY signals at ATLAS

November 1st 2017

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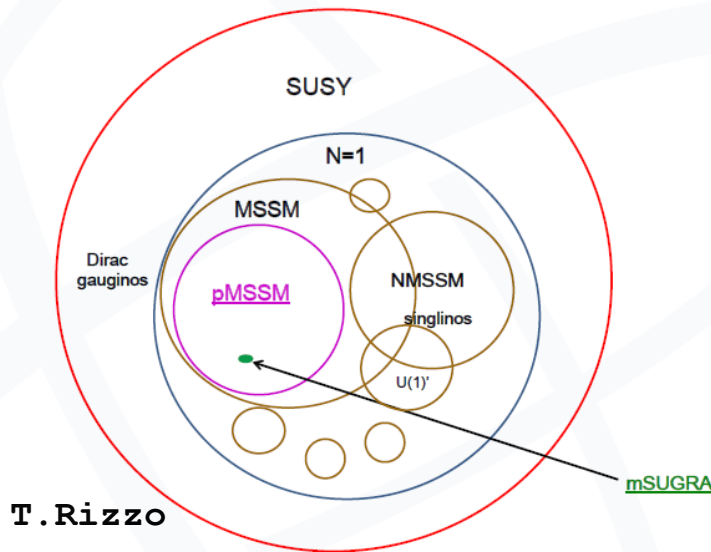
on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

LABORATORIUM FÜR HOCHENERGIEPHYSIK
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Introduction

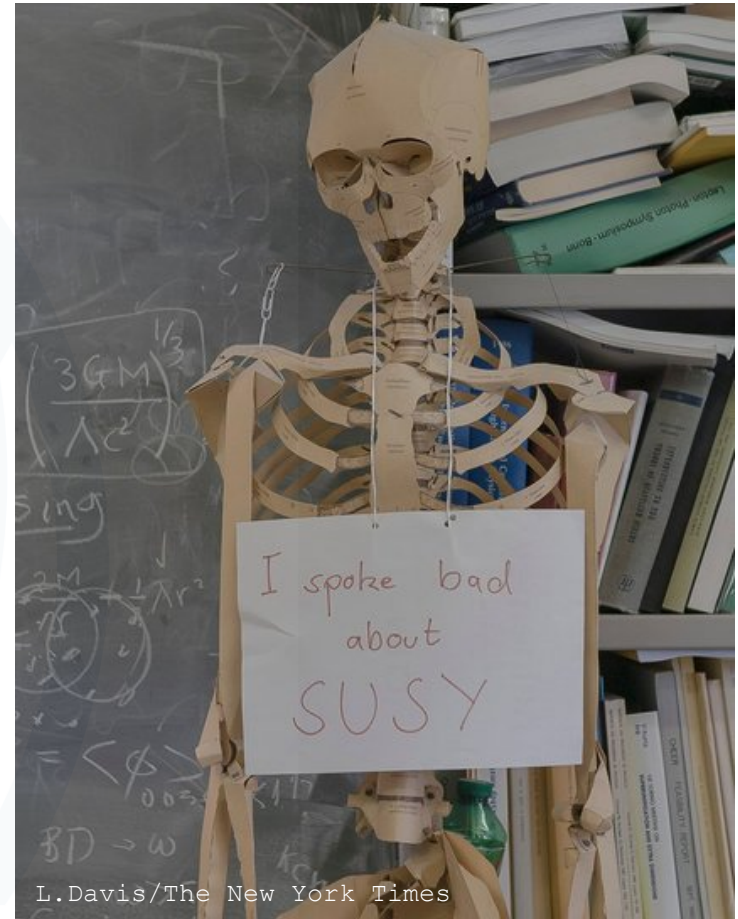
At the LHC turn-on, many hoped that SUSY would be just around the corner.

- However, we are still looking for it.



SUSY is not a model but a large theoretical framework.

- **ATLAS is investigating the reach of the HL-LHC to determine how far can “the corner” be**



SUSY prospects strategy

Simple analysis approaches mimicking the Run 1&2 selections

- Parameterised detector response (derived from full simulation)
- Typically consider different pile-up regimes and detector layouts
- Sensitivity evaluated with a significance-like variable, referred to as Z_n

$$Z_n = \sqrt{2} \operatorname{erf}^{-1}(1 - 2p) \quad p \propto \int_0^\infty db G(b; N_b, \delta b) \sum_{i=N_{data}}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-b} b^i}{i!}$$

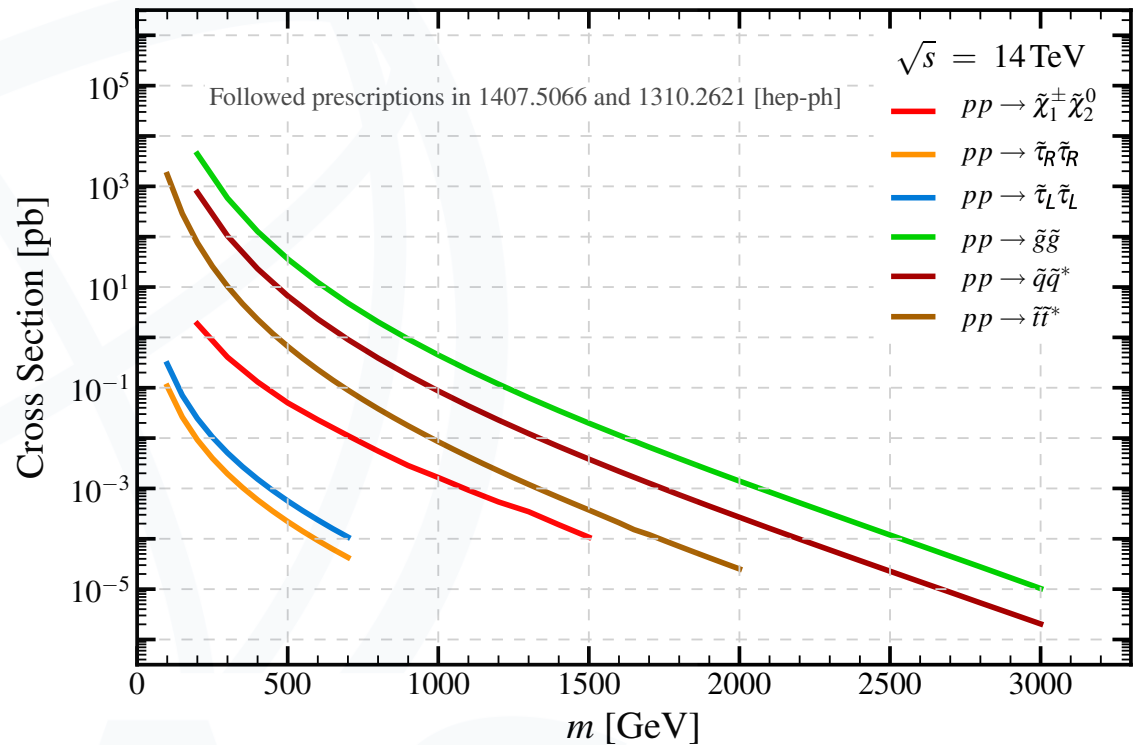
The HL-LHC will provide a much larger dataset, at the cost of additional pile-up interactions.

- Studies are also used to guide detector design and development, to maximise the expected physics results

A comprehensive search programme

The HL-LHC will access both very massive and very rare sparticles.

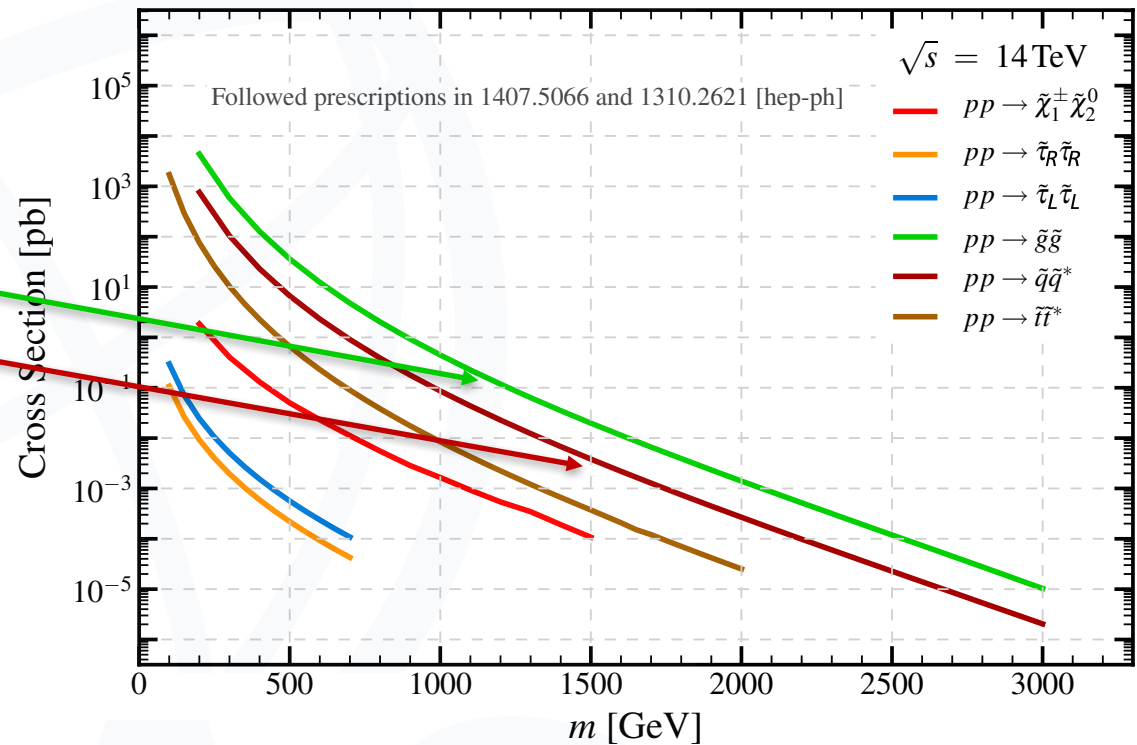
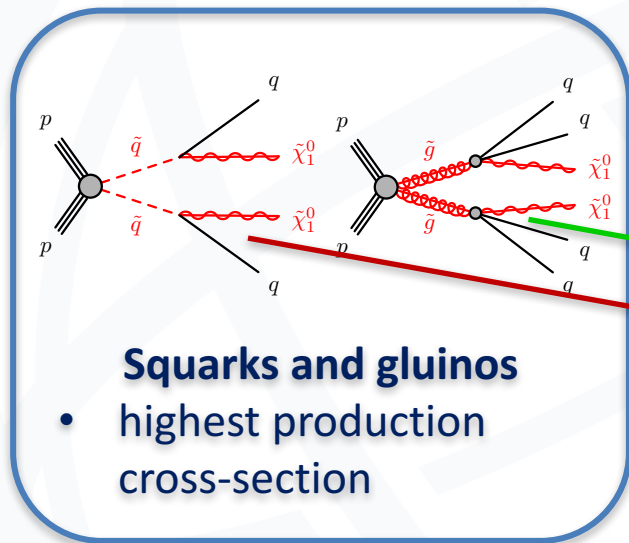
- Sensitivity investigated with simplified models.



A comprehensive search programme

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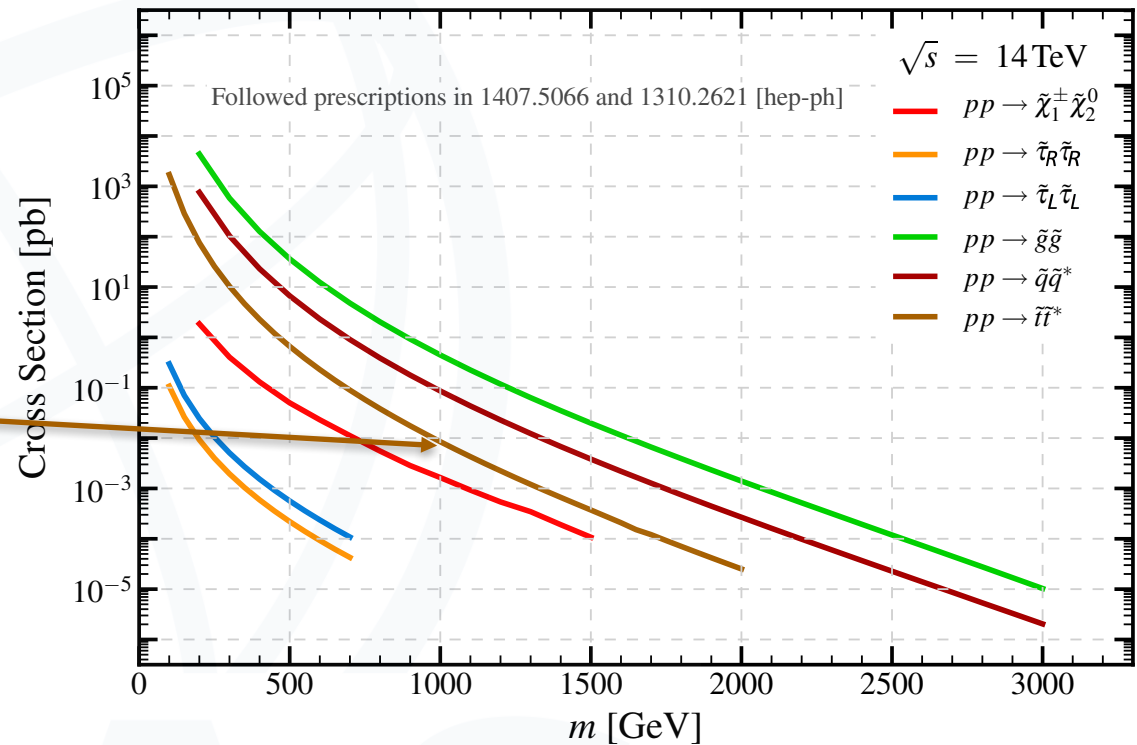
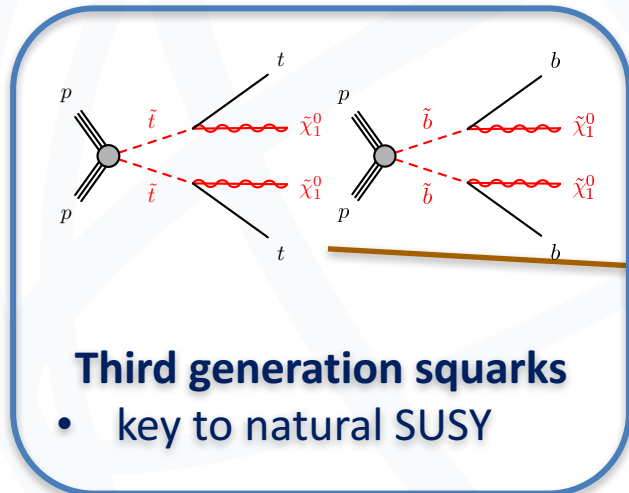
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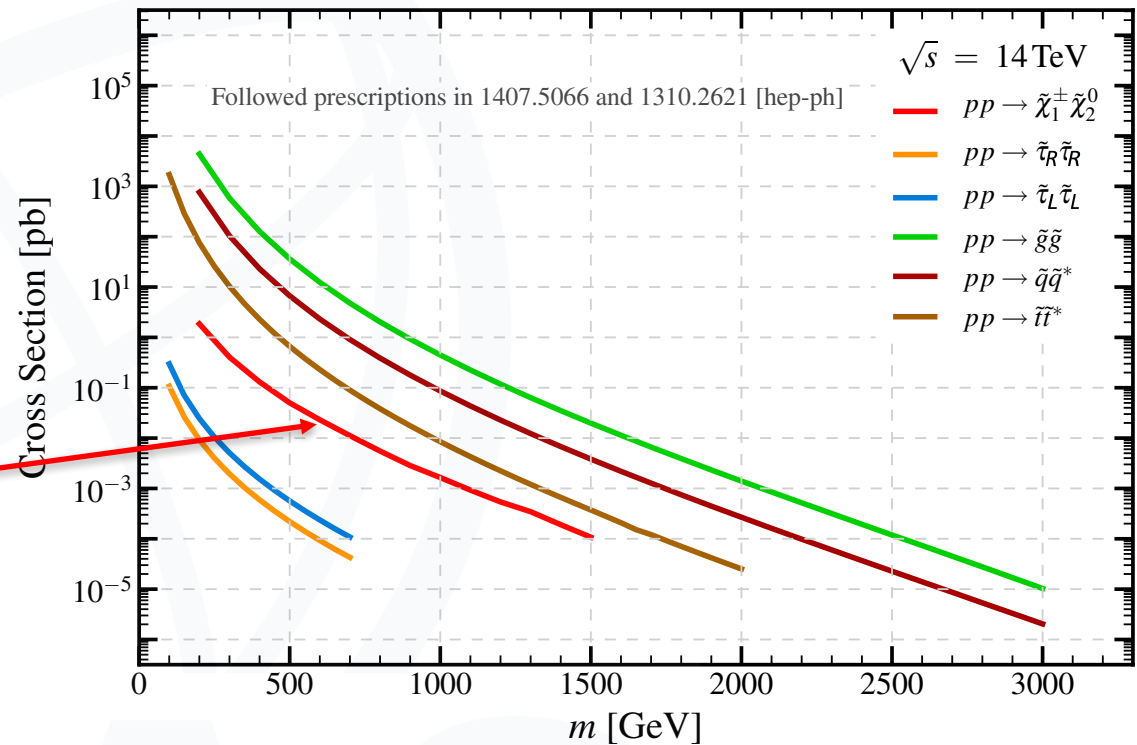
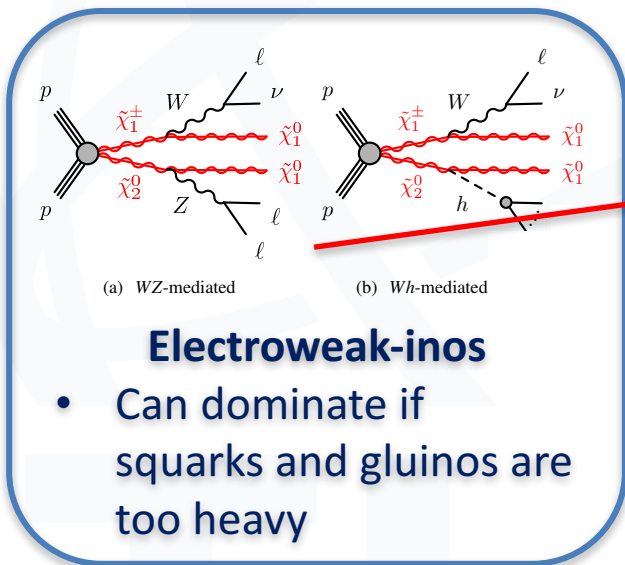
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A comprehensive search programme

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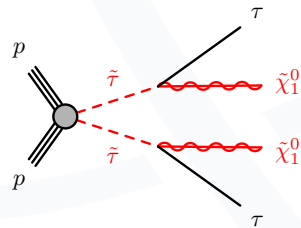
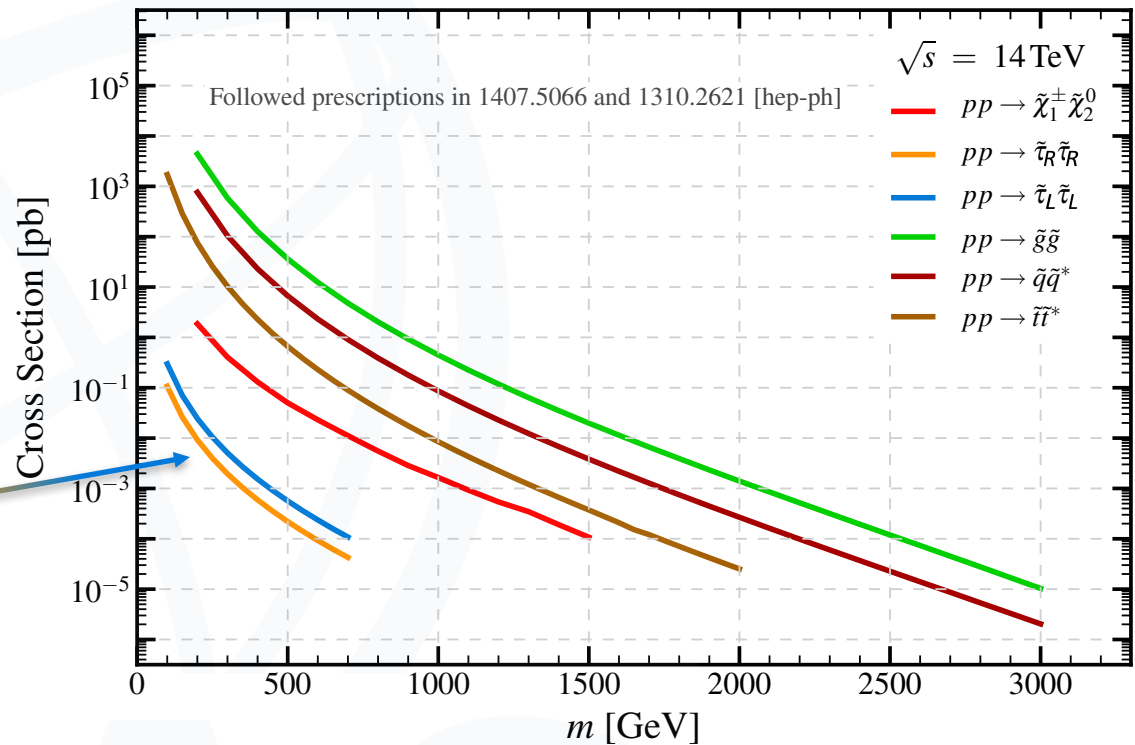
- Sensitivity investigated with simplified models.



A comprehensive search programme

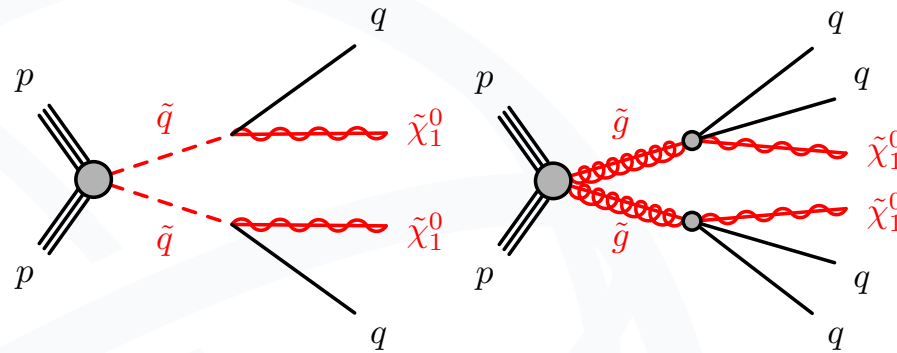
The HL-LHC will access both very massive and very rare sparticles.

- Sensitivity investigated with simplified models.



Sleptons (staus)

- Can match the DM observed density
- Can explain the μ g-2

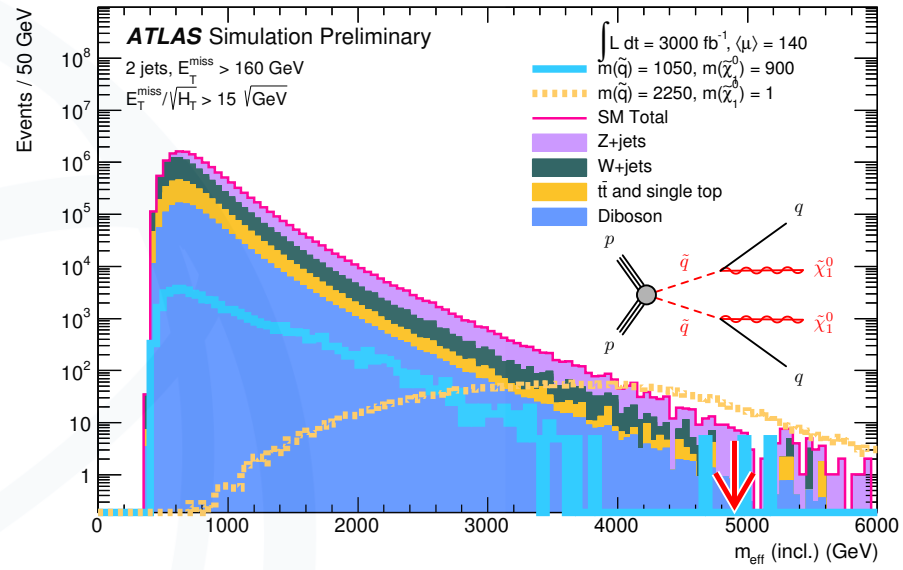


SQUARKS AND GLUINOS

Fully hadronic squarks and gluinos

Selections optimised on E_T^{miss} , m_{eff} , E_T^{miss}/m_{eff} and E_T^{miss}/H_T

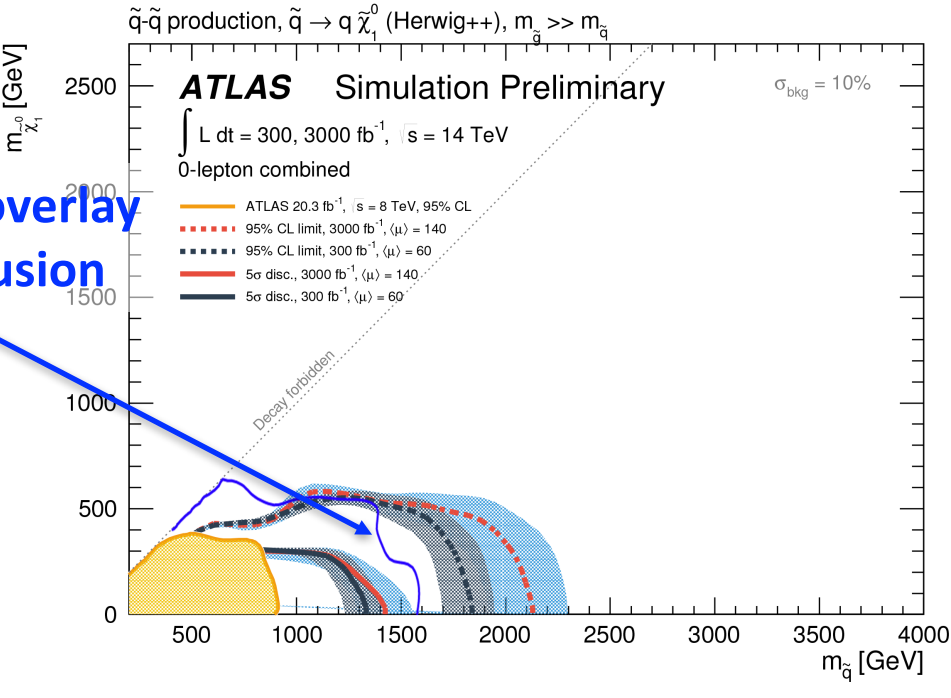
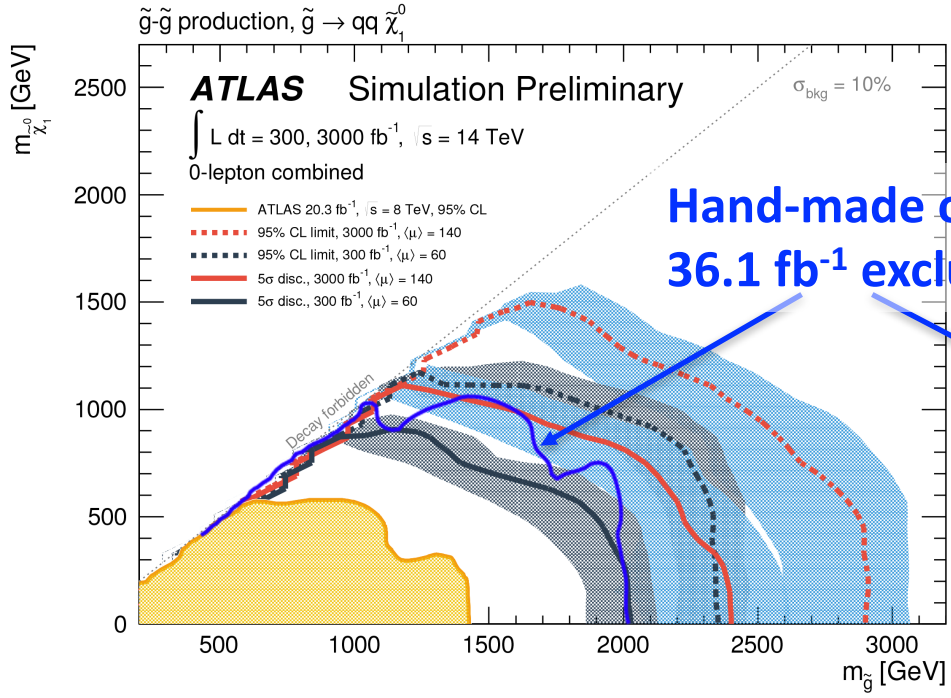
- Events with 2 to 6 jets
- Backgrounds: Z(vv)+jets, W+jets, ttbar
- Assumed $\mu=140$, $\sigma_{bkg}=10\%$



- Expected 95% CL limits with the best SR for each model

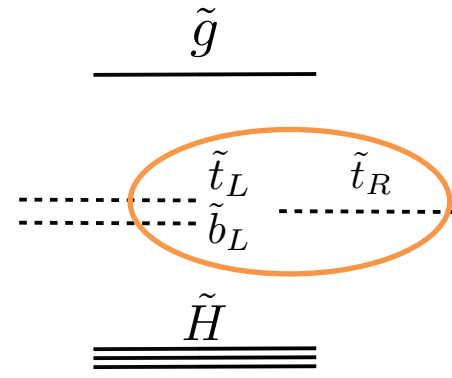
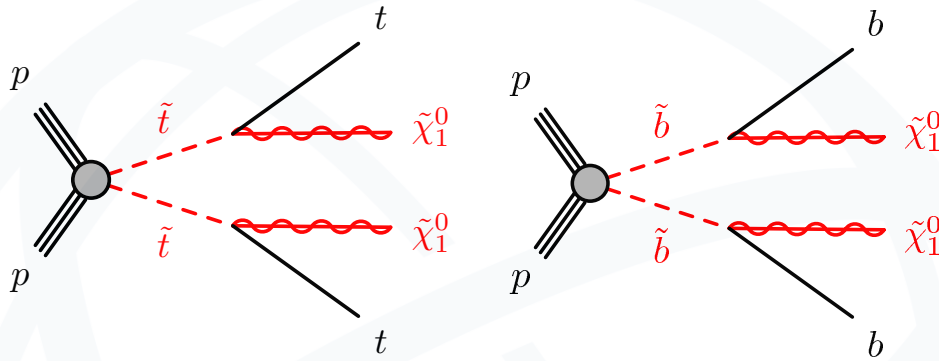
Selection	Channel										
	2jl	2jm	3j	4jl	4jm	4jt	5j	6jl	6jm	6jt	
$p_T(j_1)$ [GeV] >				160							
$N_{jets}(p_T > 60$ [GeV]) \geq		2	3	4		5		6			
E_T^{miss} [GeV] >				160							
$\Delta\phi(\text{jet}, E_T^{miss})_{min}$ [rad] >			0.4 (j_1, j_2, j_3),			0.2 (all $p_T > 40$ GeV jets)					
E_T^{miss}/m_{eff} >	-	-	0.3	0.35	0.25	-	0.25	0.25	0.35	0.15	
$E_T^{miss}/\sqrt{H_T}$ [GeV ^{1/2}] >	8	15	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	
m_{eff} [GeV] >	4500, 5000	4500, 4900	4000	4000, 3800	4000	4500	4000	3400	3500	5000	

Expected Sensitivity



Discoverable squark pair production models already excluded with 36.1 fb⁻¹ (ATLAS-CONF-2017-022)

- Gluinos are in similar situation
- HE-LHC would be needed to discover these particles



hep-ph:1110.6926

THIRD GENERATION SQUARKS

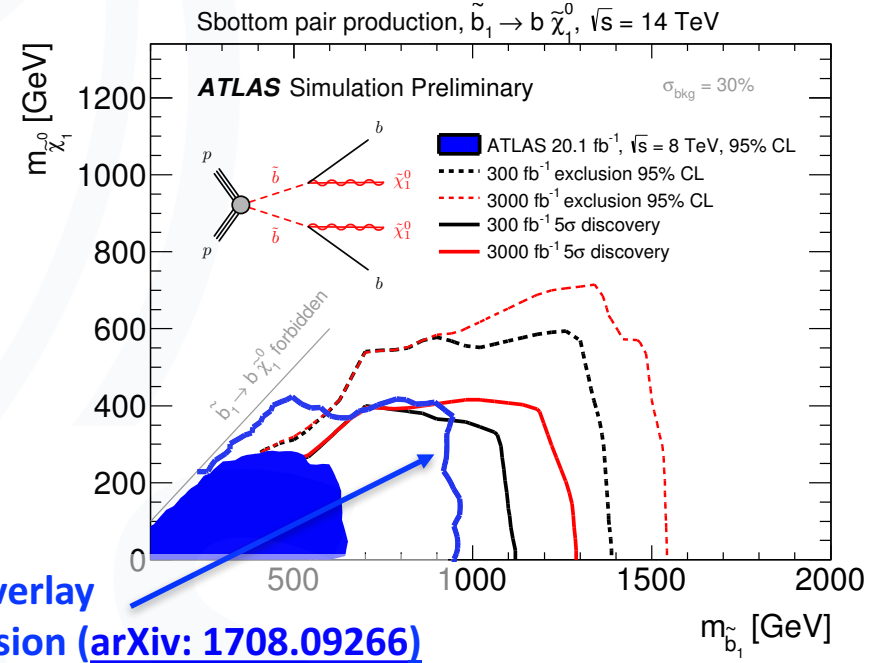
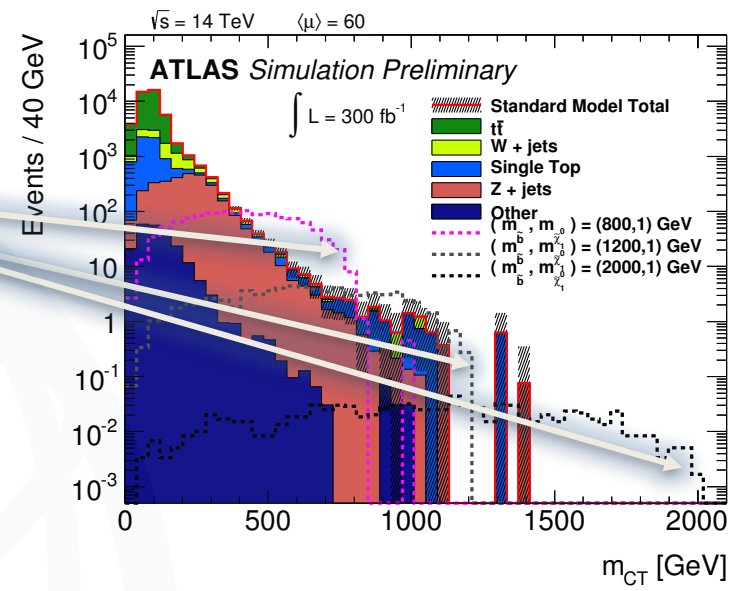
Bottom squarks

- Exploit $m_{CT}(bb)$ endpoint (6 SR)

$$m_{CT}^{max} = \frac{m^2(\tilde{b}) - m^2(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)}{m(\tilde{b})}$$

- Backgrounds: $Z(\nu\nu)+bb$, single top, ttV ($V=W,Z$)
- Assumed $\mu=140$, $\sigma_{bkg}=30\%$
- Expected 95% CL limits with the best SR for each model

Selection	SRx
Lepton veto	No e/μ with $p_T > 7(6)$ GeV for $e(\mu)$
E_T^{miss}	> 150 GeV
Leading jet $p_T(j_1)$	> 130 GeV
Third jet $p_T(j_3)$	veto if > 50 GeV
b -tagging	leading 2 jets ($p_T > 50$ GeV, $ \eta < 2.5$)
$\Delta\phi_{min}$	> 0.4
$E_T^{miss} / m_{eff}(2)$	$E_T^{miss} / m_{eff}(2) > 0.25$
m_{CT}	$> x$ GeV
m_{bb}	> 200 GeV



Hand-made overlay
 36.1 fb⁻¹ exclusion (arXiv: 1708.09266)

Multi-jet and single lepton search

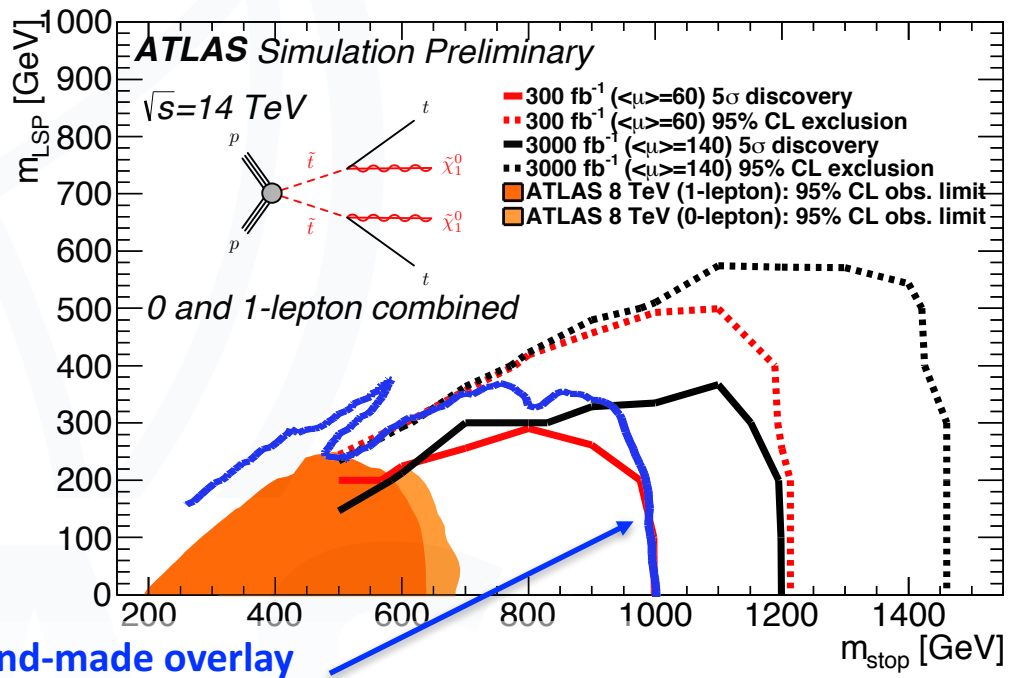
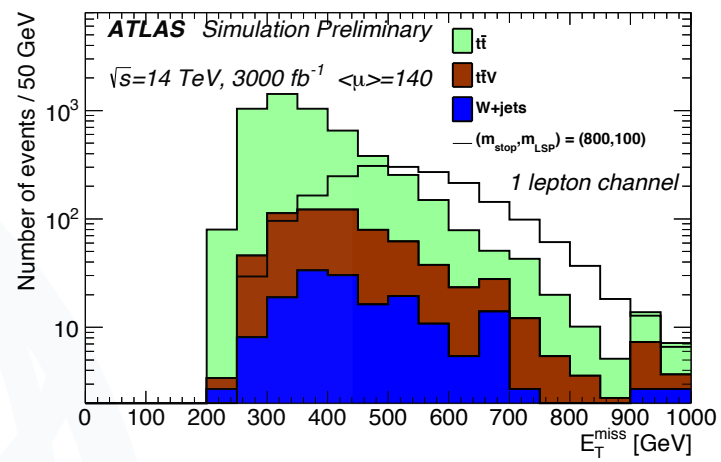
11 fully hadronic SRs (6+ jets)

- E_T^{miss} and m_T^b (closest b-jet in ϕ)

$$m_T^b = \sqrt{2 \times p_{T,b} \times E_T^{\text{miss}} \times (1 - \cos(\Delta\phi))}$$

11 single lepton SRs (4+ jets)

- E_T^{miss} and m_T
- Top reconstruction via m_{jjj}
- Backgrounds: $t\bar{t}$, $Z(\nu\nu)$ and $t\bar{t}V$ ($V=W,Z$)
- Assumed $\mu=140$, $\sigma_{\text{bkg}}=30\%$
- 95% CL limits from the combination of the best SRs of the two channels



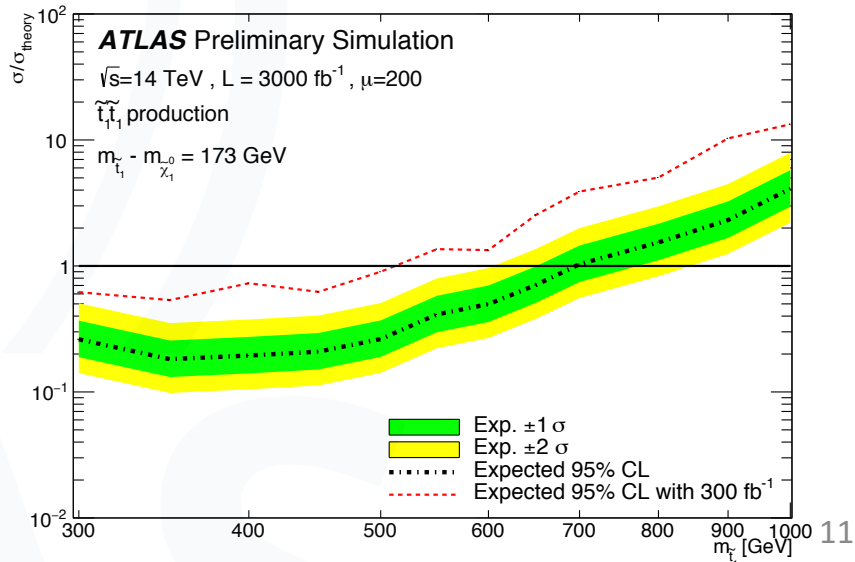
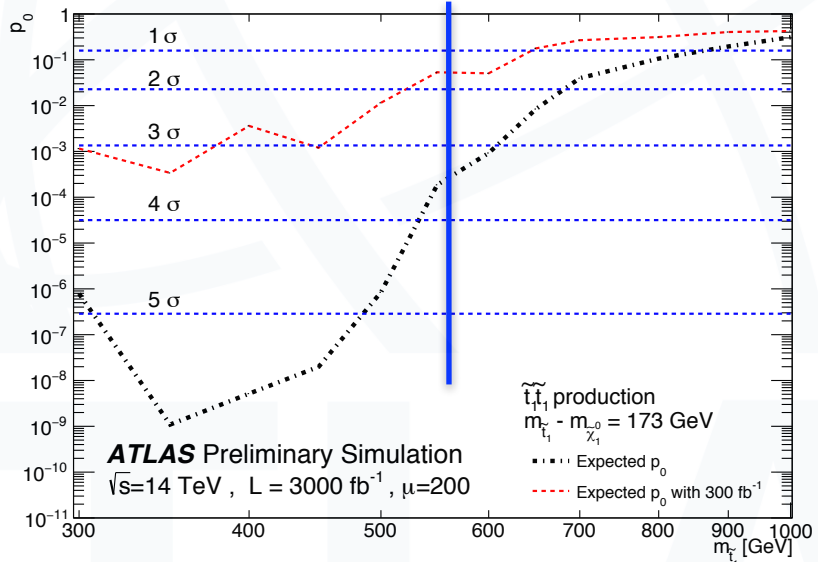
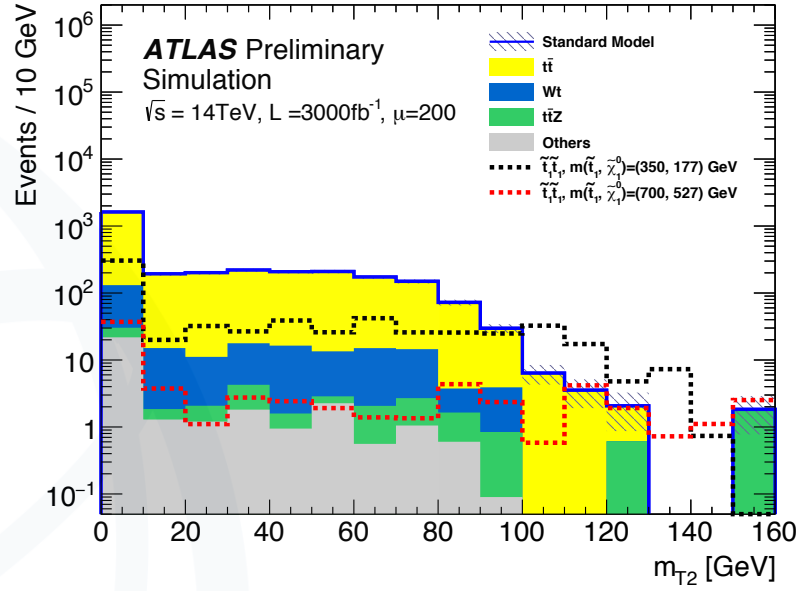
Hand-made overlay
 36.1 fb⁻¹ exclusion ([arXiv:1709.04183](https://arxiv.org/abs/1709.04183))

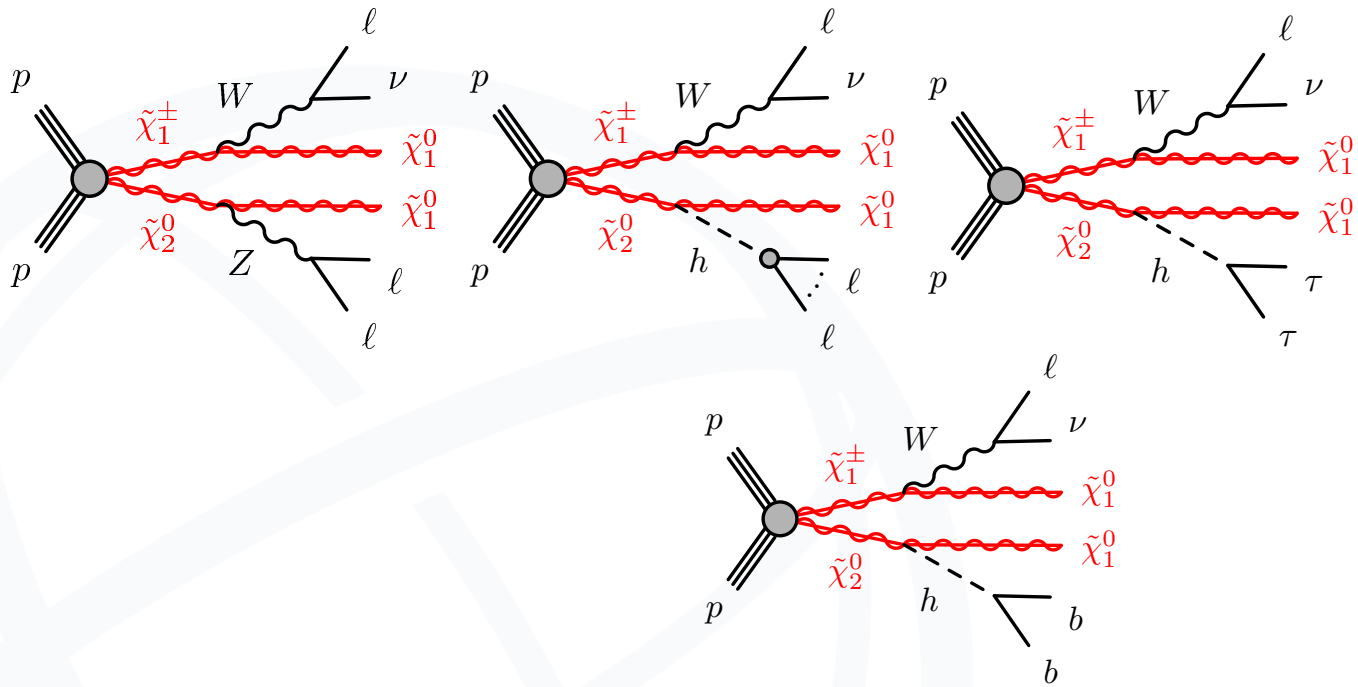
Di-lepton search

Targets compressed scenarios with $m(t_1) - m(\chi_1) = m(t)$

- one ISR jet, E_T^{miss} and m_{T2}
- Backgrounds: $t\bar{t}$ and ttZ
- Assumed $\mu=200$, $\sigma_{bkg}=30\%$

36.1 fb⁻¹ exclusion
[1709.04183](#)





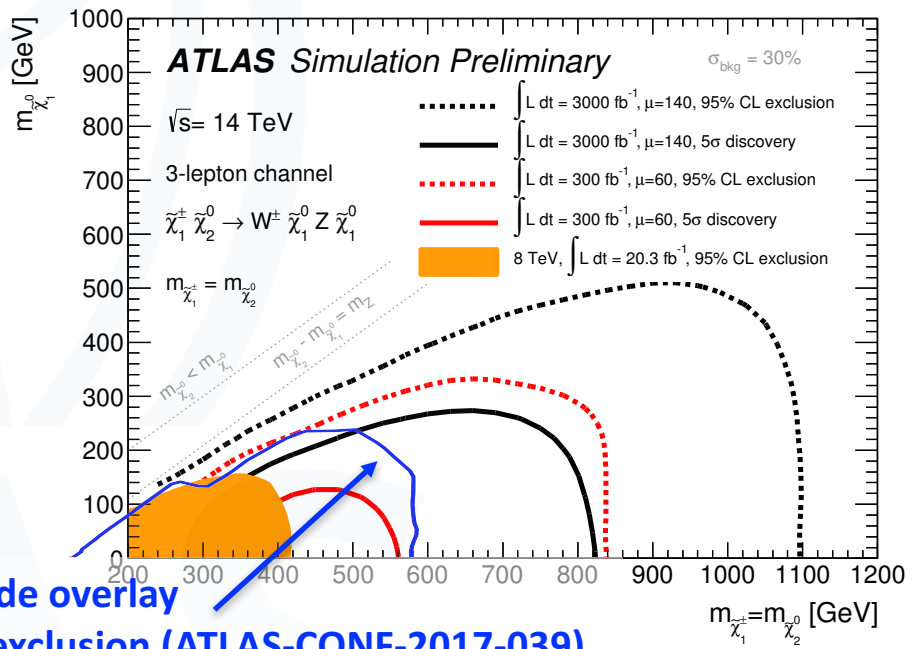
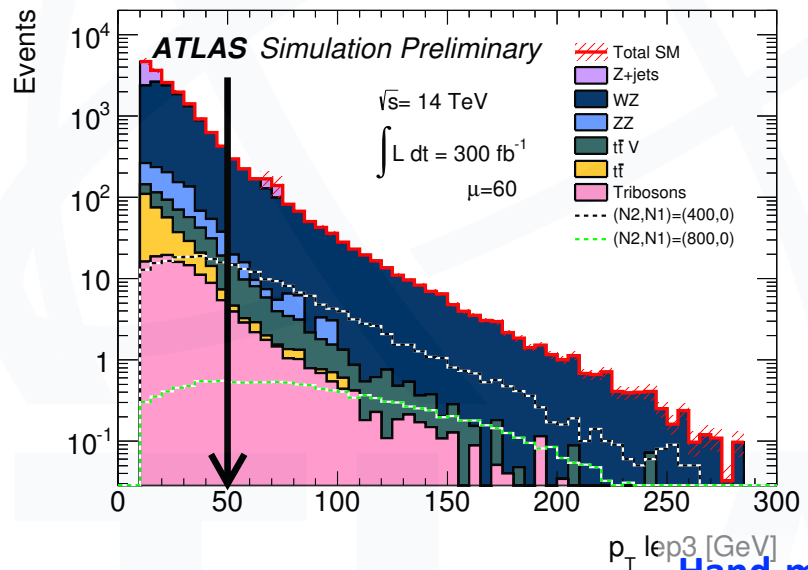
ELECTROWEAK-INOS

Multi-lepton search

Targets WZ-mediated decays

- Backgrounds: WZ and ttV
- Assumed $\mu=140$, $\sigma_{\text{bkg}}=30\%$
- Expected 95% CL limits from combination of non-overlapping regions

Selection	SRA	SRB	SRC	SRD
$m_{\text{SFOS}}[\text{GeV}]$		81.2-101.2		
# b -tagged jets		0		
lepton $p_T(1,2,3)[\text{GeV}]$		> 50		
$E_T^{\text{miss}}[\text{GeV}]$	> 250	> 300	> 400	> 500
$m_T[\text{GeV}]$	> 150	> 200	> 200	> 200
$\langle\mu\rangle = 60, 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ scenario	yes	yes	yes	-
$\langle\mu\rangle = 140, 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ scenario	yes	yes	yes	yes



Hand-made overlay
 36.1 fb^{-1} exclusion (ATLAS-CONF-2017-039)

Higgs mediated decays ($\ell\ell$ and $\tau\tau$)

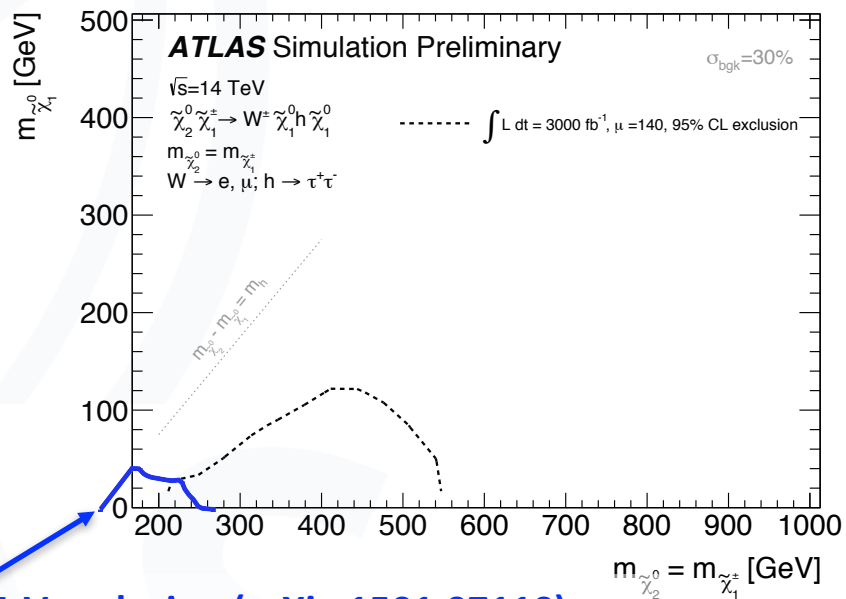
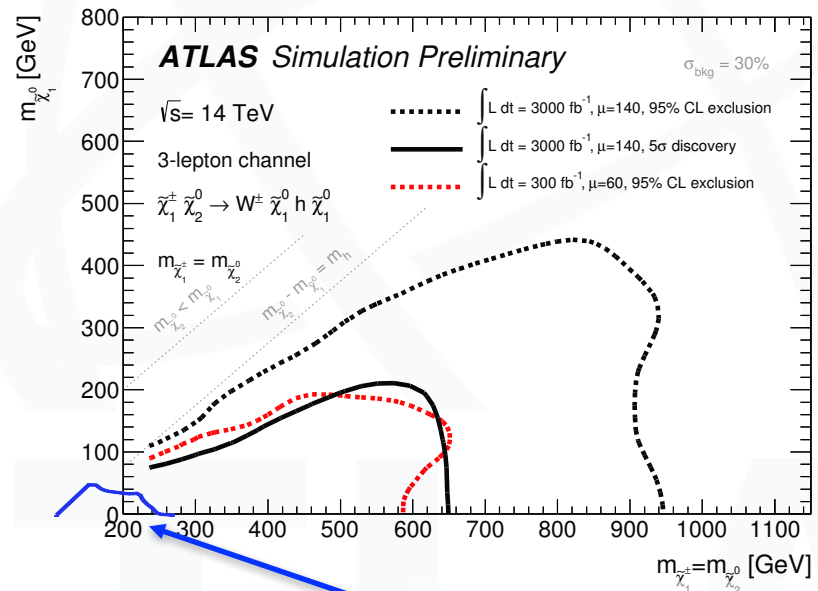
Additional multi-lepton SRs

- Z-veto for same flavour lepton pairs

Dedicated hadronic taus selection

- Backgrounds: $t\bar{t}$ and WW
- Assumed $\mu=140$, $\sigma_{\text{bkg}}=30\%$
- Expected 95% CL limits from combination of non-overlapping regions

Selection	SR1 ℓ 2 τ
# e, μ	1
# τ	2 (OS)
# b -tagged jets	0
E_T^{miss} [GeV]	> 250
$m_{\tau\tau}$ [GeV]	80-130
$ p_T(\tau_1) + p_T(\tau_2) $ [GeV]	> 190
$m_T(\ell)$ [GeV]	> 130

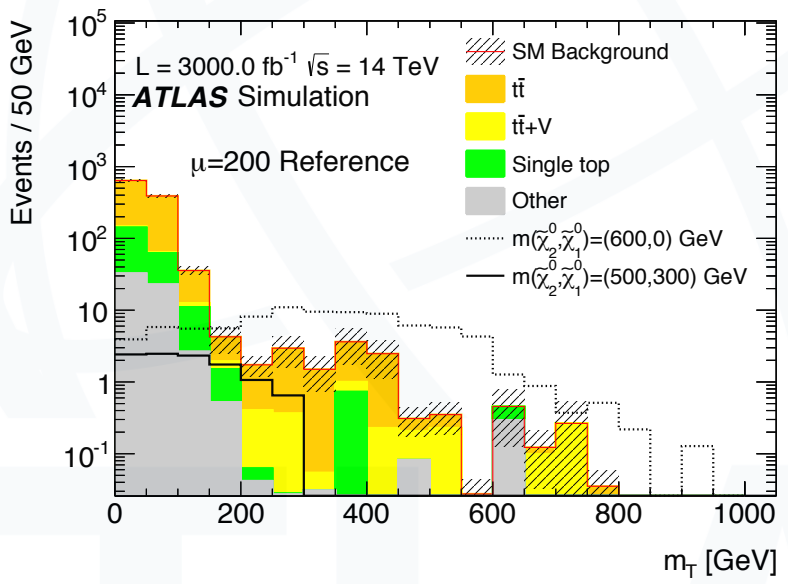


Hand-made overlay of 8 TeV exclusion (arXiv:1501.07110)

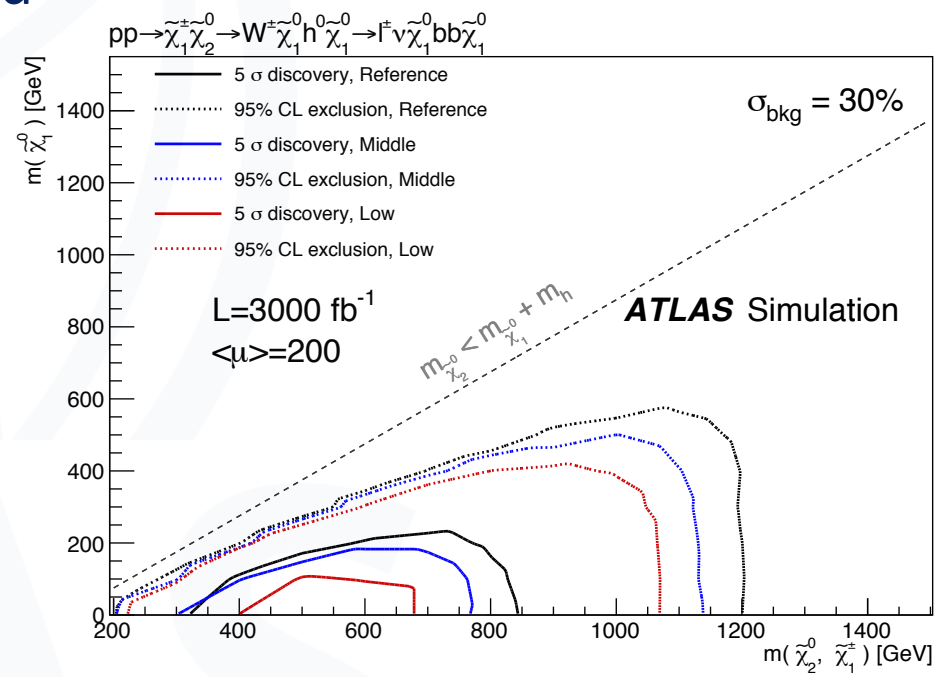
Higgs mediated decays (bb)

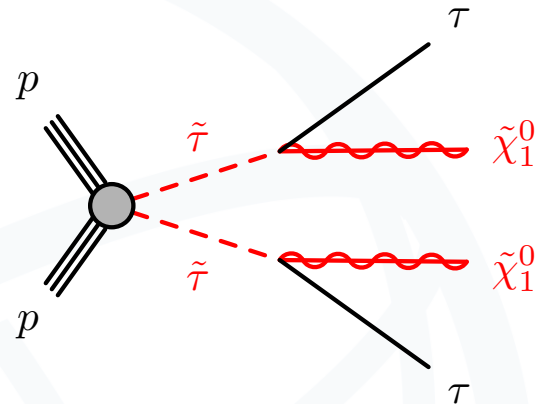
Reconstruct m_{bb} from Higgs

- Backgrounds: $t\bar{t}$ and $t\bar{t}V$
- Assumed $\mu=200$, $\sigma_{bkg}=30\%$
- Available for different detector designs
- MVA techniques also explored



Selection	SRA	SRB	SRC	SRD
# of leptons (e, μ)			1	
# b -tagged jets			2	
m_{bb} [GeV]		105 < m_{bb} < 135		
# jets		2 or 3		
m_{CT} [GeV]	> 200	> 200	> 300	> 300
m_T [GeV]	> 200	> 250	> 200	> 250
E_T^{miss} [GeV]	> 300	> 350	> 400	> 450
$\langle \mu \rangle = 60, 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ scenario	yes	yes	-	-
$\langle \mu \rangle = 140, 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ scenario	-	-	yes	yes



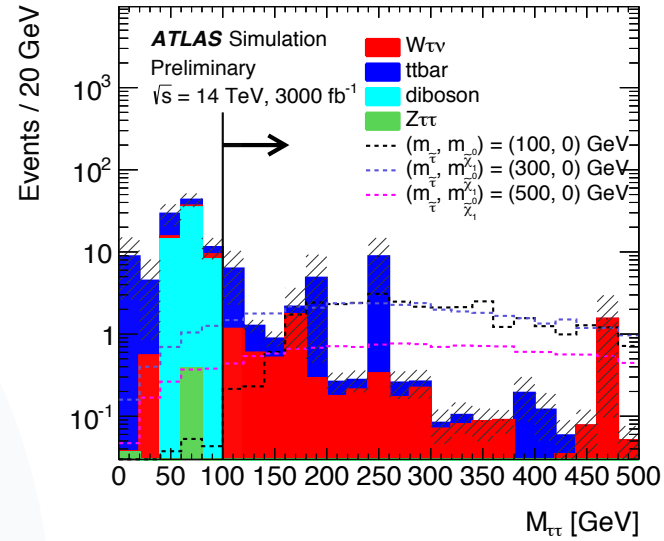


SLEPTONS (STAUS)

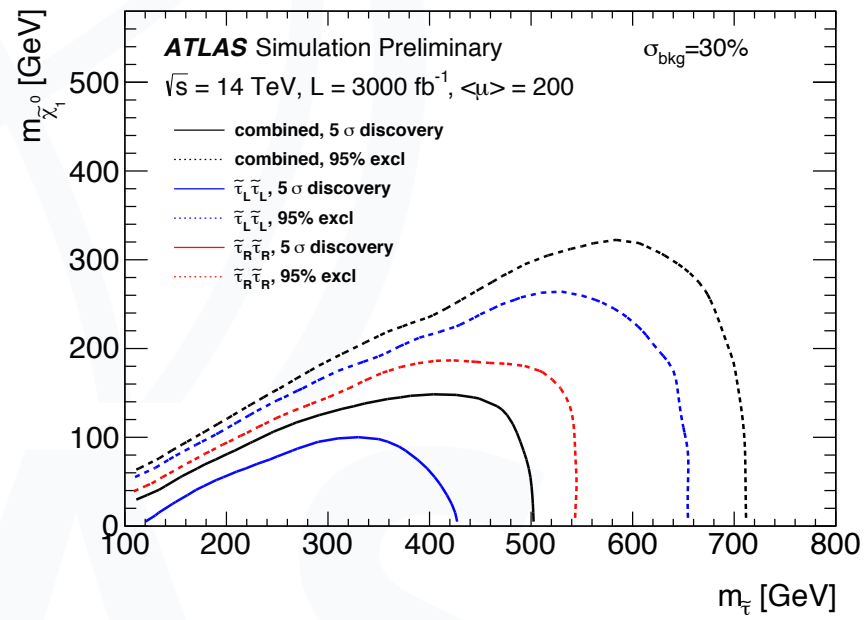
Hadronic tau search

Targets events with two hadron taus and no other hadronic activity

- Backgrounds: W+jets and ttbar
- Assumed $\mu=200$, $\sigma_{bkg}=20,30,50\%$
- No discovery sensitivity is found for pure τ_R production due to the small cross section



SR Definition
≥ 2 OS taus
loose jet-veto
Z-veto
$\Delta R(\tau_1, \tau_2) < 3.5$
$E_T^{miss} > 280$ GeV
$m_{T2} > 40$ GeV
$m_{T\tau_1} + m_{T\tau_2} > 480$ GeV



Summary

The reach of simplified SUSY searches at the HL-LHC has been explored.

- A comprehensive programme spanning from strong to electroweakly produced sparticles
- In some cases, higher center of mass energies will be needed to make a discovery

The search for SUSY continues!

- **Many interesting prospects in preparation**
- We'll keep looking into corners (e.g. R-parity violating and long-lived SUSY)

Stay tuned!

Thanks for your attention



HL-LHC $t\bar{t}$ event in ATLAS ITK
at $\langle\mu\rangle=200$

