

Jet and Photon Physics at the HL-LHC

Pavel Starovoitov

Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Heidelberg

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Outlook

Jet and photon physics play important role in the LHC physics program

- Standard Model tests
- PDF constraints
- Search for "new physics" phenomena beyond Standard Model

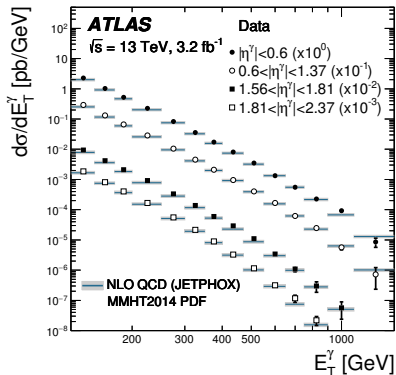
This talk : overview of few recent measurements and expected performance at HL-LHC

- Recent measurements with photons
- Recent measurements with jets
- Performance in HL-LHC : jet
- Performance in HL-LHC : photon

Inclusive photon measurements

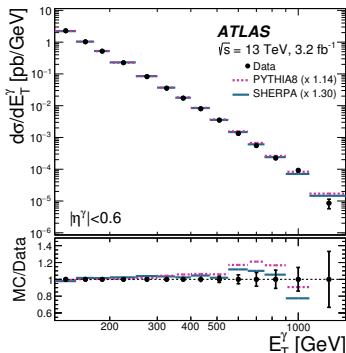
arXiv:1701.06882

- $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV
- $\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = 3.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



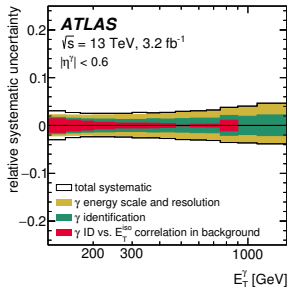
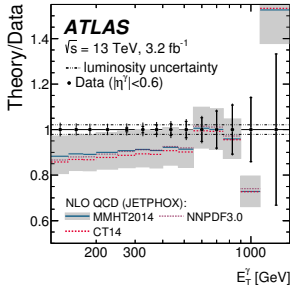
- NLO : about 15% discrepancies, but adequate description within uncertainties

- $E_T > 125$ GeV
- four rapidity bins up to $\eta = \pm 2.3$



- LO : good description of shape

Inclusive photon Performance

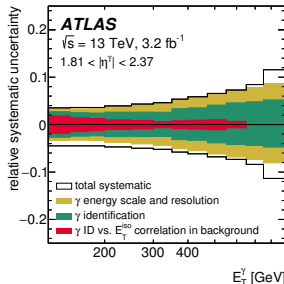


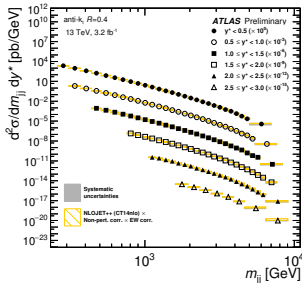
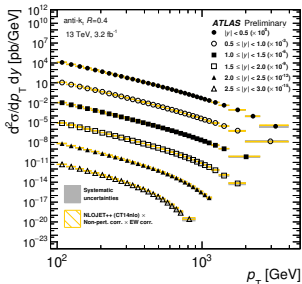
• Theory

- ▶ Current state-of-art : NLO calculations
- ▶ Around 10% theory uncertainty, dominated by scales

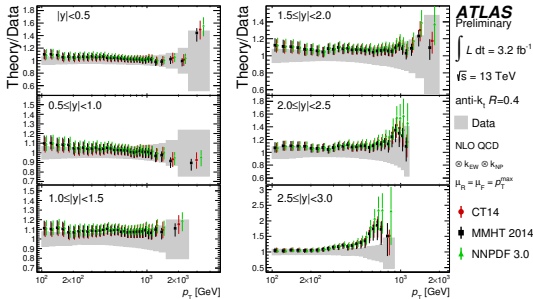
• Experimental uncertainty

- ▶ 0.5% photon energy scale
- ▶ 2% in the central region
- ▶ 4-10% in the forward region



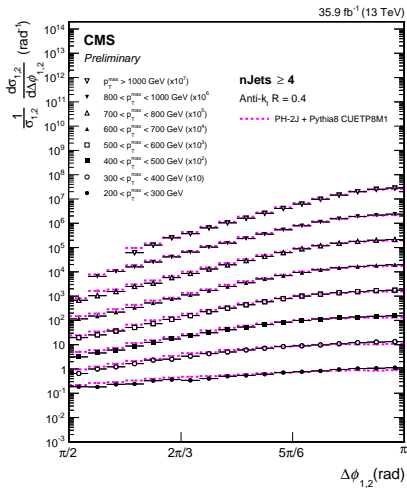


- p_T distribution in six rapidity bins
- m_{jj} spectrum in six y^* bins



- Adequate description by the NLO cross-section
- NNLO predictions are becoming available

Precision test of the multijet matrix elements calculations



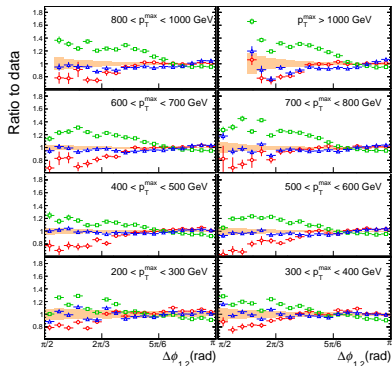
- $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$; $\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = 35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- AK4; $p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$; $|\eta| < 5$

- Several topologies : 2-,3-,4 -jets

CMS Preliminary 35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

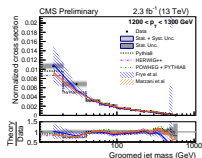
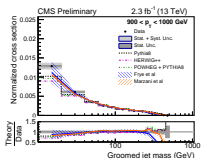
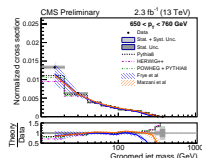
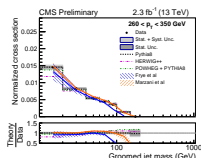
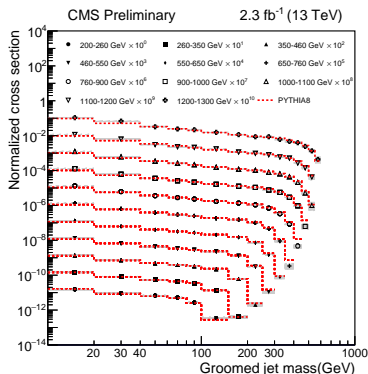
nJets ≥ 4
Anti- k_r $R = 0.4$

Pythia8 CUETP8M1
Herwig++ CUETHppS1
MadGraph + Pythia8 CUETP8M1
Exp. uncertainty



- Madgraph+Pythia : best description

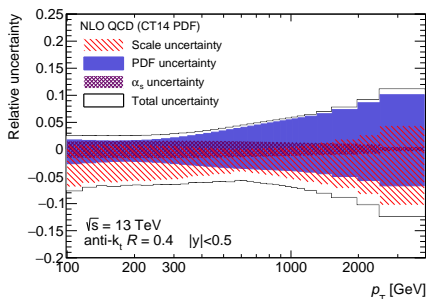
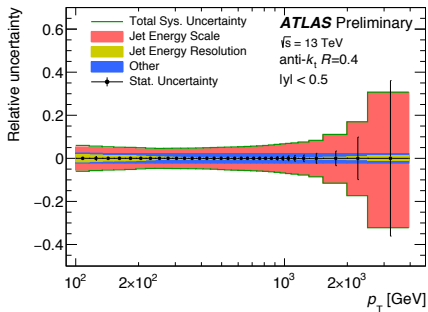
Precision test of the jet evolution : jet mass with/without grooming techniques



- $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$; $\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = 2.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- dijets events with $p_T^{\text{asym}} < 0.3$
- AK8, $p_T > 200 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2.4$

- Beyond NLL calculations agree with data for $m/p_T < 0.3$

Inclusive jet Performance

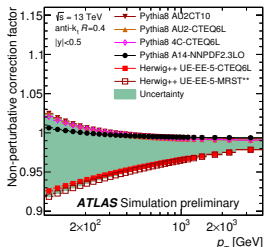


Experiment

- ▶ 1% JES on the jet level → 5-10% on the XS
- ▶ Dominated by calorimeter energy scale precision

Theory

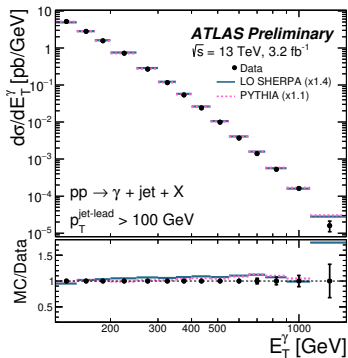
- ▶ NLO: scale and PDF uncert.
- ▶ non-perturbative correction : large uncert. from the tune variations



Photon + jet at LO

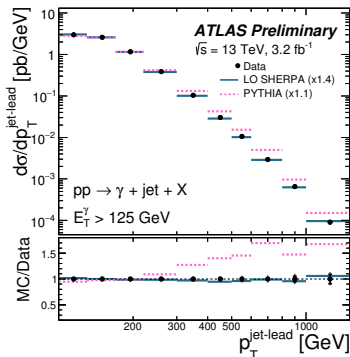
ATLAS-CONF-2017-059

- $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV; $\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = 3.16$ fb $^{-1}$



- Good description of photon kinematics

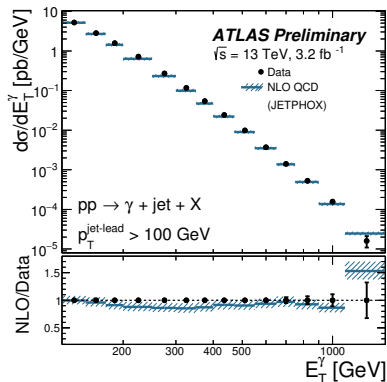
- $E_T > 125$ GeV $|\eta^\gamma| < 2.37$
- AK4 jets; $p_T^{\text{lead-jet}} > 100$ GeV; $|\eta^{\text{jet}}| < 2.37$; $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \gamma) > 0.8$



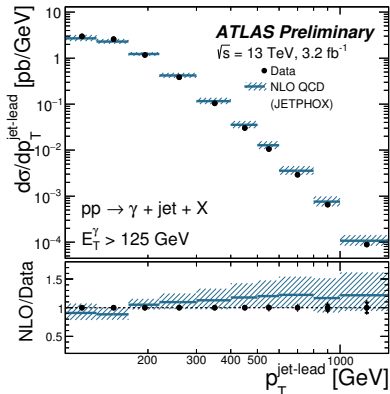
- Poor agreement for high- p_T jets for Pythia

Photon + jet NLO

Jetphox is corrected for hadronisation and UE

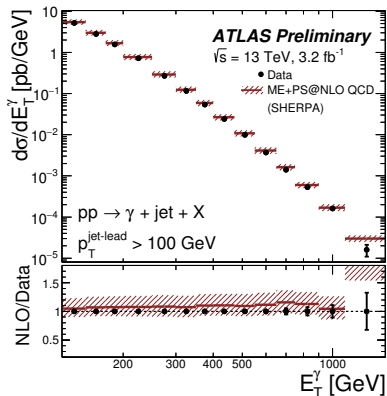


- Very good agreement for photon spectrum

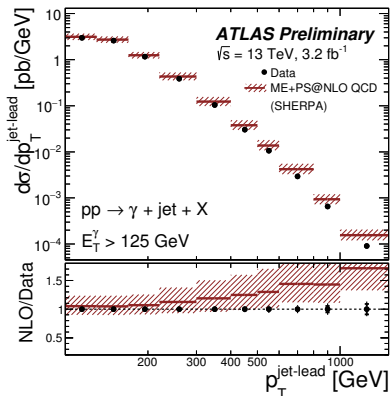


- Slight shape difference for the jet kinematics

Photon + jet MEPSNLO

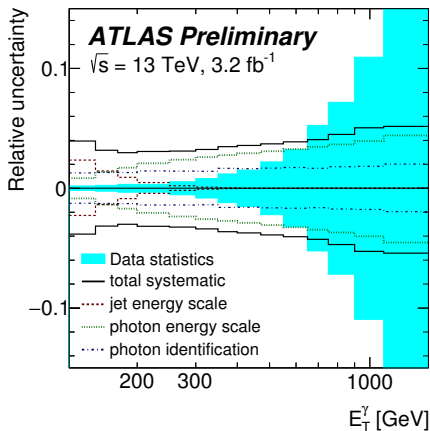


- Excellent description of the photon spectra

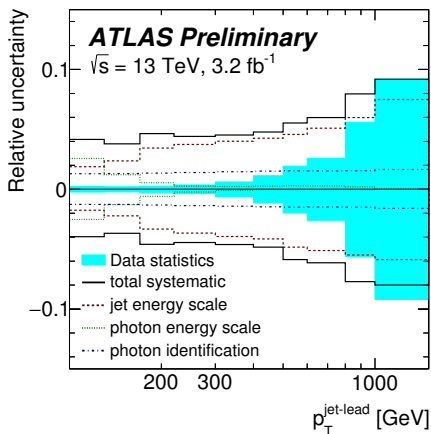


- Similar to the pure NLO shape difference

Photon + jet Performance

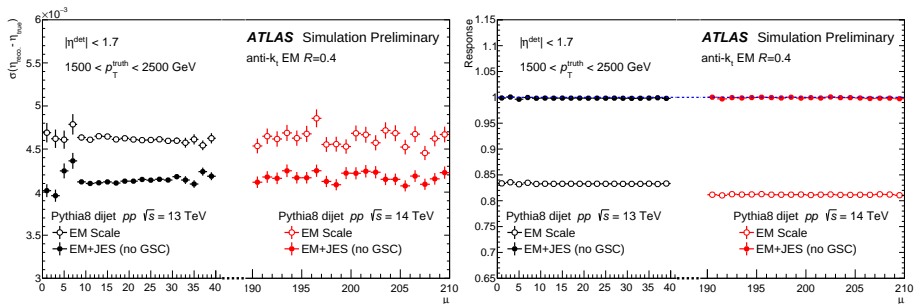


- 3-4 % precision in the photon spectrum
- Dominated by the photon energy measurement



- 5-10 % precision in the jet spectrum
- Dominated by the jet energy measurement

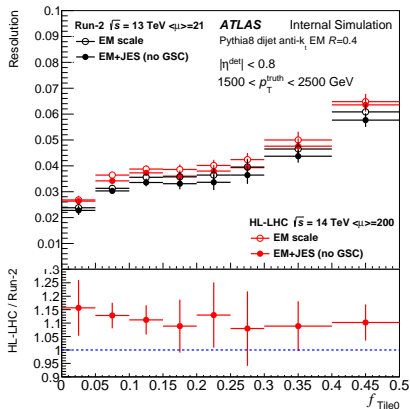
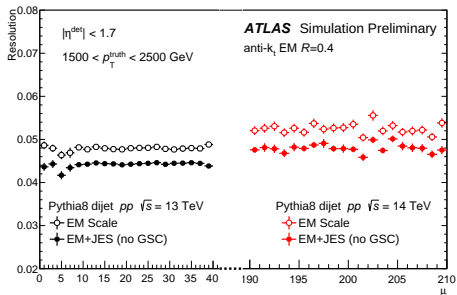
- High p_T jet performance in Phase-2 conditions



- Very stable jet response and resolution as a function of pileup
- Jet angular resolution is very similar to that in Run-2

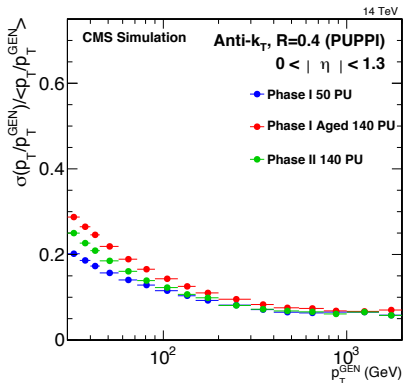
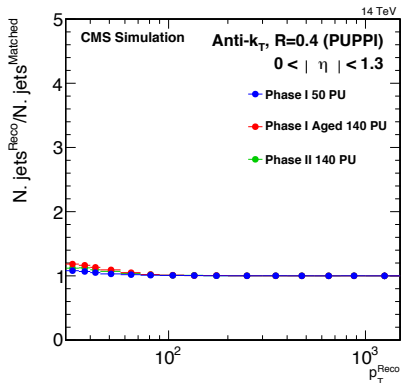
Jet performance in HL-LHC (ATLAS)

- Slightly worse jet energy resolution compared to that in Run-2



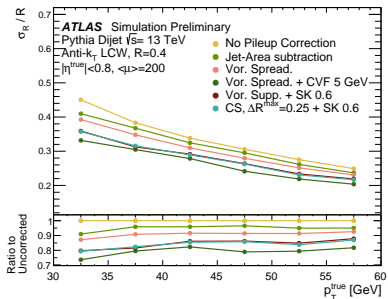
- New methods for pileup mitigation are required

- PUPPI effectively rejects pileup jets



- PUPPI alg. provide about 20% improvement in JER for low- p_T jets

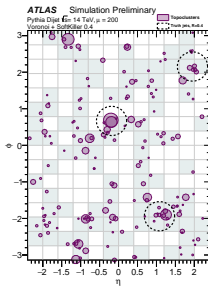
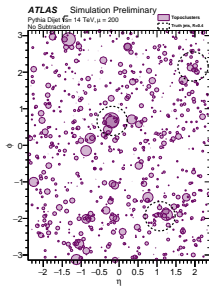
Pileup mitigation and Jet resolution (ATLAS)



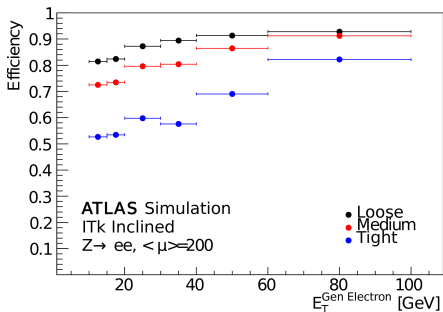
Constituent-level pileup mitigation

- Voronoi suppression (constituent area)
- Soft Killer (event-by-event based p_T cut)
- Voronoi suppression with cluster-vertex fraction : best performance in HL-LHC conditions

Allows to reach jet resolution as in low pileup conditions

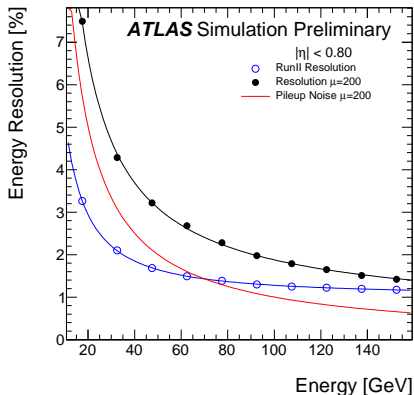


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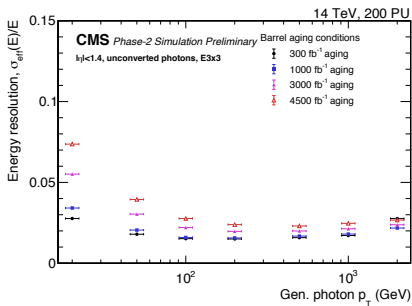
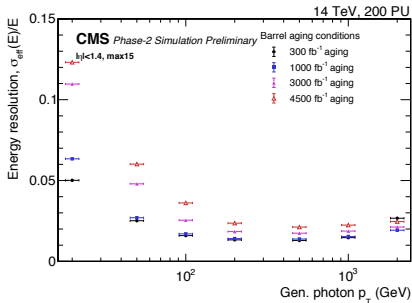


- Cut-based identification alg. (wp: Loose, Medium, Tight)
- 89%–63% truth efficiency, similar to Run-2

- Slightly worse energy resolution due to high pileup level



Photon performance in HL-LHC (CMS)

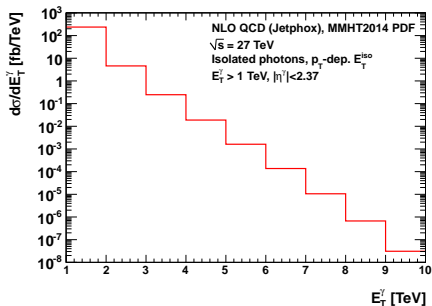


Single photon energy resolution as a function of p_T and ageing scenario

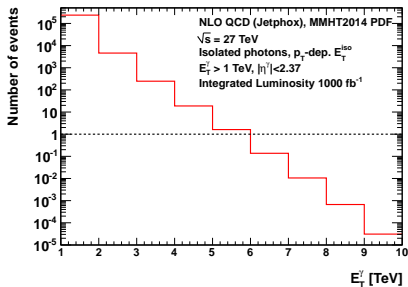
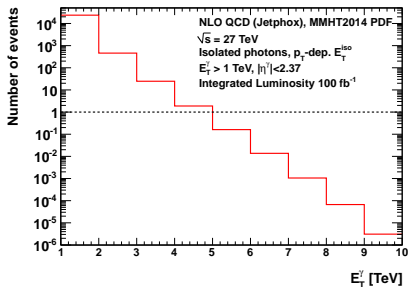
- Photon energy = Sum of the energy of the 15 most energetic crystals in the photon supercluster (max15)
- Photon energy = Sum of the energy of the 3 x 3 region around the seed crystal in the photon supercluster

CMS-TDR-17-002

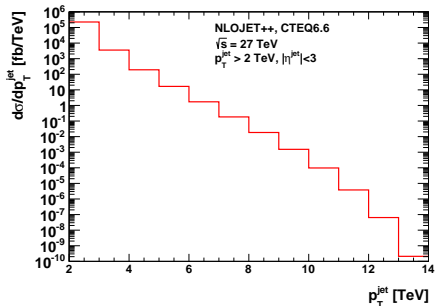
HE-LHC projections : photons



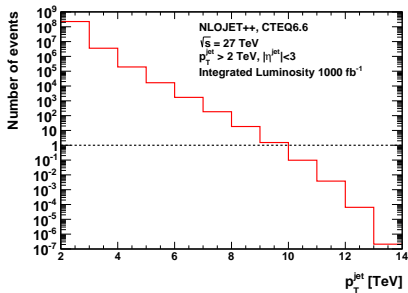
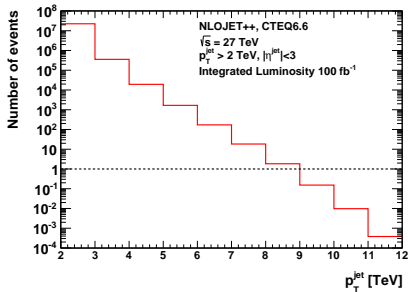
- NLO inclusive photon cross-section
- ~ 4 TeV reach with 100 fb^{-1}
- ~ 5 TeV reach with 1000 fb^{-1}



HE-LHC projections : jets



- NLO inclusive jets cross-section
- $\sim 7 \text{ TeV}$ reach with 100 fb^{-1}
- $\sim 9 \text{ TeV}$ reach with 1000 fb^{-1}



Summary

- ATLAS and CMS experiments achieve extremely good jet/photon performance in Run-2
- Recent jet/photon measurements provide high precision tests of Standard Model in the new kinematic regime
- In most of the measurements experimental uncertainties are smaller than the theoretical precision
- Detectors upgrades for HL-LHC will provide similar to Run-2 jet/photon performance