



Four-Lepton Signatures

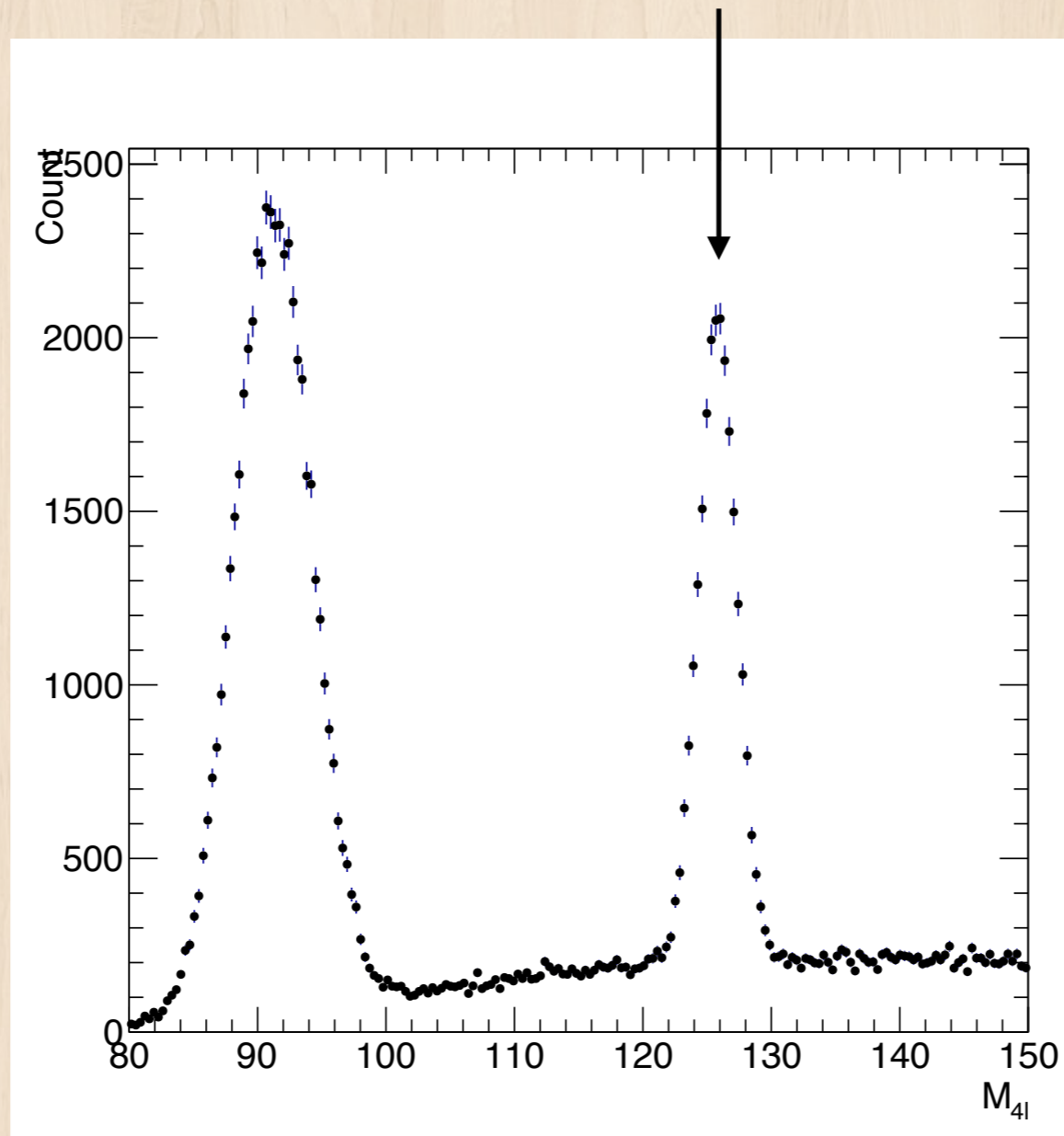
Yi Chen (CERN)

2017 Nov 1, HL-LHC Workshop

Based on 1310.2893, 1404.1336, 1503.05855, 1505.01168, 1608.02159
in collaboration with Roni Harnik, Joseph Lykken, Maria Spiropulu,
Daniel Stolarski and Roberto Vega-Morales

The 4I Channel

What can we learn from on-shell 4I decay?

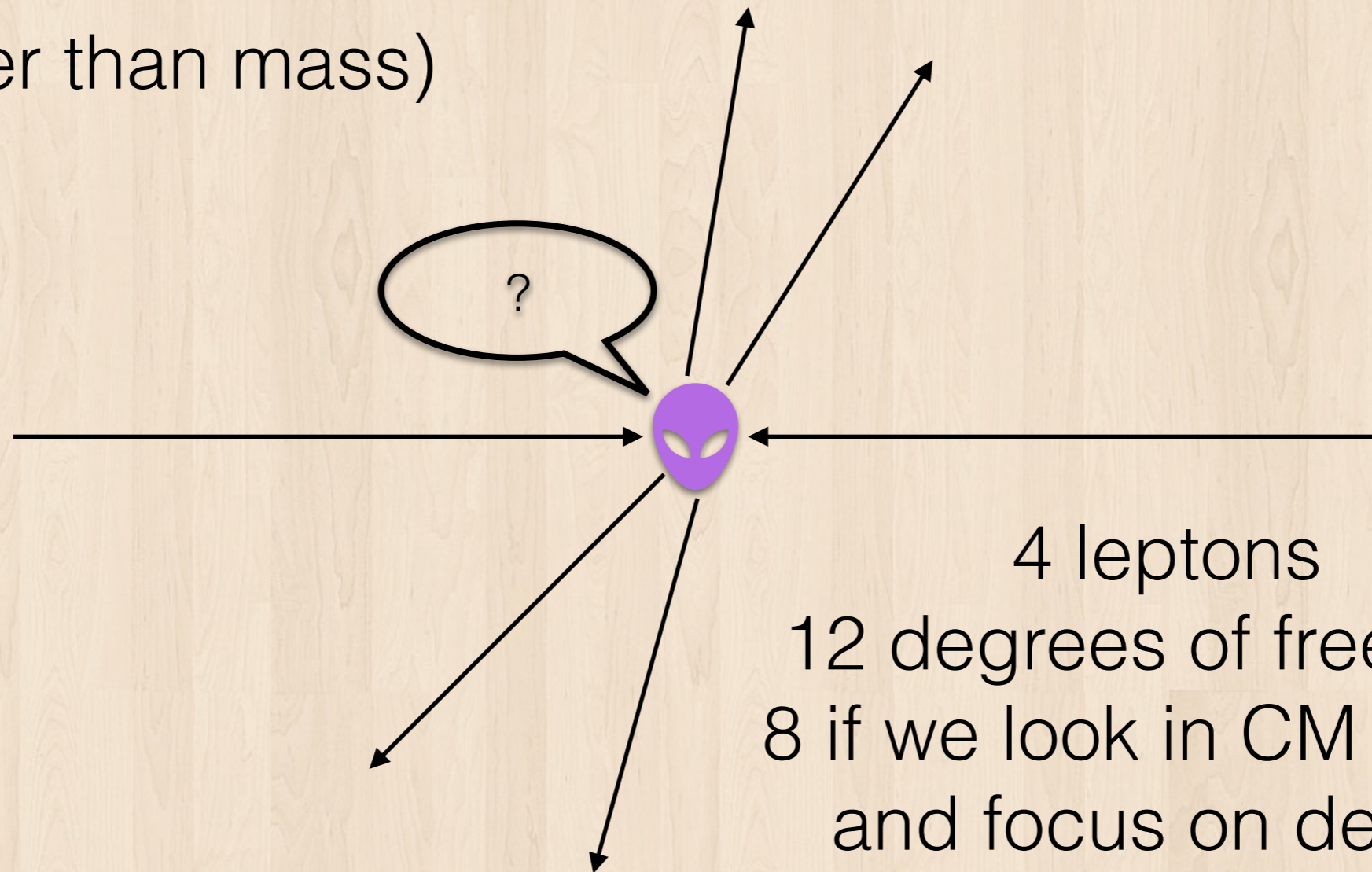


$N_S = 20000$

The 4l Channel

What can we learn from on-shell 4l decay?

(other than mass)



Experimental Advantage

Leptons are clean and well-measured

We have analytical differential cross section

Possible to build full detector-level likelihood without the need of huge simulation samples

Many well-established analysis techniques

Many studies available

Godbole, Miller, Muhlleitner, 0708.0458

Cao, Jackson, Keung, Low, 0911.3398

Gao, Gritsan, Guo, Melnikov, Schulze et al, 1001.3396

De Rujula, Lykken, Pierini, Rogan, Spiropulu, 1001.5300

Gainer, Kumar, Low, Vega-Morales, 1108.2274

Bolognesi, Gao, Gritsan, Melnikov et al, 1208.4018

Boughezal, LeCompte, Petriello, 1208.4311

Avery, Bourilkov, Chen, Cheng, Drozdetskiy et al,
1210.0896

Cambell, Giele, Williams, 1205.3434

Cambell, Giele, Williams, 1204.4424

Gainer, Lykken et al, 1304.4936

Artoisenet, de Aquino, Demartin, Maltoni et al,
1306.6464

Sun, Wang, Gao, 1309.4171

Anderson, Bolognesi, Caola, Gao, Gritsan et al,
1309.4819

Chen, Gainer et al, 1310.1397

Gonzales-Alonso, Isidori, 1403.2648

Gainer, Lykken, Matchev, Mrenna, Park, 1403.4951

Beneke, Boito, Wang, 1406.1361

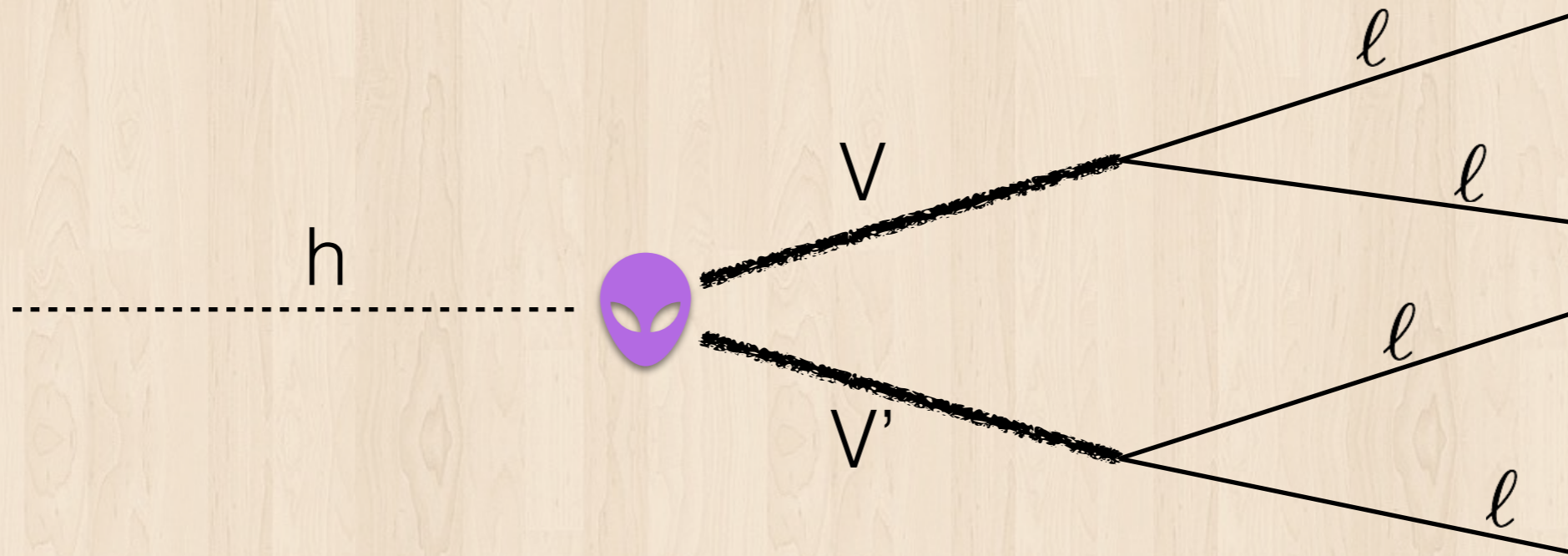
Gonzales-Alonso, Greljo, Isidori, Marzocca, 1412.6038

Gonzales-Alonso, Greljo, Isidori, Marzocca,
1504.04018

Bordone, Greljo, Isidori, Marzocca, Patteri, 1507.02555

As well as many other studies, including studies from
the LHC experiments

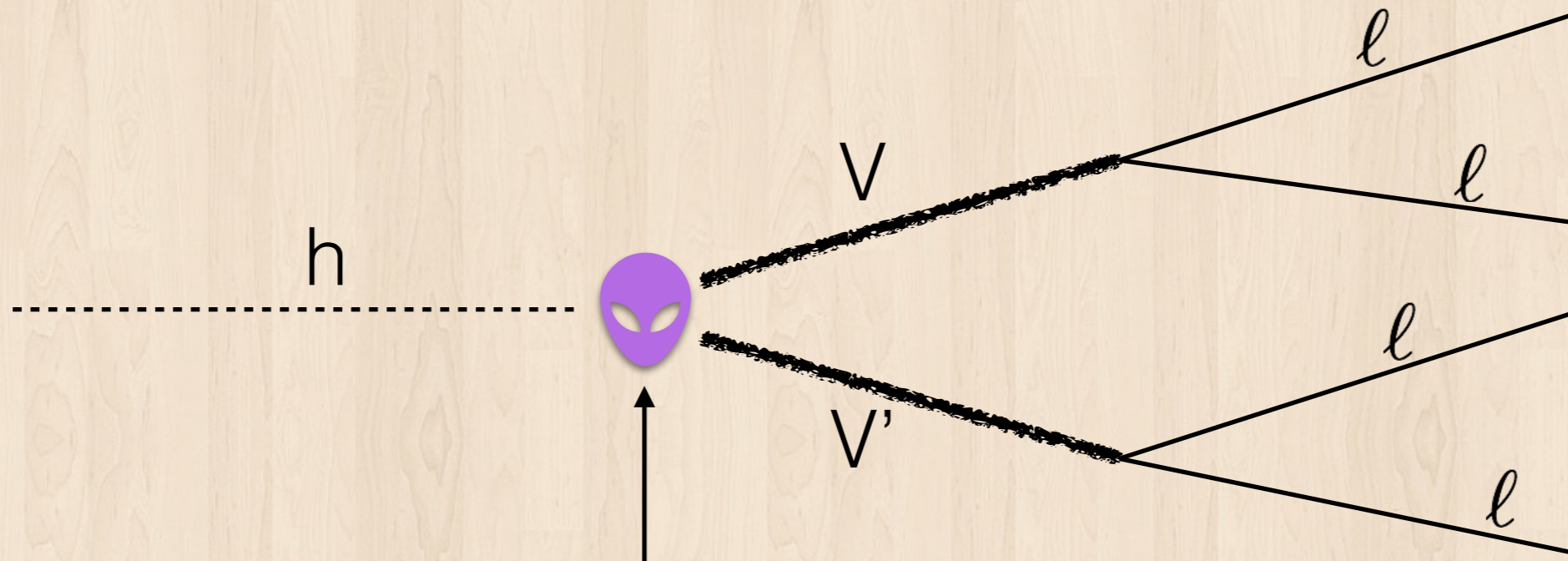
Intermediate Boson



The intermediate boson can be Z or photon in SM

How sensitive are we to (effective) coupling involving photons?

Intermediate Boson



Parameterization used in this talk:

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_{\text{H}} \supset \frac{h}{4v} & \left(2A_1^{ZZ} m_Z^2 Z^\mu Z_\mu + A_2^{ZZ} Z^{\mu\nu} Z_{\mu\nu} + A_3^{ZZ} Z^{\mu\nu} \tilde{Z}_{\mu\nu} \right. \\
 & + A_2^{Z\gamma} Z^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} + A_3^{Z\gamma} Z^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu} \\
 & \left. + A_2^{\gamma\gamma} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} + A_3^{\gamma\gamma} F^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Interference Sizes

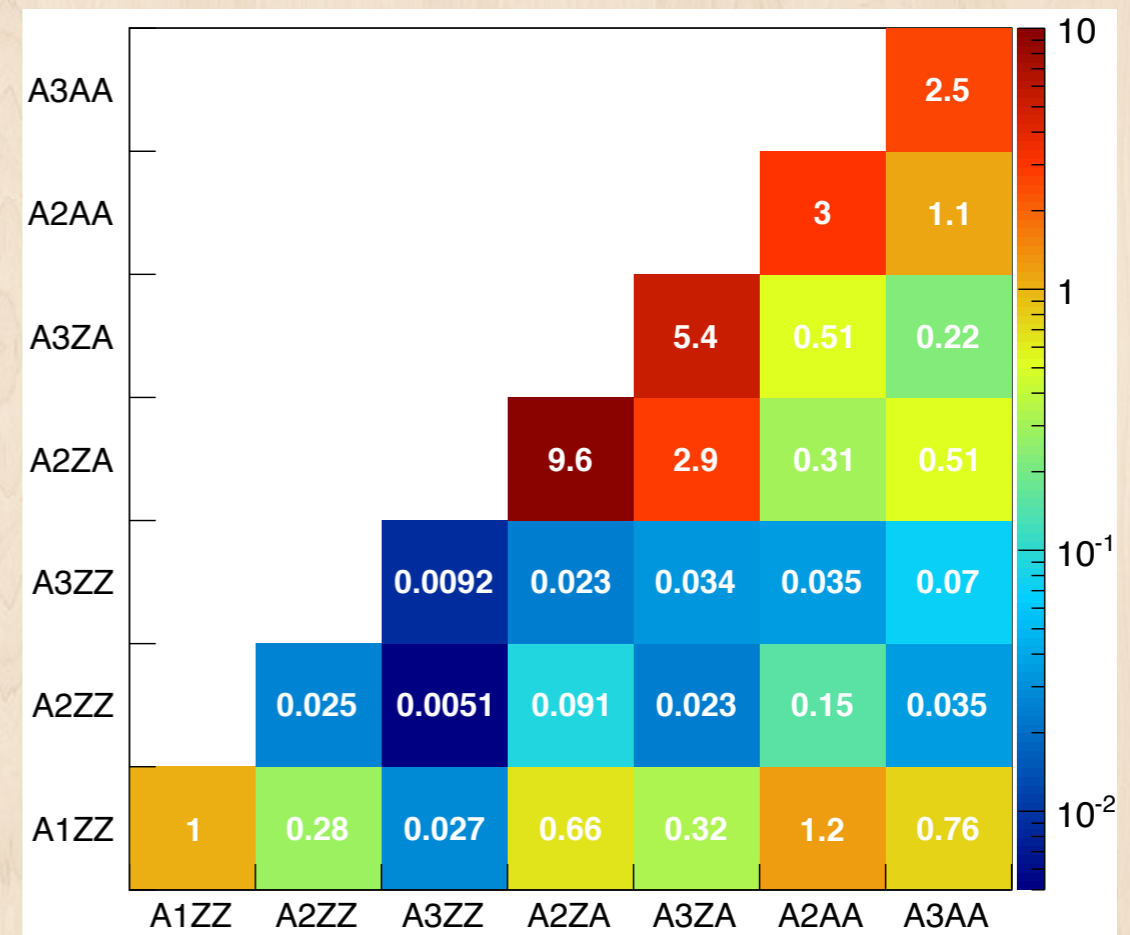
Differential Cross Section

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{d\Omega} \sim \sum A_n^i A_m^{j*} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{nm}^{ij}}{d\Omega}$$

Integrated Magnitude

$$\Pi_{nm}^{ij} = \int \left| \frac{d\Gamma_{nm}^{ij}}{d\Omega} \right| d\Omega$$

O(1) coupling



Interference Sizes

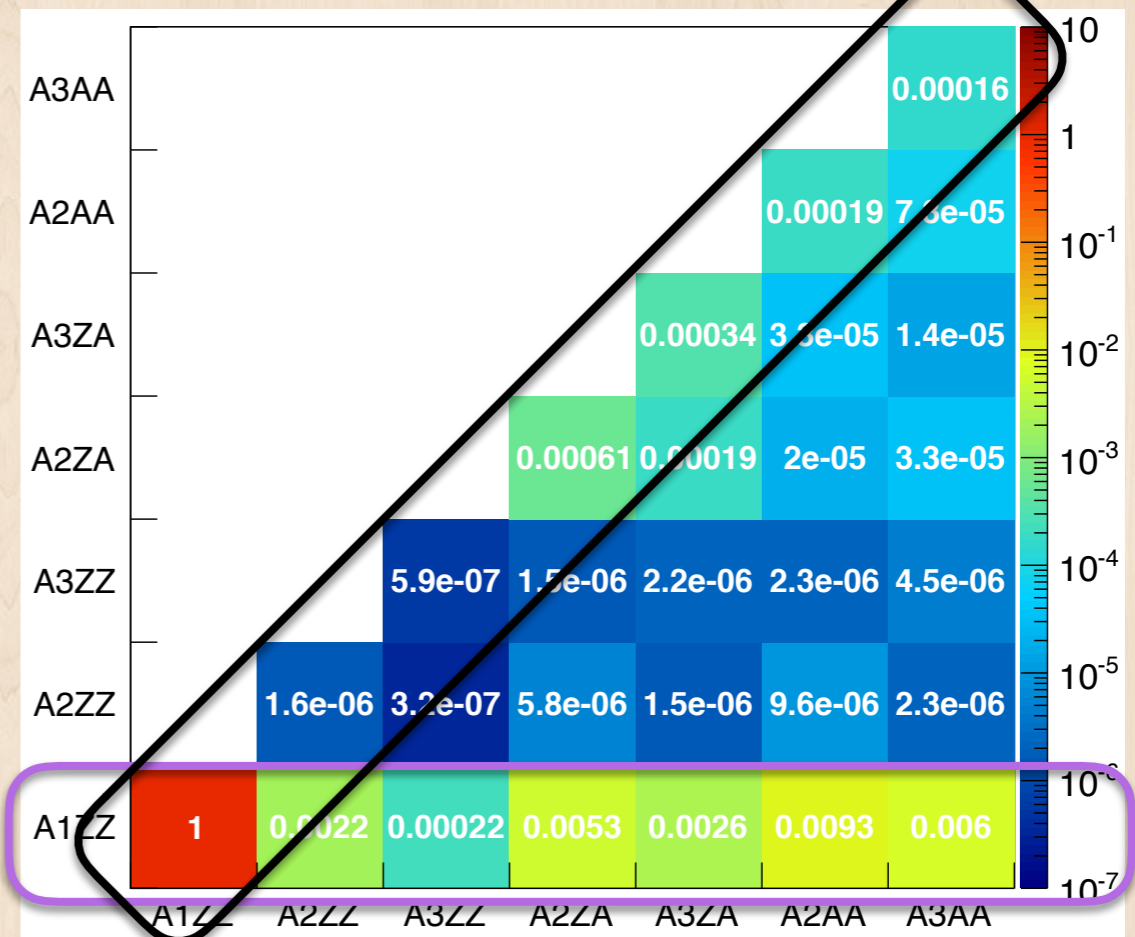
Differential Cross Section

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Integrated Magnitude

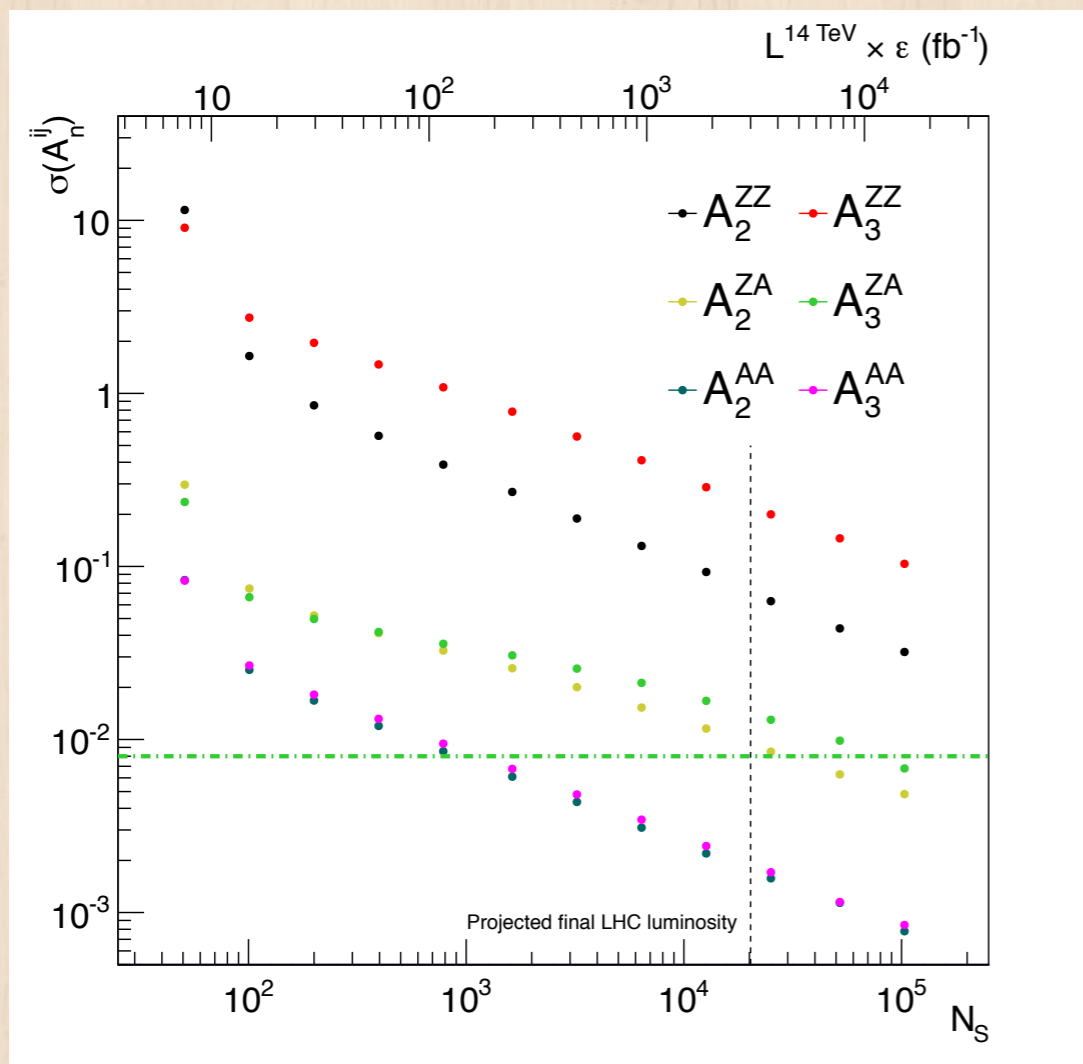
$$\Pi_{nm}^{ij} = \int \left| \frac{d\Gamma_{nm}^{ij}}{d\Omega} \right| d\Omega$$

SM-like coupling O(%)



Interference > diagonal

Sensitivity



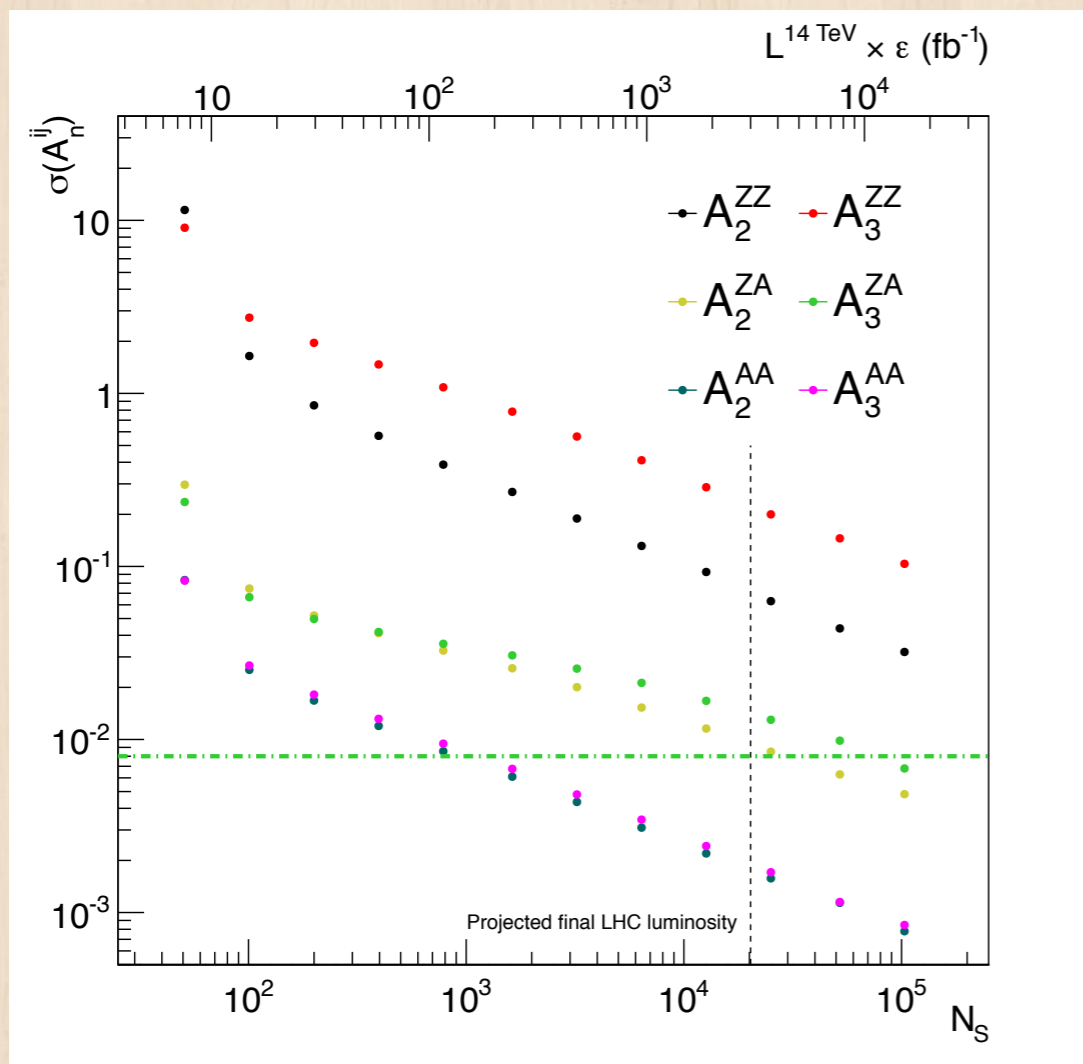
CMS Run I like cut

Parameter extraction
with pseudo-experiments

Perform a fit to the
differential cross section

Background assumed to
be dominated by $qq \rightarrow 4l$

Sensitivity



CMS Run I like cut

Most sensitive to diphoton

Reaches **SM prediction** with $O(1000)$ signal events

Can be improved by lowering di-lepton mass cut

ZA is hard (beyond $3ab^{-1}$)

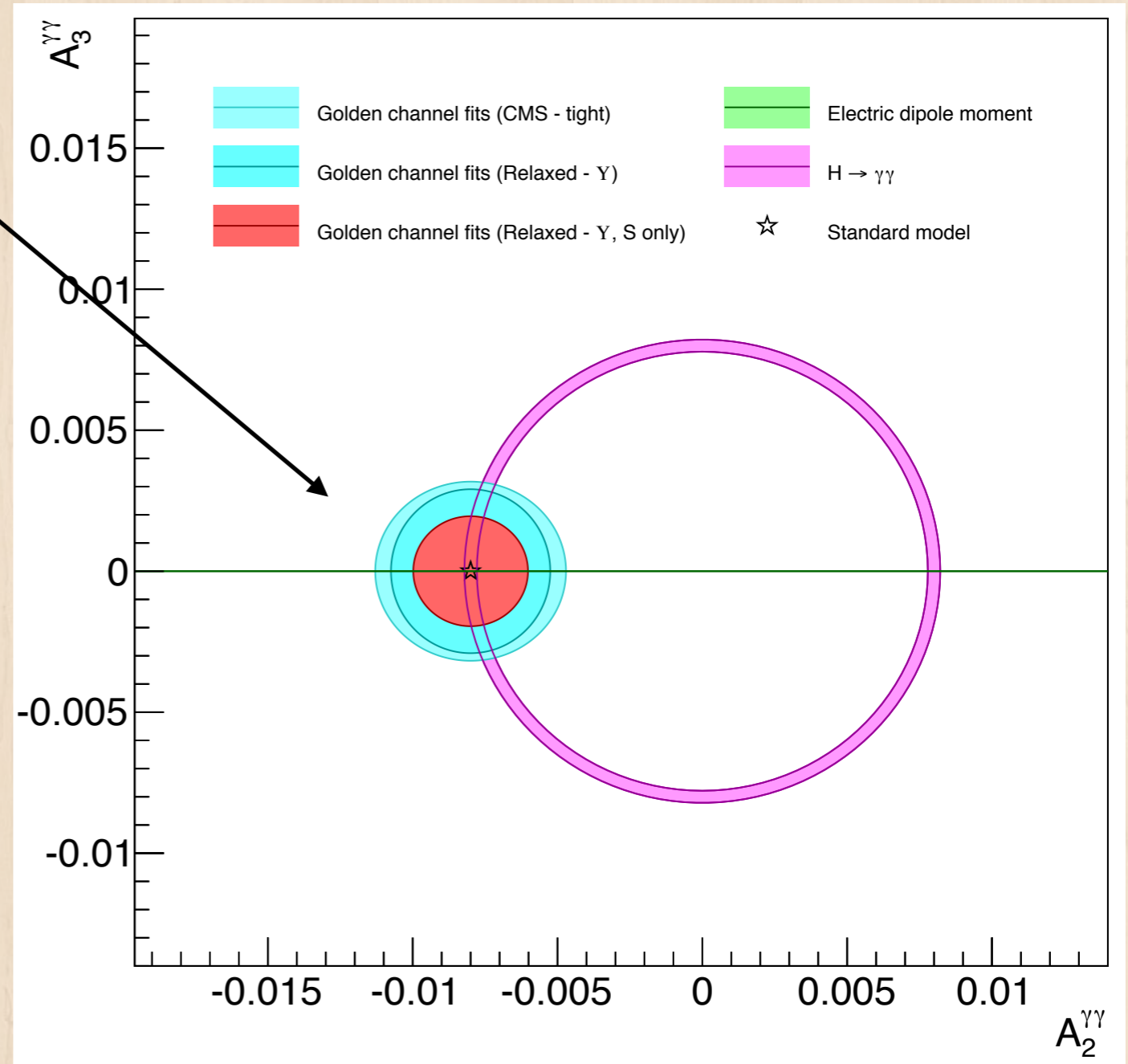
ZZ is hard² (beyond $3ab^{-1}$)

Projection to a few ab^{-1}

68% contour

Different selections investigated:

- CMS Run I-like
- Relaxed M_{ll} cut ($M_{ll} > 4$ GeV, and not close to M_γ)

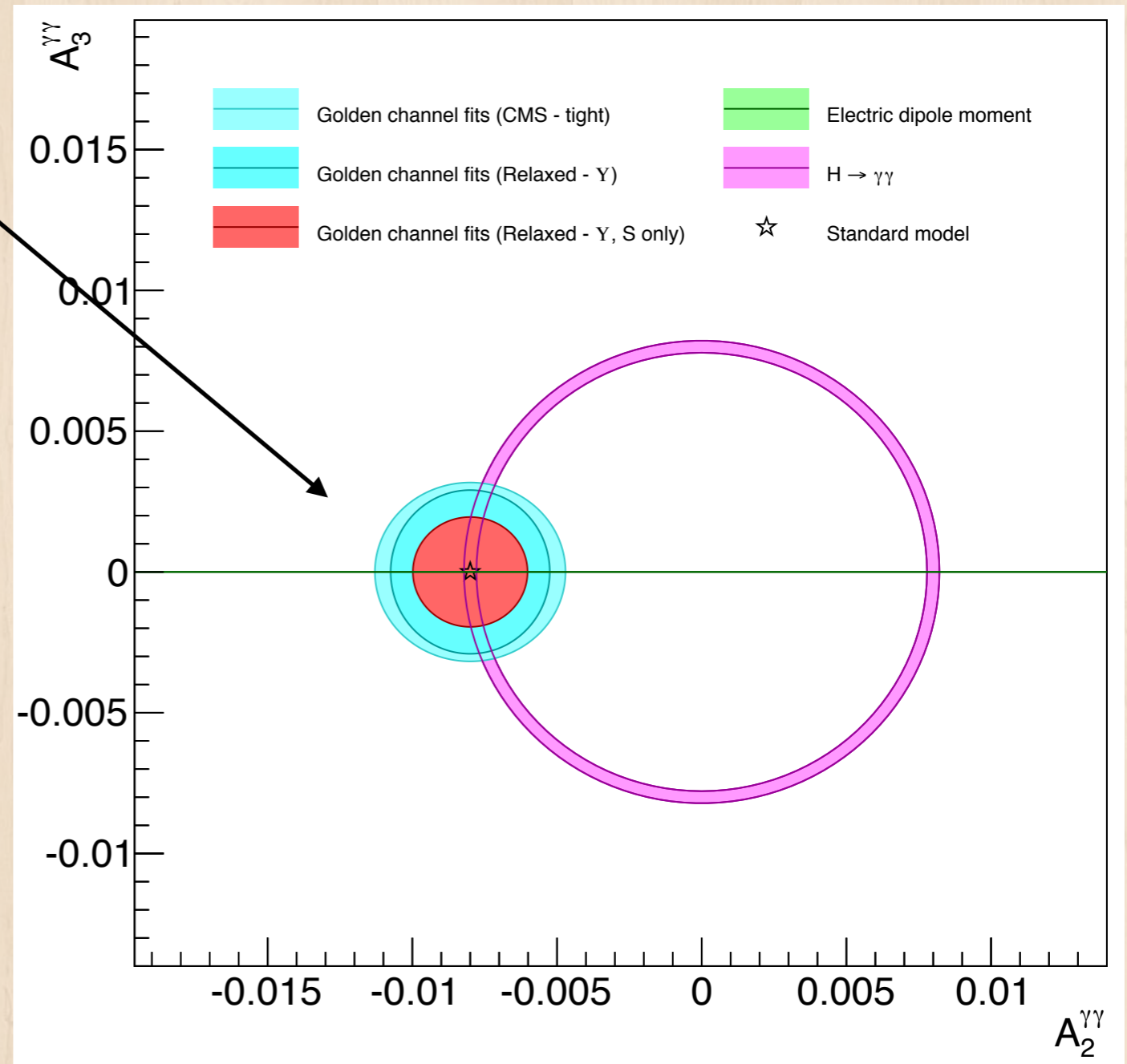


Projection to a few ab^{-1}

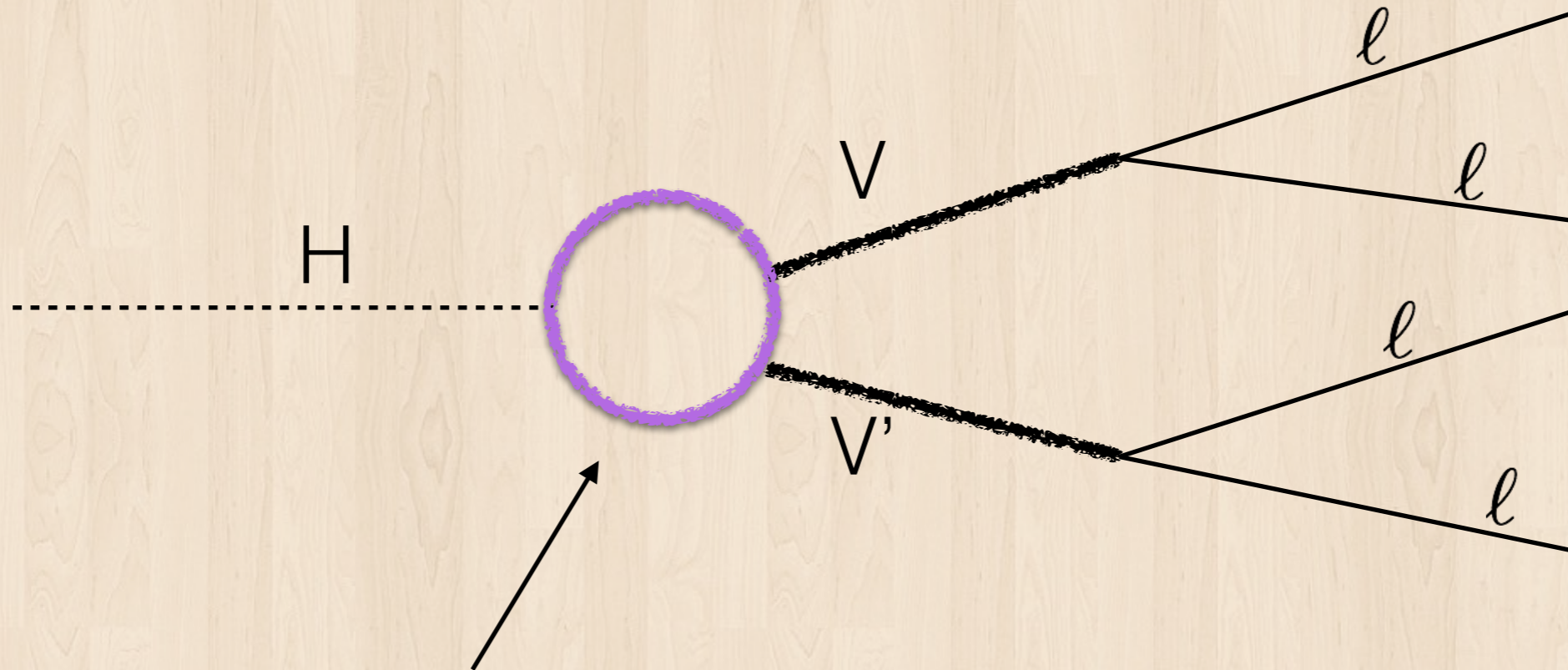
68% contour

Direct measurement
size of coupling better

4-lepton channel can
obtain sign and CP
properties



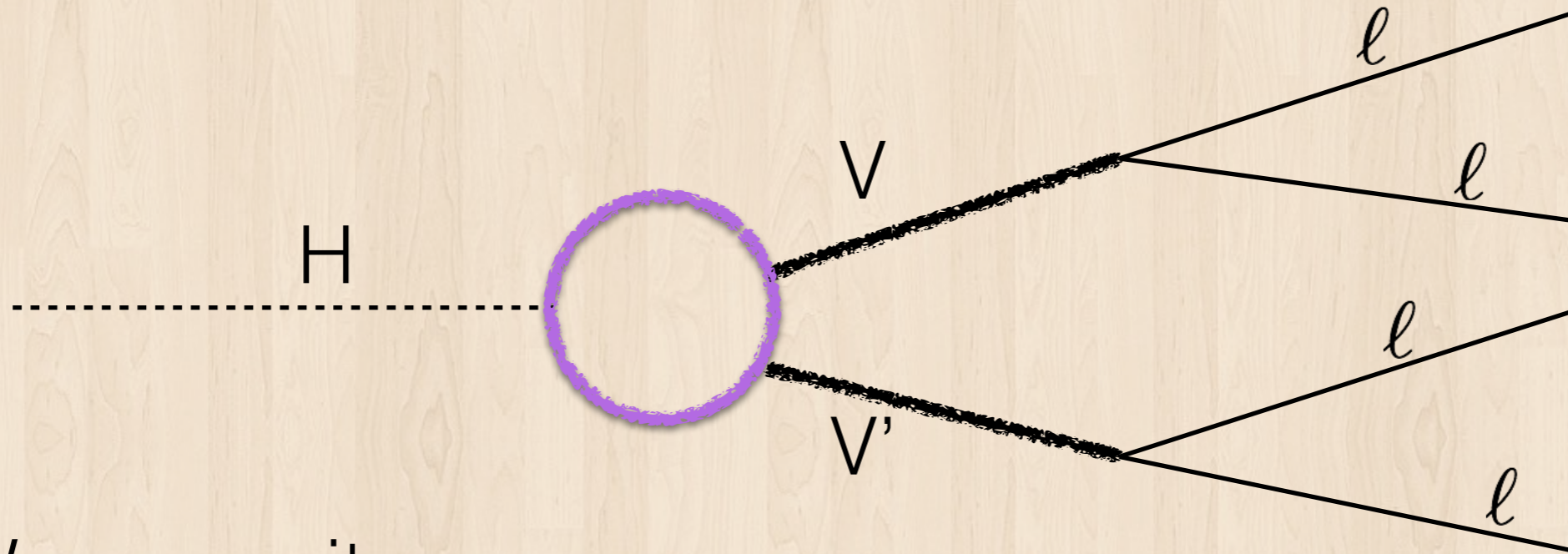
👽 Resolving 1-Loop 👽



When V/V' contains photon, there are two major contributions to the loop: W and top quark

Loops containing Higgs contribute to ZZ case

👽 Resolving 1-Loop 👽



We can write

$$A_i^{VV'} = A_i^{VV'}(y_t, \tilde{y}_t, g_{WW}, \dots)$$

Htt coupling CP-odd version HWW coupling

Substitute them into the differential cross section,
and try to estimate the sensitivity

Custodial Symmetry

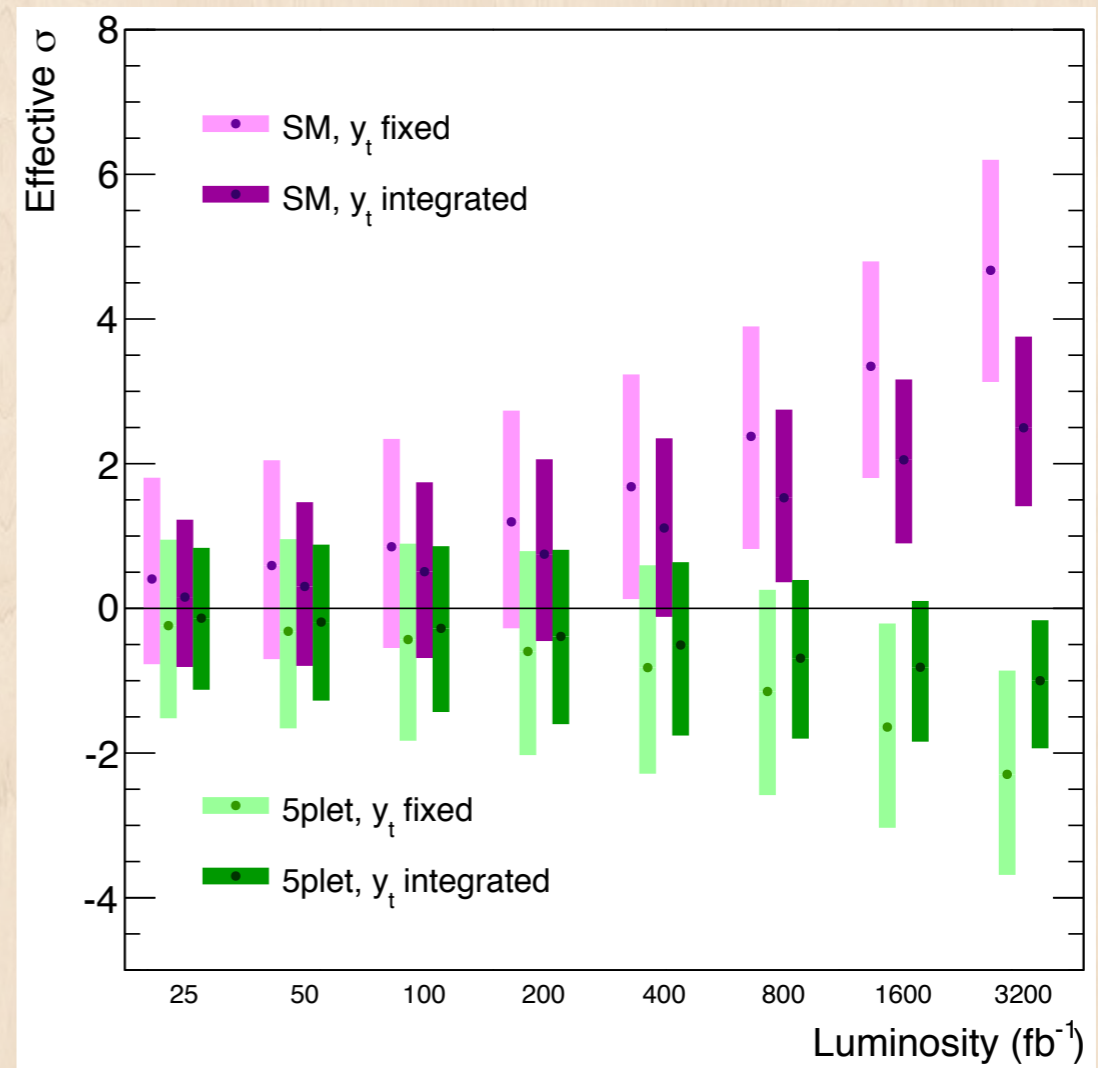
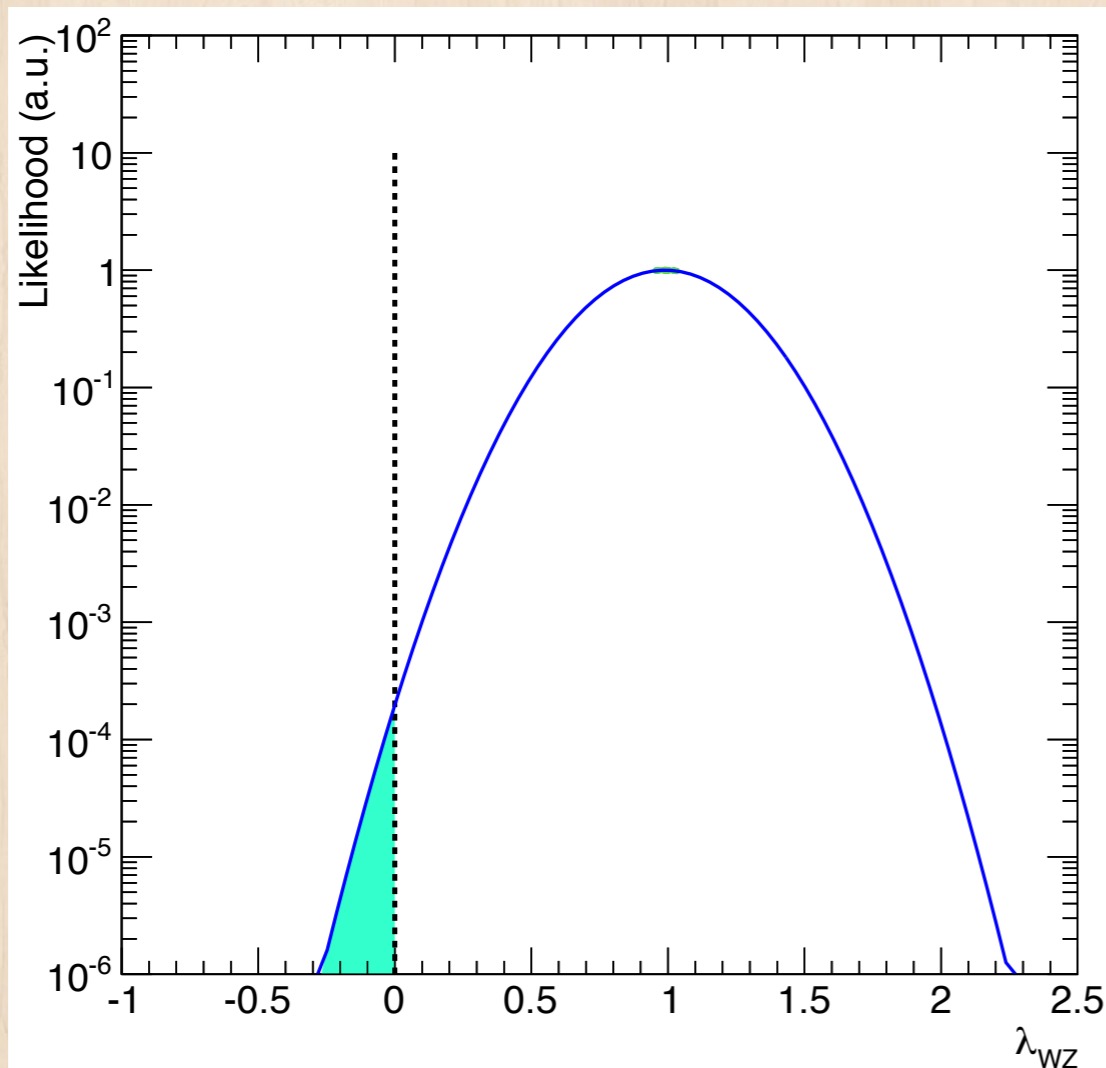
Here we investigate two different models to demonstrate the sensitivity to sign of the g_{ww} (relative to g_{zz})

$$\lambda_{wz} = g_{ww} / g_{zz} = +1 \text{ (SM)}, -1/2 \text{ (5plet)}$$

We consider two cases: fixing top Yukawa coupling to the SM value, or integrate it out during the model comparison

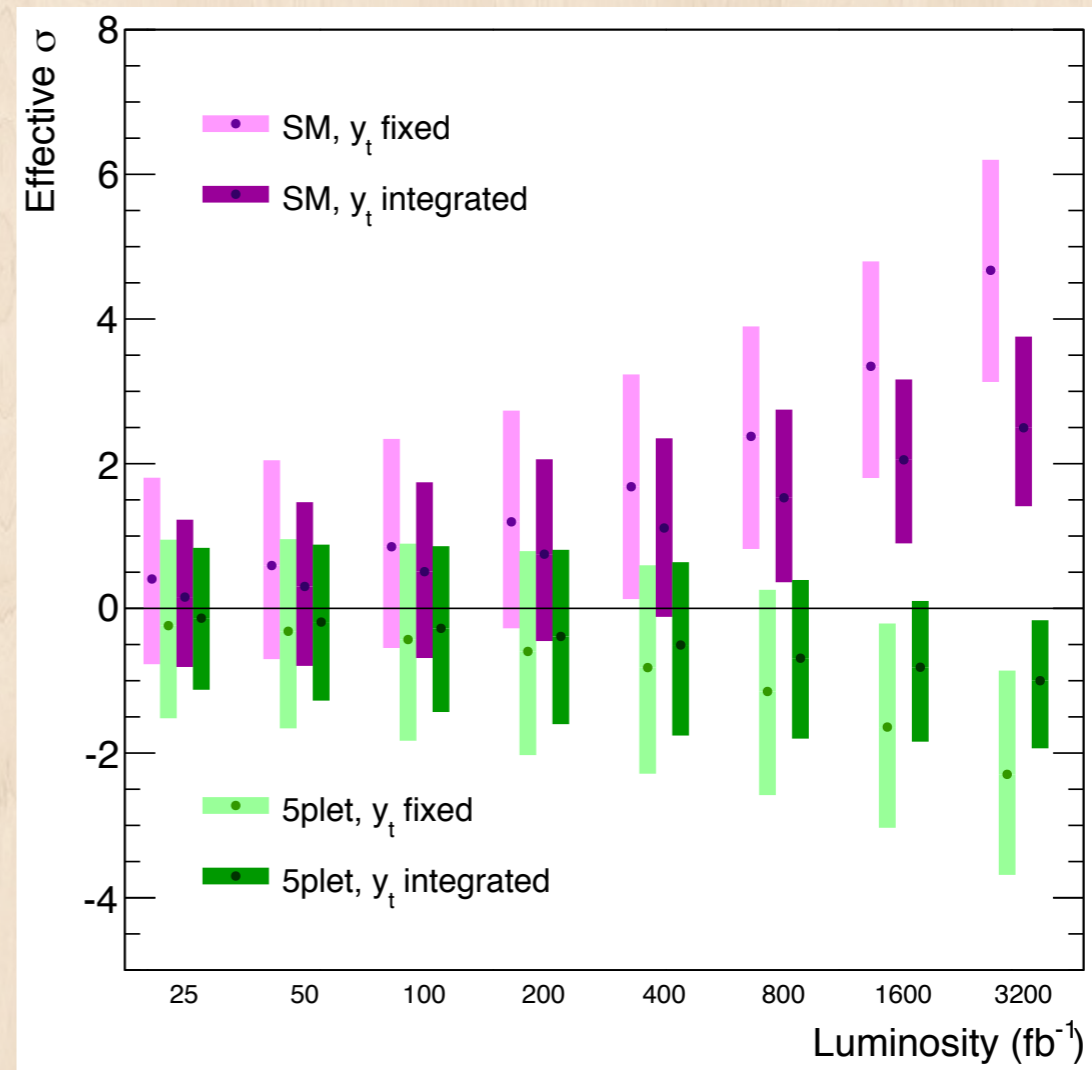
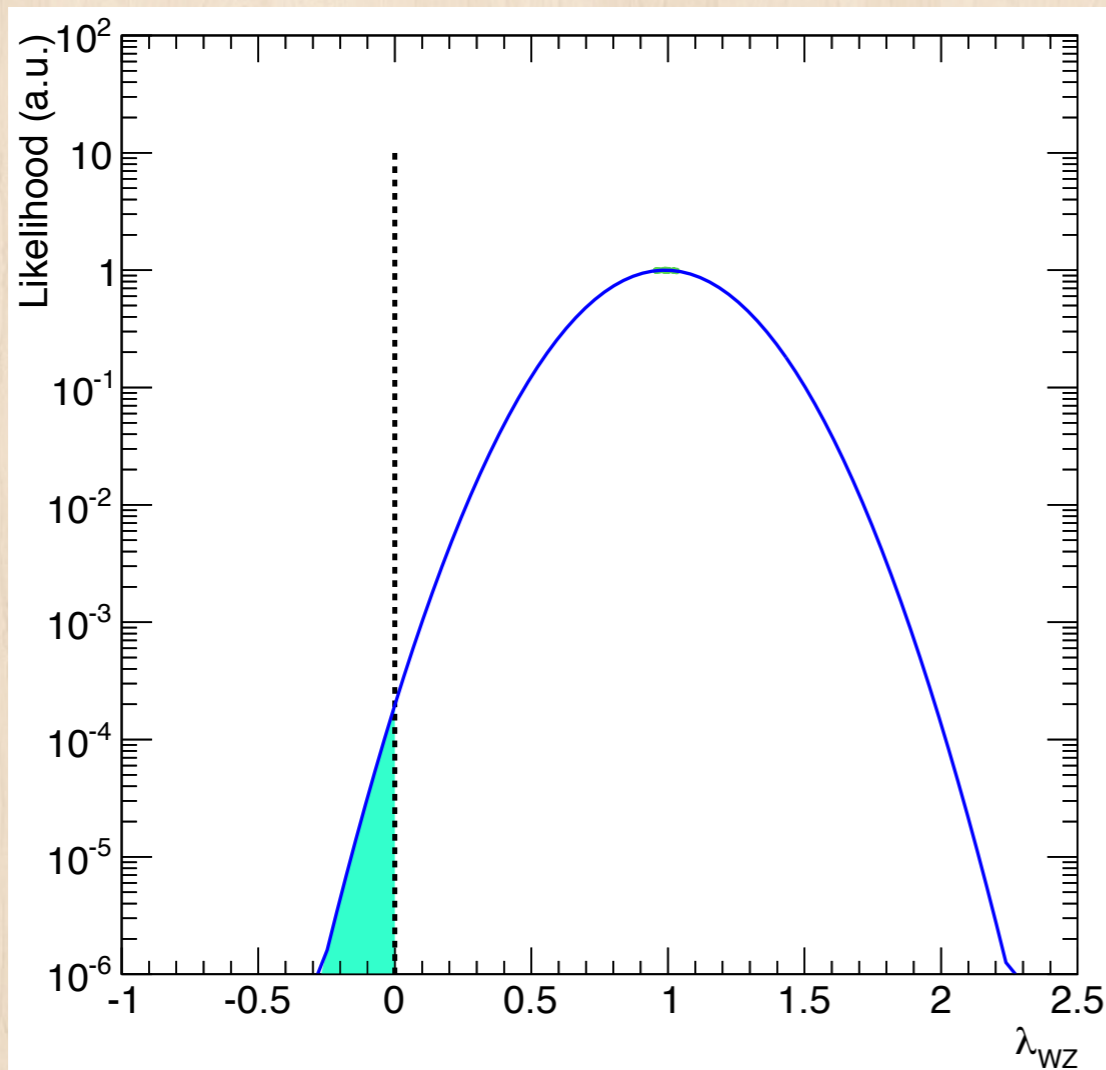
Custodial Symmetry

For each model, we generate pseudo-data and evaluate the likelihood of having a negative λ_{WZ} .



Custodial Symmetry

...and express the p-value in terms of effective sigma

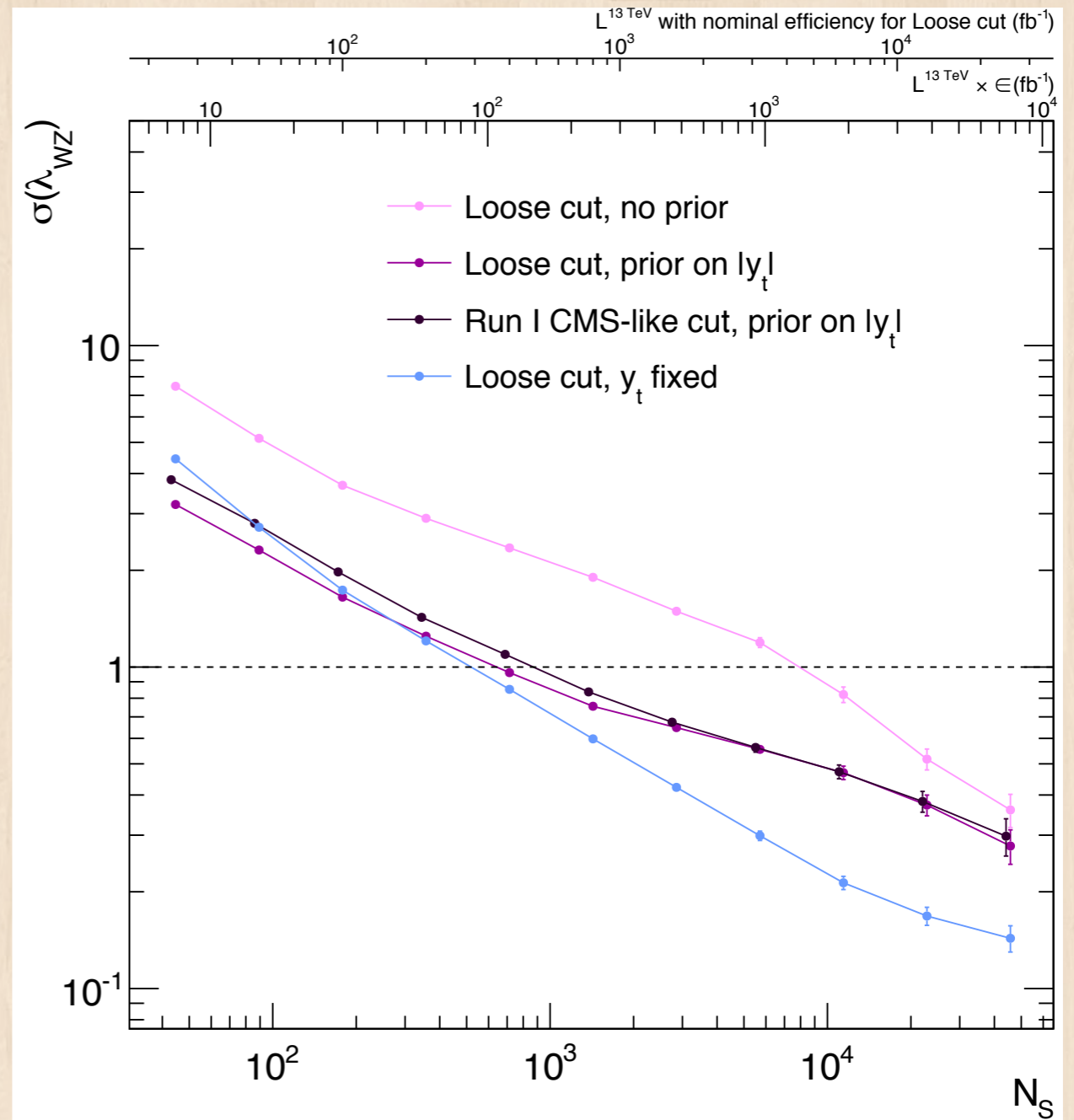


Custodial Symmetry

Assuming true model is SM, sensitivity on ratio between W and Z

Prior on $y_t \sim$ restricting range between $-3 - 3$, free floating within 2

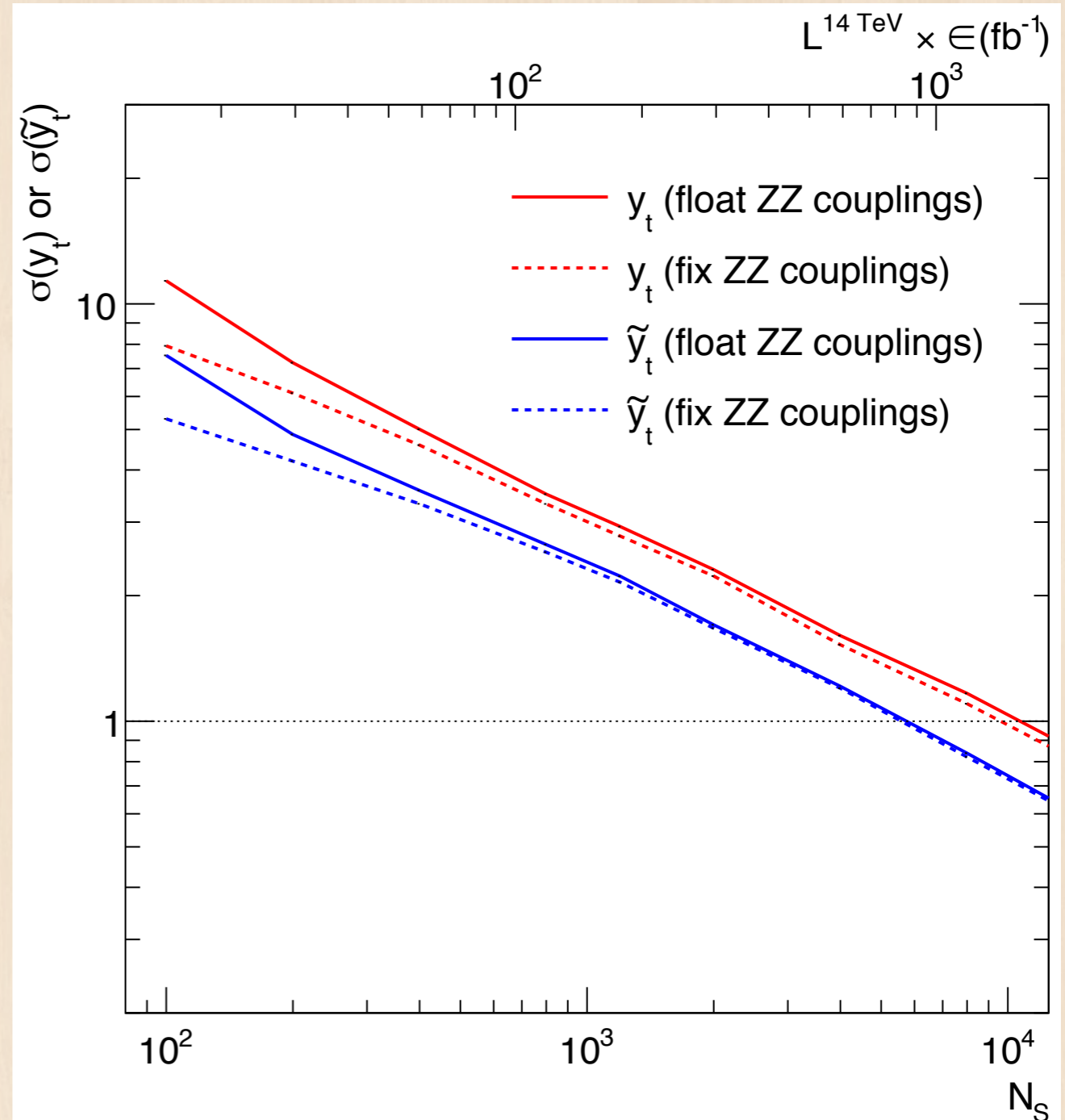
Restricting range on y_t helps the sensitivity a lot



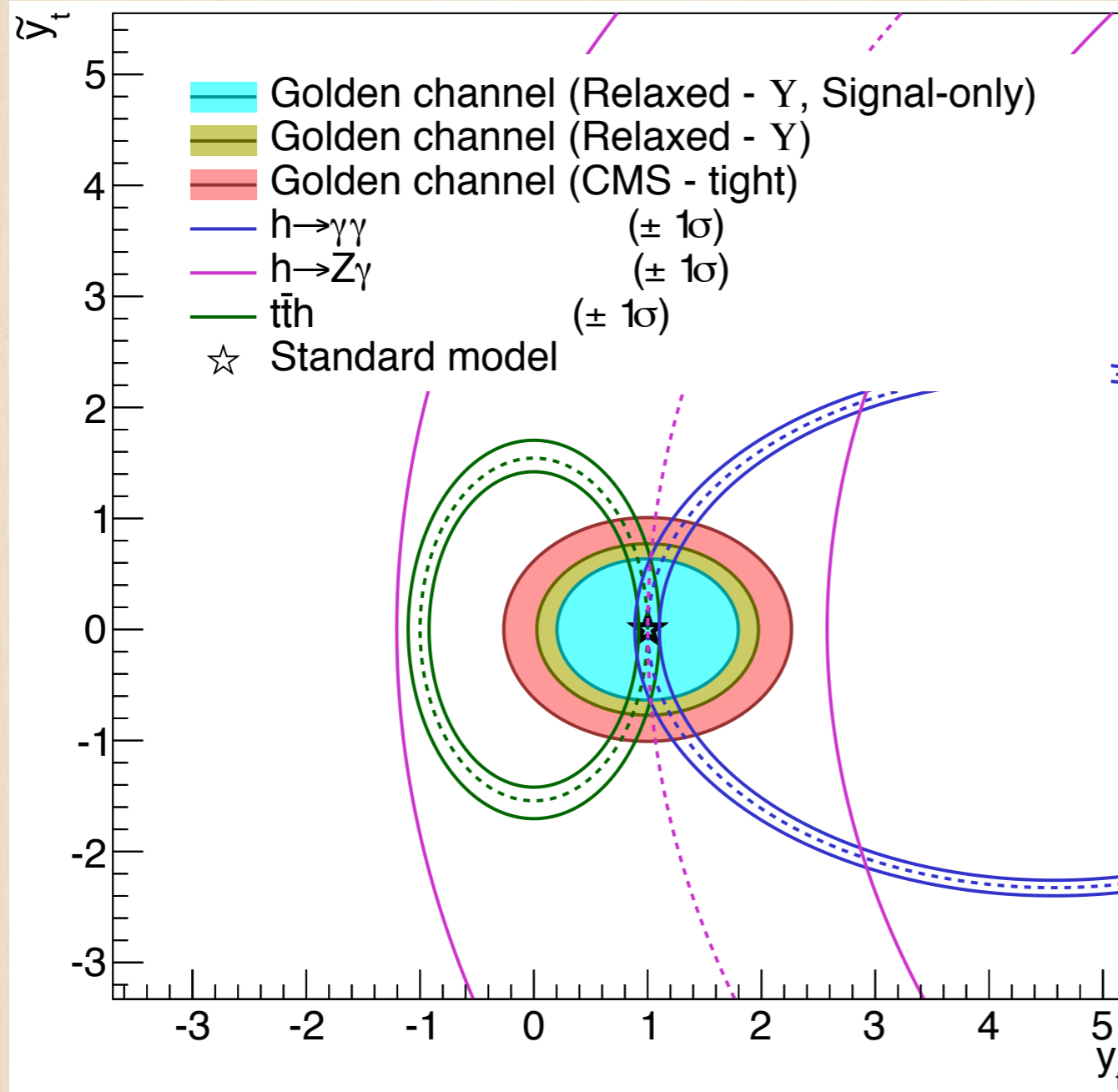
Top Coupling

Here we investigate sensitivity to y_t

We only reach 1 sigma with a few ab^{-1} assuming true model is SM



Top Coupling



Projection to
end of HL-HLC

Direct measurement
can pin down the
value quite well

4l channel would be
independent
confirmation

Concluding Remarks

- The 4I channel provides a unique opportunity to measure the sign of couplings due to interference effects
- It complements direct cross section measurement from other channels

Backup Slides Ahead

y_t prior in λ_{wz} analysis

