

Round Table Discussion 1

What can neutron star and heavy-ion physics learn from each other ?

(Convener: David Blaschke)

1) What do we know about the properties of nuclear matter at high density and temperatures from [ab-initio nuclear physics calculations](#) (chi EFT, many-body approaches) ?
Up to what temperature and densities the ab-initio calculations are applicable and how do we go beyond them ? (Ingo Tews)

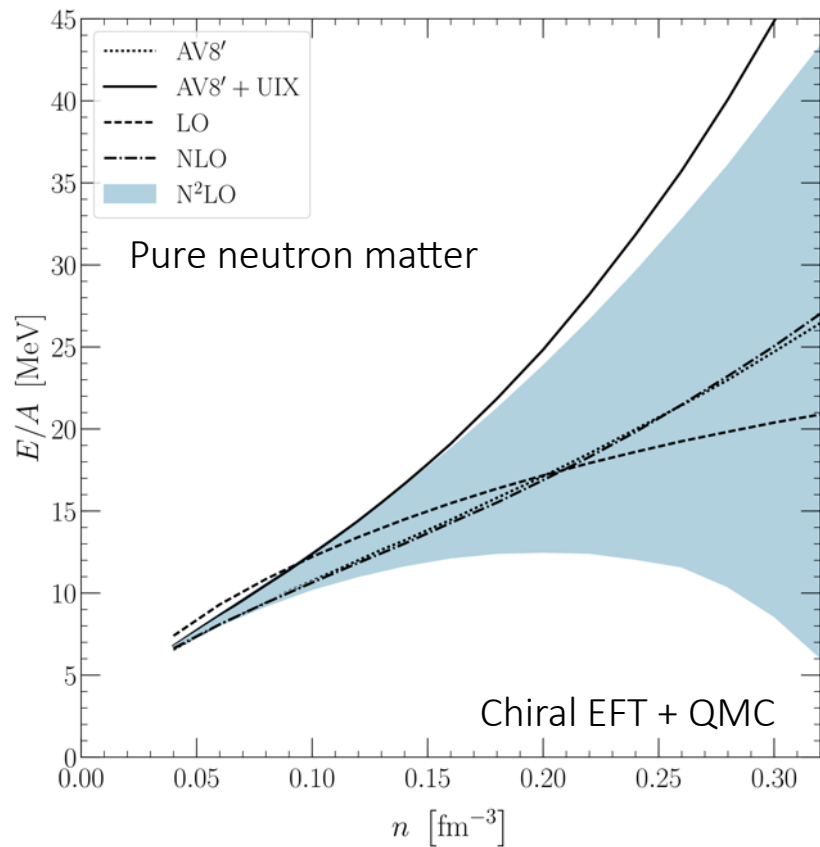
2) What is the [minimal chemical potential](#), where the weak coupling QCD method might be applicable ? (Aleksi Vuorinen)

3) How important is modeling [confinement](#) in the EoS? [Interpolation](#)? [Order of the phase transition](#) at low temperatures (anomaly)? Impact of constraints for mass and radius of compact stars to rule out EoS ([2 M_{sun} pulsar](#) observations, binary merger [GW170817](#), ...)? (Mark Alford)

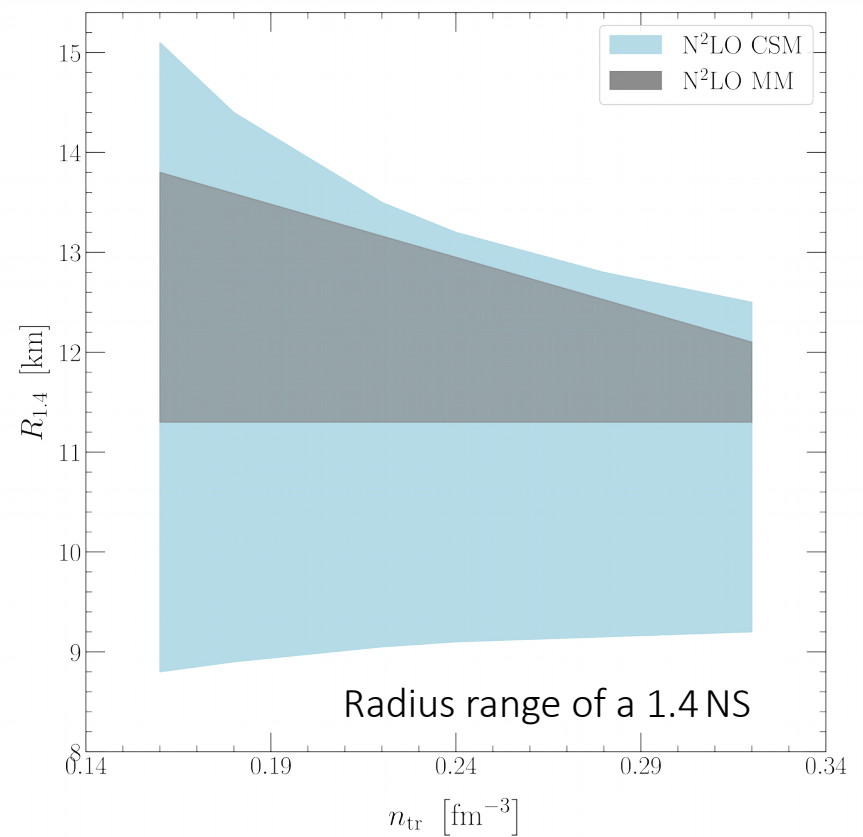
4) How to [connect the EoS probed in HIC and in NS](#)? Role of leptons and [symmetry energy](#)? (Pawel Danielewicz)

5) What is the role of [strangeness in NS and HIC](#) at high densities? (Thomas Klähn)

[6) What happens to the [chiral symmetry breaking in nuclear matter](#) ?]

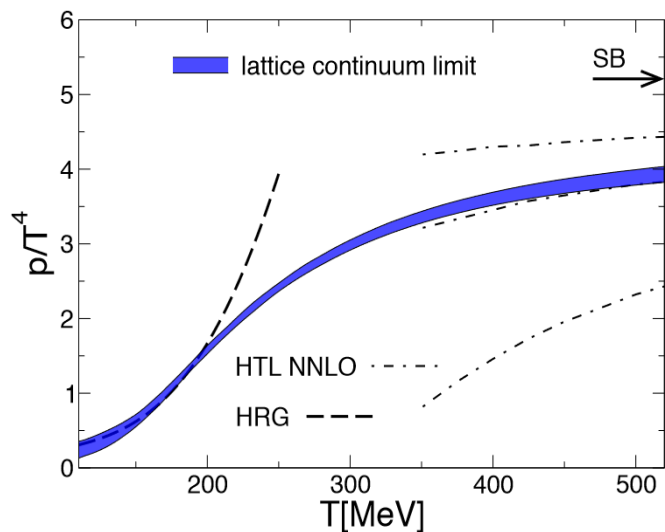


- **Chiral EFT:** Systematic expansion of nuclear forces, including many-body forces, in powers of $(Q/\Lambda_b)^n$, $\Lambda_b=500\text{-}600$ MeV. The unknown coupling constants are fit to experimental data (NN scattering, light nuclei).
- **Systematic error estimates** possible, and interaction uncertainties dominate. Large community effort to reduce uncertainties!
- **Consistent approach** to nuclei and matter.

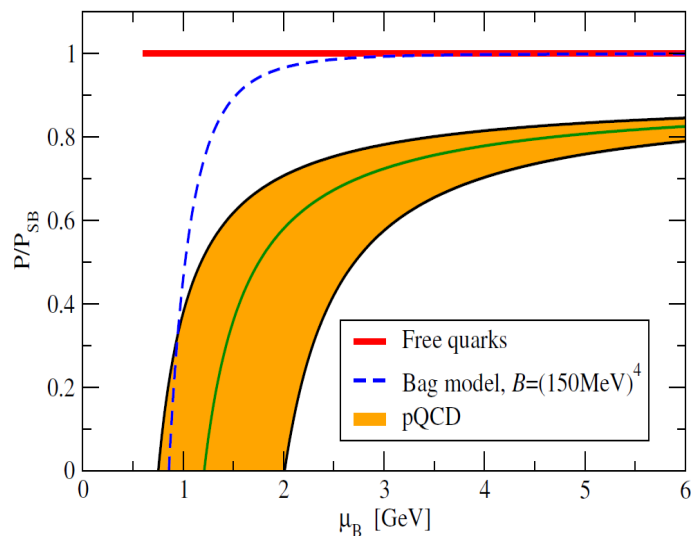


- Uncertainties & breakdown of chiral EFT calculations estimated from **order-by-order calculations** which show convergence pattern.
- Extension to higher densities above a certain n_{tr} using **very general expansion schemes**:
 - Polytropic expansion,
 - Speed-of-sound expansion,
 - Meta-modelling
- **Density range 1-2 n_{sat} of great importance**, tight experimental constraints needed.

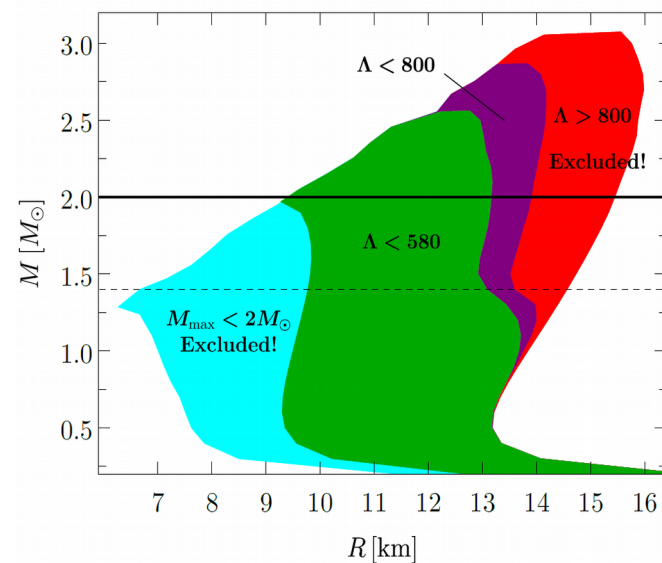
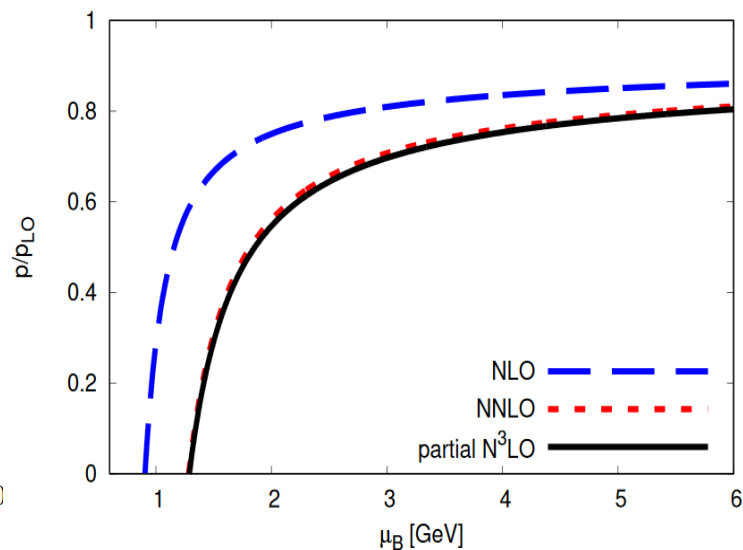
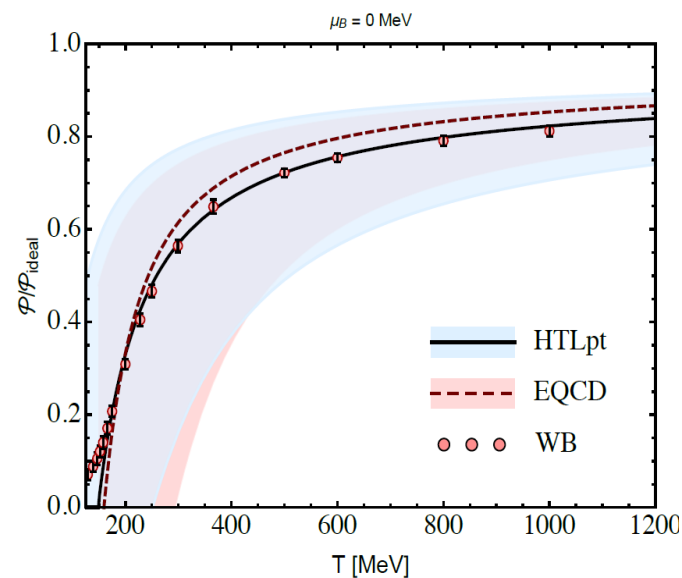
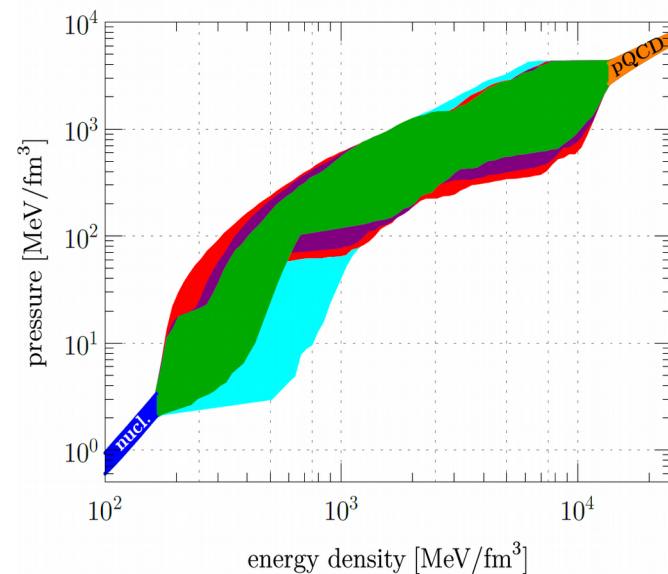
High T : [Borsanyi et al.
1309.5258; Strickland, AV,
unpublished]



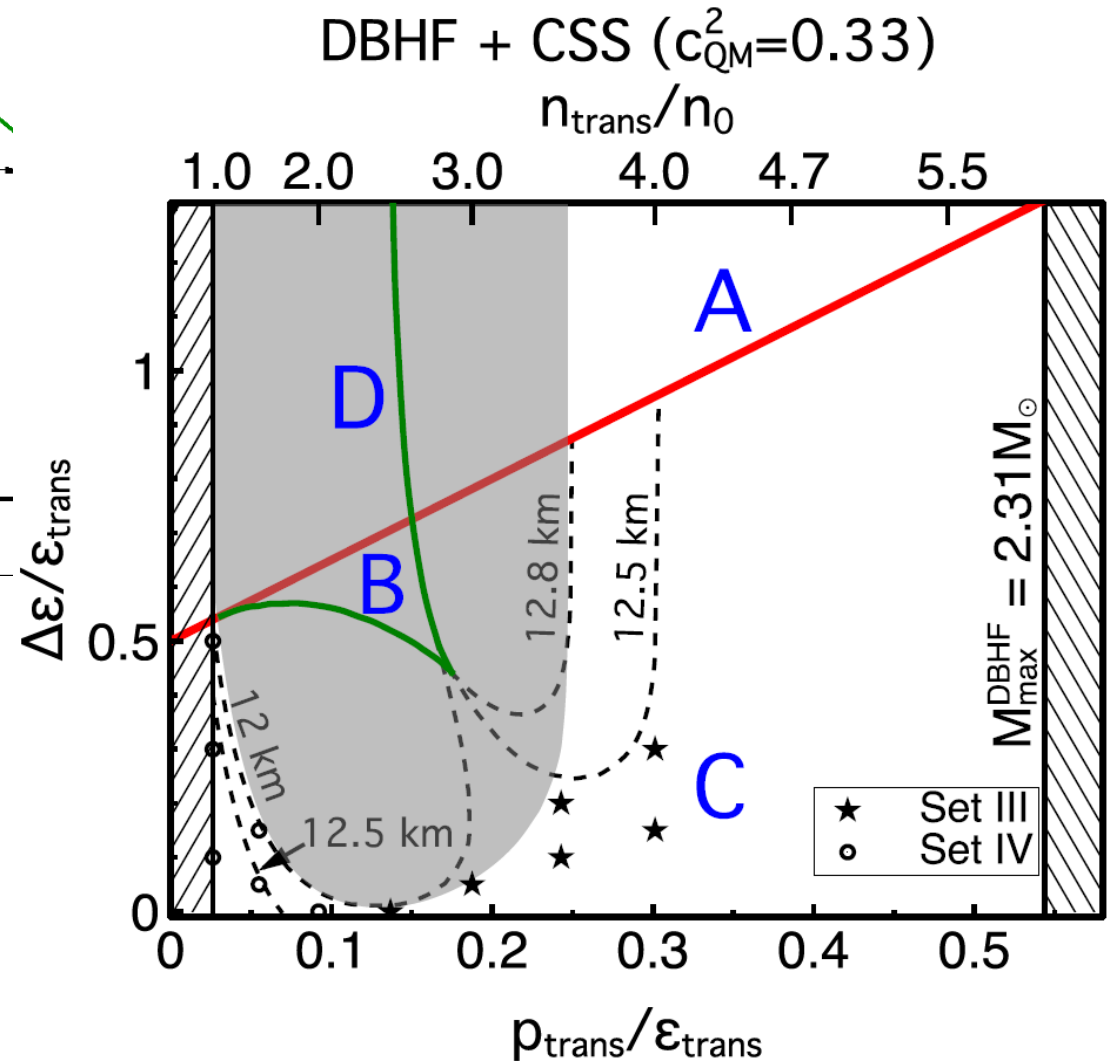
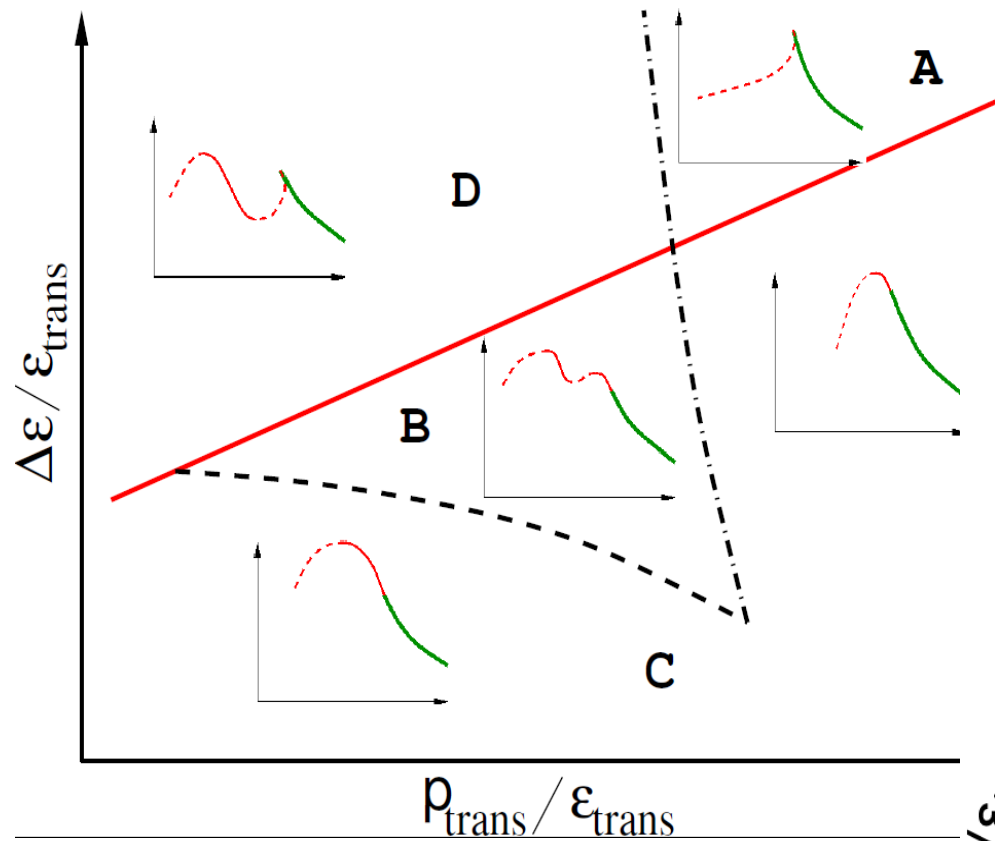
Zero T : [Fraga, Kurkela, AV,
1311.5154; Gorda et al,
1807.04120]



Interpolation at $T=0$:
[Annala, Gorda, Kurkela, AV,
1711.02644]



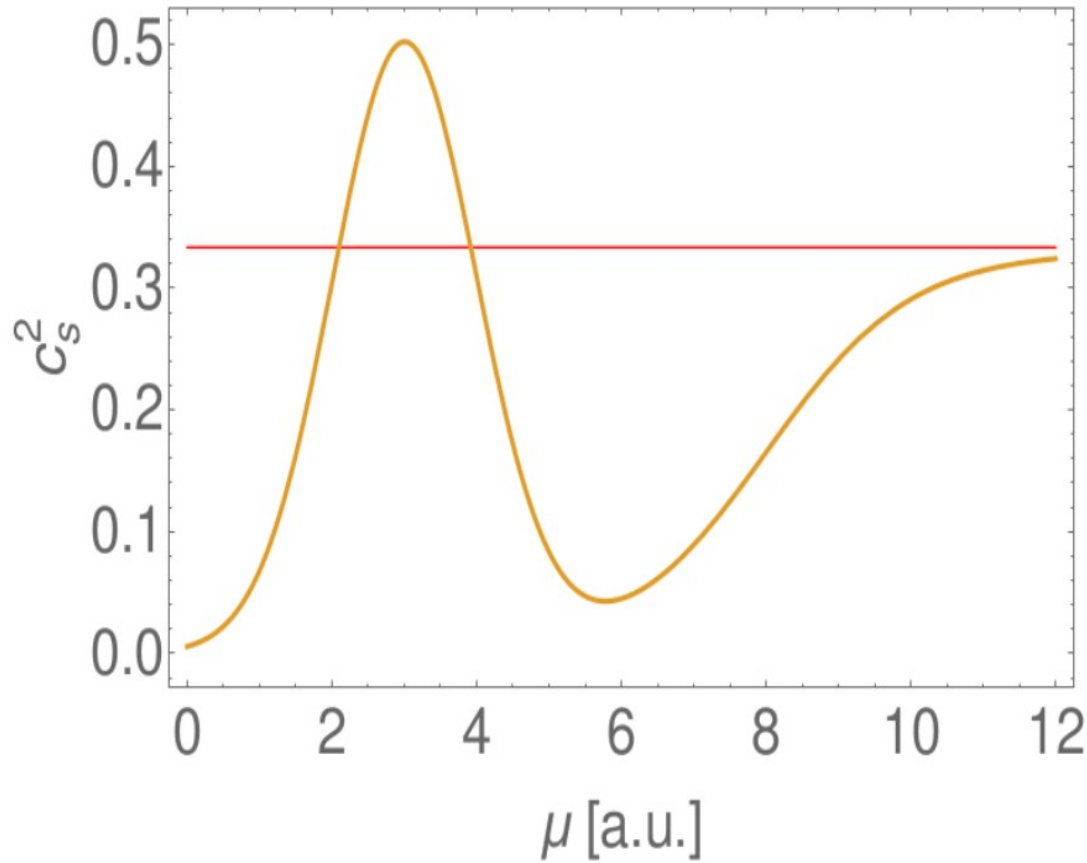
EoS with 1st order phase transition and phase diagram of hybrid compact stars



M. Alford, S. Han, M. Prakash,
Phys. Rev. D 88, 083013 (2013)

M. Alford, F. Burgio, et al.,
Phys. Rev. D 92, 083002 (2015)

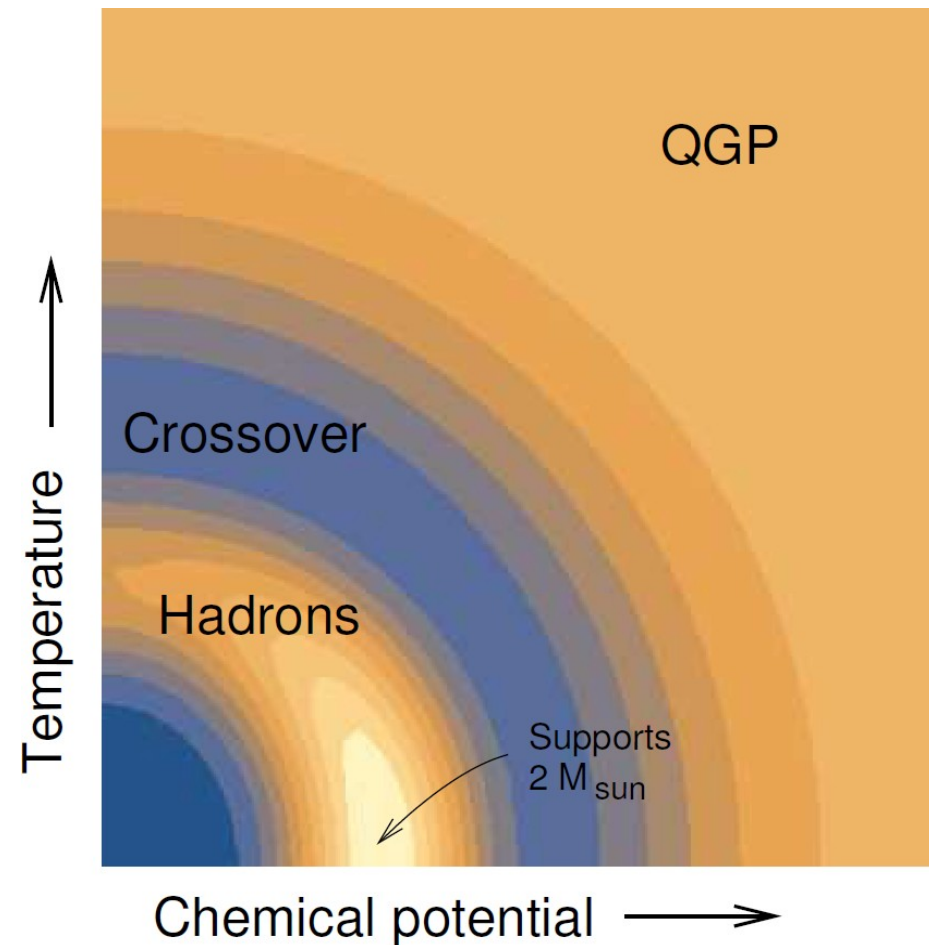
Role of $2M_{\text{sun}}$ constraint from pulsar mass for QCD EoS and phase diagram



See also:

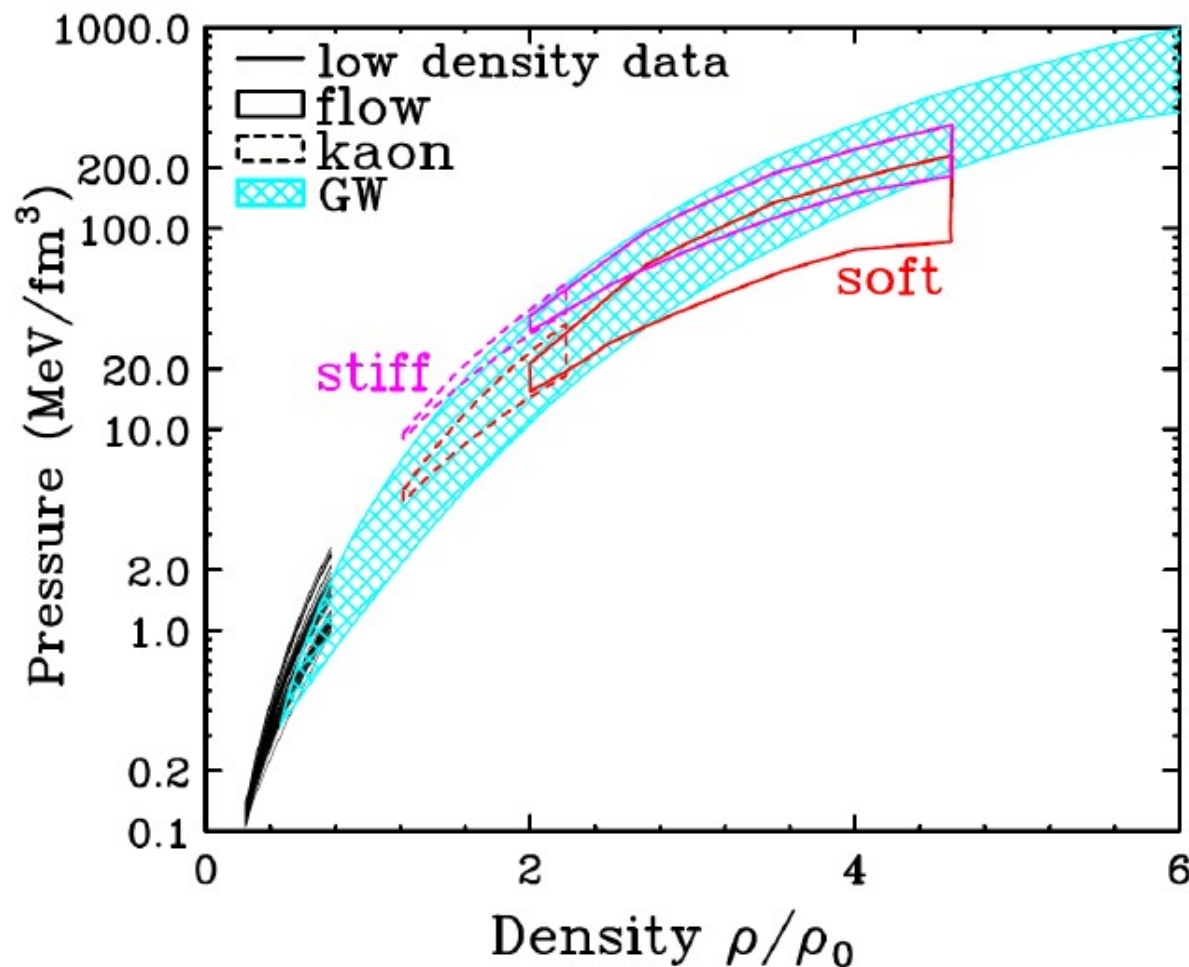
I. Tews, J. Carlson, S. Gandolfi, S. Reddy,
Astrophys. J 860, 149 (2018) [arxiv:1801.01923]

Discussion at INT Seattle:
“The Phases of Dense Matter”
INT-16-2b, July 11 – August 12 (2016)



Heavy-Ion Collisions & n-Star Mergers

Equation of State (EOS) from nuclear collisions and from neutron-star merger



Collision observables testing

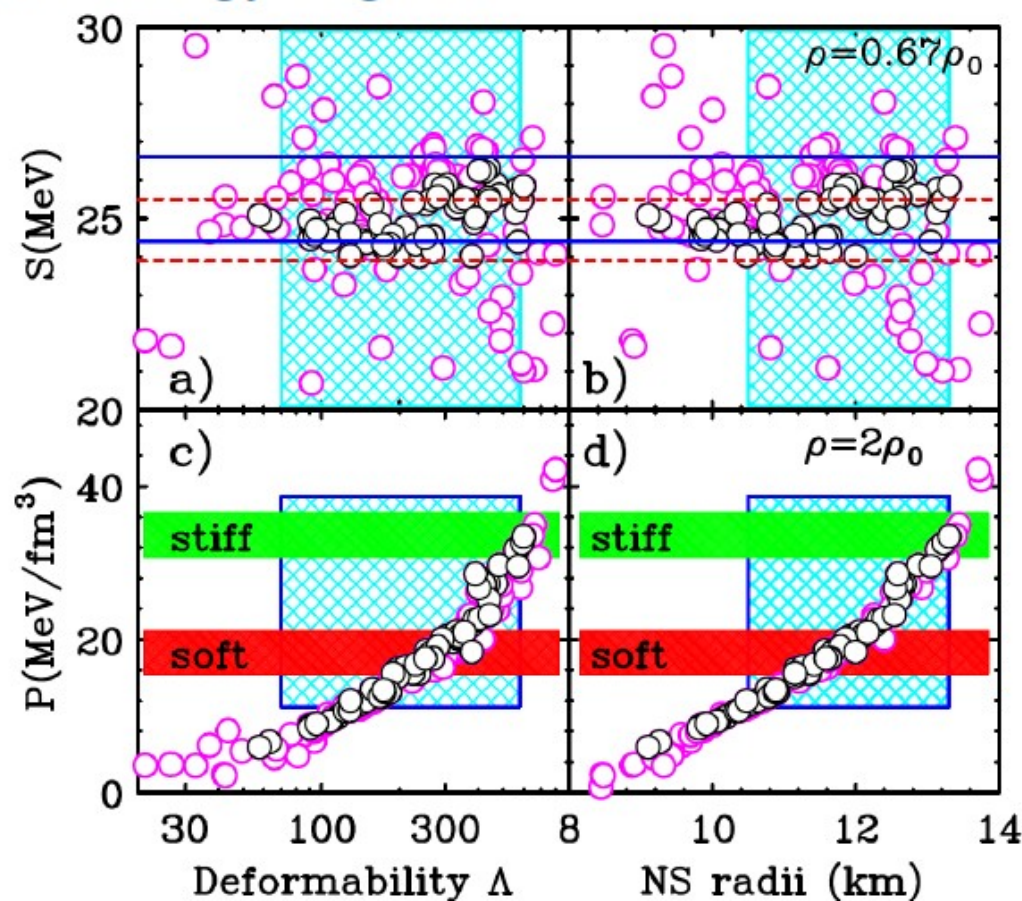
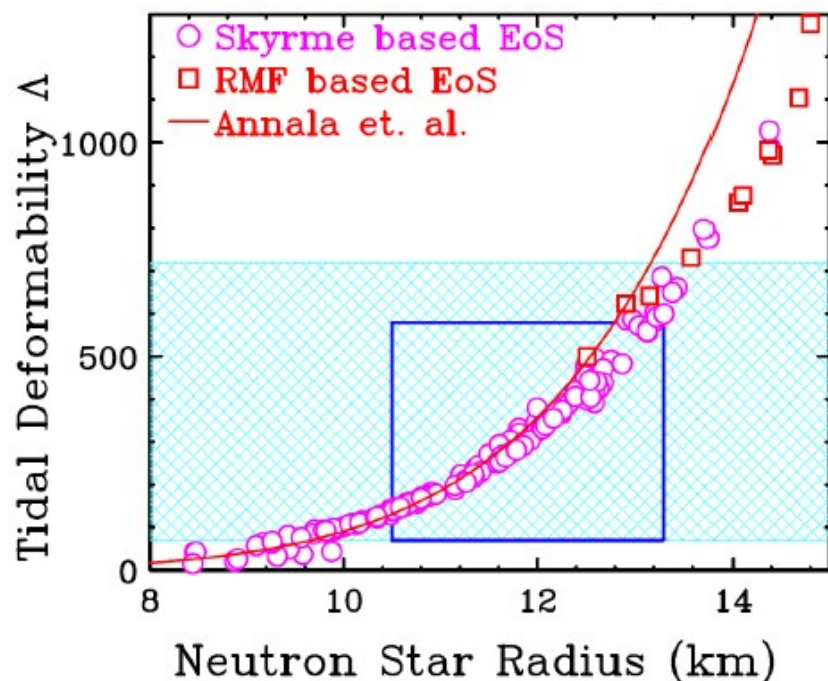
$$E(\rho_n, \rho_p) = E_0(\rho) + S(\rho) \left(\frac{\rho_n - \rho_p}{\rho} \right)^2 + \dots :$$

flow asymmetries, π and K yields, spectra of isospin partners

Accessible Features of EOS

Different info from different beam-energy regions

higher- ρ more relevant \rightarrow

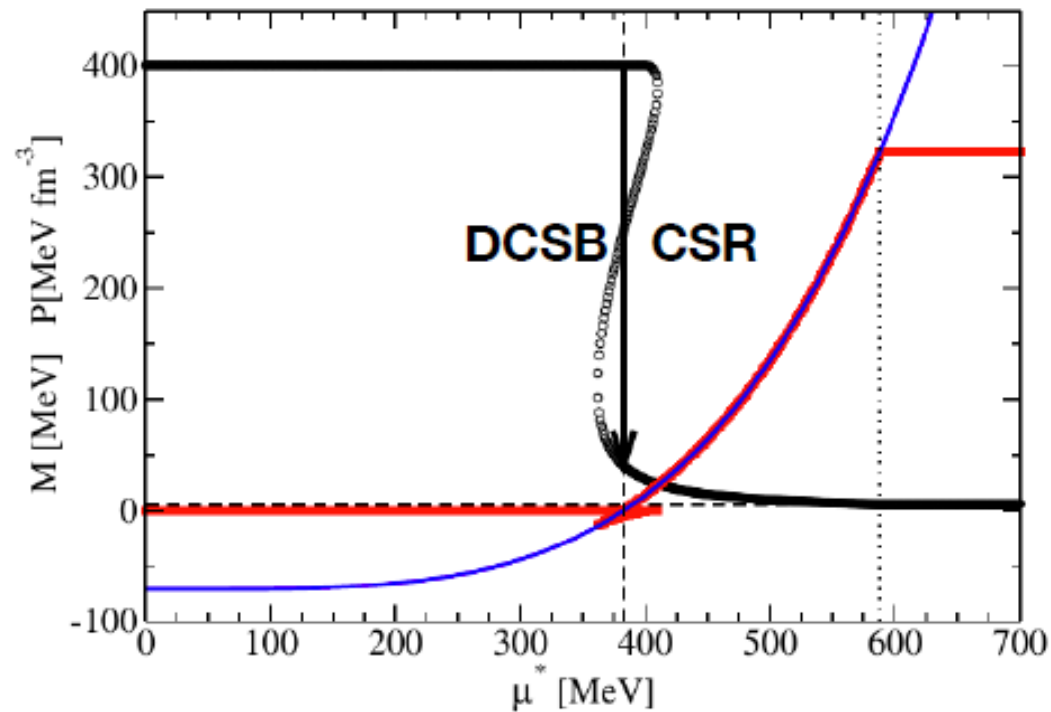


$$E_n \simeq E_0 + S$$

S tested at lower energies, $\lesssim 0.5$ GeV/nucleon, FRIB/RIKEN/FAIR

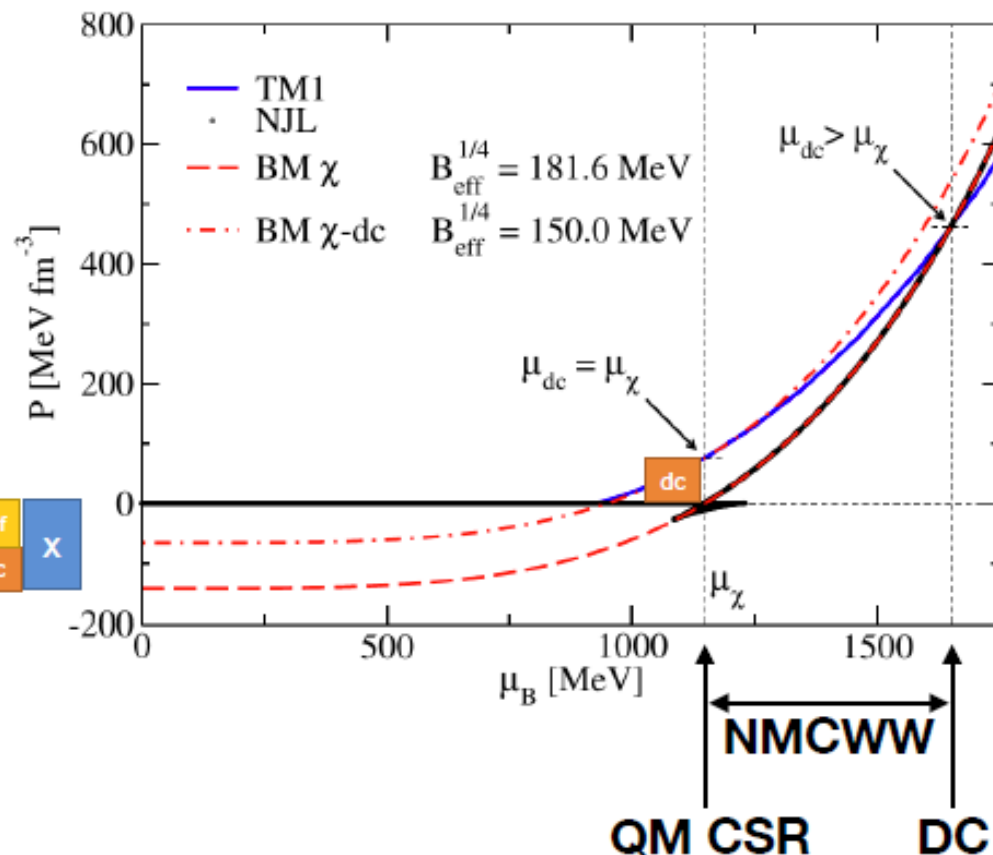
E_0 tested up to ~ 10 GeV/nucleon, FAIR/NICA/SPS

Consistent Nuclear and Quark Matter Models?



differences between NJL and Bag:
DCSB, confinement, vector interaction
(TK, T.Fischer, ApJ , 2015)

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Problems

- de/confinement at finite chem. potential
- DCSB on quark level in nuclear matter
- QCD 'near' phase transition is non-perturbative

Workarounds

- Effective models
(quark-meson-nucleon coupling)
- Two-phase approach
- nature of phase transition
(Maxwell type 1st order vs. mixed phases)

LOTS of room for ambiguities
(nature of effective models)

Majority of effective QM models exploit
quasi-particle picture \rightarrow dispersion/propagator poles
More problematic at finite T , but issue is fundamental:
(QM thresholds in effective models put in 'by hand':
suppression, IR-regularization, 'QM-waiver')

Chiral symmetry restoration by parity doubling in NM and structure of neutron stars

