

Bin Updates and Uncertainties for VBF and VH

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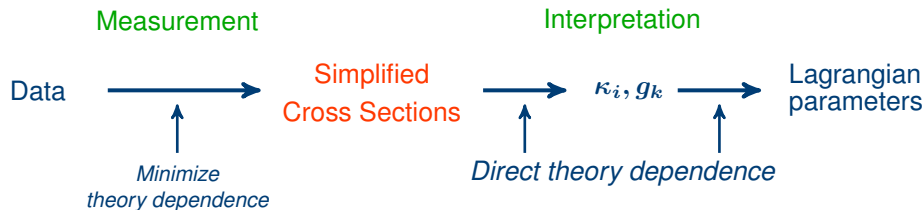
fidSTXS subgroup meeting
July 06, 2017

Based on recent discussions at Les Houches
and in fidSTXS subgroup



Reminder.

Separating Measurement from Interpretation.



Goals

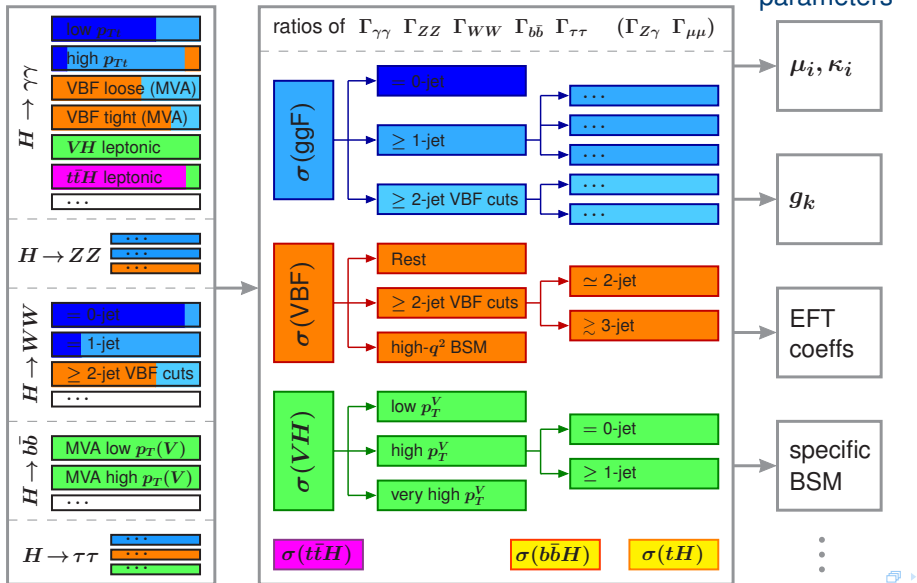
- Minimize dependence on theory systematics in measurements
 - ▶ Clearer and systematically improvable treatment at interpretation level (acceptance corrections, extrapolations to total xsec, ...)
- Minimize model dependence in measurements
 - ▶ Decouples measurements from discussions about specific models (SM, linear/nonlinear EFT, BSM models, ...)
- Measurements stay long-term useful
- Allows easy (re)interpretation with different theory inputs/assumptions
 - ▶ Improved theory predictions/uncertainties
 - ▶ μ_i, κ_i , anomalous couplings, EFT coefficients, specific BSM scenarios

Simplified Template Cross Section Framework.

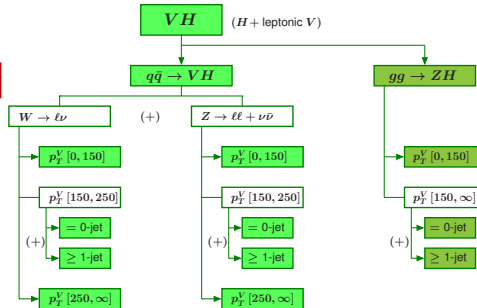
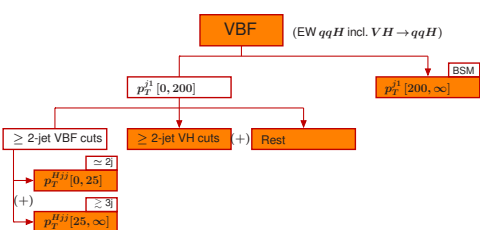
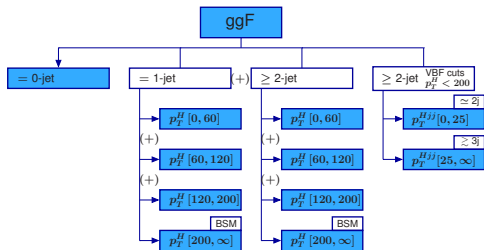
Analysis categories

Simplified Template Cross Sections

Lagrangian parameters



Stage 1 Bins.



Binning Updates.

Staging and Bin Merging.

Defined different stages for each production mode

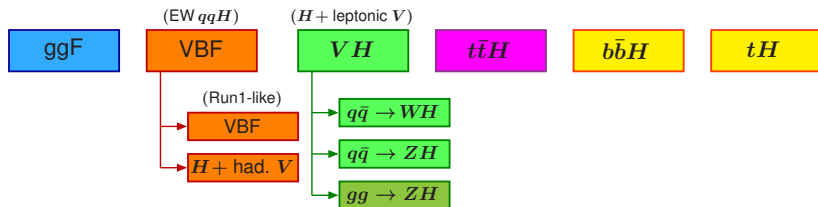
- Stage 0: Closest correspondence to Run 1
- Stage 1: “Minimal” hoped-for splitting for Run 2
- Stage 2: To be defined ...

Evolution and merging of bins

- Individual channels can quote sum of bins where there is no sensitivity
 - ▶ Possible bin merging is indicated by “(+)”
 - ▶ Avoid merging bins across production channels (e.g. ggF+VBF)
- More information is better, so try to minimize merging
 - ▶ Even limits in high- p_T bins are very useful/interesting
 - ▶ Do not merge bins “just” because they are correlated
 - ▶ Each merging can move a possibly nontrivial theory uncertainty from interpretation back into measurement

⇒ If necessary, consider providing two sets of results with different levels of merging

Hadronic VH.



Template processes are defined for a stable Higgs but decayed V

- “VH” is defined as $pp \rightarrow V(\rightarrow \text{leptons})H$, split into
 - ▶ $q\bar{q} \rightarrow W(\rightarrow \ell\nu)H$, $q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z(\rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell}, \nu\bar{\nu})H$, $gg \rightarrow Z(\rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell}, \nu\bar{\nu})H$
- $q\bar{q} \rightarrow V(\rightarrow qq)H$ is part of “VBF” (EW qqH production)
 - ▶ Targeted via dedicated “VBF” bin with $V(\rightarrow jj)H$ topology cuts
 - ▶ Higher-order “VBF” calculations already include hadronic VH “background”
- $gg \rightarrow Z(\rightarrow q\bar{q})H$ is part of “ggF”
 - ▶ Effectively considered a (real-emission) EW correction to ggF
 - ▶ Currently no experimental sensitivity, swamped by ggF+2jets
 - ▶ In the future could split out of ggF bin with $V(\rightarrow jj)H$ topology cuts
 - ▶ Also theoretically it makes the most sense to treat it like this

ggF

- Consider to split the highest p_T^H bins into [200, 500] and [500, ∞] to have a dedicated bin for boosted $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ analyses
 - ▶ First CMS results show feasibility
 - ▶ Sensitivity starts above around 500
- Also possibly split at $2m_t$ into [200, 350] and [350, 500]
 - ▶ in sync with fiducial measurements
- These high- p_T^H bins are not split further into =1j and $\geq 2j$ bins

$b\bar{b}H$

- Current Stage 1 has one inclusive bin for $b\bar{b}H$
- Consider absorbing this into ggF
 - ▶ Currently no experimental sensitivity/distinction from ggF (would require dedicated reco categories with low- p_T b-tag)
 - ▶ Do not want to assume/inject SM prediction for $b\bar{b}H$ in measurement

$t\bar{t}H$

- Current Stage 1 has one inclusive bin for $t\bar{t}H$
 - ▶ Include also tH in this
- Consider split by p_T^H : $[0, 200]$ and $[200, \infty]$
 - ▶ To separately target nonboosted and boosted analyses, precise cut value to be discussed
- Have also been thinking about splitting of $[0, 200]$ bin into $=0j$ and $\geq 1j$ (in addition to $t\bar{t}H$ signal jets)
 - ▶ still unclear if actually useful/needed

Theory Uncertainties for VBF and VH.

Theory Uncertainties.

Two aspects to theory uncertainties

- Residual theoretical uncertainties related to “unfolding” experimental event categories to STXS bins
- Uncertainties in interpretation of STXS bins, i.e. in SM (or beyond) cross section predictions for each bin
 - ▶ Also enter as “residual” uncertainties in measurement whenever bins with different sensitivities are merged

Implementation of uncertainties (in measurement or interpretation)

- Requires uncertainties per bin and their correlations
 - ▶ Particularly important when binning cut itself introduces a source of uncertainty that affects each bin but cancels in their sum
 - ▶ Implementation in terms of $\pm 100\%$ correlated or uncorrelated nuisance parameters
- Need to identify and distinguish different sources of uncertainties and evaluate also their correlations between kinematic bins
 - ▶ Use generic parametrization of uncertainties in kinematic bins as discussed in YR4 Section 1.4.2a

Uncertainties With Multiple Bin Boundaries.

- Each bin can have multiple boundaries, and each boundary can be shared by different bins
- Consider given bin boundary when all additional subdivisions are removed and parametrize in terms of independent yield and migration uncertainties
- Consider binning cut “a/b” with $\sigma_{ab} = \sigma_a + \sigma_b$ and associated $\Delta_{a/b}$ (anticorrelated between σ_a and σ_b)
 - ▶ Allow for additional subbins such that $\sigma_a = \sum_i \sigma_a^i$ and $\sigma_b = \sum_j \sigma_b^j$
 - ▶ Consider binning uncertainty as fully correlated among subbins and implement with a single nuisance parameter

$$\theta_{a/b} : \Delta_{a/b} \times \{\{x_a^i\}, -\{x_b^j\}\} \quad \text{with} \quad \sum_i x_a^i = \sum_j x_b^j = 1$$

where x_a^i and x_b^j specify how $\Delta_{a/b}$ gets distributed among the subbins

- Consider each binning cut/bin boundary as potential uncertainty source
 - ▶ Migration uncertainty between σ_a and σ_b , and yield uncertainty inside each
 - ▶ Limiting case: Global yield uncertainty for total xsec

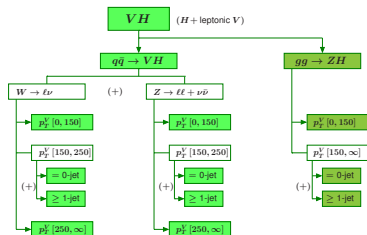
Parametrization of VH Uncertainties: Sources.

QCD uncertainties

- $\Delta_\mu, \Delta_{150}, \Delta_{250}$
 - ▶ Option 1: overall yield uncertainty plus two p_T^V binning (shape) uncertainties
 - ▶ Option 2: one uncorrelated uncertainty for each p_T^V bin
- $\Delta_{0/1}$: jet bin migration uncertainty
- Same nuisance parameter for W and Z (i.e. 100% correlated)

EW uncertainties

- Δ_{Sud} : EW Sudakov effects (correlated between W and Z)
- $\Delta_W, \Delta_Z, \Delta_\gamma$
 - ▶ Separate uncertainties for non-Sudakov contributions
- Separate sources (uncorrelated uncertainties) for $q\bar{q} \rightarrow VH$ and $gg \rightarrow ZH$
 - ▶ Study which sources for $gg \rightarrow ZH$ should be correlated with $gg \rightarrow H$
- Some of this also impact “VBF” bins through its hadronic VH contribution



Parametrization of VH Uncertainties.

Bin	QCD uncertainties (Option 1)				EW uncertainties			
	Δ_μ	Δ_{150}	Δ_{250}	$\Delta_{0/1}$	Δ_{Sud}	Δ_W	Δ_Z	Δ_γ
$W [0,150]$	x_1	$-c$	0		y_1	*		*
$W [150,250]$	x_2	$+c$	$+d$	0	y_2	*		*
$=0j [150,250]$	$x_2 z$	$+cz$	$+dz$	$+1$	\dots	*		*
$\geq 1j [150,250]$	$x_2(1-z)$	$+c(1-z)$	$+d(1-z)$	-1	\dots	*		*
$W [250,\infty]$	x_3	0	$-d$		y_3	*		*
$Z [0,150]$	x_1	$-c$	0		y_1		*	
$Z [150,250]$	x_2	$+c$	$+d$	0	y_2		*	
$=0j [150,250]$	$x_2 z$	$+cz$	$+dz$	$+1$	\dots		*	
$\geq 1j [150,250]$	$x_2(1-z)$	$+c(1-z)$	$+d(1-z)$	-1	\dots		*	
$Z [250,\infty]$	x_3	0	$-d$		y_3		*	

+ Analogous uncorrelated sources for $gg \rightarrow ZH$

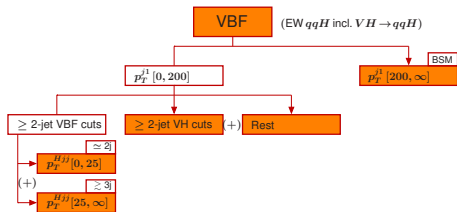
Parametrization of VBF uncertainties: Sources.

QCD uncertainties

- Q: How are unc. in different m_{jj} regions correlated?
 - ▶ Option 1: single overall yield Δ_μ plus m_{jj} shape/migration $\Delta_{m_{jj}}$
 - ▶ Option 2: uncorrelated sources Δ_{low} and Δ_{high} for low and high m_{jj}
 - ▶ Option 3: ???
- Δ_μ^{VH} uncertainty for the VH bin induced by hadronic VH process
 - ▶ Correlated with leptonic VH
- Δ_{200} migration uncertainty related to p_T^{j1} cut
- Δ_{25} migration uncertainty related to 2/3-jet separation

EW uncertainties

- Δ_{Sud} : EW Sudakov effects
 - ▶ correlated with $q\bar{q} \rightarrow VH$ (?)
- Δ_{hard}
 - ▶ uncorrelated with $q\bar{q} \rightarrow VH$ (?)



Parametrization of VBF uncertainties.

Bin	QCD uncertainties (Option 2)					EW uncertainties		
	Δ_{low}	Δ_{high}	Δ_{μ}^{VH}	Δ_{200}	Δ_{25}	Δ_{Sud}	Δ_{hard}	$\Delta_{W,Z,\gamma}^{\text{VH}}$
$p_T^j [0, 200]$	≈ 1	≈ 1	≈ 1	-1		y_1	*	
VBF cuts	≈ 0	≈ 1	≈ 0	$-x_1$	0	y_2	*	
$p_T^{Hjj} [0, 25]$		z		$-x_1 z$	$+1$	\dots	*	
$p_T^{Hjj} [25, \infty]$		$1 - z$		$-x_1(1 - z)$	-1	\dots	*	
VH cuts	?	?	≈ 1	$-x_2$		y_3	*	1
Rest	≈ 1	≈ 0	?	$-x_3$		y_4	*	
$p_T^j [200, \infty]$?	?	?	$+1$		$1 - y_i$	*	

We need a consistent/common/coherent treatment of theory uncertainties across kinematic regions and across production modes

- One goal is for interpretation to be able to easily switch between different predictions
 - ▶ This is why we focus first on generic parametrization given the bins we have
 - ▶ Discussing with VH and VBF subgroups
- Same approach as already followed for ggF bins
- This is a first “not-so-minimal” proposal, which we think could work
- We are asking for feedback, in particular
 - ▶ Any objections?
 - ▶ Anything missing?
 - ▶ Is this sufficiently general for the EW corrections (at least as a first step)?

Backup Slides

Defining Features.

- Measure cross sections but separated into production modes
 - ▶ Allows different efficiencies/acceptances for different production modes without incurring dependence on SM production mode mix
 - ▶ SM processes act as kinematic templates
 - ▶ Future: Can add more kinematic templates (e.g. CP-odd Higgs)
- Non-Higgs backgrounds are subtracted
 - ▶ Future: Can add templates for BSM sensitive backgrounds (e.g. $pp \rightarrow WW$)
- Inclusive over the Higgs decays
 - ▶ Can perform a global combination of channels
- “Simplified” bin definitions abstracted from the actual measurement categories
 - ▶ Allow some acceptance corrections,
 - ▶ Analyses can use optimized selections at reconstruction level, MVAs ...
 - ▶ Avoid extrapolations that are unnecessary or nontrivial (i.e. theory sensitive)

⇒ Maximize sensitivity while reducing theory dependence

Fiducial vs. Simplified Template Cross Sections.

Fiducial: Optimized for maximal theory independence

- Minimize acceptance corrections
- Simple (rectangular) signal cuts
- “Exact” fiducial volume
- Fiducial in Higgs decay
- Targeted object definitions

Agnostic to production modes

(Single-)differential distributions
(overlapping events)

Only $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, ZZ, (WW)$
(by default no combination of channels)

Simplified: Maximize sensitivity while reducing theory dependence

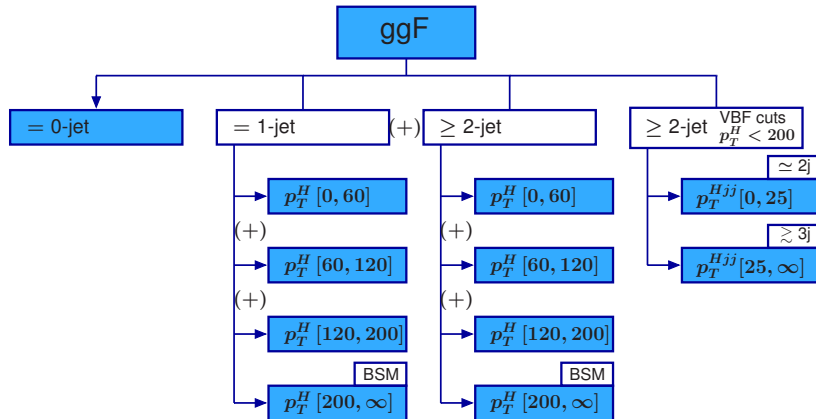
- Allow larger acceptance corrections
- Allow event categories, MVAs, ...
- Abstracted/simplified fiducial volumes
- Inclusive in Higgs decay
- Common idealized object definitions

Xsec split by production mode

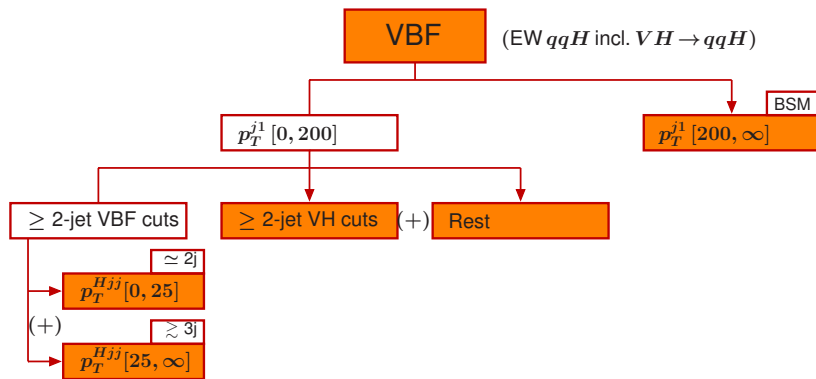
Xsec split into mutually exclusive
regions of phase space

Explicitly designed for combination
of all decay channels

Gluon Fusion – Stage 1.



- Jet bins motivated by experimental analyses
- High p_T^H bins target boosted categories ($\tau\tau$) and BSM overflow
- VBF-like cuts to constrain ggF contribution in VBF categories



- VBF defined as electroweak $qq'H$ production
 - ▶ including usual VBF process and VH with hadronic V decays
- First split by p_T^{j1}
 - ▶ VBF topology cuts: $m_{jj} > 400 \text{ GeV}$ and $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 2.8$ (no other cuts)
 - ▶ $V(\rightarrow jj)H$ topology cuts: $60 \text{ GeV} < m_{jj} < 120 \text{ GeV}$
 - ▶ Rest: Everything not passing above (including events with < 2 jets)