Higgs Physics at the LHeC and the FCC-eh



Co-author: Uta Klein (U of Liverpool)

Presenter: Kechen Wang (DESY)

on behalf of

the LHeC/FCC-eh Higgs Physics Group

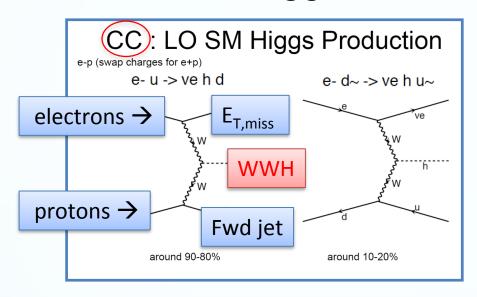
EPS-HEP Conference, Venice, Italy July 7, 2017

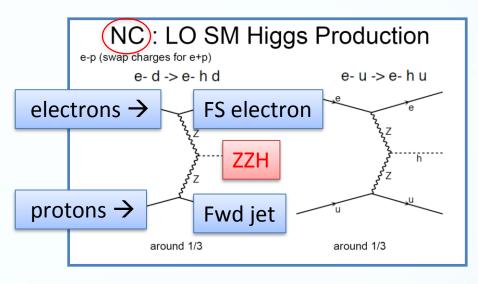


- **★** Introduction
 - Higgs production @ ep colliders
 - Analysis framework
- **★** SM Higgs
 - hbb, hcc coupling
 - hcc coupling
- ★ Exploring New Physics
 - Top Yukawa coupling
 - Constraining EFT operators: via di-Higgs Measurements
 - Invisible Higgs decay
 - Exotic Higgs decay: h->φφ-> 4b
- ★ Outlook & Summary

More details, see [Uta Klein's talk "FCC-eh SM and BSM Higgs Studies" in the FCC week 2017, https://indico.cern.ch/event/556692/contributions/2510778/attachments/1468874/2272276/FCC_Berlin_UKlein_01.06.2017.pdf

SM Higgs Production @ ep Colliders





→ In ep, direction of quark (FS?) is well defined.

σ [fb] (LO QCD CTEQ6L1 M_H=125 GeV)

Collider	LHeC	FCC-eh
c.m.s. energy [TeV]	1.3	3.5
NC DIS, unpol. CC DIS, unpol.	21 109	127 560
CC DIS, $P_e = -80\%$	196	1008

- → Scale dependencies of the LO calculations ~ 5-10%.
- → NLO QCD corrections are small, but shape distortions of kinematic distributions up to 20%.
- → QED corrections up to -5%
- [J. Blumlein, G.J. van Oldenborgh, R. Ruckl, Nucl.Phys.B395:35-59,1993]
 [B.Jager, arXiv:1001.3789]

Analysis Framework

Event generation

- SM or BSM production
- CC & NC DIS background

by MadGraph5/MadEvent



- Fragmentation
- Hadronization

by PYTHIA (modified for ep)



Fast detector simulation

by Delphes

→ test of FCCeh detector



S/B analysis → Cuts or BDT

- Calculate cross section with tree-level Feynman diagrams (any UFO) using pT of scattered quark as scale (CDR \$) for ep processes with MadGraph5
- Standard HERA tools can NOT to be used!
- Higgs mass 125 GeV as default
- Fragmentation & hadronisation uses epcustomised Pythia.

Delphes 'detector'

- → displaced vertices and signed impact parameter distributions
- →studied for LHeC, and used for FCC-eh SM Higgs extrapolations
- powerful method to optimize detector tuning and S/N (S/B ?) for various Higgs, top and BSM decays
- Ongoing: Integration of FCC-eh into FCC simulation framework

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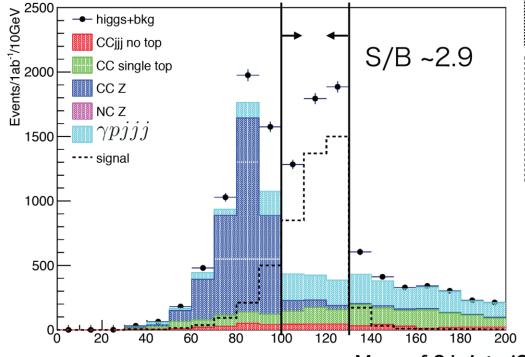
Cut-based Results for Hbb @ LHeC

[Masahiro Tanaka, Masahiro Kuze]

Previous studies pursued since the LHeC CDR [before the Higgs discovery, see http://cern.ch/lhec]

- Assumed 1000 fb⁻¹ of statistics. (~10 years running for LHeC.)
- · Veto efficiency of 90% for photo-production background is assumed,

using forward electron tagging.



b-tag performance (cut based)

- b-jet: 75%
- c-jet mis-tagging rate: 5%
- Light-jet mis-tagging rate: 1%

Precision of coupling constant (Statistics error only)

$$\kappa = \frac{\sqrt{N_s + N_b}}{2N_s}$$

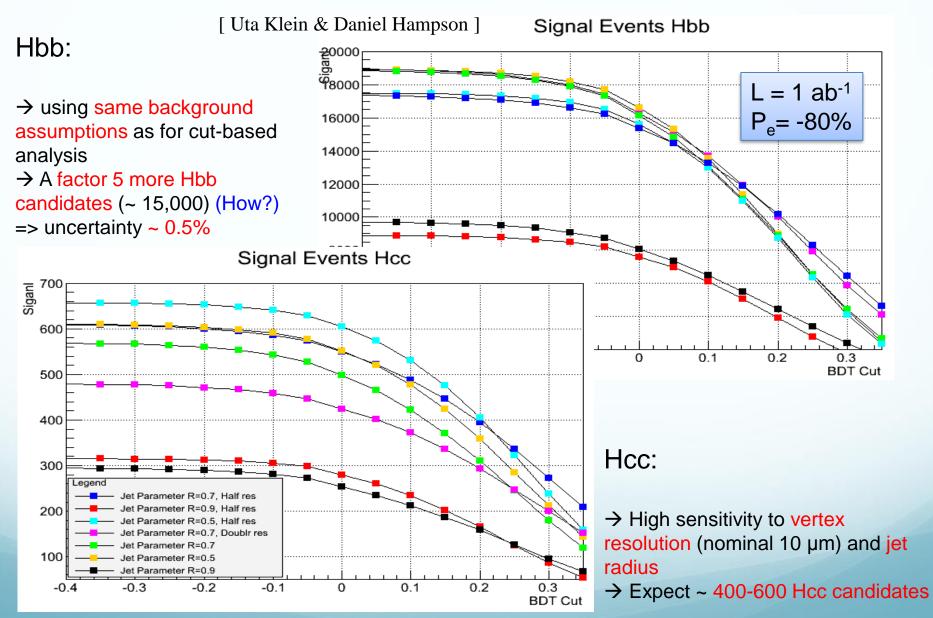
Signal: 3600

Bkg: 1250

 κ (Hbb) ~ 0.97%

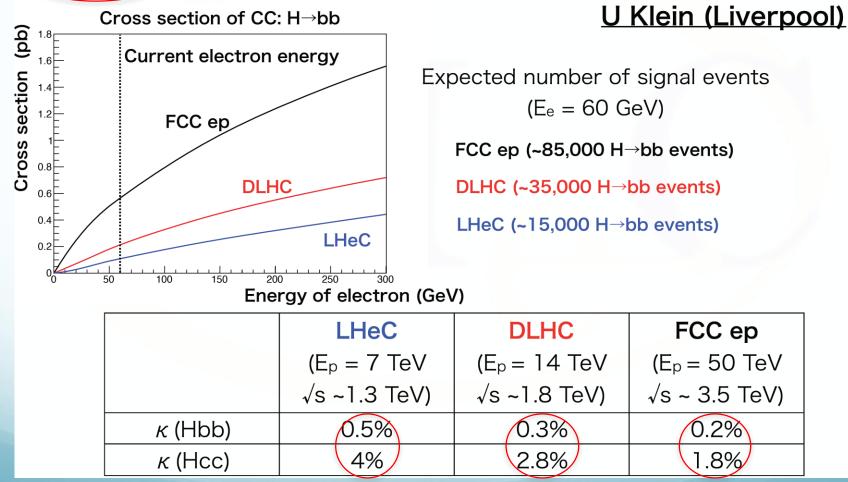
Mass of 2 b-jets (GeV)

BDT Results for Hbb @ LHeC



Hbb & Hcc Summary

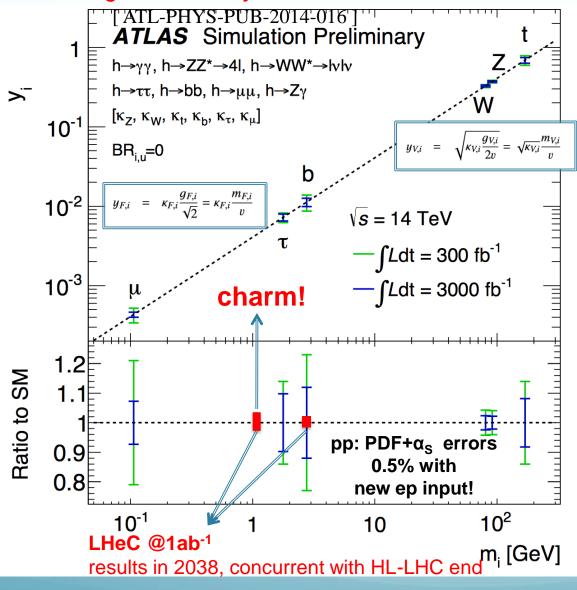
- Assume a 60 GeV polarized electron beam and 1000 fb⁻ (~10 years running)
- Expected number of signal events and error of coupling constant from BDD results.
- Background assumed to be known to ~2%

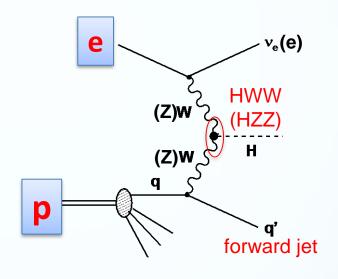


When extracting Hbb, Hcc couplings, assuming SM values of HWW, HZZ couplings.

Higgs Couplings at HL-LHC + LHeC

running concurrently





use ep as the 'near' detector for pp to beat

- $\rightarrow \alpha_s$ and PDF uncertainties to < ~ 0.5%,
- $\rightarrow \delta m_b$ to 10 MeV,
- $\rightarrow \delta m_c$ to 3 MeV

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 - Top coupling Measurement
 - Di-Higgs Measurement
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Top Yukawa Coupling @ LHeC

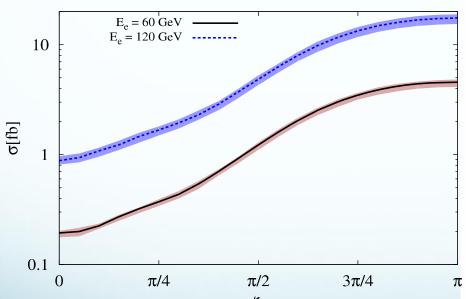
[B.Coleppa, M.Kumar, S.Kumar, B.Mellado, Phys. Lett. B 770 (2017) 335]

h -> b b t -> b *N*

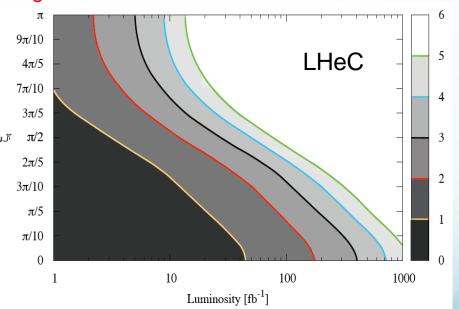
Introduce CP phase dependent top Yukawa coupling

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{m_t}{v}\bar{t} \left[\kappa \cos \zeta_t + i\gamma_5 \sin \zeta_t\right] t h$$

Total cross-section as a function of phase with scale uncertainties







- → Test also CP-odd BSM
- → Observe/Exclude non-zero phase to better than 4σ with 1000 fb⁻¹
- → With Zero Phase: Measure coupling κ with 17% accuracy
- → work ongoing on FCC-eh prospects

Double Higgs Production @ FCC-eh

["Probing anomalous couplings using di-Higgs production in electron-proton collisions" by Mukesh Kumar, Xifeng Ruan, Rashidul Islam, Alan S. Cornell, Max Klein, Uta Klein, Bruce Mellado, Physics Letters B 764 (2017) 247-253, arXiv:1509.04016]

Introduce EFT operators

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_{hhh}^{(3)} + \mathcal{L}_{hWW}^{(3)} + \mathcal{L}_{hhWW}^{(4)}$$
.

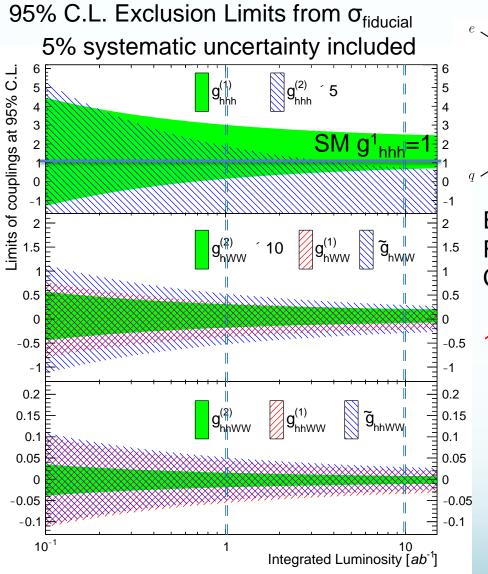
$$\mathcal{L}_{hhh}^{(3)} = \frac{m_h^2}{2\nu} (1 - g_{hhh}^{(1)}) h^3 + \frac{1}{2\nu} g_{hhh}^{(2)} h \partial_\mu h \partial^\mu h, \tag{2}$$

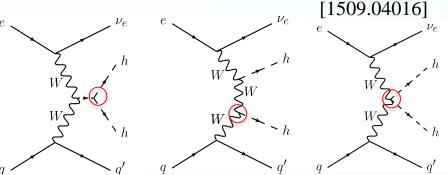
$$\mathcal{L}_{hww}^{(3)} = -g \left[\frac{g_{hww}^{(1)}}{2m_W} W^{\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^{\dagger} h + \frac{g_{hww}^{(2)}}{m_W} (W^{\nu} \partial^{\mu} W_{\mu\nu}^{\dagger} h + \text{h.c.}) + \frac{\tilde{g}_{hww}}{2m_W} W^{\mu\nu} \widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^{\dagger} h \right], \tag{3}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{hhww}^{(4)} = -g^2 \left[\frac{g_{hhww}^{(1)}}{4m_W^2} W^{\mu\nu} W^{\dagger}_{\mu\nu} h^2 + \frac{g_{hhww}^{(2)}}{2m_W^2} (W^{\nu} \partial^{\mu} W^{\dagger}_{\mu\nu} h^2 + \text{h.c.}) + \frac{\tilde{g}_{hhww}}{4m_W^2} W^{\mu\nu} \widetilde{W}^{\dagger}_{\mu\nu} h^2 \right]. \tag{4}$$

- → All other g coefficients are anomalous couplings to the hhh, hWW and hhWW anomalous vertices
- → those are 0 in SM

Double Higgs Production @ FCC-eh





Event Selection using h->bb Final state: 1 fwd j + 4 b + MET Cut-based analysis

 1σ for SM hhh for E_{e,} 60 (120) GeV & 10 ab^{-1}

$$g_{hhh}^{(1)} = 1.00_{-0.17}^{+0.24}_{(0.12)}^{(0.14)}$$

→ Limits are obtained by scanning one of the coefficients, while keeping the others couplings to their SM values.

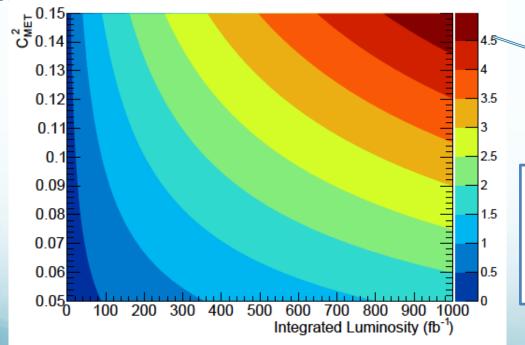
Invisible Higgs Decay @ LHeC

HL-LHC with 3 ab⁻¹ [1411. 7699] ${\rm Br}(h \to E_T) < 3.5\% @95\% {\rm C.L., MVA-based}$

For **LHeC**, with 1ab⁻¹, P_e =-0.9 [Y.-L. Tang et al., 1508.01095] $\operatorname{Br}(h \to E_T) < 6\%$ @ 95 % C.L., Cut-based

 $\mathbf{e}^{e^{-}}$ $\mathbf{e}^{e^{-}}$ $\mathbf{e}^{e^{-}}$ $\mathbf{h}(E_T)$ \mathbf{p} \mathbf{p}

 $C_{\mathrm{MET}}^2 = \kappa_Z^2 imes \mathrm{Br}(h o E_T)$ κ_{Z} : BSM w.r.t. SM HZZ coupling

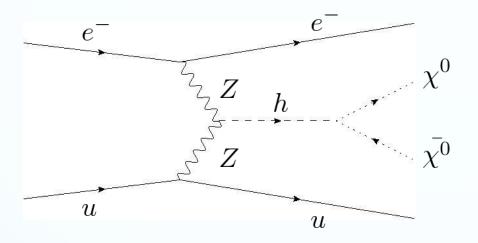


Statistical significance

→ potential much enhanced for FCC-eh @ 3.5 TeV & HE-LHC-eh @ 1.8 TeV

[Satoshi Kawaguchi, Masahiro Kuze (Tokyo Inst. of Tech.)]

NC production of an invisible Higgs



Final state: 1 fwd j + 1 e⁻ + MET

Dominant Background: W-(->e-v) j v, Z(->vv) j e-, W+/- j e-

- → Delphes detector level
- → BDT-based analysis

BR(h -> inv.) at 2σ level

Delphes detector	LHeC	DLHeC	FCC-eh	
	1.3 TeV	1.8 TeV	3.5 TeV	
LHC-style	4.7%	3.2%	1.9%	
First 'ep-style'	5.7%		2.6%	

Exotic Higgs Decays

Cut-based Analysis @ LHeC

[S. Liu, Y. Tang, C. Zhang, S. Zhu, 1608.08458]

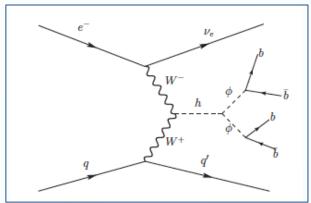
Introducing a new real scalar ϕ with effective interaction

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = \lambda_h v h \phi^2 + \lambda_b \phi \bar{b} b + \mathcal{L}_{\phi \text{ decay,other}}$$

Final state: 1 fwd j + 4 b + MET

Parton level, 95% C.L.

=> $m_{\phi} = 20$, 40, 60 GeV, 0.3%, 0.2%, 0.1% precisions for $C_{4b}^2 = \kappa_V^2 \rightarrow Br(h! \varphi \phi) \rightarrow Br^2(\varphi! bb)$



fb⁻¹

fb⁻¹

BDT Analysis @ FCC-eh Delphes-detctor level

Significances after BDT > 0.

0.00/ I 1.000 fb-1

[Uta Klein, Michael o'Keefe (U of Liverpool)]

[(c)			GeV)	Μφ (TD-1	L=1000	$P_{e} = -80\%$
$=\sqrt{2}\left[(S+B)\ln\left(1+\frac{S}{B}\right)-\right]$	Z	60			20		
	Z	Δσ (fb)	σ (fb)	Z	Δσ (fb)	σ (fb)	BR (%)
	1.17	0.03	0.03	1.14	0.02	0.03	0.2
Discover limits:	2.33	0.03	0.07	2.27	0.02	0.05	0.4
BR ~ 1% for 1000	3.47	0.03	0.10	3.37	0.02	0.08	0.6
BR ~ 10% for 100	4.59	0.03	0.13	4.46	0.02	0.10	0.8
(within 1 year	5.71	0.03	0.17	5.54	0.03	0.13	1
(main i you							

Summary & Outlook

- ★ LHeC/FCC-eh offers a variety of opportunities for Higgs physics We explore the potential of SM and BSM Higgs searches
- **★** SM Higgs
 - → Hbb
 - \rightarrow Hcc
- **★** Exploring New physics:
 - → Top Yukawa coupling
 - → Constraining EFT operators via di-Higgs measurements
 - → Invisible Higgs decay
 - → Exotic Higgs decay: h->φφ-> 4b
- ★ Physics potential yet to be fully exploited
 - → Complementary between pp, ep & ee
 - → More studies ongoing (Htt, HWW, HZZ, total Higgs decay width, H⁺⁺, H⁺ ...)
 - → You are welcome !!!

More details,

see [Uta Klein's talk "FCC-eh SM and BSM Higgs Studies" in the FCC week 2017, https://indico.cern.ch/event/556692/contributions/2510778/attachments/1468874/2272276/FCC_Berlin_UKlein_01.06.2017.pdf]

Thank you for your attention!

Any Questions?

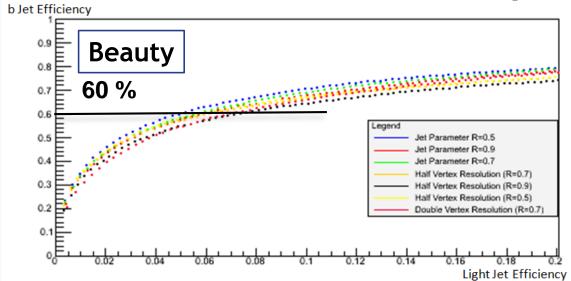
Secondary Vertex Decay Length Track Impact Parameter

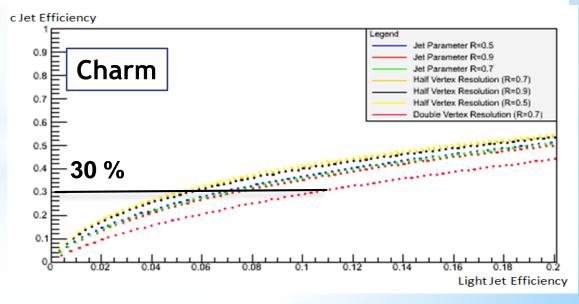
- → Realistic and conservative
 HFL tagging within Delphes
 realised, and dependence
 on vertex resolution
 (nominal 10 µm) and antikt jet radius studied
- → Light jet rejection very conservative, i.e. factor 10 worse than ATLAS
- → Used in full LHeC analysis and for FCC-eh extrapolations

Backup Slides

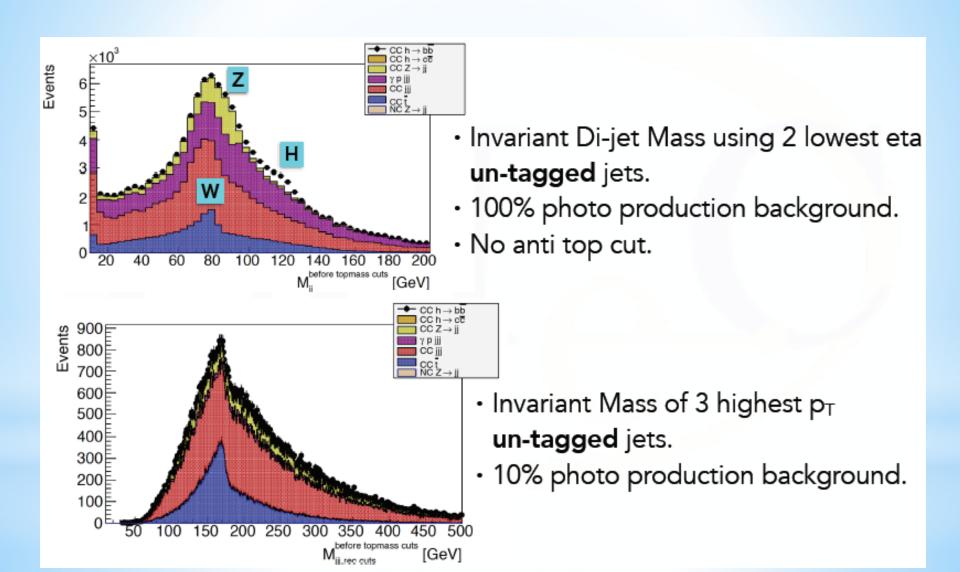
HFL Tagging

[Uta Klein & Daniel Hampson]





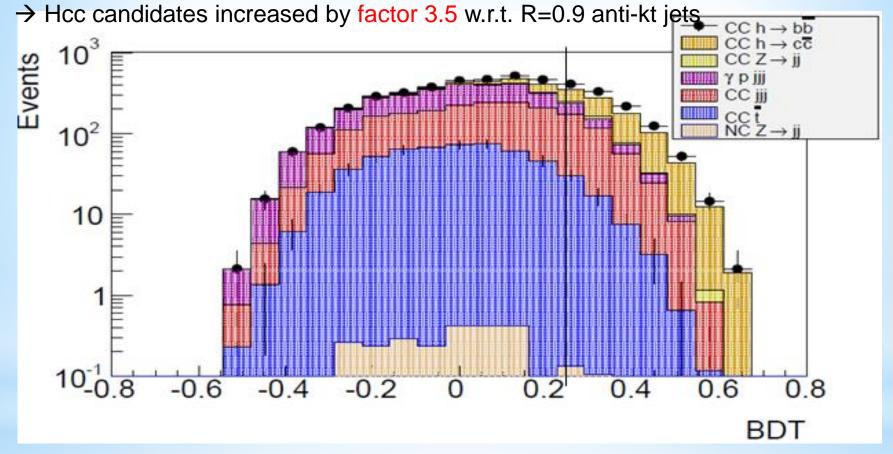
Higgs w/o HFL tagging



BDT Result for Hcc @ LHeC

[Uta Klein & Daniel Hampson]

NEW: Using R = 0.5 anti-kt jets and ATLAS IBL vertex resolution (5 μ m)



BDT cut > 0.2

→ Hcc Signal events: ~ 474

 \rightarrow S/ $\sqrt{S}+B=12.8$

 $=> \kappa(Hcc) = 4\% \text{ for } 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

→ Clear potential to access the Higgs to charm decay channel in ep.

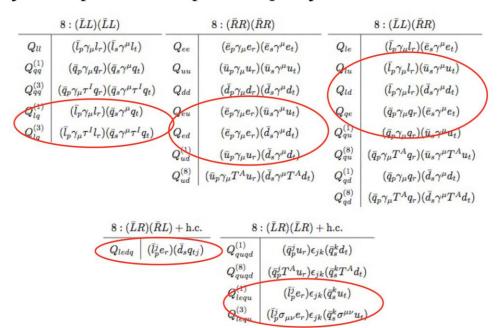
Exploring SM EFT

[M. Trott @ LHeC Workshop 2014

In the absence of any explicit new states, or overwhelming theory prejudice, the goal is to systematically study the SM EFT for hints of NP, using all possible future facilities to maximize physics conclusions.

What is the SM EFT? A linear realization of gauge symmetry and the new state is a 0+ scalar:

Four fermion operators with leptons and quark fields:



Number of 4 fermion parameters with lepton-quark: $13 n_g^4$ or 1053 of 2499

- → 59 operators or 2499 parameters experimentally to constraint!
- → where nearly 50% of the parameters (1053) are sensitive to leptonquark interactions – not just about lepto-quarks

Effective vertices

FCC-eh SM(P_e =-0.8) $\sigma(HH)$ =430 ab in VBF!

$$\Gamma_{hhh} = -6\lambda v \left[g_{hhh}^{(1)} + \frac{g_{hhh}^{(2)}}{3m_h^2} (p_1 \cdot p_2 + p_2 \cdot p_3 + p_3 \cdot p_1) \right], \quad (6)$$

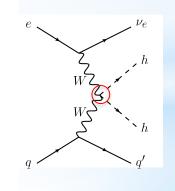
$$\Gamma_{hW^-W^+} = gm_W \left[\left\{ 1 + \frac{g_{hww}^{(1)}}{m_W^2} p_2 \cdot p_3 + \frac{g_{hww}^{(2)}}{m_W^2} (p_2^2 + p_3^2) \right\} \eta^{\mu_2 \mu_3} \right]$$

$$-\frac{g_{hww}^{(1)}}{m_W^2}p_2^{\mu_3}p_3^{\mu_2} - \frac{g_{hww}^{(2)}}{m_W^2}(p_2^{\mu_2}p_2^{\mu_3} + p_3^{\mu_2}p_3^{\mu_3}) -i\frac{\tilde{g}_{hww}}{m_W^2}\epsilon_{\mu_2\mu_3\mu\nu}p_2^{\mu}p_3^{\nu},$$

$$\begin{split} \Gamma_{hhW^-W^+} &= g^2 \bigg[\bigg\{ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{g_{hhww}^{(1)}}{m_W^2} p_3 \cdot p_4 + \frac{g_{hhww}^{(2)}}{m_W^2} (p_3^2 + p_4^2) \bigg\} \eta^{\mu_3\mu_4} \\ &- \frac{g_{hhww}^{(1)}}{m_W^2} p_3^{\mu_4} p_4^{\mu_3} - \frac{g_{hhww}^{(2)}}{m_W^2} (p_3^{\mu_3} p_3^{\mu_4} + p_4^{\mu_3} p_4^{\mu_4}) \\ &- \mathrm{i} \frac{\tilde{g}_{hhww}}{m^2} \epsilon_{\mu_3\mu_4\mu\nu} p_3^{\mu} p_4^{\nu} \bigg]. \end{split}$$

Note the dependence on momenta in non-SM vertices. This induces significant impact on scattering kinematics.

W 1,2,3 = h,W-,W+



(8)

1,2,3,4 = h,h,W-,W+

[1509.04016]

1,2,3=

h,h,h

Double Higgs Production @ FCC-eh

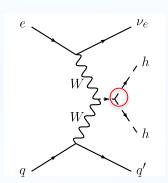
Event Selection using h->bb

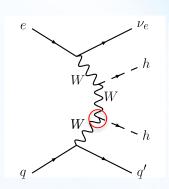
1 fwd j + 4 b + MET

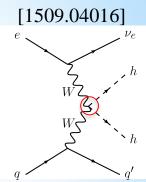
Assumptions:

 P_e =-0.8, anti-kt jets with R=0.4; b-tagging efficiency for $|\eta| < 5 \sim 70\%$,

misidentification rate ~ 10% for charm and 1% for light quarks /gluons.







Delphes detector-level

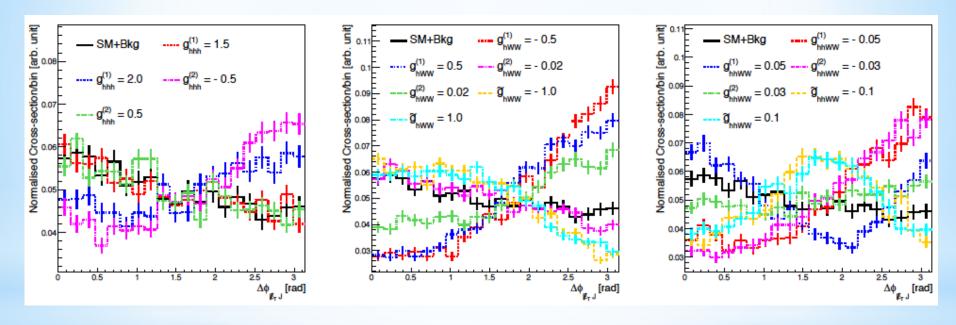
$$S = \sqrt{2[(S+B)\log(1+S/B) - S]}$$

Cuts / Samples	Signal	4b+jets	2b+jets	Тор	ZZ	$bar{b}H$	ZH	Total Bkg	Significance
Initial	2.00×10^{3}	3.21×10^{7}	2.32×10^{9}	7.42×10^{6}	7.70×10^{3}	1.94×10^4	6.97×10^{3}	2.36×10^{9}	0.04
At least $4b + 1j$	3.11×10^{2}	7.08×10^4	2.56×10^4	9.87×10^{3}	7.00×10^2	6.32×10^{2}	7.23×10^2	1.08×10^5	0.94
Lepton rejection $p_T^{\ell} > 10 \text{ GeV}$	3.11×10^{2}	5.95×10^4	9.94×10^{3}	6.44×10^{3}	6.92×10^{2}	2.26×10^{2}	7.16×10^{2}	7.75×10^4	1.12
Forward jet $\eta_J > 4.0$	233	13007.30	2151.15	307.67	381.04	46.82	503.22	16397.19	1.82
$E_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$	155	963.20	129.38	85.81	342.18	19.11	388.25	1927.93	3.48
$\Delta \phi_{E_T j} > 0.4$	133	439.79	61.80	63.99	287.10	14.53	337.14	1204.35	3.76
$m_{bb}^1 \in [95, 125], m_{bb}^2 \in [90, 125]$	54.5	28.69	5.89	6.68	5.14	1.42	17.41	65.23	6.04
$m_{4b} > 290 \text{ GeV}$	49.2	10.98	1.74	2.90	1.39	1.21	11.01	29.23	7.51

Azimuthal Angle Distributions

between missing transverse energy and forward jet, at Delphes detector-level, including background: bbbbj, bbjjj, Z(bb)h(bb)j, ttj, h(bb)bbj

 \rightarrow For signal, we consider hh \rightarrow bbbb decays motivated by h \rightarrow bb studies.

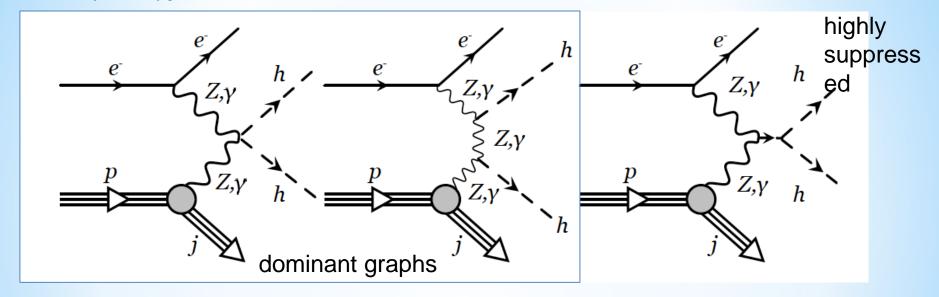


- → normalized DIS cross sections (kinematical distributions) are sensitive to non-BSM vertices
- → initial study published for this novel variable
- → potential for a deeper analysis and interpretation

Double Higgs Production @ FCC-eh

Limits on Di-Boson & Di-Higgs Interactions

[S. Kuday, H. Saygin, I. Hos, F. Cetin, 1702.00185]



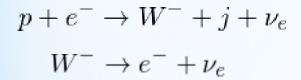
- Vertices for Neutral Current DIS (Z, γ) and Photoproduction (γ) studied in Higgs Effective Langrangian Model: parametrise hhZZ and hhγγ in 4-point interactions in terms of CP-even and CP-odd Wilson coefficients (and Higgs self coupling and Yukawa coupling)
- Study at Delphes-detector level (FCC-hh) azimuthal dependencies between scattered lepton and forward jet
- hh: 4b final states investigated using a very first version of FCC-hh detector
- Promising sensitivity found while scanning parameter space for Wilson coefficients

Dominant Background

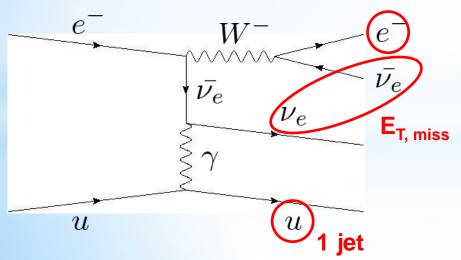
[Satoshi Kawaguchi, Masahiro Kuze (Tokyo Inst. of Tech.)]

W+je- and W-je- backgrounds and

background



1 electron

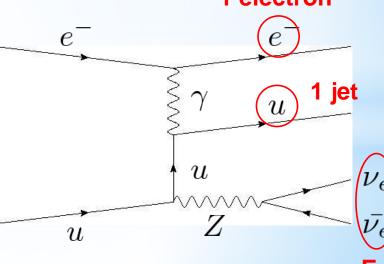


background

$$p + e^- \rightarrow Z + j + e^-$$

 $Z \rightarrow \nu + \bar{\nu}$

1 electron

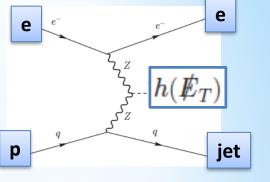


Selection Requirements

[Satoshi Kawaguchi, Masahiro Kuze (Tokyo Inst. of Tech.)]

Basic cuts (Cut 0)

- N(jets) for the jet and the electron
- > pT for the leading jet and the leading electron
- for the leading jet and the leading electron
- for the leading jet and the leading electron



Cut 1 : $|\Delta \phi_{\text{jet,Etmiss}}| > 1 \text{ rad}$

Cut 2: Etmiss > 50 GeV

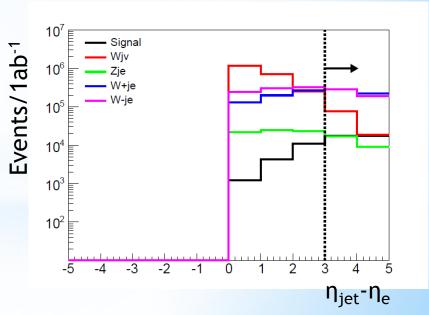
Cut 3: η_{iet} - η_e > 3

Cut 4: $\phi_{iet} - \phi_e < 2.4$

Cut 5 : $-1.3 < \eta_e < 1.1$

Cut 6: $0.08 < y_e < 0.55$

Cut 7: require 1 electron, 1 jet, and veto tau's and muons

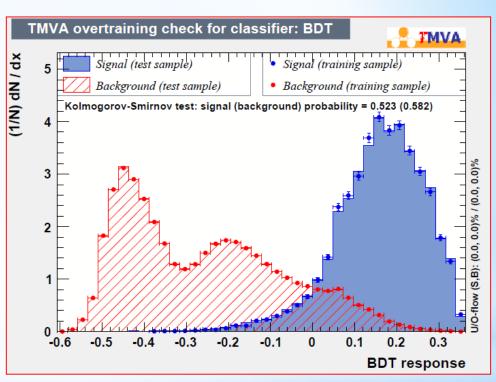


Results

[Satoshi Kawaguchi, Masahiro Kuze (Tokyo Inst. of Tech.)]

MVA (BDT) using samples with 1 jet and 1e⁻ with high p_T other variables as a BDT input.

BDT >	Signal	Bkg	Z[%]
0	31961	267904	3.25
0.05	29932	176439	2.81
0.1	25686	94138	2.40
0.15	19898	42439	2.08
0.2	13020	15562	1.93
0.25	6998	4969	2.04
0.3	2320	1003	2.82



In the case of 2σ

Branching ratio calculated by:



 $BR(h -> inv.) \sim 1.93\%$

Exotic Higg Decay @ FCC-eh

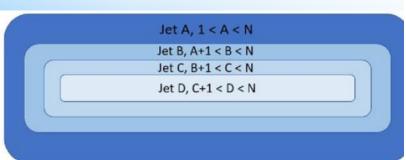
Kinematics @ Quark-level

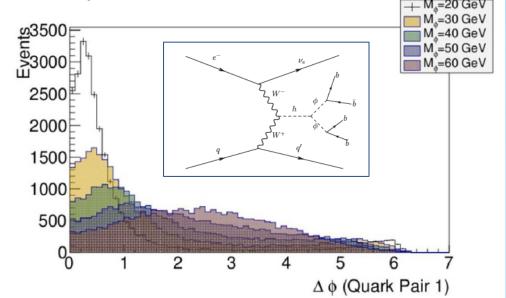
[Uta Klein, Michael o'Keefe (U of Liverpoo

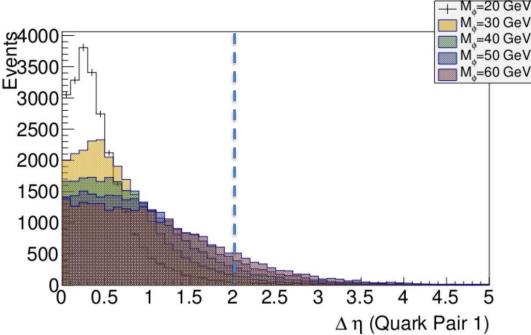
Δφ between b quarks in the scalar (parton level)

Δη between b quarks in the scalar (parton level)

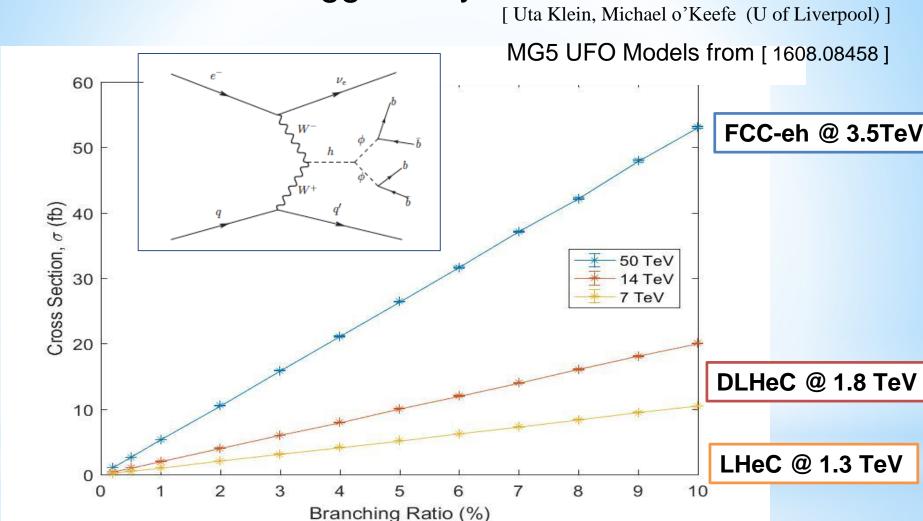
→ use Δη<2 for finding two scalars with mass within 2m_b and m_H/2 looping over N jets minimising Δm







Exotic Higg Decay @ FCC-eh



→ reflecting coupling of new scalar to 125 GeV higgs

Values for P_e=0

Background for H->bb

Typical background processes and assumptions about b-tagging for cut-based study

