

Thursday, 22nd February, UCLA Dark Matter 2018

Searches at CLIC for Electroweak Dark Matter

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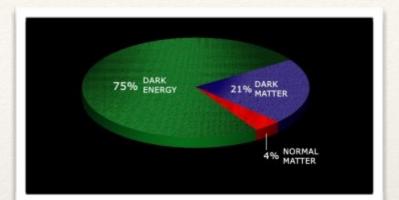
1. Motivation

- a) Electroweak Multiplets as simple Dark Matter
- b) Lepton colliders with large √s
- 2. Search Strategies
 - a) Standard searches
 - b) Mono-leptons + soft tracks
- 3. (Preliminary) Results
- 4. Conclusion

Motivation & Theory

Electroweak Multiplets

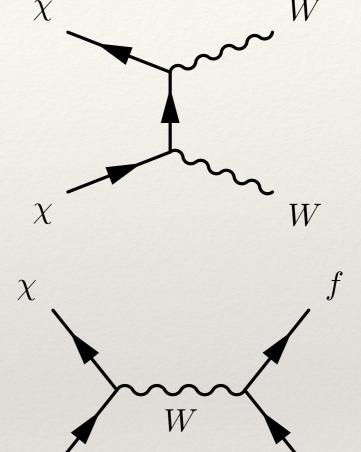
- Classical example of dark matter
 - The weak in WIMP



- Can be considered a low-energy limit of several models
 - e.g. Supersymmetric Higgsino & Wino
- * Or a simple extension of Standard Models
 - Fermion quintet (Minimal Dark Matter), accidentally long-lived
 - Other multiplets with ad hoc stabilising symmetries
- * Simplicity is attractive



- * Pure multiplet \Rightarrow only $SU(2) \times U(1)$ gauge interactions
 - Single parameter: dark matter mass
 - Components of multiplet radiatively split (charged components heavier)
 - Relic density determined by SM processes
 - Higgsino 1 TeV
 - Wino 2.4 TeV (Sommerfeld effect)
 - Fermion 5plet 10 TeV (Bound state formation)



 χ

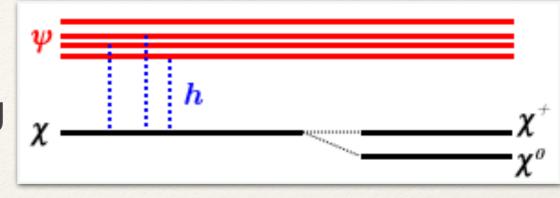
Lighter states allowed; just don't saturate relic density



- Additional dark sector states:
 - Mass mixing: different mass splitting
 - Focus on $\delta m < 10 \text{ GeV}$
 - Modifies couplings to gauge bosons

$$g = g_w \cos \theta$$
 $\frac{\delta g}{g_w} \sim \frac{\delta m^2}{(m_X - m_{DM})^2} \lesssim 1\%$

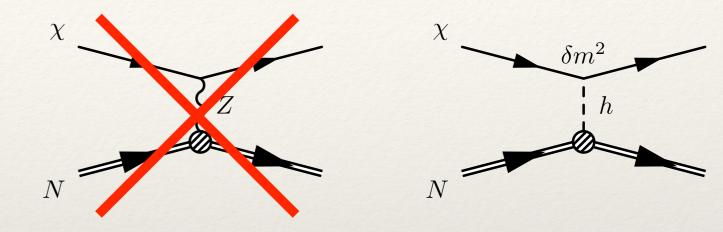
- Coannihilations/interference: different relic density
- Treat mass & mixing as separate free parameters
- Will not impose a relic density constraint

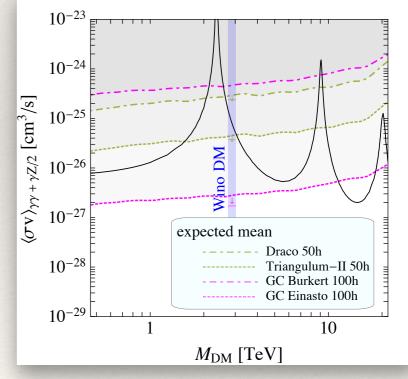




Searches for Simple Multiplets

- Direct searches weak
 - No/inelastic Z coupling
 - Higgs coupling suppressed
- Also tricky at LHC
 - Depends on lifetime (see later discussion)
 - · LEP still wins in parts of theory space
- * Cosmic ray (indirect) searches often best
 - Galactic uncertainties; terrestrial confirmation?
- Future lepton colliders

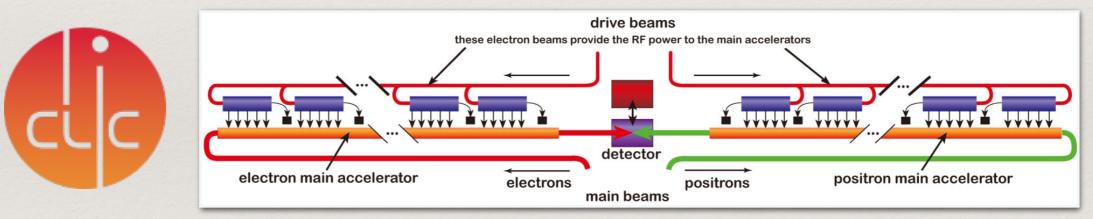




Sala, Silk et. al, 1608.00786

Lepton Colliders & CLIC

- Lepton colliders couple efficiently to EW gauge bosons
- No QCD obfuscation
- Multiple proposals, e.g. ILC, but largest √s at CLIC



- 3 TeV, 2 ab⁻¹ design goals
- Large $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$ hadrons background at $p_T < 10 \text{ GeV}$
- ISR & Beamstrahlung important; simulate with Whizard 2.4



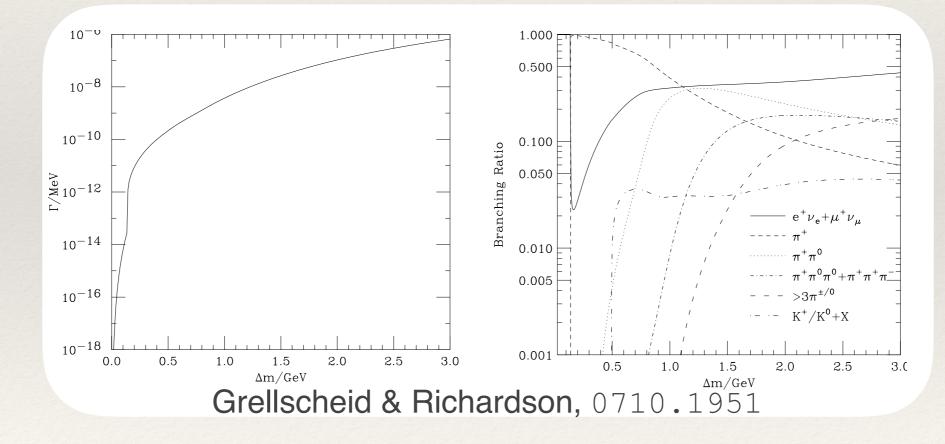
Charged states in multiplet dominate production

 π^+

DM

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- Decay through virtual W
- * Lifetime & decay modes sensitively depend on δm



 χ^+

 W^*

DM

Searches depend on lifetime & hence mass splitting

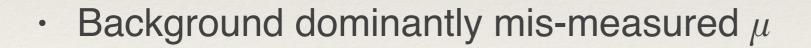
Collider Search Details

Long Lived Charged Particles

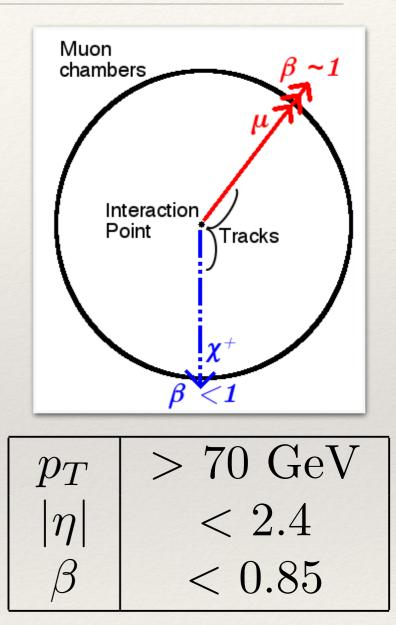
* Collider-stable charged states

 Z/γ

- Look like slow muons
- Use LHC searches as guide 1411.6795
- * Search for two LLCPs (one + γ worse)



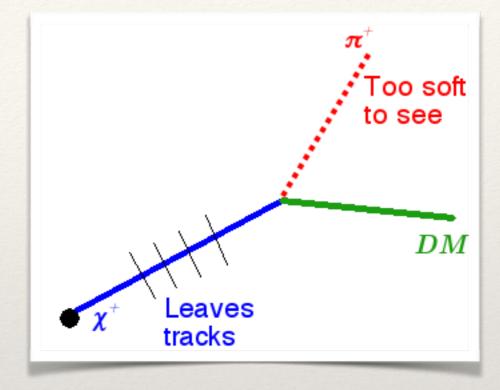
- Difficult to estimate; LHC fractional rate ~ 10-4
- O(10) background events in total data sample



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Disappearing Tracks

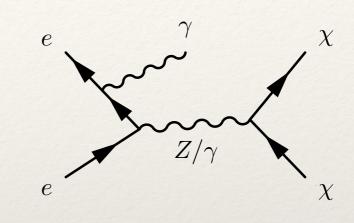
- * Standard search for $c\tau \sim 10$ cm
 - χ^+ decay before muon chambers
 - Decay products too soft to see
- * Applies to radiative $\delta m = 165 \text{ MeV}$
- Difficult as a theorist to model:
 - Unknown reconstruction efficiency; vary from 10% to 100%
 - Background dominated by fakes, hard to simulate
 - Suppress with hard photon $p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$

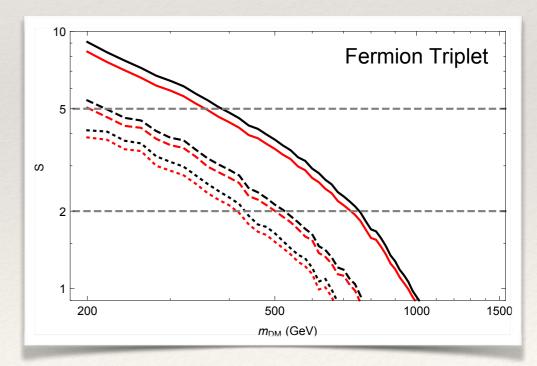




Monophotons

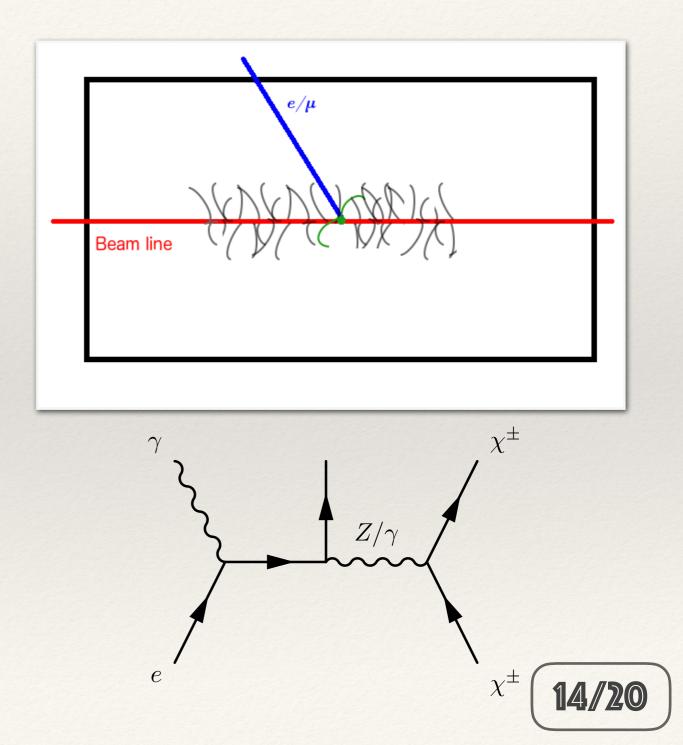
- * Relevant for moderate $\delta m \sim \text{GeV}$
 - Soft decay products not tagged
 - Prompt decay (not disappearing track)
- * Simple final state: single hard photon
 - Optimise cuts with respect to p_T , E^{γ} , η
 - Assume 0% to 1% systematic uncertainty
- * Background dominantly $e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu \overline{\nu} \gamma$
 - Same scaling as signal with polarisation
 - Result is that these searches are very weak

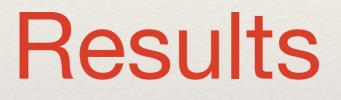




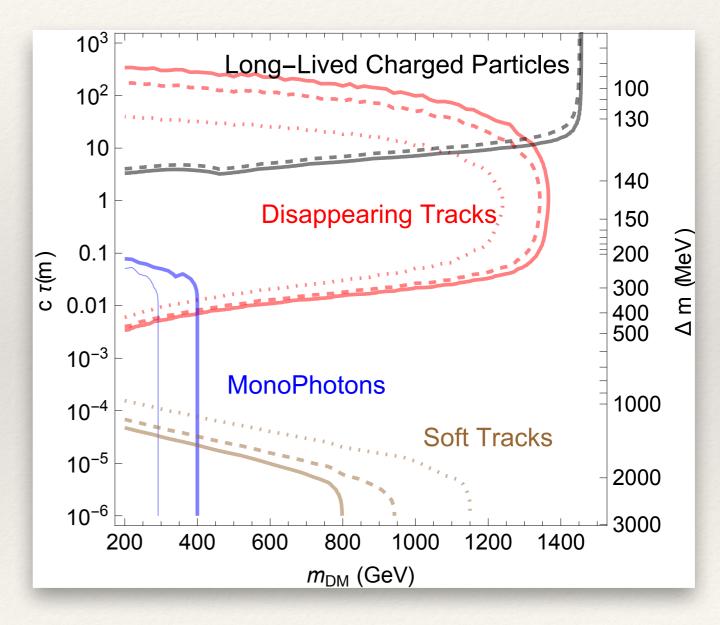
Lepton + Prompt Soft Tracks

- * Still WIP, results preliminary
- * Relevant for $\delta m \sim 1$ to 10 GeV
- * Soft decay products invisible against $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$ hadrons
 - Reconstruct primary vertex with track from hard lepton
 - CLIC goal 10 µm resolution
 - Dominant production relies on beamstrahlung



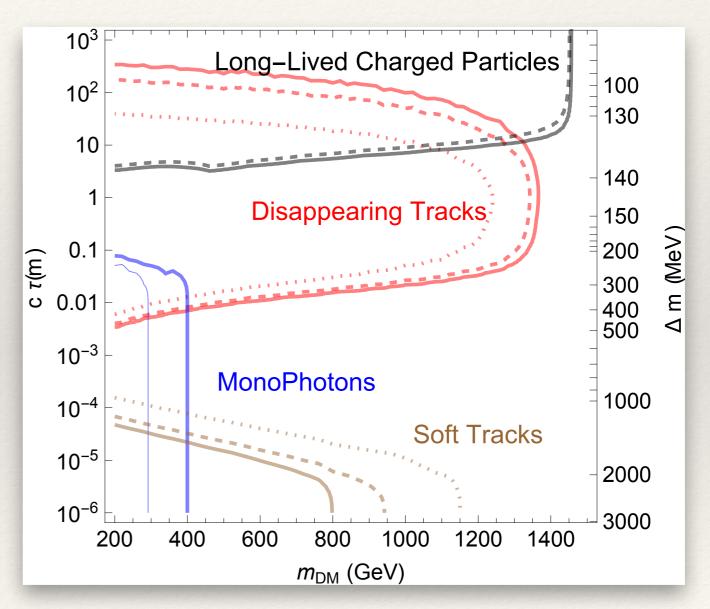


- LLCP prospects reach to kinematic limit 1.5 TeV
 - Solid (dashed) lines show exclusion/ discovery contours



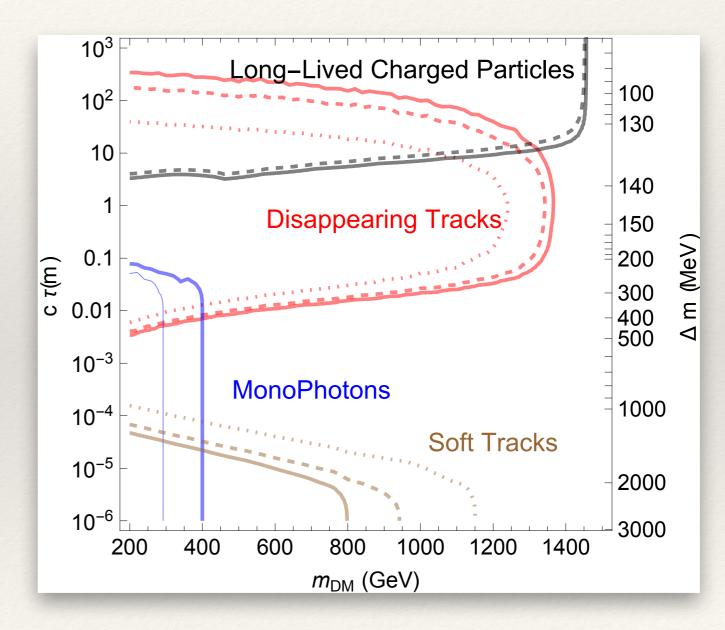


- LLCP prospects reach to kinematic limit 1.5 TeV
- * Disappearing tracks effective, but hard photon weakens
 - Solid/dashed/dotted lines show 10 expected events for 100% (50%, 10%) track reconstruction efficiency



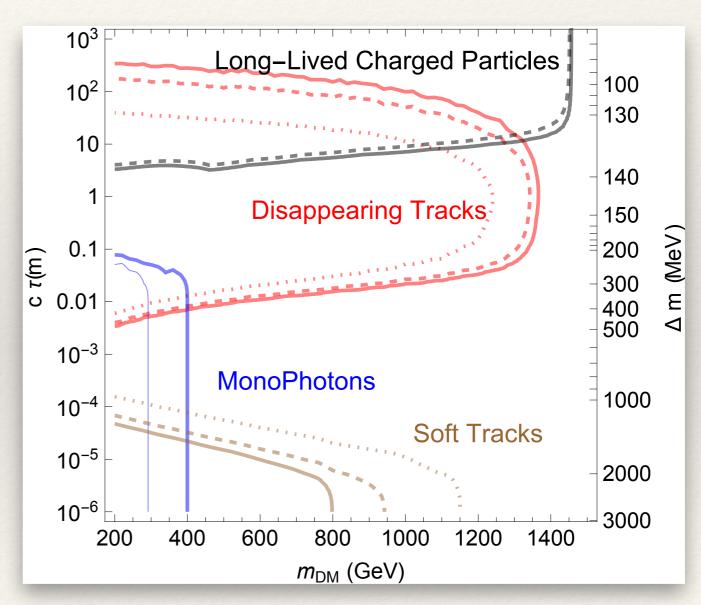
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- LLCP prospects reach to kinematic limit 1.5 TeV
- Disappearing tracks effective, but hard photon weakens
- * Monophotons best for $\delta m \sim 0.4 1$ GeV, but
 - No discovery potential
 - Solid/feint lines exclusion only, for 0.5%/1% systematic uncertainties
 - Little improvement on LHC



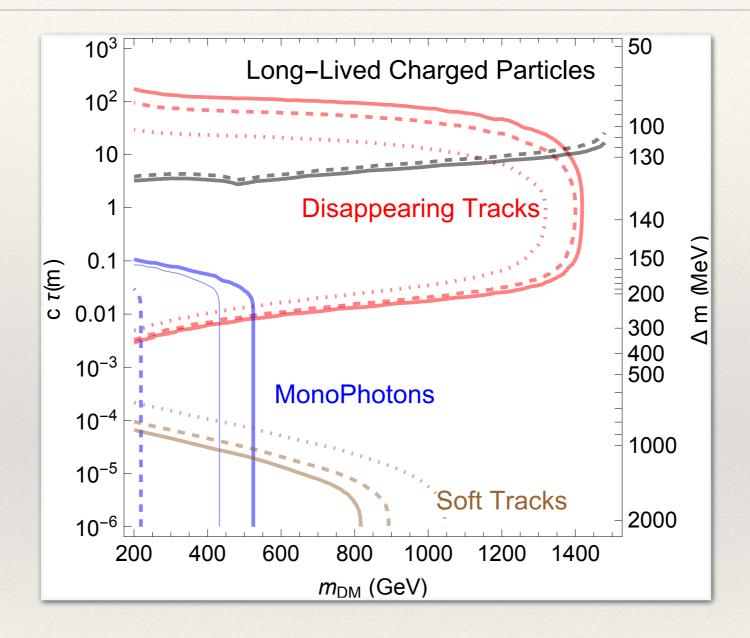


- * LLCP prospects reach to kinematic limit 1.5 TeV
- Disappearing tracks effective, but hard photon weakens
- * Monophotons best for $\delta m \sim 0.4 1$ GeV, but
 - No discovery potential
 - Little improvement on LHC
- Lepton + tracks need hard lepton plus ISR/beamstrahlung
 - Solid/Dashed/Dotted lines for 100/50/10 events, incomplete decay simulation



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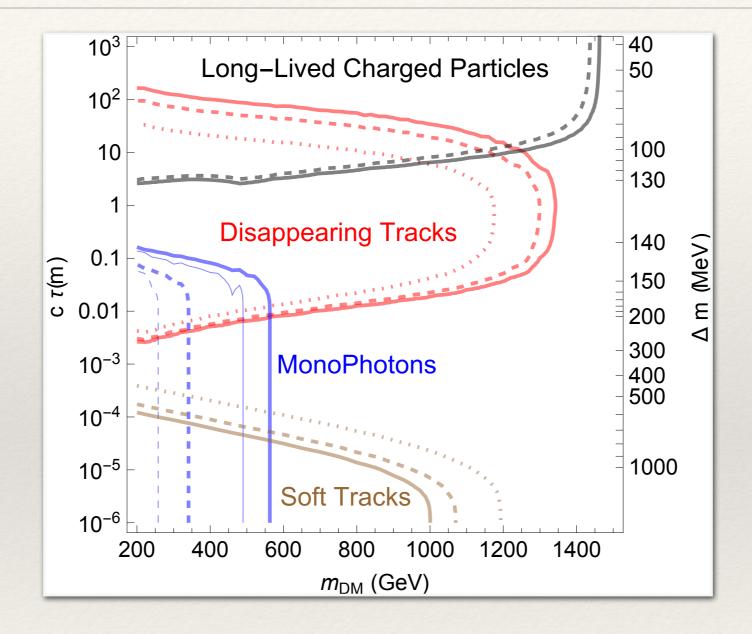
Fermion Triplet (Wino)



Reach stronger due to larger production cross sections



Scalar Quintet



Stronger mono-photons but weaker disappearing tracks



Conclusions

- EW multiplets are a simple yet interesting DM candidate
- * CLIC could effectively probe thanks to large \sqrt{s}
- Searches are very sensitive to charged state lifetimes
- * Hard lepton plus soft tracks an under-explored signal
- Have shown prospective limits on several models

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THANK YOU!