

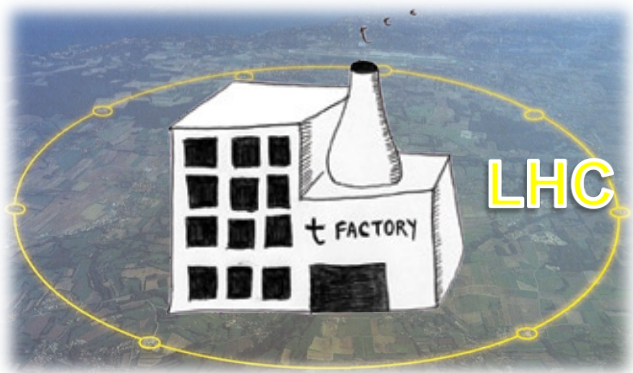
Single Top-quark production cross section using the ATLAS detector at the LHC.

*Oscar Estrada Pastor IFIC (CSIC-UV),
on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration.*

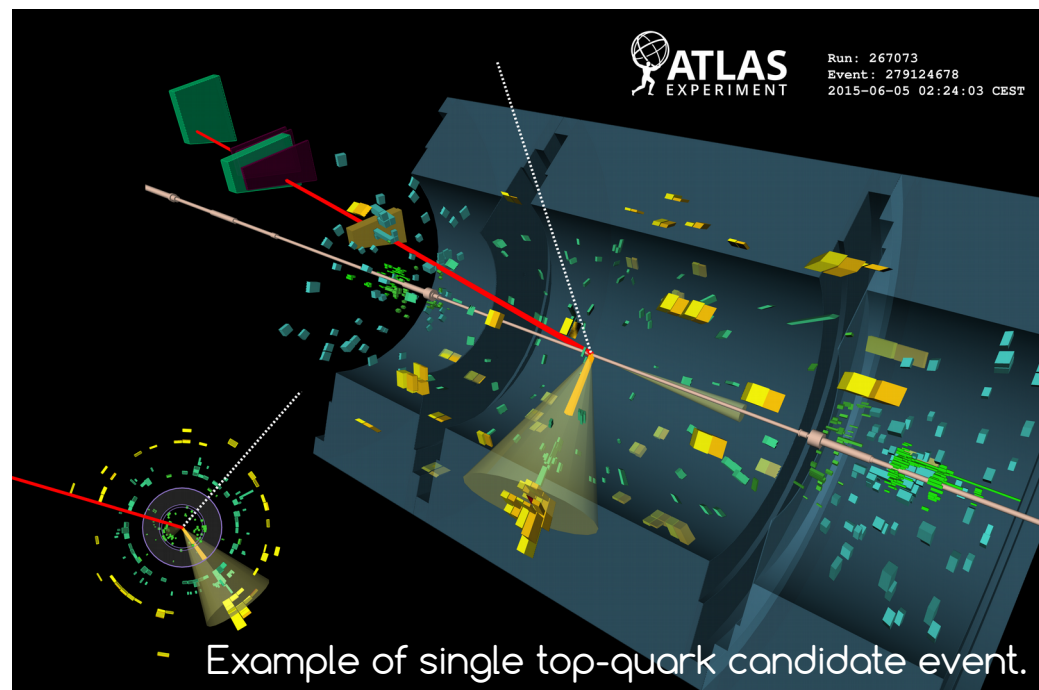
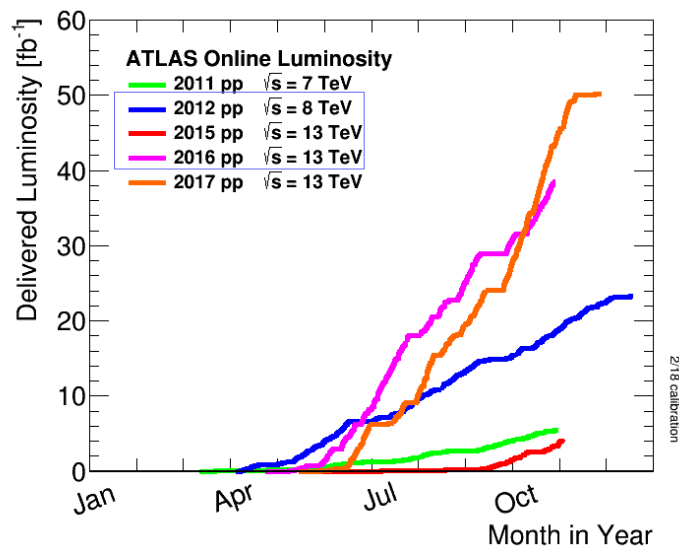
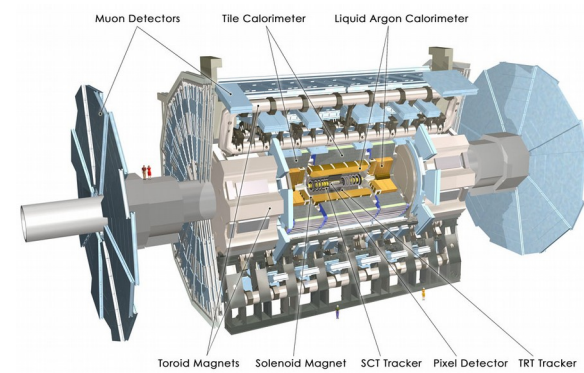


Introduction

- LHC is a top-quark factory.



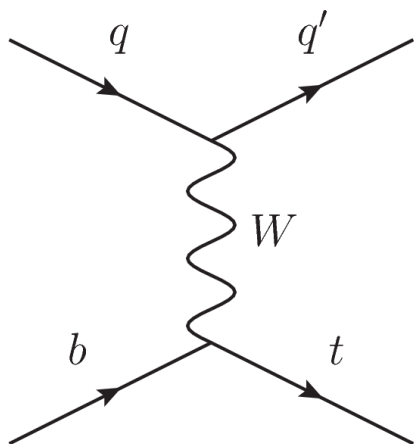
- Impressive performance of ATLAS experiment.



Single top-quark production.

- Top-quark properties.
 - Heaviest particle in the SM.
 - Direct access to bare quark properties.
 - Top-quark decays almost exclusively to $t \rightarrow Wb$.
- Why (single) top-quark production is important?
 - Test of SM:
 - Can constrain PDFs.
 - Test CKM matrix unitarity.
 - Test pQCD calculations.
 - Probe BSM physics:
 - Anomalous couplings with Wtb vertex.

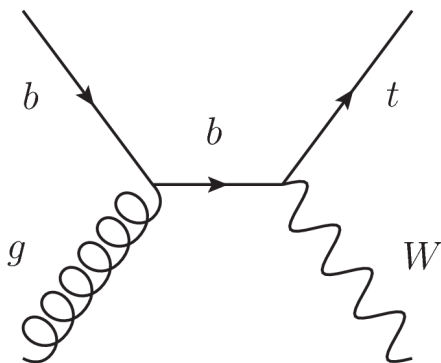
t-channel



$$\sigma(8 \text{ TeV}) = 87.7^{+3.4}_{-1.9} \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(13 \text{ TeV}) = 217.0^{+9.1}_{-7.7} \text{ pb}$$

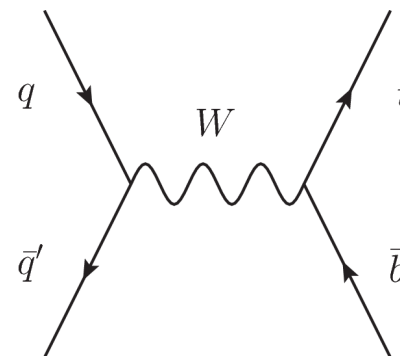
tW-channel



$$\sigma(8 \text{ TeV}) = 22.4 \pm 1.5 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(13 \text{ TeV}) = 71.7 \pm 3.8 \text{ pb}$$

s-channel



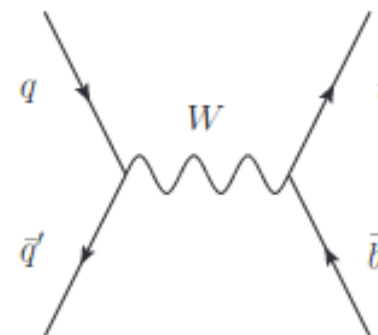
$$\sigma(8 \text{ TeV}) = 5.6 \pm 0.2 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(13 \text{ TeV}) = 10.3 \pm 0.4 \text{ pb}$$

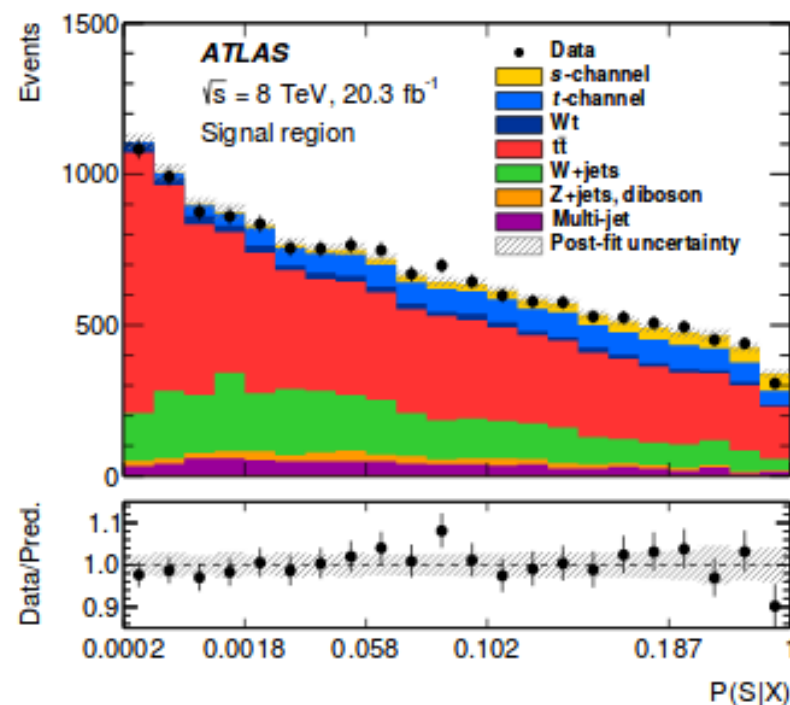
	8 TeV	13 TeV
t-channel	Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 531	JHEP04(2017)086
tW-channel	JHEP01(2016)064	JHEP 01 (2018) 63 Eur. Phys. J. C 78 (2018) 186
s-channel	PLB 756 (2016), 228-246	
tZq		PLB 780 (2018), 557-577
Anomalous couplings	JHEP04 (2017) 124	

s-channel @ 8TeV: total measurement.

- Signal signature (leptonic decay of W boson).
 - 1 isolated lepton.
 - E_T^{MISS} from the neutrino.
 - 2 high P_T b-tagged jets.
- Main backgrounds:
 - $t\bar{t}$ (dilepton veto to reduce it), W+jets.
- Matrix Element method to separate tb signal from backgrounds.



8 TeV	1j	2j	3j	4j
0b				
1b				
1b _{loose}		CR (W+jets)		
2b		SR		CR ($t\bar{t}$)

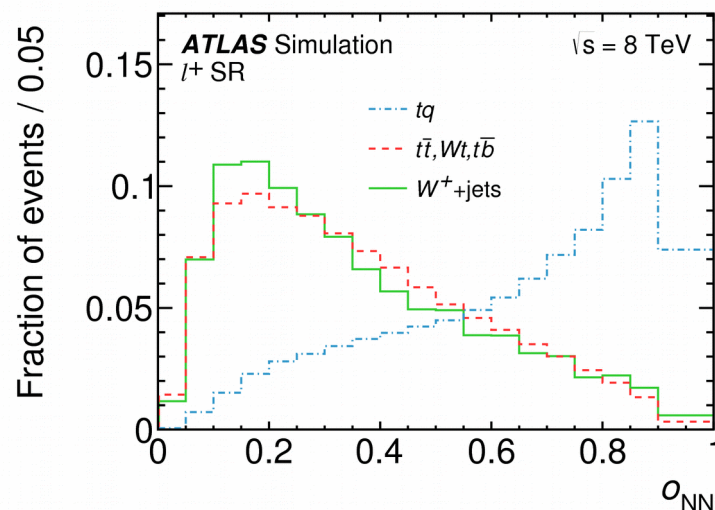
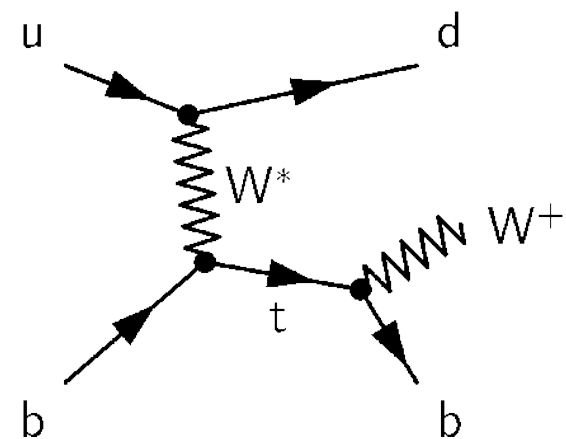


- Combined likelihood fit to extract the cross section in signal and control regions.

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(\text{s-channel}) = 4.8 \pm 0.8 (\text{stat.})^{+1.6}_{-1.3} (\text{syst.}) \text{ pb}$$

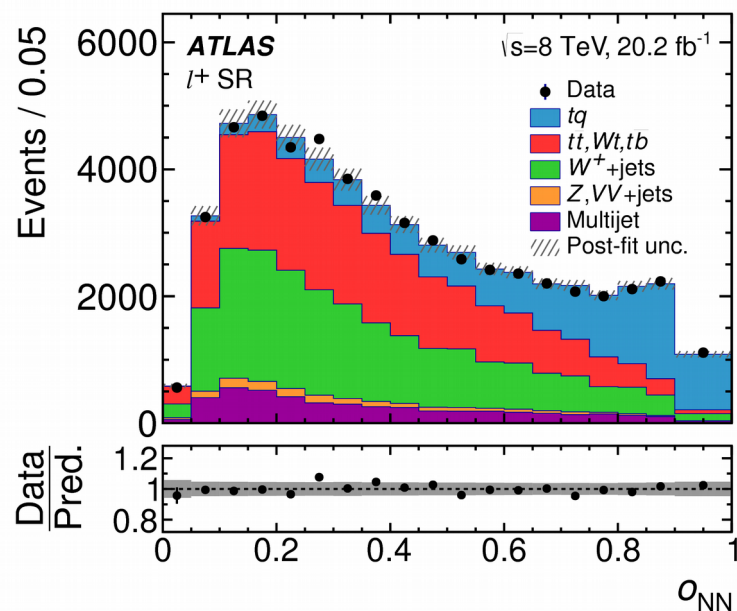
observed (expected) significance: 3.2σ (3.9σ)

- Separate measurements of $\sigma(tq)$ and $\sigma(\bar{t}q)$.
- Signal signature (leptonic decay of W boson).
 - 1 isolated lepton.
 - E_T^{MISS} from the neutrino
 - High P_T forward (spectator) jet.
 - High P_T b-tagged jet.
- Main backgrounds:
 - $t\bar{t}$, W +jets.
 - E_T^{MISS} used to suppress **multijet** contributions.
- Neural network to increase S/B ratio.



8 TeV/ 13 TeV	1j	2j	3j
0b			
1b(loose)		VR (W+jets)	
1b		SR (1+) SR (1-)	
2b		VR ($t\bar{t}$)	

- Fiducial phase space measurement.
 - Reduces systematic uncertainties related with MC generators.
 - Region defined by stable particles with selection close to reconstructed objects.
- Neural network (NN):
 - 7 input variables combined into the NN discriminant.



- Binned maximum-likelihood fit to the O_{NN} .

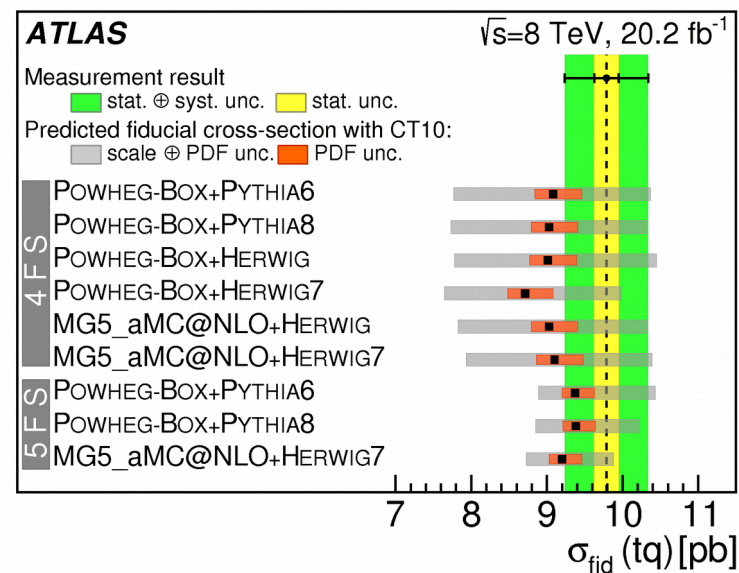
- Fiducial phase space volume.

$$\sigma_{\text{fid}} = \frac{N_{\text{fid}}}{N_{\text{sel}}} \cdot \frac{\hat{v}}{L_{\text{int}}}$$

- Main systematics:
 jet energy scale (2.5%), NLO matching (4.6%), lepton reconstruction (2.5%).

$$\sigma_{\text{fid}}(tq) = 9.78 \pm 0.57 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{fid}}(\bar{t}q) = 5.77 \pm 0.45 \text{ pb}$$

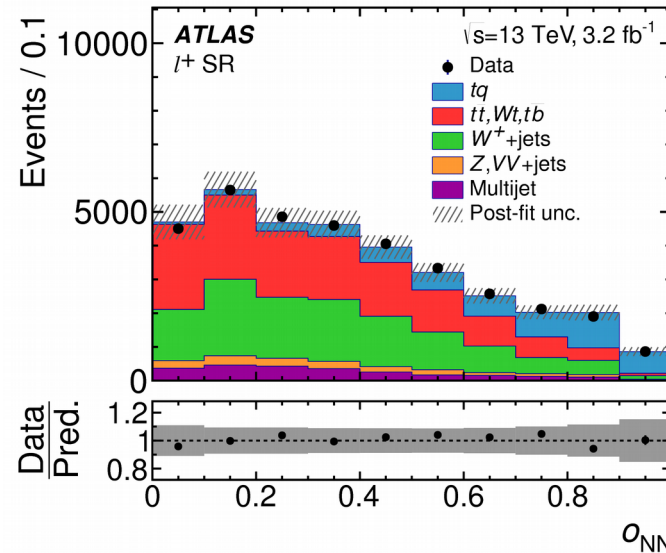


t-channel @ 8 and 13 TeV: total measurement.

- Extrapolation to total phase space.

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \frac{1}{A_{\text{fid}}} \cdot \sigma_{\text{fid}}$$

- 8 TeV (20.2 fb⁻¹) and 13 TeV (3.2 fb⁻¹) follow similar strategy.
- Neural network (NN) to separate signal from background events.
 - 10 input variables combined into the NN discriminant.



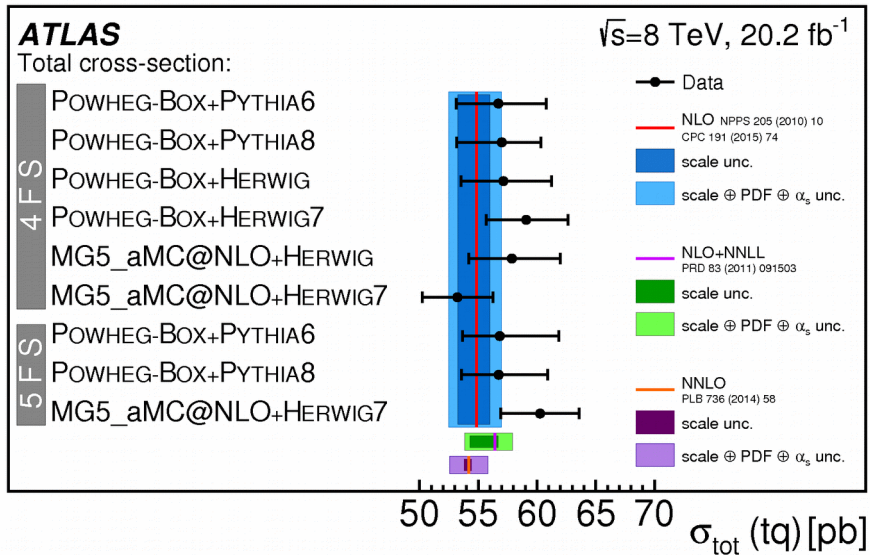
- $|V_{tb}|$ without assuming unitarity from the inclusive cross section $\sigma(tq+\bar{t}q)$.

$$|f_{LV} \cdot V_{tb}|^2 = \sigma_{\text{meas}} / \sigma_{\text{SM}}$$

t-channel @ 8 TeV and @ 13 TeV: total measurement.

8 TeV

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(\bar{t}q) = 32.9^{+3.0}_{-2.7} \text{ pb (9.1\%)} \\ \sigma_{\text{tot}}(tq) = 56.7^{+4.3}_{-3.8} \text{ pb (7.6\%)} \\ |f_{\text{LV}} \cdot V_{\text{tb}}| = 1.029 \pm 0.048 \text{ (4.6\%)}$$

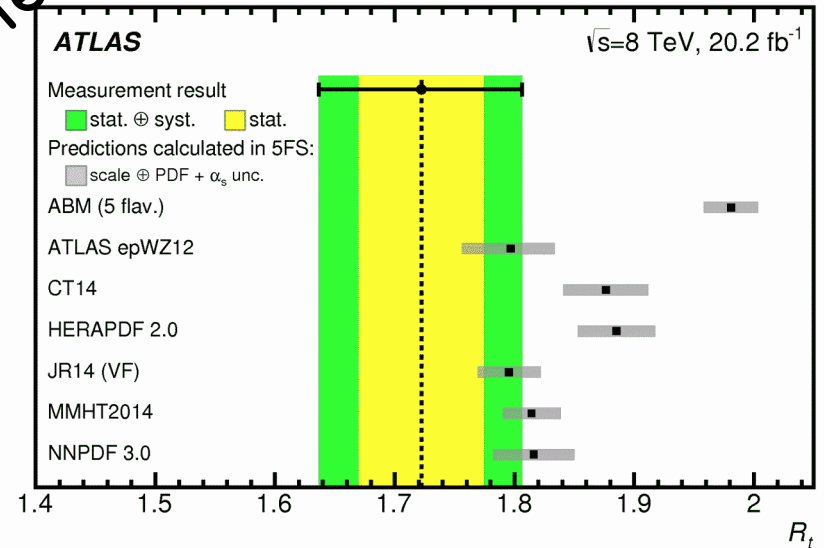


13 TeV

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(\bar{t}q) = 91 \pm 19 \text{ pb (20.4\%)} \\ \sigma_{\text{tot}}(tq) = 156 \pm 28 \text{ pb (17.8\%)} \\ |f_{\text{LV}} \cdot V_{\text{tb}}| = 1.07 \pm 0.09 \text{ (8.4\%)}$$

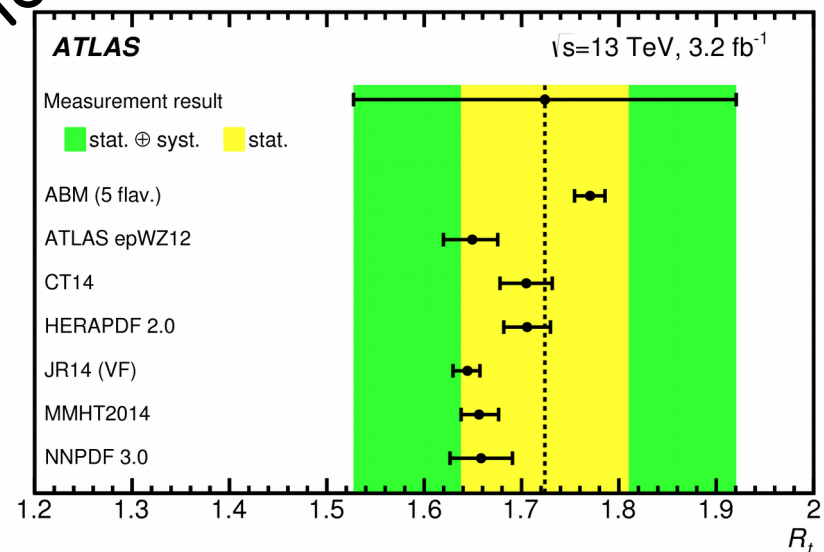
8 TeV

$$R_t = \sigma_{\text{tot}}(tq) / \sigma_{\text{tot}}(\bar{t}q) = 1.72 \pm 0.09 \text{ (4.9\%)}$$



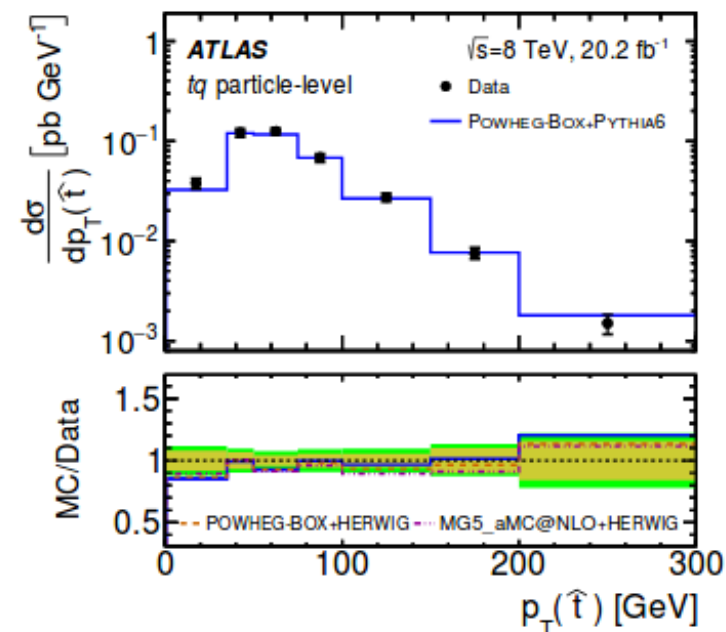
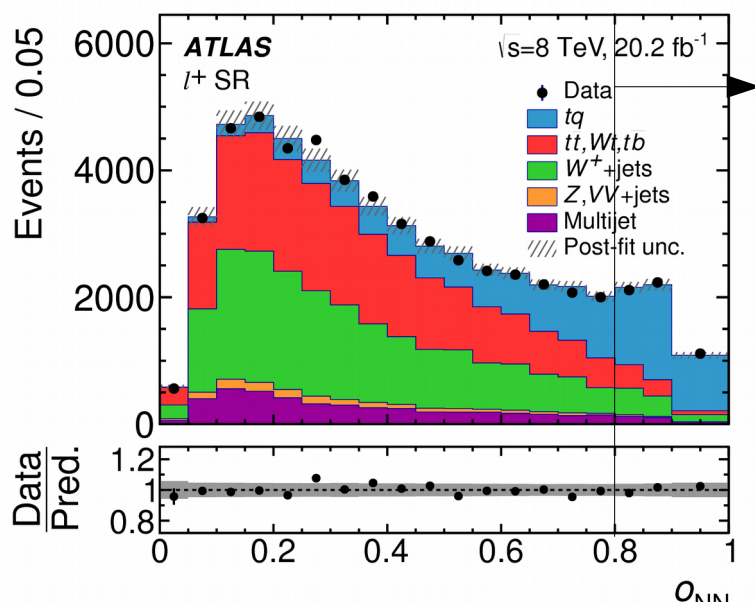
13 TeV

$$R_t = \sigma_{\text{tot}}(tq) / \sigma_{\text{tot}}(\bar{t}q) = 1.72 \pm 0.20 \text{ (11.4\%)}$$



t-channel @ 8 TeV: differential measurement.

- Differential measurement.
 - Unfolded distributions at particle level.
 - $P_T(t), P_T(\text{jet})$ in two SR's (top and antitop).
 - $|y(t)|, |y(\text{jet})|$ in two SR's (top and antitop).
 - Unfolded distributions at parton level.
 - $P_T(t)$ in two SR's (top and antitop).
 - $|y(t)|$ in two SR's (top and antitop).
- Neural network (NN) to separate signal from background events.
 - 7 input variables combined into the NN discriminant.
 - Binned maximum-likelihood fit to the $O_{NN} > 0.8$.



- Main systematics: jet energy scale, modelling signal and $t\bar{t}$.

Wtb vertex using t-channel @ 8 TeV.

- Probe Wtb vertex structure in the t-channel using angular asymmetries.

$$\mathcal{L}_{Wtb} = -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \gamma^\mu (V_L P_L + V_R P_R) t W_\mu^- - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{m_W} (g_L P_L + g_R P_R) t W_\mu^- + \text{h.c.}$$

$$A_{\text{FB}} = \frac{N(\cos \theta > 0) - N(\cos \theta < 0)}{N(\cos \theta > 0) + N(\cos \theta < 0)}$$

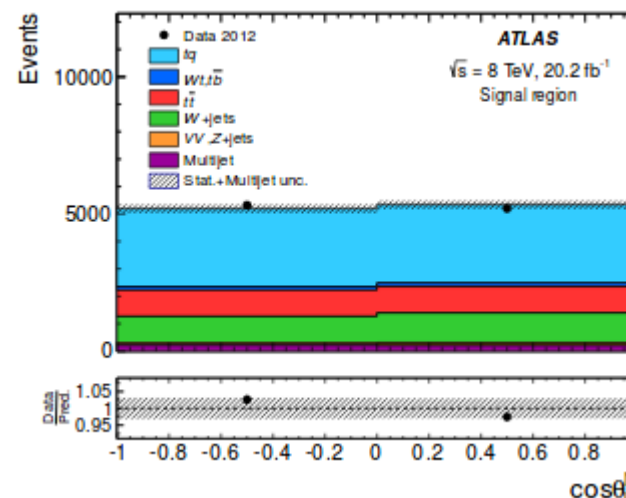
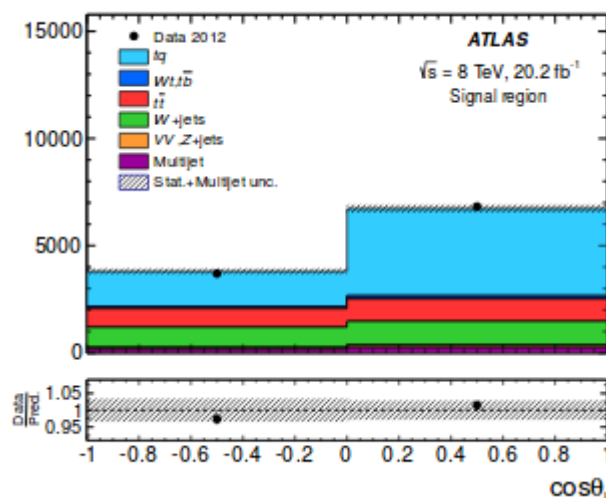
In the SM:

$$V_L = V_{\text{tb}}$$

anomalous couplings = 0.

- Main backgrounds:

- $t\bar{t}$, W+jets.
- E_T^{MISS} used to suppress multijet contributions.

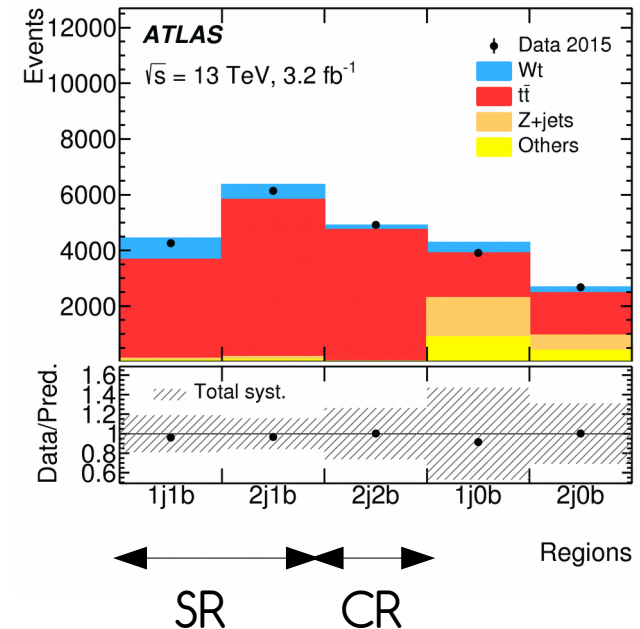
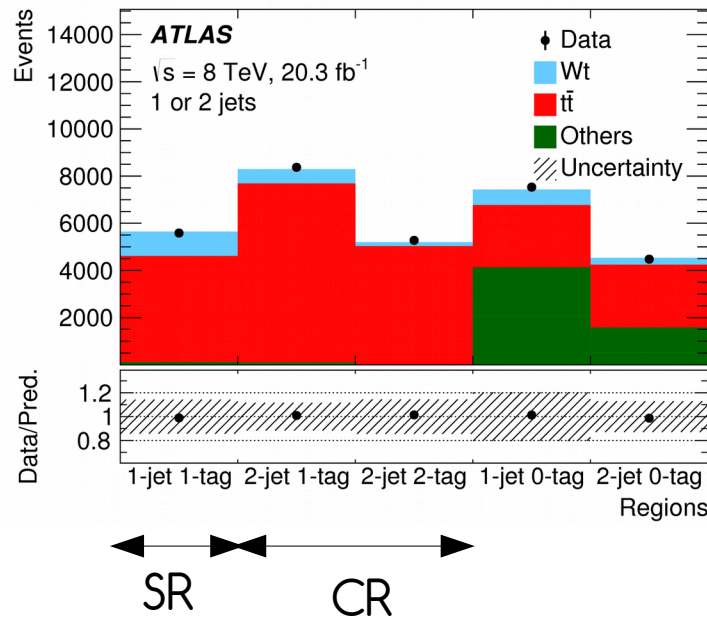
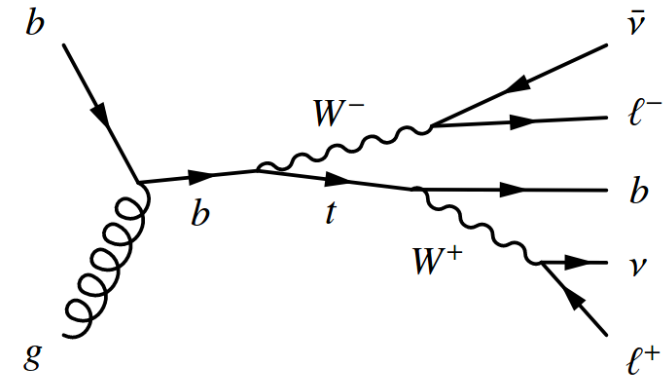


- Combined maximum likelihood fit over signal and control regions.
- Unfolding to parton level.
- A_{FB}^N and A_{FB}^1 have been used to set limits on anomalous couplings and compute top-quark polarization:

$$\text{Im}(g_R) \in [-0.18, 0.06] \text{ at } 95\% \text{ CL} \\ \text{if } V_L = 1; V_R = g_L = \text{Re}(g_R) = 0$$

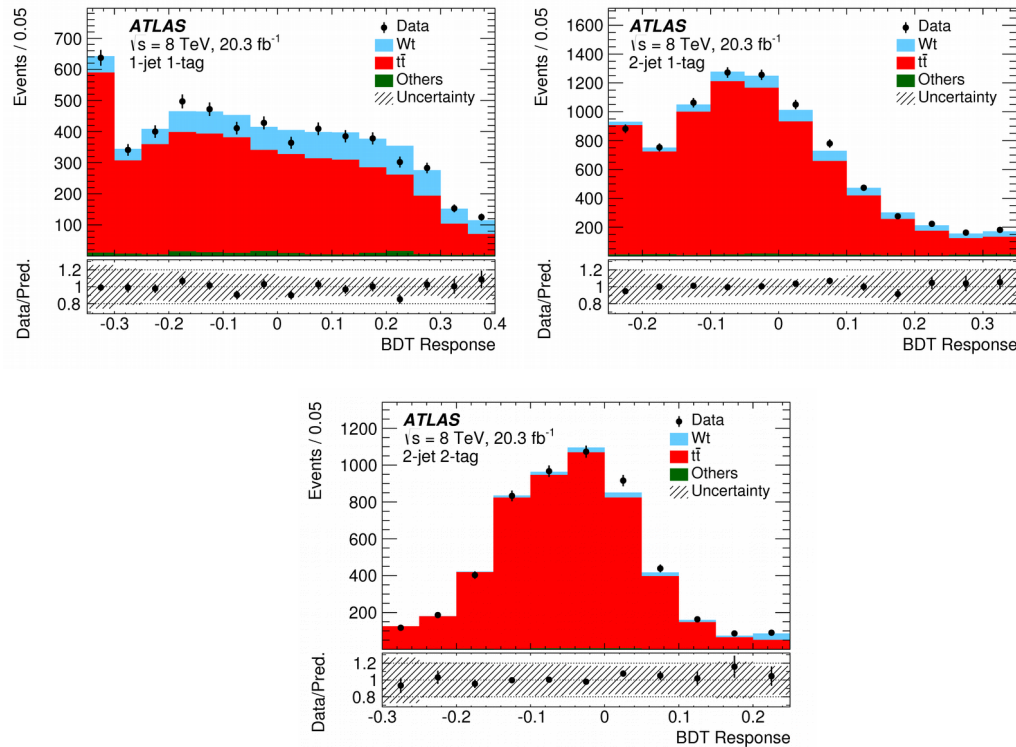
$$\alpha_1 P = 0.97 \pm 0.05 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.11 (\text{syst.}) \\ \alpha_1 = 0.998 (\text{at NLO}) \quad P_t = 0.91 (\text{at NLO})$$

- Signal signature (leptonic decay of W boson).
 - 2 isolated leptons (oppositely charged).
 - E_T^{MISS} from the two neutrinos.
 - High P_T b-tagged jet.
- Main backgrounds:
 - $t\bar{t}$ (interference at NLO), Z+jets.
 - E_T^{MISS} used to suppress Z+jets contributions.
- Boosted Decision Tree to separate $t\bar{t}$ from tW.
- Binned maximum likelihood fit to extract the cross section.

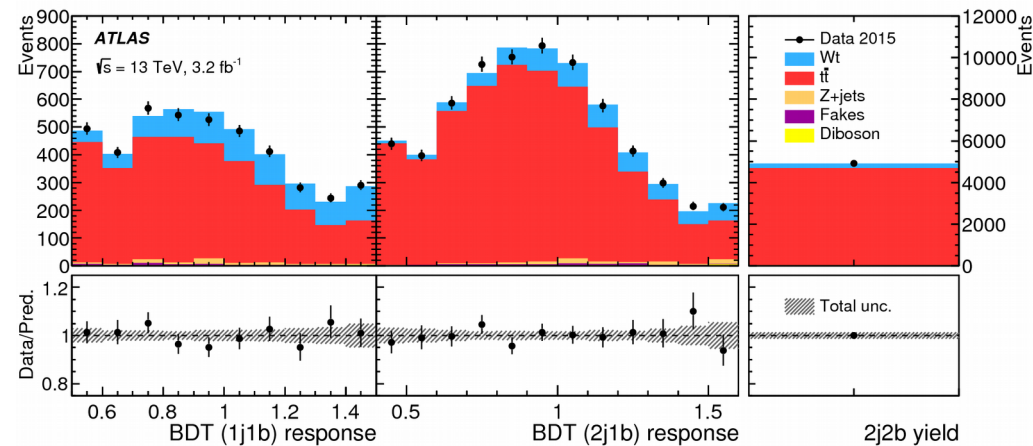


tW-channel @ 8TeV and 13 TeV: total measurement.

- 3 separate BDT's trained to enhance S/B ratio.



- 2 separate BDT's trained to enhance S/B ratio.



$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(Wt) = 23.0 \pm 1.3 (\text{stat.})_{-3.5}^{+3.2} (\text{syst.}) \pm 1.1 (\text{lumi.}) \text{ pb}$$

(16%)

$$|f_{LV} \cdot V_{tb}| = 1.01 \pm 0.10$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(Wt) = 94 \pm 10 (\text{stat.})_{-22}^{+28} (\text{syst.}) \pm 2 (\text{lumi.}) \text{ pb}$$

(31%)

- Main systematics:** jet reconstruction (10%), initial/final state radiation (9.5%) and ttbar normalisation (6%).

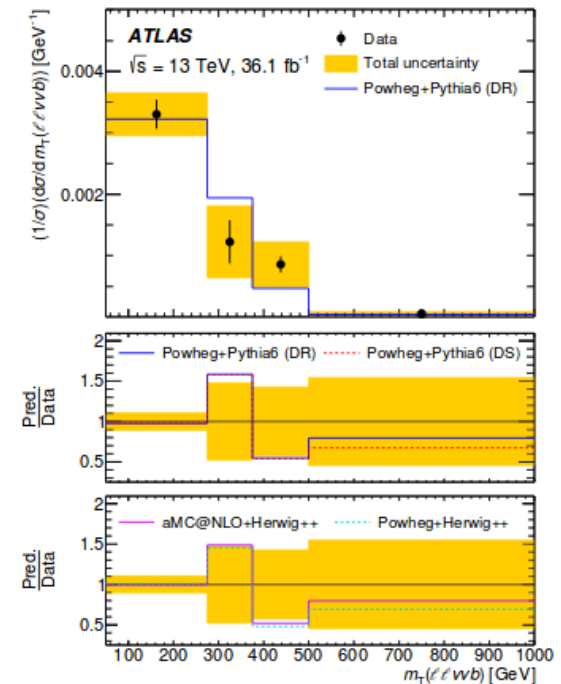
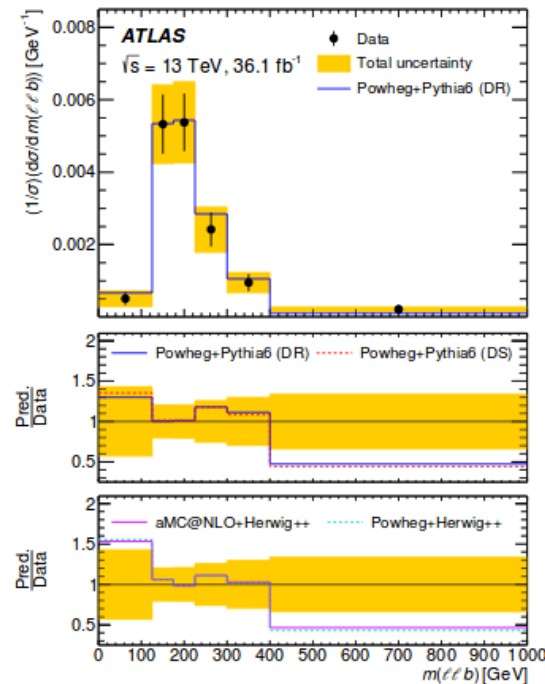
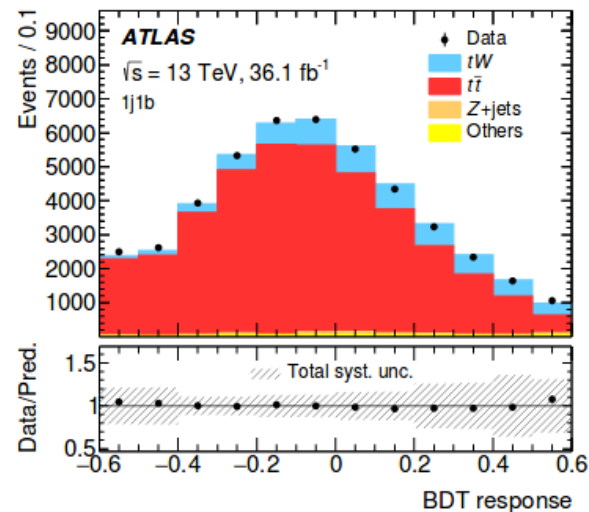
- Main systematics:** jet energy scale (21%), NLO matrix element (18%).

tW-channel @ 13 TeV: differential measurement.

- tW differential analysis using 36.1 fb^{-1} of 2015+2016 data.

- Differential measurement.

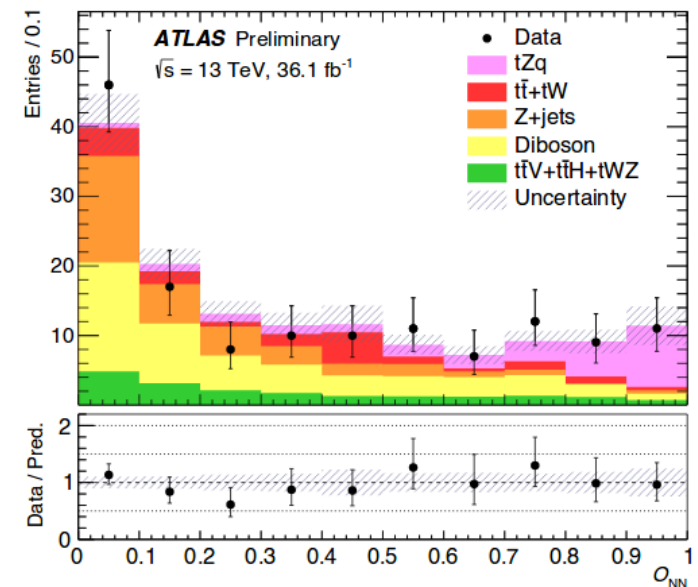
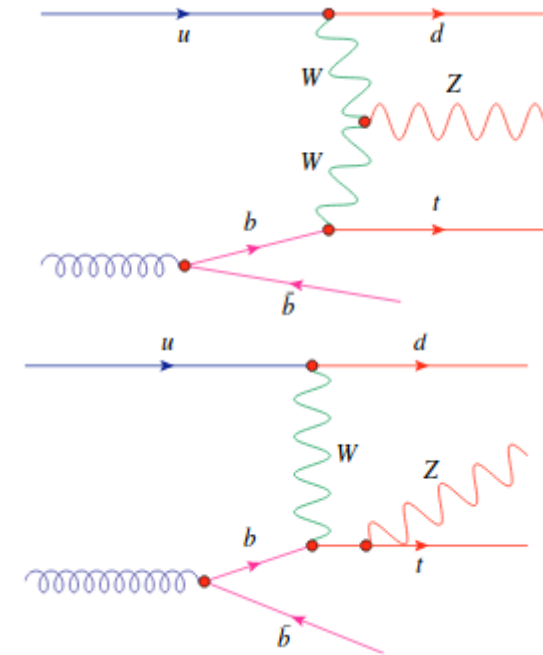
- SR: $1j1b$.
- Unfolded distributions at particle level.
 - $E(b) \rightarrow$ top quark production.
 - $m(l_1 b); m(l_2 b) \rightarrow$ top quark decay.
 - $E(llb); m_T(llv vb); m(llb) \rightarrow$ combined tW system.



- Main systematics: $t\bar{t}b$ and Wt modelling.

- Big cancellation when normalizing with fiducial cross section!

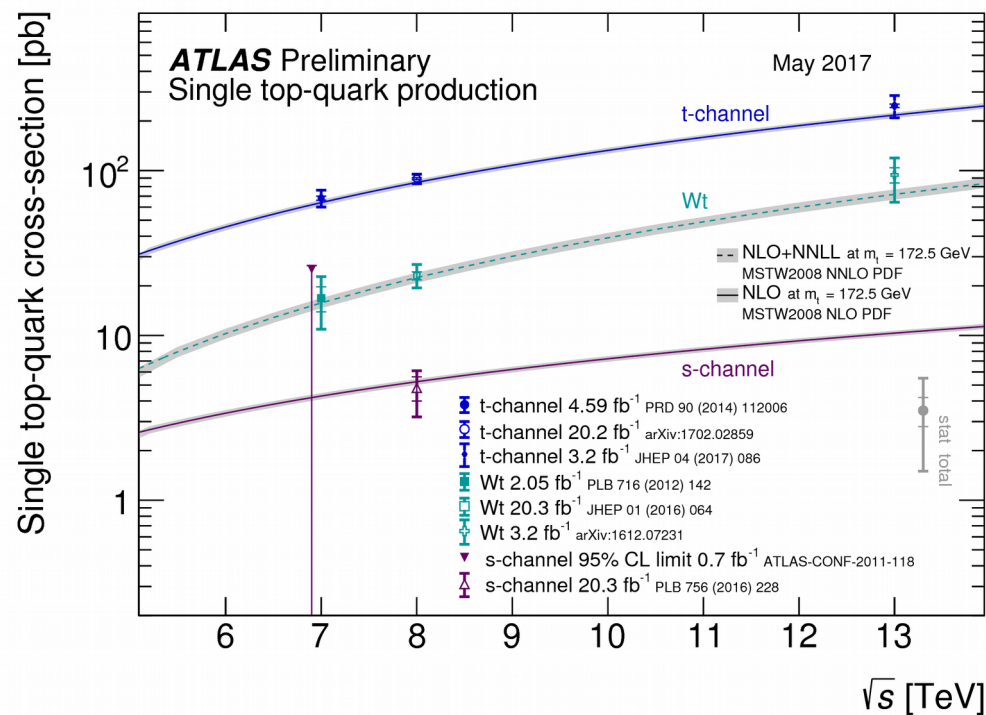
- First measurement of tZq electroweak process.
 - Sensitive to tZ and WWZ coupling.
 - Important background to tH and tZ FCNC production.
- Trilepton channel is used despite 2.2% BR.
- Main backgrounds:
 - ttbar, Z+jets.
- Neural network is used to enhance S/B.
 - 10 variables used as input
 - $\eta(j)$, $P_T(j)$, $m(t)$, ...
- Binned maximum likelihood fit to extract the cross section using the full NN discriminant distribution.



$\sigma(tZq) = 600 \pm 170 (\text{stat.}) \pm 140 (\text{syst.}) \text{ fb}$
 observed (expected) significance: $4.2 \sigma (5.4 \sigma)$

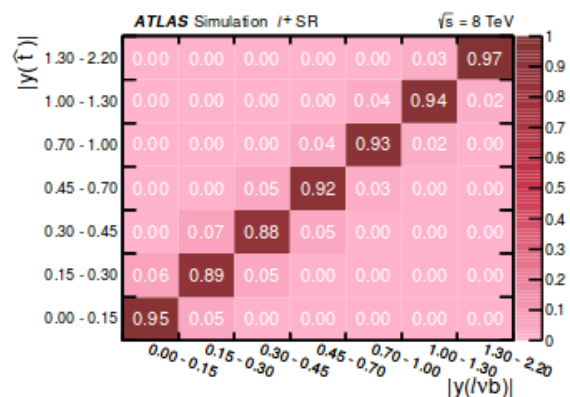
$$\sigma_{\text{theo}}(tZq) = 800^{+49}_{-59} \text{ fb}$$

- ATLAS has studied comprehensively single top quark production at 8 TeV.
- Measurements are within uncertainties in agreement with theoretical predictions.
- First measurements at 13 TeV are coming out using 2015 and 2015+2016 data.
- New couplings can be accessed with 13 TeV luminosity (**evidence for tZq !**)
- Analyses will profit from full Run II dataset.



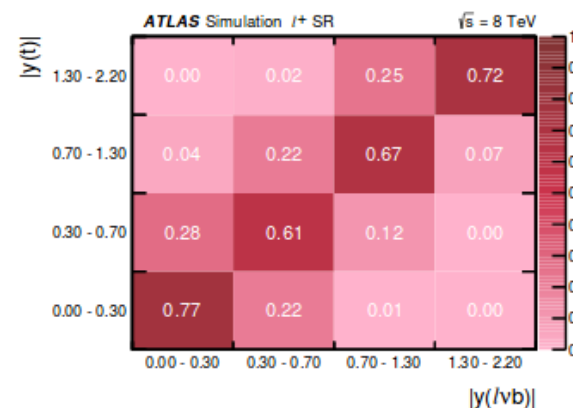
- Particle level.

- Leptons and jets are reconstructed from stable particles.
 - Lifetime $> 3 \times 10^{-11}$ s
 - Leptons : $P_T > 25$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$.
 - Jets: $P_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 4.5$.
 - B-jets : $P_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$.
- Before they interact with the detector.
- Fiducial cuts on the objects similar to the reconstructed ones is able to:
 - Reduce modelling uncertainties.
 - Reduce dependencies from the generators.



- Parton level.

- Before particles decay.
- Measurement can be extrapolated to full phase space.
- Compare the results with available theoretical predictions (not available at particle level).



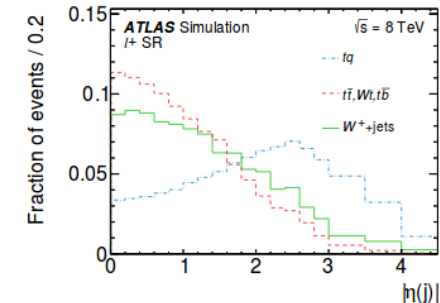
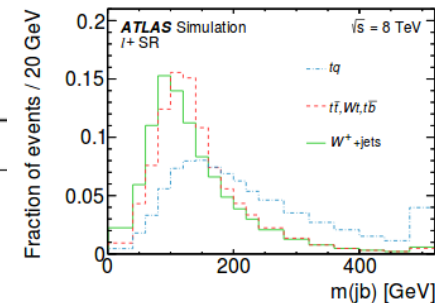
Source	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{fid}}(tq) / \sigma_{\text{fid}}(tq)$ [%]	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{fid}}(\bar{t}q) / \sigma_{\text{fid}}(\bar{t}q)$ [%]
Data statistics	± 1.7	± 2.5
Monte Carlo statistics	± 1.0	± 1.4
Background normalisation	< 0.5	< 0.5
Background modelling	± 1.0	± 1.6
Lepton reconstruction	± 2.1	± 2.5
Jet reconstruction	± 1.2	± 1.5
Jet energy scale	± 3.1	± 3.6
Flavour tagging	± 1.5	± 1.8
$E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ modelling	± 1.1	± 1.6
b/\bar{b} tagging efficiency	± 0.9	± 0.9
PDF	± 1.3	± 2.2
$tq(\bar{t}q)$ NLO matching	± 0.5	< 0.5
$tq(\bar{t}q)$ parton shower	± 1.1	± 0.8
$tq(\bar{t}q)$ scale variations	± 2.0	± 1.7
$t\bar{t}$ NLO matching	± 2.1	± 4.3
$t\bar{t}$ parton shower	± 0.8	± 2.5
$t\bar{t}$ scale variations	< 0.5	< 0.5
Luminosity	± 1.9	± 1.9
Total systematic	± 5.6	± 7.3
Total (stat. + syst.)	± 5.8	± 7.8

Source	$\Delta R_t/R_t$ [%]
Data statistics	± 3.0
Monte Carlo statistics	± 1.8
Background modelling	± 0.7
Jet reconstruction	± 0.5
$E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ modelling	± 0.6
$tq(\bar{t}q)$ NLO matching	± 0.5
$tq(\bar{t}q)$ scale variations	± 0.7
$t\bar{t}$ NLO matching	± 2.3
$t\bar{t}$ parton shower	± 1.7
PDF	± 0.7
Total systematic	± 3.9
Total (stat. + syst.)	± 5.0

Source	$\frac{\Delta\sigma(tq)}{\sigma(tq)} [\%]$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma(\bar{t}q)}{\sigma(\bar{t}q)} [\%]$	$\frac{\Delta R_t}{R_t} [\%]$
Data statistics	± 2.9	± 4.1	± 5.0
Monte Carlo statistics	± 2.8	± 4.2	± 5.1
Reconstruction efficiency and calibration uncertainties			
Muon uncertainties	± 0.8	± 0.9	± 1.0
Electron uncertainties	< 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.7
JES	± 3.4	± 4.1	± 1.2
Jet energy resolution	± 3.9	± 3.1	± 1.1
E_T^{miss} modelling	± 0.9	± 1.2	< 0.5
b -tagging efficiency	± 7.0	± 6.9	< 0.5
c -tagging efficiency	< 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.6
Light-jet tagging efficiency	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pile-up reweighting	± 1.5	± 2.2	± 3.8
Monte Carlo generators			
tq parton shower generator	± 13.0	± 14.3	± 1.9
tq NLO matching	± 2.1	± 0.7	± 2.8
tq radiation	± 3.7	± 3.4	± 3.7
$t\bar{t}$, Wt , $t\bar{b} + \bar{t}b$ parton shower generator	± 3.2	± 4.4	± 1.2
$t\bar{t}$, Wt , $t\bar{b} + \bar{t}b$ NLO matching	± 4.4	± 8.6	± 4.6
$t\bar{t}$, Wt , $t\bar{b} + \bar{t}b$ radiation	< 0.5	± 1.1	± 0.7
PDF	± 0.6	± 0.9	< 0.5
Background normalisation			
Multijet normalisation	± 0.3	± 2.0	± 1.8
Other background normalisation	± 0.4	± 0.5	< 0.5
Luminosity	± 2.1	± 2.1	< 0.5
Total systematic uncertainty	± 17.5	± 20.0	± 10.2
Total uncertainty	± 17.8	± 20.4	± 11.4

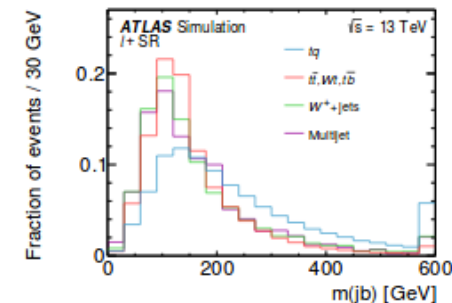
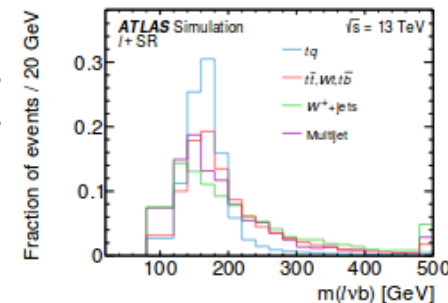
8 TeV input variables

Variable symbol	Definition
$m(jb)$	The invariant mass of the untagged jet (j) and the b -tagged jet (b).
$ \eta(j) $	The absolute value of the pseudorapidity of the untagged jet.
$m(\ell\nu b)$	The invariant mass of the reconstructed top quark.
$m_T(\ell E_T^{\text{miss}})$	The transverse mass of the lepton- E_T^{miss} system, as defined in Eq. (2).
$ \Delta\eta(\ell\nu, b) $	The absolute value of $\Delta\eta$ between the reconstructed W boson and the b -tagged jet.
$m(\ell b)$	The invariant mass of the charged lepton (ℓ) and the b -tagged jet.
$\cos\theta^*(\ell, j)$	The cosine of the angle, θ^* , between the charged lepton and the untagged jet in the rest frame of the reconstructed top quark.



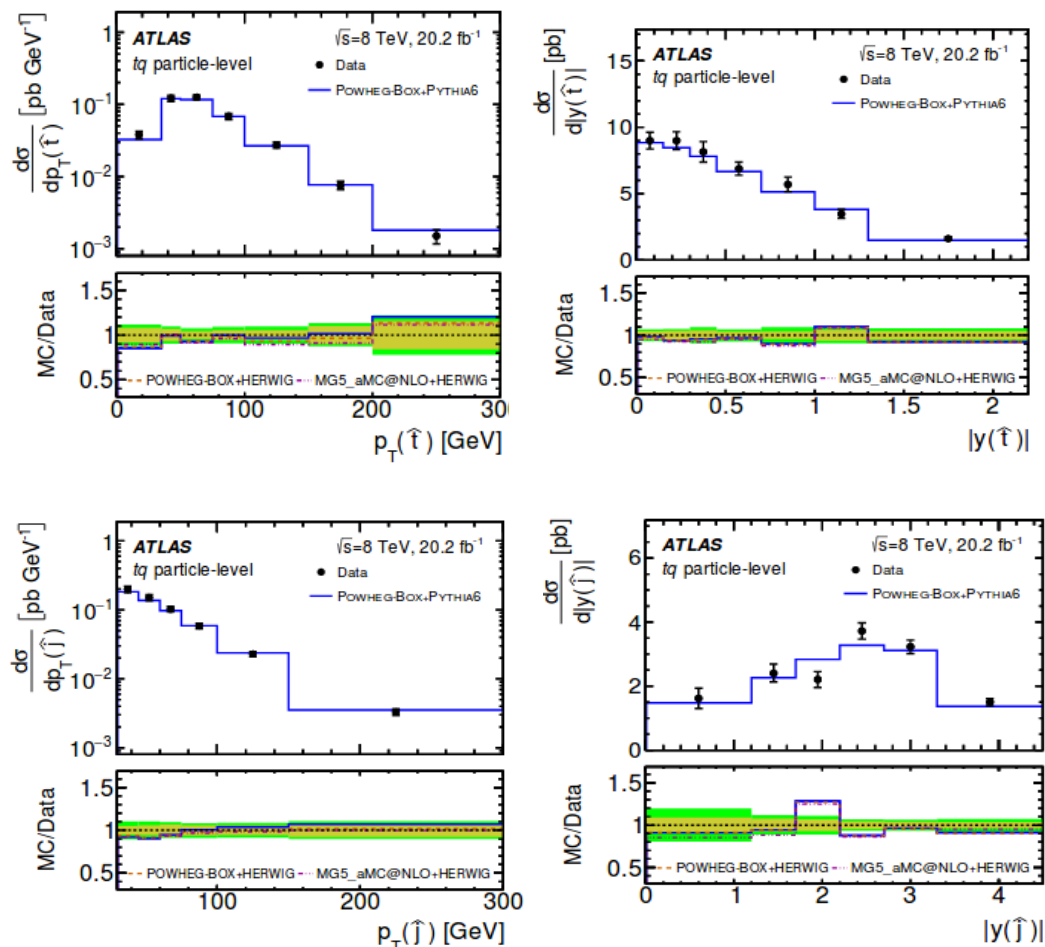
13 TeV input variables

Variable	Definition
$m(\ell\nu b)$	top-quark mass reconstructed from the charged lepton, neutrino, and b -tagged jet
$m(jb)$	invariant mass of the b -tagged and untagged jet
$m_T(\ell E_T^{\text{miss}})$	transverse mass of the reconstructed W boson
$ \eta(j) $	modulus of the pseudorapidity of the untagged jet
$m(\ell b)$	invariant mass of the charged lepton (ℓ) and the b -tagged jet
$\eta(\ell\nu)$	rapidity of the reconstructed W boson
$\Delta R(\ell\nu b, j)$	ΔR of the reconstructed top quark and the untagged jet
$\cos\theta^*(\ell, j)$	cosine of the angle θ^* between the charged lepton and the untagged jet in the rest frame of the reconstructed top quark
$\Delta p_T(\ell\nu b, j)$	Δp_T of the reconstructed top quark and the untagged jet
$\Delta R(\ell, j)$	ΔR of the charged lepton and the untagged jet

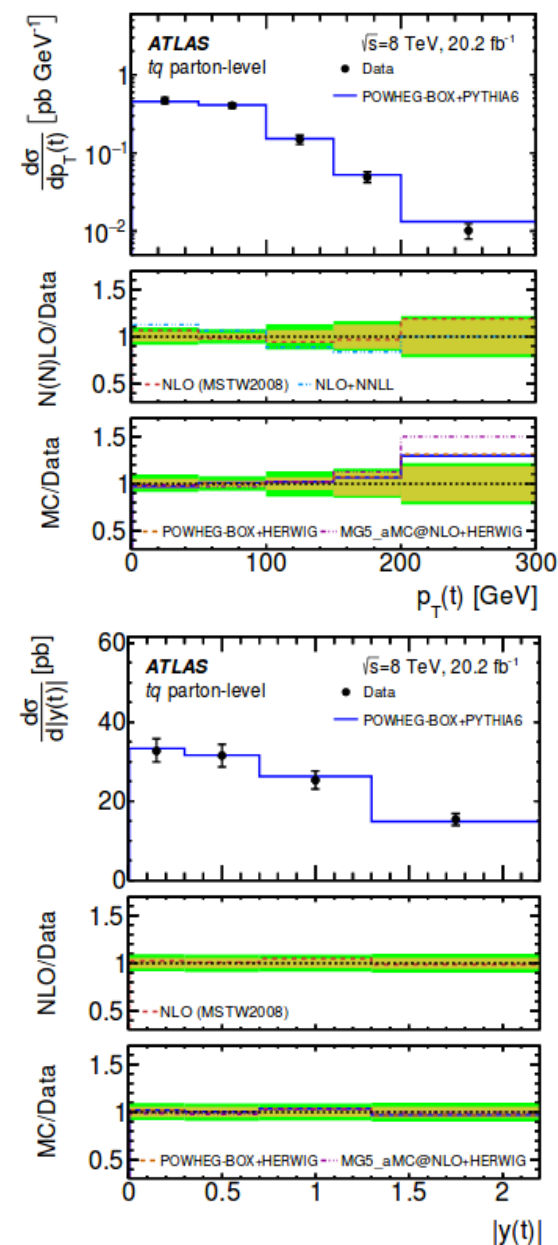


Backup: t-channel differential measurement @ 8 TeV.

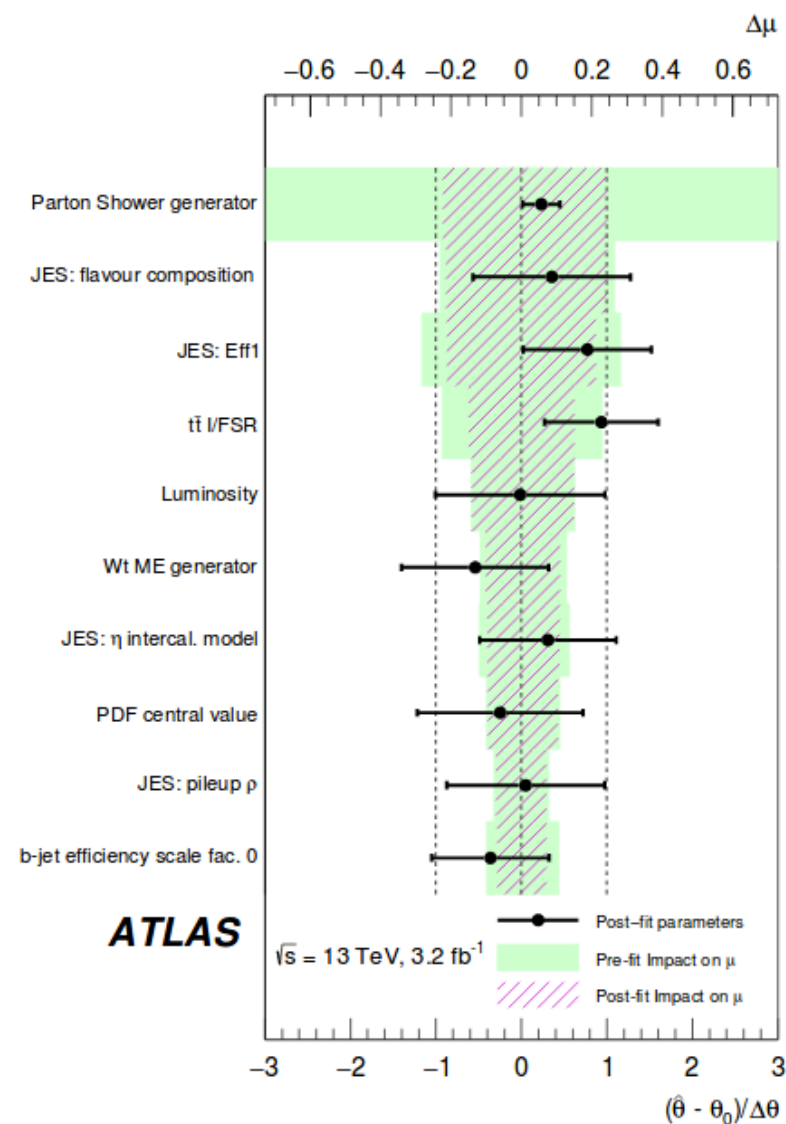
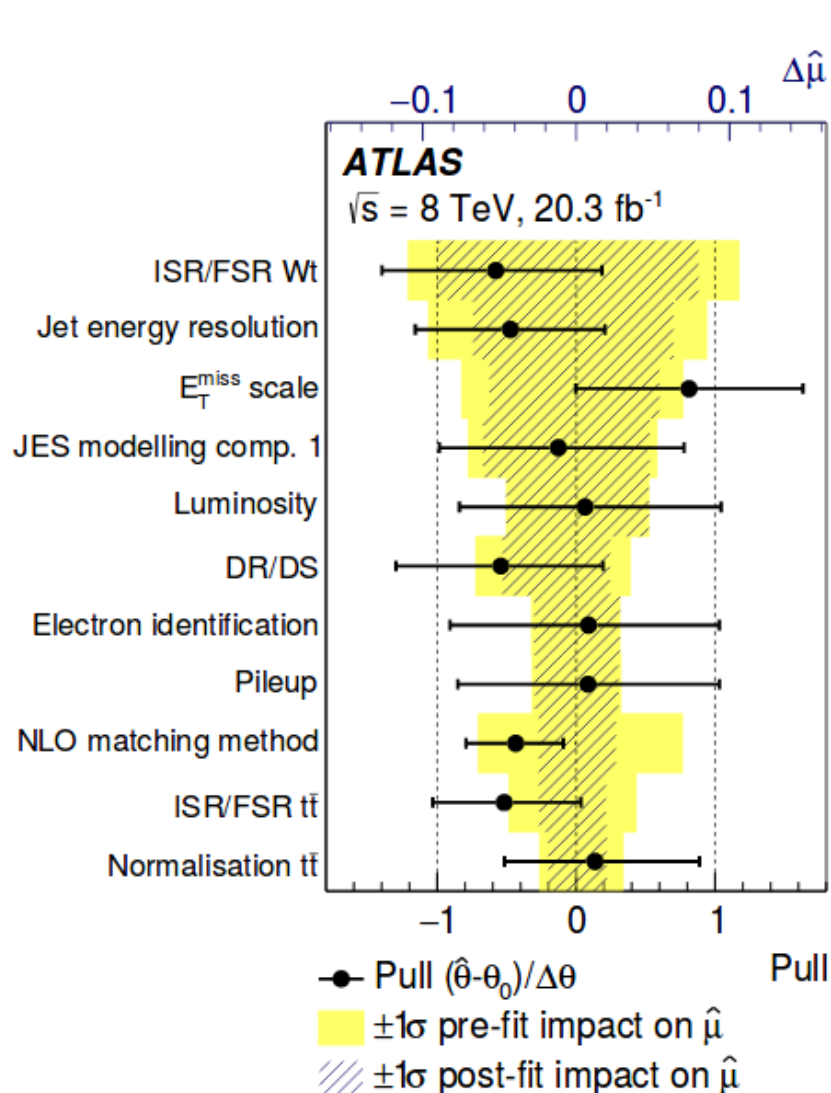
Cross sections at particle level
(only top shown).



Cross sections at parton level
(only top shown).



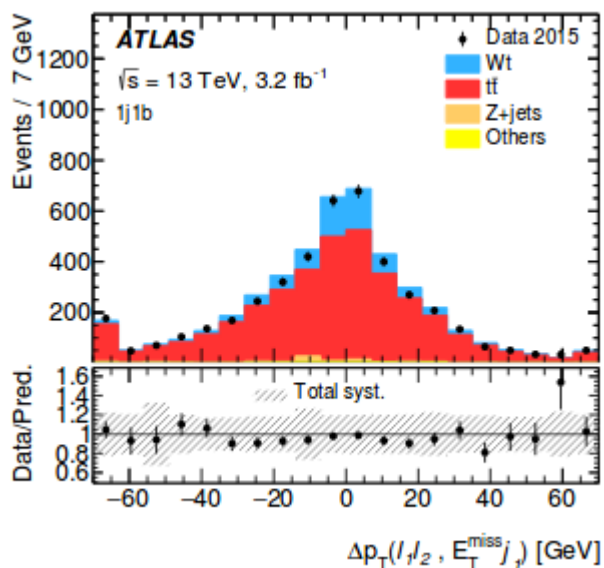
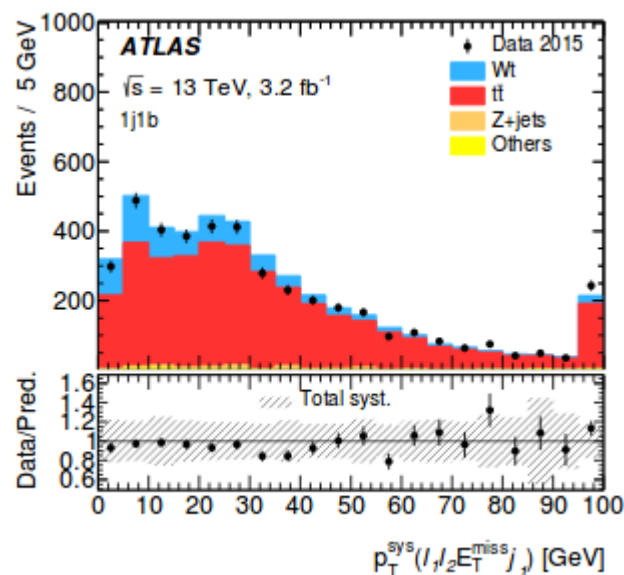
Backup: tW-channel fit impact comparison on uncertainties



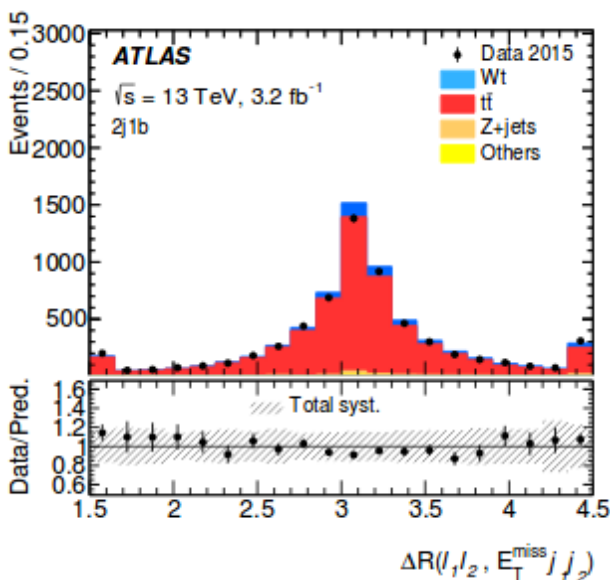
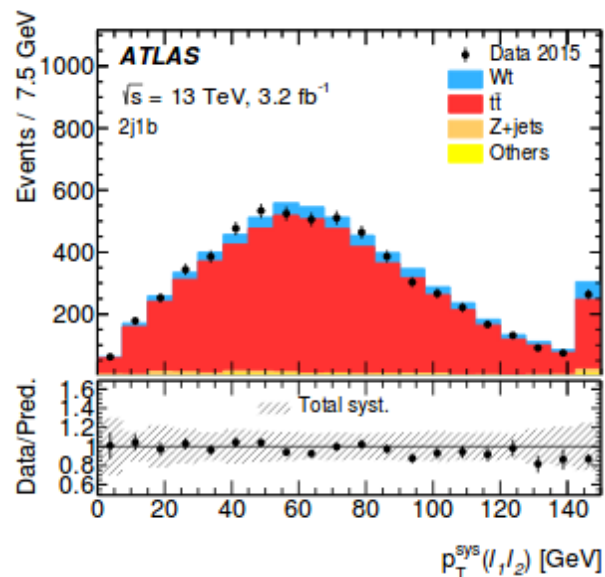
At least one jet with $p_T > 25$ GeV, $ \eta < 2.5$		
Exactly two leptons of opposite charge with $p_T > 20$ GeV, $ \eta < 2.5$ for muons and $ \eta < 2.47$ excluding $1.37 < \eta < 1.52$ for electrons		
At least one lepton with $p_T > 25$ GeV, veto if third lepton with $p_T > 20$ GeV		
At least one lepton matched to the trigger object		
Different flavour	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 50$ GeV,	if $m_{\ell\ell} < 80$ GeV
	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 20$ GeV,	if $m_{\ell\ell} > 80$ GeV
Same flavour	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 40$ GeV,	always
	veto,	if $m_{\ell\ell} < 40$ GeV
	$4E_T^{\text{miss}} > 5m_{\ell\ell}$,	if $40 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 81 \text{ GeV}$
	veto,	if $81 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 101 \text{ GeV}$
	$2m_{\ell\ell} + E_T^{\text{miss}} > 300$ GeV,	if $m_{\ell\ell} > 101 \text{ GeV}$

Source	$\Delta\sigma_{Wt}/\sigma_{Wt}[\%]$
Jet energy scale	21
Jet energy resolution	8.6
E_T^{miss} soft terms	5.3
b -tagging	4.3
Luminosity	2.3
Lepton efficiency, energy scale and resolution	1.3
NLO matrix element generator	18
Parton shower and hadronisation	7.1
Initial-/final-state radiation	6.4
Diagram removal/subtraction	5.3
Parton distribution function	2.7
Non- $t\bar{t}$ background normalisation	3.7
Total systematic uncertainty	30
Data statistics	10
Total uncertainty	31

Backup: tW-channel BDT discriminating power @ 13 TeV.

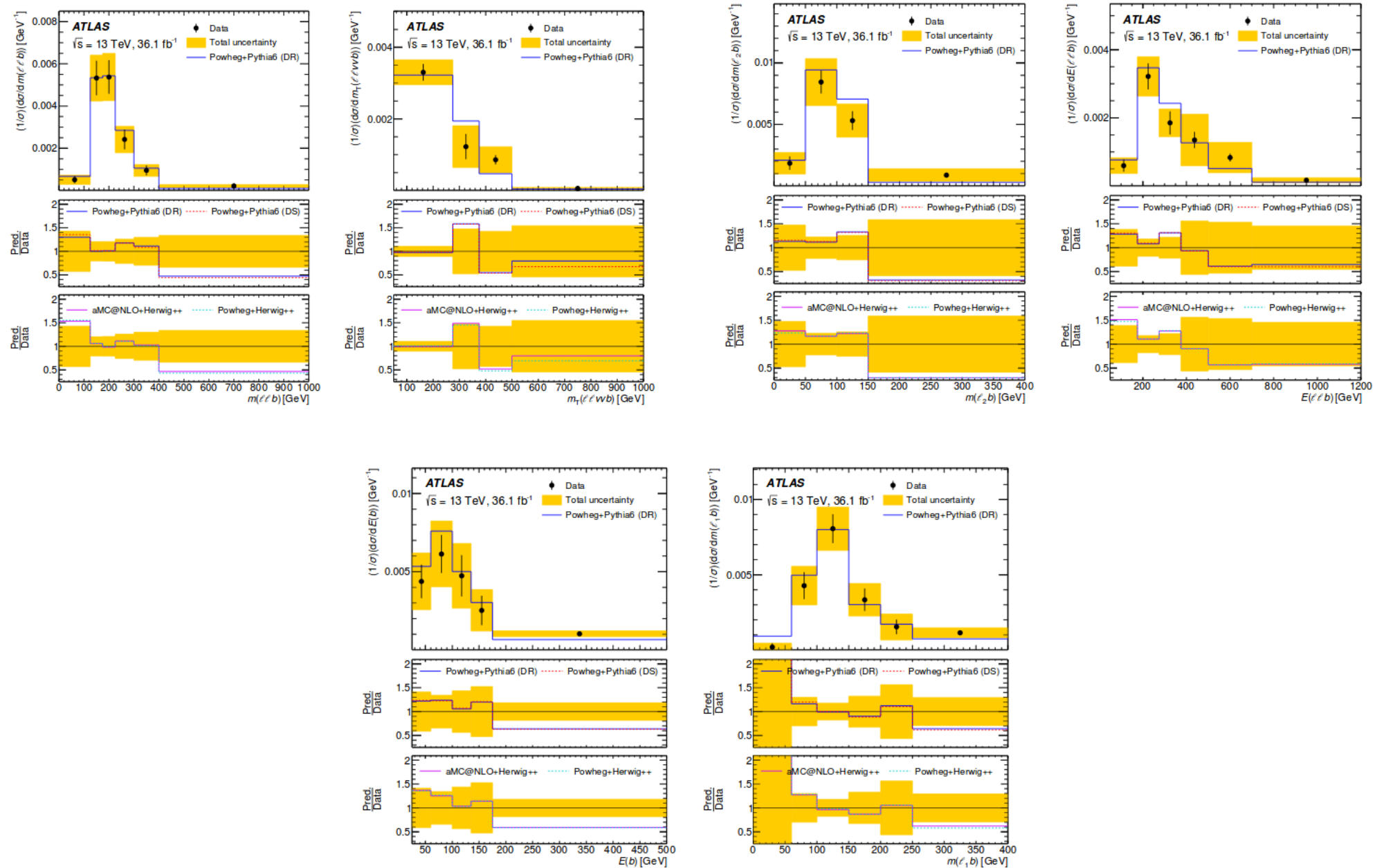


1j1b	
Variable	$S [10^{-2}]$
$p_T^{\text{sys}}(l_1, l_2, E_T^{\text{miss}}, j_1)$	5.3
$\Delta p_T(l_1, l_2, E_T^{\text{miss}}, j_1)$	2.9
ΣE_T	2.7
$\Delta p_T(l_1, l_2, E_T^{\text{miss}})$	1.2
$p_T^{\text{sys}}(l_1, E_T^{\text{miss}}, j_1)$	0.9
$C(l_1, l_2)$	0.9
$\Delta p_T(l_1, E_T^{\text{miss}})$	0.8
BDT discriminant	8.6

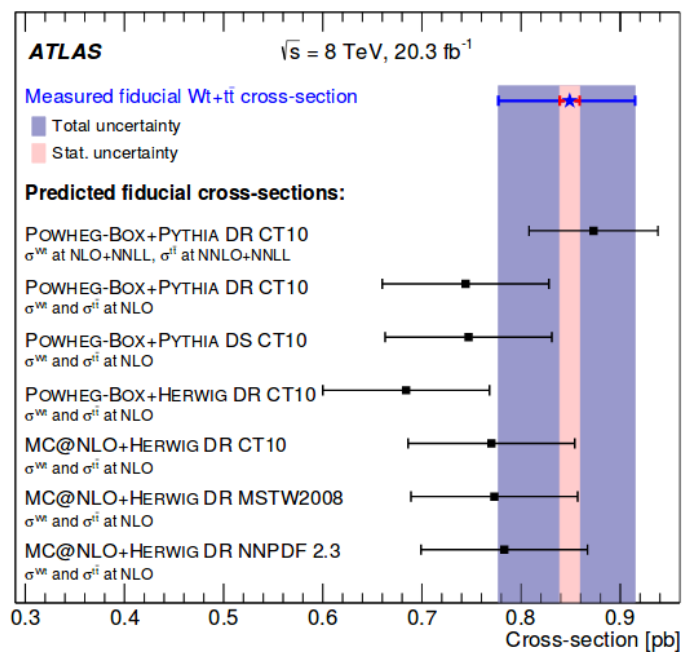


2j1b	
Variable	$S [10^{-2}]$
$p_T^{\text{sys}}(l_1, l_2)$	1.7
$\Delta R(l_1, l_2, E_T^{\text{miss}}, j_1, j_2)$	1.7
$\Delta R(l_1, l_2, j_1, j_2)$	1.5
$m(l_1, j_2)$	1.4
$\Delta p_T(l_1, l_2, E_T^{\text{miss}})$	1.4
$\Delta p_T(l_1, j_1)$	1.4
$m(l_1, j_1)$	1.3
$p_T(l_1)$	1.3
$\sigma(p_T^{\text{sys}})(l_1, l_2, E_T^{\text{miss}}, j_1)$	1.2
$\Delta R(l_1, j_1)$	1.2
$p_T(j_2)$	0.9
$\sigma(p_T^{\text{sys}})(l_1, l_2, E_T^{\text{miss}}, j_1, j_2)$	0.9
$m(l_2, j_1, j_2)$	0.3
$m(l_2, j_1)$	0.3
$m(l_2, j_2)$	0.1
BDT discriminant	10.9

Backup: tW-channel differential measurement @13 TeV.

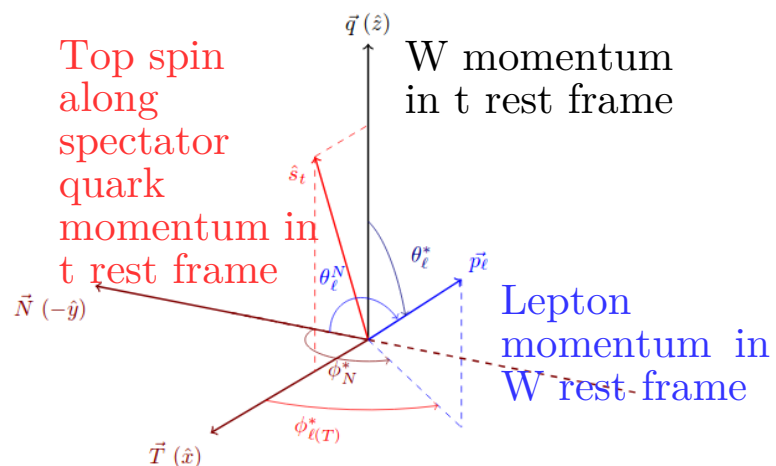


Backup: tW-channel fiducial measurement @ 8 TeV.

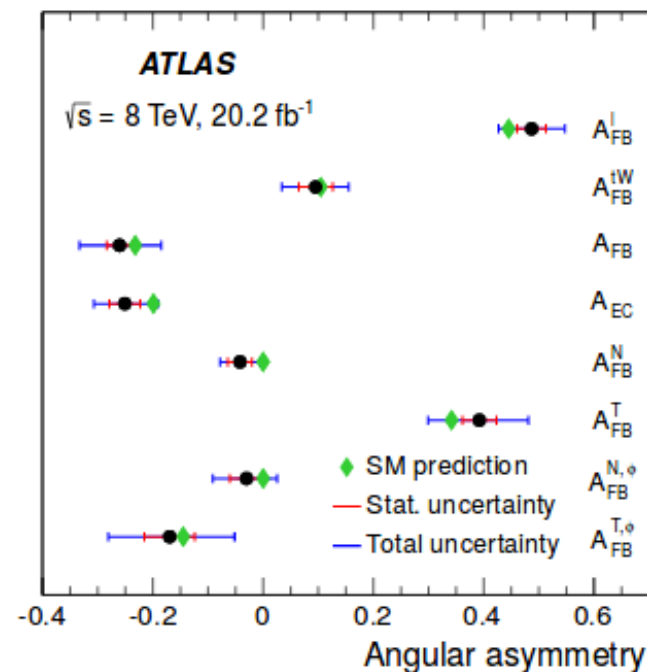
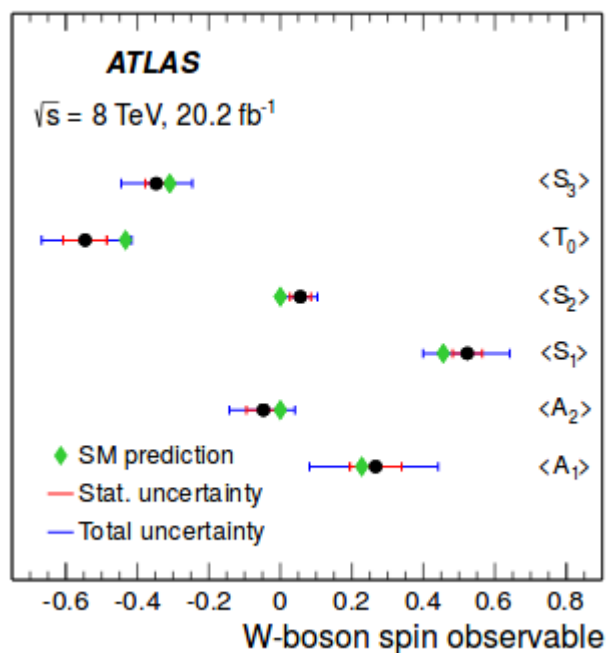


Uncertainty	Impact on $\hat{\mu}_{\text{fid}}$ [%]
Statistical	1.0
Luminosity	3.1
Theory modelling	
ISR/FSR	4.2
Hadronisation	0.8
NLO matching method	0.7
PDF	<0.1
Ratio $Wt/t\bar{t}$	2.2
DR/DS	0.1
Detector	
Jet	5.2
Lepton	2.3
$E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$	0.2
b -tag	2.3
Background norm.	<0.1
Total	8.2

Backup: Polarization definitions and results.



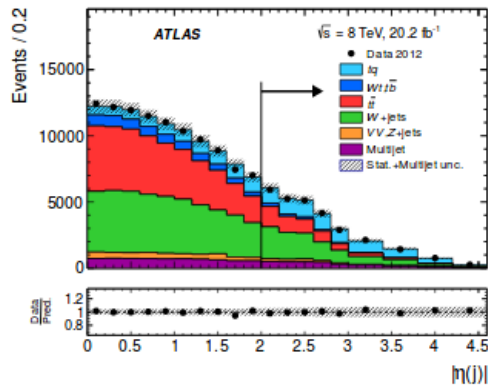
Asymmetry	Angular observable	Polarisation observable	SM prediction
A_{FB}^ℓ	$\cos \theta_\ell$	$\frac{1}{2} \alpha_\ell P$	0.45
A_{FB}^{tW}	$\cos \theta_W \cos \theta_\ell^*$	$\frac{3}{8} P (F_R + F_L)$	0.10
A_{FB}	$\cos \theta_\ell^*$	$\frac{3}{4} \langle S_3 \rangle = \frac{3}{4} (F_R - F_L)$	-0.23
A_{EC}	$\cos \theta_\ell^*$	$\frac{3}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \langle T_0 \rangle = \frac{3}{16} (1 - 3F_0)$	-0.20
A_{FB}^T	$\cos \theta_\ell^T$	$\frac{3}{4} \langle S_1 \rangle$	0.34
A_{FB}^N	$\cos \theta_\ell^N$	$-\frac{3}{4} \langle S_2 \rangle$	0
$A_{\text{FB}}^{T,\phi}$	$\cos \theta_\ell^* \cos \phi_T^*$	$-\frac{2}{\pi} \langle A_1 \rangle$	-0.14
$A_{\text{FB}}^{N,\phi}$	$\cos \theta_\ell^* \cos \phi_N^*$	$\frac{2}{\pi} \langle A_2 \rangle$	0



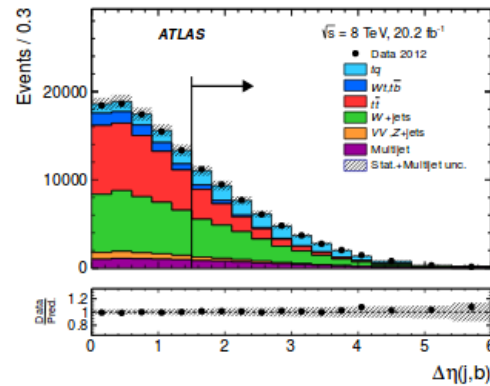
Backup: Polarization event selection and uncertainties @ 8 TeV.

Preselection cuts.

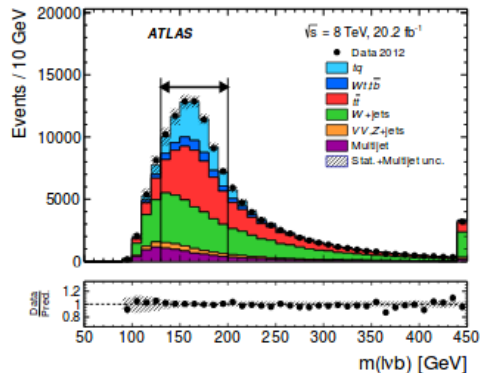
- Exactly one lepton.
- Exactly two jets, one being tagged (2j1b).
- MET > 30 GeV.
- $M_T(W) > 50$ GeV.



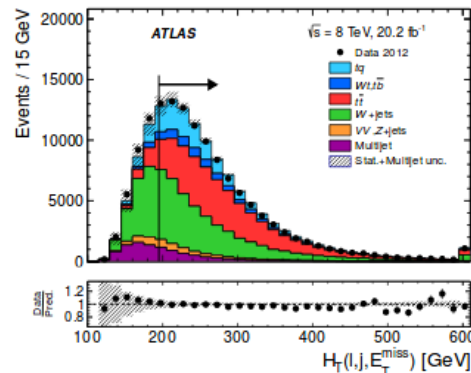
- $|\eta(j)| > 2$



- $|\Delta\eta(j,b)| > 1.5$



- $130\text{GeV} < m(lvb) < 200$ GeV



- $H_T > 200$ GeV

Uncertainties

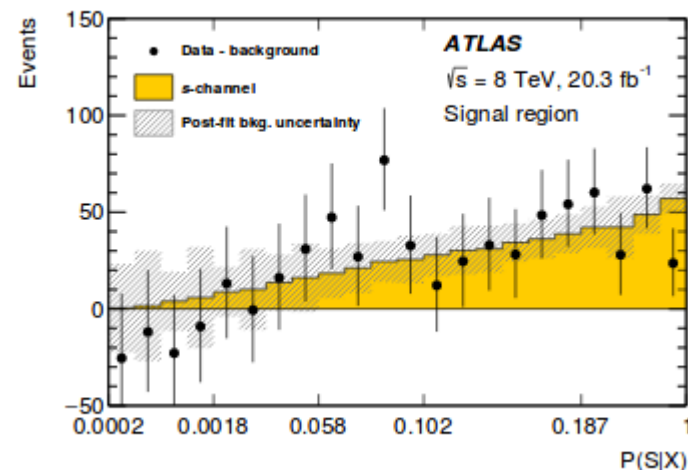
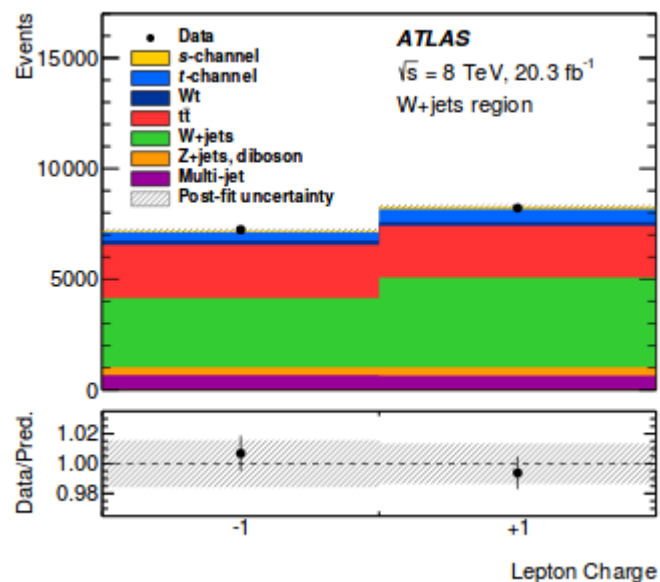
Uncertainty source	$\Delta A_{\text{FB}}^{\ell} \times 10^2$
Statistical uncertainty	± 2.6
Simulation statistics	± 1.7
Luminosity	< 0.1
Background normalisation	± 0.5
E_T^{miss} reconstruction	$+0.9$ -0.1
Lepton reconstruction	$+1.0$ -0.4
Jet reconstruction	± 2.1
Jet energy scale	$+1.3$ -1.2
Jet flavour tagging	± 0.9
PDF	± 0.2
$t\bar{t}$ generator	± 2.3
$t\bar{t}$ parton shower	± 0.6
$t\bar{t}$ scales	± 0.2
Wt , s -channel generator	± 1.0
Wt , s -channel scales	± 0.9
t -channel NLO generator	± 1.4
t -channel LO-NLO generator	± 1.5
t -channel parton shower	± 0.5
t -channel scales	± 1.1
W +jets, multijet modelling	$+1.9$ -2.4
Total systematic uncertainty	$+5.4$ -5.4

Uncertainty source	$\Delta A_{\text{FB}}^N \times 10^2$
Statistical uncertainty	± 2.2
Simulation statistics	± 1.3
Luminosity	< 0.1
Background normalisation	± 0.4
E_T^{miss} reconstruction	$+0.3$ -0.4
Lepton reconstruction	$+0.1$ -0.2
Jet reconstruction	± 0.8
Jet energy scale	$+0.9$ -0.8
Jet flavour tagging	± 0.2
PDF	± 0.1
$t\bar{t}$ generator	± 0.2
$t\bar{t}$ parton shower	± 1.5
$t\bar{t}$ scales	± 0.3
Wt , s -channel generator	± 0.2
Wt , s -channel scales	± 0.6
t -channel NLO generator	± 0.3
t -channel LO-NLO generator	± 0.5
t -channel parton shower	± 0.7
t -channel scales	± 0.9
W +jets, multijet modelling	$+0.7$ -0.6
Total systematic uncertainty	$+2.9$ -2.9

- Main systematics: $t\bar{t}$ modelling, jet calibration, MC statistics.

Backup: s-channel total measurement @ 8 TeV.

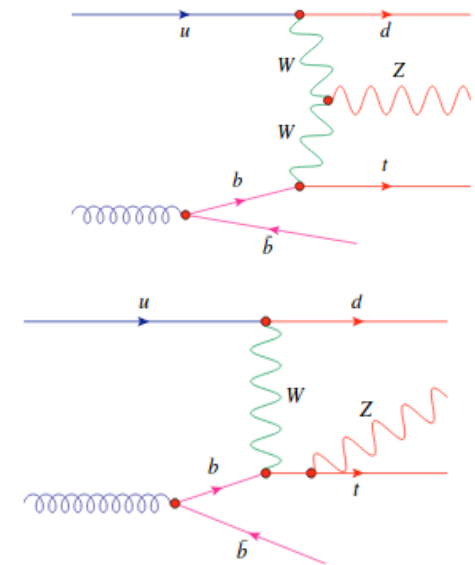
- Lepton charge distribution in control region used to better constraint W+jets from other backgrounds.



- Main systematics:
 - MC statistics (12%).
 - jet energy resolution (12%).
 - t-channel modelling (11%).

EVENT SELECTION:

Common selections			
exactly 3 leptons with $ \eta < 2.5$ and $p_T > 15$ GeV $p_T(\ell_1) > 28$ GeV, $p_T(\ell_2) > 25$ GeV, $p_T(\ell_3) > 15$ GeV $p_T(\text{jet}) > 30$ GeV $m_T(\ell_W, \nu) > 20$ GeV			
SR	Diboson VR / CR	$t\bar{t}$ VR	$t\bar{t}$ CR
≥ 1 OSSF Pair	≥ 1 OSSF Pair	≥ 1 OSSF Pair	≥ 1 OSOF Pair
$ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z < 10$ GeV	$ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z < 10$ GeV	$ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z > 10$ GeV	—
= 2 jets, $ \eta < 4.5$	= 1 jet, $ \eta < 4.5$	= 2 jets, $ \eta < 4.5$	= 2 jets, $ \eta < 4.5$
= 1 b -jet, $ \eta < 2.5$	—	= 1 b -jet, $ \eta < 2.5$	= 1 b -jet, $ \eta < 2.5$
—	VR/CR: $m_T(\ell_W, \nu) > 20/60$ GeV	—	—



UNCERTAINTIES:

Source	Uncertainty [%]
tZq radiation	± 10.8
Jets	± 4.6
Luminosity	± 3.2
b -tagging	± 2.9
MC statistics	± 2.8
Leptons	± 2.1
tZq PDF	± 1.2
E_T^{miss}	± 0.3