

Bundesministerium

für Bildung und Forschung

#### Identification of boosted hadronically decaying particles with jet substructure in ATLAS Run-2

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on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration



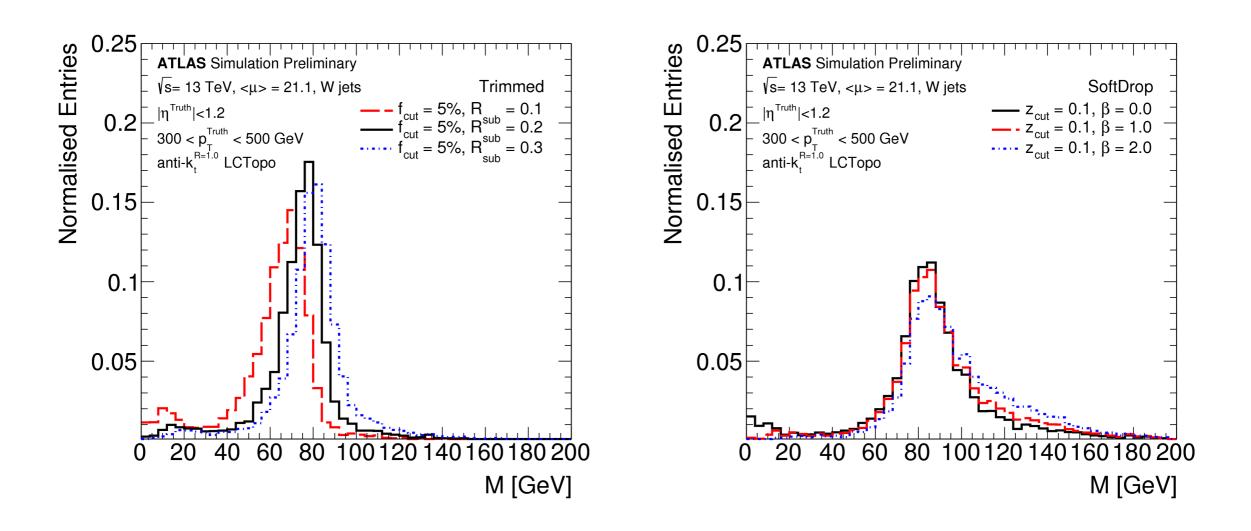
#### Introduction

- Large-R jets played a major role in ATLAS Run-1
  - Analyses pushed into more boosted regimes
- Many new developments in Run-2
  - New jet reconstruction methods
  - Improved heavy resonance tagging
- Wide range of uses in ATLAS analyses
  - Many more uses of boosted topologies in Run-2

# Developments related to large-R jets

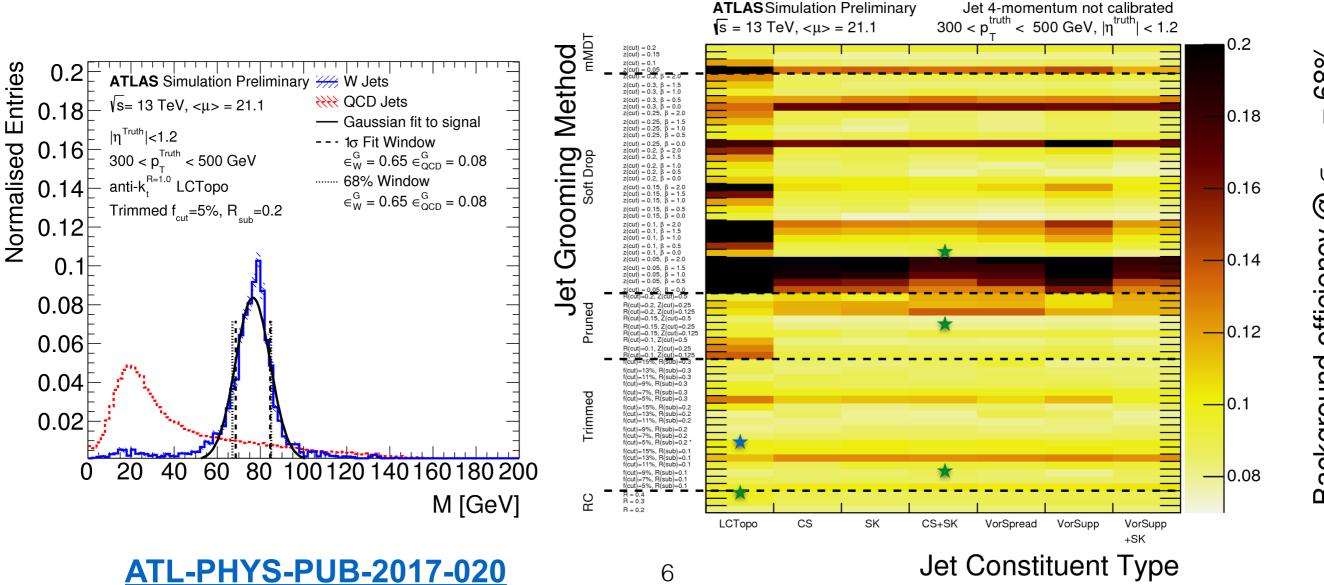
- Multi-dimensional optimization of jet algorithms
  - Input objects and grooming techniques

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  - Input objects and grooming techniques
  - Differences in jet observables

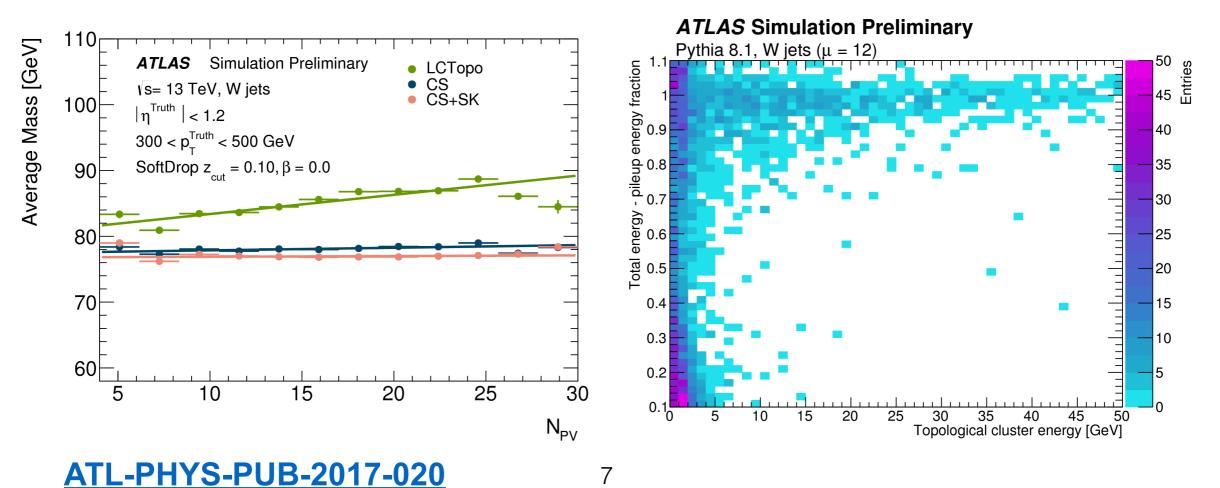


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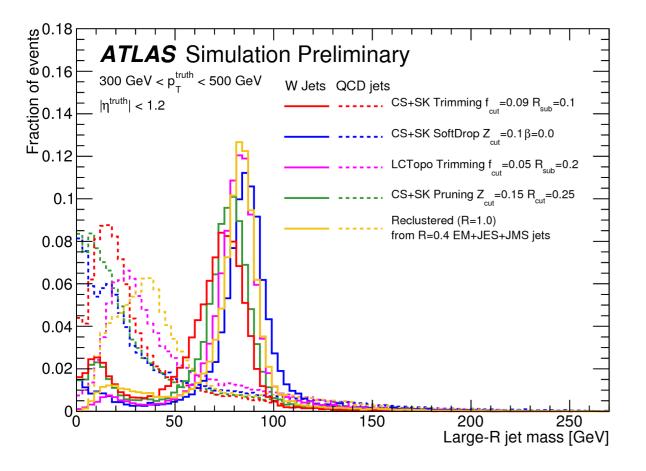
- Multi-dimensional optimization of jet algorithms
  - Input objects and grooming techniques
  - Background rejection



- Multi-dimensional optimization of jet algorithms
  - Input objects and grooming techniques
  - Pileup mitigation
    - W mass, width and  $D_2$  measured vs <µ>
    - Constituent-level pileup mitigation already works well



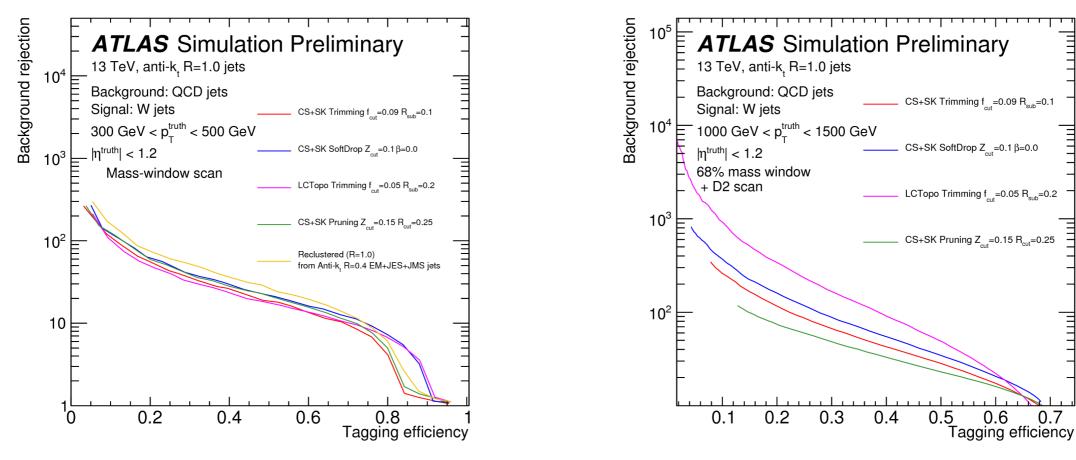
- Comparison of 5 different optimized configurations
  - Calibrations derived and applied



Constit Sub + SoftKiller	Soft Drop	$z_{cut} = 0.1, \beta = 0$
Constit Sub + SoftKiller	Pruning	$z_{cut} = 0.15, R_{cut} = 0.25$
Constit Sub + SoftKiller	Trimming	$R_{sub} = 0.1, f_{cut} = 9\%$
LCTopo	Trimming	$R_{sub} = 0.2, f_{cut} = 5\%$
EMTopo	Reclustering	$R = 0.4$ , $f_{cut} = 5\%$

#### ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-020

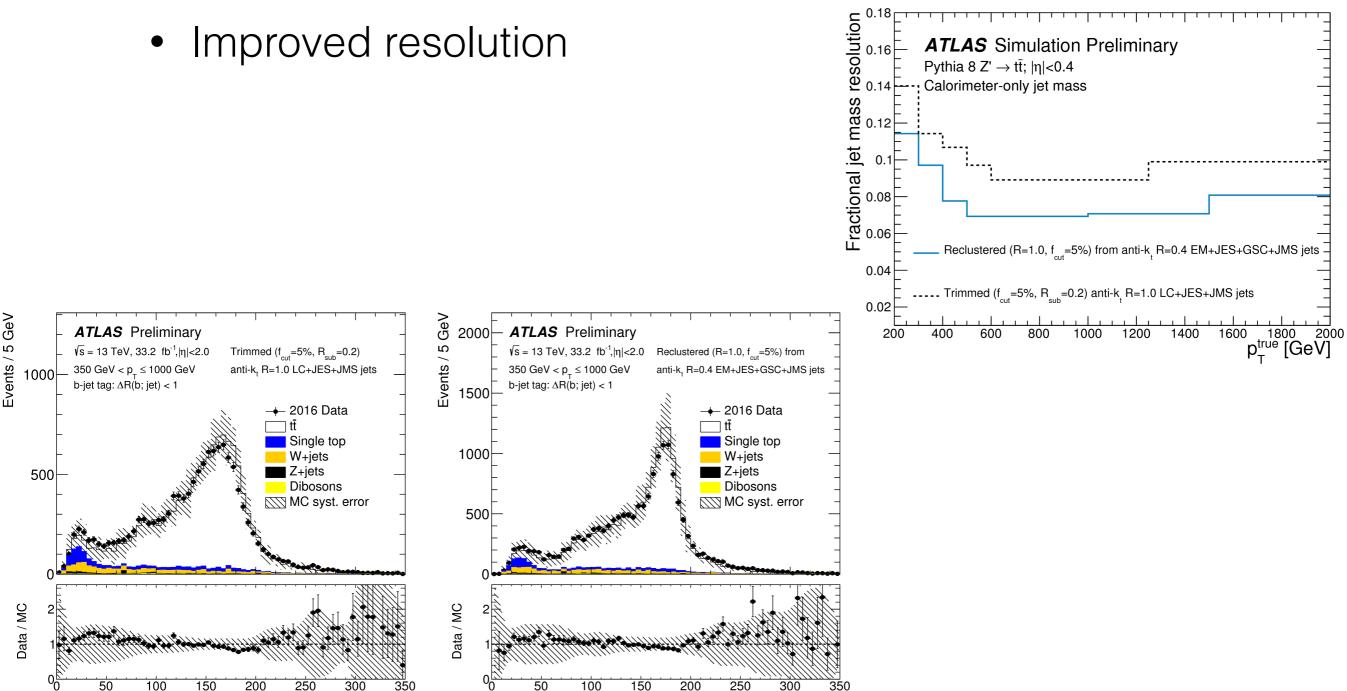
- Comparison of 5 different optimized configurations
  - Tagging performance comparisons
- Trade-off between mass and substructure tagging
- Current grooming optimal for mass+D<sub>2</sub> tagging
- Soft-drop optimal for mass-only tagging



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• Use calibrated R = 0.4 jets to build large-R jets

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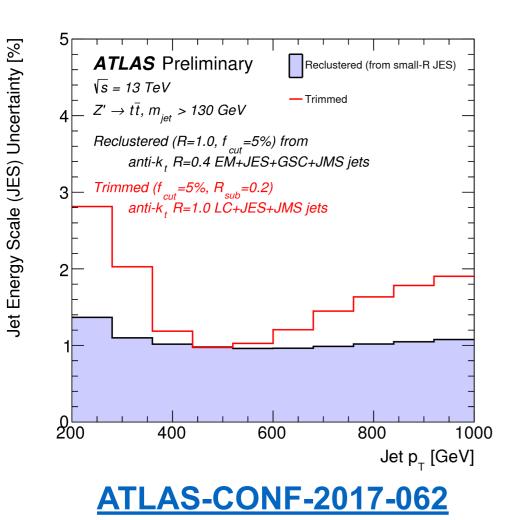
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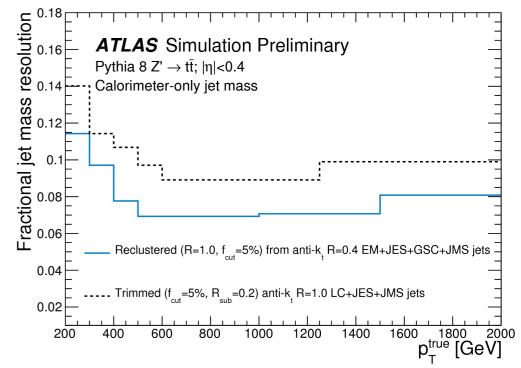
Trimmed jet mass [GeV]

350

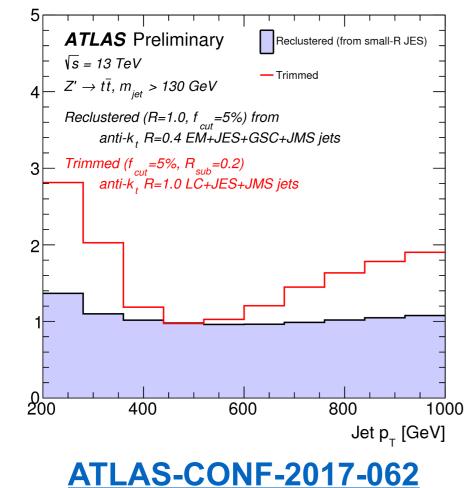
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- Use calibrated R = 0.4 jets to build large-R jets
  - Improved resolution
  - Lower systematic uncertainties
    - Propagated from R = 0.4 jets

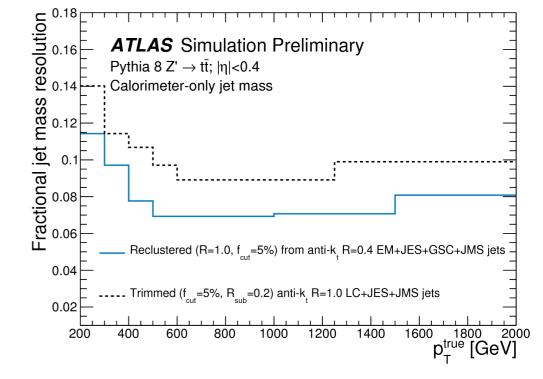




- Use calibrated R = 0.4 jets to build large-R jets
  - Improved resolution
  - Lower systematic uncertainties
    - Propagated from R = 0.4 jets
- Used in many ATLAS analyses



Jet Energy Scale (JES) Uncertainty [%]

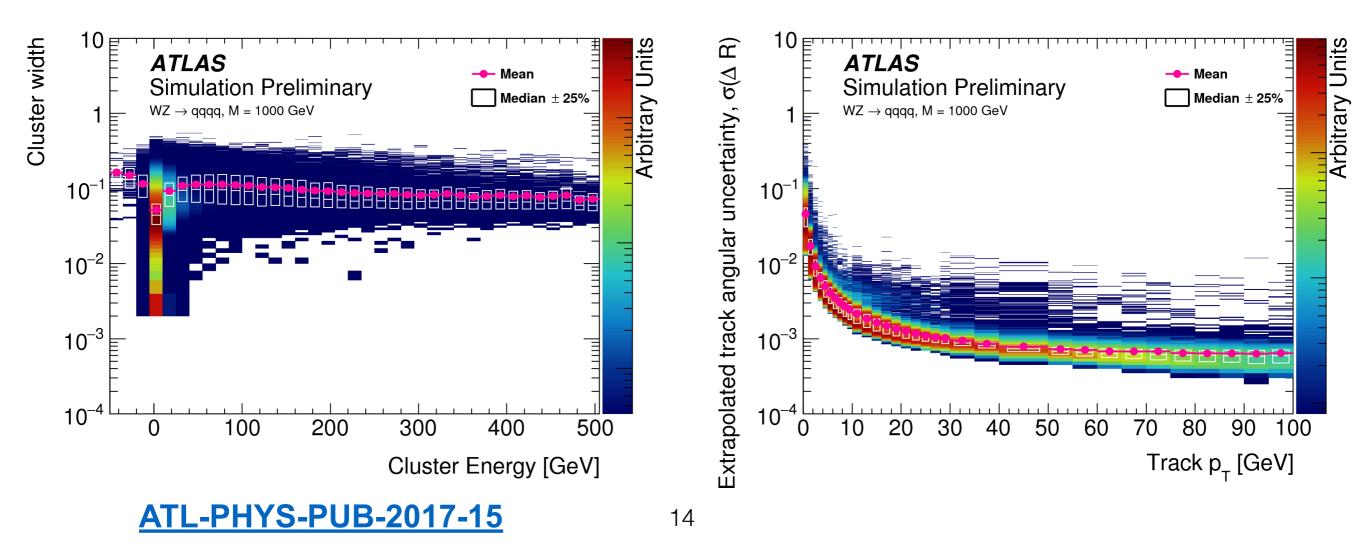


SUSY multijet	JHEP12 (2017) 034	Anti- $k_t R = 1.0$
SUSY multi b-jet	arXiv:1711.01901	Anti-k <sub>t</sub> R = 0.8
SUSY stop 0 lep	JHEP 12 (2017) 085	Anti- $k_t R = 0.8$ and 1.2
SUSY stop 1 lep	arXiv:1711.11520	Anti- $k_t R \le 3.0$ (variable)
VLT pairs 1 lep	JHEP 08 (2017) 052	Anti- $k_t R = 1.0$
tt resonances	ATLAS-CONF-2016-104	Anti- $k_t R = 1.0$

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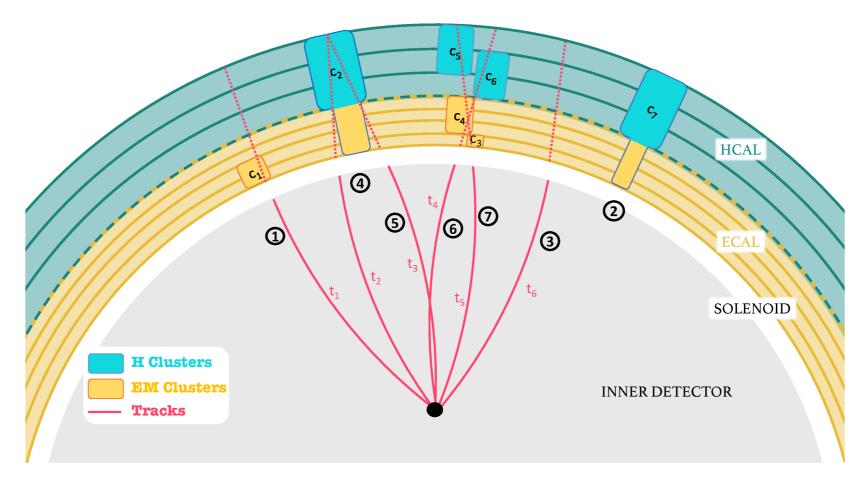
#### Track-CaloClusters

- Novel jet inputs using tracker and calorimeter
  - Shorthand: TCC
  - Calorimeter granularity is too coarse for boosted objects
  - Tracks included for their much better angular resolution



#### Track-CaloClusters

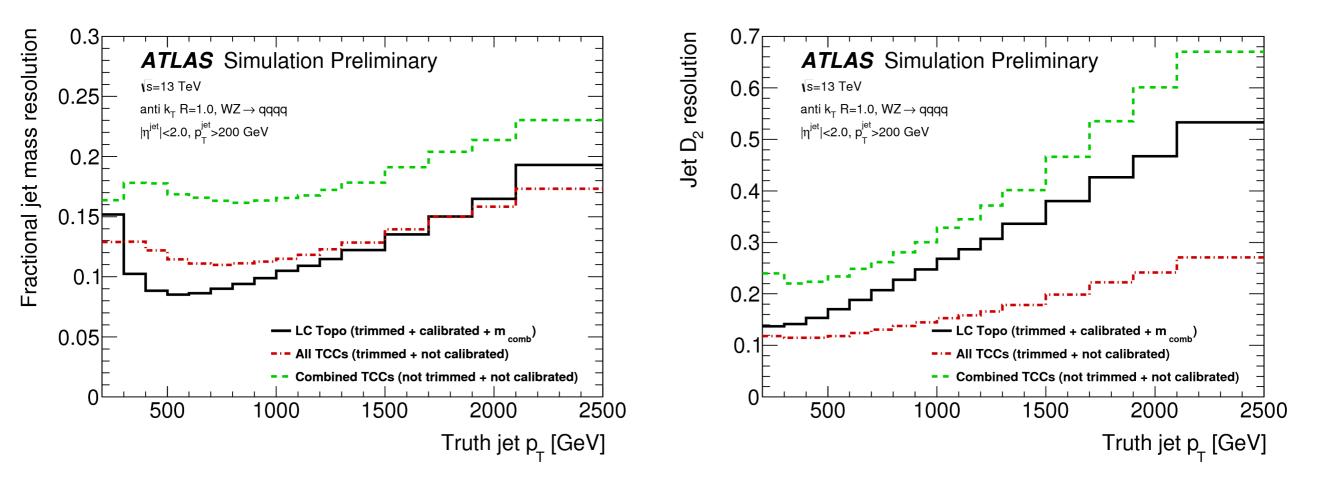
- Novel jet inputs using tracker and calorimeter
  - Tracks matched to topological clusters
  - Position from tracks and energy from clusters
  - Combined TCC: contain a cluster and  $\geq 1$  good track(s)



#### ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-15

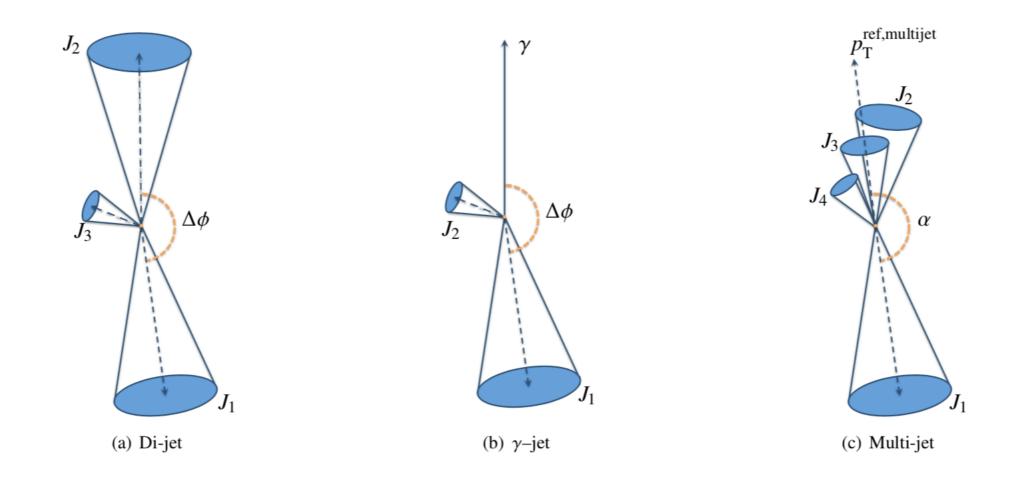
#### Track-CaloClusters

- Novel jet inputs using tracker and calorimeter
- Improved performance compared to standard jets
- New pileup suppression possible under study
- Used in ongoing ATLAS analyses



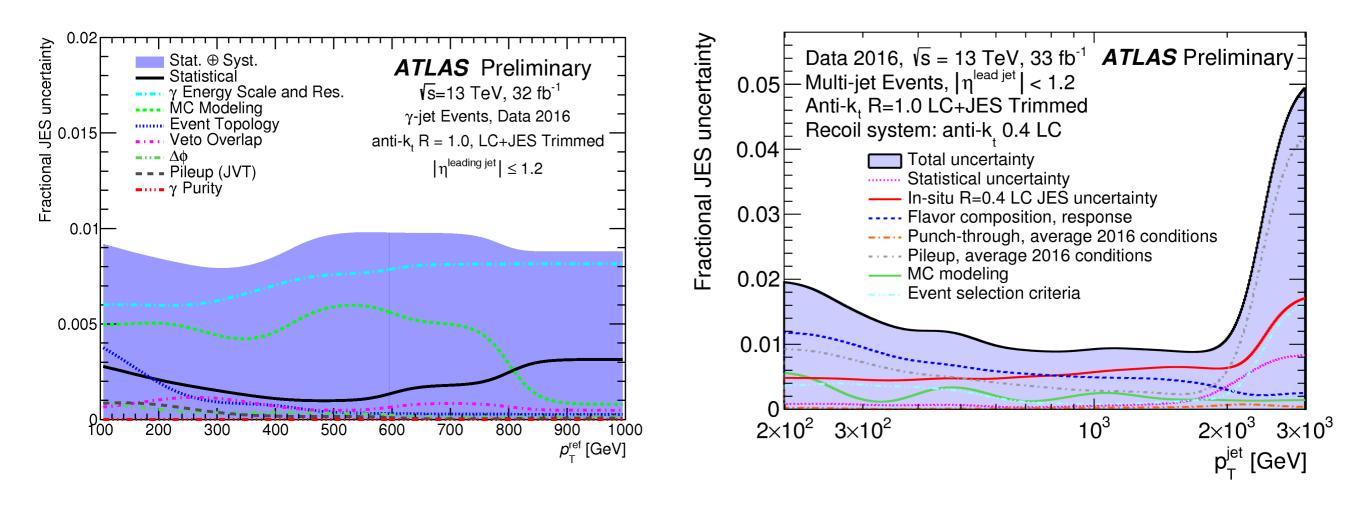
#### ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-15

- In-situ methods used to derive large-R jet uncertainties
  - Jet Energy Scale: Jet balance method



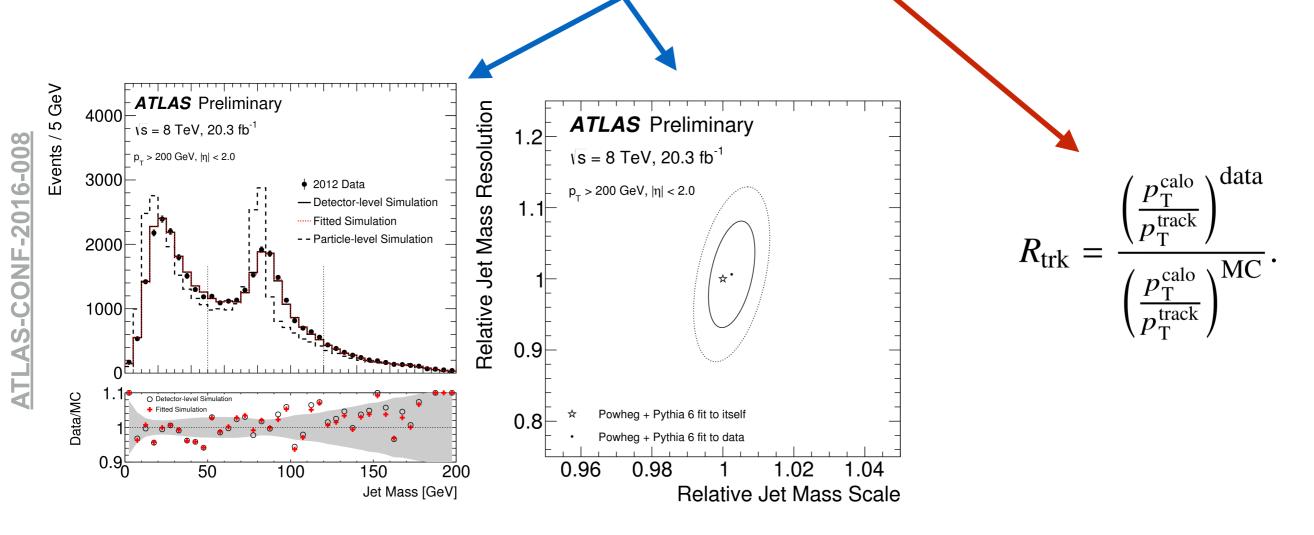
#### ATLAS-CONF-2017-063

- In-situ methods used to derive large-R jet uncertainties
  - Jet Energy Scale: Jet balance method

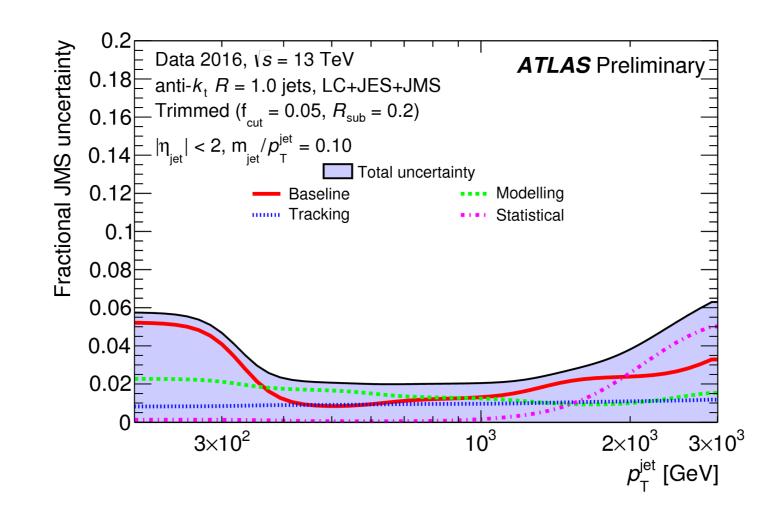


ATLAS-CONF-2017-063

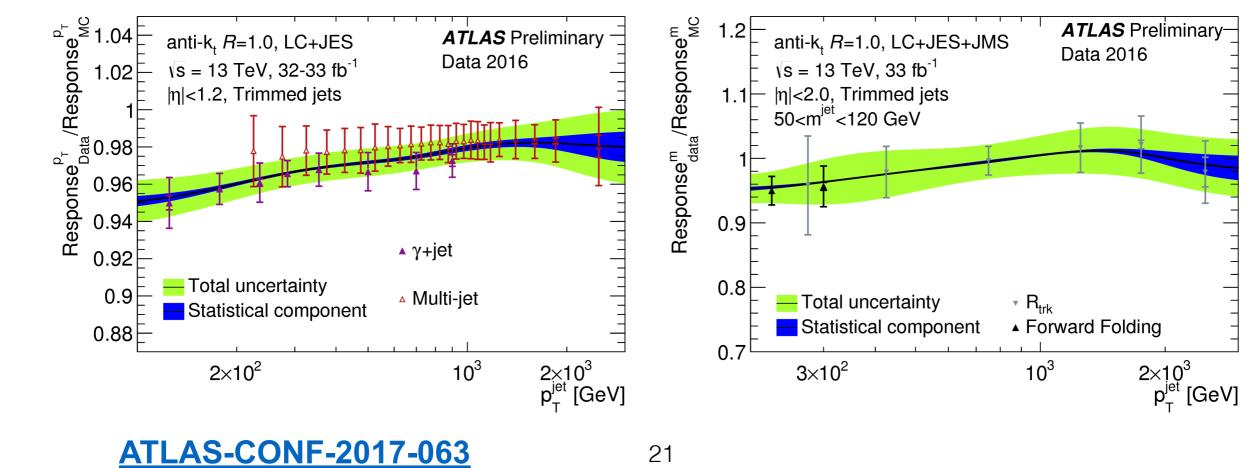
- In-situ methods used to derive large-R jet uncertainties
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  - Jet Mass Scale: Forward folding and Rtrk methods



- In-situ methods used to derive large-R jet uncertainties
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  - Jet Mass Scale: Forward folding and  $R_{trk}$  methods



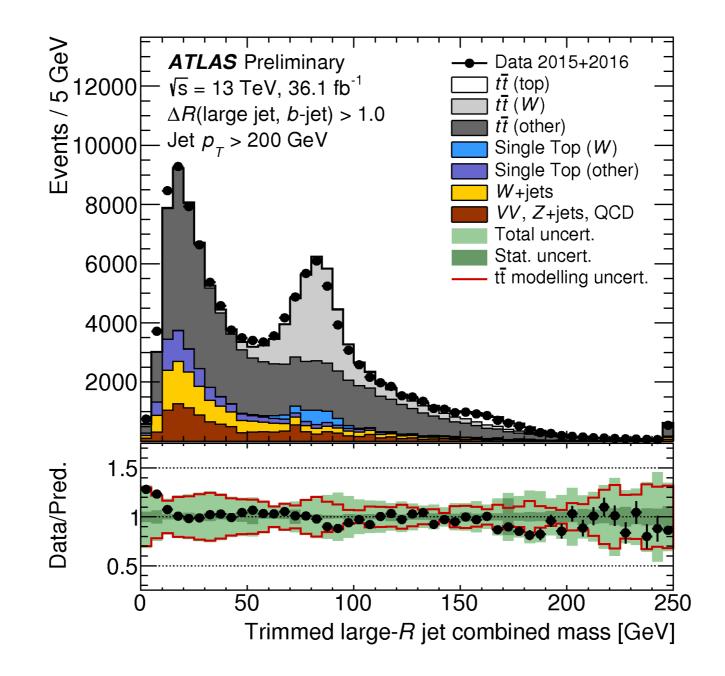
- In-situ methods used to derive large-R jet uncertainties lacksquare
  - Jet Energy Scale: Jet balance method
  - Jet Mass Scale: Forward folding and Rtrk methods
- Combined uncertainties constrained to < 5%



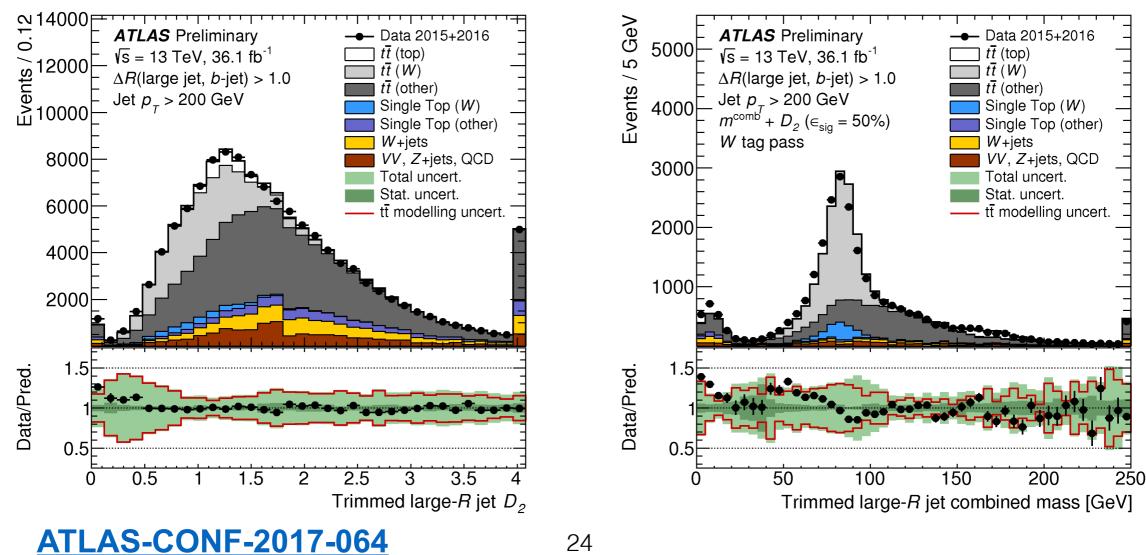
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# Tagging heavy resonances

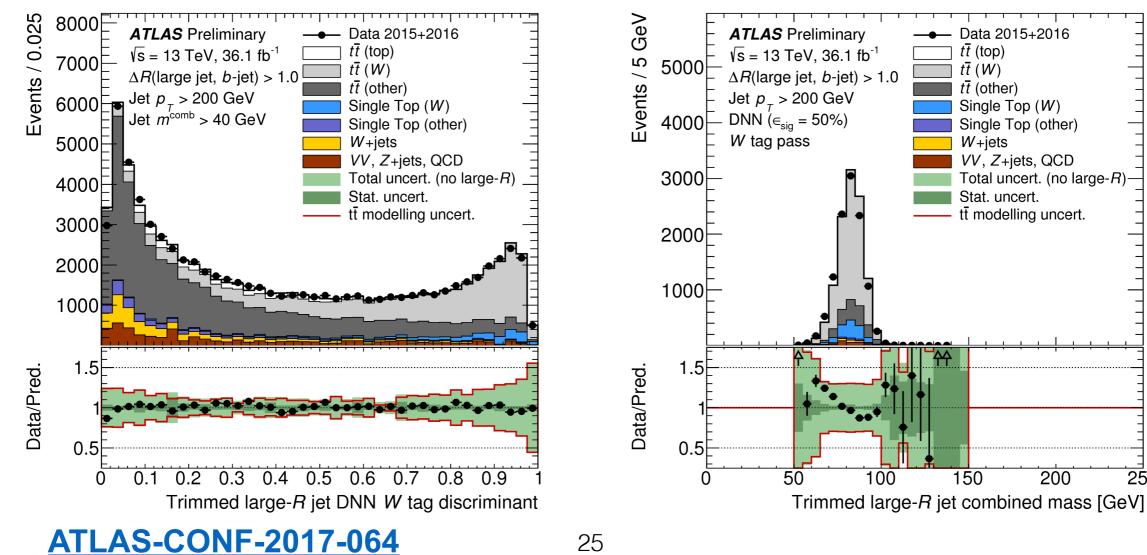
• Identify large-R jets as boosted hadronic W decays



- Identify large-R jets as boosted hadronic W decays
- Comparison of three different tagging techniques
  - Mass/D<sub>2</sub>
  - In-situ comparisons show good modeling in data

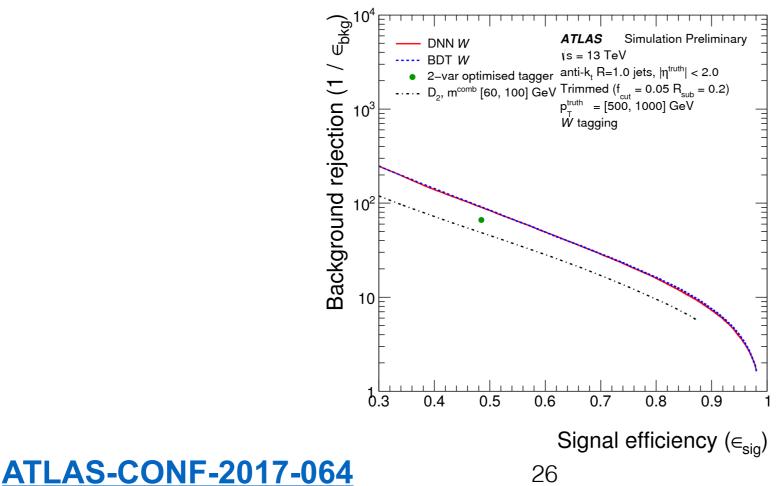


- Identify large-R jets as boosted hadronic W decays
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  - Mass/D<sub>2</sub>, BDT, DNN
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250

- Identify large-R jets as boosted hadronic W decays
- Comparison of three different tagging techniques
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  - In-situ comparisons show good modeling in data
- BDT and DNN give improved performance



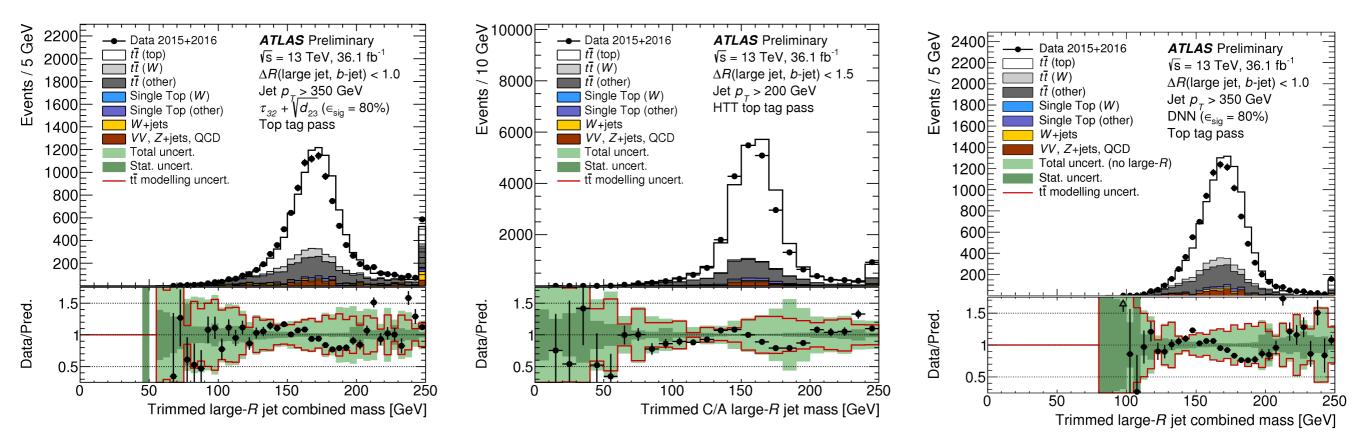
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- BDT and DNN give improved performance
- Used in many ATLAS analyses

VV→lvqq	JHEP 03 (2018) 042	
VV→4q	Phys. Lett. B 777 (2017) 91	
VH→qqbb	Phys. Lett. B 774 (2017) 494	

#### ATLAS-CONF-2017-064

#### Top quark tagging

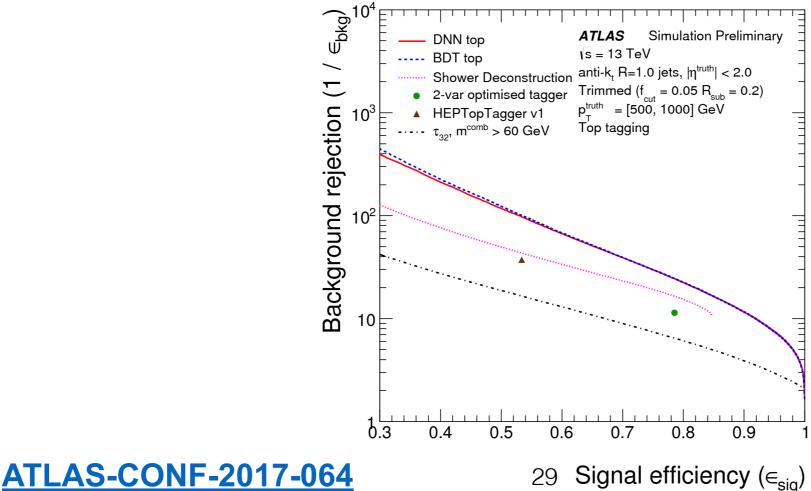
- Identify large-R jets as boosted hadronic top decays
- Comparison of six different tagging techniques
  - Mass/τ<sub>32</sub>(/split<sub>12</sub>), BDT, DNN, shower deconstruction, HTT
  - In-situ comparisons show good modeling in data



ATLAS-CONF-2017-064

### Top quark tagging

- Identify large-R jets as boosted hadronic top decays
- Comparison of six different tagging techniques
  - Mass/ $\tau_{32}$ (/split<sub>12</sub>), BDT, DNN, shower deconstruction, HTT
  - In-situ comparisons show good modeling in data
- BDT and DNN give the best performance



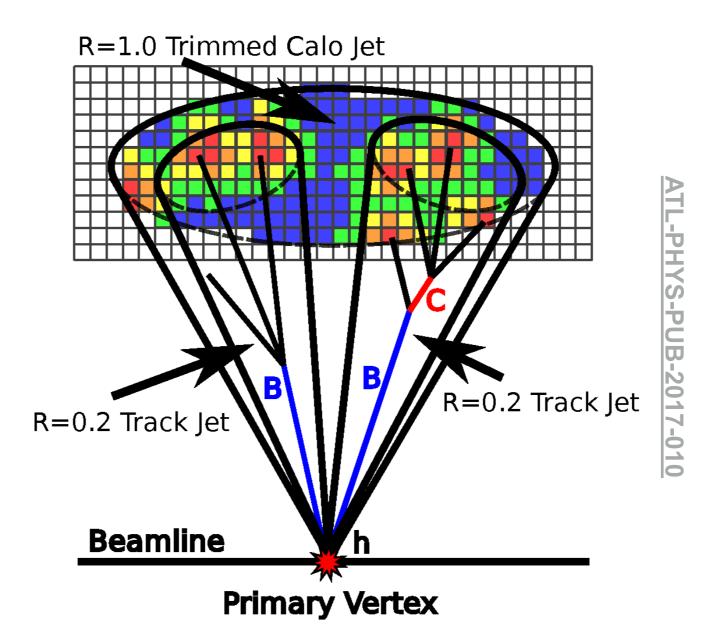
### Top quark tagging

- Identify large-R jets as boosted hadronic top decays
- Comparison of six different tagging techniques
  - Mass/ $\tau_{32}$ (/split\_12), BDT, DNN, shower deconstruction, HTT
  - In-situ comparisons show good modeling in data
- BDT and DNN give the best performance
- Used in ongoing and published ATLAS analyses

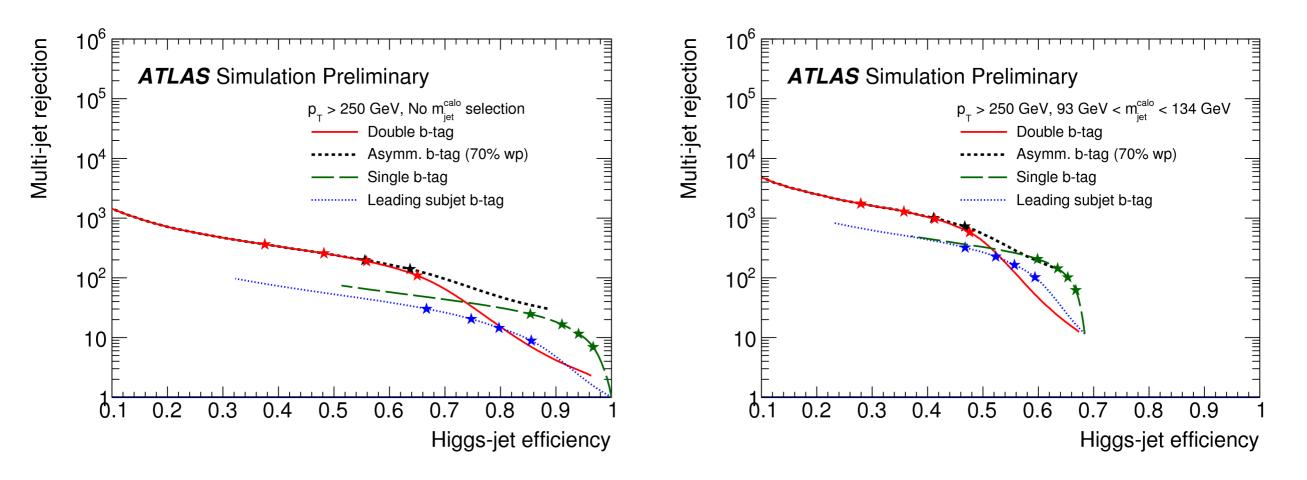
tt diff xsec arXiv:1801.02052



• Identify large-R jets as boosted H→bb decays



- Identify large-R jets as boosted H→bb decays
  - Match b-tagged R = 0.2 track jets to large-R jet
  - Higgs mass requirement
  - Use D<sub>2</sub> to identify 2-prong decay

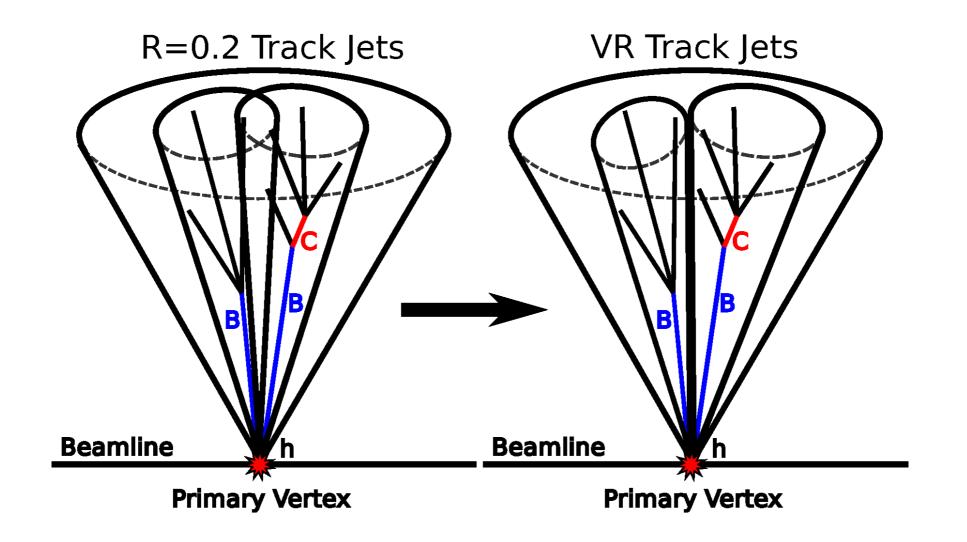


ATLAS-CONF-2016-039

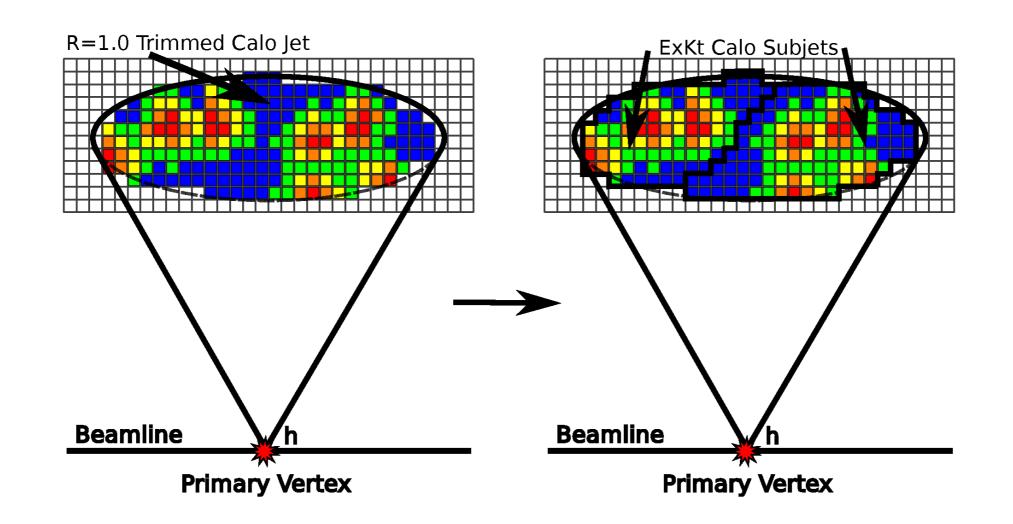
- Identify large-R jets as boosted H→bb decays
  - Match b-tagged R = 0.2 track jets to large-R jet
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  - Use D<sub>2</sub> to identify 2-prong decay
- Used in many ATLAS analyses

DM + H→bb	JHEP12 (2017) 034
XH→ddpp	Phys.Lett. B779 (2018) 24-45
HH→4b	Phys. Rev. D 94 (2016) 052002

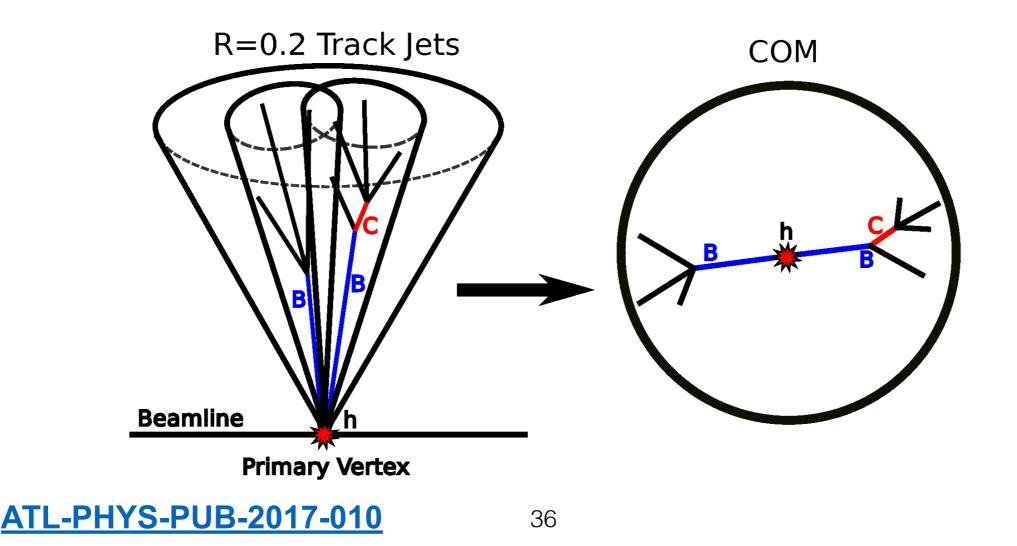
- Additional techniques to improve H→bb tagging
  - Variable-R track jets



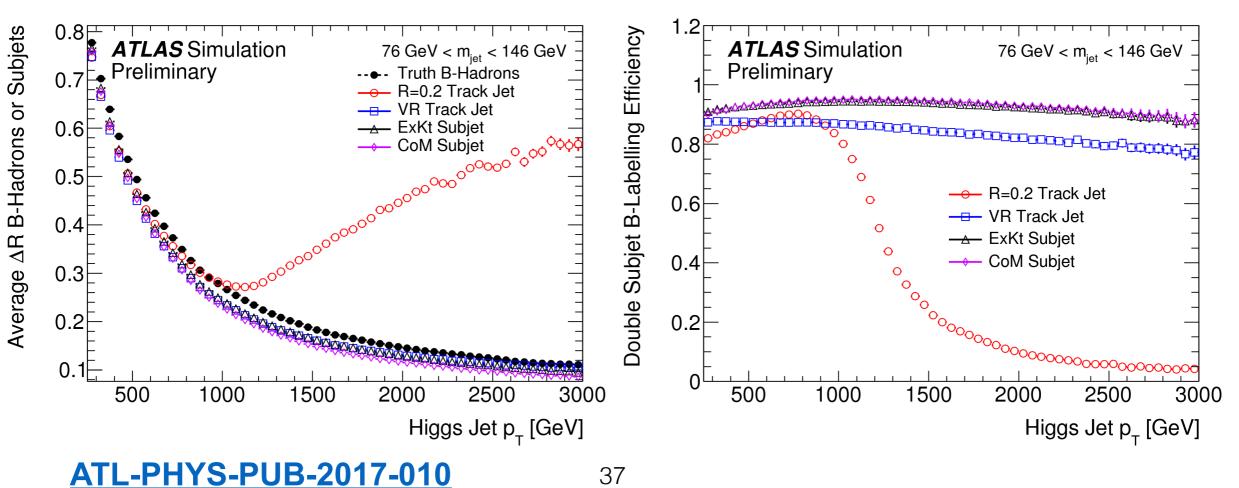
- Additional techniques to improve H→bb tagging
  - Variable-R track jets
  - Exclusive kt calorimeter subjets



- Additional techniques to improve H→bb tagging
  - Variable-R track jets
  - Exclusive kt calorimeter subjets
  - Center of mass subjet reconstruction



- Additional techniques to improve H→bb tagging
  - Variable-R track jets
  - Exclusive kt calorimeter subjets
  - Center of mass subjet reconstruction
- Improvements in tagging performance



- Additional techniques to improve H→bb tagging
  - Variable-R track jets
  - Exclusive kt calorimeter subjets
  - Center of mass subjet reconstruction
- Improvements in tagging performance
- Search for further improvements continues...

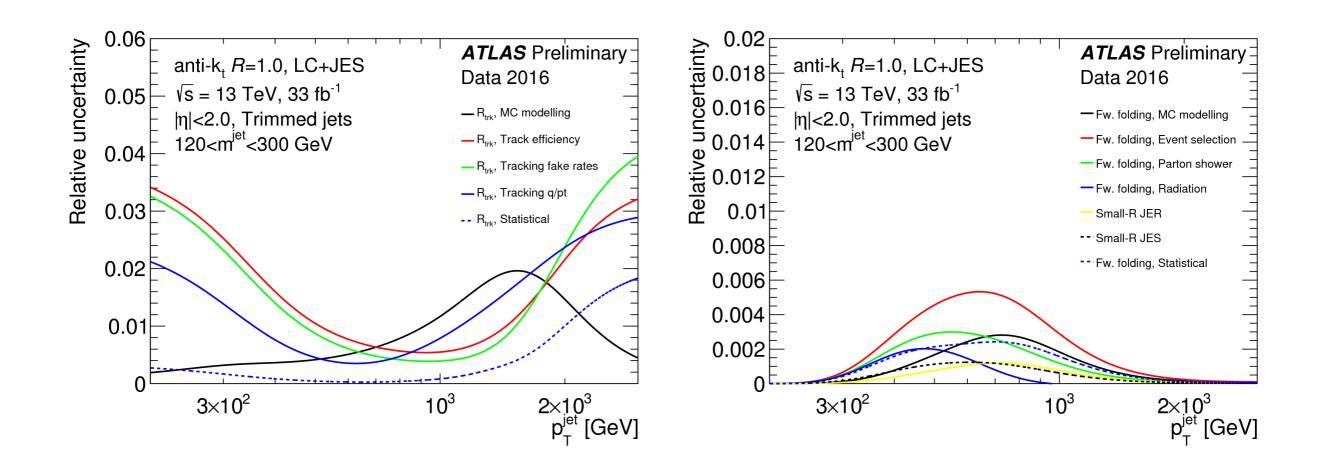
#### Conclusions and Outlook

- Many new developments related to large-R jets
  - Improved large-R jet modeling and reconstruction
  - Techniques to identify heavy resonances
- Development continues as analyses rely more on boosted techniques to push limits to higher mass points
- Boosted topologies will become even more important with higher energy collisions
- Many more improvements on the way...

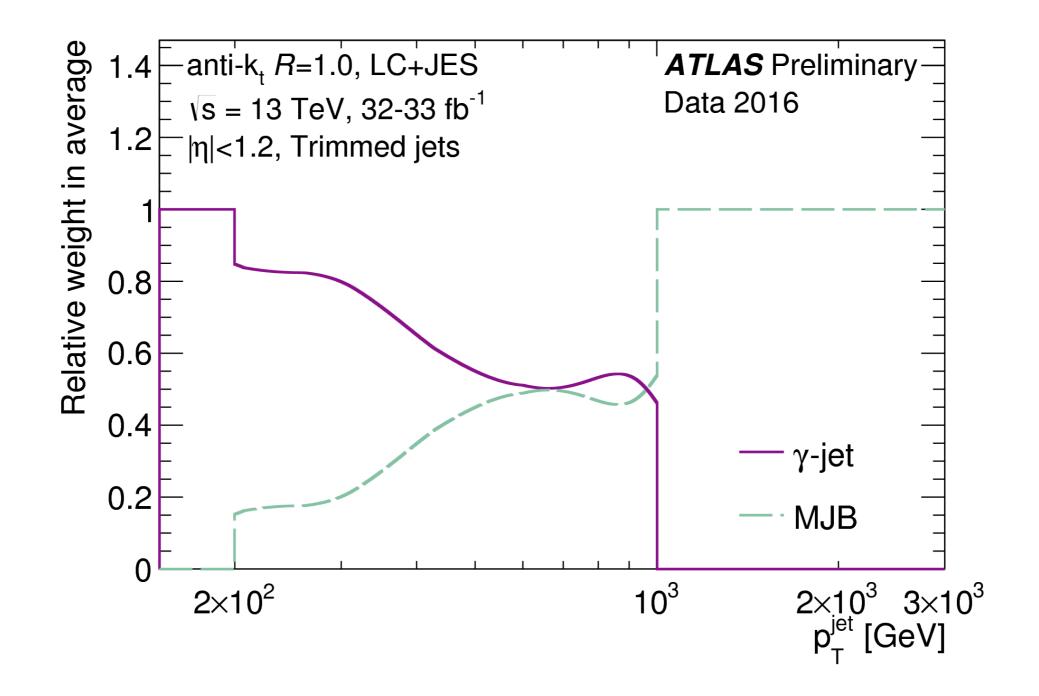
# Thank you for your attention

#### Backup slides

Comparison of R<sub>trk</sub> and forward folding results

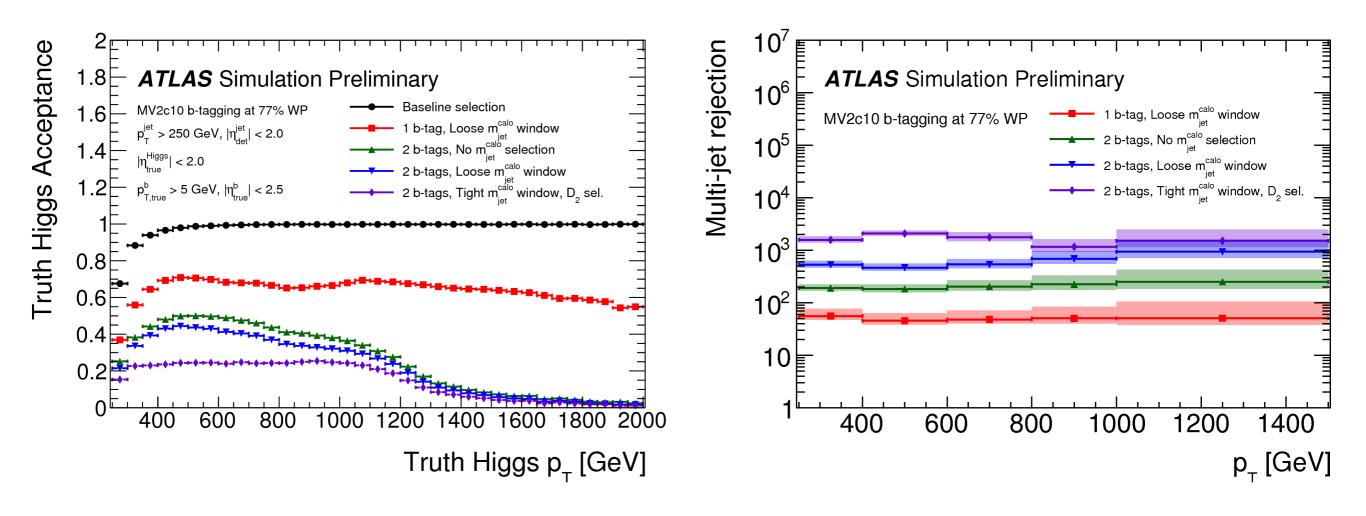


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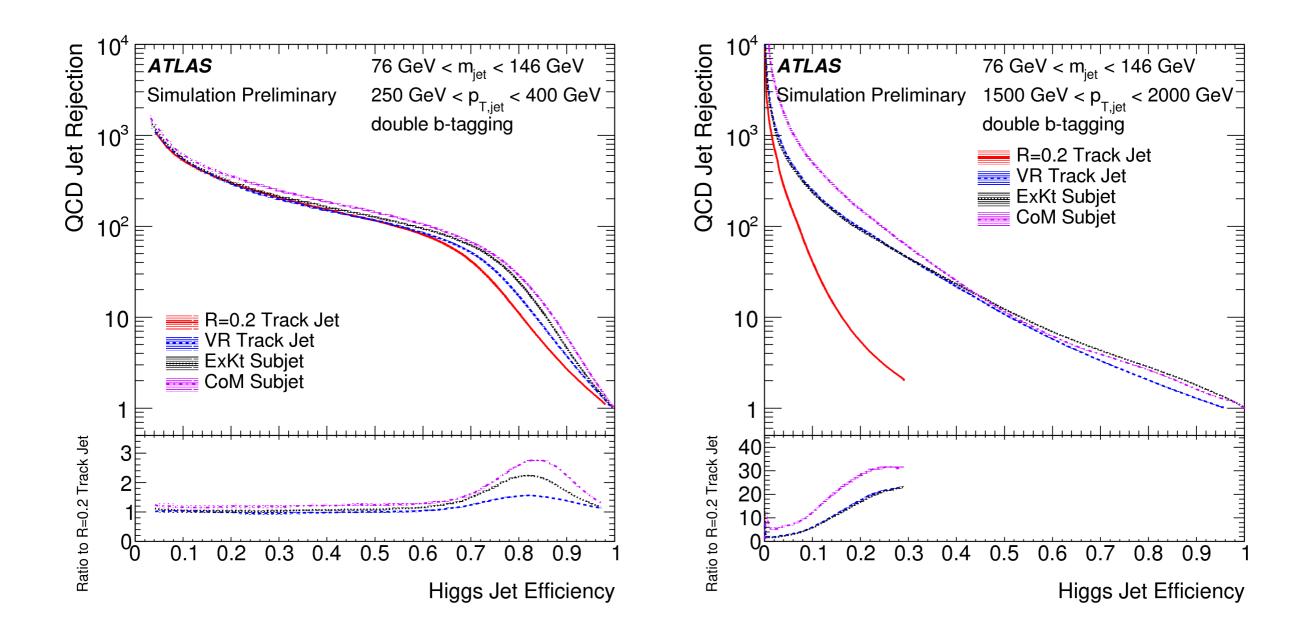


ATLAS-CONF-2017-063

Comparison of cut levels



ATLAS-CONF-2016-039



#### ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-010