W Measurements at PHENIX

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For the PHENIX collaboration

Outline

Introduction

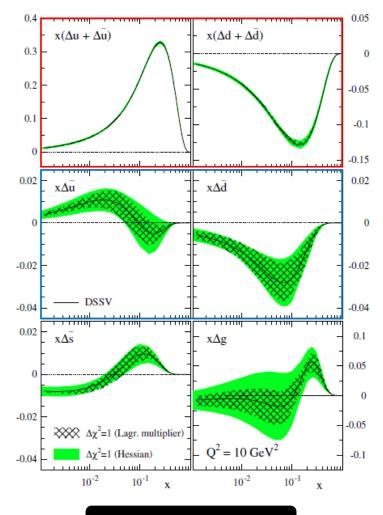
- Motivation
- RHIC and PHENIX
- Recent longitudinal spin runs

W Measurements at PHENIX

- W → e at midrapidity
- $W \rightarrow \mu$ at forward rapidity

Summary

Introduction Motivation



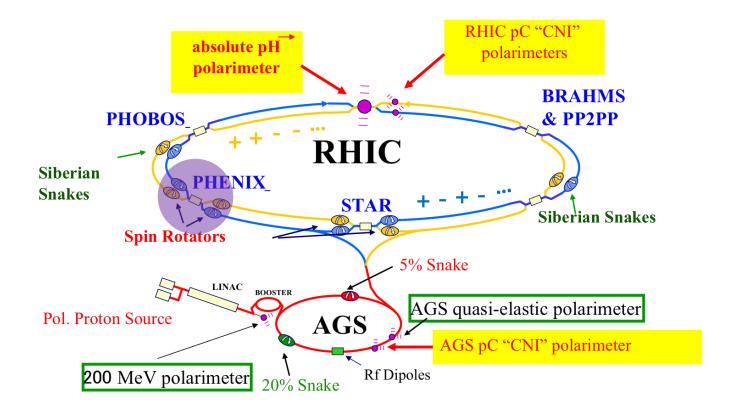
PRD80. 034030 (2009)

• Jaffe-Manohar spin sum rule

$$- S_p = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma + \Delta G + L_z$$

- ΔΣ?
 - $(\Delta q + \Delta \overline{q})$: well constrained down to $x \sim 10^{-3}$, thanks to DIS
 - Δq̄:
 <u>poorly constrained</u> with large uncertainty,
 mainly originated from <u>fragmentation functions</u>
 → RHIC: fragmentation free W decay leptons
- ΔG?
 - Barely accessible via DIS / Limited access via SIDIS
 - Substantial non-zero contribution discovered at RHIC:
 - a. STAR Jet A_{LL} (PRL115, 092002)
 - b. PHENIX midrapidity π^0 A_{LL} (PRD93, 011501)

Introduction RHIC and PHENIX

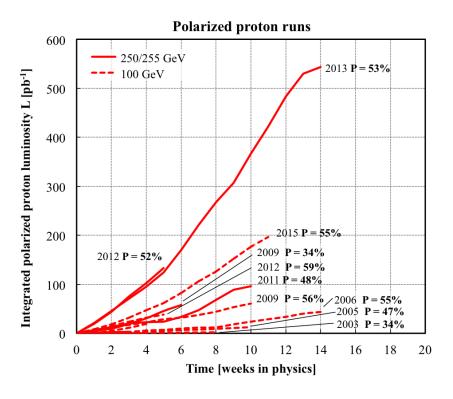


RHIC @ Brookhaven Lab., NY

- Polarized p + p @ Vs = 62.5 to 510 (GeV)
- Maximum average polarization ($\langle P \rangle$) \approx 60 (%)

5 / 14

Introduction Recent longitudinal spin runs at RHIC



Year	√s (GeV)	Int. <i>L</i> (pb ⁻¹)	〈 <i>P</i> 〉 (%)	FoM $(L \cdot \langle P \rangle^2)$
09	200	15.6	56 / 57	4.98
	500	14.0	33 / 36	1.66
11	500	27.6	48 / 48	6.36
12	510	53	56 / 58	17.21
13	510	285	54 / 55	84.65

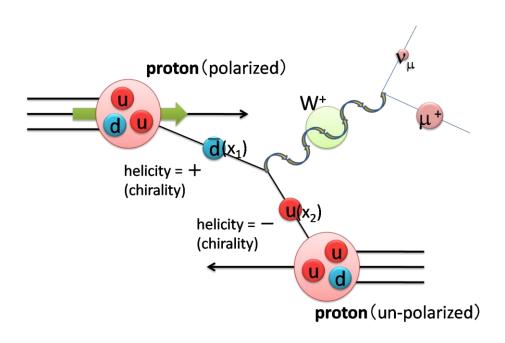
- * Int. L: MinBias with no vertex cut at PHENIX
- * Int. L: MinBias with 40 cm vertex cut

PHENIX RUN11 - RUN13

- Top 3 highest FoM years for all longitudinal spin runs
- Forward detector upgrade completed at 2012

W Measurements at PHENIX

A_I via W decay leptons



$$A_{L} = \frac{\Delta \sigma}{\sigma} = \frac{\sigma_{+} - \sigma_{-}}{\sigma_{+} + \sigma_{-}}$$

$$A_{L}^{W+} = \frac{-\Delta u(x_{1})\bar{d}(x_{2}) + \Delta \bar{d}(x_{1})u(x_{2})}{u(x_{1})\bar{d}(x_{2}) + \bar{d}(x_{1})u(x_{2})}$$

$$\mathsf{A}_{\mathsf{L}}^{W^{-}} = \frac{-\Delta d(x_{1})\overline{u}(x_{2}) + \Delta \overline{u}(x_{1})d(x_{2})}{d(x_{1})\overline{u}(x_{2}) + \overline{u}(x_{1})d(x_{2})}$$

technically,

$$A_{L}^{W} = \frac{1}{P} \frac{N_{+} - RN_{-}}{N_{+} + RN_{-}}$$

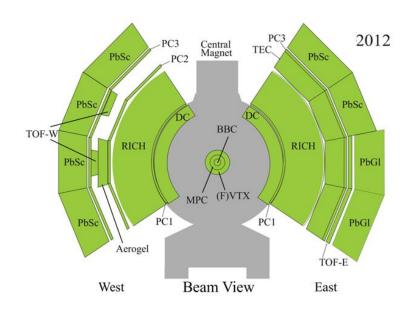
- P: avg. polarization of each beam
- N+ (N-): yields in same (opposite) helicity
- $R\left(\frac{L++}{L+-}\right)$: relative luminosity

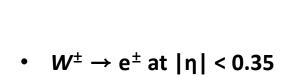
A_L (single longitudinal spin asymmetry) measurement at PHENIX

- Midrapidity ($|\eta|$ < 0.35): W^{\pm} → e^{\pm}
- Forward rapidity (1.2 < $|\eta|$ < 2.2 / 2.4): $W^{\pm} \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}$

40 45 50 p_T [GeV/c]

$W^{\pm} \rightarrow e^{\pm}$ PHENIX Midrapidity





10

60000 50000

40000

30000

20000

10000

Central Arms

- $|\eta| < 0.35, \Delta \varphi = \frac{\pi}{2} \times 2$
- Tracking: DC, PC
- pID: RICH, ToF
- EMCal: PbGl, PbSc

- Distinct Jacobian peak
- Triggered by energy
- Momentum measurement by energy

15 20

Charge determination by tracking in B-field

 $|\eta| < 1.0$

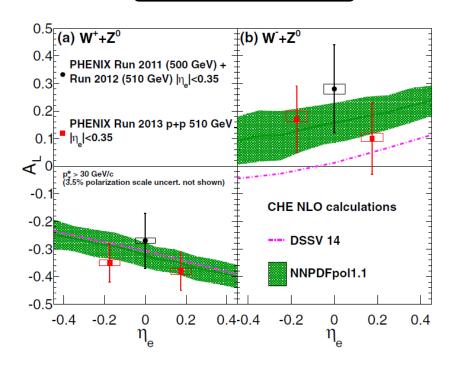
25 30

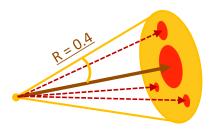
35

$W^{\pm} \rightarrow e^{\pm}$ Analysis and Results

– Data Uncertainty in Data Jacobian peak with GPR fit (a) 10³ background $\mathsf{W}^{\pm\!\!/}\,\mathsf{Z} o \mathsf{e}^{\pm}$ Background dN/dp_T^e [(GeV/c)⁻¹] e⁺ (data-fit)/σ 10 20 40 50 60 40 50 60 30 pe [GeV/c] p_T [GeV/c]

PRD93, 051103 (2016)



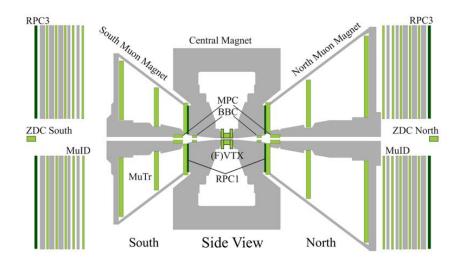


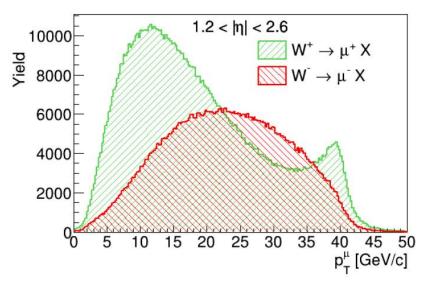
 $\frac{E_{cone} - E_{candiate}}{E_{candiate}} < 10 \, (\%)$

• $W^{\pm}/Z^{0} \rightarrow e^{\pm}$, A_{L} with integrated RUN11-13 data

- Vs = 500 (11) / 510 (12, 13) GeV, total Int. $L = 240 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Signal extraction via charge isolation +
 backgrounds estimation by Gaussian Process Regression
- Probed Bjorken x of ~ 0.16 (M_W/ \sqrt{s})

$W^{\pm} \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}$ PHENIX Forward Rapidity





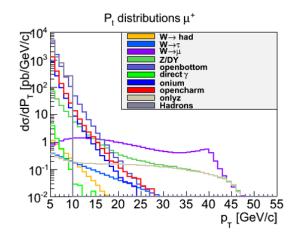
Muon Arms

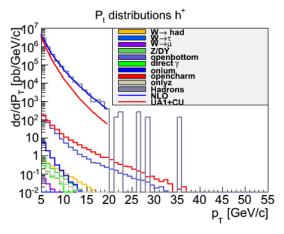
- 1.2 < $|\eta|$ < 2.2 (S) or 2.4 (N), $\Delta \varphi = 2\pi$
- FVTX (Si strip, from 2012)
- Tracking: MuTr (CS chambers)
- pID: MuID (steel interleaved larocci tubes),
 RPCs

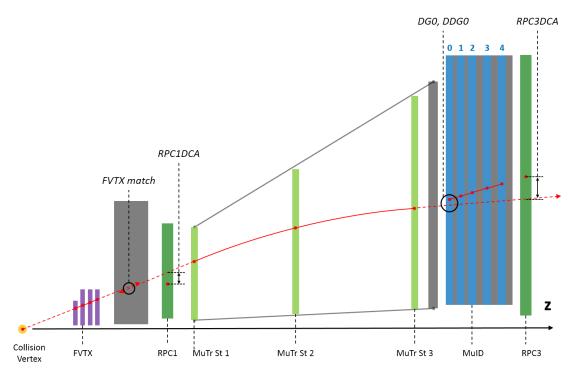
- $W^{\pm} \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}$ at 1.2 < $|\eta|$ < 2.2 / 2.4
 - Suppressed/No Jacobian peak
 - Triggered by momentum
 - Momentum measurement by tracking in B-field
 - Charge determination by tracking in B-field

10 / 14 DIS2018 - Kobe, Japan





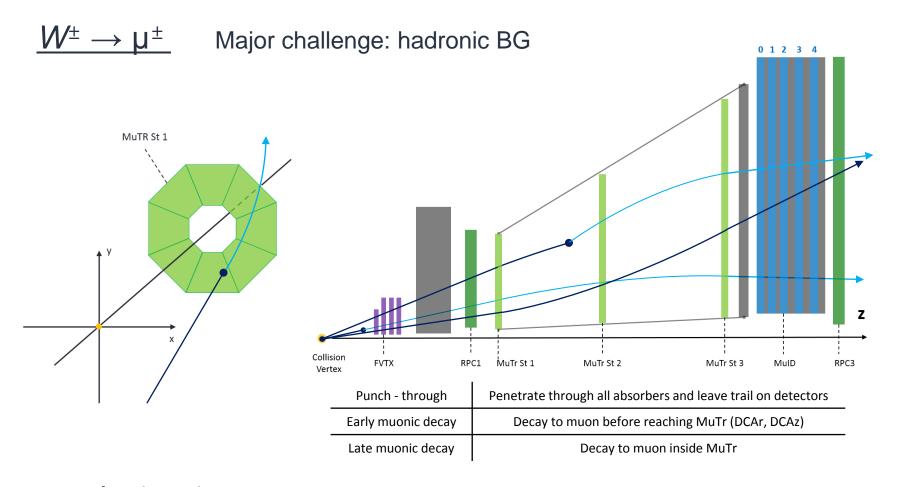




Challenges and Approach

- In addition to strongly suppressed Jacobian peak,
 - a. Limited detector acceptance
 - b. Abundant backgrounds (muonic and hadronic)
 - c. Smearing in p_⊤ reconstruction
- No single variable can discriminate W signal from BG clearly,
 but each variable has advantage over certain type of BG

11 / 14 DIS2018 - Kobe, Japan

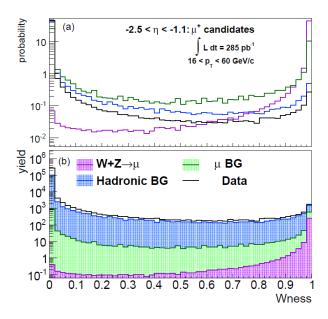


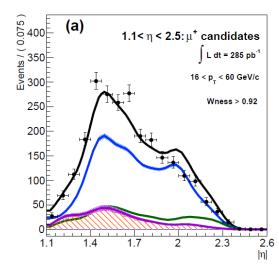
Hadronic BG in Muon Arms

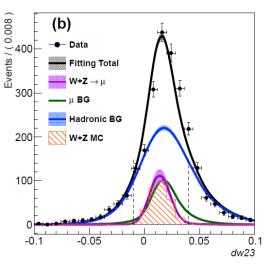
- Relatively low momentum charged hadrons (mainly π^{\pm} and K^{\pm} , p_T < 20 (GeV))
- Only small fraction of them penetrate through upstream absorber and reach MuTr,
 but enormous total cross section creates large backgrounds

$W^{\pm} \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}$ Analysis

arXiv:1804.04181





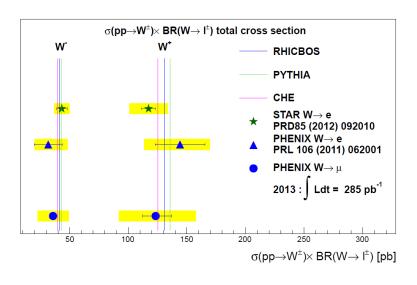


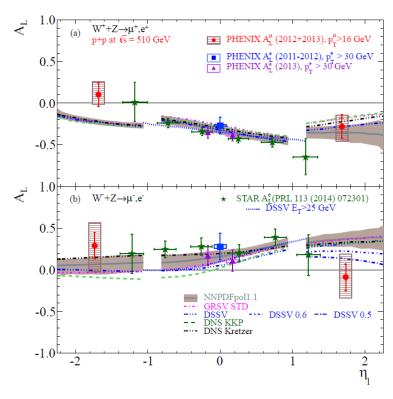
Multivariate analysis: W likelihood (Wness)

- $\quad \text{Wness} = \frac{\lambda_{sig}}{\lambda_{sig} + \lambda_{BG}} \, ,$ $\text{where } \lambda_{sig} = (\lambda_{DG0, \, w} \cdot \lambda_{DDG0, \, w} \cdot \lambda_{DCA_r, \, w} \, ...)$
- Improve sample purity by applying high Wness filter on μ candidates
- Signal estimation by unbinned max. likelihood fit

$$W^{\pm} \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}$$
 Results

arXiv:1804.04181





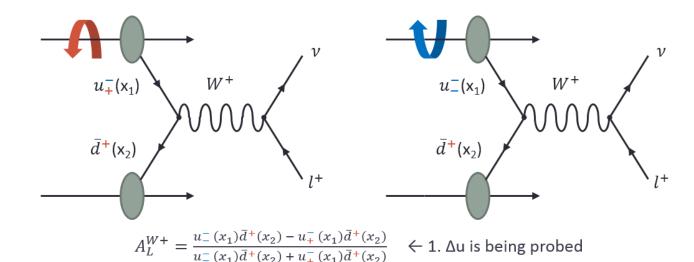
• $W^{\pm}/Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}$, A_L with integrated RUN12-13 data

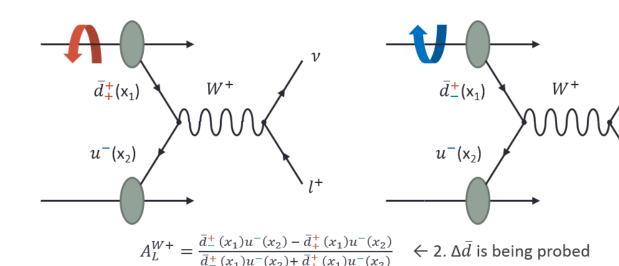
- vs = 510 GeV, Int. L = 53 (2012) + 285 (2013) pb⁻¹
- First $W^{\pm} \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}$ measurement at $|\eta| > 1$, probed Bjorken x of ~ 0.1 (backward) $/ \sim 0.3$ (forward)
- Consistent cross sections to existing RHIC $W^\pm \to \mathrm{e}^\pm$ within uncertainties
- Discrepancy to the theory curves at backward W^+ and forward W^-

Summary

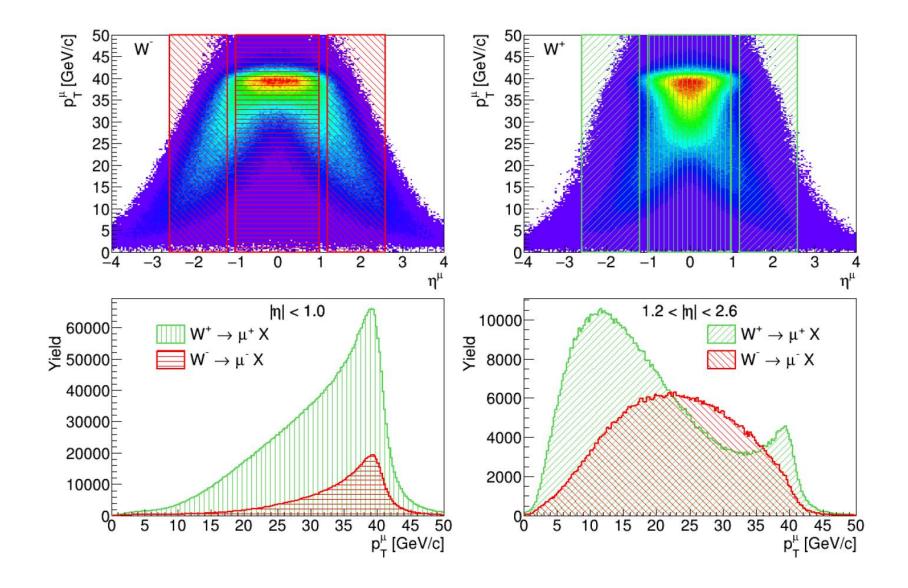
- $W^{\pm}/Z^0 \rightarrow e^{\pm}$
 - RUN11 RUN13, total Int. $L = 240 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
 - Signal extraction by Jacobian peak
 - A_L results shows good match to the STAR,
 including larger asymmetry than theory in W⁺
- $W^{\pm}/Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}$
 - -~ RUN12 RUN13, total Int. L = 285 pb⁻¹ $_{,}$ 1st $\textit{W}^{\pm} \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}$ measurement at $|\eta| > 1$
 - Signal extraction by multivariate analysis and unbinned max. likelihood fit
 - Measured cross sections show reasonable match to the existing results
 - Discrepancy to the theories at backward W⁺ and forward W⁻

Backup W partonic processes

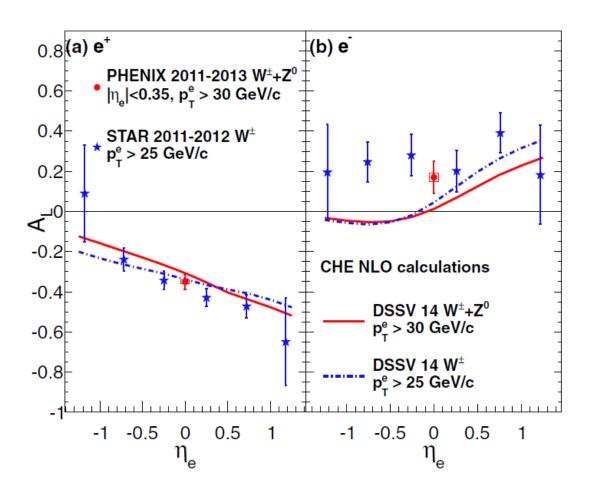




Backup $W p_T$ kinematics in PHENIX acceptance

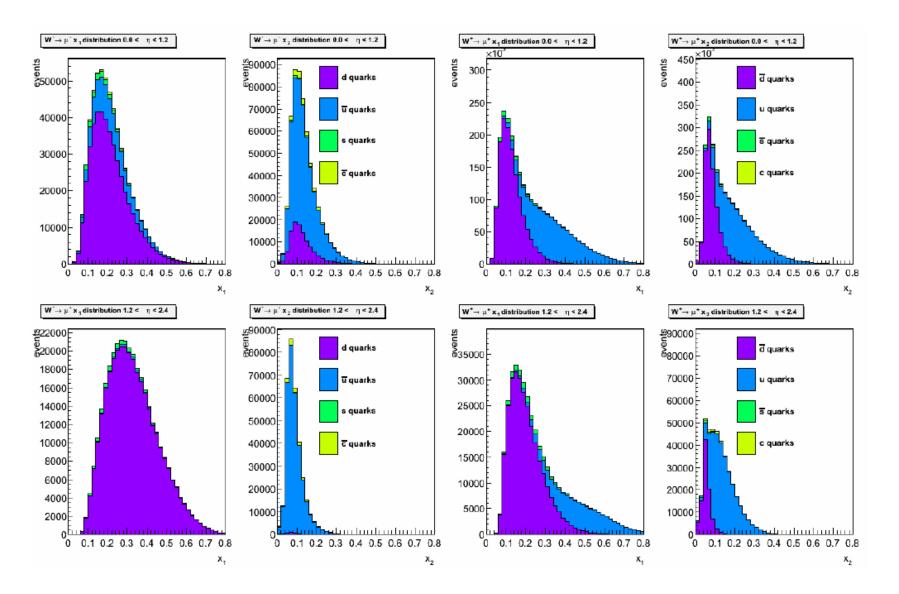


Backup $W^{\pm} \rightarrow e^{\pm}$, with STAR RUN11-12 results

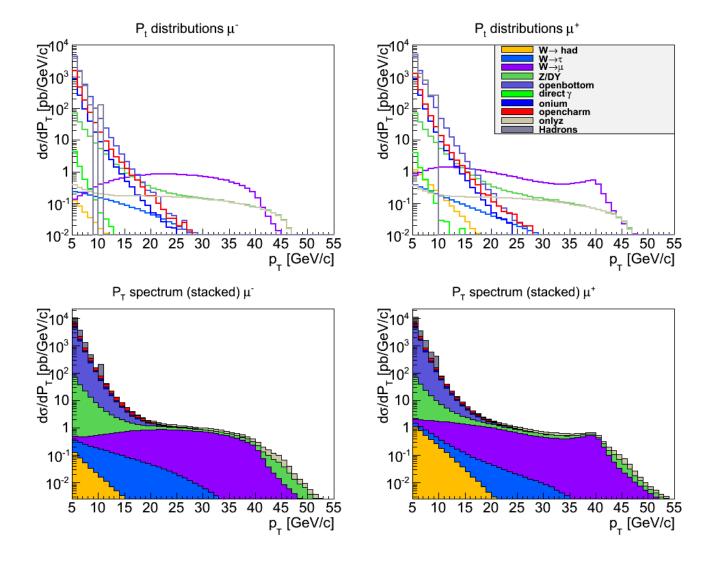


PRD93, 051103 (2016)

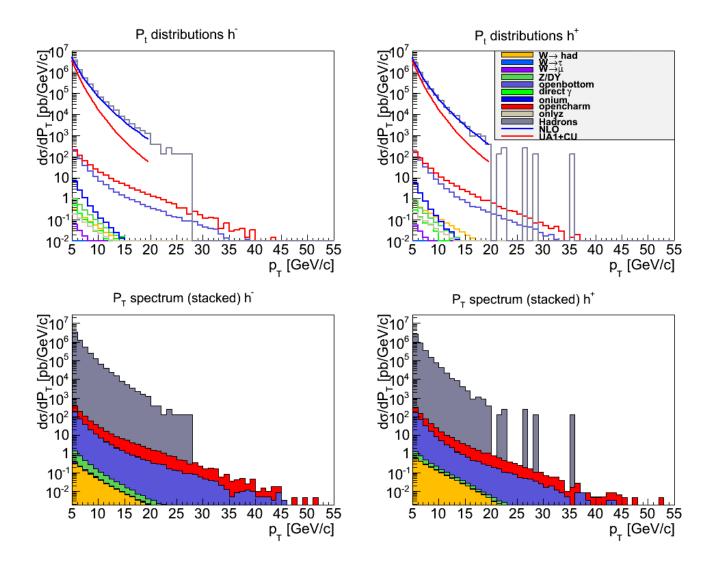
Backup Bjorken x distributions of W^{\pm}



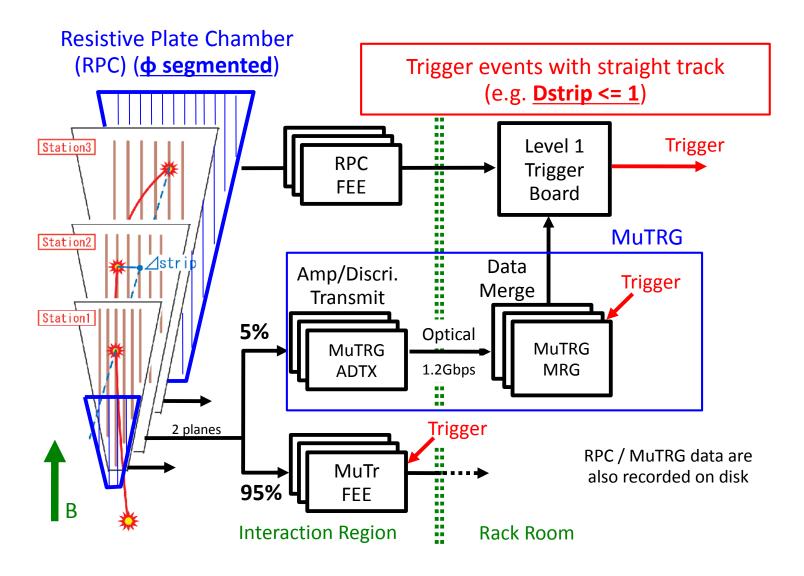
Backup Muonic decay processes



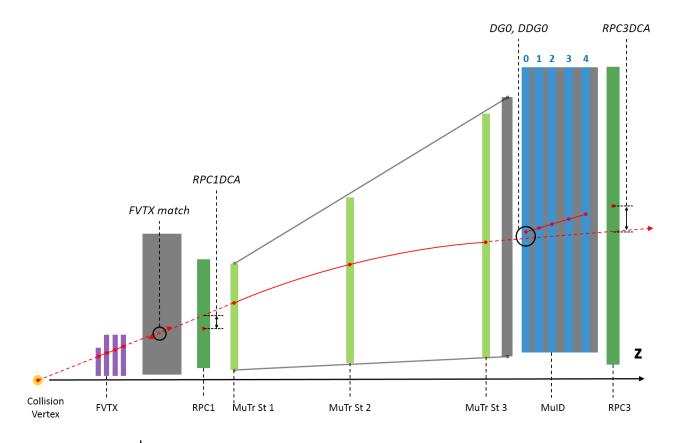
Backup Hadronic decay processes



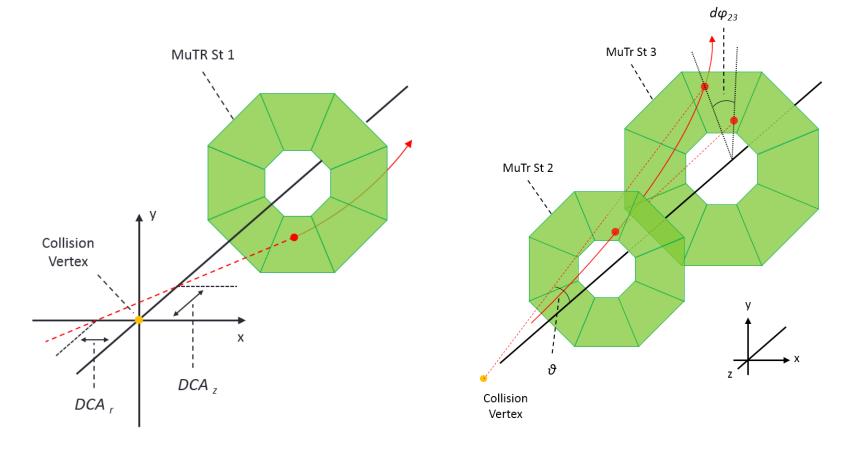
Backup µ trigger



$\underline{Backup} \qquad \textit{W} \rightarrow \mu \text{ analysis variables}$

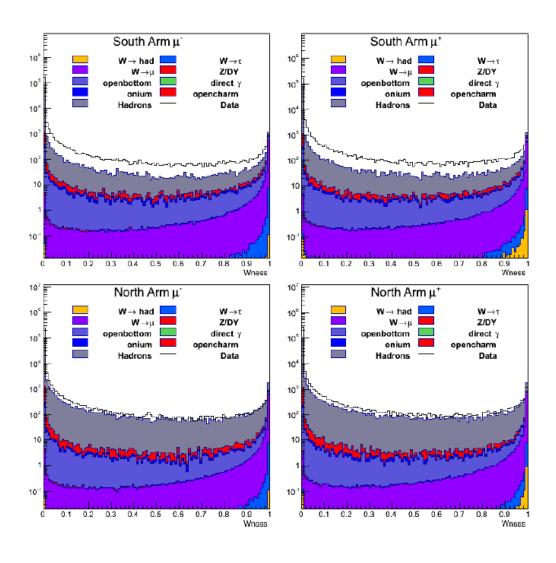


FVTX match	Match between FVTX track and MuTr residuals in Δr , $\Delta \varphi$, and $\Delta \theta$		
RPC1(3)DCA	Difference btw RPC1(3) hit cluster and track at RPC1(3) z		
DG0 Distance difference btw track – road at 1st MuID plane			
DDG0	Angular difference btw track – road at 1 st MuID plane's z		

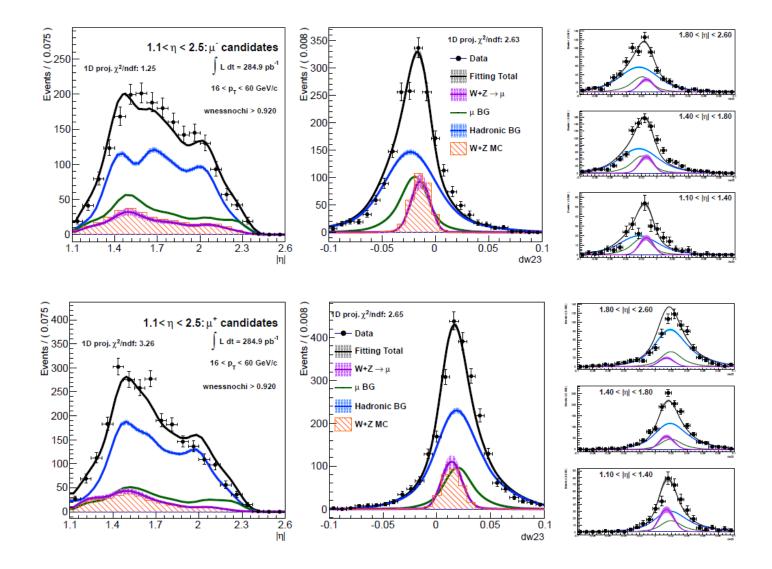


DCA _r	Radial distance of extrapolated track at vertex z		
DCA _z	Z distance of extrapolated track at vertex z, NOT used due to multiple collision		
dw23	Weighted sagitta (pT \times sin θ \times d ϕ_{23}), one of two variables for signal extraction fit		

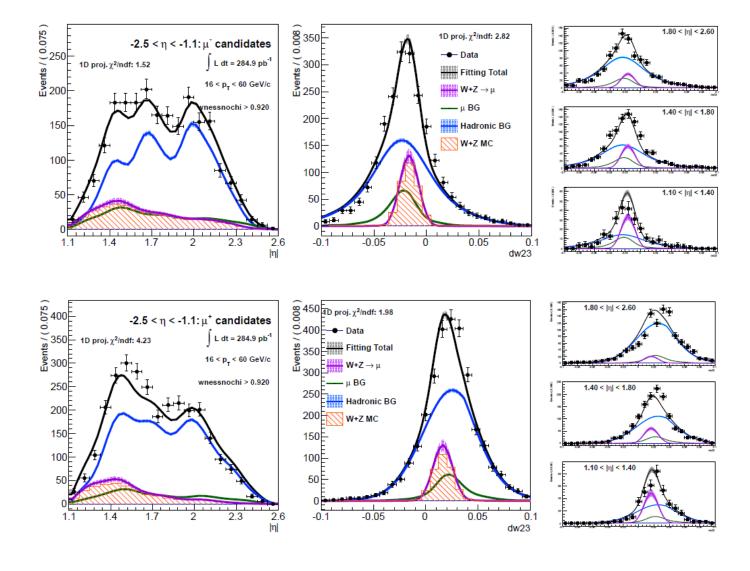
Backup Stacked Wness for each Arm/Charge



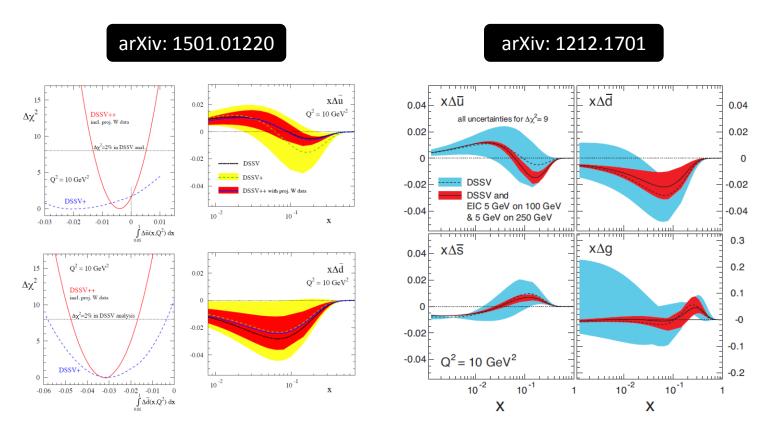
Backup $W \rightarrow \mu$ signal extraction by unbinned max. likelihood fit (1)



Backup $W \rightarrow \mu$ signal extraction by unbinned max. likelihood fit (2)



Backup Outlook



- Improve global analysis with existing RHIC data, Move toward to the EIC
 - Significant constraint in $\Delta \bar{q}$ is expected once <u>all</u> existing RHIC data included in the global analysis
 - Even further constraint can be possible with future EIC data

Backup Future RHIC data taking perspectives

arXiv: 1602.03922

	Year	√s (GeV)	Delivered Luminosity	Scientific Goals	Observable	Required Upgrade
Scheduled RHIC running	2017	p [†] p @ 510	p p @ 510 400 pb-1 12 weeks	Sensitive to Sivers effect non-universality through TMDs and Twist-3 $T_{q,F}(x,x)$ Sensitive to sea quark Sivers or ETQS function Evolution in TMD and Twist-3 formalism	A_N for γ , W [±] , Z ⁰ , DY	A _N ^{DY} : Postshower to FMS@STAR
				Transversity, Collins FF, linearly pol. Gluons, Gluon Sivers in Twist-3	$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_s-2\phi_h)} A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_s-\phi_h)} $ modulations of h^{\pm} in jets, $A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_s)}$ for jets	None
				First look at GPD Eg	A_{UT} for J/ Ψ in UPC	None
	2023 p ^T p @ 200		200 300 pb ⁻¹ 8 weeks	subprocess driving the large A_N at high x_F and η	A_N for charged hadrons and flavor enhanced jets	Yes Forward instrum.
				evolution of ETQS fct. properties and nature of the diffractive exchange in p+p collisions.	A_N for γ A_N for diffractive events	None None
	2023	p ^T Au @ 200	1.8 pb ⁻¹ 8 weeks	What is the nature of the initial state and hadronization in nuclear collisions	R_{pAx} direct photons and DY	R _{pAu} (DY):Yes Forward instrum.
				Nuclear dependence of TMDs and nFF	$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_S-\phi_h)}$ modulations of h^\pm in jets, nuclear FF	None
				Clear signatures for Saturation	Dihadrons, γ-jet, h-jet, diffraction	Yes Forward instrum.
	2023 p [†] A1 @ 20		@ 200 12.6 pb ⁻¹ 8 weeks	A-dependence of nPDF,	R_{pAl} : direct photons and DY	R _{pAl} (DY): Yes
				A-dependence of TMDs and nFF	$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_S-\phi_h)}$ modulations of h^{\pm} in jets, nuclear FF	None
				A-dependence for Saturation	Dihadrons, γ-jet, h-jet, diffraction	Yes Forward instrum.
Potential future running	202X	р ^т р @ 510	1.1 fb ⁻¹ 10 weeks	TMDs at low and high x	A_{UT} for Collins observables, i.e. hadron in jet modulations at $\eta > 1$ and	Yes Forward instrum.
				quantitative comparisons of the validity and the limits of factorization and universality in lepton-proton and proton- proton collisions	mid-rapidity observables as in 2017 run	None
ure	202X	p p @ 510	1.1 fb ⁻¹ 10 weeks	$\Delta g(x)$ at small x	A_{II} for jets, di-jets, h/γ-jets at $\eta \ge 1$	Yes Forward instrum.

Table 1-2: Summary of the Cold QCD physics program propsed in the years 2017 and 2023 and if an additional 500 GeV run would become possible.