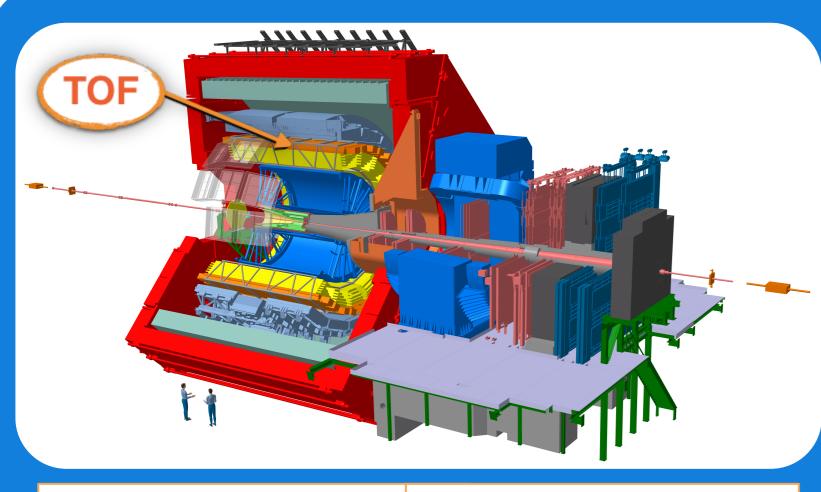


ALICE



Francesca Carnesecchi* on behalf of the ALICE collaboration *University and INFN Bologna, Centro Fermi Roma





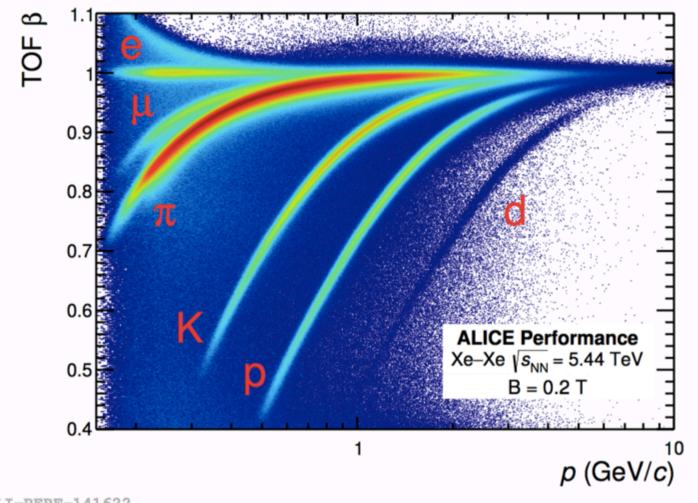
19(15) MRPCs per Modules

total of 1593 MRPCs

152928 readout channels

• The main task of the ALICE experiment at the LHC is to study the properties of the strongly interacting, dense and hot matter created in high-energy heavy-ion collisions: the QGP.

- Many physics analyses are based on the capability of the ALICE detector to perform Particle IDentification (PID) using different and complementary techniques, (0.15 - 20) GeV/c.
- In the intermediate momentum range (from 0.3 to 4-5 GeV/c) this task is mainly accomplished using the Time Of Flight (TOF) detector.
- The TOF is based on the Multigap Resistive Plate Chambers (MRPC) technology; the base element is a double-stack MRPC of 5+5 gas gaps.
- We present improved performance achieved during LHC Run2. Time resolution reached 56 ps, close to performance achieved in beam tests.



The largest area (144 m²) MRPC application in experiments at colliders, installed in 2008

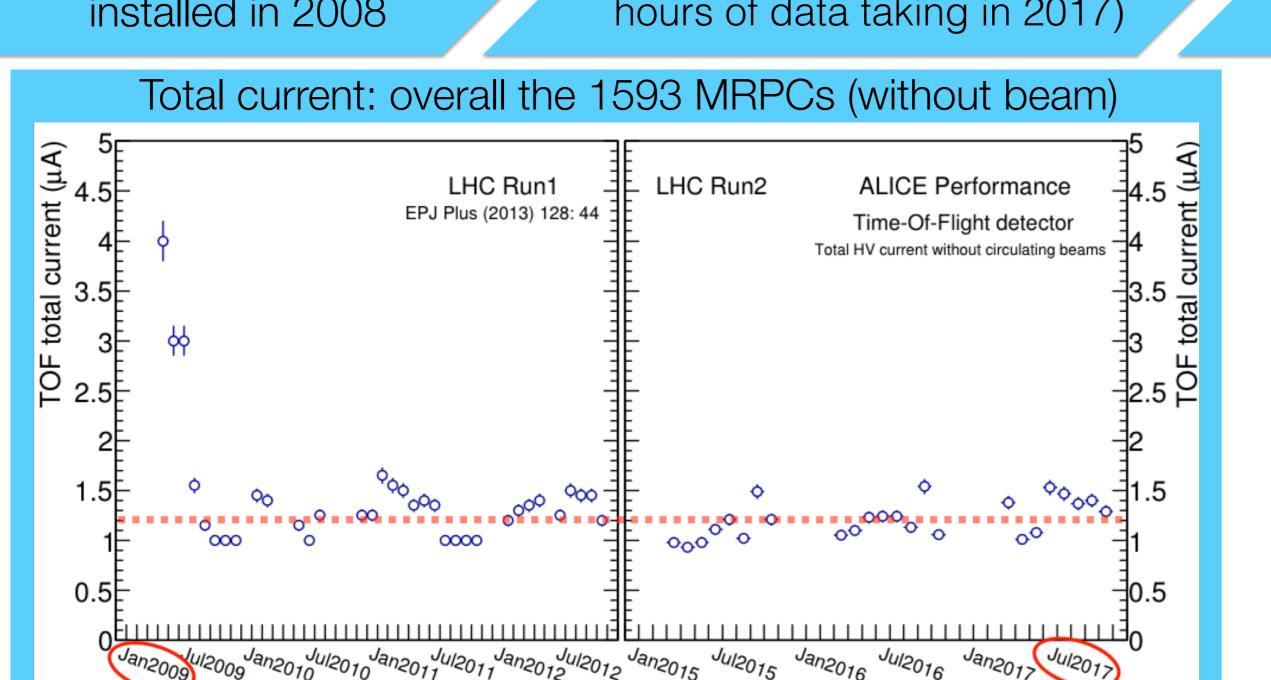
full φ, 18 SuperModules(SM)

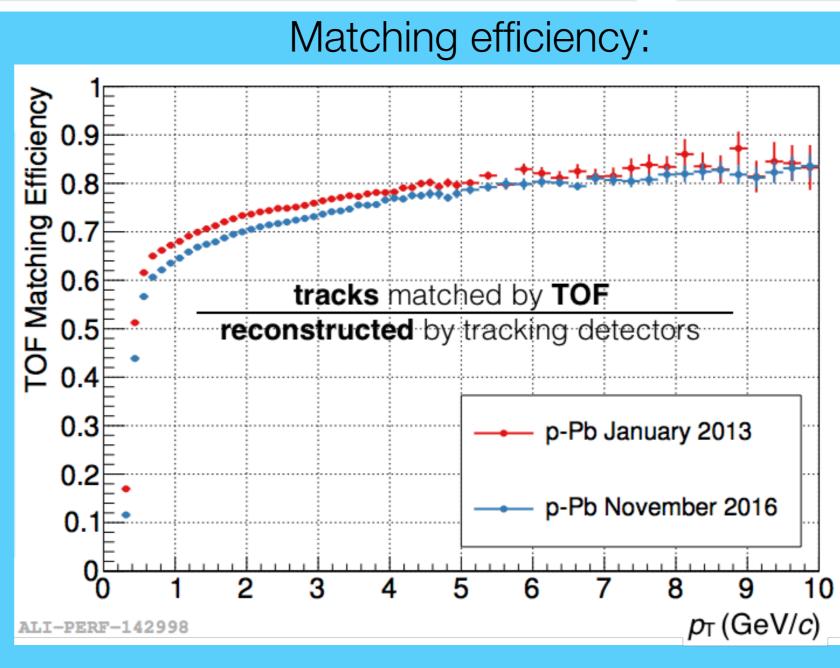
5 Modules each SM

After 10 years of operation TOF continues to ensure stable operations (2116 hours of data taking in 2017)

~99% total time availability ~93% average active channels (the missing 7% is due to electronics and connectors, not to MRPC)

No degradation during these years and a very good stability was found in current, trigger rate and in matching efficiency with ALICE reconstructed tracks (TPC+ITS)

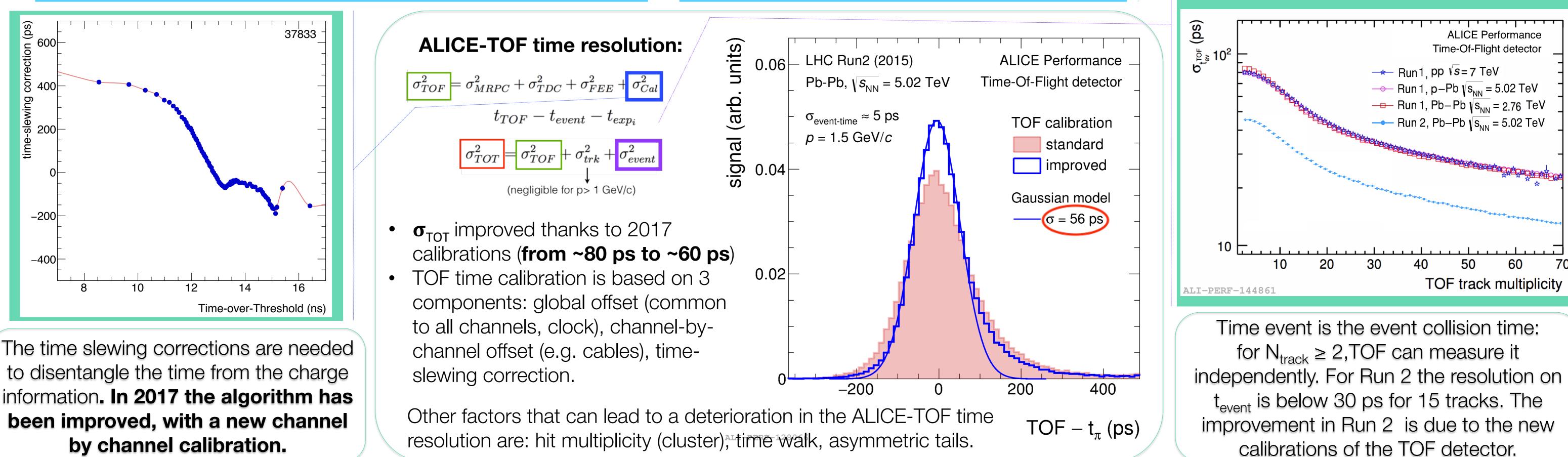




Contributions to matching efficiency:

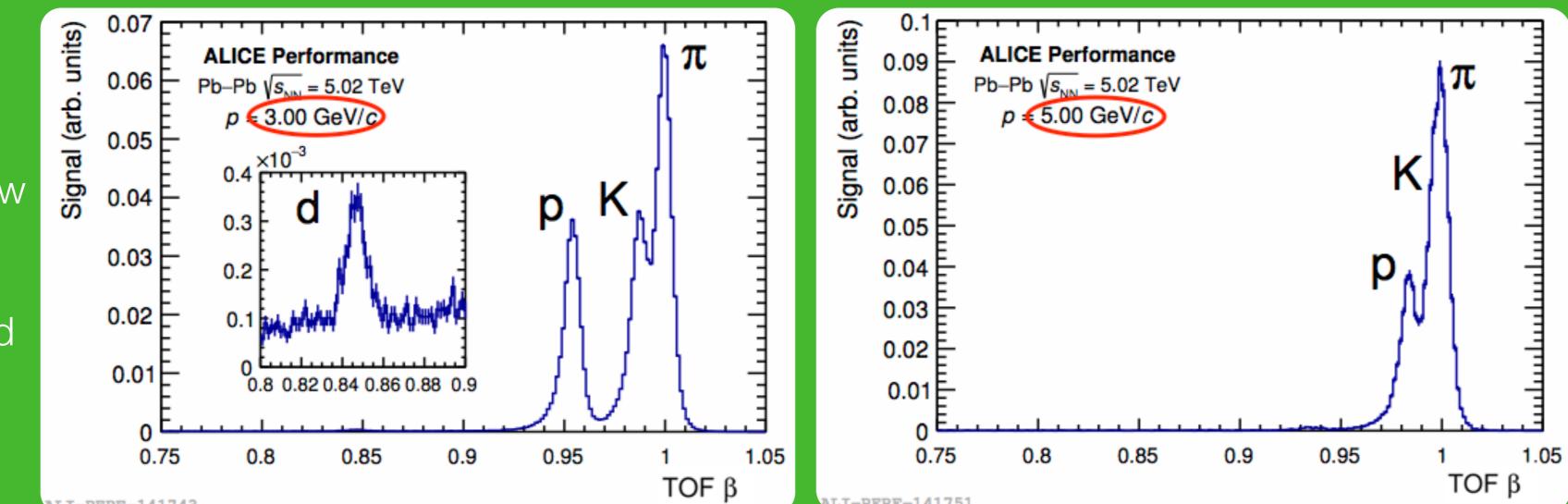
- MRPC efficiency (~98-99%)
- TOF algorithmic inefficiency
- TOF geometrical acceptance
- Budget material (in front of TOF)
- Track extrapolation

Performance stable during Run1 and Run2 (deviations due to last 2 bullets)



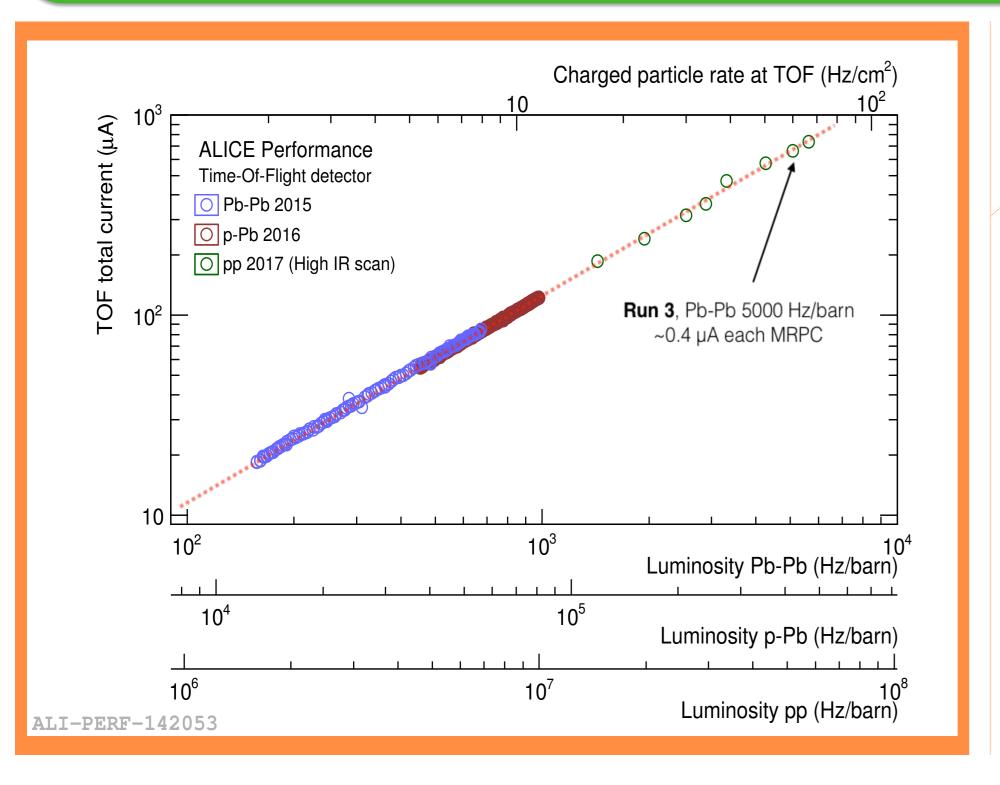
by channel calibration.

Thanks to the improved time resolution K/π are now separated up to 3 GeV/c (instead of 2.5 GeV/c) and p/K up to 5 GeV/c (instead of 4 GeV/c)



The TOF-PID is extensively and successfully exploited in many analyses in ALICE. See for example other contributions at QM 2018

- Constraining production models with light (anti-)nuclei measurements in small systems with ALICE at the LHC, M. Colocci, Talk 15 May 2018, 15:40
- Energy dependence of particle production and R_{AA} in Pb-Pb collisions with ALICE, N.Jacazio, Poster THD-06
- TMVA methods to reconstruct $\Lambda_c \rightarrow pK_S^0$ in p-Pb



ALICE Upgrade Tests with pp collisions at high rate demonstrated that the MRPC detectors can perfectly operate also at the expected luminosities of Runs 3 and 4.

Conclusions:

- The ALICE-TOF detector, after 10 years of operation, shows no degradation, very stable operations, no performance losses. No changes in operations are foreseen during Run 3 and 4.
- The time resolution has been improved reaching the record value of 56 ps.
- The event collisions, t_{event}, can be determined by the TOF itself with a resolution below 30 ps with 15 tracks.
- K/π separation up to 3 GeV/c and a p/K up to 5 GeV/c is provided by the TOF.
- During Run3, in continuous mode, TOF will record all hits reaching the detector with 60 ps resolution!

collisions with ALICE at the LHC, J.Wilkinson, Poster OHF-50

- TDC readout based on HPTDC unchanged
- New Data Readout Module with new optical links (GBTx) for trigger/data transmission being produced
- TOF readout software will be upgraded to sustain continuous readout mode