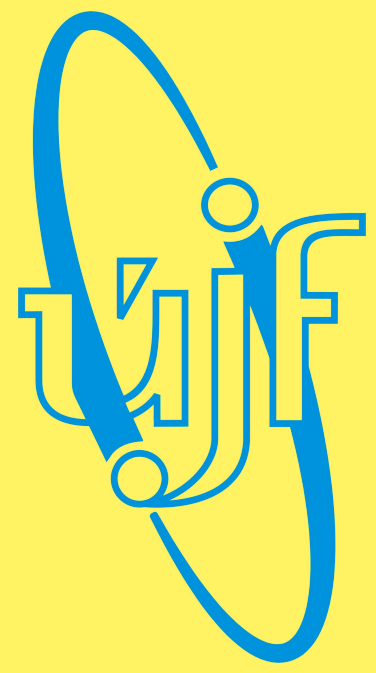


Kaon flow in Au+Au collisions at 1.23 AGeV with HADES



Lukáš Chlad for the HADES collaboration
Nuclear Physics Institute of the CAS, public research institution



Motivation

- Kaons are a good probe for nuclear EOS [1]
- Their propagation in nuclear medium likewise their production is affected by kaon-nucleon potential
- Flow measurements are essential input for models (HSD, IQMD, BUU...)
- Impact on astrophysics (kaon condensate in the core of neutron stars) [2]

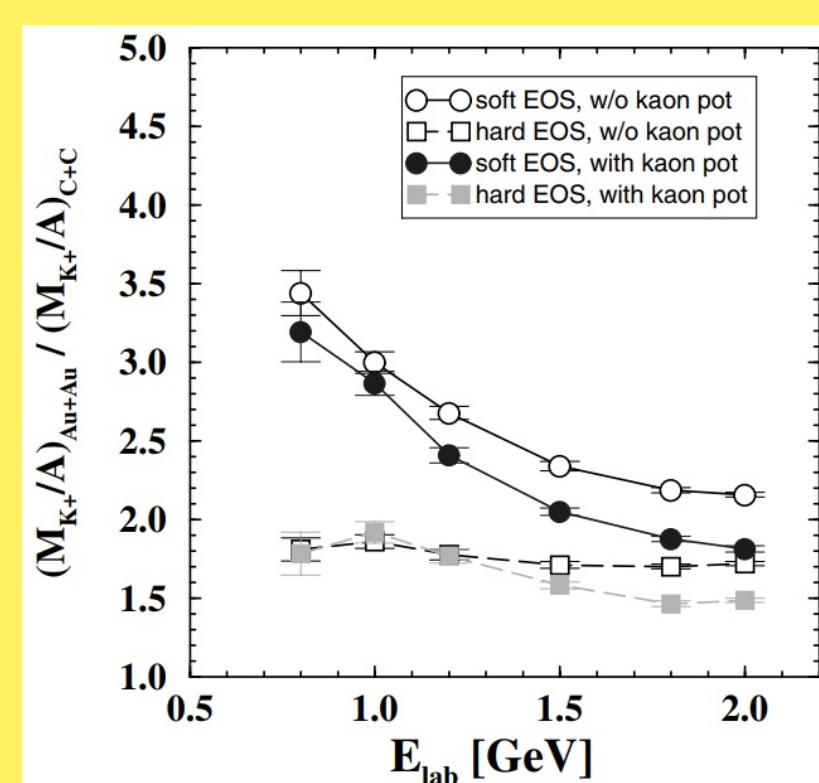
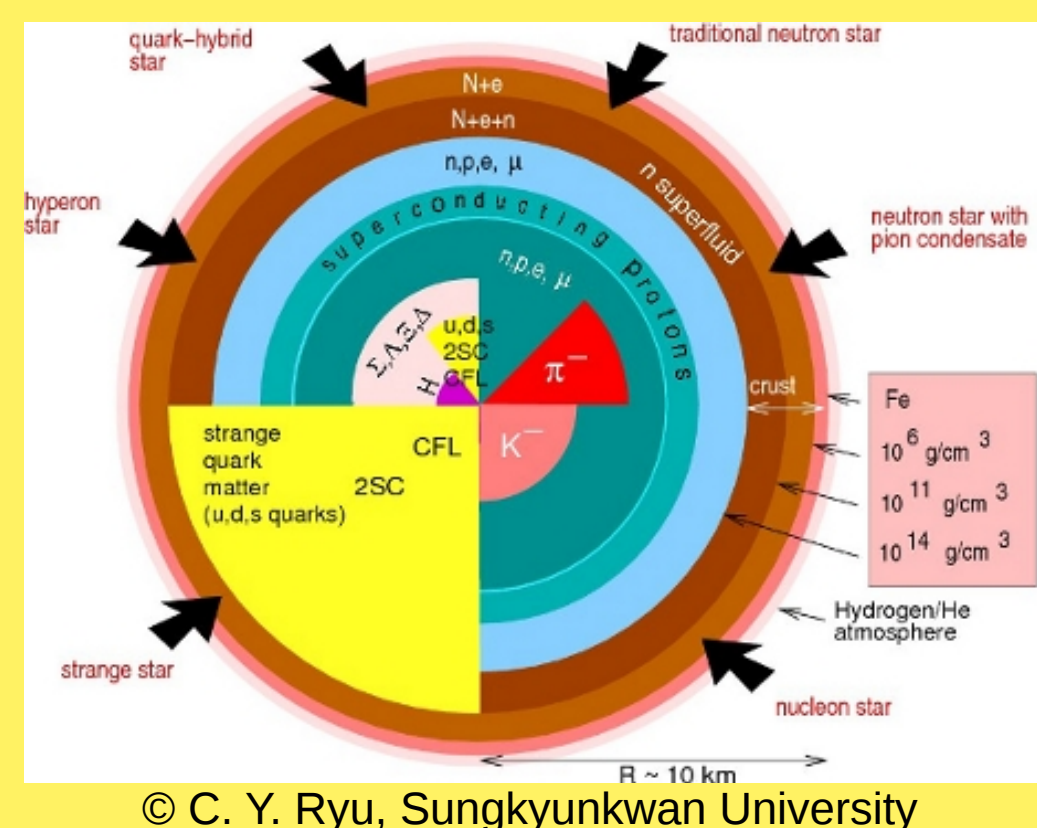


Figure taken from [3]



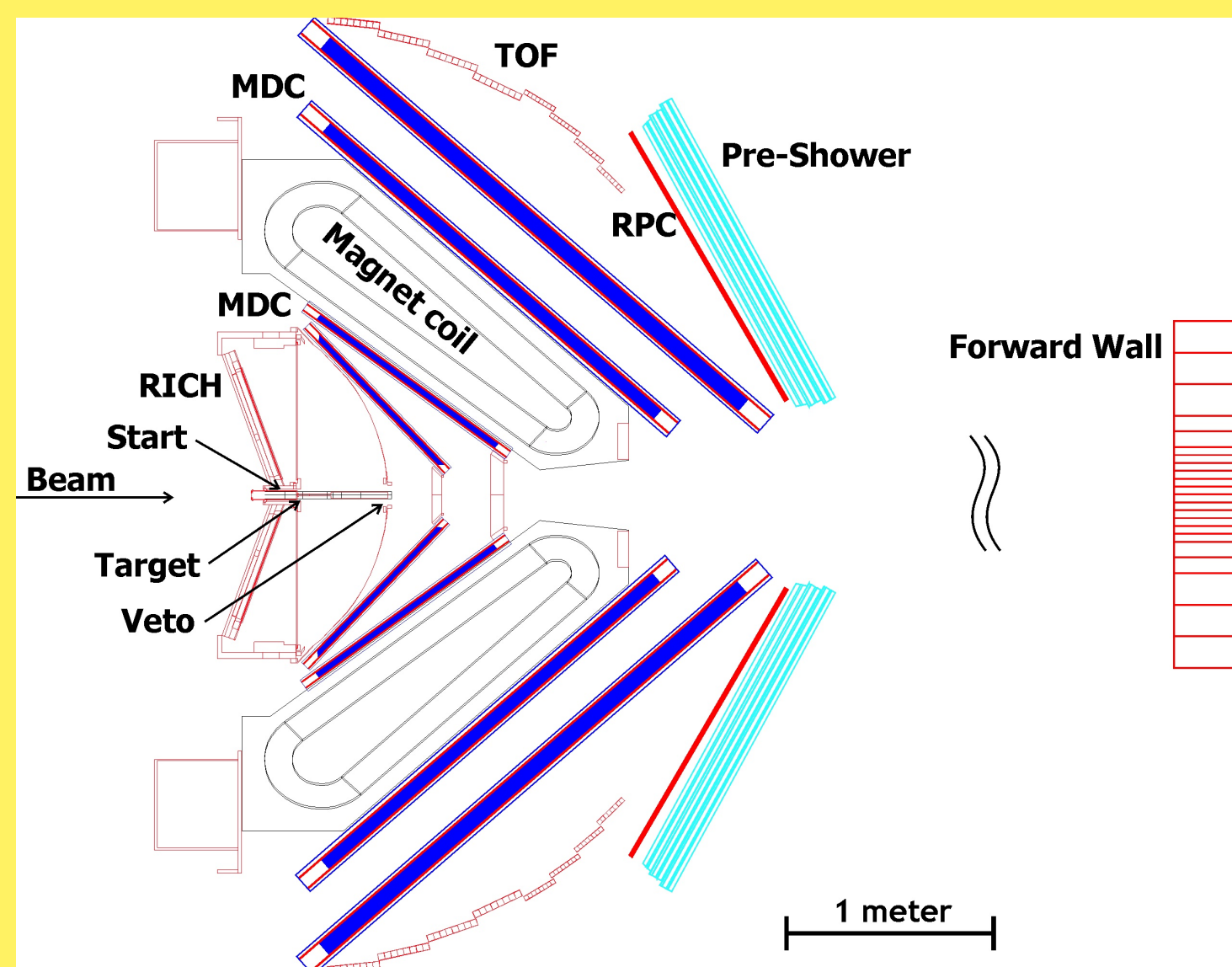
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HADES

- Fixed target high-acceptance dielectron and hadron spectrometer [4]
- Located at SIS18 accelerator at GSI Darmstadt, Germany
- Six sector design
- Toroidal magnetic field
- Reaction plane is determined using Forward Wall

Analyzed dataset

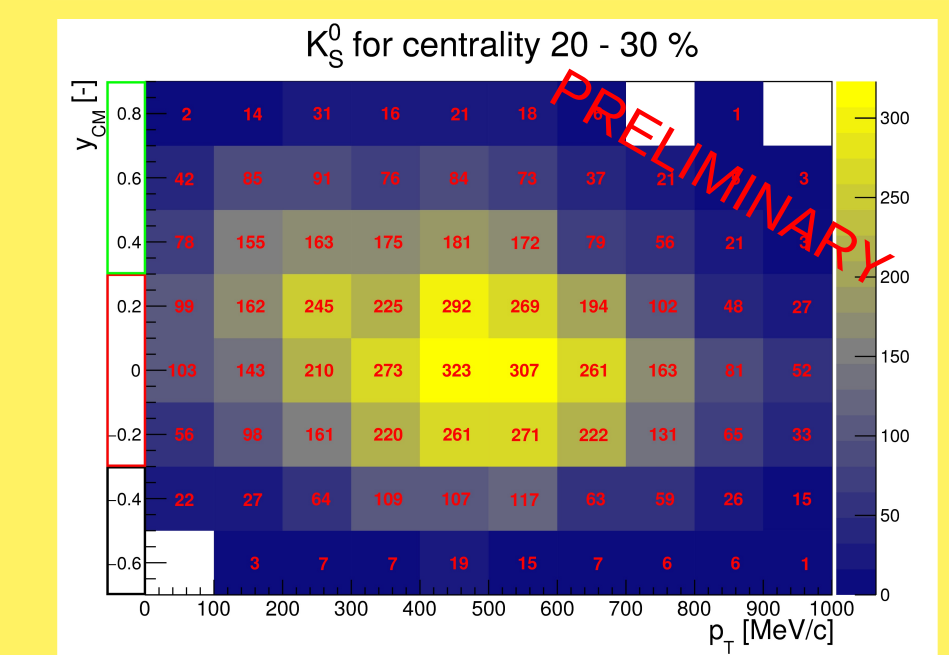
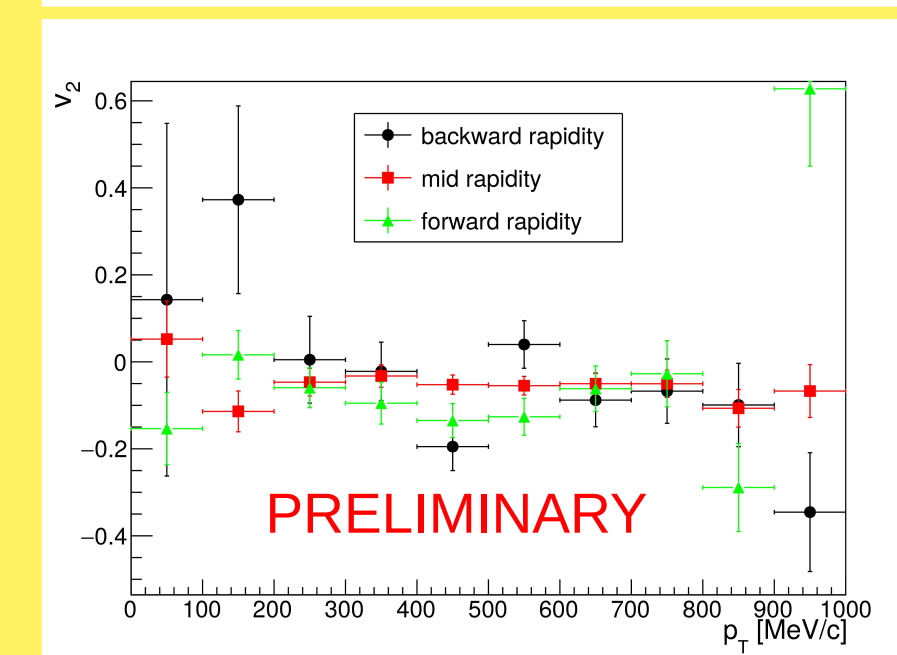
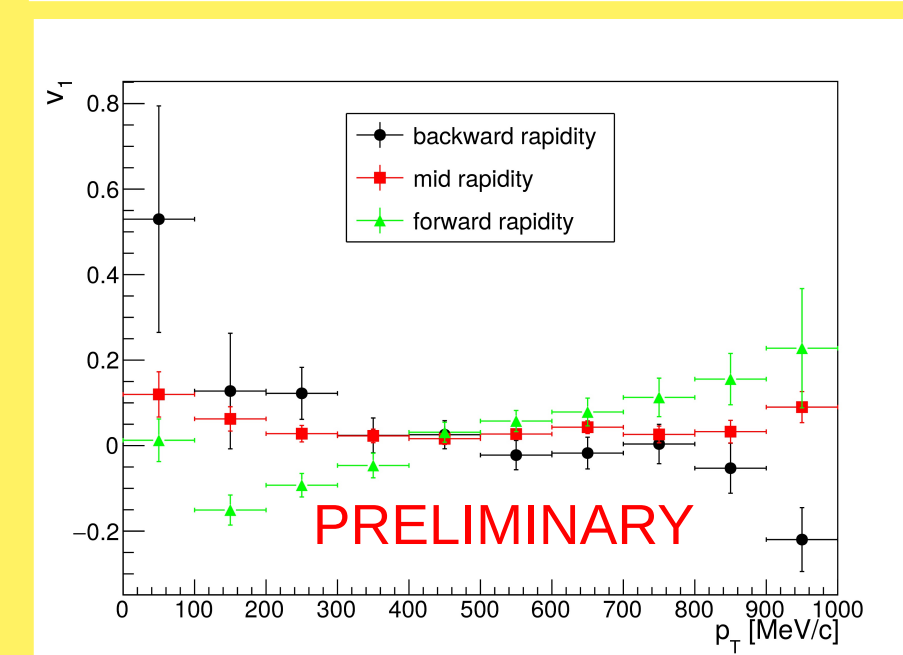
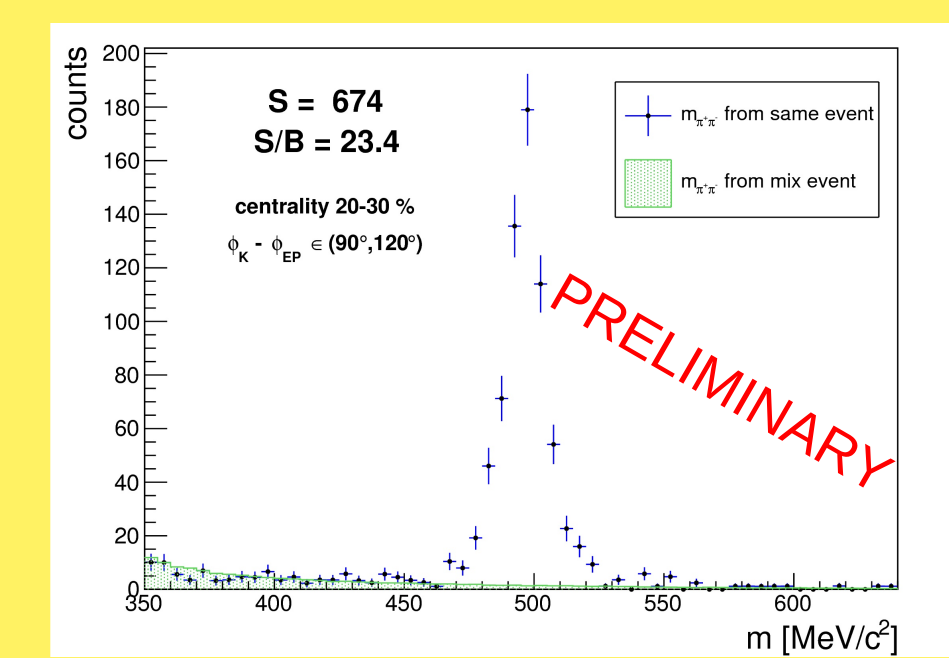
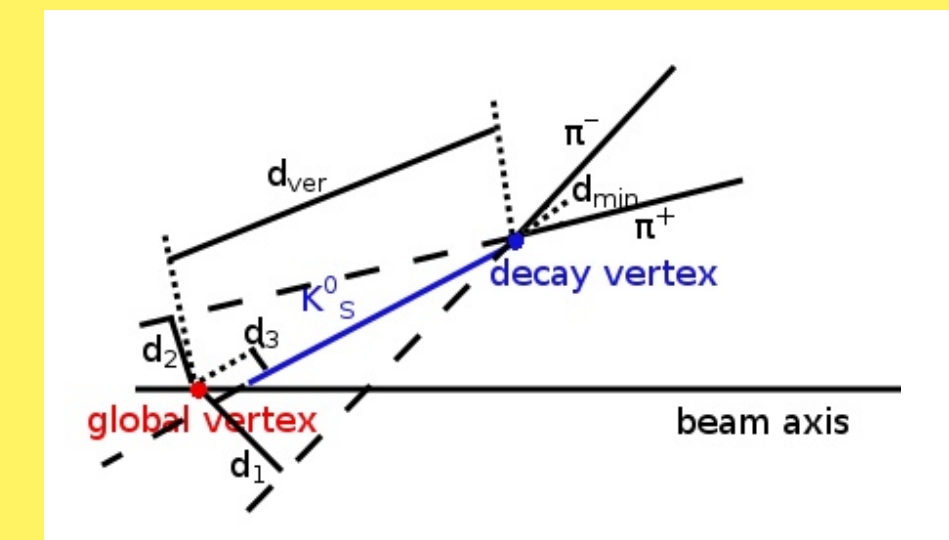
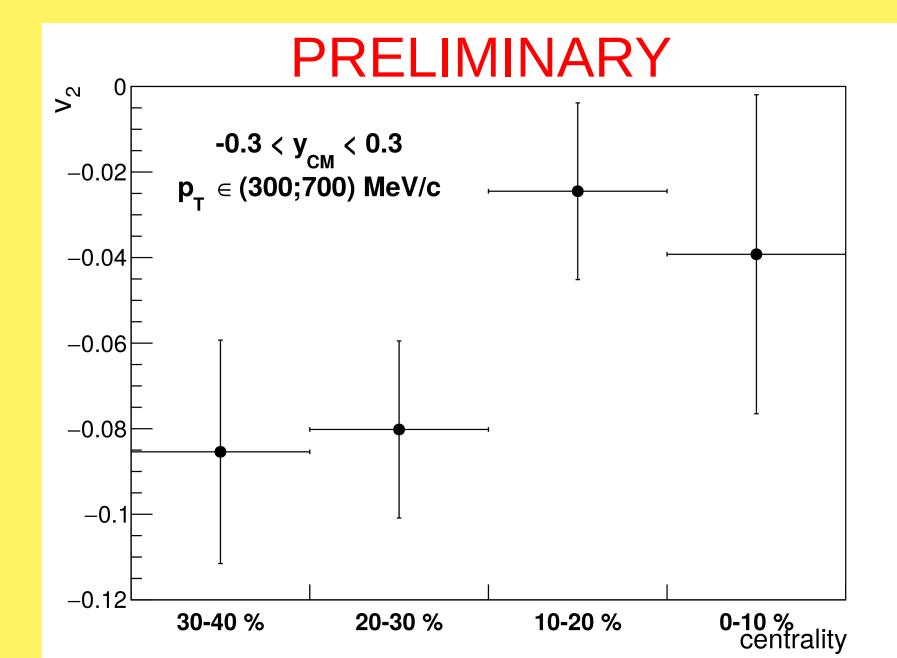
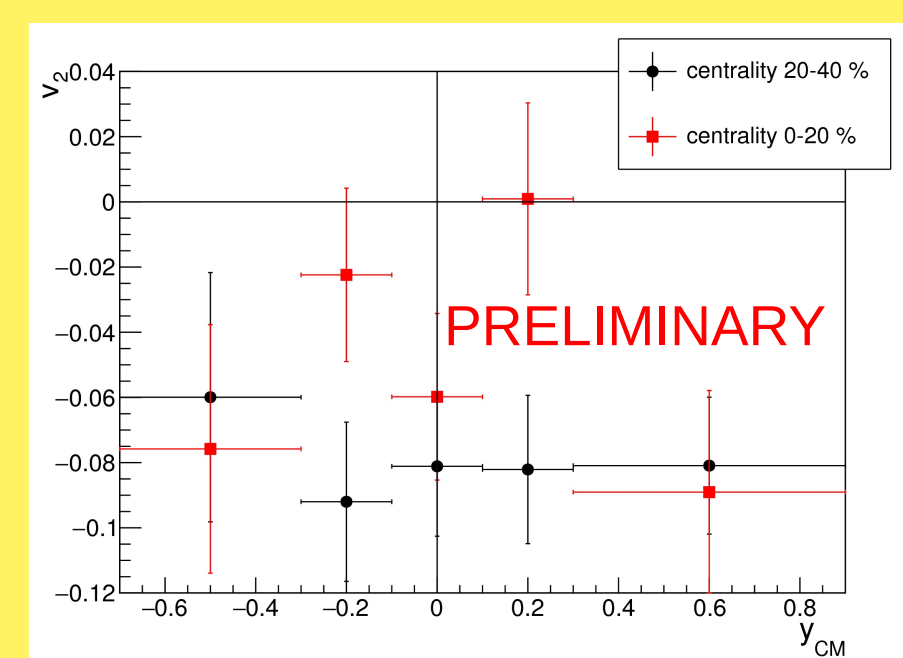
- Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.42$ GeV
- $2.6 \cdot 10^9$ events with centrality 0-40% recorded



Method and Results

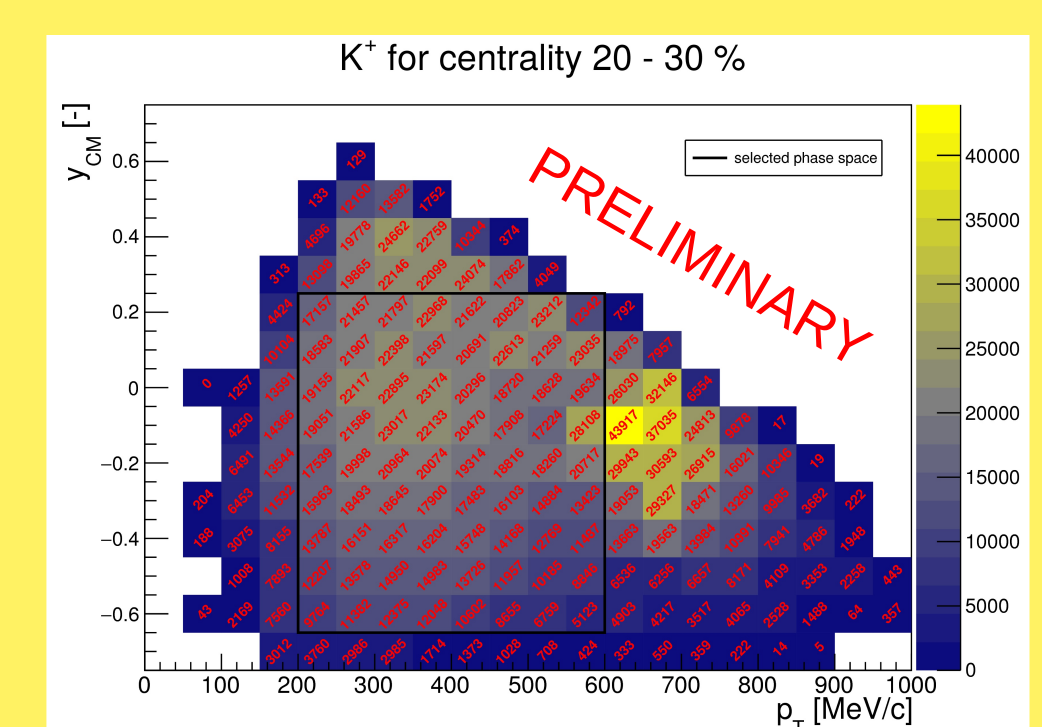
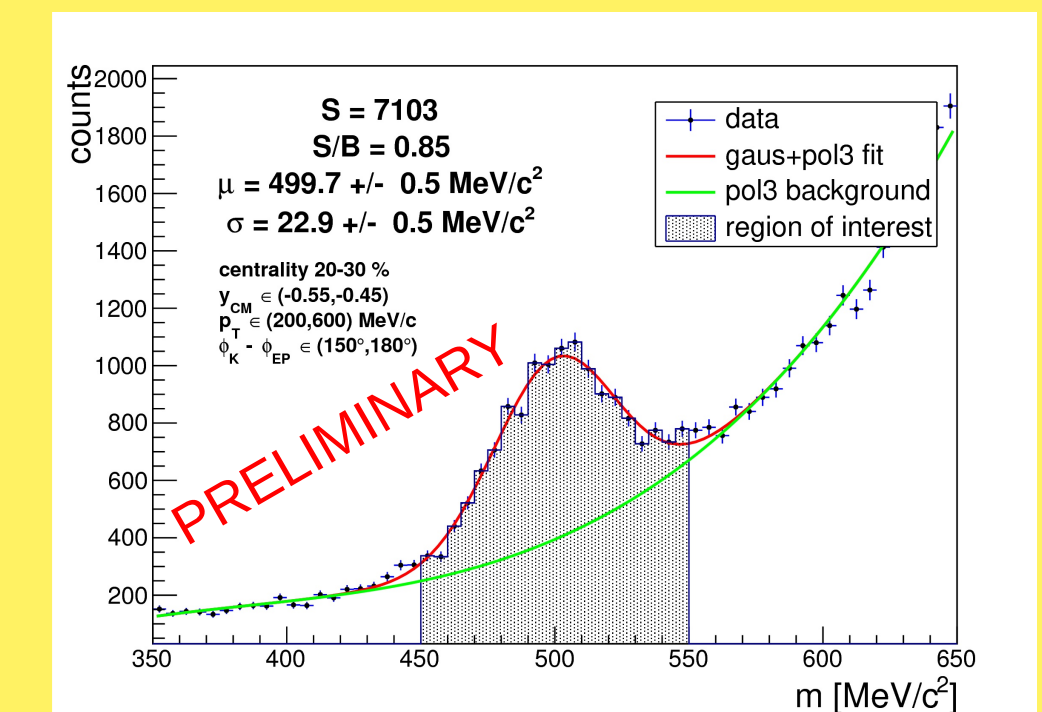
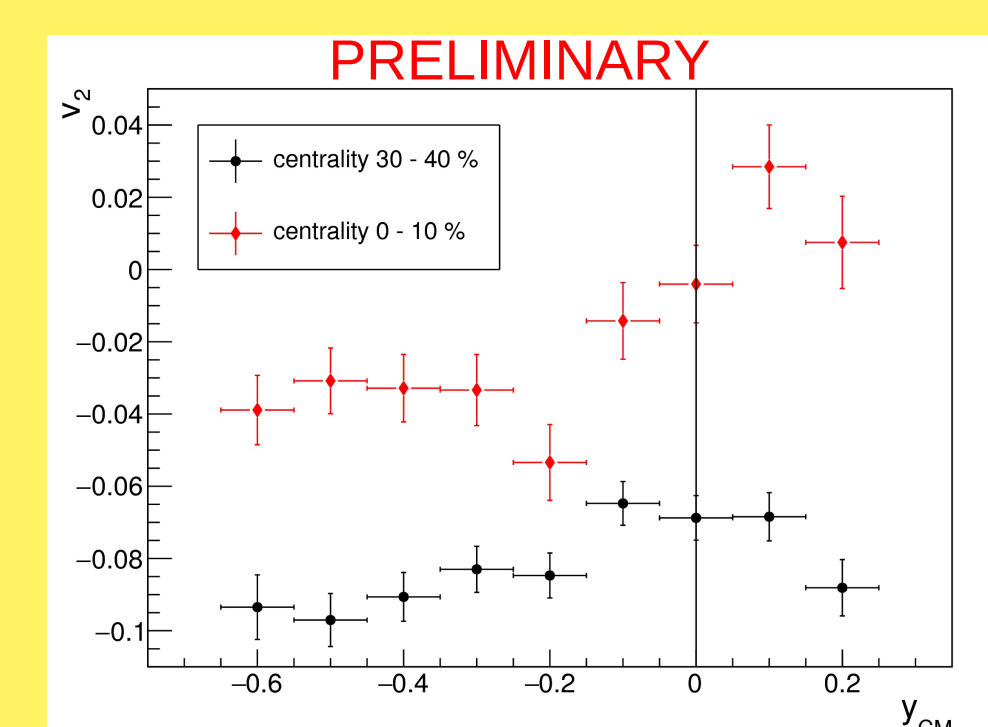
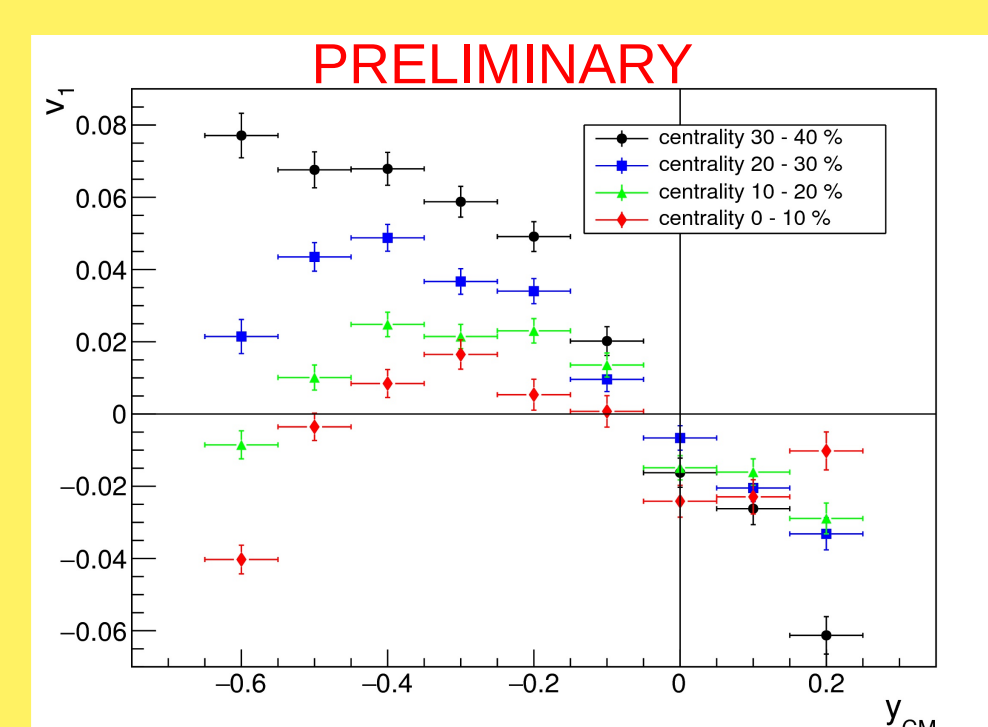
Neutral kaons

- Reconstructed via decay into two charged pions
- Pion-pair selection criteria based on topology of weak kaon decay
- Combinatorial background is calculated with mixed-event technique
- Azimuthal angle distribution relative to event plane angle is fitted with $\frac{N}{2\pi} [1 + 2v_1 \cos(\phi_K - \phi_{EP}) + 2v_2 \cos(2(\phi_K - \phi_{EP}))]$
- Obtained parameters are corrected for event plane resolution [5]



Positively charged kaons

- Only high quality tracks are selected
- Energy loss deposition in MDC and TOF detectors
- Fitting mass distribution of selected candidates and subtracting cubic background within region of interest (two sigma around mean value)
- Selecting only part of phase space with uniform acceptance
- Correcting for detector occupancy
- Continuing the same procedure as for neutral kaons



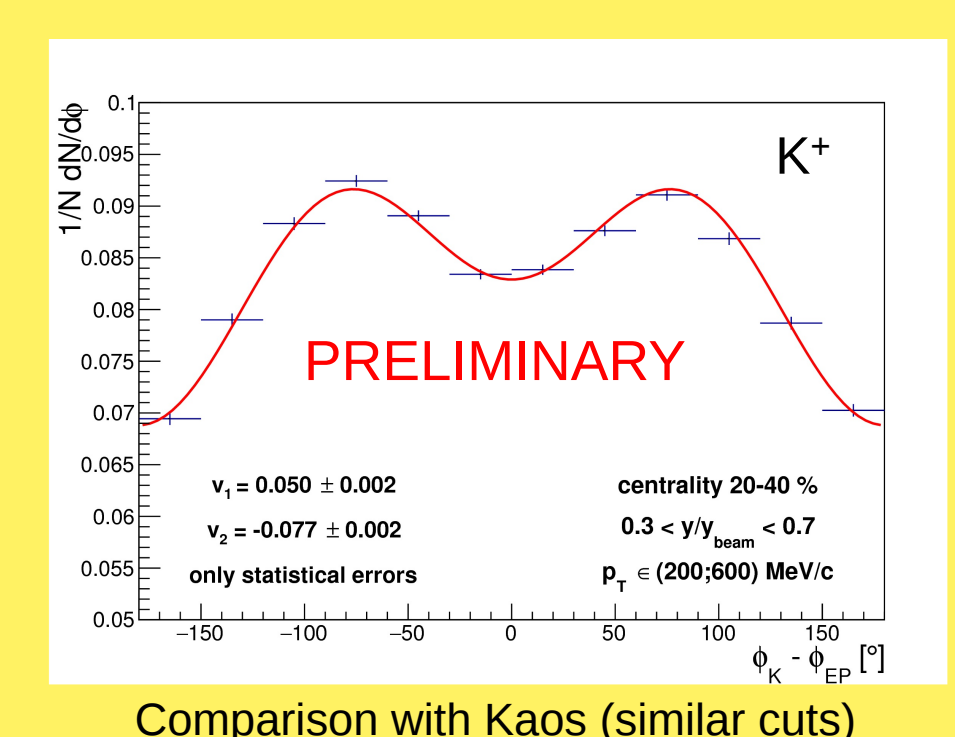
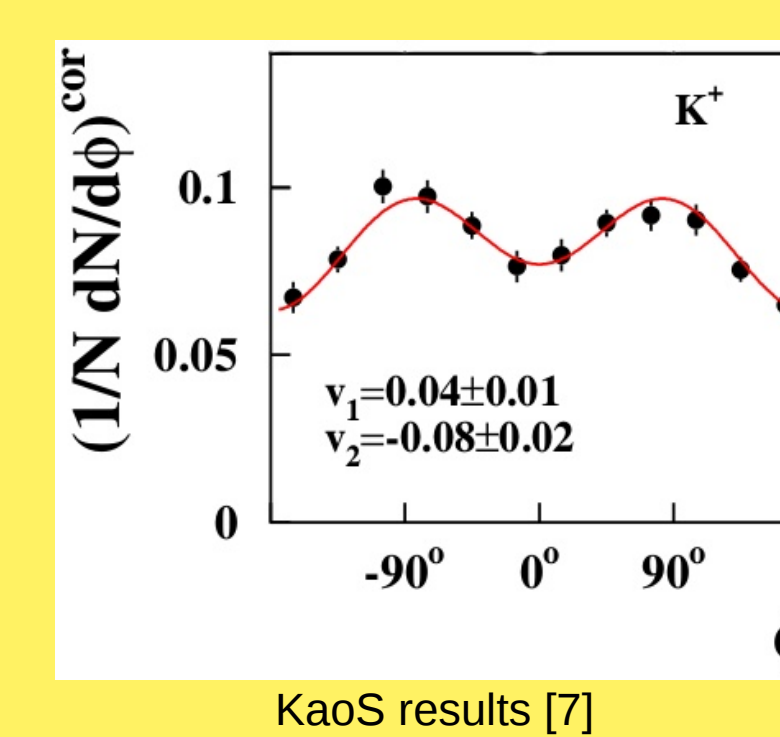
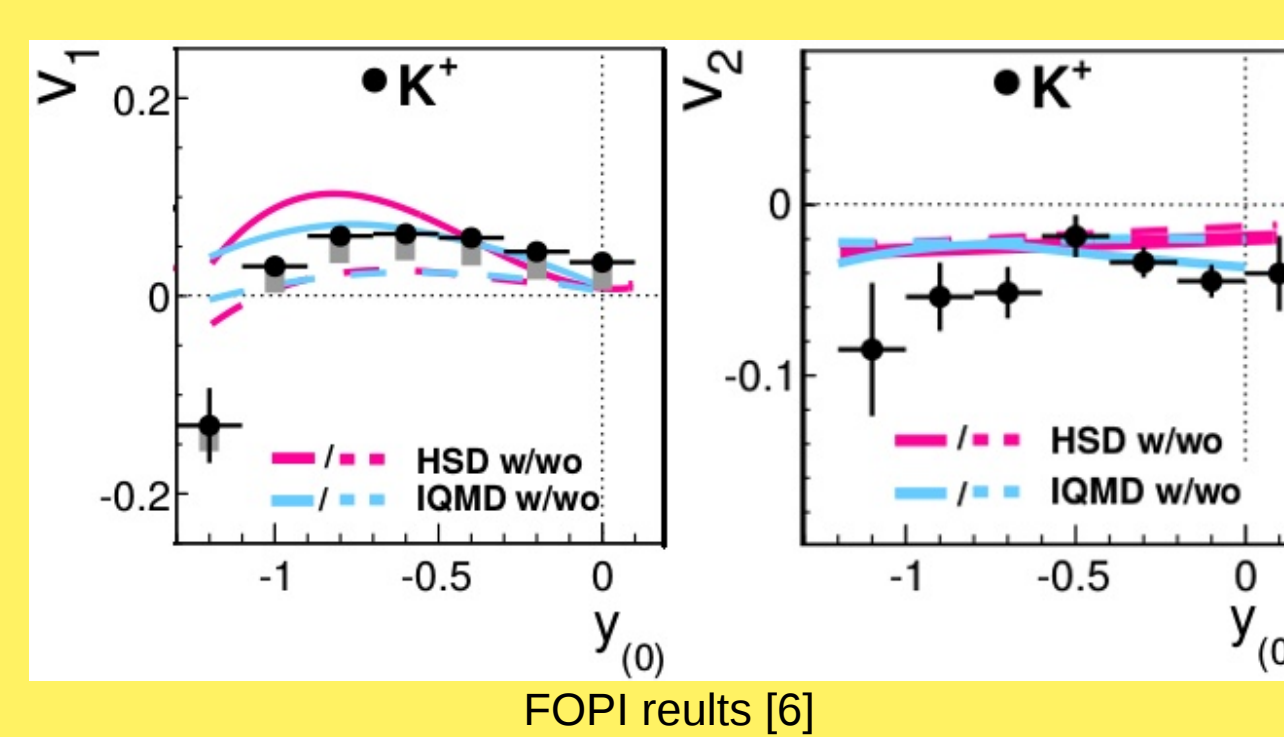
Conclusions and Outlook

Neutral kaons

- Systematic effects are under investigation
- Combinatorial background subtraction works well thus it might be possible to relax topological cuts to increase statistics

Positively charged kaons

- Direct antiproton is decreasing with increasing event centrality
- Good qualitative and quantitative agreement with FOPI and KaoS results
- Systematical errors are studied



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