



Dynamic aperture, ideal and with errors for FCC-ee

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Introduction

Dynamic aperture without errors

- Coarse Scan

- Frequency map analysis

Dynamic and momentum aperture incl. misalignments

- Corrected machines

- Dynamic & momentum aperture incl. β -beat

- Dynamic & momentum aperture excl. β -beat

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- ▶ FCC-ee will provide unprecedented luminosities
- ⇔ top-up injection into fully squeezed magnet optics required
- ▶ lossless injection guaranteed if:
 - ▶ dynamic aperture sufficiently large
 - ▶ momentum aperture sufficiently large
- ▶ studies of dynamic and momentum aperture with and without misalignment errors are presented

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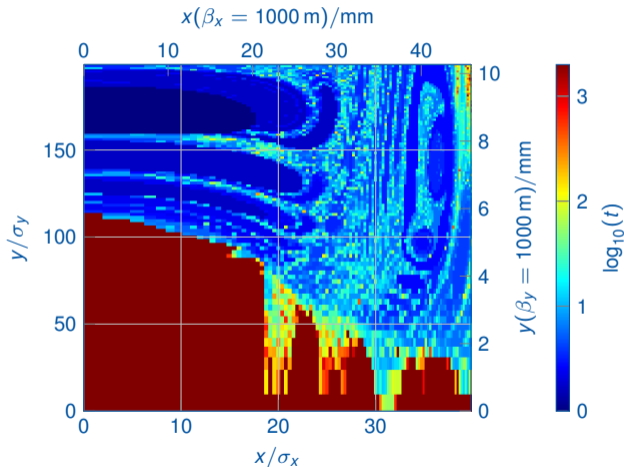
Dynamic & momentum aperture incl. β -beat

Dynamic & momentum aperture excl. β -beat

4D Dynamic Aperture



- ▶ tracking using MAD-X-PTC
- ▶ tracking done at 175 GeV
- ▶ 2000 turns, 4D case, no radiation
- ▶ region of stability up to $\sim 20 \sigma_x / 100 \sigma_y$

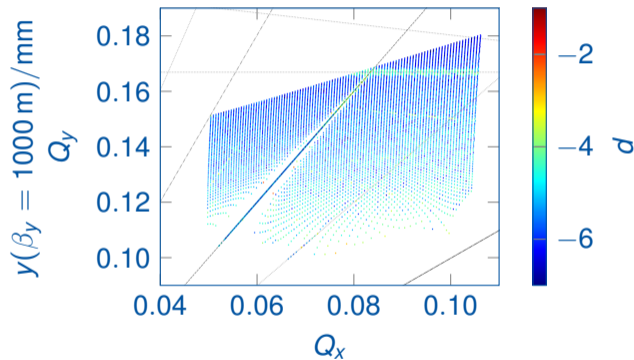
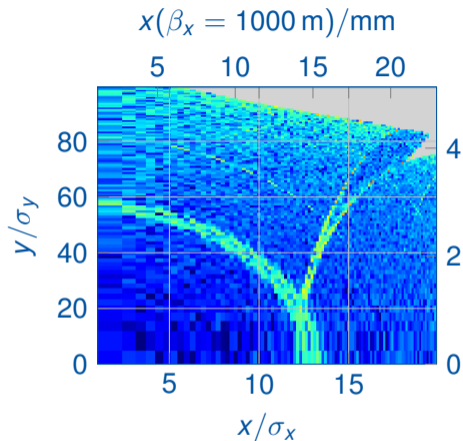


- ▶ previously determined stable region up to $\sim 20 \sigma_x / 100 \sigma_y$
- ▶ apply frequency map analysis (FMA) to study of non-linear beam dynamics
- ▶ diffusion rate defined as $d = \log_{10} \left[\sqrt{(\nu_x^{(2)} - \nu_x^{(1)})^2 + (\nu_y^{(2)} - \nu_y^{(1)})^2} \right]$
- ▶ $\nu_i^{(1/2)}$ referring to tune determined from 1st / 2nd half of tracked turns using numerical analysis of fundamental frequencies (NAFF)
NAFF: $\Delta\nu \approx 1/t^3$ FFT: $\Delta\nu \approx 1/t$

Y. Papaphilippou, *Detecting Chaos in Particle Accelerators through Frequency Map Analysis Method*, Chaos 24 (2014) 024412, 2014

J. Laskar, *Frequency map analysis and particle accelerators*, Proceedings of the 2003 Particle Accelerator Conference, 2003, pp. 378-382 Vol. 1

FMA of stable region (II)



- ▶ reasonable choice of working point
- ▶ first interaction with resonances for amplitudes of $\sim 12 \sigma_x$

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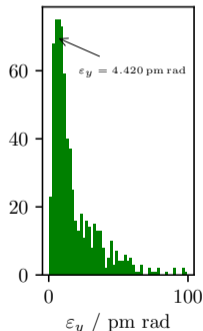
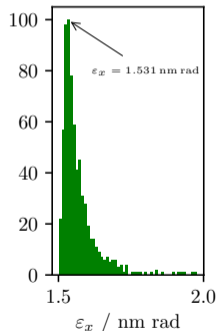
Dynamic & momentum aperture excl. β -beat

Misalignments and corrections



- ▶ misalignments introduced and corrected (comp. previous presentation by T. K. Charles: *Optics Correction and Emittance Performance for FCC-ee at 175 GeV*)
- ▶ misalignment assigned to quadrupoles / sextupoles with Gaussian random number generator truncated at 2.5σ
- ▶ corrections performed at 1 GeV
- ▶ after corrections are applied, energy is increased to 175 GeV and tapering applied
- ▶ emittance determined using EMIT module in MAD-X

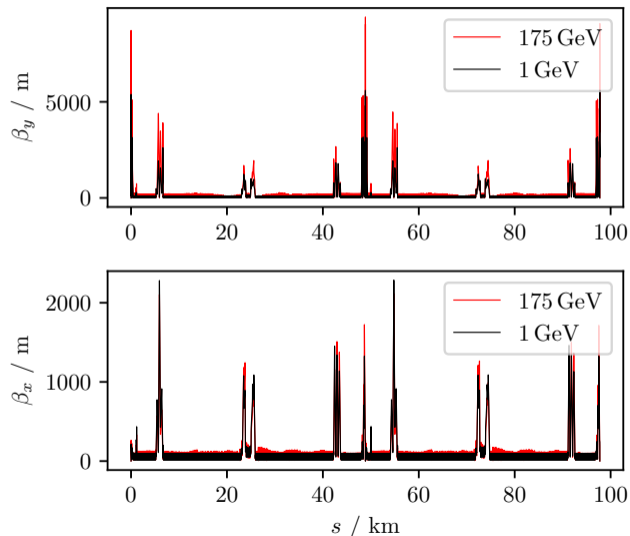
	σ_x	σ_y	σ_θ
arc quadrupoles	100 μm	100 μm	100 μrad
IP quadrupoles	50 μm	50 μm	50 μrad
sextupoles	100 μm	100 μm	



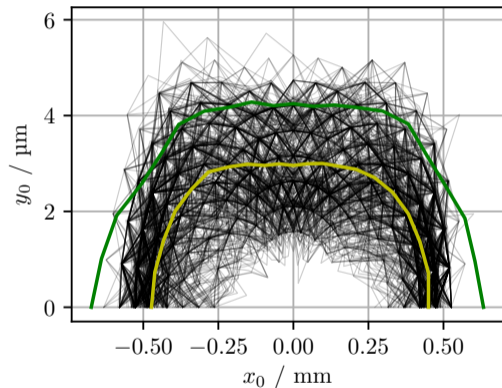
Beta beat after correction



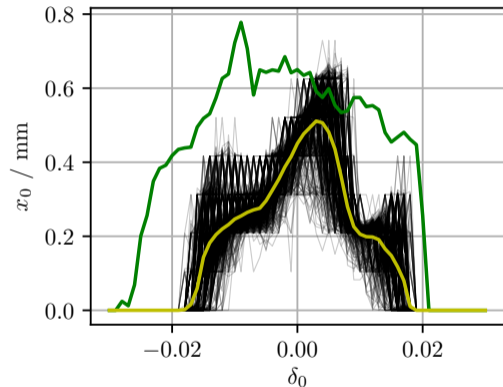
- ▶ at 1 GeV, where corrections are performed:
 - ▶ beta beat under control
- ▶ transition to 175 GeV and turning on radiation:
 - ▶ beta beat is at a much higher level
 - ▶ reason was a bug in tapering procedure



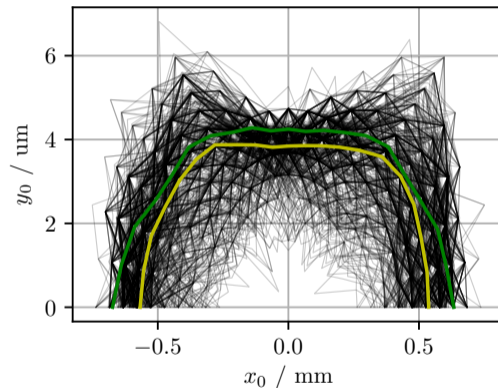
- ▶ (semi) corrected machines for 1000 seeds
- ▶ displayed are 580 seeds yielding more than $0.25 \text{ mm} \approx 6 \sigma_x$ at IP
- ▶ tracking for 100 turns corresponding to 4 longitudinal damping times
- ▶ tracking including radiation damping and quantum excitation
- ▶ average horizontal aperture corresponds to $\sim 11.3 \sigma_x$



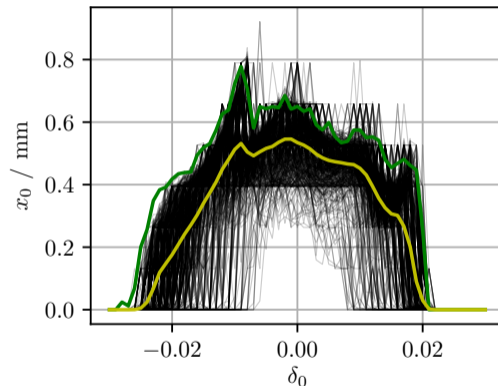
- ▶ (semi) corrected machines for 1000 seeds
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 - ▶ momentum aperture incl. 80 %
beta-beat: $\pm 1.7 \%$
- ⇒ sufficient for beam storage



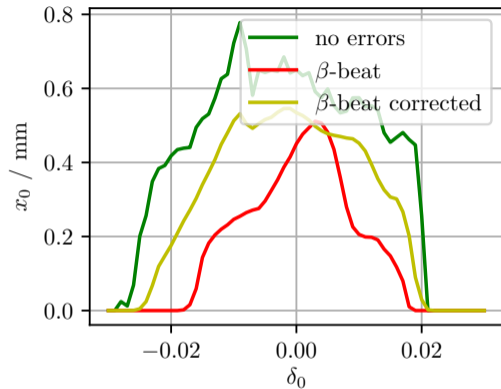
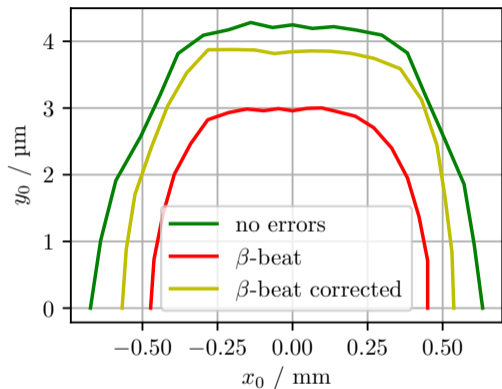
- ▶ corrected machines for 1000 seeds
- ▶ displayed are 675 seeds yielding more than $0.25 \text{ mm} \approx 6 \sigma_x$ at IP
- ▶ tracking for 100 turns corresponding to 4 longitudinal damping times
- ▶ tracking including radiation damping and quantum excitation
- ▶ average horizontal aperture corresponds to $\sim 13.5 \sigma_x$



- ▶ corrected machines for 1000 seeds
- ▶ displayed are 675 seeds yielding more than $0.25 \text{ mm} \approx 6 \sigma_x$ at IP
- ▶ tracking for 100 turns corresponding to 4 longitudinal damping times
- ▶ tracking including radiation damping and quantum excitation
- ▶ momentum aperture: $-2.5 \%/2.1 \%$



Comparison of dynamic / momentum aperture



- ▶ with 80 % beta-beat, dynamic / momentum aperture sufficient for beam storage
- ▶ dynamic / momentum aperture due to misalignments large enough for storage / injection

- ▶ dynamic and momentum aperture have been studied including misalignments
- ▶ for misalignments including $50 \mu\text{m}$ rms of IP quadrupoles
- ⇒ dynamic and momentum aperture sufficiently large for both beam storage and injection ($13.5 \sigma_x$, -2.5% / 2.1%)
- ▶ in the case of considerable beta beat in the order of 80% and including $50 \mu\text{m}$ misalignment of IP quadrupoles:
 - ▶ dynamic aperture still larger than $10 \sigma_x$
 - ▶ momentum aperture only reduced to $\pm 1.7 \%$
 - ⇒ sufficient for beam storage
- ▶ next steps in this study include:
 - ▶ adapt correction script to perform yet another correction at 175 GeV
 - ▶ different misalignment amplitudes as well as
 - ▶ multipole field errors will have to be studied

Thank you for your attention...

Acknowledgements:
P. Skowronski, F. Zimmermann

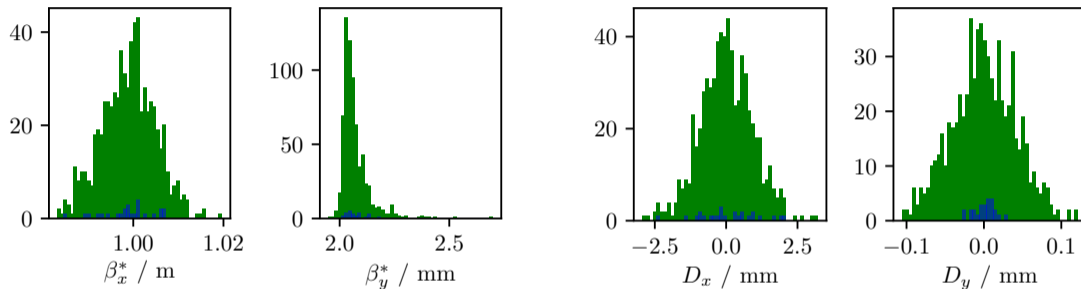


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Back up slides



1. assign errors, switch off sextupoles
2. orbit correction
3. pure coupling correction
4. rematch hor. dispersion
5. loop over
 - 5.1 dispersion free steering w/o sextupoles (D_y correction)
 - 5.2 coupling correction
6. save closed orbit at start of machine
7. switch on sextupoles in loop over
 - 7.1 orbit correction
 - 7.2 coupling correction
 - 7.3 beta beat, hor. dispersion correction
 - 7.4 coupling, ver. dispersion correction



- ▶ out of 1000 seeds, 690 converged meaning (arbitrary):
 $\varepsilon_x < 3.0$ nm rad, $\varepsilon_y < 100$ pm rad
- ▶ 25 seeds yield vertical emittance smaller than 2.5 pm rad (blue)

Example of one corrected error seed

- ▶ 100 μm arc quadrupole and sextupole misalignment
- ▶ perfect IP quadrupole misalignment

