

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ \vdots \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ \vdots \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$



Top squark searches at 100 TeV

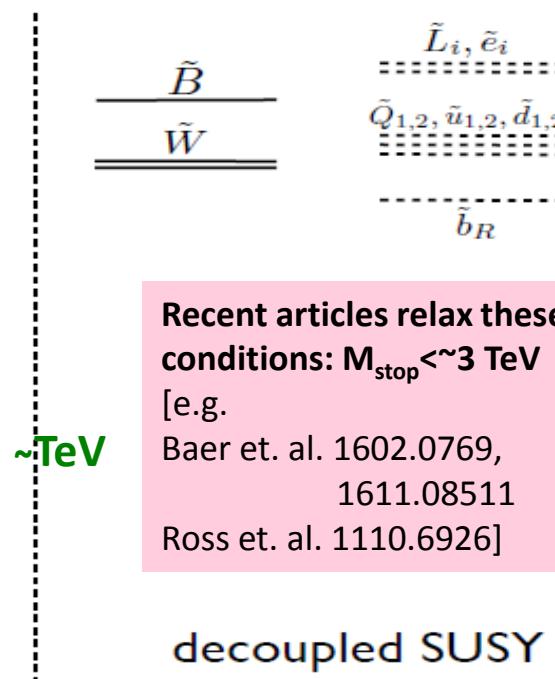
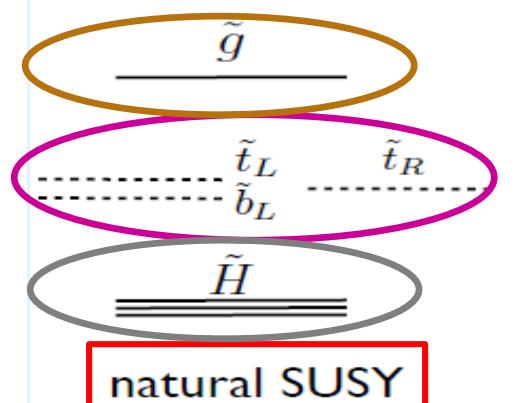
Loukas Gouskos, Allan Sung, Joe Incandela

Physics motivation

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

- SUSY: One of the most extensively studied BSM theories
 - ◆ An excellent answer to hierarchy problem, dark matter and unification of couplings
- “Natural SUSY” models: attract a lot of attention at the LHC
 - ◆ Particularly relevant to address the hierarchy problem / understanding of naturalness of the EWK scale

Papucci et al.
hep-ph 1110.6926



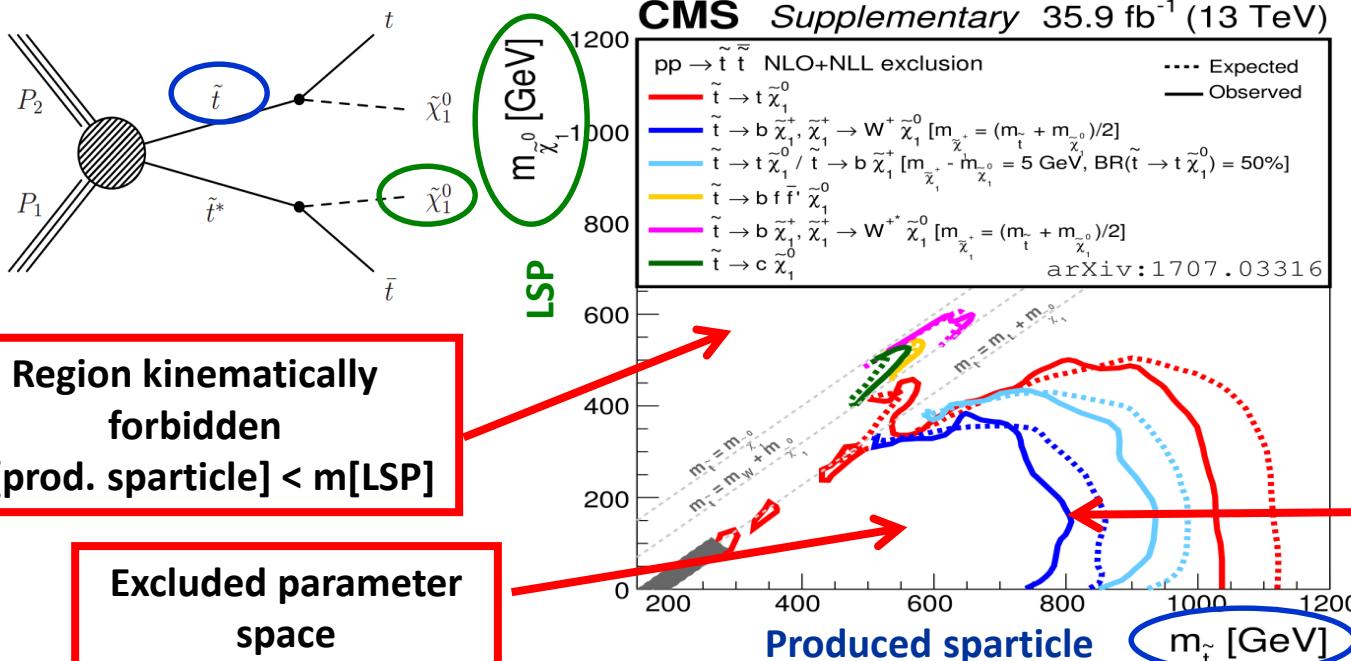
- Natural SUSY spectrum: higgsinos , stops/sbottoms and gluinos, \sim TeV Scale [maybe within LHC reach]

- All other sparticles can be very heavy [decoupled]

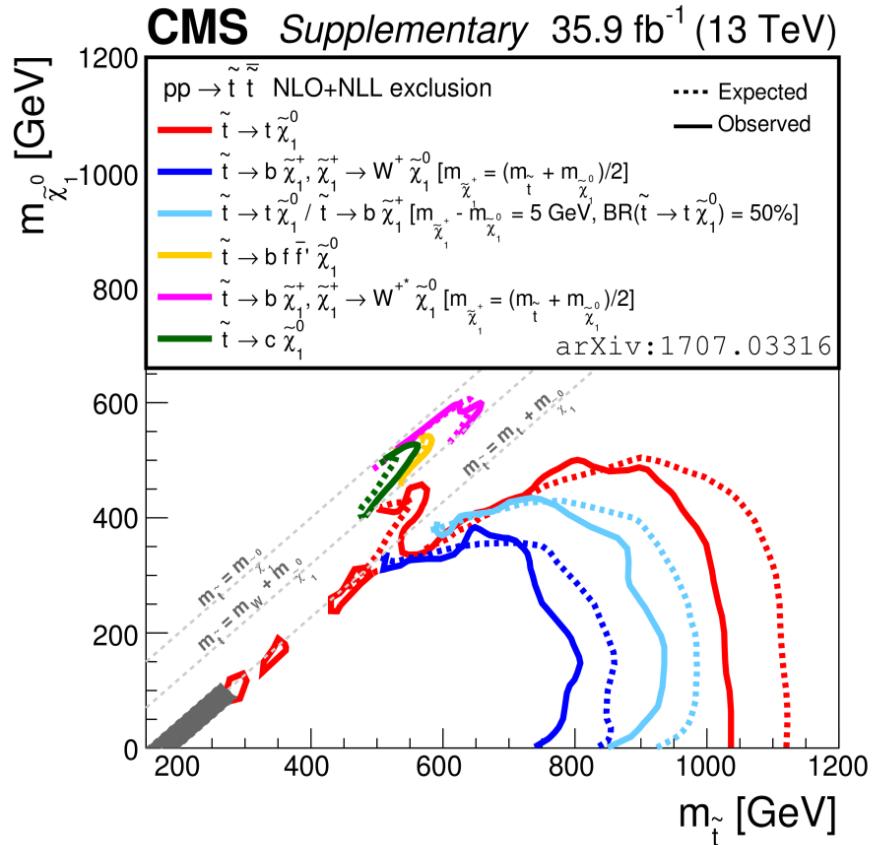
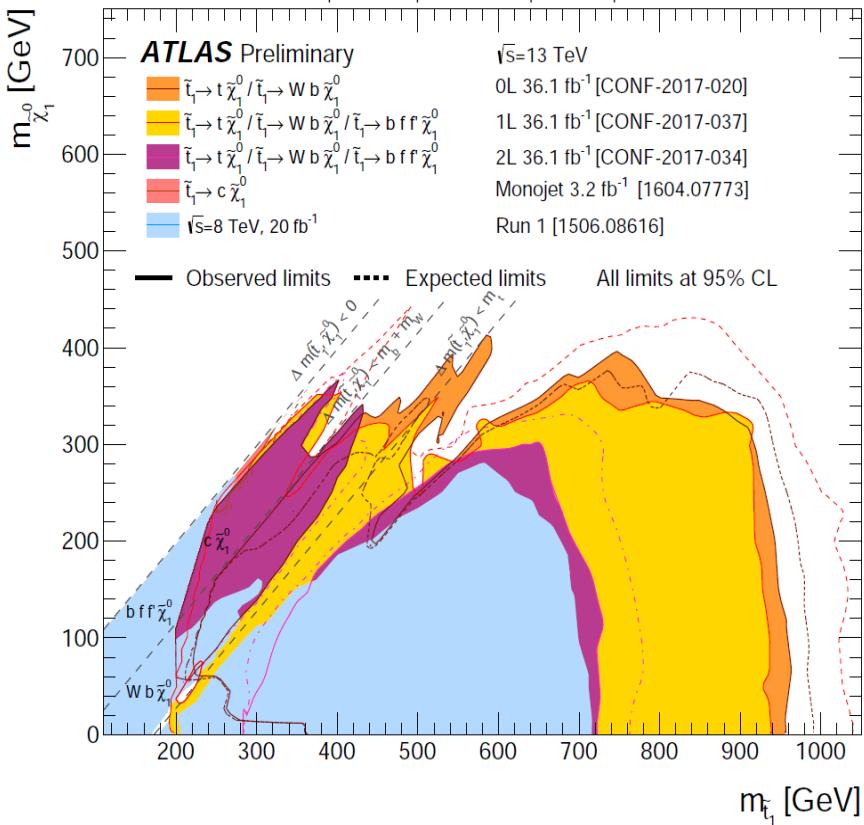
This talk:
Focus on the search for top squarks in models with R-parity conservation

Setting the stage

- **Simplified model spectra [SMS]:** used for design & result interpretation
 - ◆ Minimal set of free parameters to describe a particular set of decay chains
 - ◆ More generic description -> results applicable to other scenarios
- But.. there are some simplifications:
 - ◆ eg. full SUSY spectrum not provided; particle properties, (usually) BR=100% for the sparticle decays



Top squark searches at the LHC

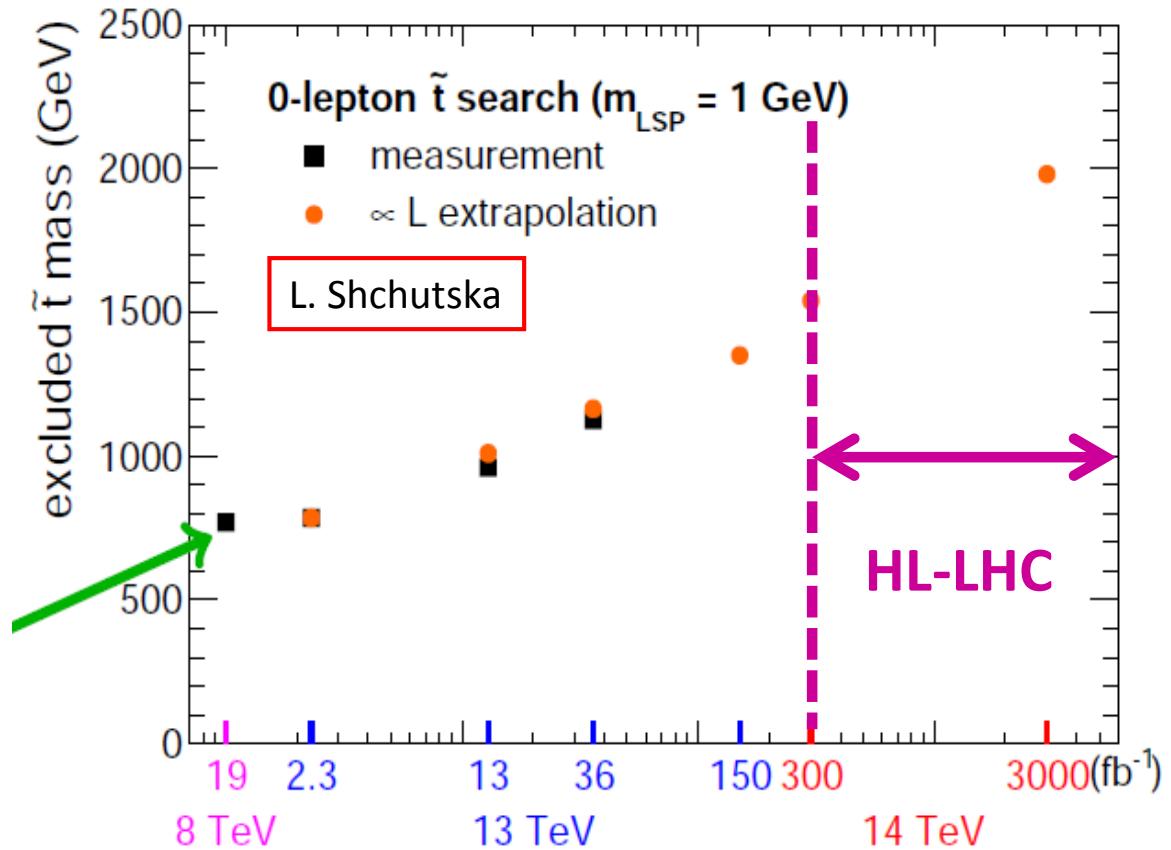


- No hints of SUSY after the first years of LHC operation
- Models with m_{stop} up to $\sim 1\text{ TeV}$ and light LSP are excluded

Projections at LHC and HL-LHC

Results should be interpreted as indicative of the expected performance

[e.g. no detector aging vs time considered]



- End of HL-LHC Physics program: Exclude top squarks $\sim 2 \text{ TeV}$



End of HL-LHC program: What's next?

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

■ Optimistic scenario [or scenario 1]:

- ◆ Discovery/Observation top squarks at the LHC [\sim TeV scale]:
 - mechanism for the “hierarchy problem” [and for dark matter if R_P is conserved]
- ◆ Need a SUSY-factory to study the properties [mass spectrum, BR, etc..]
- ◆ 100 TeV pp collider is a **SUSY-factory** [e.g. $m_{stop} = 2$ TeV $\rightarrow \sigma_{100\text{TeV}}/\sigma_{13\text{TeV}} \sim 10^4$]

■ Pessimistic scenario [or scenario 2]:

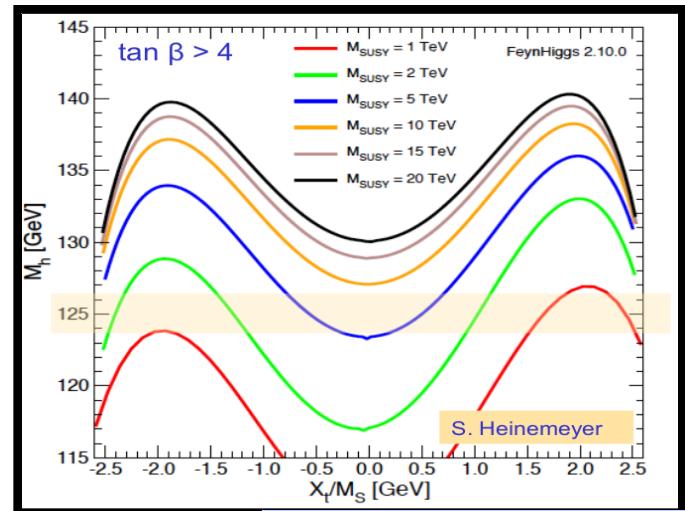
- ◆ No hints from SUSY after HL-LHC
 - Natural-SUSY in trouble [though not dead]
 - Other SUSY models alive [i.e. split-SUSY] / SUSY mass spectrum very high [?]
- ◆ Need a powerful hadronic collider to really explore the naturalness issue and the viability of SUSY in general
 - SUSY is to this day on the most appealing BSM theories

Motivation for FCC-hh @100 TeV

- Theory motivations for superpartner mass upper bounds and the reach of a 100 TeV pp collider:

- Measured Higgs mass [FCC-hh Yellow report]:
 - Top squarks have the largest contributions to the Higgs mass
 - $1 \text{ TeV} < m_{\text{stop}} < 10 \text{ TeV}$ seem to be favored in many models
- Gauge coupling unification [FCC-hh Yellow report]:
 - Predict superpartners with $m_{\text{stop}} < 10 \text{ TeV}$
- Understanding the naturalness of the EWK state:
 - “Never seen fine-tuning of 10^{-4} in HEP”:
 FT $10^{-4} \rightarrow \sim 10 \text{ TeV}$ top squarks

Mostly outside the HL-LHC reach;
Need for a powerful hadron collider



Nima Arkani-Hamed:
FCC-Kick-off 2014

* Tuning probe $\propto E_{\text{cm}}^{\frac{2}{3}}$

* Higgs + nothing else @ 100 TeV
 $\implies \sim 10^{-4}$ tuning!

* Never seen this level of tuning
 in particle physics.

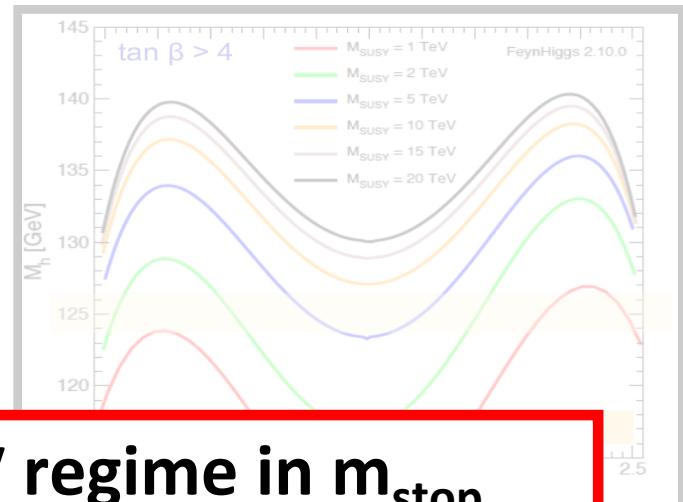
* Qualitatively new, mortal blow to naturalness

Motivation for FCC-hh @100 TeV

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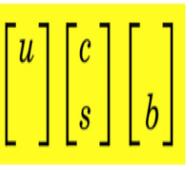


GOAL: Probe up to the $\sim 10 \text{ TeV}$ regime in m_{stop} with FCC-hh @ 100 TeV

- Never seen fine-tuning of 10^{-4} in HEP : FT $10^{-4} \rightarrow \sim 10 \text{ TeV}$ top squarks
- Gauge coupling unification [FCC-hh Yellow report]:
 - Predict superpartners with $m_{\text{stop}} < 10 \text{ TeV}$

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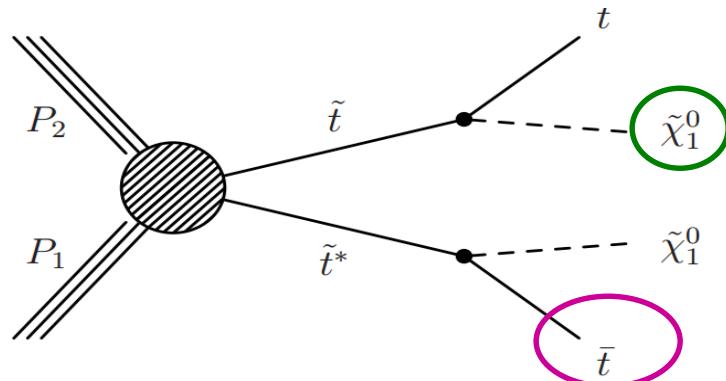
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Search design

Signal characteristics

- Design a search for top squarks in the all hadronic channel
 - ◆ Largest branching fraction ($\sim 45\%$)
 - ◆ Very distinct signature



- ◆ Multiple jets
- ◆ 2 b-jets
- ◆ On-shell top quarks
- ◆ Large ME_T [from the two LSPs]

- Baseline selection:
 - ◆ Veto leptons with $p_T > 30$ GeV
 - ◆ $N_j \geq 2$ with $p_T > 1000$ GeV; $N_b \geq 1$ with $p_T > 50$ GeV
 - ◆ $ME_T > 2$ TeV
 - ◆ $\Delta\phi(j_{1,2}; ME_T) > 0.5$; $\Delta\phi(j_3; ME_T) > 0.3$ [QCD killers]

Background processes

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

■ Relevant backgrounds:

◆ “Lost Lepton” (LL) backgrounds:

- Stemming from leptonic decays of W with the lepton escaping detection -> large MET
- ttbar dominates, important contributions from ttW/ttH

◆ ttZ(Z->vv) background:

- Similar characteristics with signal
- $\sigma(100 \text{ TeV})/\sigma(14 \text{ TeV}) \sim 50$

◆ “Rare” backgrounds:

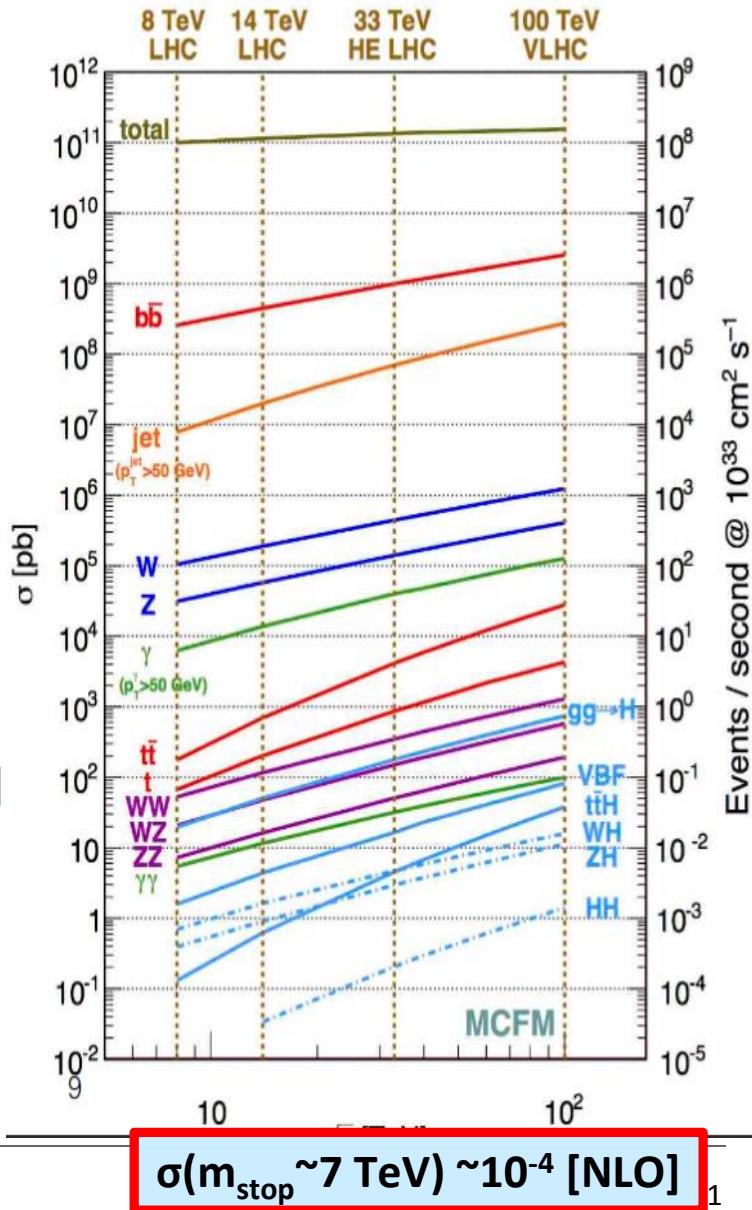
- ttVV, tttt, ...
- Largely irreducible background [but small σ]
- Very small contribution from V+jets

■ Technical details:

◆ BKG and signal generated using MadGraph

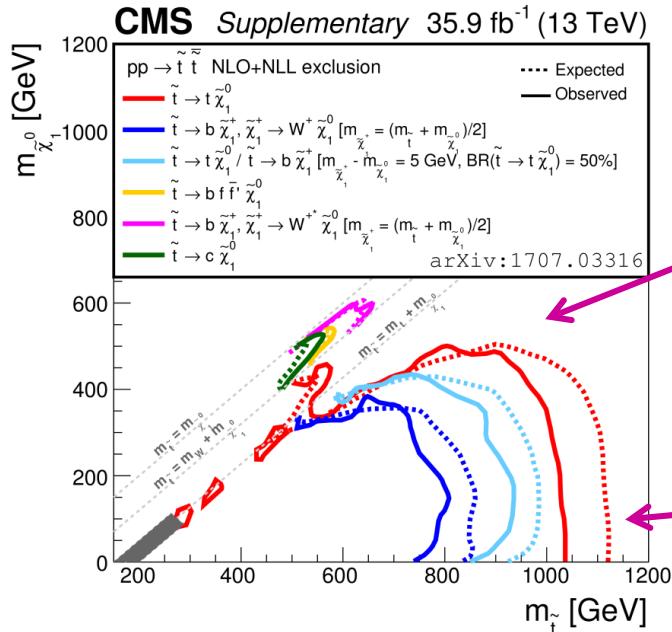
◆ NLO k-factors applied

◆ Events simulated using FCC detector & Delphes



Top tagging in top squark searches

- Key player for top squark searches: **identification of hadronic top quarks**
 - ◆ Provides a powerful handle to suppress many of the SM backgrounds
 - NB: 2 hadronic top quarks in signal
- Top quarks are typically boosted in signal
 - ◆ Top decay products merged into a single jet [$\Delta R \sim 2x m_{\text{top}} / p_T(\text{top})$]



Signals with moderate Δm
top quarks with moderate p_T
~TeV [similar to LHC]

$M_j \sim M_t$

Signals with large Δm
top quarks with very high p_T
~5-10 TeV

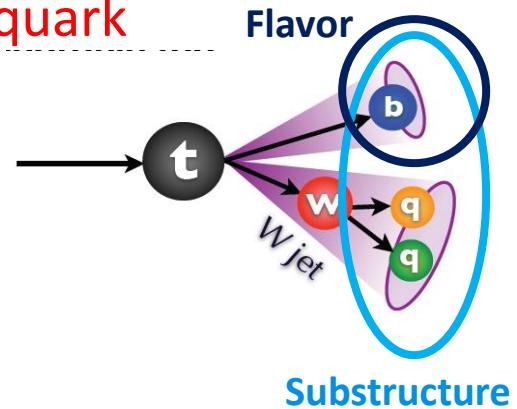
- Boost of the top depends on characteristics of the signal model
 - ◆ Need top tagging over a wide range of p_T [challenging]

Hadronic top tagging

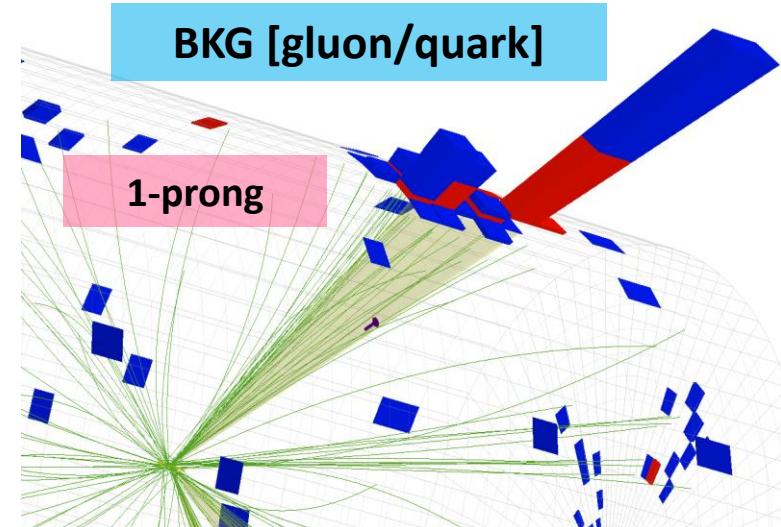
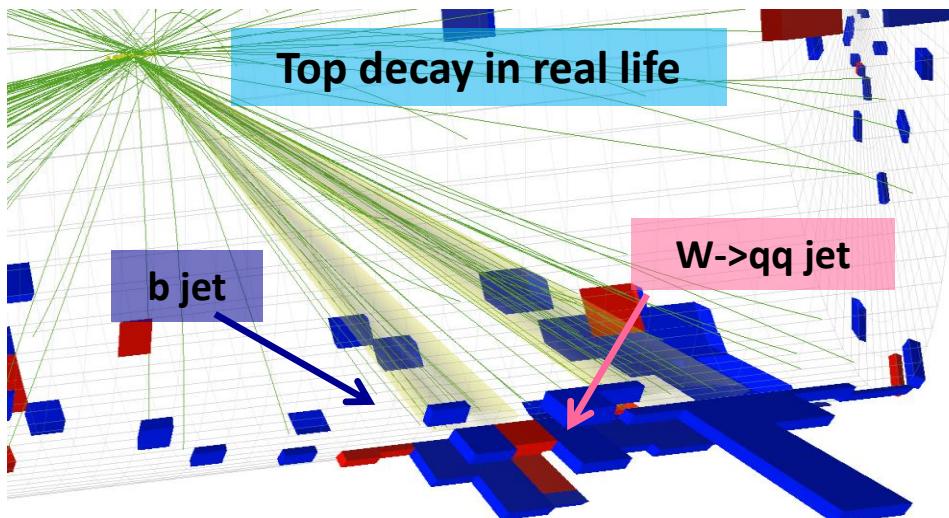
$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

- **In theory:** A top quark decays to a W boson and a b quark
-> 3 quarks in total

- ◆ **Substructure:** identify the 3-prong structure
- ◆ **Flavor:** Identify the b quark [or even W->cX]



- **In practice:** Jet is a cone of reconstructed particles in the detector
 - ◆ With a mass and kinematics consistent with the top decay

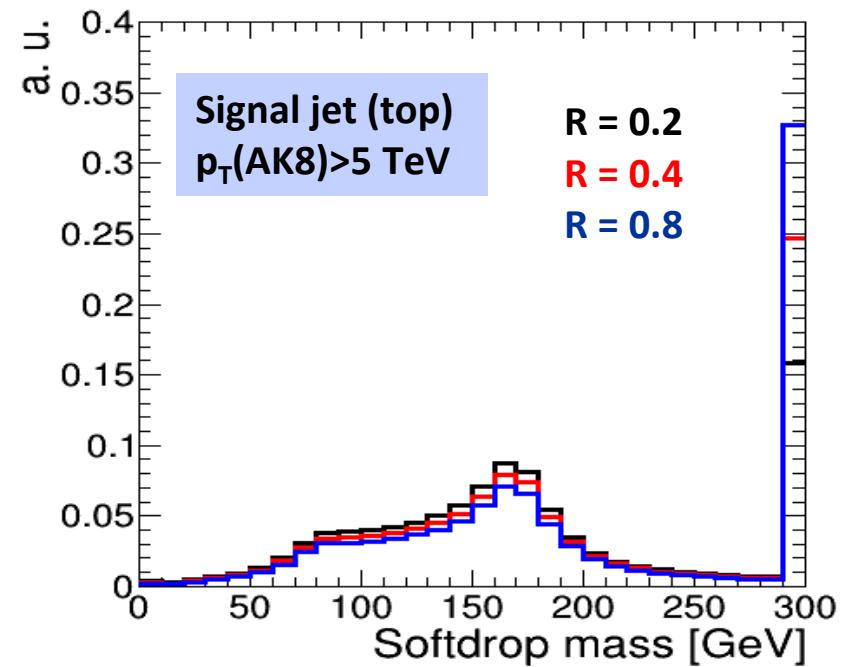
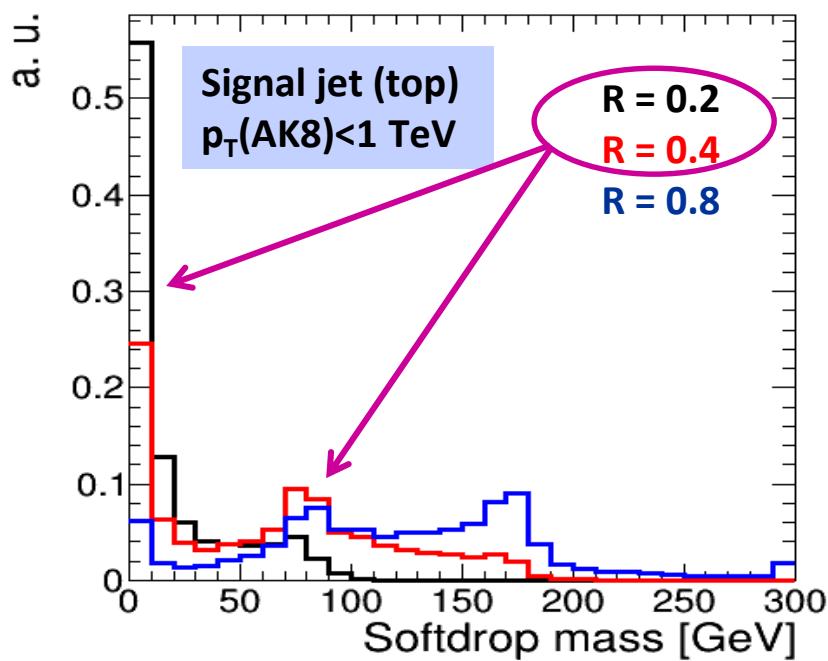


Challenging..

Top tagging at 100 TeV: Challenge 1

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

- Choice of the jet distance parameter (R)
 - ◆ Large enough to contain the top decay products
 - ◆ But **not too large...**
 - Contributions from the underlying event, pile-up, ISR lead to increased jet mass.

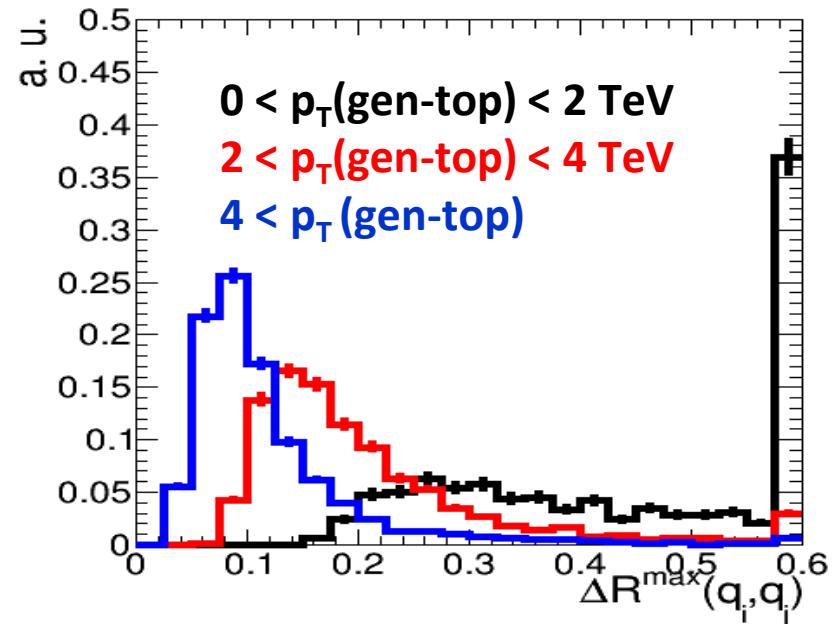


- There is not a single choice: Optimal R depends on $p_T[\text{top}]$

Top tagging at 100 TeV: Challenge 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

- Spatial separation of the decay products of ultra-boosted top quarks
 - ◆ ΔR (ECAL) ~ 0.02 , ΔR (HCAL) ~ 0.1
4x better wrt CMS/ATLAS
 - ◆ CALO granularity not sufficient for efficient identification of ultra-boosted tops
- Inspired from 1503.03347:
 - ◆ Exploit tracking for jet substructure

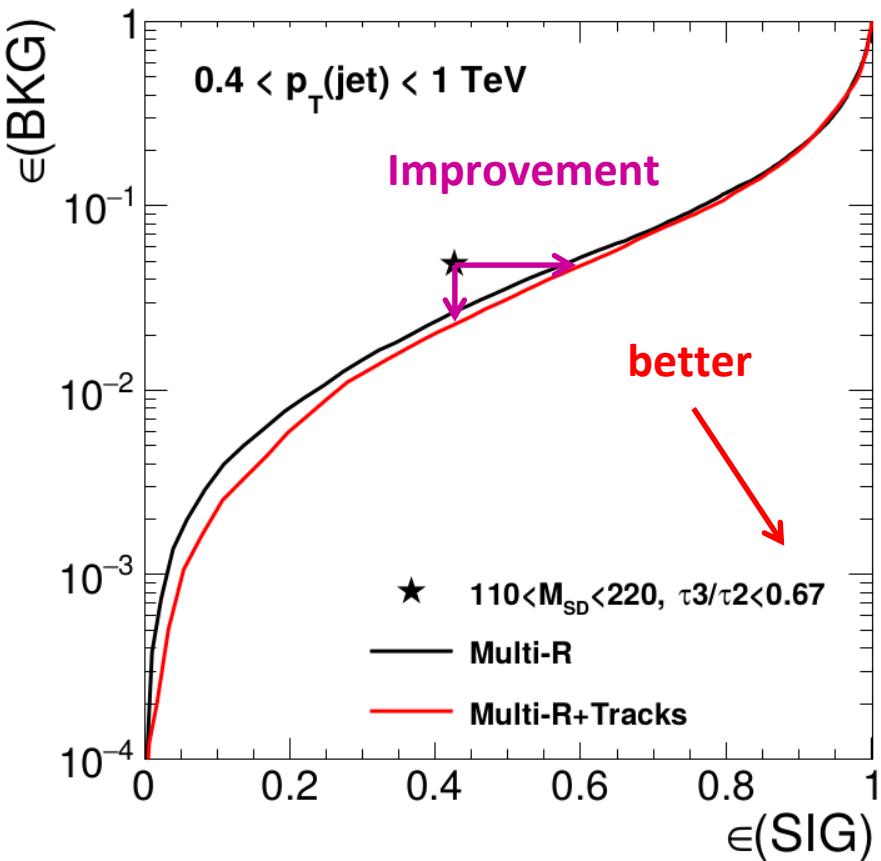


Putting pieces together

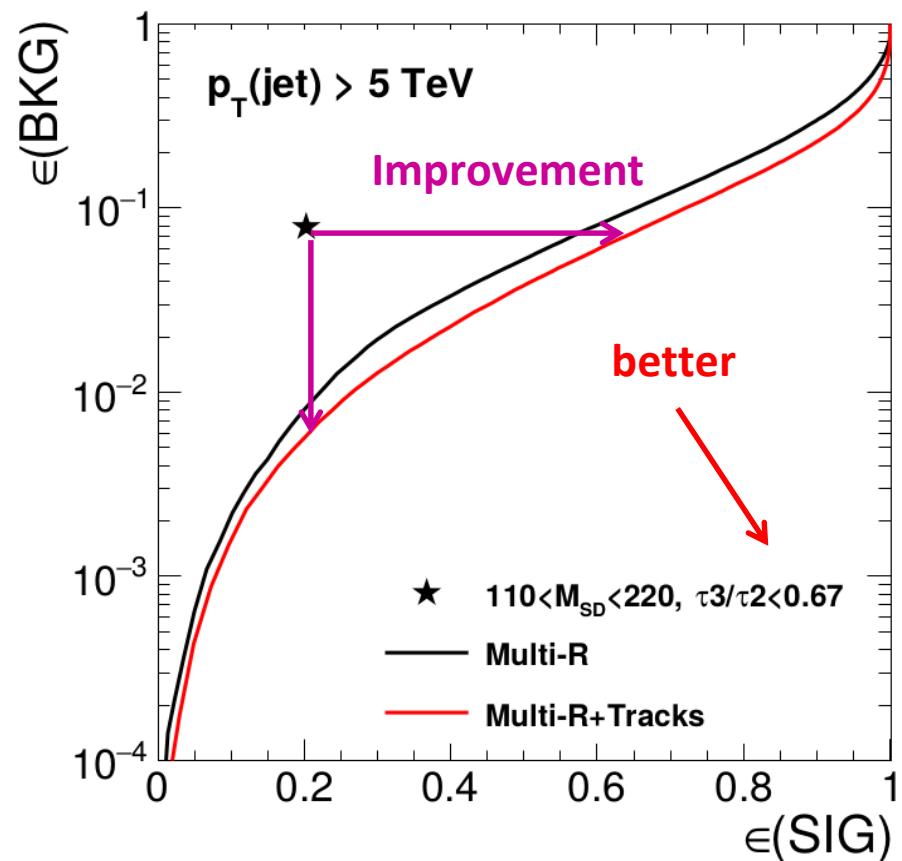
- > top candidate: anti-kT PF-Jets with $R=0.8$
- > iteratively reduce R and exploit jet substructure
- > Repeat using jets made solely from tracks
- > Utilize Multivariate methods [i.e. BDT] to suppress fake rate

“Multi-R + Tracks” top tagging algorithm

Multi-R + tracks tagger: performance



-> modest improvement wrt cut-based tagger
-> “Multi-R+Tracks”: Similar performance to Multi-R version [as expected in this p_T regime]

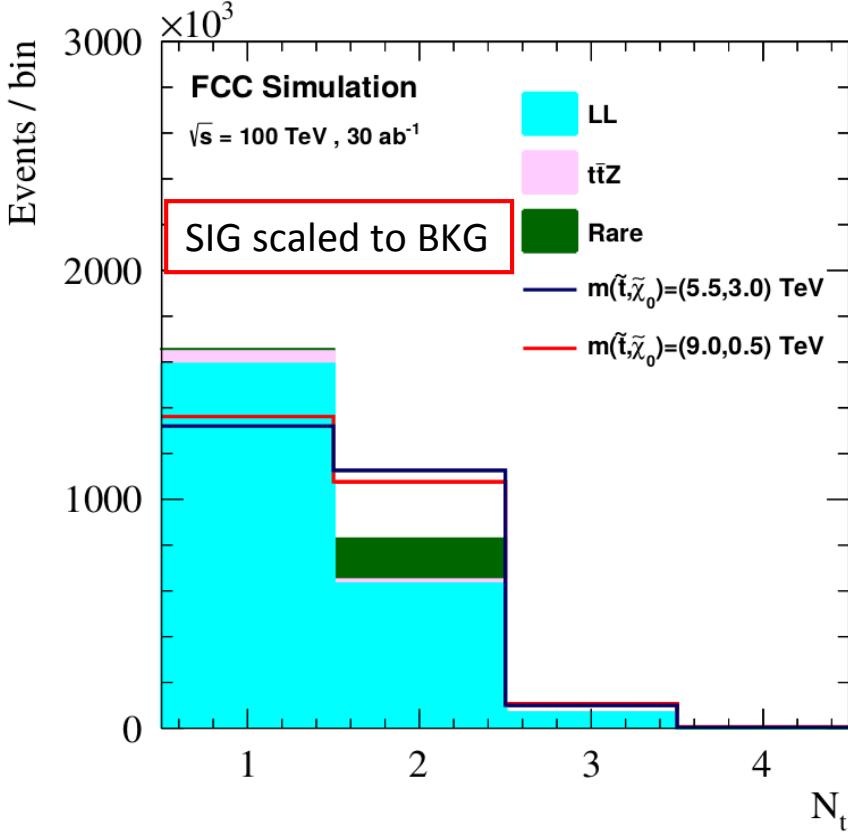


-> significant gain wrt to the cut based tagger
-> Addition of track-based variables recovers loss of performance in the high- p_T regime

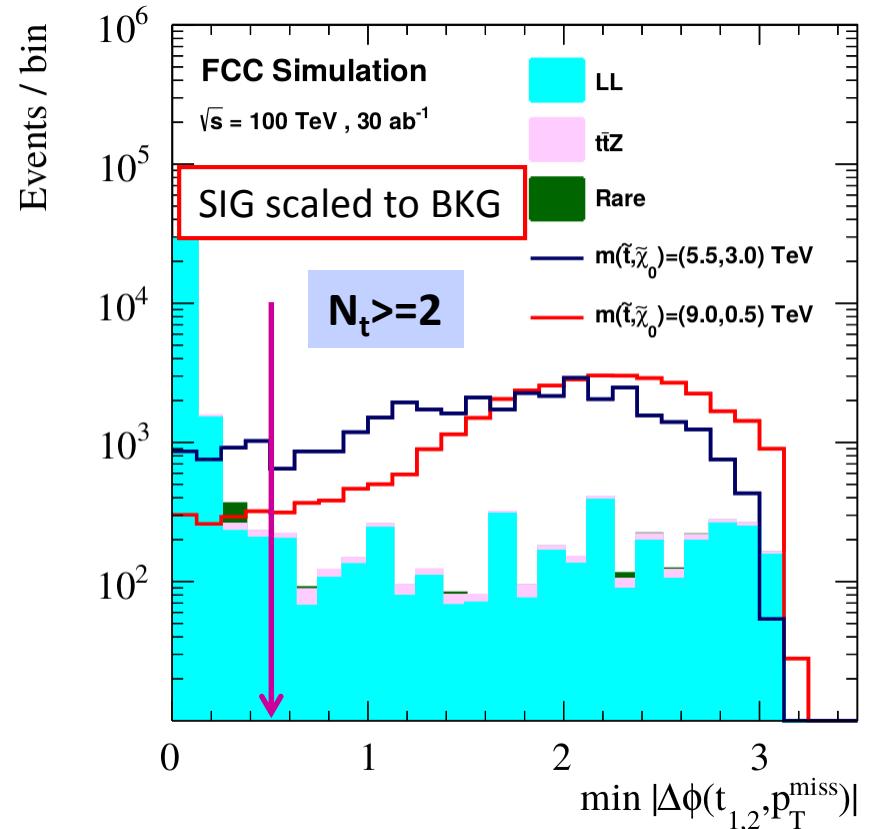
Work in progress: Study performance with improved calorimeters [e.g. HGC]

Highlights from the search design

- “Multi- R + Tracks” provides a powerful handle to suppress many backgrounds:



Working point:
~5% mistagging rate

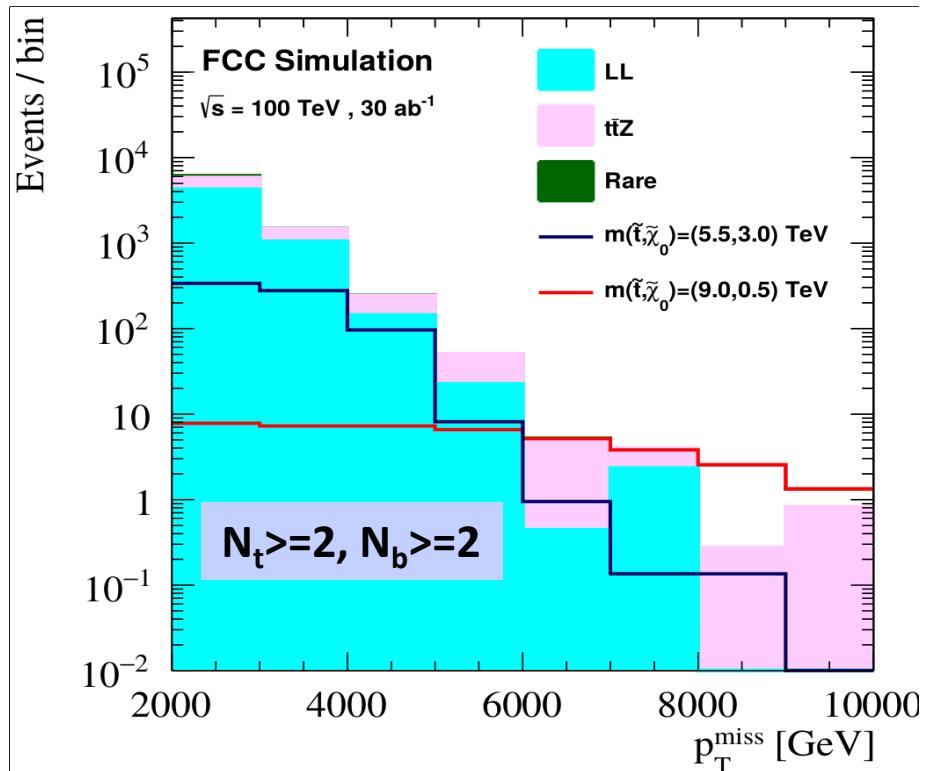


Powerful observable:
[up to 90% BKG for <10% SIG]

Highlights from the search design (2)

- On top of the baseline, categorize events based on N_t and N_b
- ME_T traditionally powerful variable to separate signal from background

- ME_T spectrum depends strongly on the signal model:
 - Fit ME_T shape



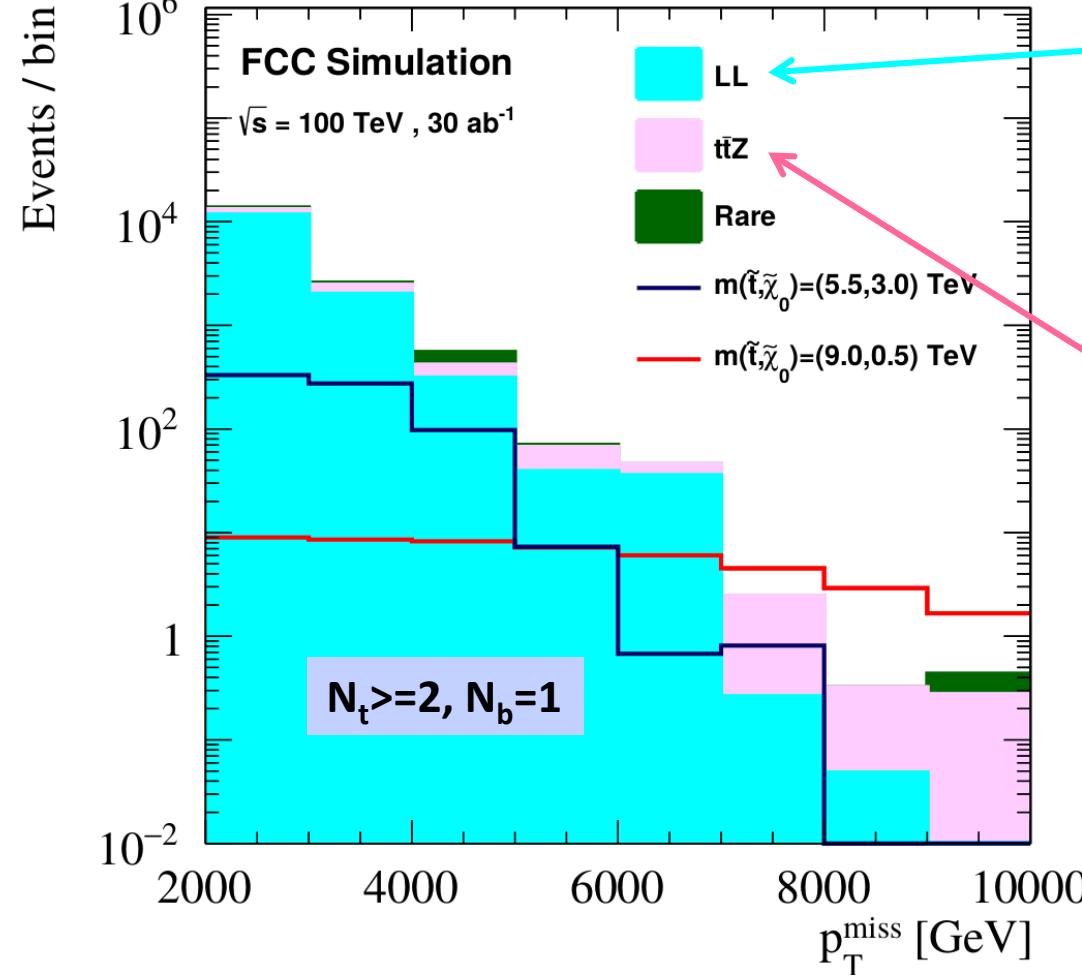


Challenge: Background estimation

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

- We will enter in the regime of very small SUSY production x-sections [very massive sparticles]
 - ◆ $\sigma(\text{SUSY})$ orders of magnitude smaller wrt $\sigma(\text{SM})$
- SUSY signal is mainly searched for in the tails of the distributions
 - ◆ BKG: very good control of the tails needed
- Strategy:
 - ◆ Main backgrounds [LL & ttZ] estimated using data-driven methods:
 - Use dedicated “data” control samples [with kinematics similar to the signal] to measure each process
 - Translate the measurement to a BKG prediction with the aid of simulation
 - ◆ Rare backgrounds:
 - Estimated from simulation with generous uncertainties [100%]

Challenge: Background estimation (2)



LL BKG: 1L control sample

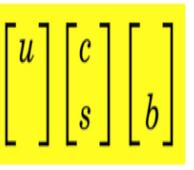
- $N_L = 1$ with $p_T[L] \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$
- $M_T(L, ME_T) < 100 \text{ GeV}$: suppress potential signal contamination

ttZ BKG: 3L control sample

- $N_L = 3$ with $p_T[L] \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$
- OSSF pair consistent with M_Z
- $p_T(Z) > 2 \text{ TeV}$:

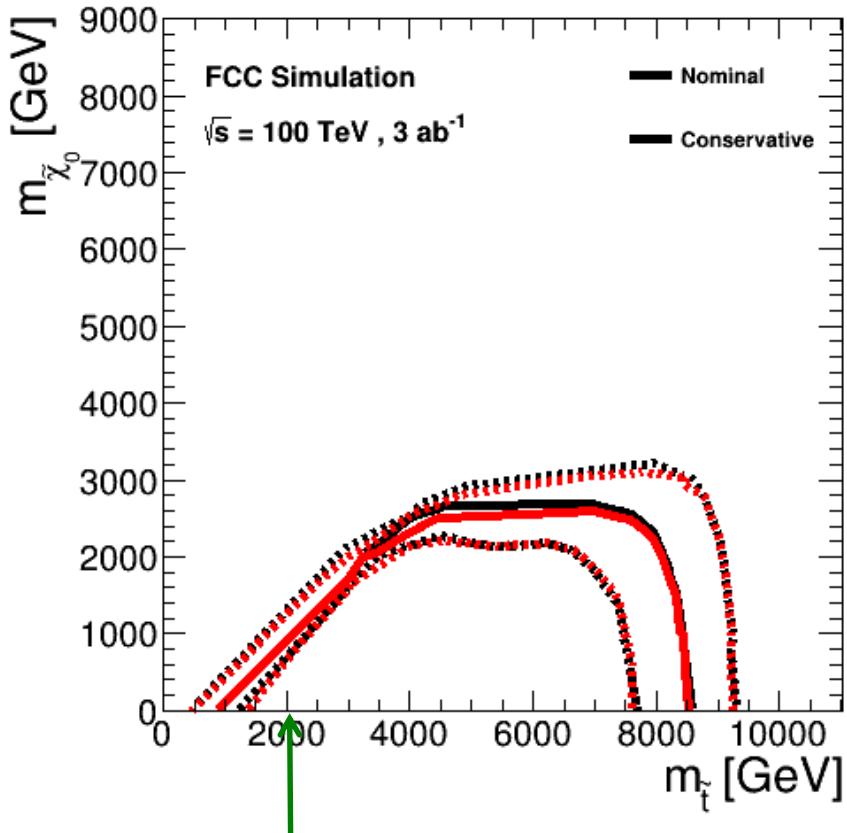
Systematics

- Dominant uncertainty from the stats of the control regions
[propagated to the final results]
- Two scenarios to account for additional sources:
 - > “nominal”: 20% (*)
 - > “conservative”: 40% (*)
- (*) uncorrelated across all regions/ processes



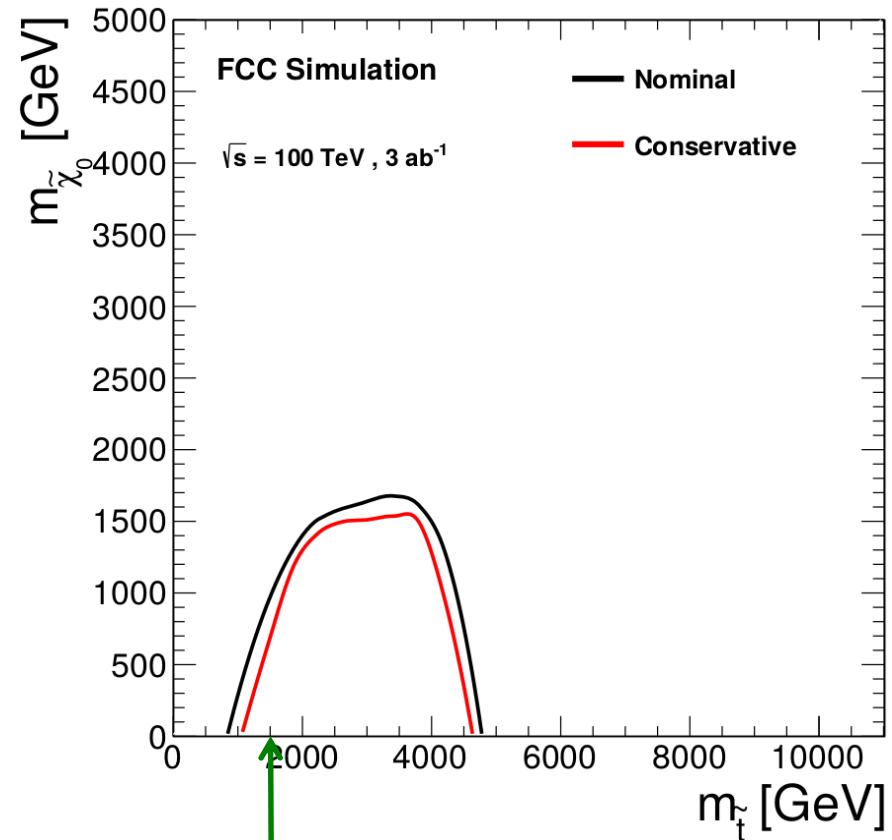
Results

Expected limit @95% CL



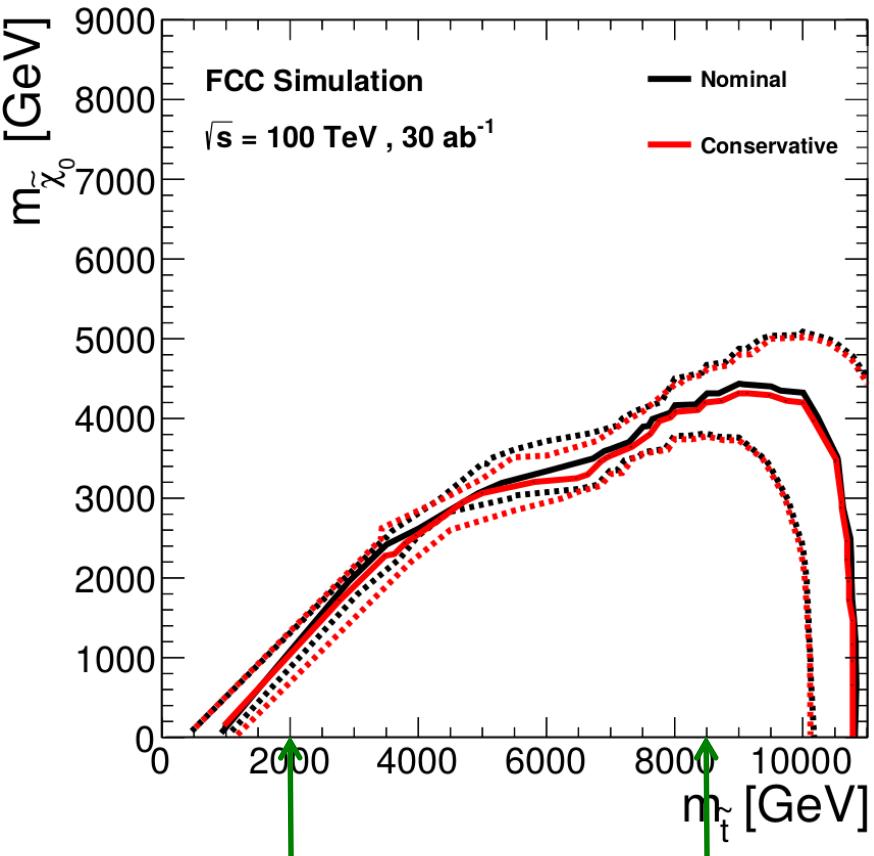
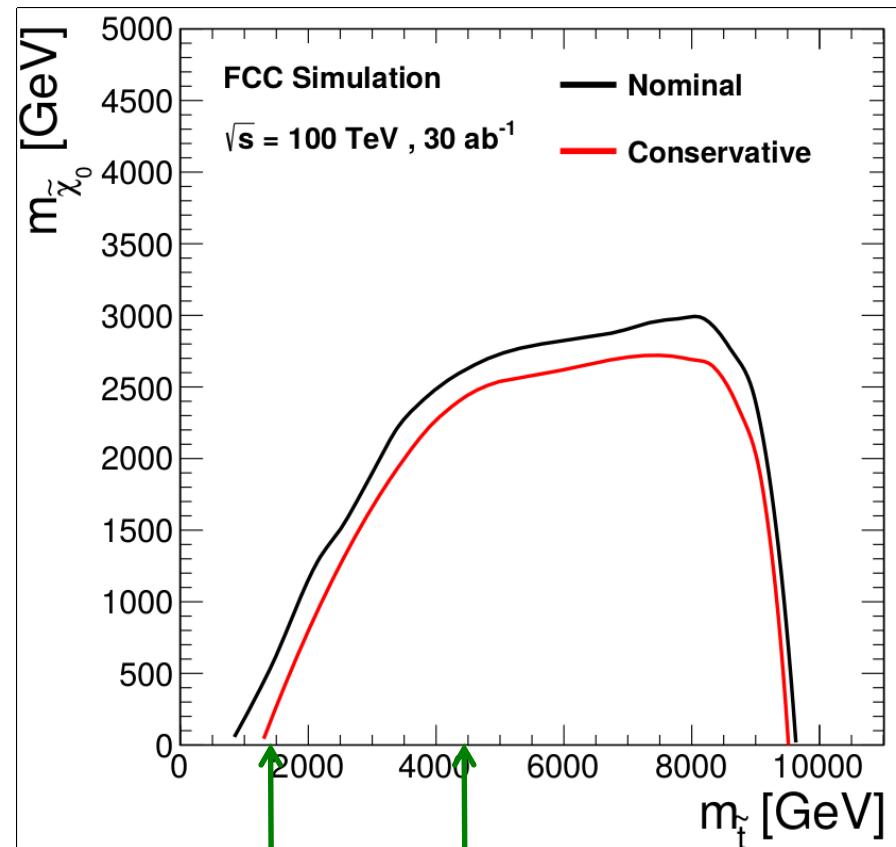
~2 TeV
HL-LHC

Discovery potential (5 σ)



~1.4 TeV
HL-LHC

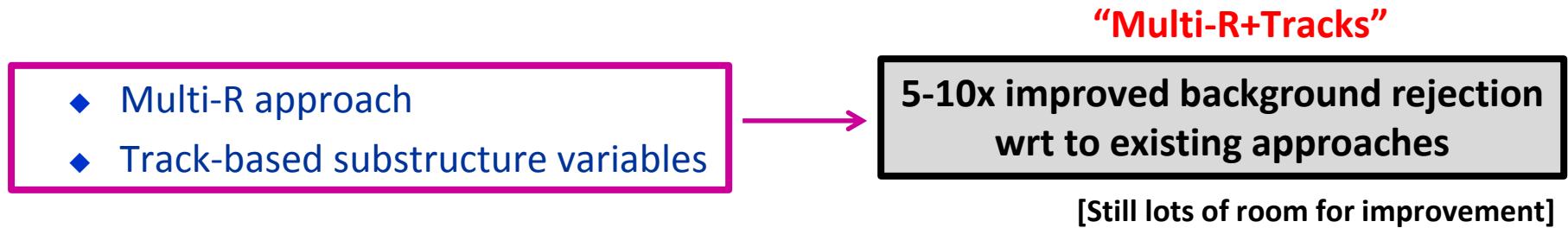
Expected limit @95% CL

Discovery potential (5 σ)

Summary

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

- We have designed a search for top squarks for the FCC-hh at 100 TeV
 - ◆ Focus on all hadronic channel -> take advantage of the largest BR
- Tagging ultra-boosted top quarks @ 100 TeV needs detector granularity and improved methods:



- Conclusion:
 - ◆ We can reach the $m_{stop} \sim 8.5$ TeV barrier already with $3 ab^{-1}$
 - ◆ Additional luminosity [i.e. $30 ab^{-1}$] is important for SUSY hunt:
 - discover top squarks with $m_{stop} \sim 9.5$ TeV & exclusion up to ~ 11 TeV

The FCC-hh physics program will be critical in our discovery or abandonment of SUSY

Back-ups

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$