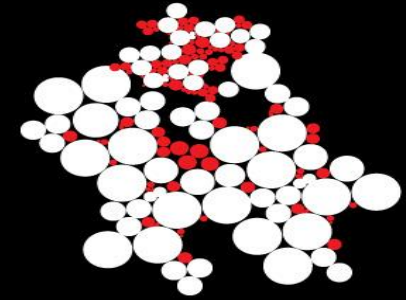


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Superconductivity R&D at Twente University

M. ter Brake, M. Dhallé, H. ten Kate, A. Nijhuis et al.



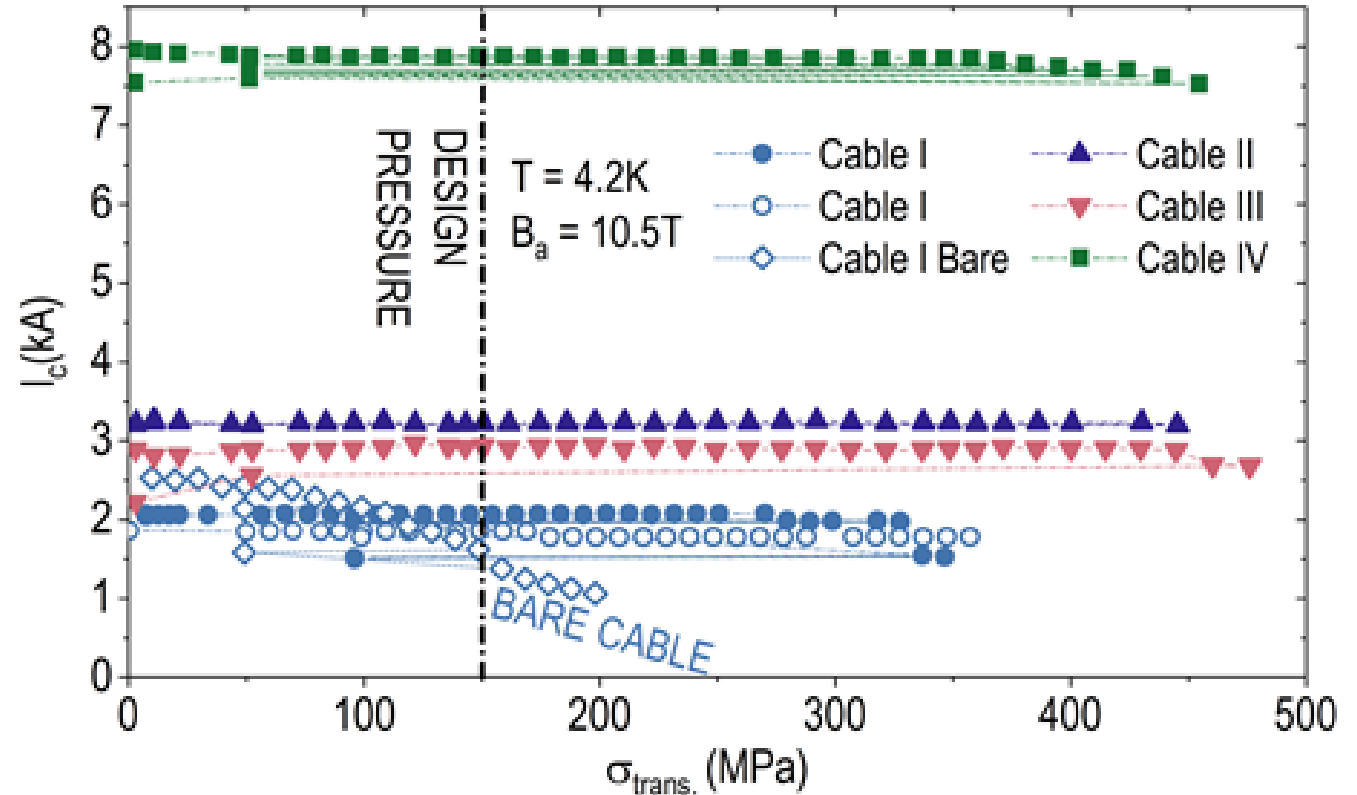
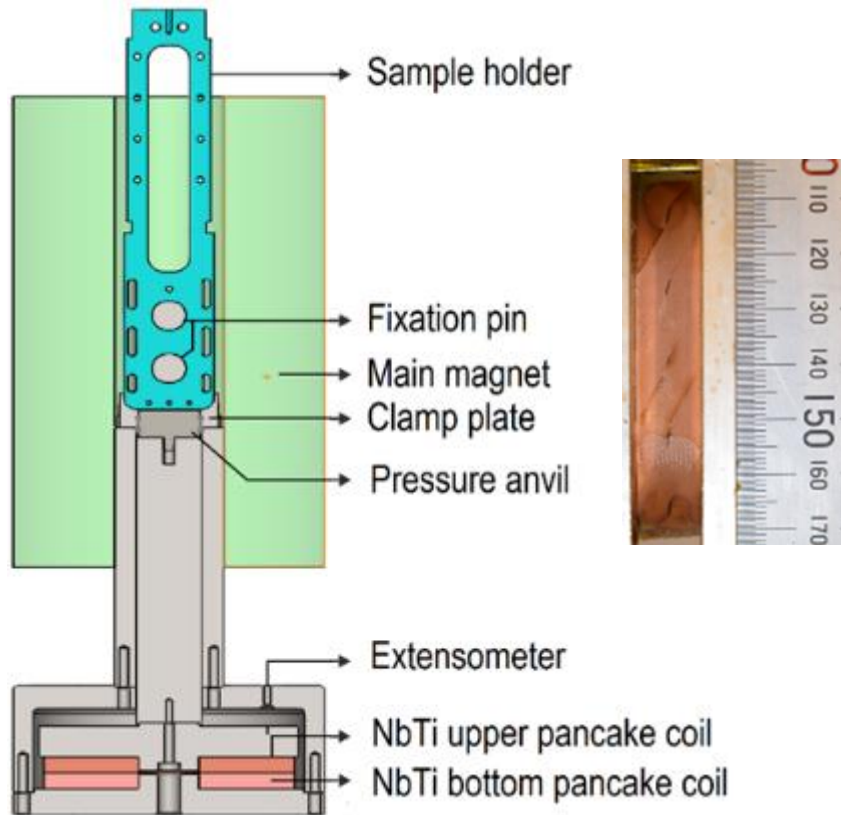
*FCC WEEK 2018 – Amsterdam,
The Netherlands 09 - 13 April 2018*



Superconductivity R&D at Twente University

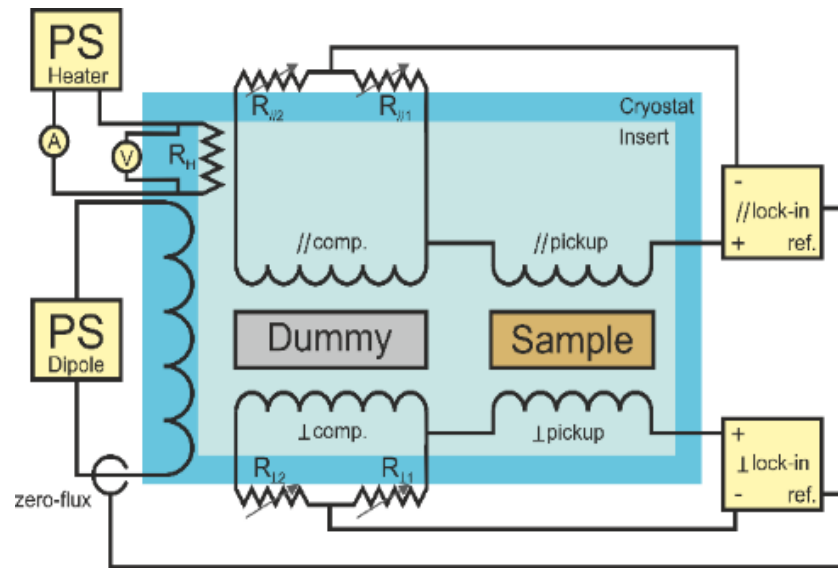
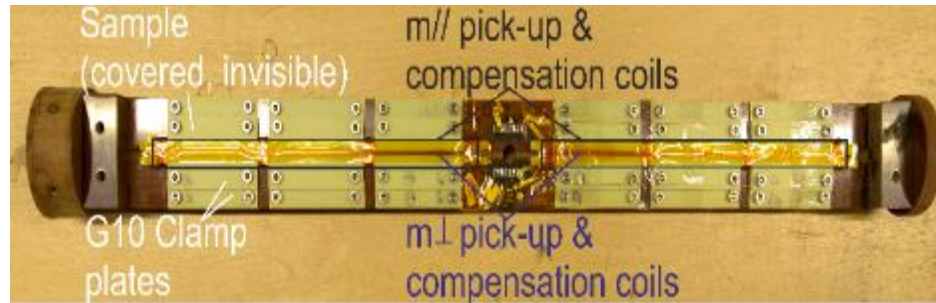
- Directly FCC-oriented
- Fusion-oriented
- Industry-oriented

EuCard2 : transverse pressure dependence HTS Roebel cables

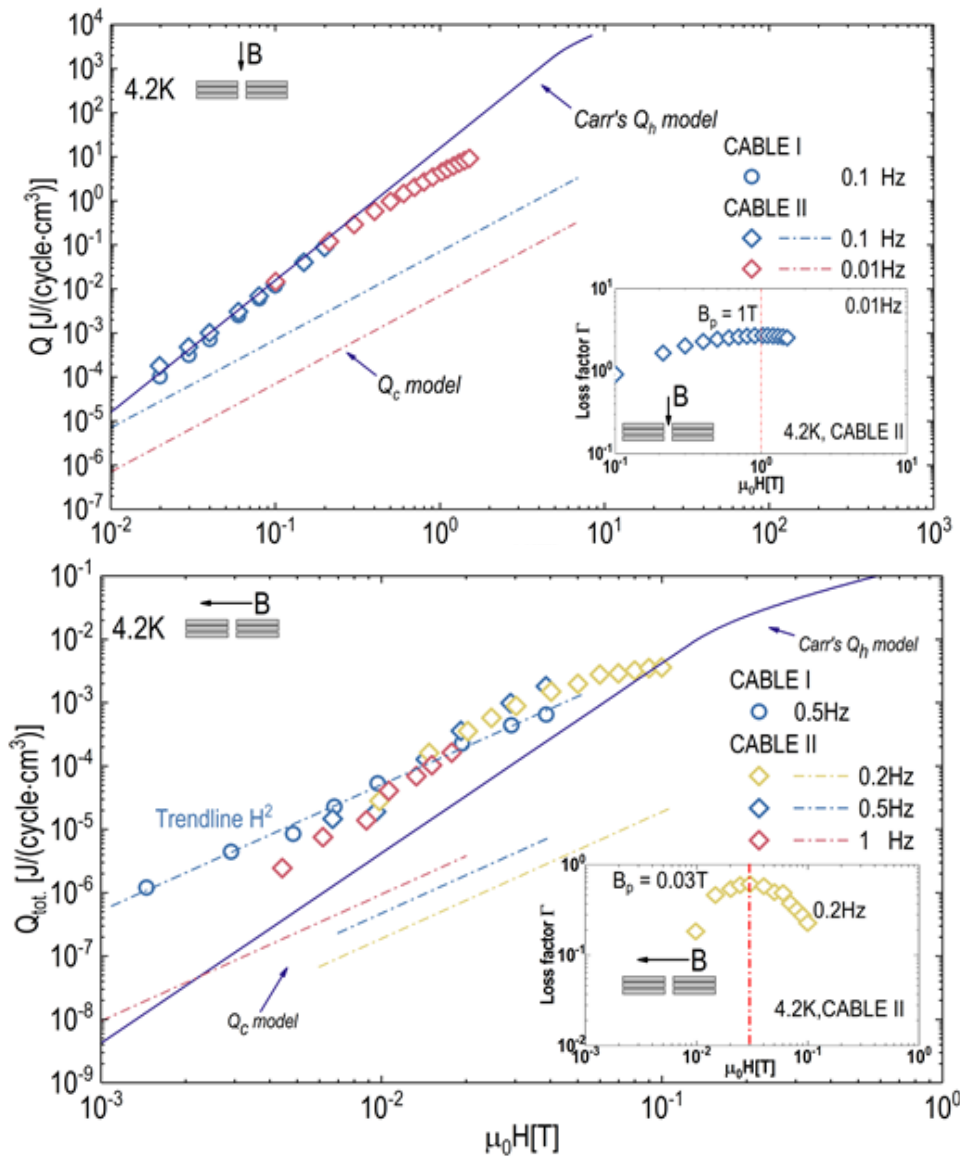


P. Gao et al., EUCAS 2017

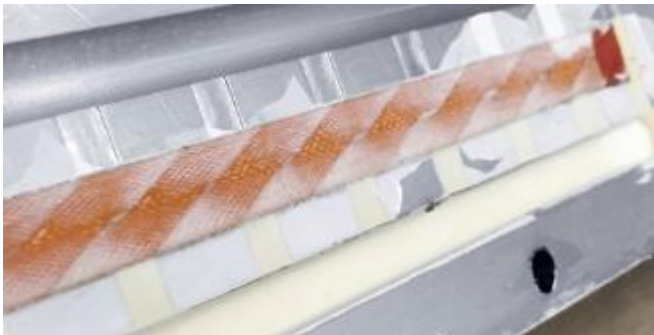
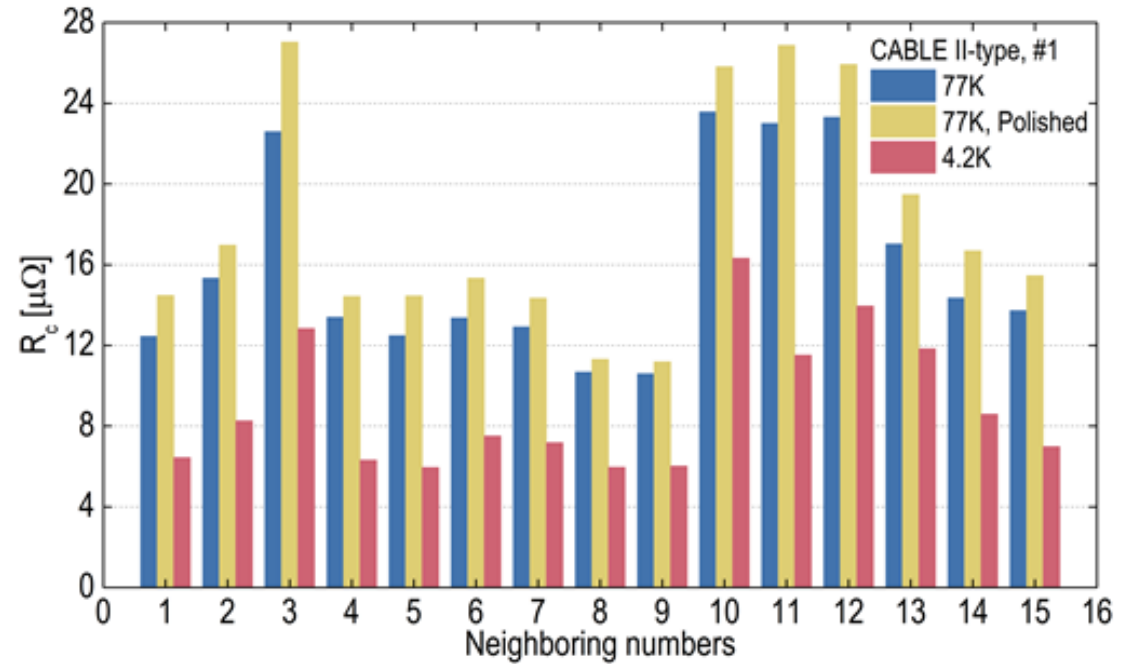
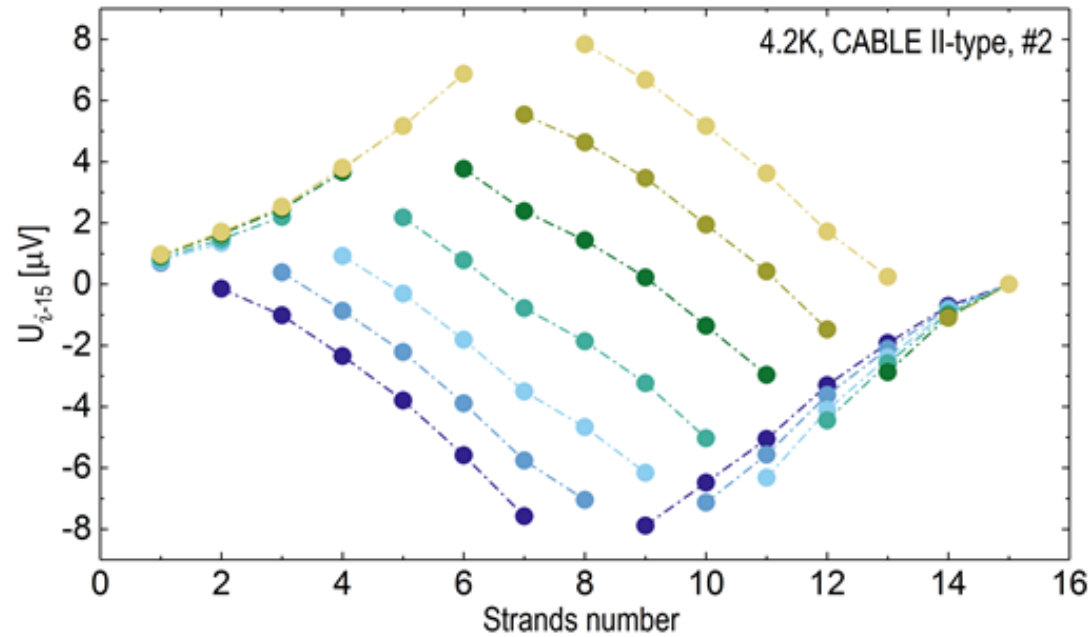
EuCard2 : AC loss HTS Roebel cables



P. Gao et al., SUST 2018



EuCard2 : inter-strand contact resistance HTS Roebel cables



P. Gao et al., SUST 2018

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FCC WEEK 2018 – Amsterdam,
The Netherlands 09 - 13 April 2018



EuCARD-2 is co-funded by the partners
and the European Commission under
Capacities 7th Framework Programme,
Grant Agreement 312453

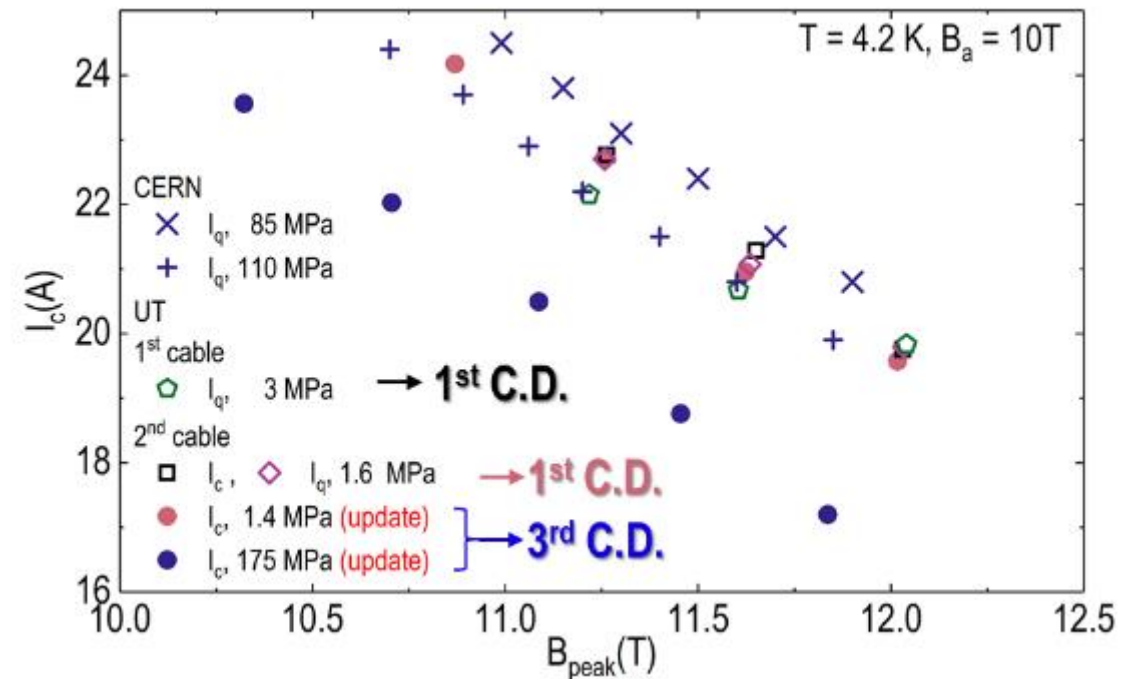
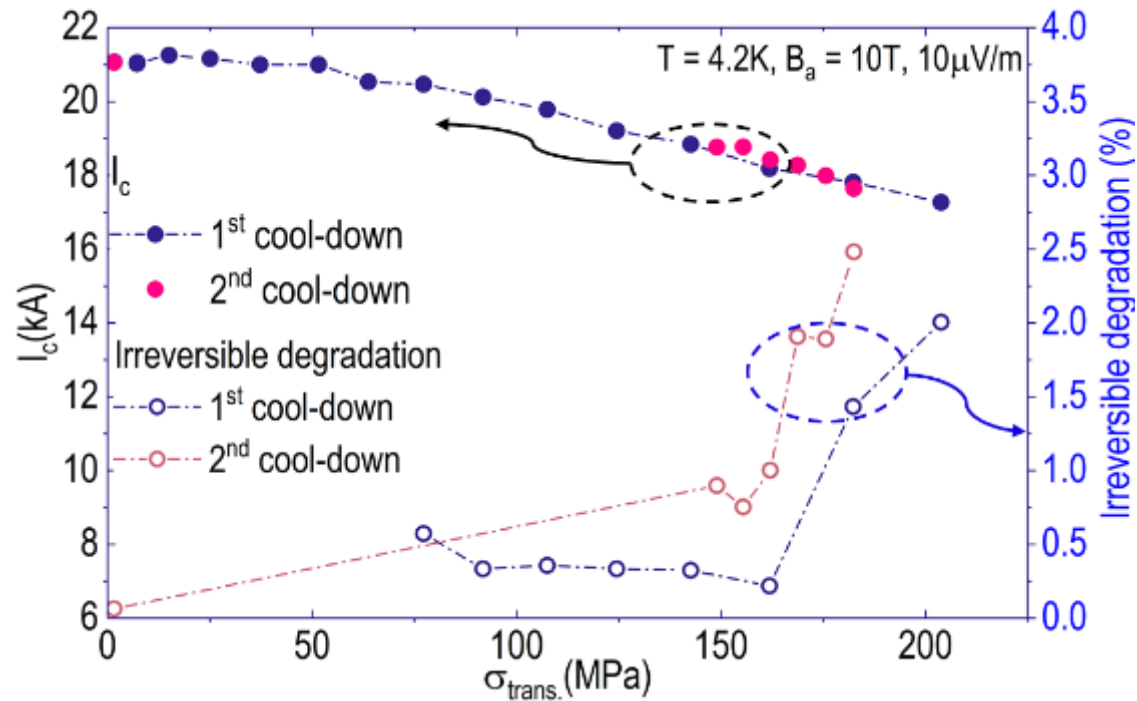


EuroCirCol : transverse pressure dependence Nb₃Sn Rutherford cables



RRP 132/169 18strands Ø1mm

See also B. Bordini yesterday



P. Gao et al., ASC 2018

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Co-funded by the



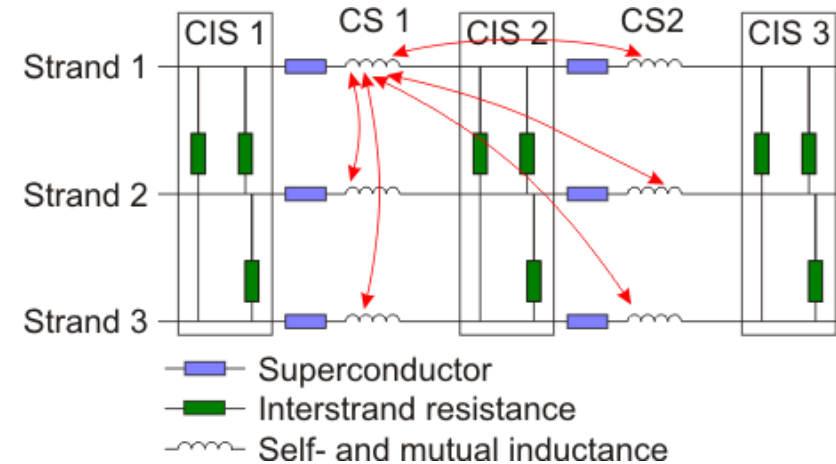
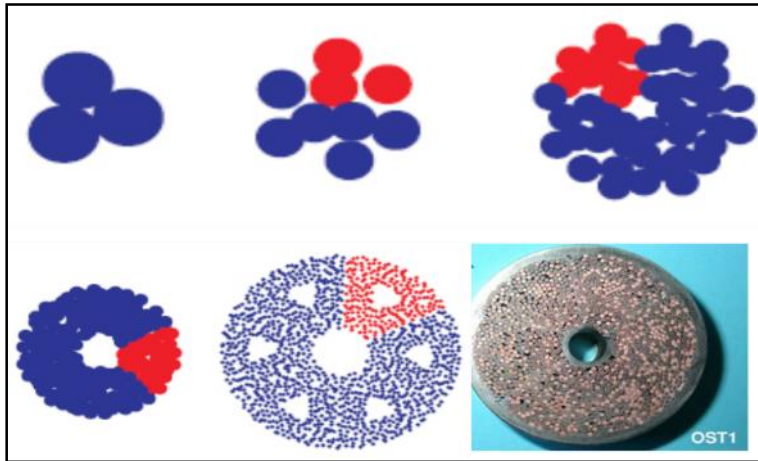
Superconductivity R&D at Twente University

- Directly FCC-oriented
- **Fusion-oriented**
- Industry-oriented

JackPot for CICC cables

Basics about JackPot

- JackPot AC/DC model CICC describing all (>1000) strand trajectories.
- Strands are 1D elements in a 3D cable geometry.
- From the geometry is built the electrical network able to calculate the current distributions and power dissipations of the CICC

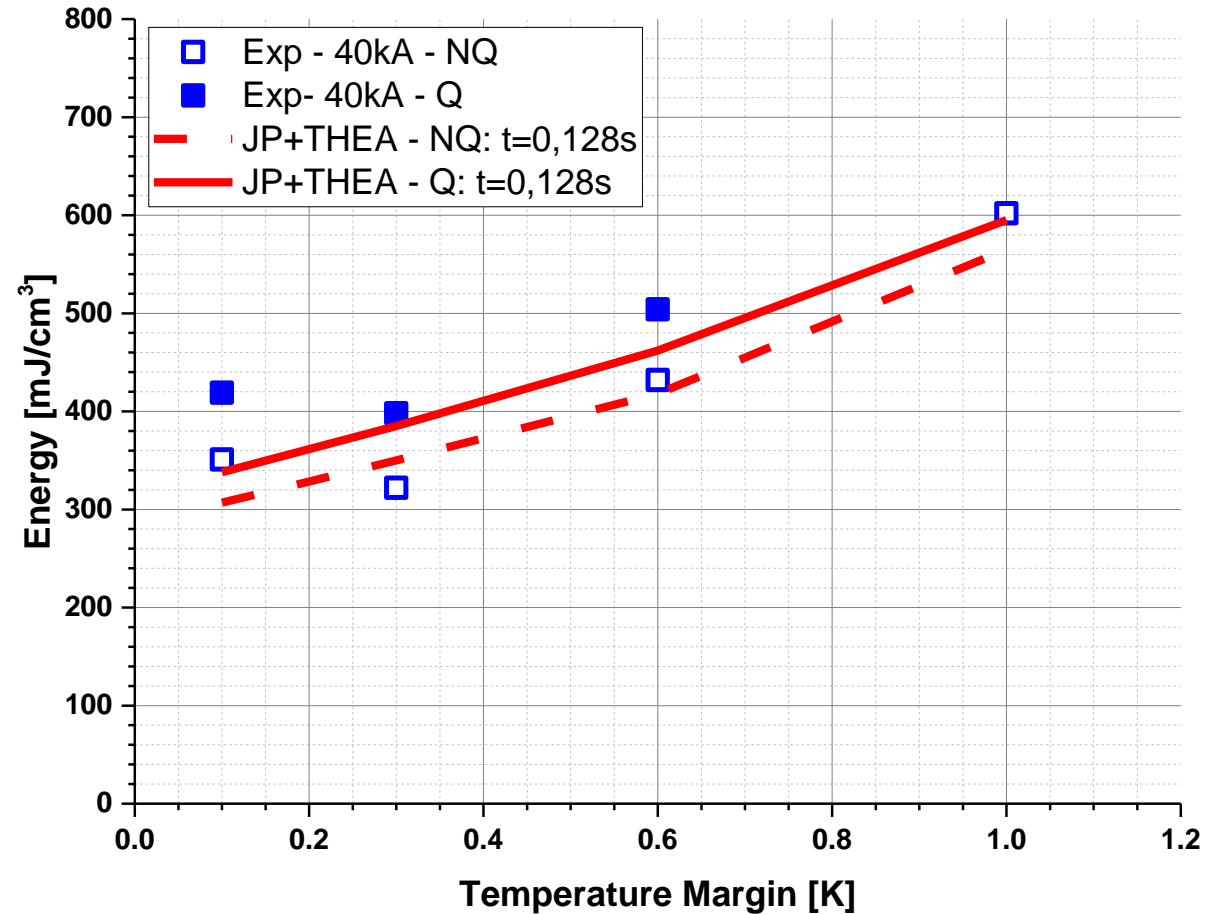
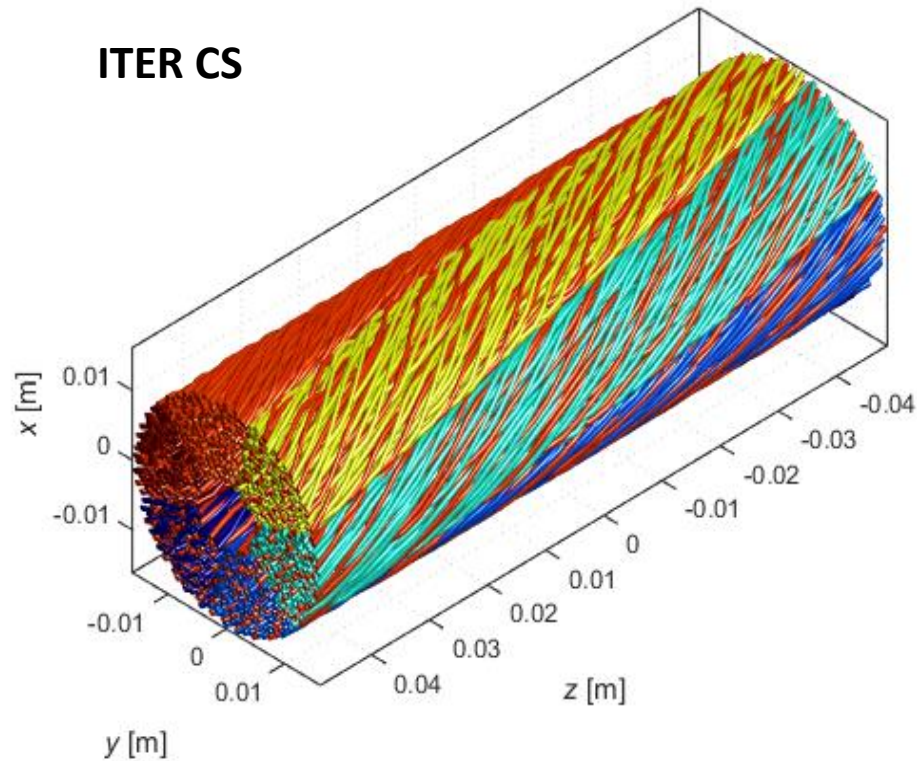


Parameters required

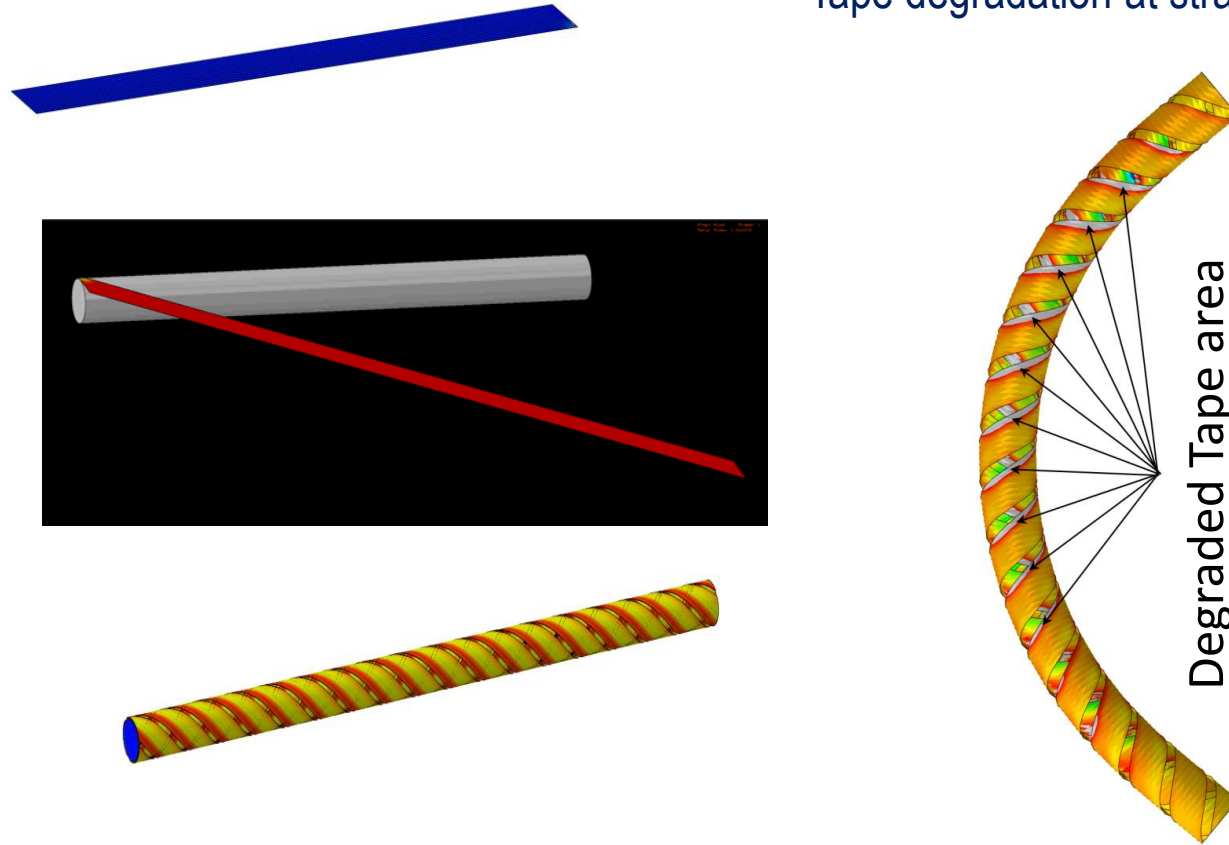
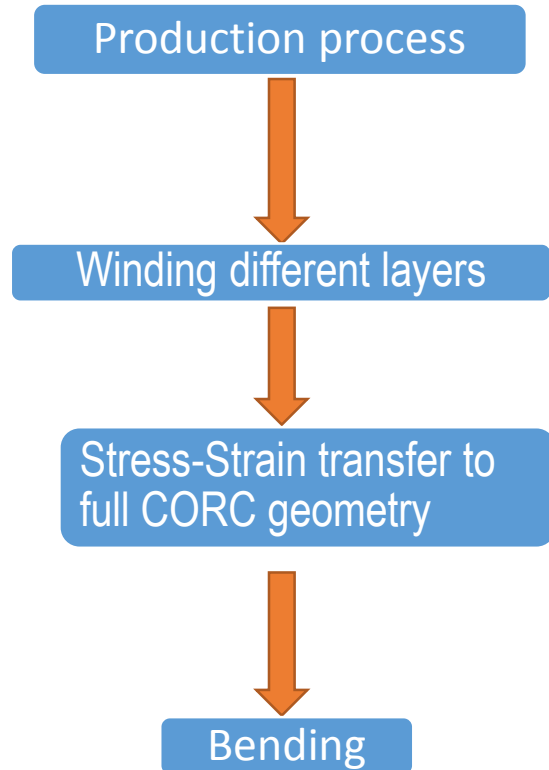
- Inter-strand contact resistance distribution from contact area
- Strand's mutual inductances
- Coupling with self- & background field
- strand's properties scaling law $I_c(B, T, e)$

JackPot for CICC cables

JackPot + THEA : experimental validation (SULTAN)



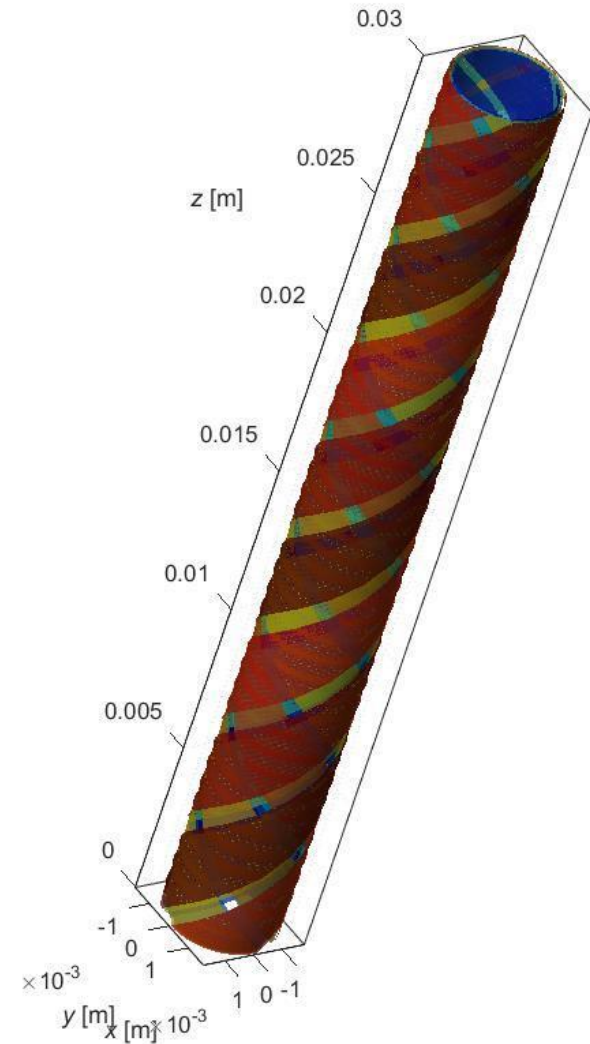
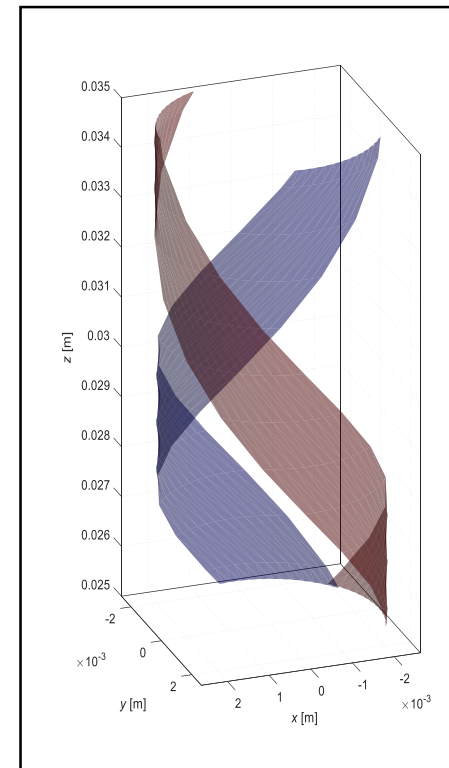
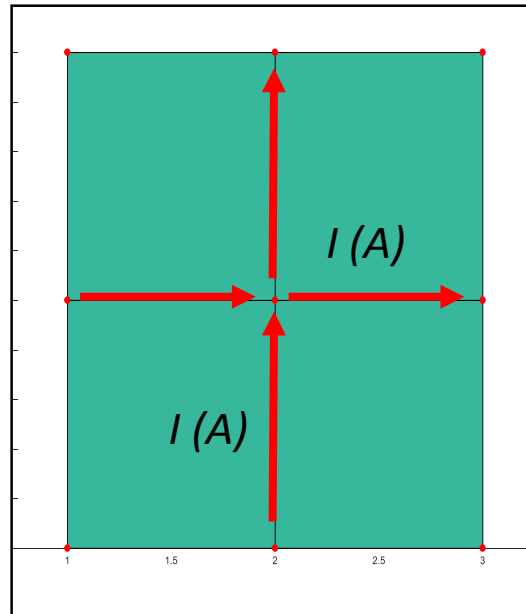
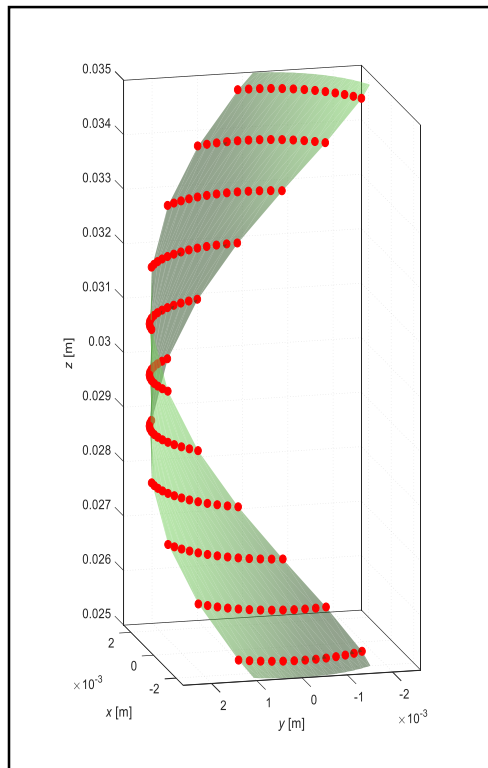
Mechanical modeling



- Bending & winding at room temperature
- Tape degradation at strain $>0.45\%$

JackPot for CORC

- The CORC geometry is imported from the FEM model for mechanical stress-strain simulation.
- Using the strain distribution from the FEM model is possible to calculate a critical current dependent from the tape deformation.
- The tapes have a 2D structure. The current can flow in transvers and longitudinal direction.
- The contact resistance is proportional to the surface overlap between tapes.

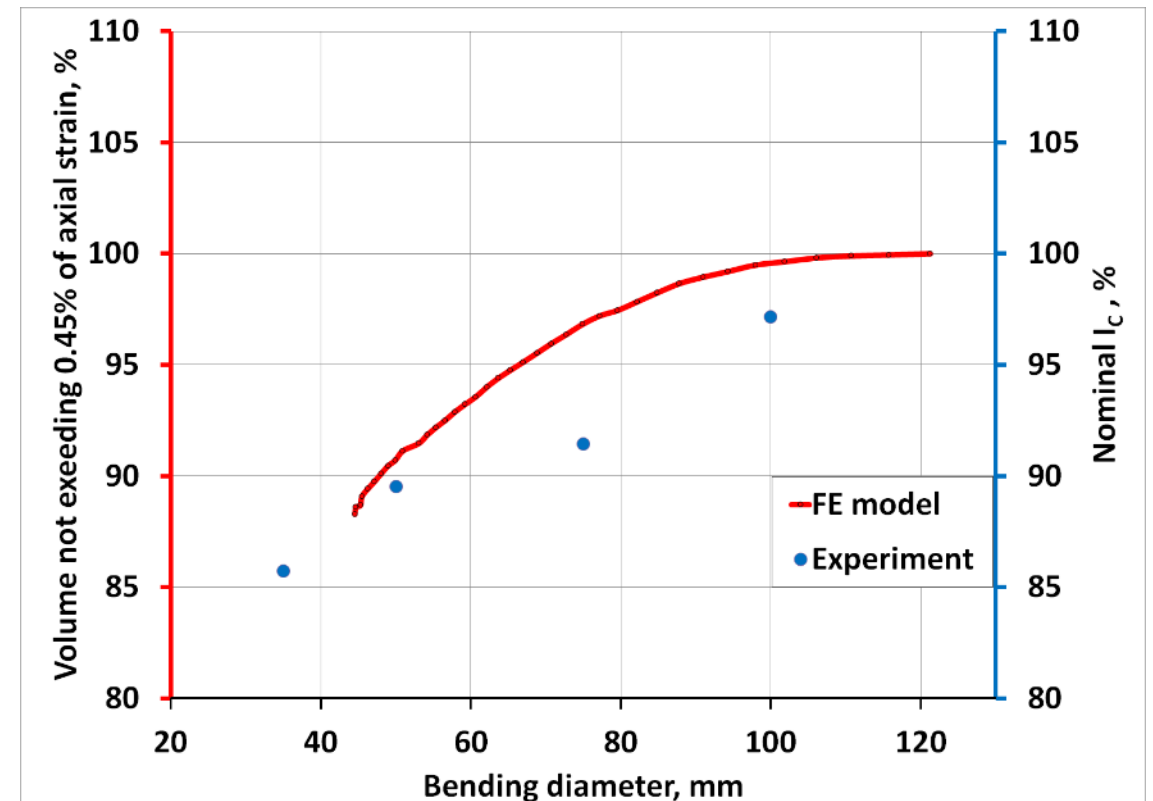
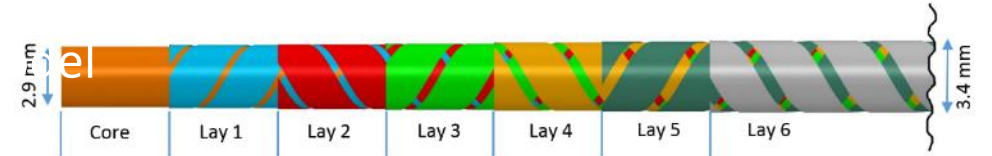
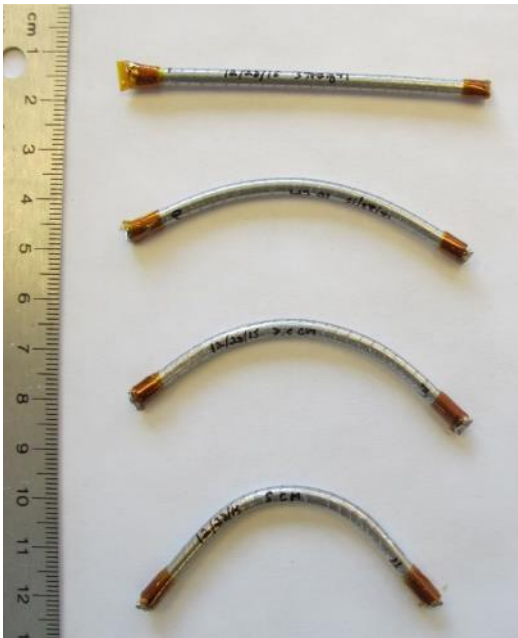


JackPot for CORC

Experimental validation (with D. van der Laan)

Cable configuration:

- 6 layers, 2 tapes per layer
- Total cable diameter: 3.4 mm
- Substrate thickness: 30 μm
- 2 mm wide tapes
- Winding angle: 60°
- Copper plating: 5 μm



Superconductivity R&D at Twente University

- Directly FCC-oriented
- Fusion-oriented
- Industry-oriented
 - **SuperNet NL** (power cable)
 - **SMDS** (recycling)
 - **HTSM** (linear motor)
 - **EcoSwing** (wind generator)

SuperNet NL (HTS power cable)

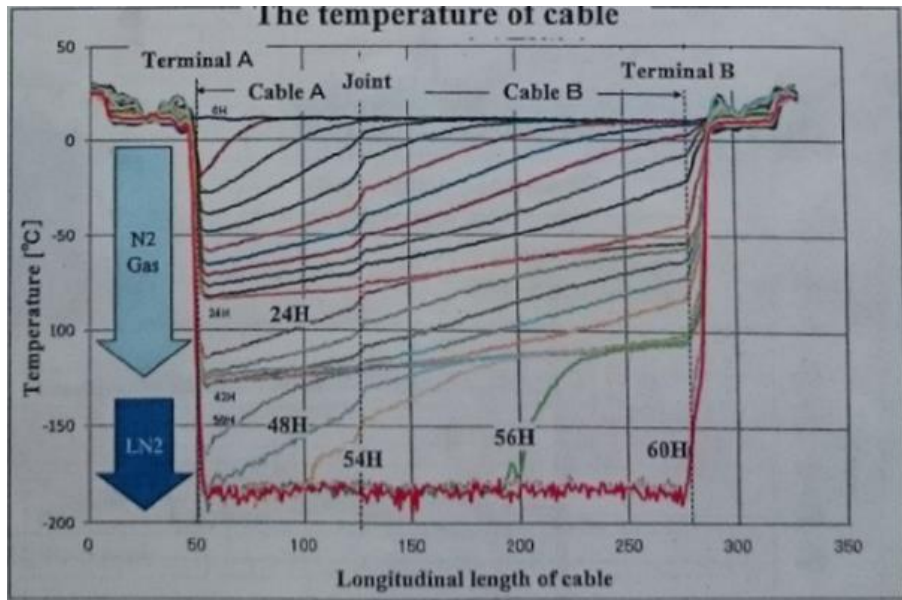
Coordinated by TenneT (Dutch TSO)

- 3.4 km long
- 64 / 110 kV; 150MVA
- Feasibility
- Cost-effectiveness
- Reliability & repairability

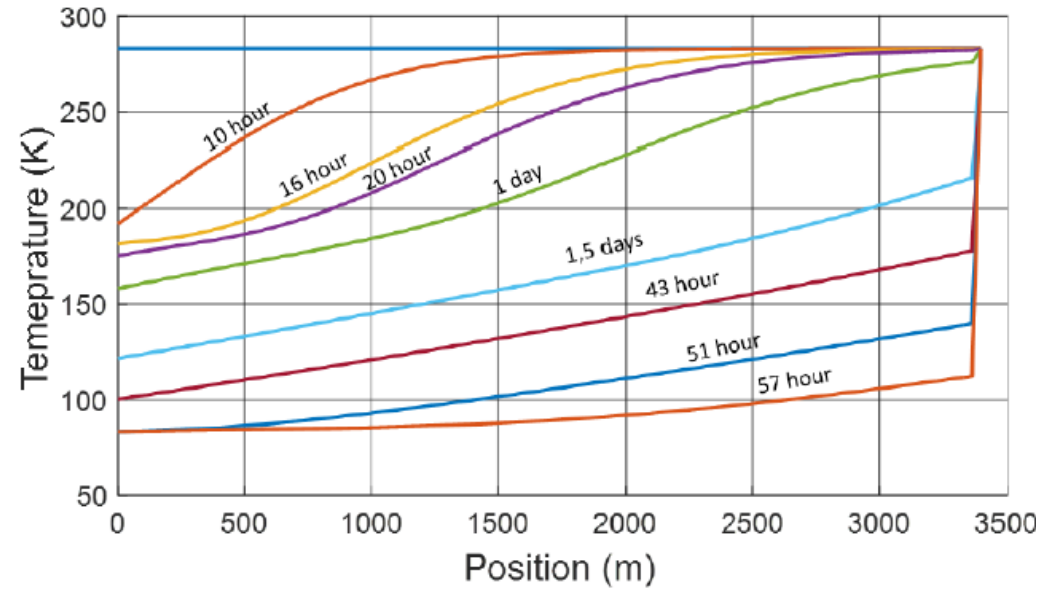


SuperNet NL (HTS power cable)

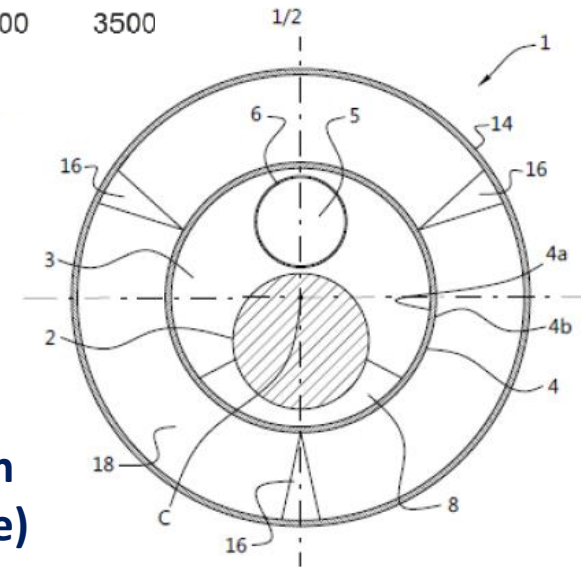
Repairability & down-time (cool-down!)



Asahi cable data (JP)



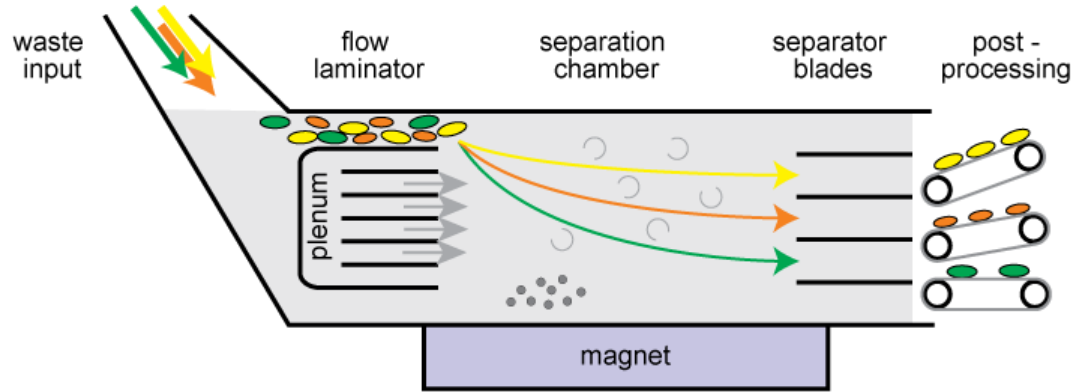
SuperNet NL (modelled)



Patented design
(IWO / Utwente)

Magnetic Density Separation

Coordinated by TUDelft



Stream a ferrofluid over a high-gradient magnet, on the left, feed in a **non-magnetic** particle mix on the right, extract them in different bins



PM-based prototype (TUDelft)

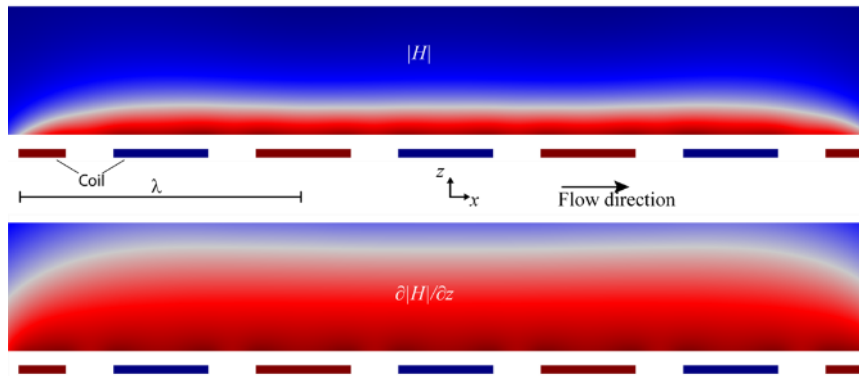
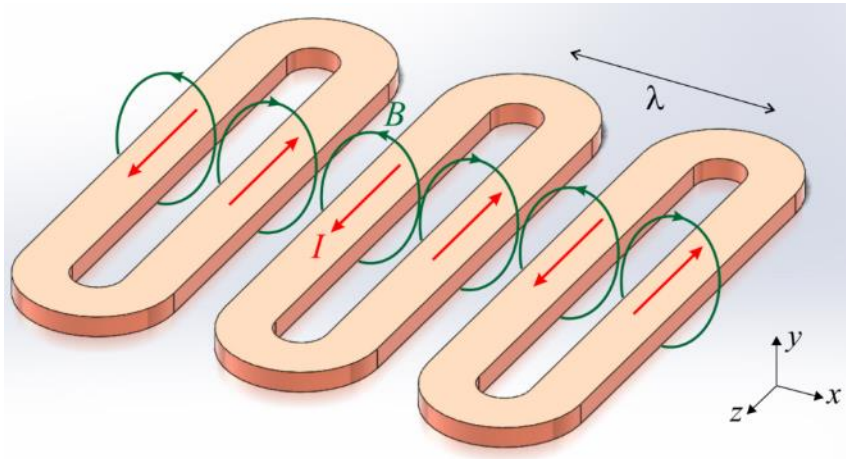


Commercialization (Urban Mining Corp)



Magnetic Density Separation

Superconducting implementation (UTwente)



Project 1: NbTi demonstrator

- *achievable range & ferrofluid savings*
- *E-waste*



Project 2: MgB₂ prototype

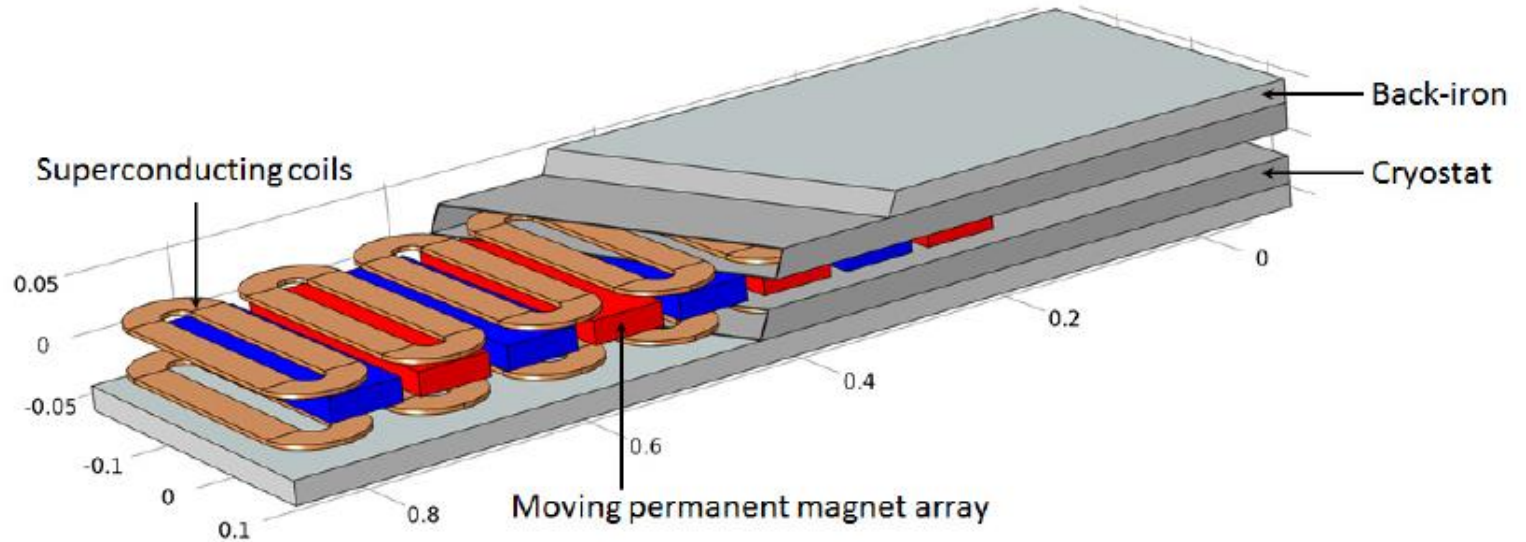
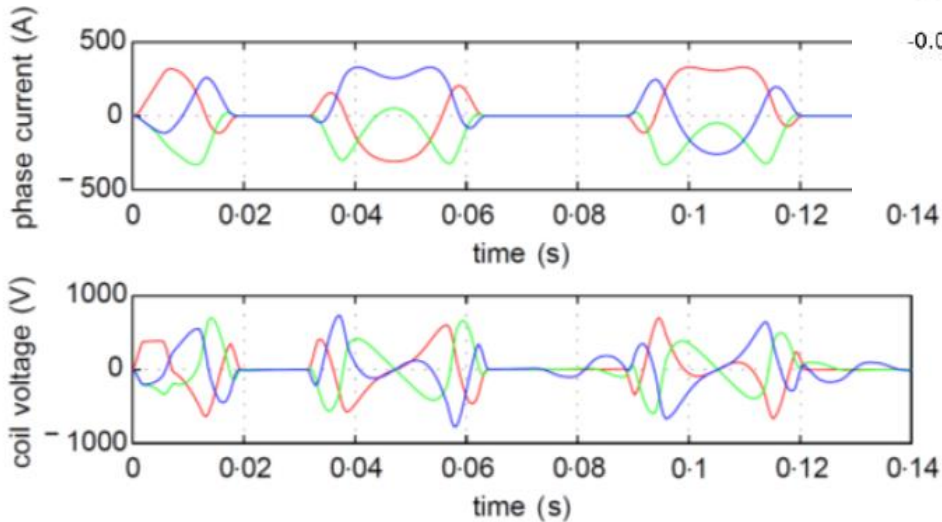
- *throughput & resolution*
- *Plastics*



High-dynamic Superconducting Linear Motor

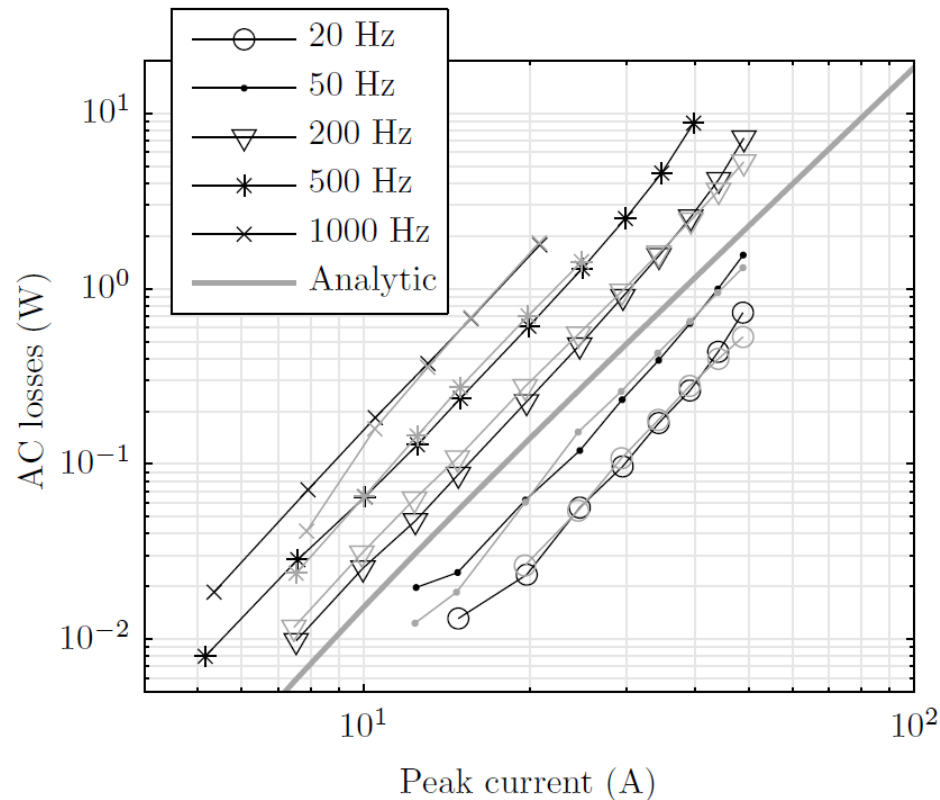
Coordinated by TUEindhoven

- End-user semiconductor industry (wafer steppers)
- Air-gap field 2-3T instead of 0.4T
- Acceleration 100g instead of 15g

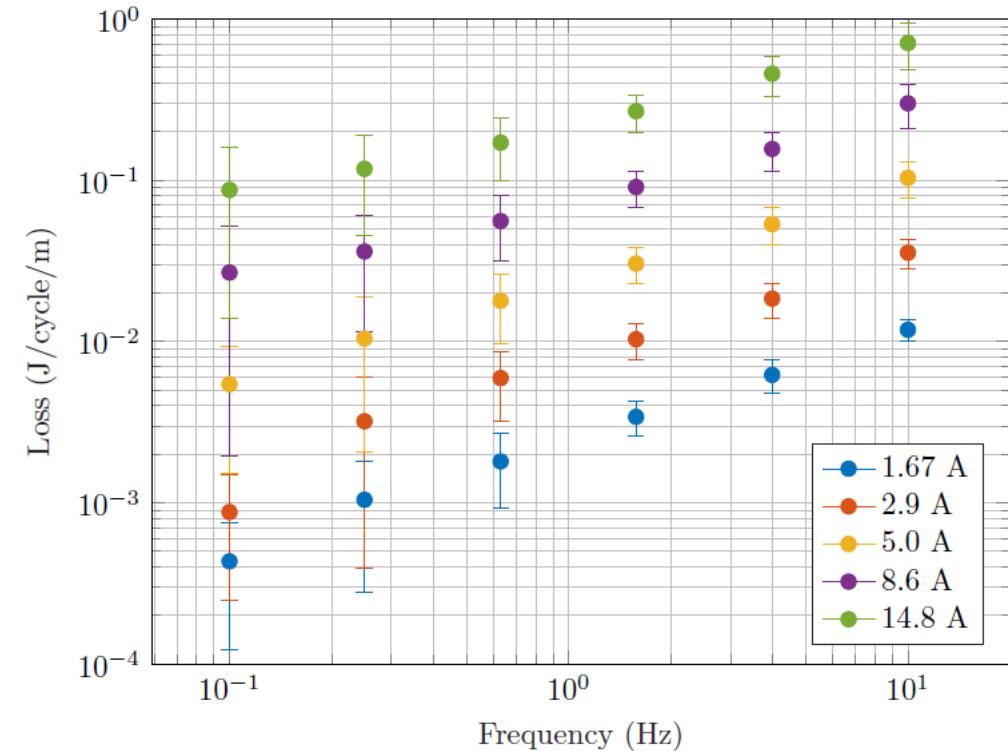


High-dynamic Superconducting Linear Motor

Main challenge: AC loss / thermal stability



B. de Bruyn (TUE)



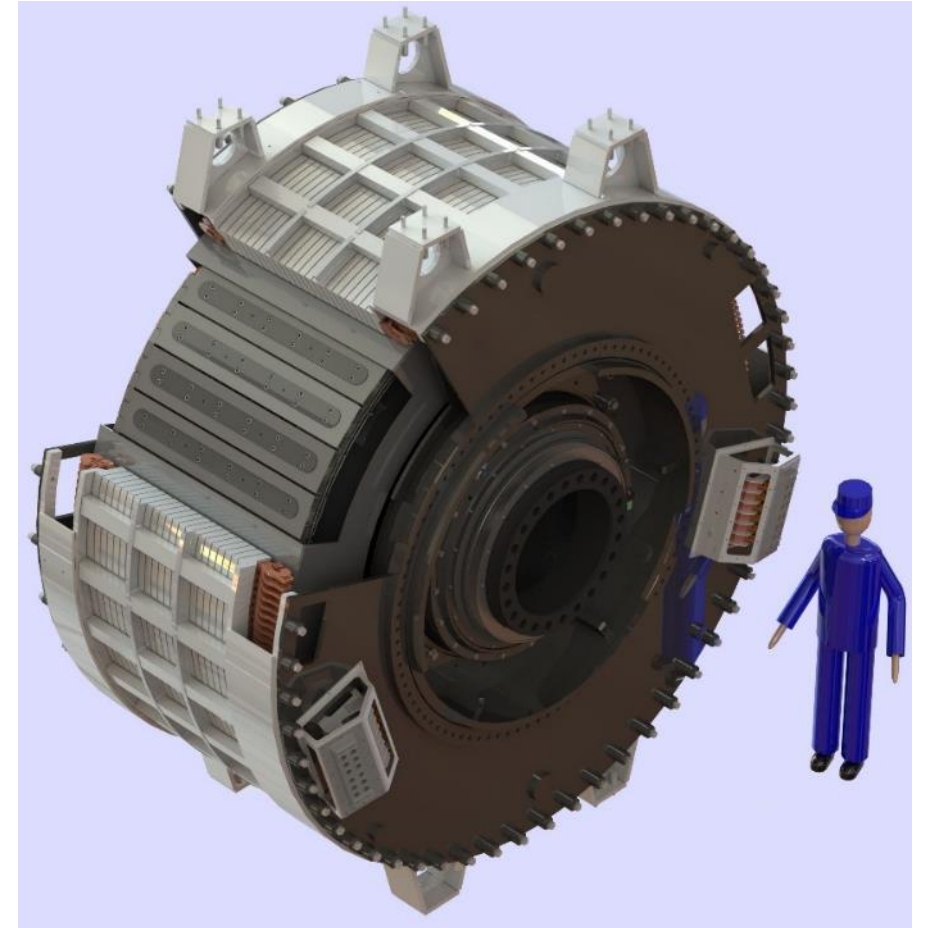
T. Klünder (UTwente)

EcoSwing generator for wind turbine

Coordinated by Envision Energy / ECO5

- Full-scale 3.6 MW
- High-torque (15rpm)
- Field test in turbine
- 40% weight reduction

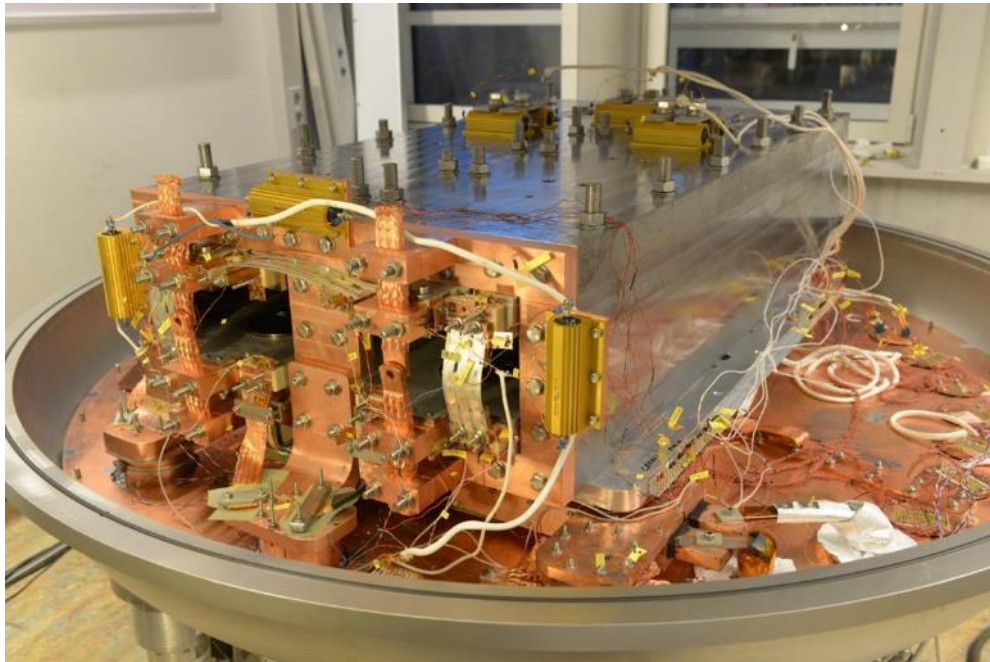
www.ecoswing.eu



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EcoSwing generator for wind turbine

- ~ 20km HTS tape (THEVA)



Acceptance tests 40 THEVA coils

- Conduction cooled, rotating GM (Sumitomo)



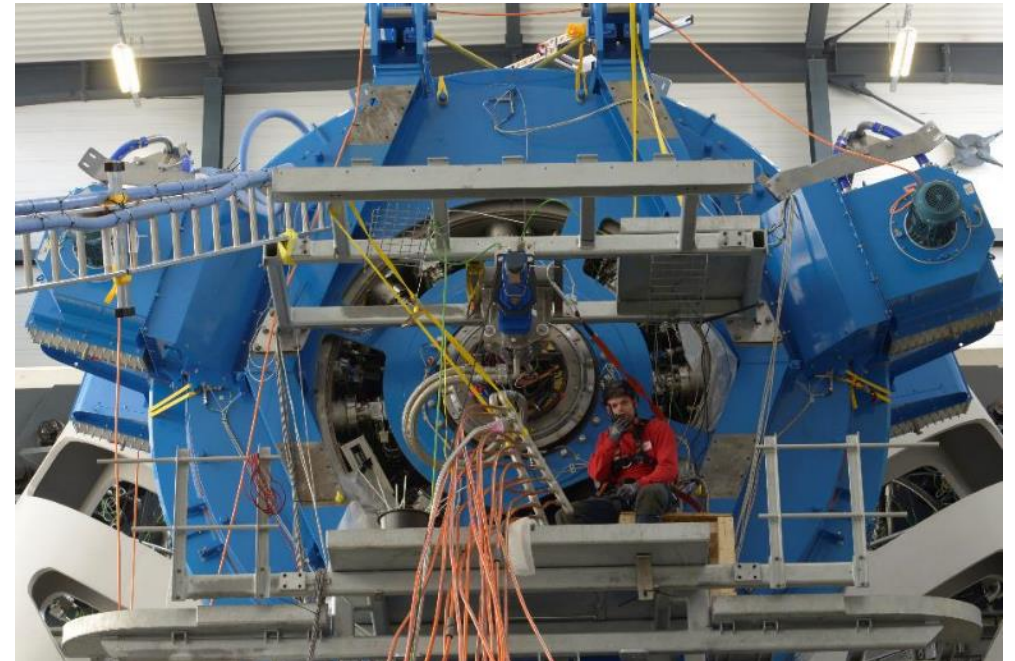
**Rotor assembly by mixed
UTwente / Jeumont Electric team**

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EcoSwing generator for wind turbine



Transport Jeumont → IWES Fraunhofer



‘Ground-based’ testing at IWES

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Conclusions

- **Directly FCC-oriented**

Transverse pressure tolerance Nb_3Sn and ReBCO can be ensured through proper impregnation.

- **Fusion-oriented**

Proper combination of modeling & experiment allows for reliable HTS cable design tools.

- **Industry-oriented**

Clear increasing willingness to explore / adopt superconducting technology.