Optics Integration



JACQUELINE KEINTZEL TU VIENNA CERN, MEYRIN

Acknowledgements to Michael Hofer, Rogelio Tomás Garcia, Léon v. Riesen-Haupt, Thys Risselada, Demin Zhou, Frank Zimmermann





Outline

• Overview of HE-LHC lattices generation and parameters

Integrated IR optics

b2-errors at collision energy

• Different beam screens and their effect on the aperture



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• Overview of HE-LHC lattices generation and parameters

Integrated IR optics

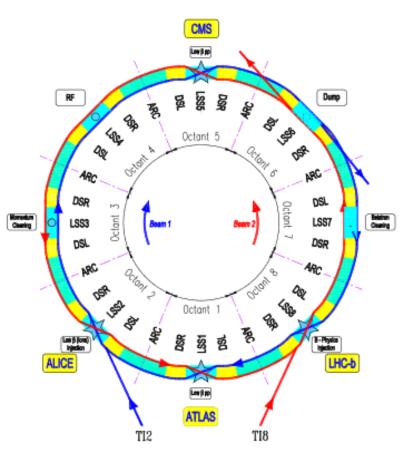
• b2-errors at collision energy

• Different beam screens and their effect on the aperture



HE - Lattice Generation

- Scaling LHC is not enough
 - Strength, gradients would exceed limits
- New elements (FCC magnets), distances, ...
- Explore various options
 - 23x90 (23 arc cells, 90° phase advance; LHC like)
 - 18x90 (18 arc cells, 90° phase advance)



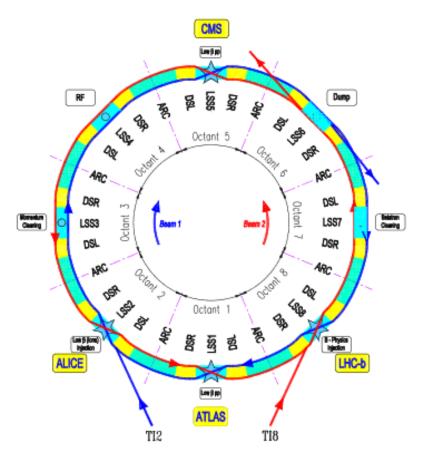




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• Generation by use of tool

→ ALGEA (Automatic Lattice GEneration Application)

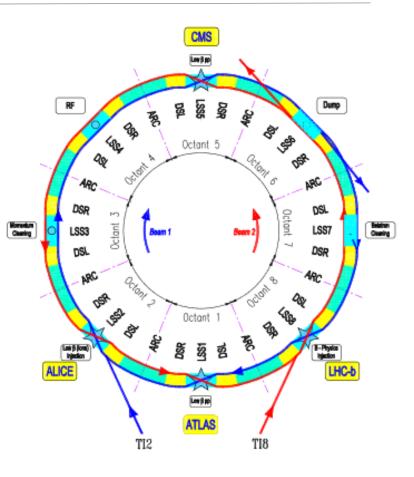
LHC Design Report



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Lattice Generation with ALGEA

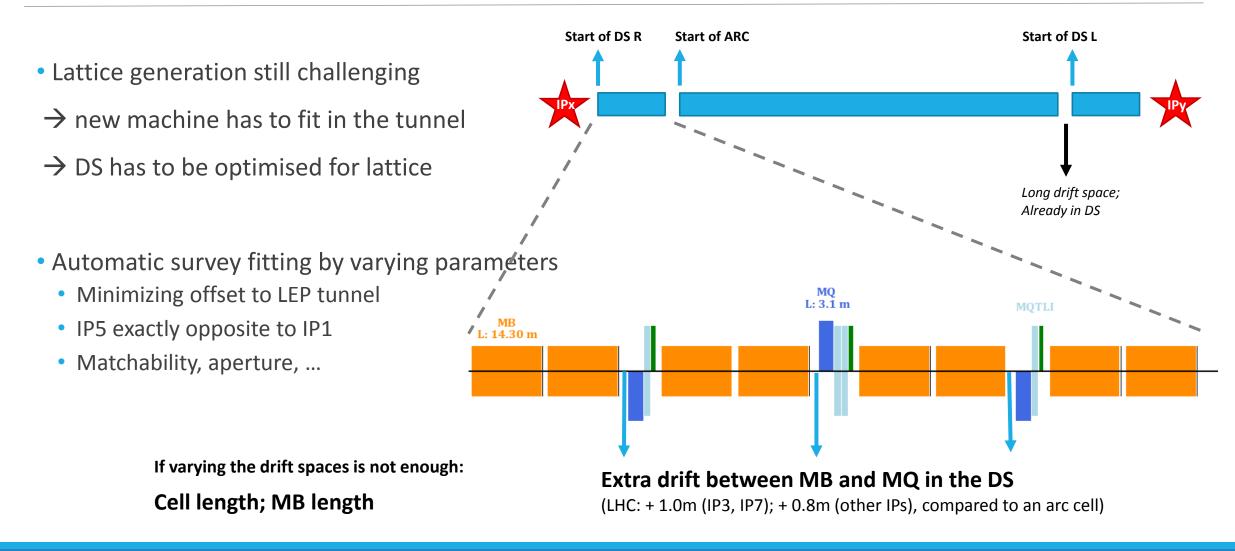
- Based on a few input parameters flexible generation of
 - Sequence
 - Powering
 - Naming convention
 - Dispersion Suppressor (DS)
- Constraints
 - Tunnel length (26658.8832 m)
 - 2 beams with beam separations
 - 4 crossing points
 - 8 long straight sections
 - Element distances (MB-MB, ...)







Survey fitting, DS optimisation with ALGEA





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Arc Cells, Tuning, Correctors

- MQT:
 - Located next to MQ in the first 4 arc cells
 - Small changes compensated with IR4



- MS, MCS:
 - Chromaticity is corrected with two defocusing and two focusing sextupole families
 - b3, b4, b5 correction is required (see dynamic aperture studies by Yuri Nosochkov and Michael Hofer)

- MCBH, MCBV:
 - Spurious dispersion due to crossing angle is cancelled out due to orbit bumps



Lattices

- LHC cannot be directly scaled to 13.5 TeV (max. gradient and field strengths are exceeded)
 → new cell layout
- Focusing on two possible lattices (18x90, 23x90) due to previous studies
- V0.4 is under development

V0.3	18x90	23x90
Arc cell phase advance [°]	90	90
Arc cell length [m]	137.227	106.9
K ₁ [m ⁻²]	0.00746	0.00773
Quadrupole strength at 13.5 TeV [T/m]	336	348
β _{max, min} [m]	230 / 40	177 / 32
D _{max, min} [m]	3.6 / 1.76	2.2 / 1.1
Momentum Compaction α_{c} [10 ⁻⁴]	5.8	3.5
Quadrupole length	2.8	3.5
Dipole length [m]	13.95	13.83
Filling factor	0.81	0.78
Dipole filed for 13.5 TeV [m]	15.83	16.59
c.o.m. energy for 16 T [TeV]	27.28	26.01



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Insertions - Experiments and RF

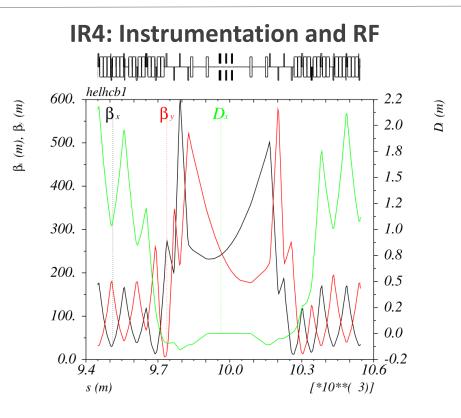
IR1/5: Experiments helhcb1 450. 2.2 D (m) \mathfrak{Z}_{x} (m), \mathfrak{Z}_{y} (m) B_v 405. 2.0 360. 1.8 315. 1.5 270. 1.2 225. 1.0 180. 0.8 135. 0.5 90. 0.2 45. 0.0 $\overset{0.0}{\overset{-}_{12.7}}$ -0.2 13.3 13.0 13.6 13.9 s (m) [*10**(3)]

IR 1/5 by Léon van Riesen-Haupt is integrated at injection;

Issues with phase advance at collision energy

Injection $\beta^* = 11m$

Optics taken from 23x90 lattice, for injection optics



IR4 by Pablo Mirave and Léon van Riesen-Haupt is integrated

contains additional quadrupoles compared to LHC IR4; helps tuning the ring



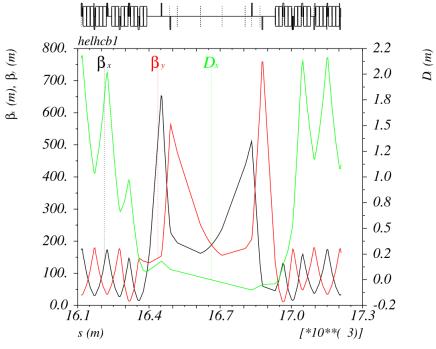
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Insertions - Injection and Extraction

IR2: Injection and Experiment helhcb1 400. 2.2 D (m) β_{k} (m), β_{s} (m) β D_x 2.0 350. 1.8 300. 1.5 250. 1.2 200. 1.0 0.8 150. 0.5 100. 0.2 50. 0.0 0.0 + 2700.-0.2 3000. 3300. 3900. 3600. s (m)

IR2 from LHC is integrated

IR6: Extraction



IR6 by Wolfgang Bartmann and Brennan Goddard is integrated (see Brennan's talk)

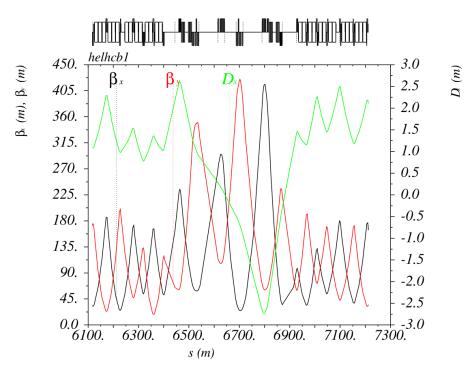
Optics taken from 23x90 lattice, for injection optics



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Insertions - Collimation

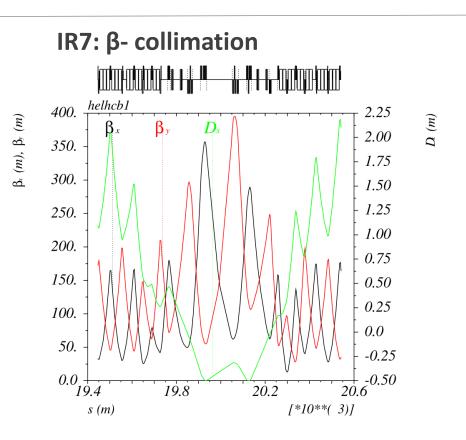
IR3: momentum collimation



IR3 from LHC is integrated

Thys Risselada works on new HE-LHC IR3

Optics taken from 23x90 lattice, for injection optics



IR7 from LHC is integrated

Matthew Crouch works on new HE-LHC IR7 (see Matthew's talk)



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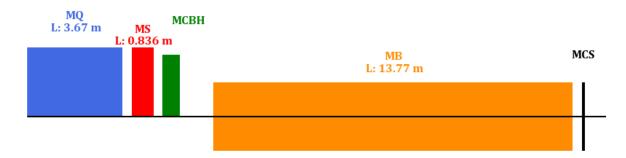
Quadrupole errors in the dipoles

- Magnetic field of e.g. dipoles includes higher magnetic orders
- b2-component → quadrupole error
- Sign depends on position of beam (inner or outer arc)
- Quadrupole errors are corrected with higher gradient in main quadrupoles; quadrupoles need to be larger and so dipoles become shorter (only in 23x90 lattice; no need to shorten dipoles in 18x90 due to spare space)





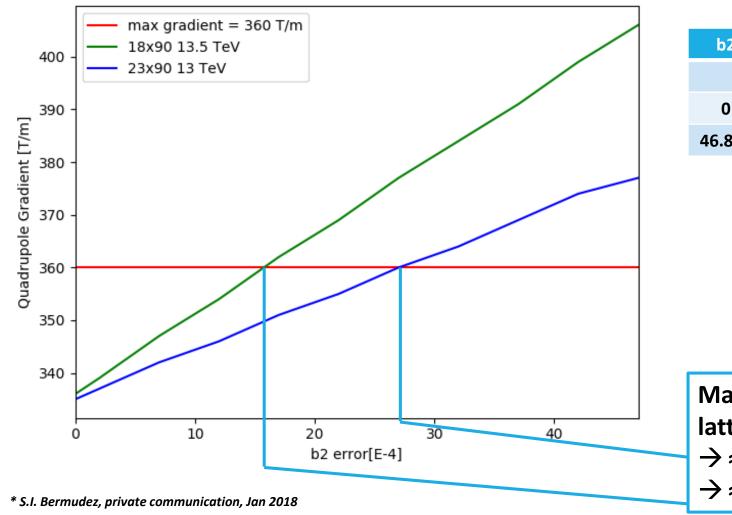
23x90, with b2-errors = +/- 46.84 units *



* S.I. Bermudez, private communication, Jan 2018



Required quadrupole strength with b2-errors in dipoles





with b2 = +/- 46.84* units at collision energy maximal gradient of 360 T/m is exceeded (either for focusing or defosusing quadrupole)

 \rightarrow quadrupole length needs to be increased

Maximum b2 errors the lattices can bear: $\rightarrow \approx 16$ units for 18x90 $\rightarrow \approx 27$ units for 23x90



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Quadrupole errors in the dipoles

- 18x90: longer quadrupole length has no impact on other cell parameters (spare space)
- 23x90: if quadrupole length increases, dipole length has to be decreased to fit in cell
- \rightarrow effect on c.o.m. Energy
- \rightarrow loss of 0.1 TeV c.o.m.
- \rightarrow b2 errors need to be decreased to \approx 30 units

1	8x90	23	x90
LMQ	Energy	LMQ	Energy
2.8 m	27.26 TeV	3.5 m	26.01 TeV
3.15 m	27.26 TeV	3.67 m	25.90 TeV



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Different Beam Screens (BS)

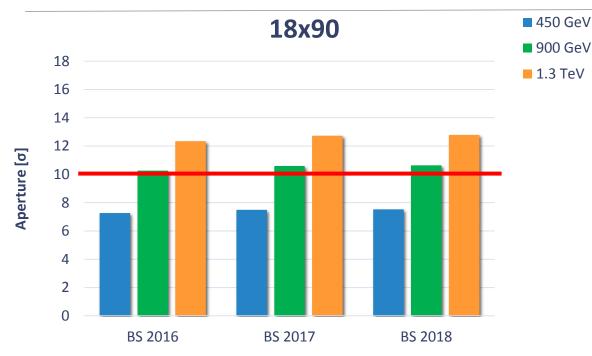
taken from FCC-hh

2018 2016 2017 31.65 31.55 29,6 27.65 7.5 24.44 4.1 26.4 4 48. 20 2,9 • 16.6 0A1 16.6 16.6 27.55 27.65 APERTURE = {0.015, 0.0132, 0.015, 0.015} Note: values in mm R. Kersevan, FCC-hh design meeting Mar. 2018 C. Garion, FCC Week Apr. 2016 I. Bellafont, EuroCirCol meeting Oct. 2017



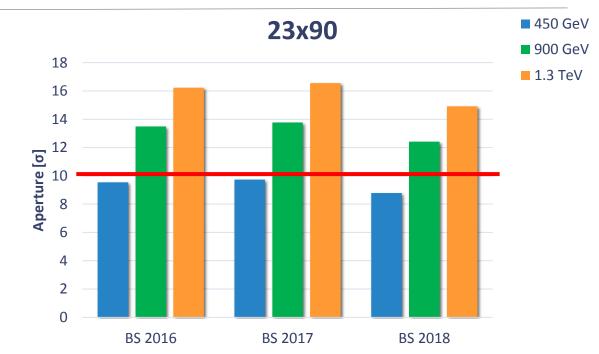
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Aperture for different BS in the arcs



- BS 2017 improves the aperture in all cases, compared to BS 2016
- BS 2018 decreases aperture in 23x90

Plots summarize the results per arc cell; Studies performed with 90° phase advance



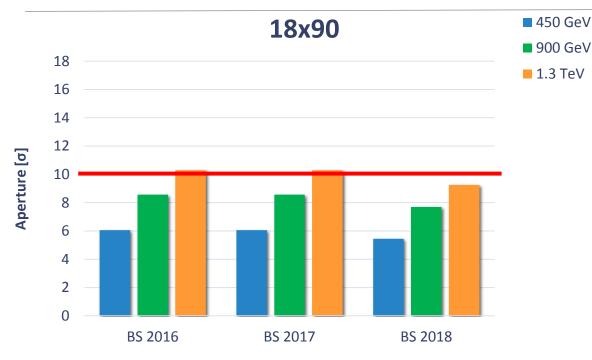
- 23x90:
 - 450 GeV more promising
- 18x90:
 - would probably require wider BS or higher injection energy

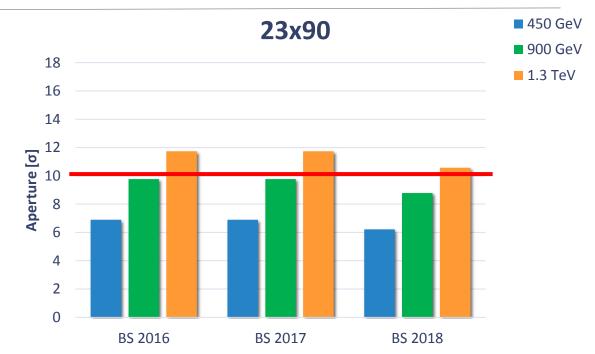
Used Parameters, see backup slides



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Aperture for different BS in the DS





 Smallest aperture located in the DS left from IP1/5 (both lattices)

• Improvement with new design of the DS

Plots summarize the minimum aperture in the DS

Used Parameters, see backup slides

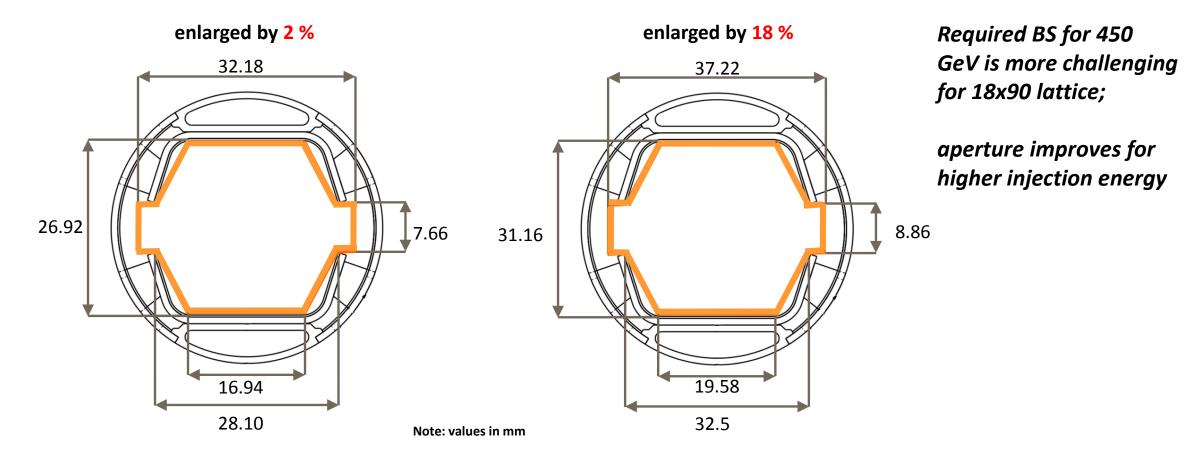


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Required Dimensions in the arcs (BS 2017)

23x90 n1 = 10.00 σ

18x90 n1 = 10.01 σ





Conclusion and Outlook

- Two baseline lattices (23x90 and 18x90)
- Lattice change and generation can easily be performed with new tool (ALGEA) further step: add beam 2
- b2-errors of 46.84 units at collision energy \rightarrow impact on energy
 - 18x90: no loss of c.o.m energy due to spare space in the cell
 - 23x90: loss of 0.1 TeV c.o.m energy; 30 units of b2 bearable
- Beam screen 2017 is most promising so far
- Limiting aperture located in the dispersion suppressor further step: work in DS needed



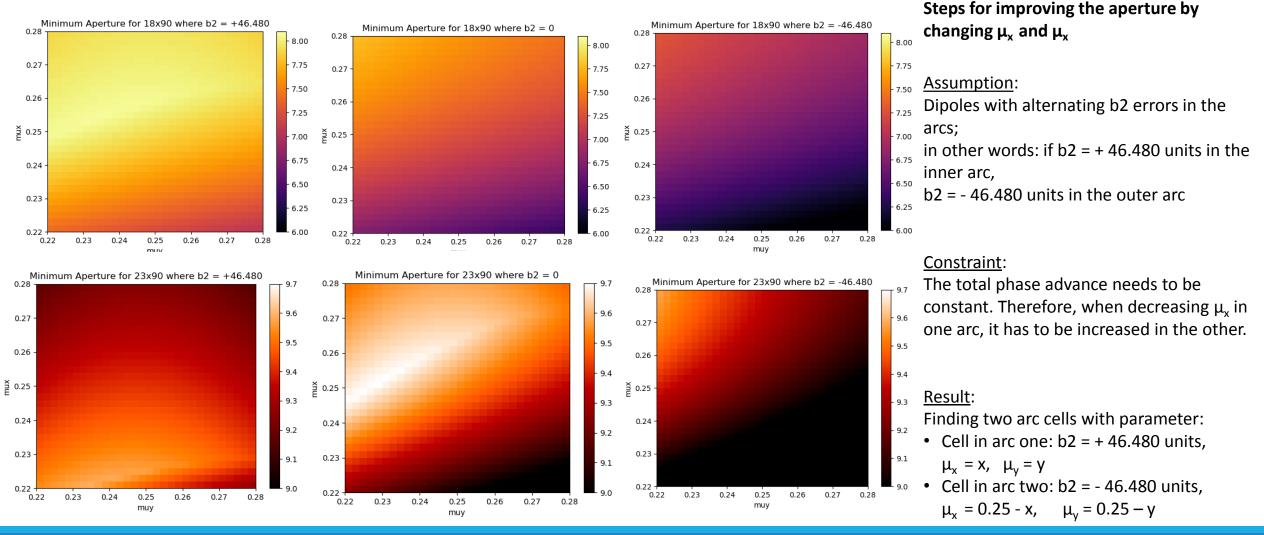
BACKUP SLIDES



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Aperture for different μ_x , μ_v

Note: The lighter the color, the better the aperture.





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Aperture results

- Results of the beam stay clear are given in sigma for in the arcs with b2=0 / including aperture in the DS
- V0.3 was taken for calculations

Parameters, taken from HL-LHC			
normalized emittance 2.5 μm relative parasitic dispersion 0.14			0.14
closed Orbit Uncertainty	2 mm	halo-parameters	(6,6,6,6)
β-beating coefficient	1.05	tolerances	1 mm
dp/p	8.6 e-4		

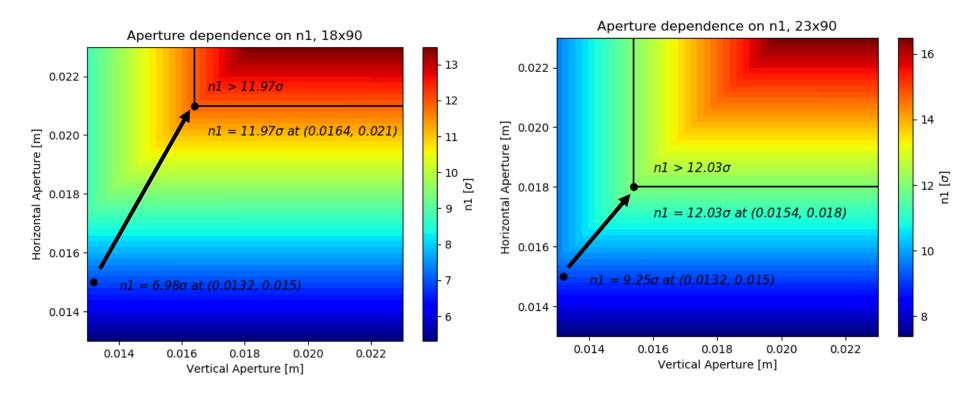
18x90	450 GeV	900 GeV	1.3 TeV
FCC-hh BS 2016	7.26 / 6.05	10.26 / 8.56	12.34 / 10.29
FCC-hh BS 2017	7.49 / 6.05	10.59 / 8.56	12.73 / 10.29
FCC-hh BS 2018	7.52 / 5.45	10.63 / 7.70	12.78 / 9.26

23x90	450 GeV	900 GeV	1.3 TeV
FCC-hh BS 2016	9.54 / 6.90	13.49 / 9.77	16.22 / 11.74
FCC-hh BS 2017	9.74 / 6.90	13.77 / 9.77	16.55 / 11.74
FCC-hh BS 2018	8.78 / 6.22	12.41 / 8.79	14.91 / 10.75



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Required Dimensions (RECTELLIPSE)



- Horizontal aperture enlarged by 40%
- Vertical aperture enlarged by ≈ 24%

- Horizontal aperture enlarged by **20%**
- Vertical aperture enlarged by ≈ 17%

For small gain in beam stay clear (n1) it is enough to increase only the horizontal aperture; however at some point the vertical aperture needs to be enlarged as well to improve n1 further.

 \rightarrow It is not enough to increase only the horizontal dimensions of the beam pipe.

