

Precision calculations for the Z line shape at the FCC-ee

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Deriving mass and width of the Z-boson

- ▶ **LEP:** Collected $\simeq 17 \times 10^6$ decays (a few years of collecting data) [PDG 2017]
 $\Gamma_Z = 2495.2 \pm \Delta\Gamma_Z^{LEP}$, $\Delta\Gamma_Z^{LEP} = 2.3 \text{ MeV}$
- ▶ **FCC-ee:** Expected 10^{12} Z-boson decays [1] $\Delta\Gamma_Z^{FCC} \simeq 0.1 \text{ MeV}$
- ▶ Other EWPOs are $R_l, R_b, \sin^2 \theta_{eff}^l, \sin^2 \theta_{eff}^b$, e.g.: $\Delta R_l^{LEP} = 250 \cdot 10^{-4}$
 $\Delta R_l^{FCC} \simeq 2 \div 20 \cdot 10^{-4}$
- ▶ Huge statistics and precise systematics and beam energy
 → Fine theoretical tests of the Standard Model or its extensions
- ▶ **Need for SM corrections at 2,3, and 4 loops.**

Unfolding QED effects and higher order resummation

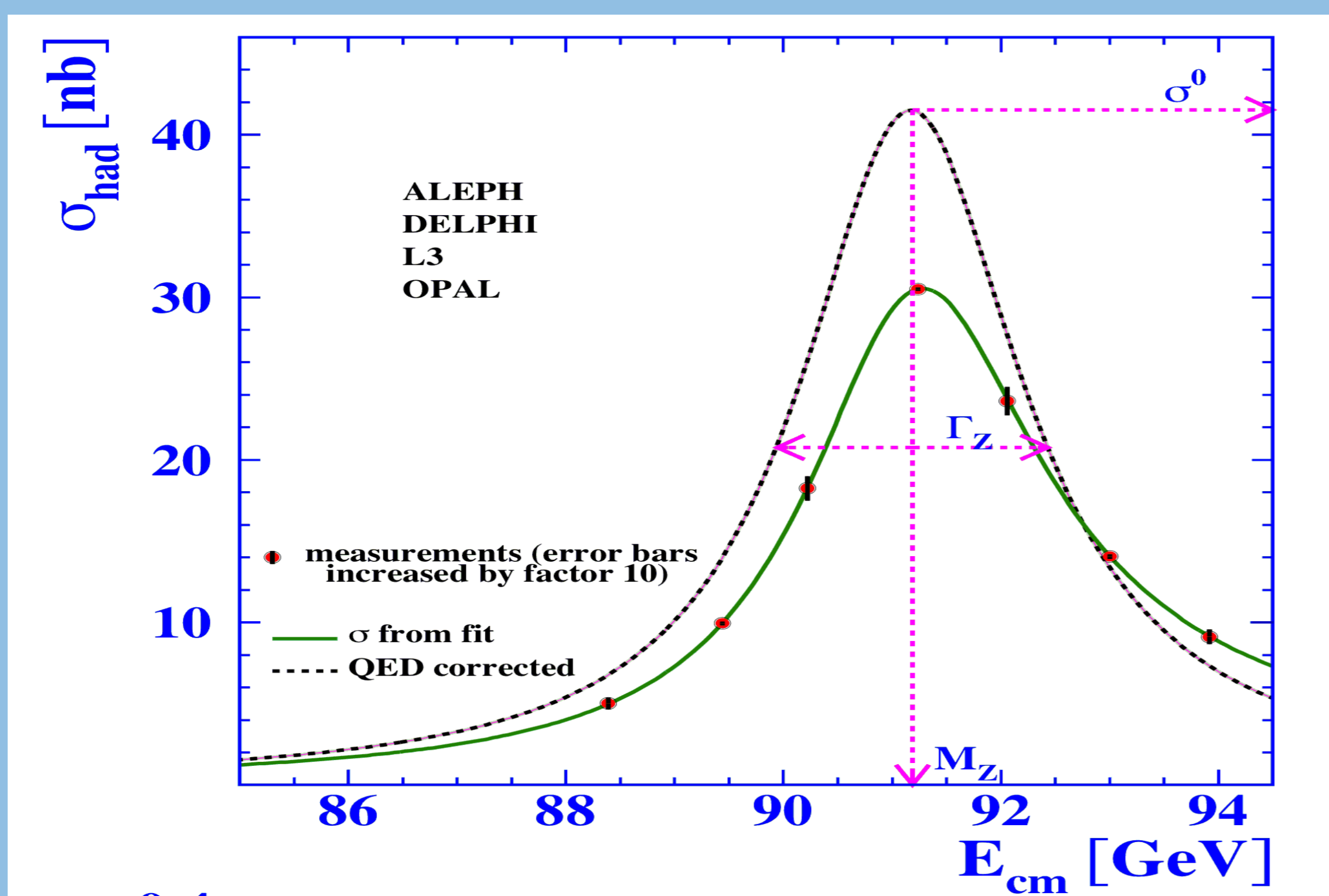


Fig.: S. Schael et al., Phys. Rept. 427 (2006) 257

Needs for substantially improved theoretical analysis software:

- ▶ QED Monte Carlo code of the KKMC-type [S. Jadach et al.]
- ▶ Unfolding code of the SMATASY type [M. Grünewald et al.]
- ▶ Electroweak library of the ZFITTER type [T. Riemann et al.]

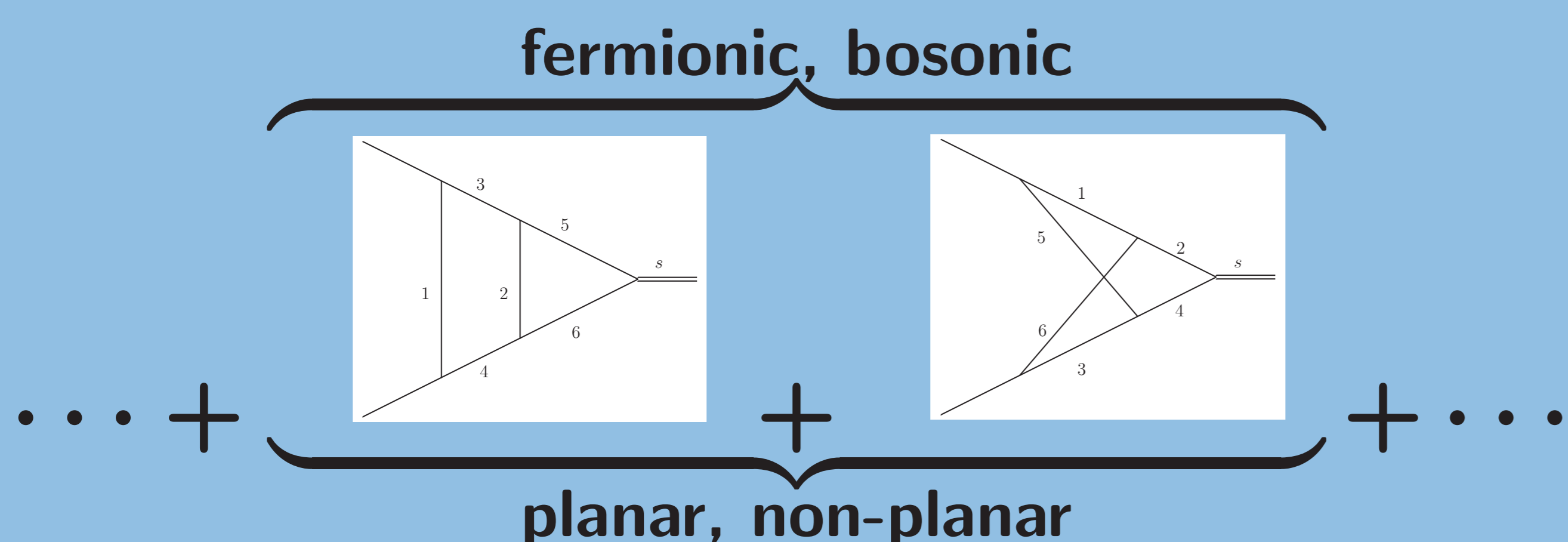
$$\sigma^{meas} \xrightarrow{\text{KKMC}, \dots} \sigma^{real} \xrightarrow{\text{SMATASY}, \dots} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma_0 \equiv \sigma^{eff,f} \\ M_Z, \Gamma_Z, \Gamma_f \\ A_{FB}^{eff,f}, A_{LR}^{eff,f} \\ R_b, R_l, R_{had} \\ \dots \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{\text{ZFITTER}, \dots}$$

Electroweak pseudo-observables [EWPOs]

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma_0 \equiv \sigma^{eff,f} \\ M_Z, \Gamma_Z, \Gamma_f \\ A_{FB}^{eff,f}, A_{LR}^{eff,f} \\ R_b, R_l, R_{had} \\ \dots \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{\text{ZFITTER}, \dots} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sin^2 \theta_W^{eff,f} \\ \Gamma_f \end{array} \right\} \leftrightarrow \{ v_f^{th}, a_f^{th} \}$$

Most complicated 2-loop vertex: $Zb\bar{b}$ [PLB 2016, [2,3]]:

$$V_\mu^{Zb\bar{b}} = \gamma_\mu [v_b^{th} - a_b^{th} \gamma_5] =$$



Completing 2-loops: bosonic corrections [2,3]

Γ_i [MeV]	$\Gamma_e, \Gamma_\mu, \Gamma_\tau$	$\Gamma_{\nu_e}, \Gamma_{\nu_\mu}, \Gamma_{\nu_\tau}$	Γ_d, Γ_s	Γ_u, Γ_c	Γ_b	Γ_Z
$\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$	2.273	6.174	9.717	5.799	3.857	60.22
$\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$	0.288	0.458	1.276	1.156	2.006	9.11
$\mathcal{O}(N_f^2\alpha^2)$	0.244	0.416	0.698	0.528	0.694	5.13
$\mathcal{O}(N_f\alpha^2)$	0.120	0.185	0.493	0.494	0.144	3.04
$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{bos}^2)$	0.017	0.019	0.058	0.057	0.167	0.505
$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t\alpha_s^2, \alpha_t\alpha_s^3, \alpha_t^2\alpha_s, \alpha_t^3)$	0.038	0.059	0.191	0.170	0.190	1.20

Table 1: Weak 2-loop and QCD 3-loop corrections for various Γ_f . Red entries are preliminary, unpublished (March 2018) [3].

Three-loop corrections needed: theory estimations [3]

	$\delta_1 :$	$\delta_2 :$	$\delta_3 :$	$\delta_4 :$	$\delta_5 :$	$\delta\Gamma_Z$ [MeV]
	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2\alpha_s)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{bos}^2)$	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^5 \delta_i^2}$
TH1	0.26	0.3	0.23	0.035	0.1	0.5
TH2	0.13	0.15	0.11	0.017	10^{-4}	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^5 (\delta_i/2)^2} \sim 0.2$
TH3	0.026	0.03	0.023	0.0035	10^{-4}	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^5 (\delta_i/10)^2} \sim 0.05$

Table 2: At FCC-ee: $\Delta\Gamma_Z \sim 0.1 \text{ MeV}$.

TH1 = 0.5 MeV (2016): Estimate of residual uncertainty of theoretical errors for Γ_Z [4]. Does not match the FCC-ee demand.

TH2 = 0.2 MeV: Value derives from TH1 by assuming the uncertainty (“no-go”) to be solved (“how-to”) by calculating the unknowns at an accuracy of 50% (1 digit). Would be not sufficient.

TH3 = 0.05 MeV: Like TH2, but assuming an accuracy of 10% (corresponding to a knowledge of 2 relevant digits) for the so far unknown weak 3-loops and QCD 4-loops. Matches the demand.

Term δ_5 was unknown in TH1 and was determined in [3] with 4 relevant digits. The δ_5 is 5 times bigger than its assumed uncertainty in TH1!

Next decade: complete 3-loop calculations [3]

$Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \dots$			
Number of topologies	1 loop	2 loops	3 loops
		1	14 $\rightarrow^{(A)}$ 7 $\rightarrow^{(B)}$ 5
Number of diagrams	14	2012 $\rightarrow^{(A,B)}$ 880	397690 $\rightarrow^{(A,B)}$ 91472
Fermionic loops	0	114	13104
Bosonic loops	14	766	78368
Planar / Non-planar	14 / 0	782 / 98	65487 / 25985
QCD / EW	0 / 14	0 / 880	144 / 91328

Table 3: Presents the number of Z decay Feynman diagrams needed to be calculated for TH3 of Table 2. Tadpoles, products of lower loop diagrams (A) and symmetrical diagrams (B) are not included.

A first tackle might concentrate on the 13,104 electroweak 2-loop diagrams with closed internal fermionic loops, to be determined with a net accuracy of two relevant digits.

References

- [1] J. Wenninger et al. *Future Circular Collider Study Lepton Collider Parameters* FCC-ACC-SPC-0003. <https://fcc.web.cern.ch>
- [2] I. Dubovyk, A. Freitas, J. Gluza, T. Riemann, J. Usovitsch, Phys. Lett. B762 (2016) 184.
- [3] I. Dubovyk, A. Freitas, J. Gluza, T. Riemann, J. Usovitsch, preliminary, to be published, see: J. Gluza, https://indico.cern.ch/event/669224/contributions/2805413/attachments/1581532/2499590/FCC_gluza_TheoryStatus.pdf.
- [4] A. Freitas, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 90 (2016) 201 doi:10.1016/j.pnpnp.2016.06.004 [arXiv:1604.00406 [hep-ph]].