# Facilitating Science Collaborations for the LHC: Grid Technologies

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## Big Science ⇒ Global Collaborations

- No single country can build the LHC
  - Too much money
  - Worldwide distributed technical expertise
- E.g. HEP collaborations each consist of:
  - ~1000s scientists
  - ~100s institutes
  - ~10s countries



- Massive data collections belong to the participating world community
  - All participating collaborators get equal access to data
  - Democratisation of science

# **Problem Solving at the LHC**

#### **Technical Challenges**

- One of the most complex instruments ever built by humankind
  - The LHC Accelerator
  - The four LHC Experiments
- Network intensive:
  - From ~200 Gbps (2008)
  - To ~1 Tbps (2013)
  - Across & among world regions
- Data and computationally intensive
  - From Petabyts (2008) to Exabytes of Shared Data
  - 10<sup>5</sup> processors evolving with technology; 10<sup>5</sup> jobs

#### **Social Challenges**

- Teams organized around common goals
  - Communities: "Virtual organizations"
- Diverse membership & capabilities
  - Heterogeneity is a strength not a weakness
- Geographic and political distribution
  - No location/organization possesses all required skills and resources
- Must adapt as a function of the situation
  - Adjust membership, reallocate responsibilities, renegotiate resources

# Collaboration size also drives need for new technology

- In the 80's-90's HEP transitioned to 100's of collaborators per experiment
  - How best to manage?
  - How best to share information, internationally?
  - Development of the World Wide Web
- LHC represents "phase transition" in collaboration size → 1000's of collaborators
  - how best to govern?
  - how best to work together, globally?
  - Development of the Grid

#### Networking is key to facilitating collaboration

→ increasing number of people who need to share increasing amount of information!



## Early Architecture of the "Grid"



- User applications
  - Scientific applications, industrial tools, games...
- Grid service applications
  - Tools necessary to control and monitor access to the Grid
  - Directory brokering, Grid monitoring and diagnostics, Grid schedulers...
- Grid middleware layer
  - Software that ties it all together
  - Presents consistent, <u>secure</u> and dependable interface for grid apps
- Fabric layer:
  - Computers, Storage, sensors and networks
  - Provide the physical resources and raw capabilities to the infrastructure

Evolving Architecture: As complexity scale increases (data, users, algos)

- → increasingly automated (hide & manage complexity)
- → fully distributed, intelligent-agent based arch. (improve robustness)

## LHC Data Analysis – Essential Components

- Data Processing: All data needs to be reconstructed, first into fundamental components like tracks and energy deposition and then into "physics" objects like electrons, muons, hadrons, neutrinos, etc.
  - Raw → Reconstructed → Summarized
  - Simulation, same path. Critical to understanding detectors and underlying physics.
- Data Discovery: We must be able to locate events of interest (Databases)
- Data Movement: We must be able to move discovered data as needed for analysis or reprocessing (Networks)
- Data Analysis: We must be able to apply our analysis to the reconstructed data
  - Collaborative Tools: Vital to sustaining global collaborations
  - Policy and Resource Management: We must be able to share, manage and prioritise in a resource scarce environment

All components integrated in end-to-end system!! System able to automatically and intelligently adapt!

# **Virtual Organization**

- Group of people who want to collaborate
- Involves multiple organization and security domains
  - Users from multiple domains
  - Resources from multiple domains
- Desire to share resources and information
- Vital to establish Trust!
  - Authentication & Authorization





## Effective Policy, Governing Access within a Collaboration



## **Multi-Institution Issues**





## Enabling Environment for Collaboration

Applications



• Contains Pervasive "Controls" (Grid & Network System Services) → Capable System

- Able to Invest Intelligence into System →
  - Shield Users from Complexity
  - Enable System to Scale with Tolerable Level of Manpower

### World-wide LHC Computing Grid CMS Experiment Hierarchy



50%

40%

30%

20% 10% 0%

CPU

Disk

Tape

- ~10s of Petabytes/yr by 2007-8
- ~1000 Petabytes in < 10 yrs</li>



2008 resources



## Lowering the Barrier for Collaboration



Examples: Grid-enabled Analysis Environment, UltraLight See H. Newman's talk

## **Scientific Search and Discovery**



## **Virtual Data Motivations**

"I've found some interesting data, but I need to know exactly what corrections were applied before I can trust it." "I've detected a muon calibration error and want to know which derived data products need to be recomputed."

*consumed-by/ generated-by* 

#### Transformation execution-of

product-of

Derivation

"I want to search a database for 3 muon SUSY events. If a program that does this analysis exists, I won't have to write one from scratch."

"I want to apply a forward jet analysis to 100M events. If the results already exist, I'll save weeks of computation."

17









#### The Grid - its really about collaboration!

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#### Grid: Geographically distributed resources; coordinated use

- Fabric
  - Physical resources
- Middleware
  - Software ties it all together
- Ownership
  - Resources controlled by owners, shared with others

#### Goal: Transparent resource sharing

It's about sharing and building a vision for the future

REN II AR SOL

And it's about getting connected

 It's about the democratization of science

**Vicky White**