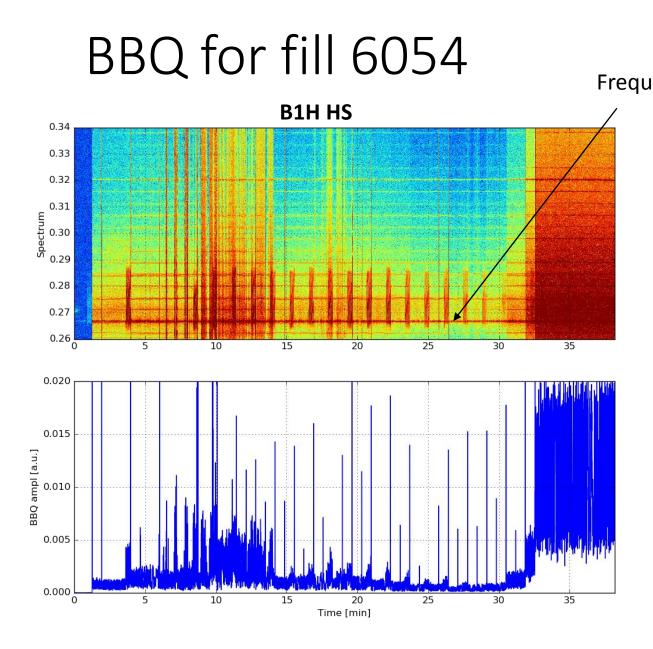
Coherent Effects at injection

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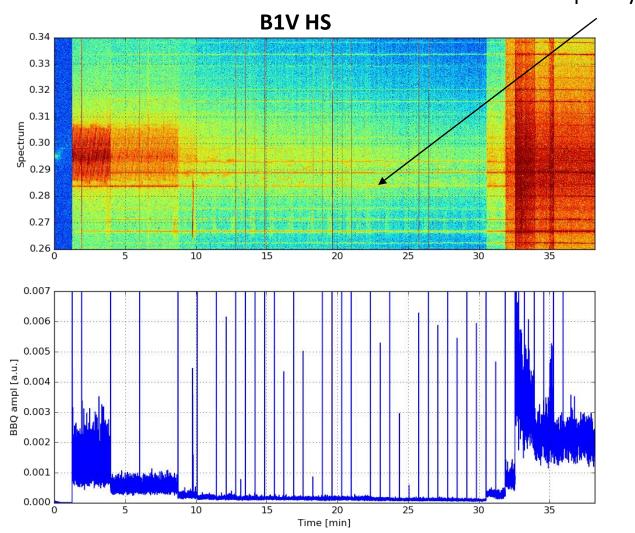
Introduction

- We have observed strong noise lines in both the BBQ and the ADTObsBox data for the data acquired in fill 5885 & 6054. (To be expanded to check all fills).
- Shown are detailed plots for fill 6054, with summary of quick checks for fill 5885 shown below.
- If noise lines are present in the beam spectrum, then the ADT will act on it which could lead to slow emittance growth.
- For fill 6054:
 - strong noise lines seen in B1H (0.267) and B2H (0.271) both in ADTObsBox and BBQ
 - strong noise lines seen in B2V (0.2971) in ADTObsBox that is not seen in the BBQ. Smaller peak seen in B2V (0.2837) that is found in both BBQ and ADTObsBox.
 - Consistent line seen in B1V (0.2837) but not the strongest list from the BBQ. No other lines seen in ADTObsBox.
- For fill 5885:
 - Horizontal noise lines behave as before but this time B1H and B2H are both at 0.267 and seen in both beams.
 - The strong noise line seen in V is now at 0.2983 in both B1V and B2V which is not one of the suspected 50Hz noise lines and is shifted compared to fill 6054. Not seen in BBQ.

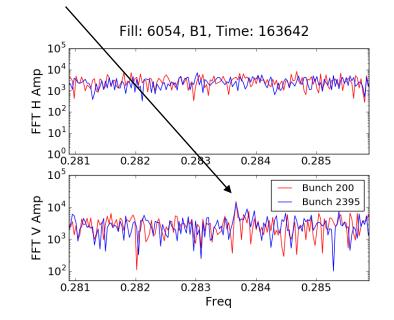


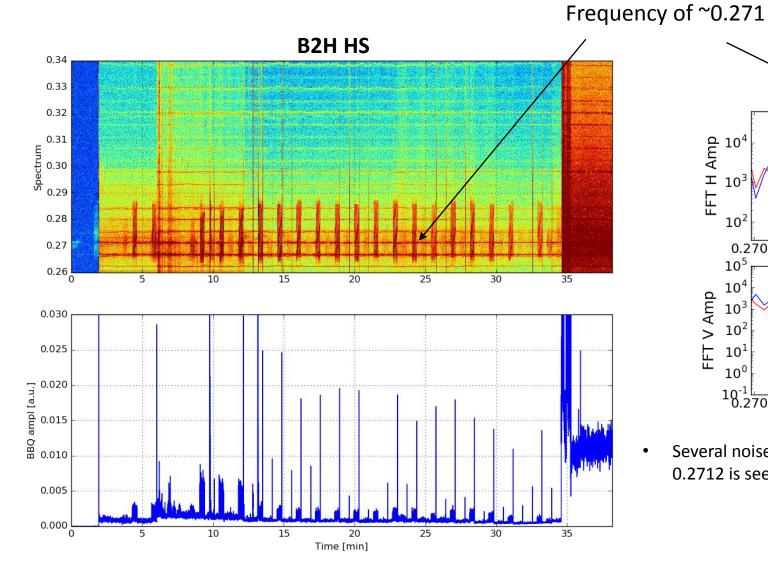


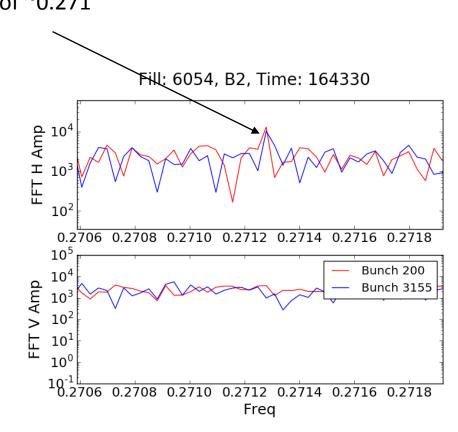
- An ADTObsBox acquisition was taken with the 32k turn buffer to see how many bunches contained this noise line.
- For one example, out of a total of 1980 circulating bunches (including the newly injected), 1529 bunches had their peak amplitude coming from a frequency within 1e-3 of this noise line.
- When accounting for the 2*96b that were affected from the injection oscillation, this 1529/1788 i.e. most bunches.



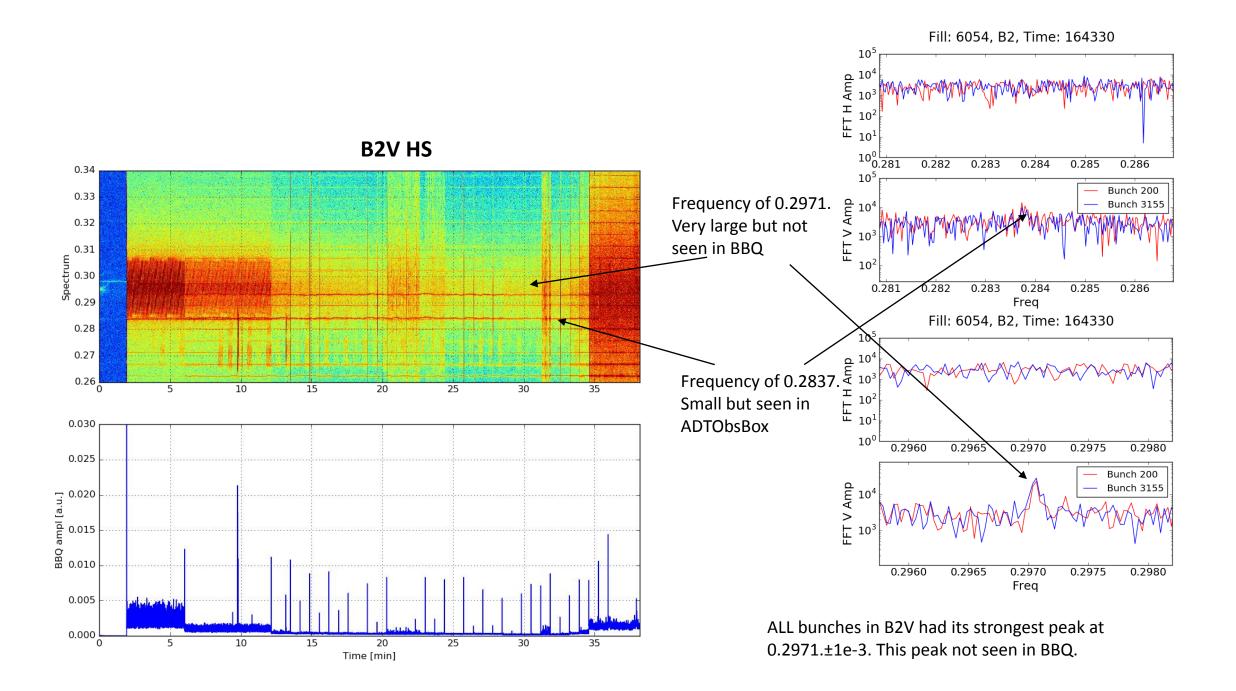
Frequency of ~0.2837







• Several noise lines are strong in the BBQ, but only the peak at 0.2712 is seen in the ADTObsBox.



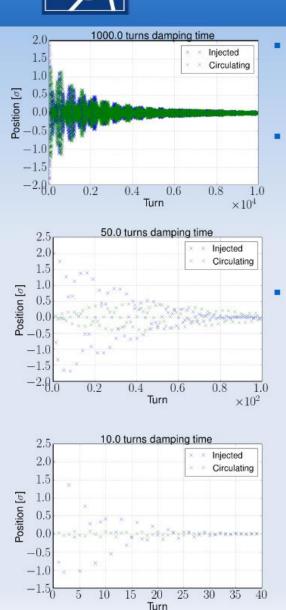
Proposal

- There are clear noise lines seen in the ADTObsBox that are also seen in the BBQ.
- The ADT will try kick at this frequency which could cause emittance blowup.
- Moving the tunes around may help, increasing H by 5e-3 (from 0.27 to 0.275) could make a difference.
- This would reduce the tune separation but with Laslett shift correction and good coupling correction there are unlikely to be coupling related issues (as seen in the past).
- More analysis is needed to make a recommendation for V.



Transmission of oscillations



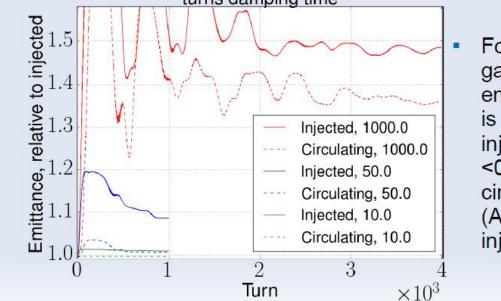


COMBI model, including all long-range interactions in one IP at a normalised separation of 15 σ (slightly pessimistic), Q'=15, loct = 34 A and the ADT with different gains

The transmission of the oscillations to the other beam is :

- Total for low gain (~1000 turns)
- Partial for intermediate gain (~50 turns)
- Negligible for operational gain (~10 turns)

The emittance growth due to decoherence follows the same trend, as expected turns damping time



For operational gain, the emittance growth is ~1% for the injected beam and <0.1% for the circulating (Assuming a 2 σ injection offset)



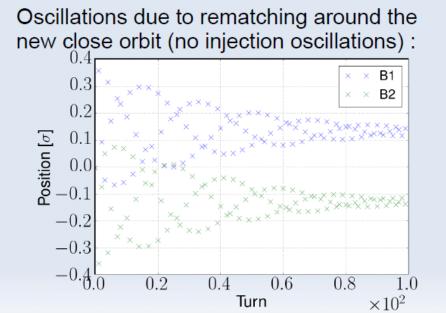
Orbit effect at injection

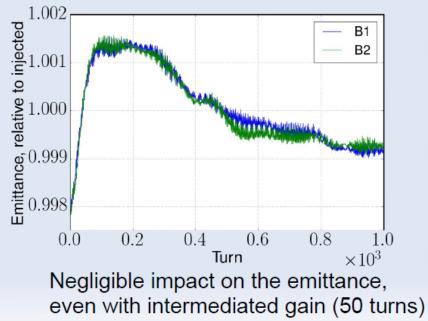


- The normalised separation between the beams at injection is about 18 σ both for the parasitic encounters and the one at the IP (i.e. the *separated head-on* interaction)
- The maximum orbit effect at injection is about 0.2 σ in each plane due to IPs 1 and 5 (nominal bunches)

 \rightarrow The rematching of the orbit of the other beam results in a 0.4 σ oscillation, damped by the ADT

- The orbit effect is inversely proportional to the normalised separation at the interactions (Need a very large crossing angle to fully suppress the effect)
- It is present even in absence of injection oscillation (i.e. injection perfectly on close orbit)





Effect of MKI

Fill: 6054, B1, Time: 161740, First 500 Turns Filtered

