

# New preliminary results on OPE fits

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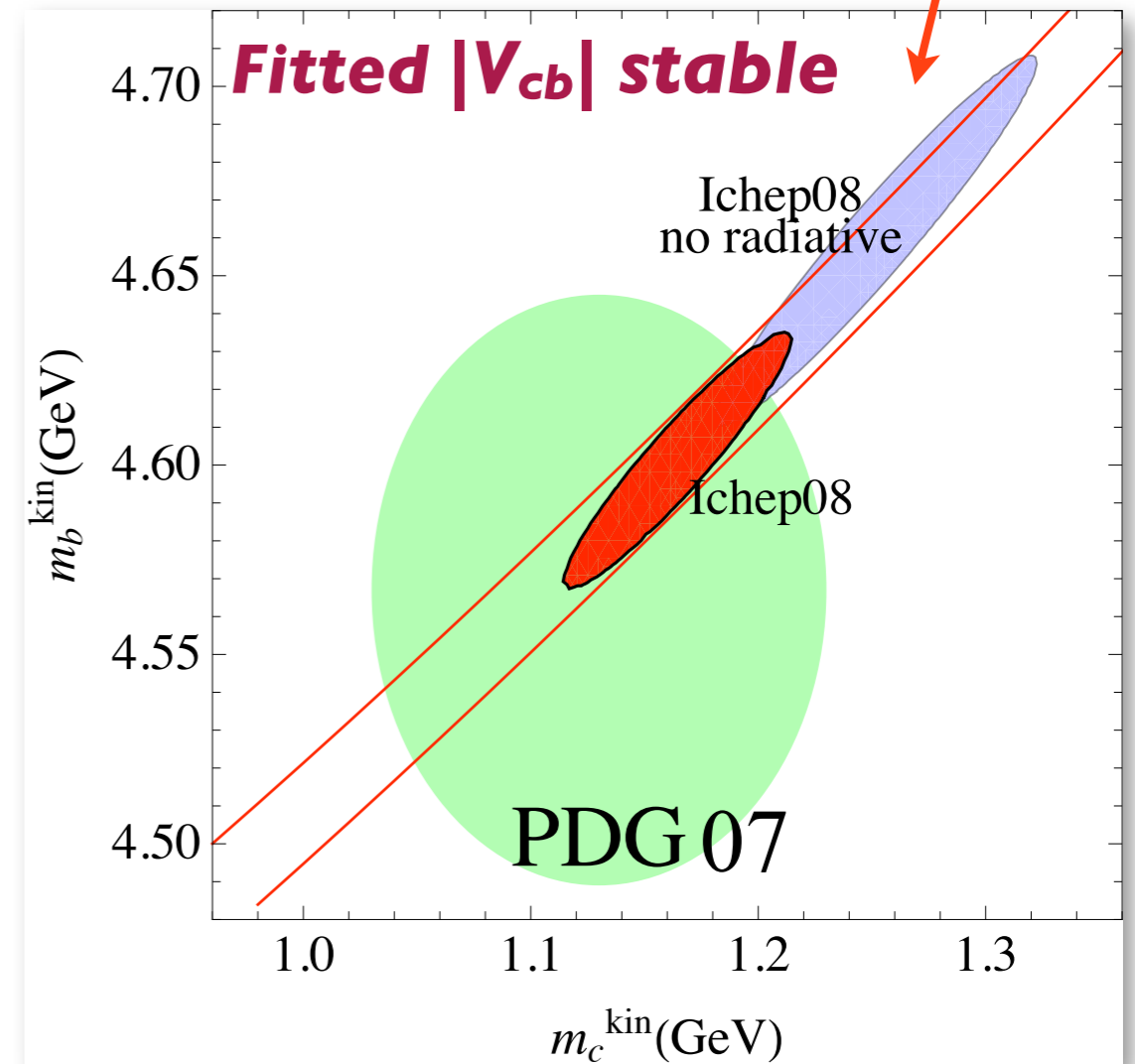
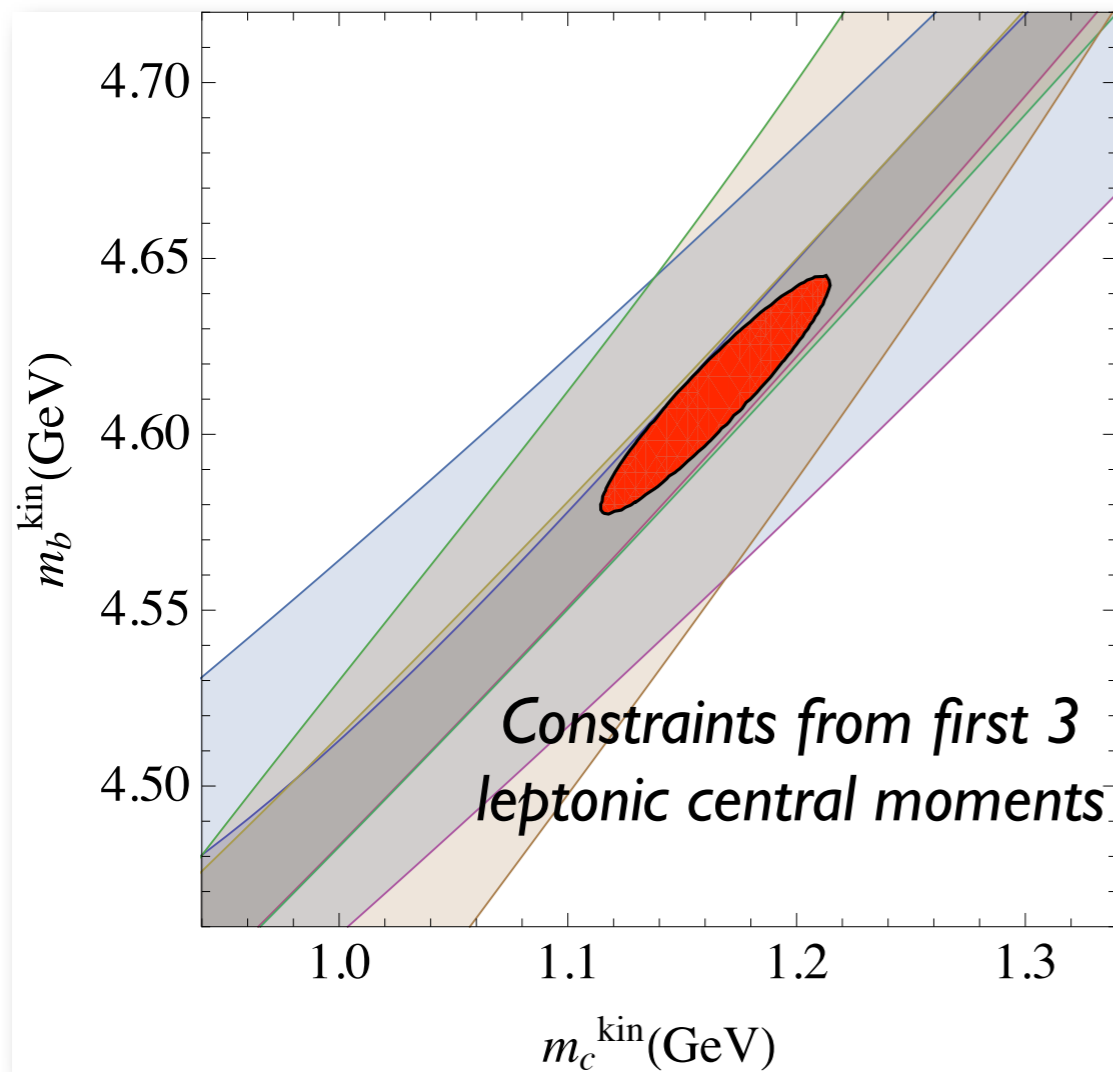


# The need to check the errors

- Results of fits to semileptonic & radiative moments are crucial input in inclusive  $|V_{ub}|$  determination,  $m_b$  in particular
- $b$  quark mass determinations from  $e^+e^-$  have recently improved significantly: how do they compare with fits? do we understand/trust theory errors? (see also Hoang talk)
- central  $m_b$  value from fits depends on radiative moments whose calculation is more problematic

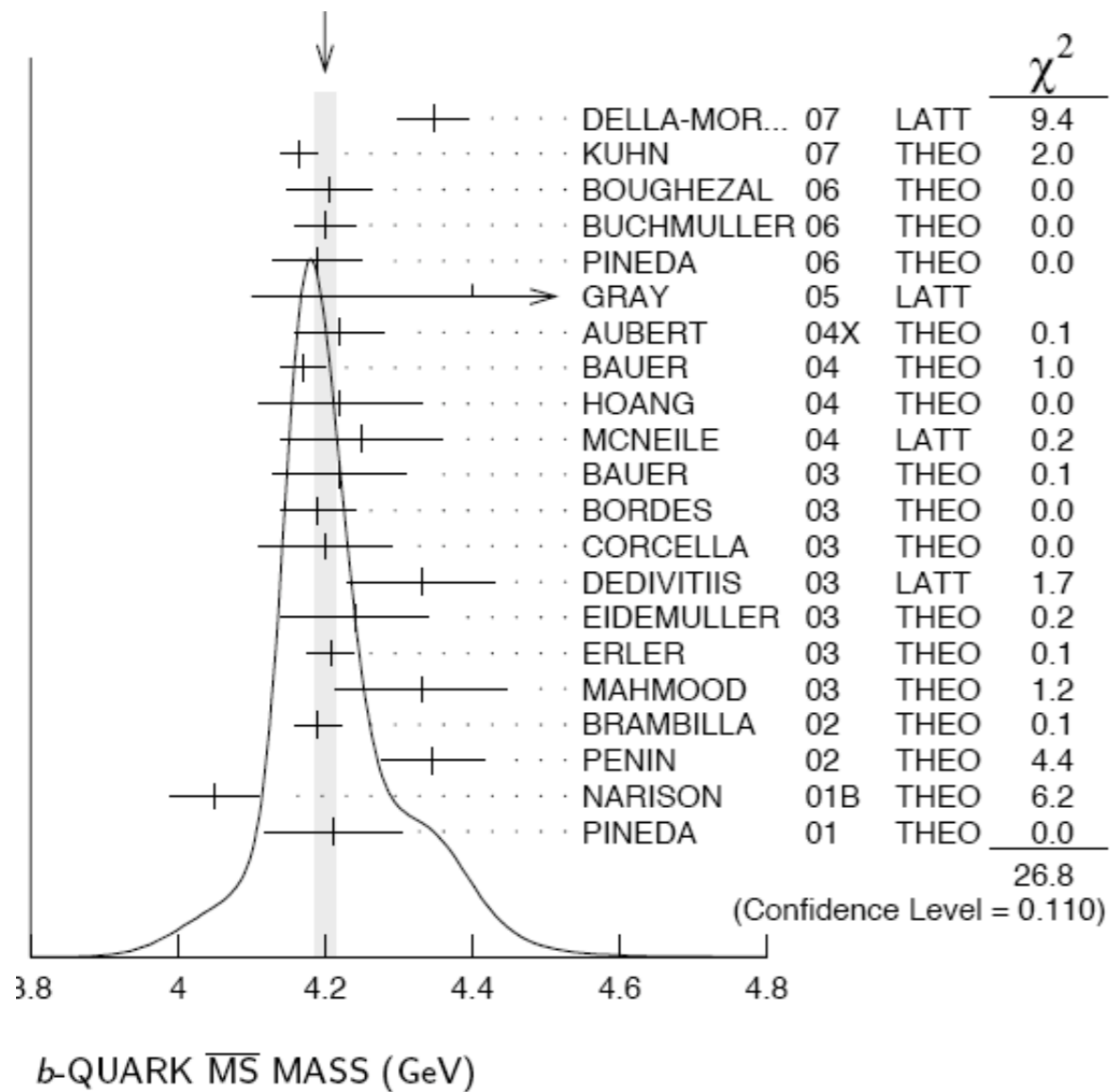
# A strip in the $m_b$ - $m_c$ plane

Constant values  
of s.l. width  
at fixed  $V_{cb}$



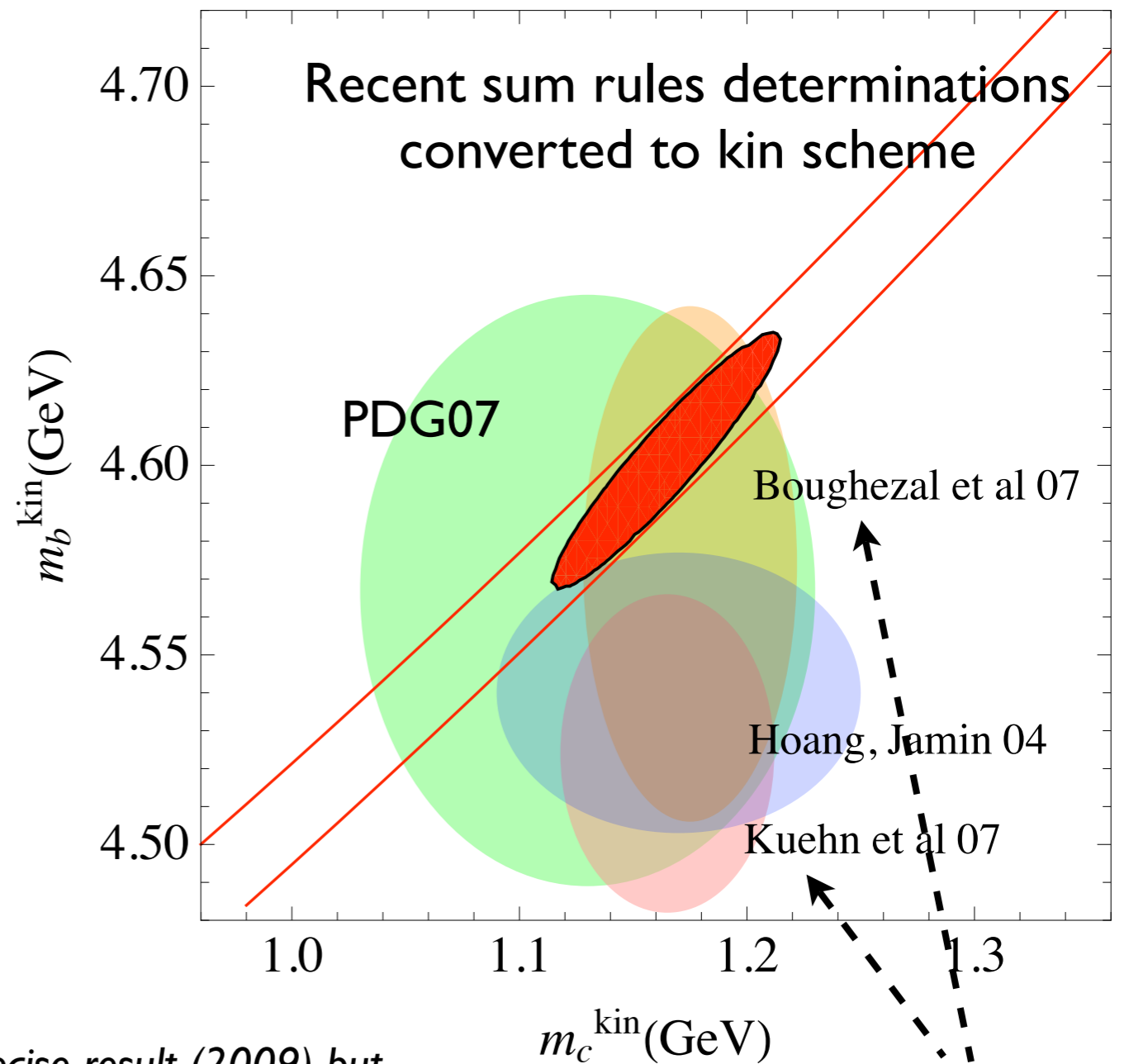
Semileptonic moments do not measure  $m_b$  well. They rather identify a strip in  $(m_b, m_c)$  plane along which the minimum is **shallow**.

# b mass determinations



PDG08 has inflated errors...

Kuehn et al have a new, similar but more precise result (2009) but the error in the  $\overline{MS} \rightarrow \text{kin}$  scheme conversion is  $\sim 40\text{MeV}$



# Understanding th errors (I)

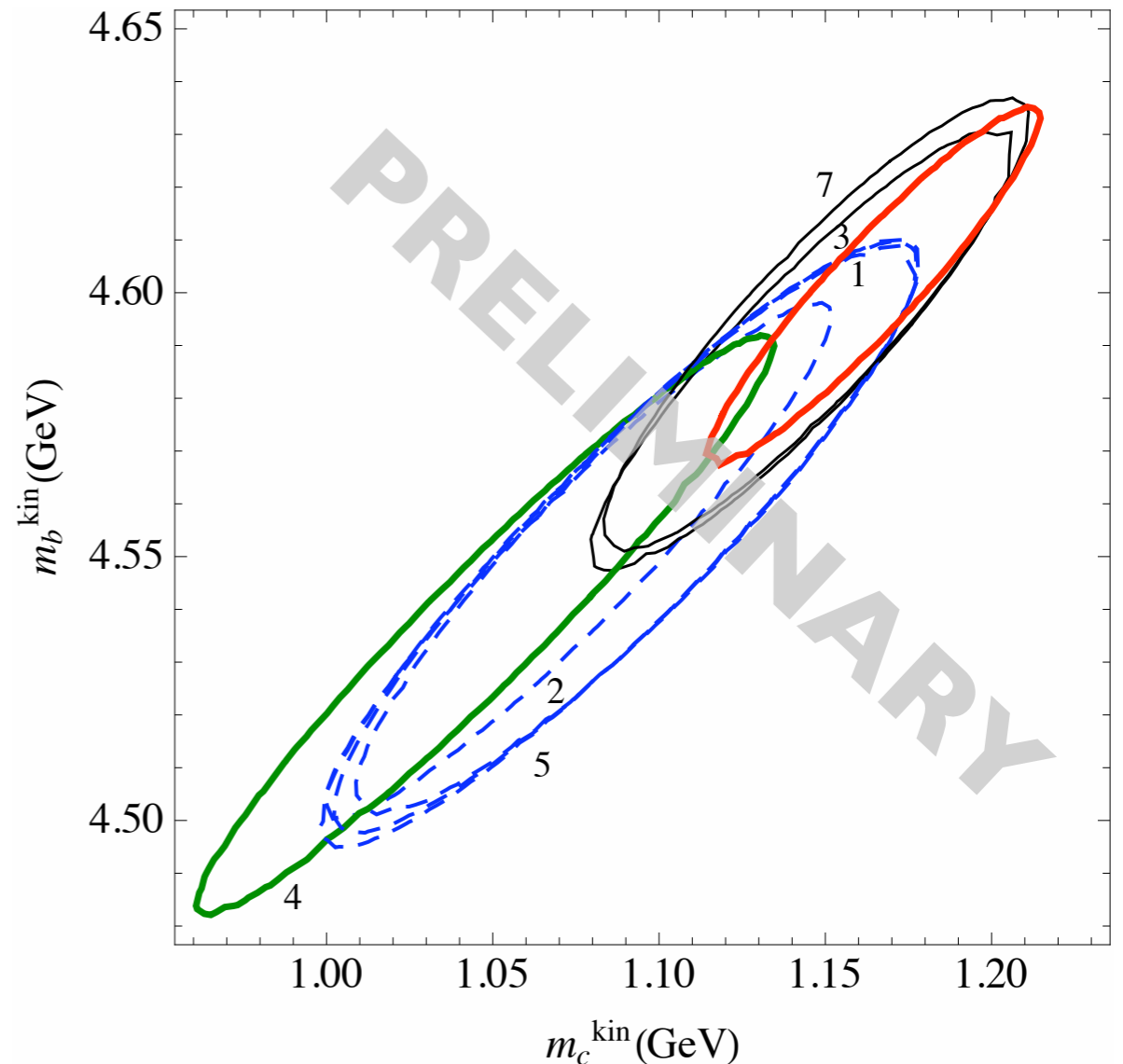
- Complete  $O(\alpha_s^2)$  corrections available for semileptonic moments, numerically or in  $m_c/m_b$  expansion Melnikov, Czarnecki & Pak 08
- Generally, non-BLM corrections small: expect limited impact
- In normalized leptonic moments pert corrections cancel to large extent, in any scheme and for any cut: hard gluon emission is comparatively suppressed. In kin scheme

$$\langle E_l \rangle_{E_l > 1\text{GeV}} = 0.681 \frac{m_b}{2} \left[ 1 + (3.179 - 3.199) \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} + \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \right)^2 \left( (4.30 - 4.35)\beta_0 + 3.49(7) - 3.36(8) + 5.91 - 5.91 \right) + O(1/m_b^2, \alpha_s^3) \right] \quad (1)$$

- same pattern of cancellations at  $O(\alpha_s)$   $O(\beta_0 \alpha_s^2)$   $O(\alpha_s^2)$  confirms our estimate of th error, no appreciable change in fit
- *Additional* cancellations in higher central moments due to endpoint enhancement: existing results confirm cancellation pattern. Implementation in hadronic moments under way.

# Understanding the errors (II)

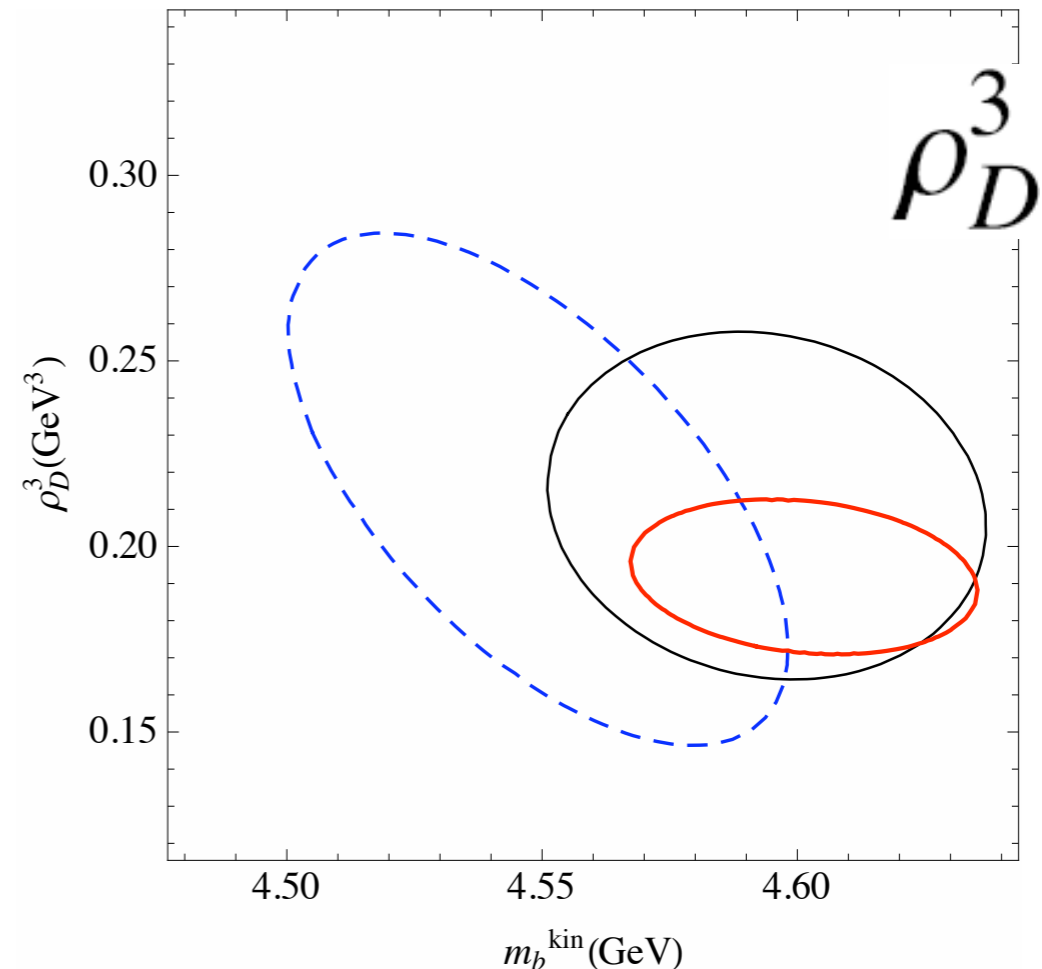
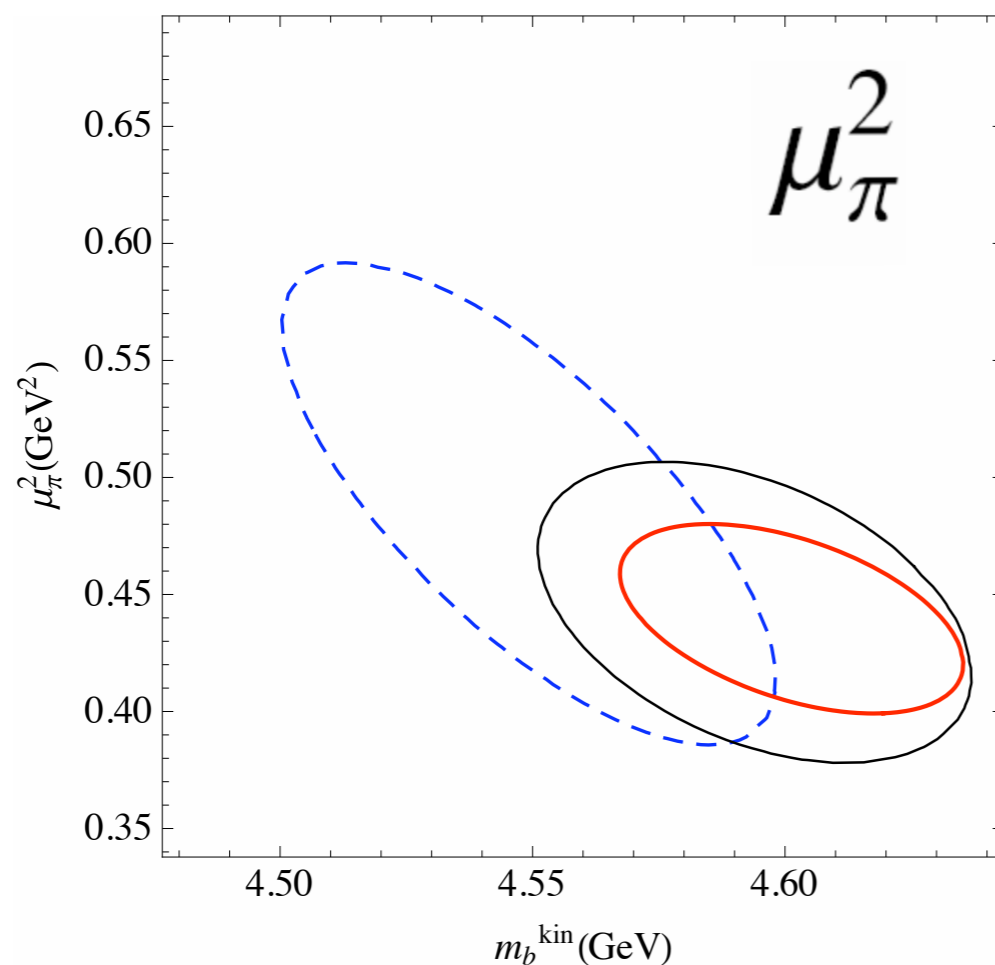
- Correlations between theory errors of moments at different  $E_{cut}$  are difficult to estimate.
- Recent fits in kin scheme, contrary to the original prescription, have unrealistically assumed 100% correlation between central moments at different  $E_{cut}$ , and (correctly) no correlation between different central moments.
- The assumptions on the correlations can have **a strong impact on the fits**
- shown are HFAG-like fits with ichep08 data using different assumptions varying between no correlation (green) and 100% correlation (red): both unrealistic. Note that  $|V_{cb}|$  is affected very little.
- $\chi^2/dof$  is always low, lowest for green ( $\sim 0.1$ ) highest for red ( $\sim 0.5$ )



But not all assumptions are reasonable!  
High correlations are inevitable

# Understanding th errors (III)

*Th correlations are also important for other OPE parameters*



*Always larger errors, somewhat lower  $m_b$*

**Black: correlations between different cuts computed using th error recipe, encodes existing correlations in computation: probably a good default!**

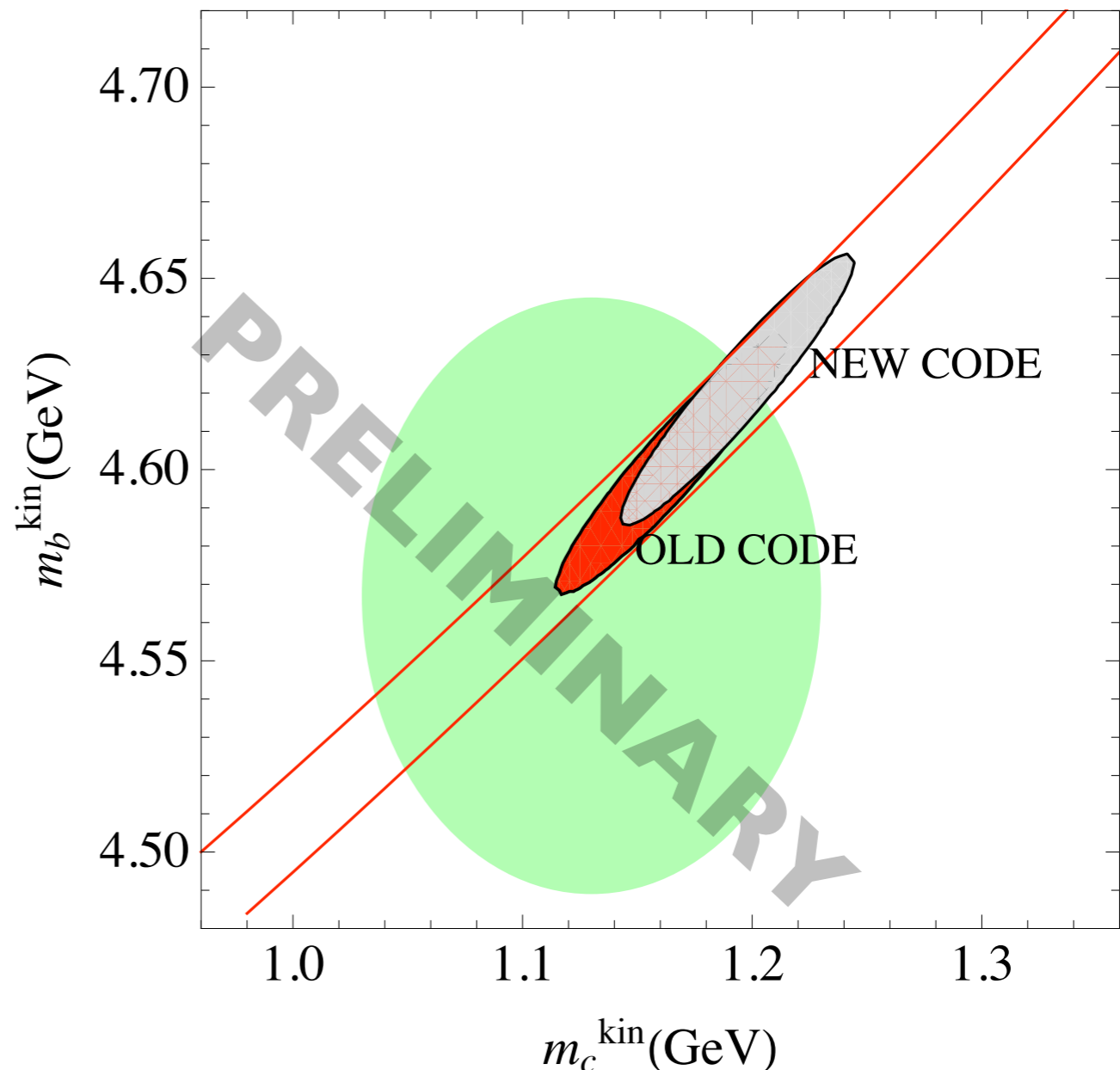
# Fitting properly radiative moments

Since the  $bs\gamma$  moments are measured with a high cut on  $E_\gamma$ , local OPE is insufficient.

SF can be implemented at NLO + BLM (Benson et al) and depends on  $m_b, \mu_\pi^2, \dots$  ie the OPE inputs one wants to fit.

For the first time the fit is now performed with the full parameter dependence.

Also: much larger sample of functional forms





# Towards a new OPE fit...

*There is some skepticism with rad moments as OPE fails for  $bs\gamma$  at  $O(\alpha_s)$  with operators  $\neq O_7$ . But radiative moments, though interesting, will eventually be largely irrelevant to the fits!*

*Already now their role in the fits is almost identical to using PDG07 bound  $m_b(m_b)=4.20(7)\text{GeV} \rightarrow m_b^{\text{kin}}=4.57(8)\text{GeV}$ . And 70MeV is hardly extreme...*

*The fits will greatly profit from using additional external constraints. In particular  $m_c$  seems to me appropriate.*

*The new kin code will fit  $m_c(\mu)$  in  $\overline{\text{MS}}$  scheme directly: precise lattice &  $e^+e^-$  determinations of  $m_c$  could then be employed without conversion error and help  $m_b$  and  $|V_{ub}|$  determinations.*

**NEW CODES & FITS AVAILABLE SOON, STAY TUNED!**