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Micro-straining tuning for strong and isotropic artificial pinning centers (APCs) in YBCO films

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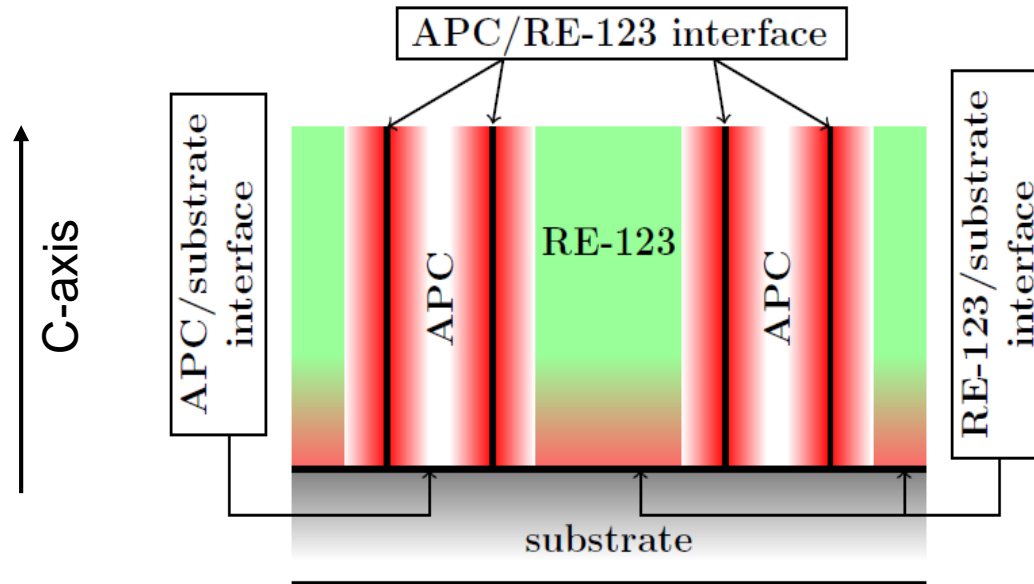
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Epitaxial APC/RE-123 nanocomposites



Controlling parameters:

- Lattice mismatch at the interfaces (three shown)
 - Elastic properties of both APCs and RE-123
-
- Shi and Wu, *Philosophic Magazine* **92**, 2911 (2012); **92**, 4205 (2012);
 - Wu and Shi, in SUST Special Issue on Artificial Pinning Centers (2017), DOI:10.1088/1361-6668/aa8288

Understanding the Interplay of strains is important towards controlling APCs

Specific questions:

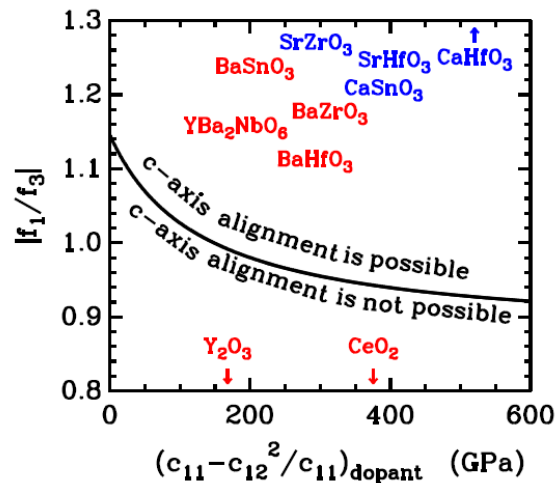
- **Morphology:** What impurity materials will form aligned nanorods (1D APCs) or nanosheets (2D APCs) and nanoparticles (3D APCs) in YBCO matrix?
- **Dimension:** What determines the dimension of the APCs?
- **Orientation:** What determines APC orientations? Is it possible to obtain **mixed** orientations from the same dopant?
- **Mixed APCs:** 3D pinning landscape via control of each types of APCs? (by **vicinal** or/and double doping)

Elastic Strain Model + Experiment

Understanding & controlling self-assembly of artificial pinning centers

APC material selection

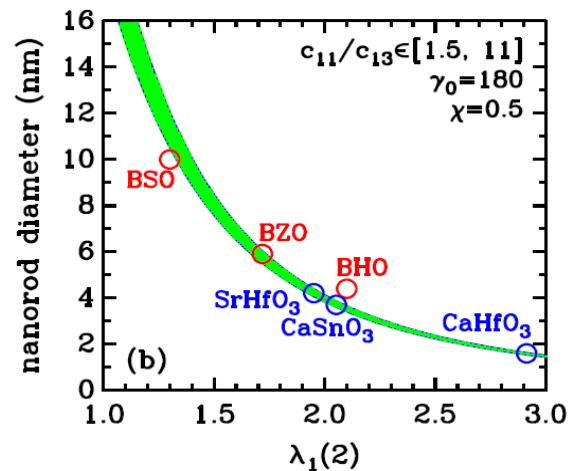
APC morphology can be pre-screened based on their elastic properties & lattice constants



Shi and Wu, *Philosophic Magazine* **92**, 2911 (2012); **92**, 4205 (2012); Wu and Shi, SUST Special Issue on Artificial Pinning Centers (2017) ASAP

APC dimension

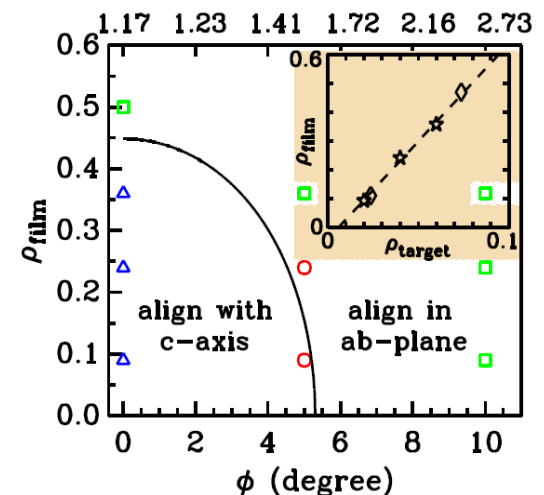
1D APC diameter is determined by the inverse strain decay length $\lambda_1(2)$



J. Wu, et al, *SUST*, 27, 044010 (2014); Shi and Wu, *JAP* 118, 164301 (2015).

APC orientations

Configurations of APCs can be tuned by both APC concentration and YBCO matrix strain $f_s (\times 10^{-2})$

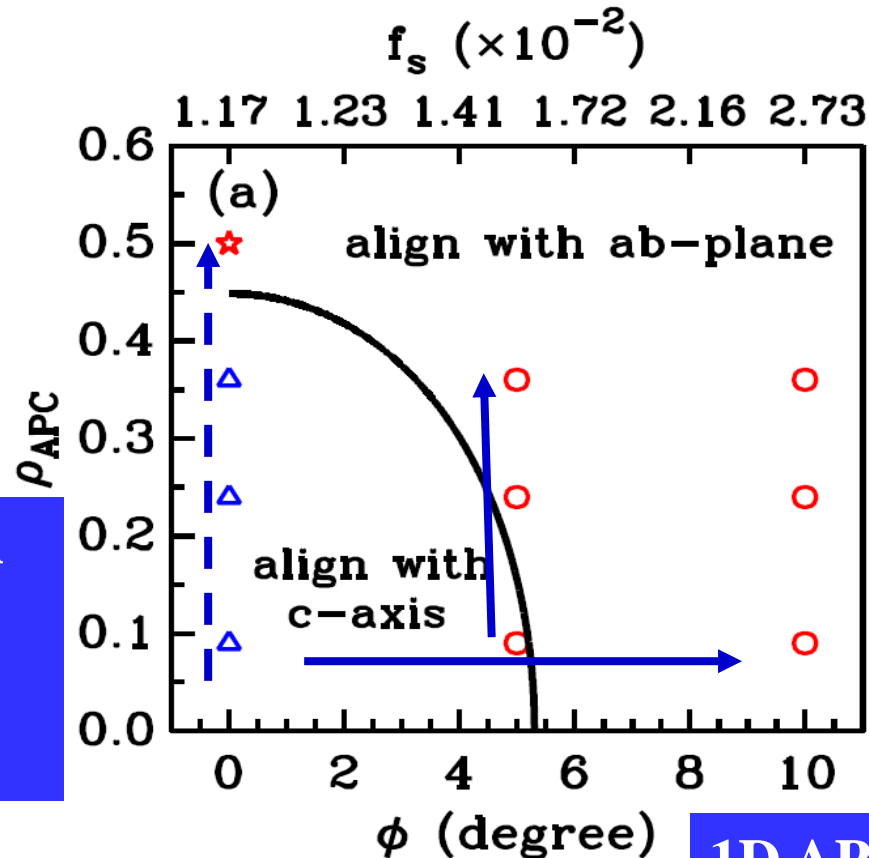


F.J. Baca, et al, *Advanced Functional Materials* 23, 4628, (2013); J. Wu, et al, *IEEE Trans. Applied Superconductivity* **25** (3), 1-5 (2015); Wu et al, *SUST* 28, 125009(2015)

Wu and Shi, in SUST Special Issue on Artificial Pinning Centers (2017), DOI:10.1088/1361-6668/aa8288

APC orientation vs. YBCO matrix strain

(controlled by RE-123 film/substrate lattice mismatch on vicinal substrate)



Switch of 1D APC orientation

1D APC switch from c-aligned to ab-aligned at high APC concentrations

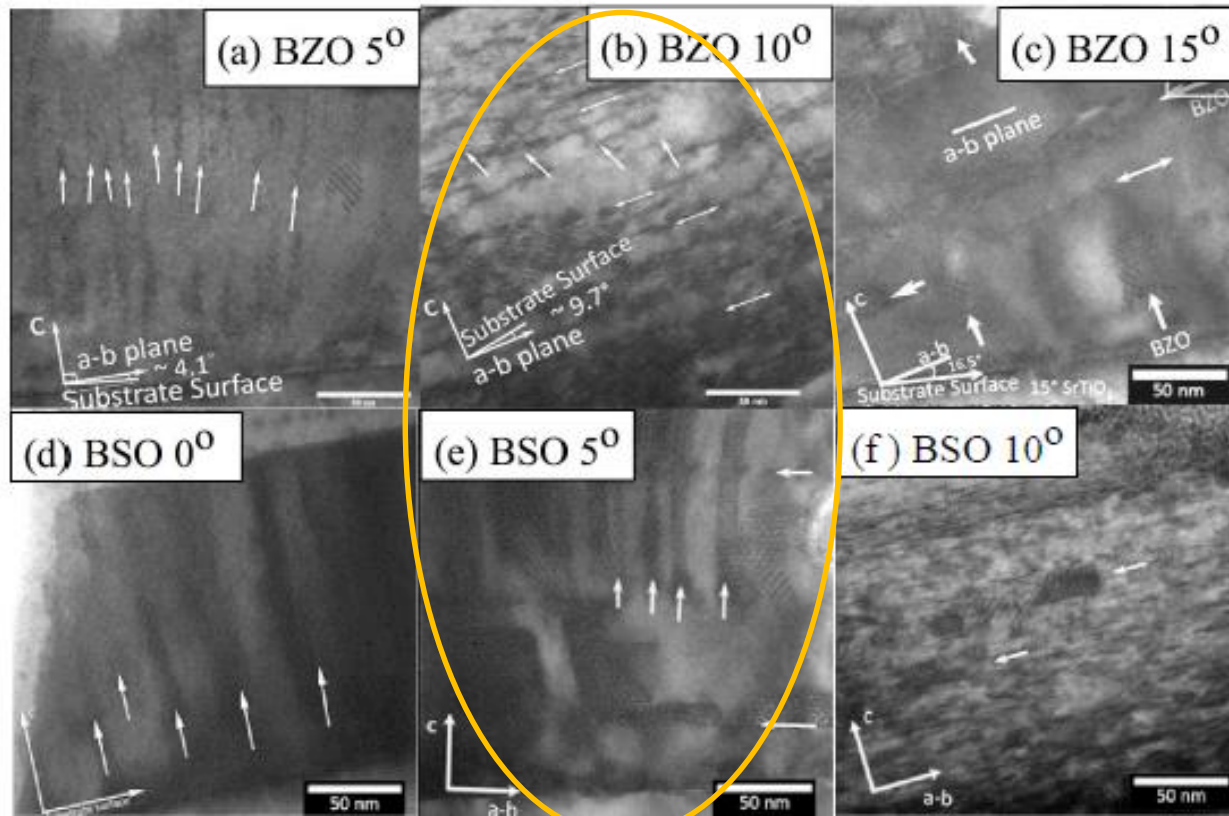
Switch of 1D APC orientation

Shi and Wu, *Phil. Magazine* **92**, 2911 (2012); **92**, 4205 (2012).
F.J. Baca, et al, *Adv. Funct. Mat.* **23**, 4628, (2013);
J. Wu, et al, *IEEE Trans. Applied Supercond.* **25**, 1-5 (2015);
J. Wu et al, *SUST* **28**, 125009 (2015).
J.Z. Wu, *Endless Quests -- Theory, Experiment and Application of Frontiers of Superconductivity*, Peking University Press (2016).

1D APC switch from c-aligned to ab-aligned by introducing lattice mismatched substrates

Increasing YBCO matrix ab-plane tensile strain can cause **splay** around c-axis and **switch** from c- to ab-aligned of BaZrO₃ and BaSnO₃ APCs

BZO doping



BSO doping

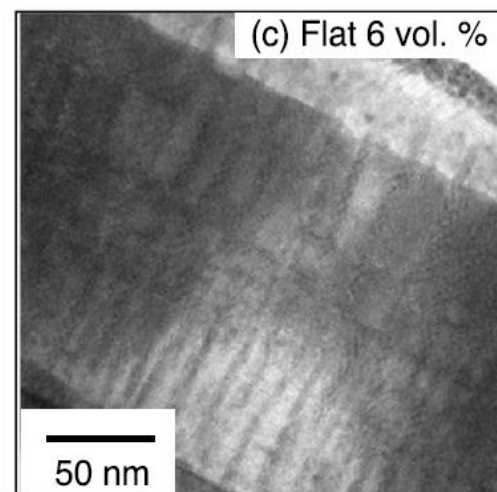
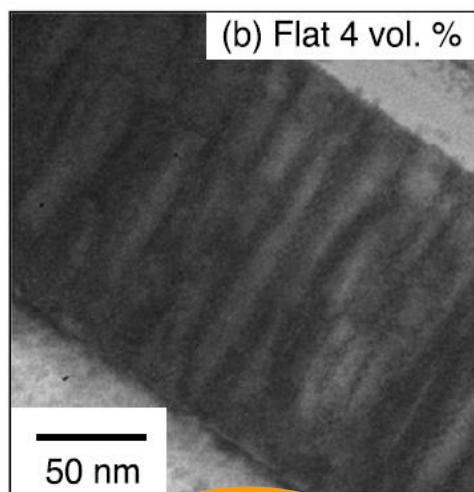
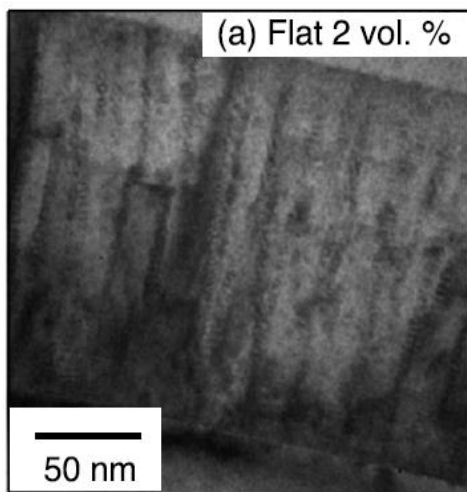
Tensile strain
in c-axis

Transition zone with
1D+2D mixed
orientations of APCs

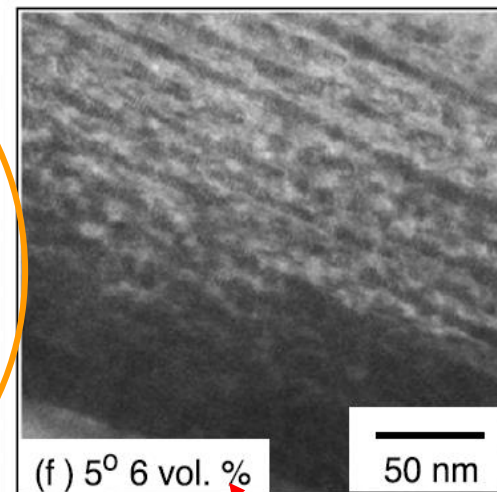
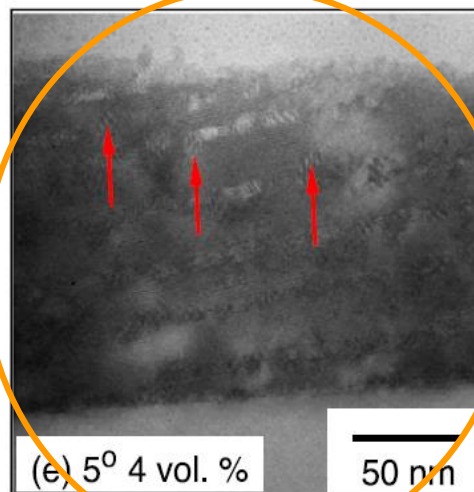
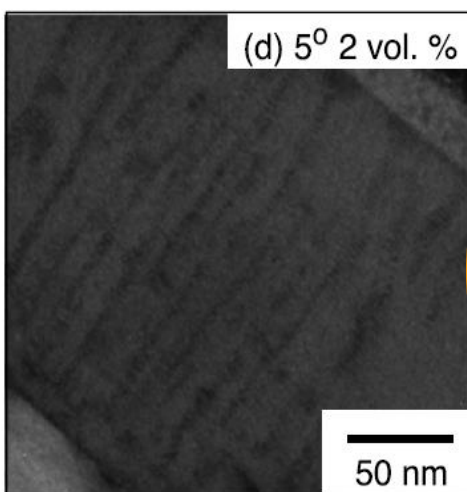
Compressive
strain in c-axis

Baca et al. Appl. Phys. Lett. **94**, 102512 (2009); Emergo et al, SUST **23**, 115010 (2010); Wu et al, IEEE Applied Superconductivity 25 (3), 1-5 (2015). Wu et al, SUST 28, 125009(2015)

Flat STO



**5 deg
Vicinal STO**

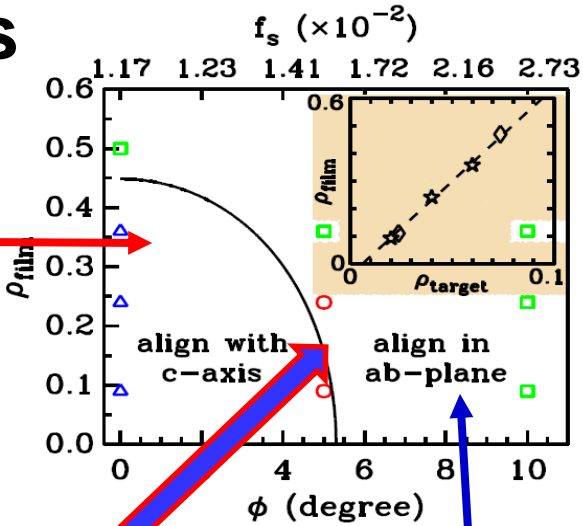
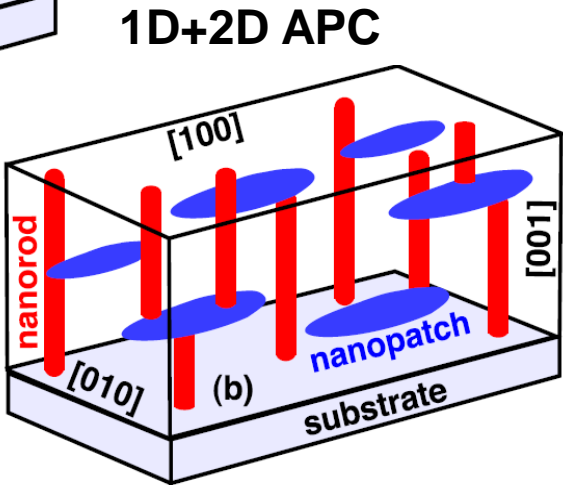
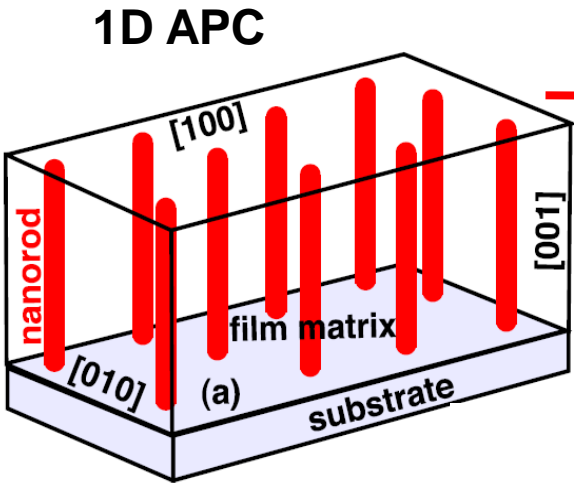


1D (c-axis)

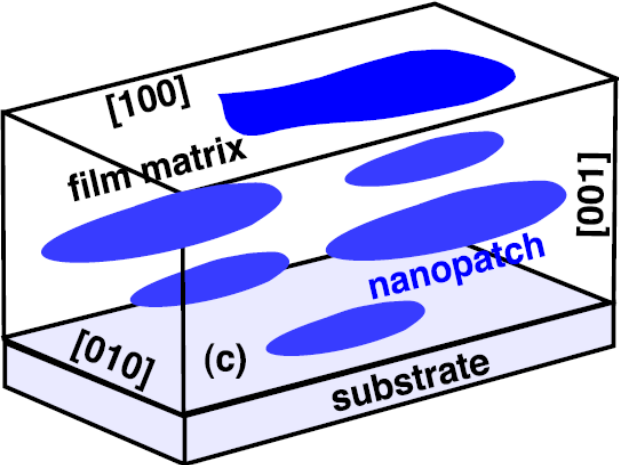
**1D (c-axis)+2D
APC (ab-plane)**

2D APC (ab-plane)

Mixed orientations of 1D+2D APCs

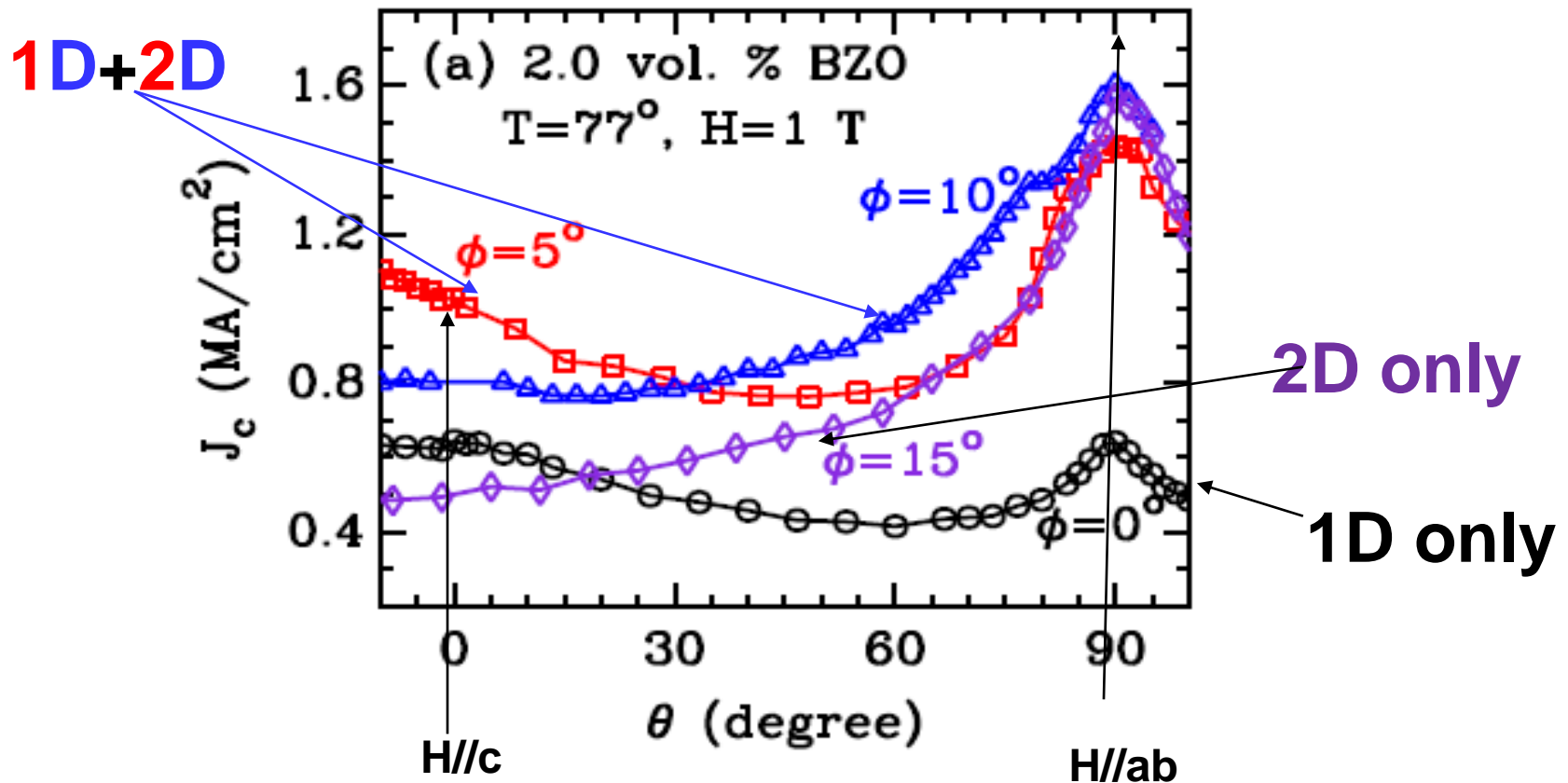


2D APC



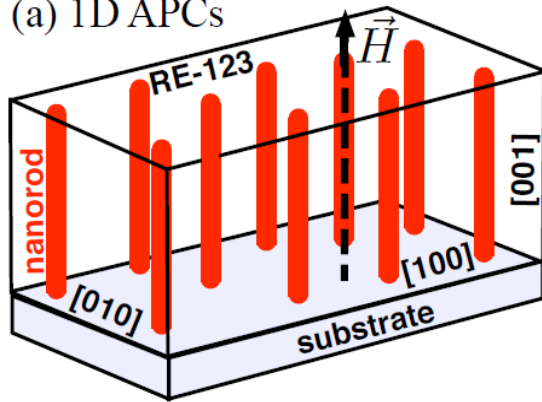
APCs of mixed morphologies can be generated from the same APC material

Benefits of mixed 1D+2D APCs: enhanced J_c

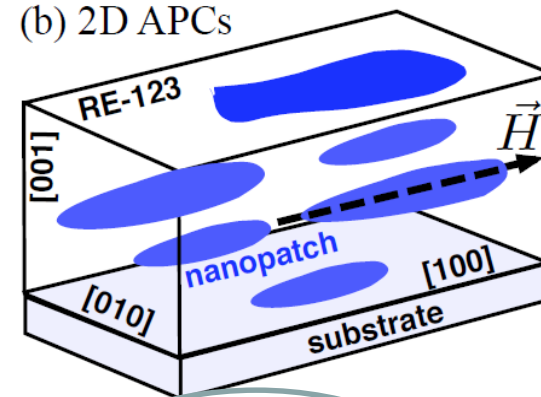


Overall enhanced J_c in all H directions in mixed BZO APC/YBCO possibly due to 1) reduced strain on YBCO; 2) mixed orientations of BZO APCs

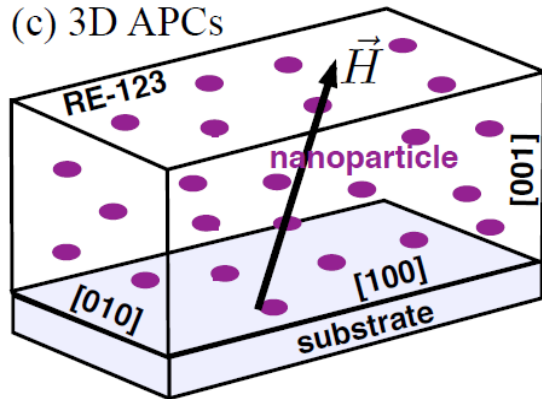
(a) 1D APCs



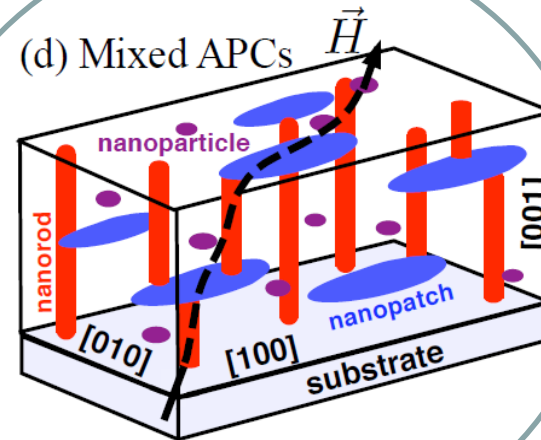
(b) 2D APCs



(c) 3D APCs

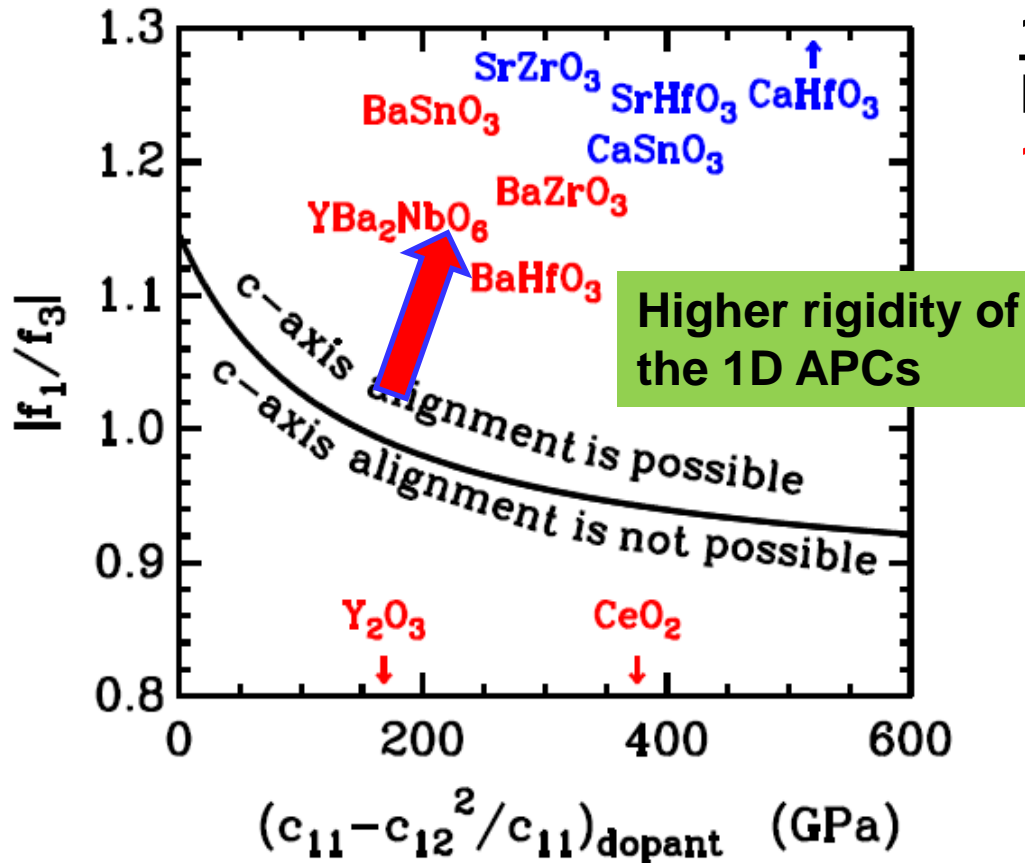


(d) Mixed APCs



1D+2D+3D mixed APCs

Rigidity of 1D APCs –tuning APC morphology using double doping (DD)



1D APCs with higher rigidity:

BSO + Y2O3:

1D + 3D APCs

Jha, et al, . *IEEE Trans. Appl. Supercond.* **2015**, 25, (3), 1-5.

1D APCs with lower rigidity:

BHO (BZO) + Y2O3:

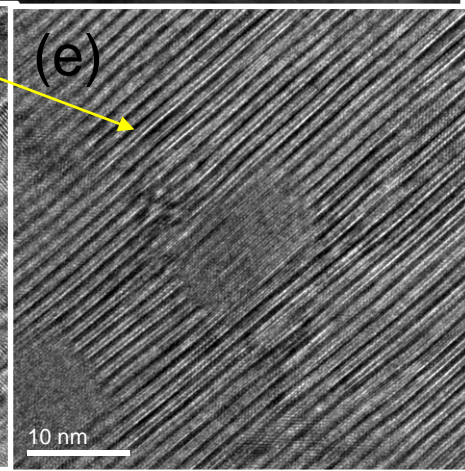
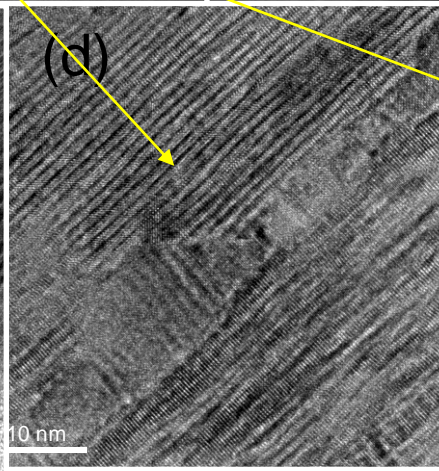
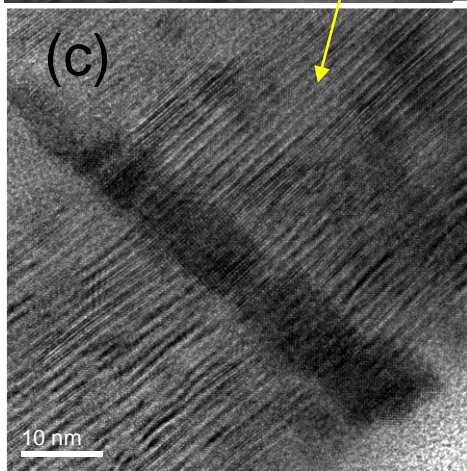
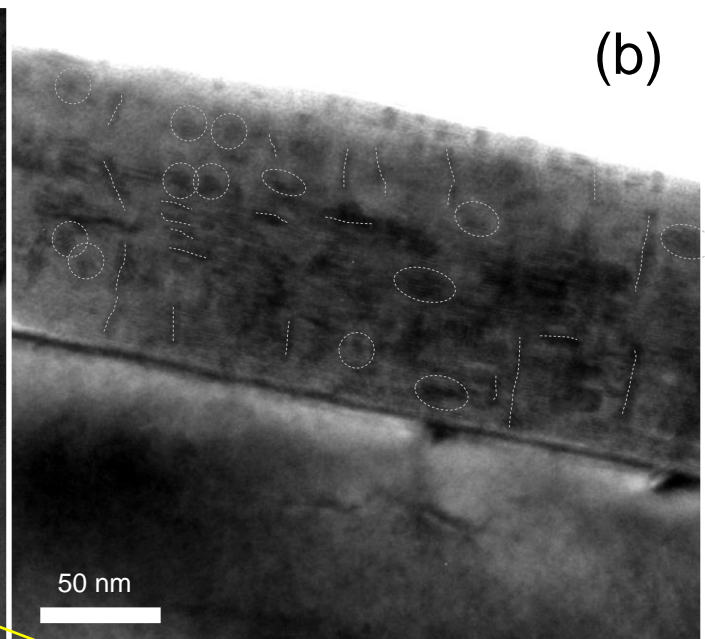
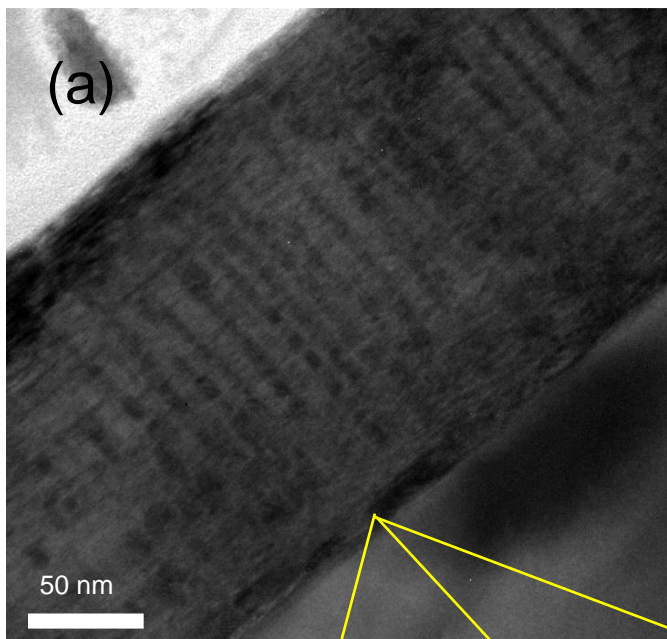
1D + 2D + 3D APCs

B. Maiorov, et al. *Nature Mat.* (2009); M. A. P. Sebastian, et al., "IEEE Trans on Appl Supercond, vol. 27, pp. 1-5, 2017.

Wu and Shi, in SUST Special Issue on Artificial Pinning Centers (2017), DOI:10.1088/1361-6668/aa8288

4 vol % BZO+3 vol % Y_2O_3

6 vol % BZO+3 vol % Y_2O_3



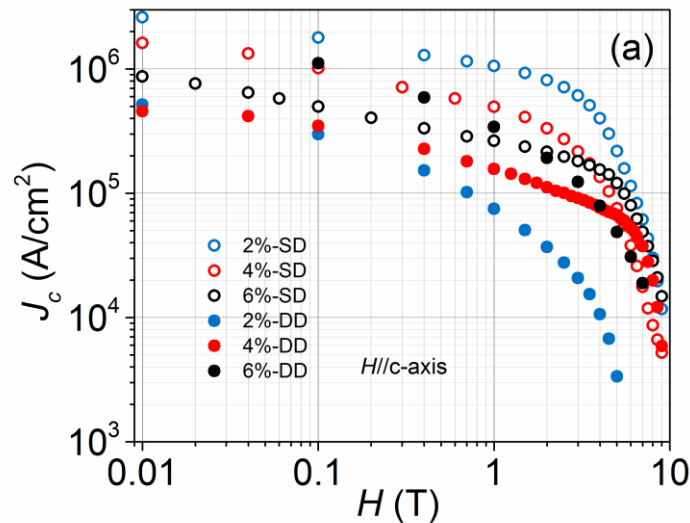
1D APC

2D APCs

3D APCs

Chen et al, submitted to SUST

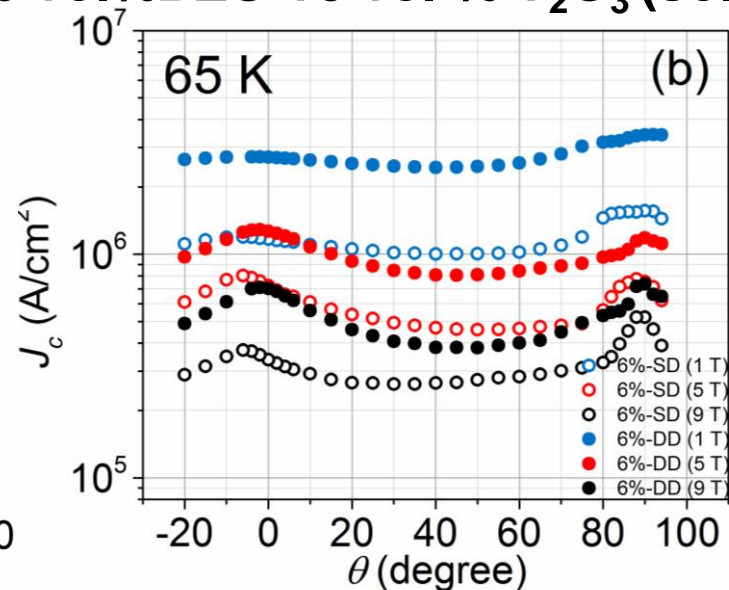
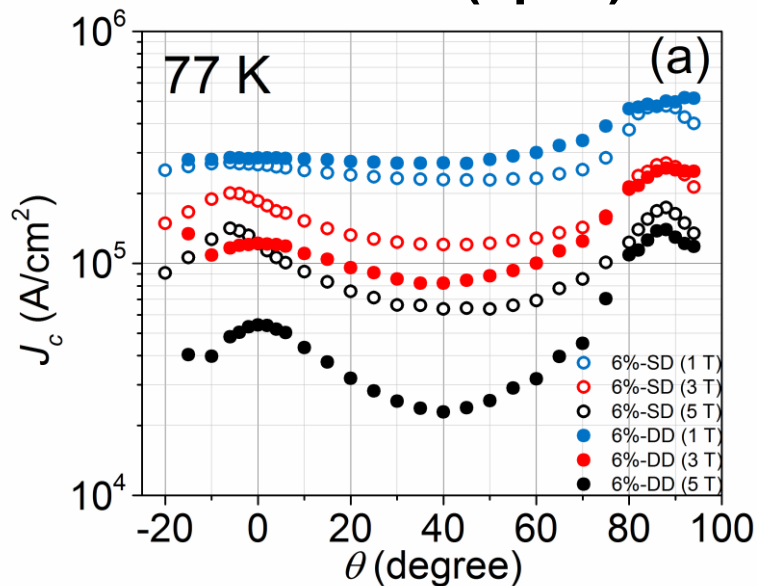
***Opposite* trends in J_c of DD (BZO+Y₂O₃) and SD (BZO only) with BZO APC concentration**



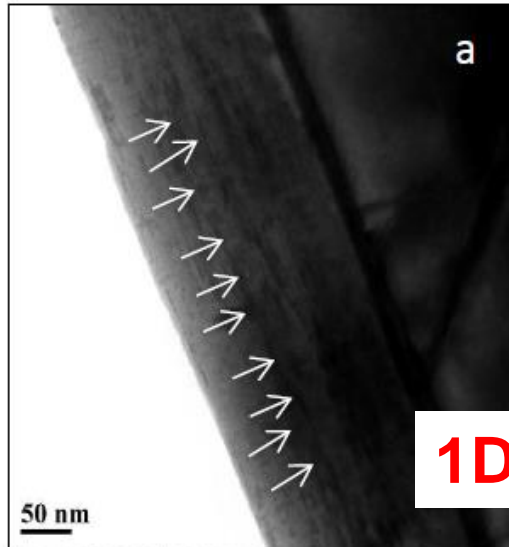
Chen et al, IEEE Transaction on Applied Superconductivity Vol. 27, 2017;
Chen et al, submitted to SUST

**Reduced J_c anisotropy
in DD samples**

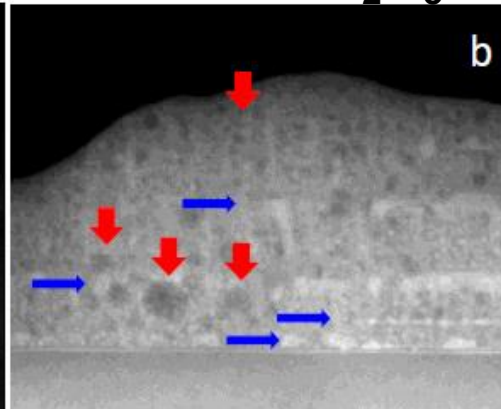
6 vol % BZO (open) vs. 6 vol%BZO +3 vol % Y₂O₃ (solid)



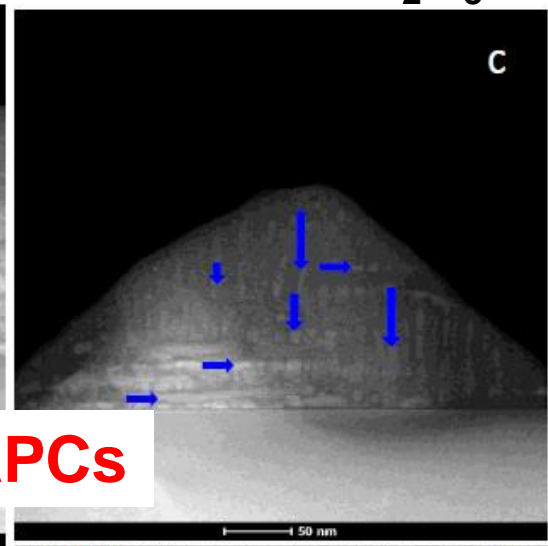
**2 vol% BHO
+3 vol% Y_2O_3**



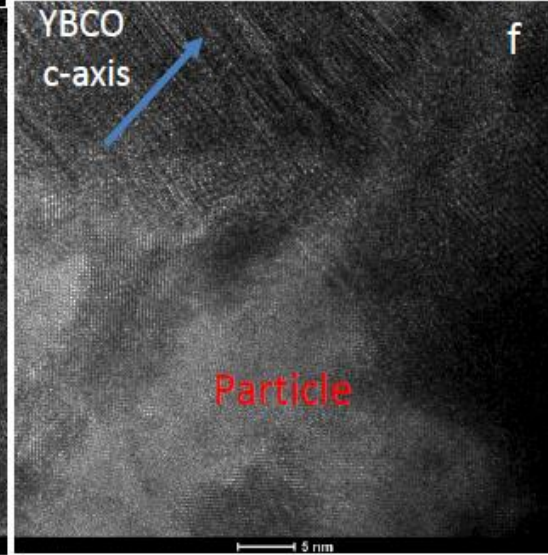
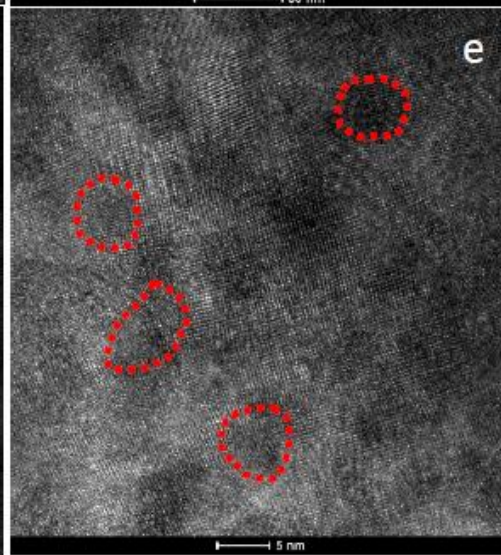
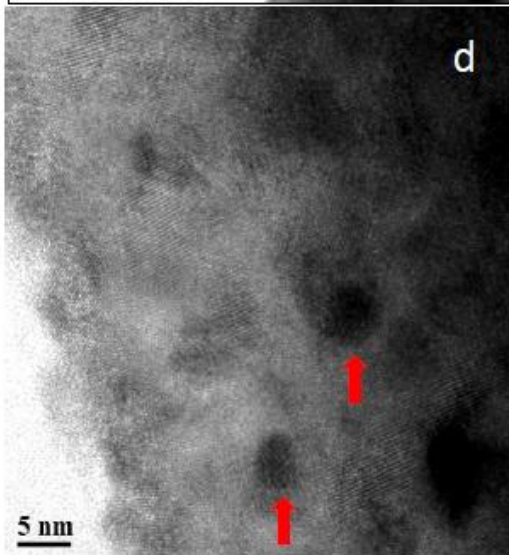
**4 vol % BHO
+3 vol % Y_2O_3**



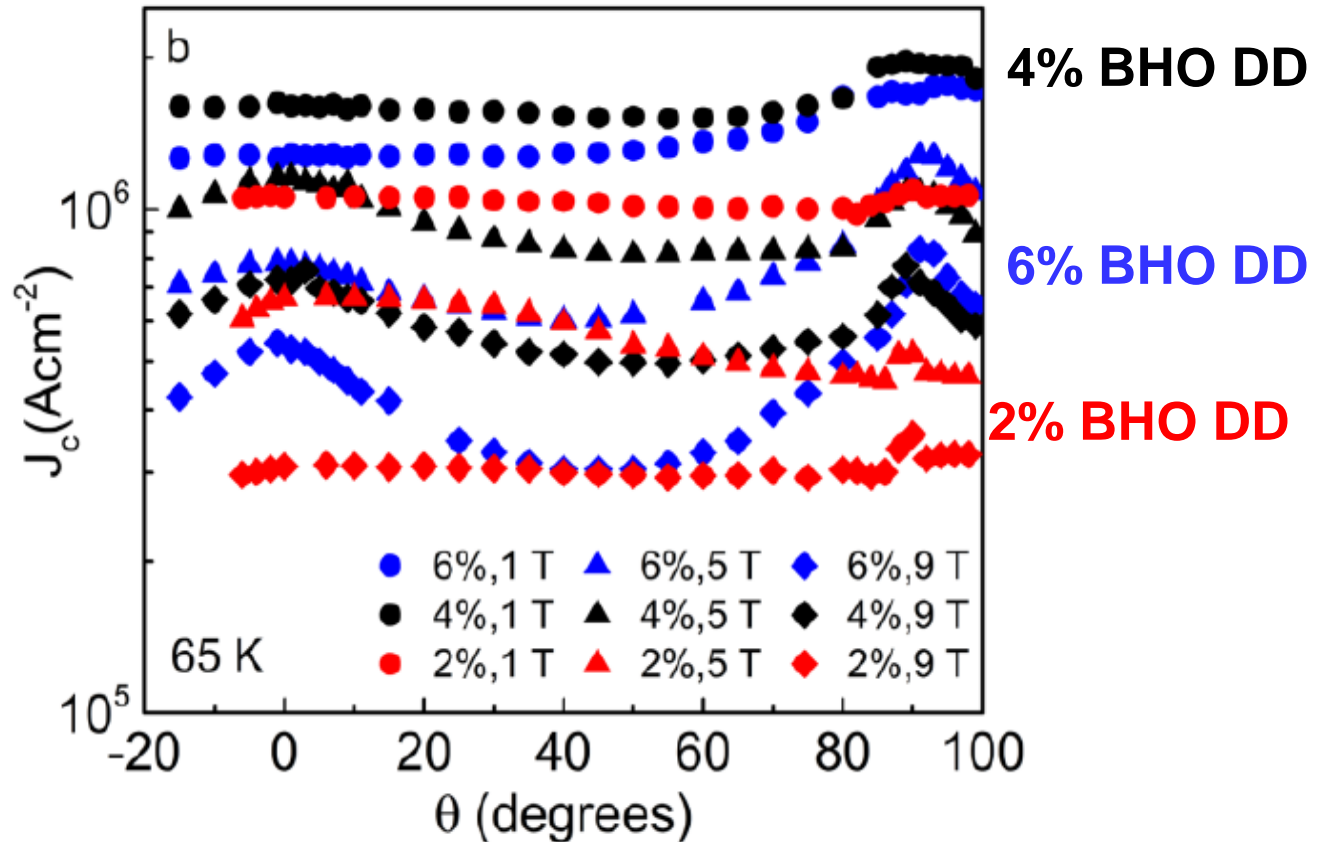
**6 vol % BHO
+3 vol % Y_2O_3**



1D+2D+3D Mixed APCs



2-6 vol% BHO +3 vol % Y_2O_3

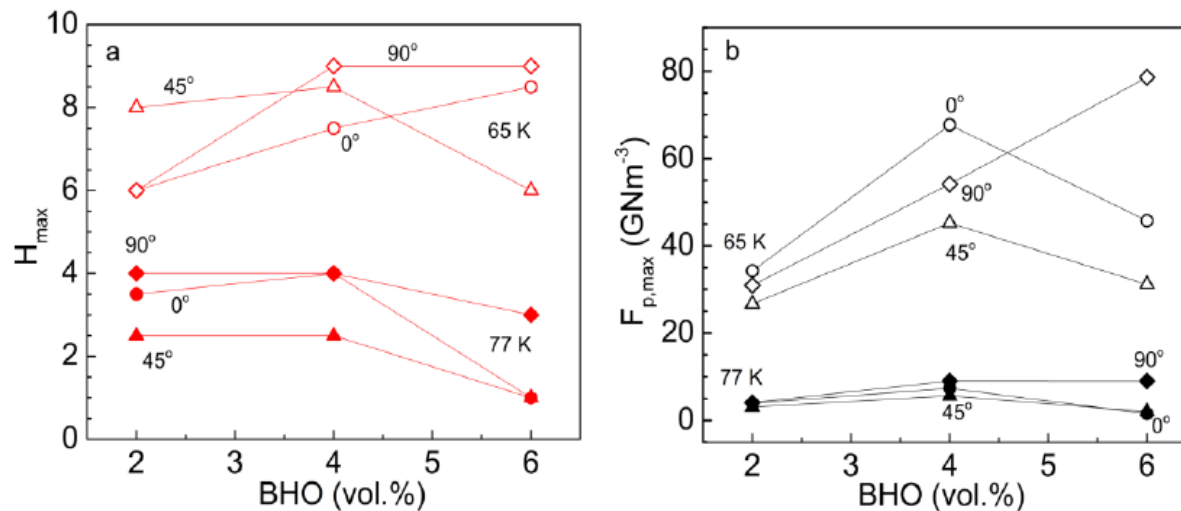
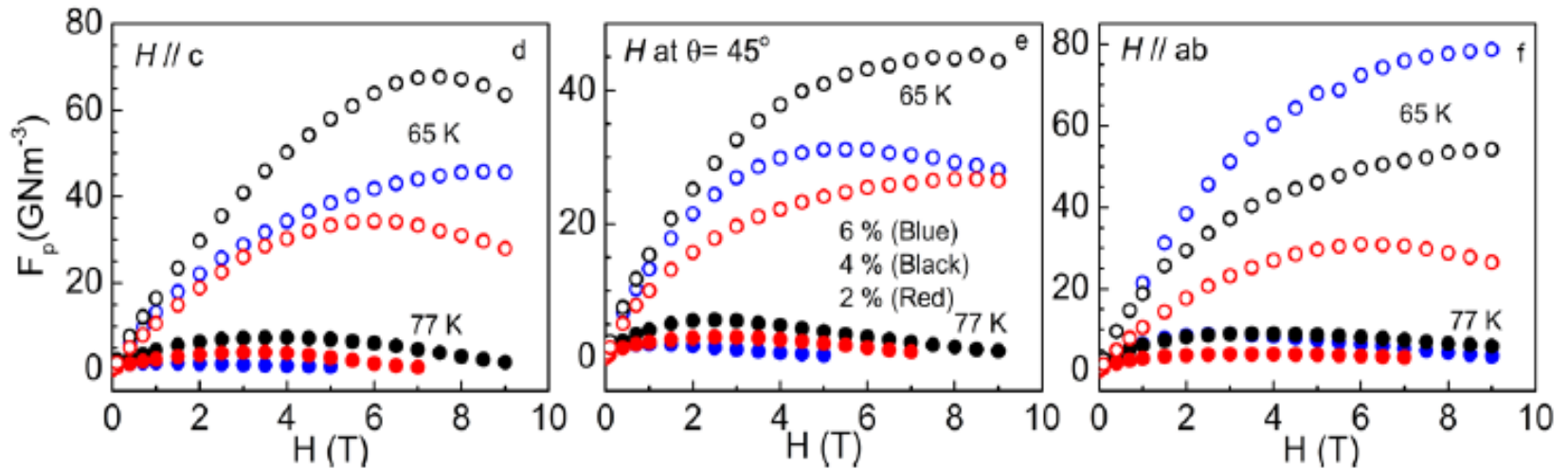


Low rigidity of BHO 1D APCs allow mixed 1D+2D+3D APCs to be obtained via double doping for reduced J_c anisotropy

B. Gautam et al, *AIP Advances*, 7 (7), 0753082017;

Gautam et al, manuscript in preparation

2-6 vol% BHO +3 vol % Y_2O_3 (open-65K, solid-77K)



4% BHO DD shows the best J_c , and smallest angu
More ab-aligned APCs at 6% BHO DD

Summary

- Understanding the Interfacial strains (local and global) provides means to control APC's morphology, orientation and dimension.
- Two approaches have been explored to generate **mixed** APCs:
 - **Single-doping** APC (BZO, BSO) for **1D+2D** APC/YBCO via control of the APC concentration and YBCO in-plane lattice constants (vicinal)
 - **Double-doping** Y_2O_3 + BZO (or BHO) for **1D+2D+3D** APC/YBCO at different concentrations
- The mixed APCs provide benefits of strong and isotropic pinning