

REBCO HTS wound coil model for critical current calculation and comparison with wound sample experiment



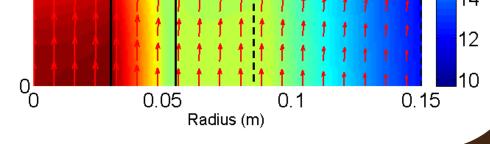
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Context

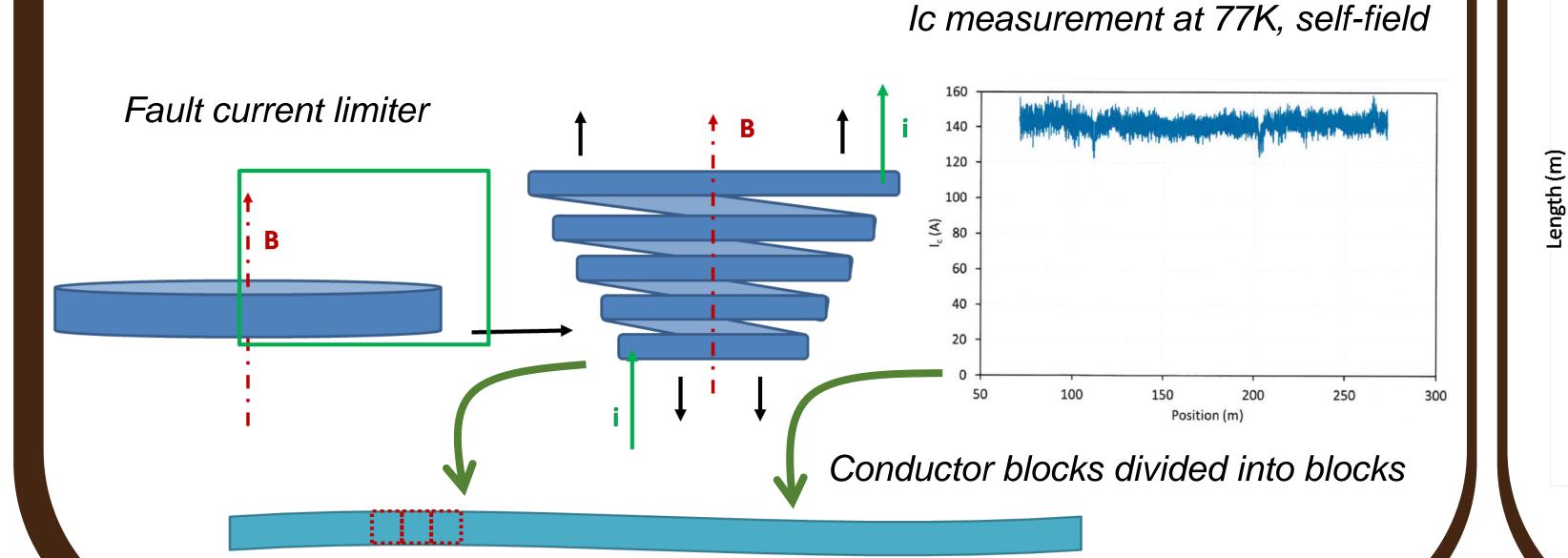
The ANR NOUGAT aims at developing and testing a 10 T High Temperature Superconducting insert working inside a 20T background field. The insert is designed as a stack of pancakes wound with REBCO tapes. Although Metallic Insulated winding has been chosen mostly for its self-protection ability, electrical Insulated coils are still studied as they are required for some applications and show some advantages for user magnets. However, transition detection and protection 🛓 remain challenging. A model has been developped to better understand the quench propagation inside a winding. One fully instrumented single pancake coil has been studied under high field up to 19 T to provides materials to allow 0.05 comparisons between model and experiments. Simulations made on Flux/Cedrat®, the field generated by the insert is calculated and added to the resistive contribution provided by LNCMI



1D- Model for fault current limiter, self-field

Origins of the model: Fault current limiter model

- Take into account the inhomogeneity along the length (:) of the conductor;
- Does not calculate the field generated by the coil; (*)
- No background field. (**)



Model 2D, for magnet coil under magnet field

<u>Objectives :</u>

0.06

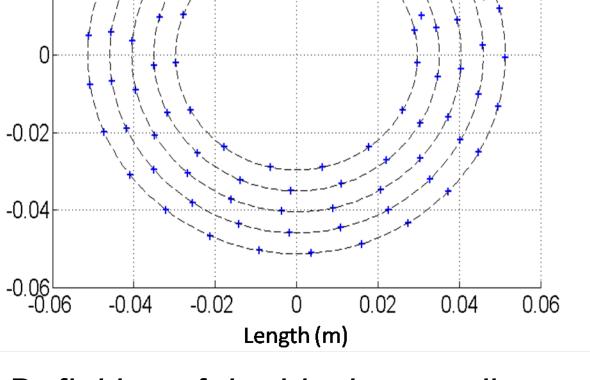
0.04

0.02

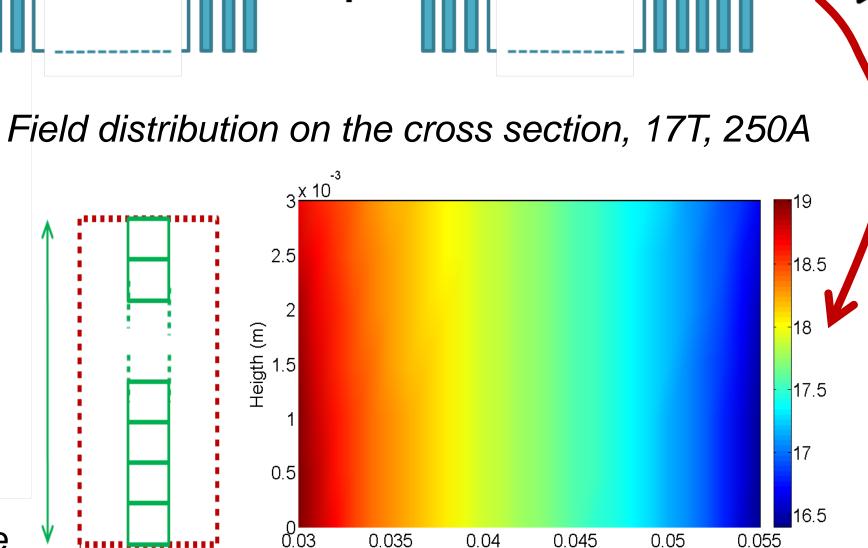
o Evaluation of the critical current of each block taking into account the component of the field to evaluate the critical current on each blocks;

o Each block is subdivided along its wide.





Definition of the blocks coordintate



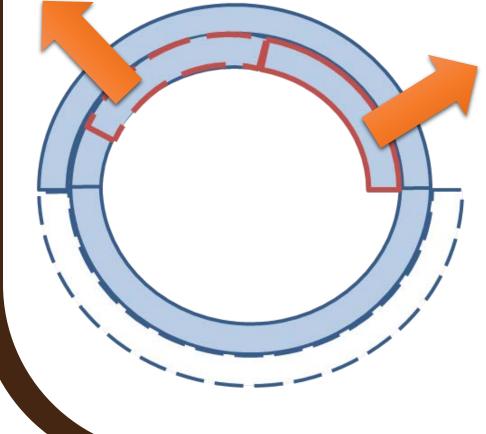
Subdivision of one block

Addition of the thermal behavior, 1D and 2D

- Knowing the critical current of each block, the current sharing can be evaluated and so the energy dissipation of each block;
- First in 1D, along the length of the conductor; Ο

Propagation along the length

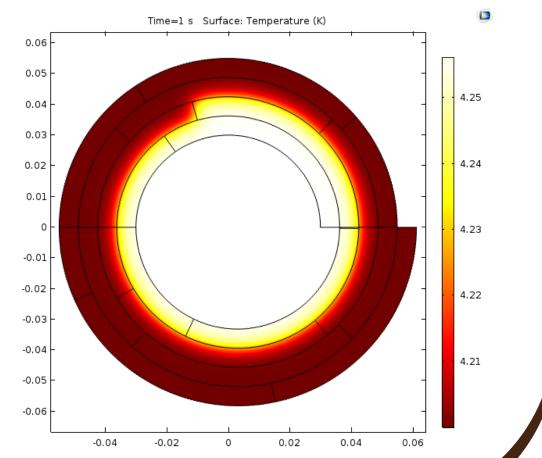
Then in 2D, coupling Matlab with COMSOL.



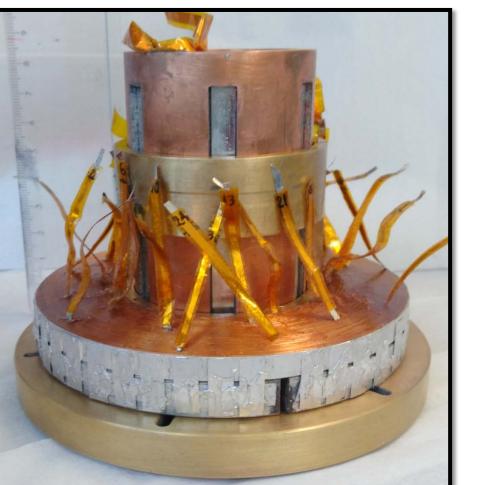
Propagation along the turns

Where and how to define the *initial heating to match the* experiments?

Heat propagation in COMSOL



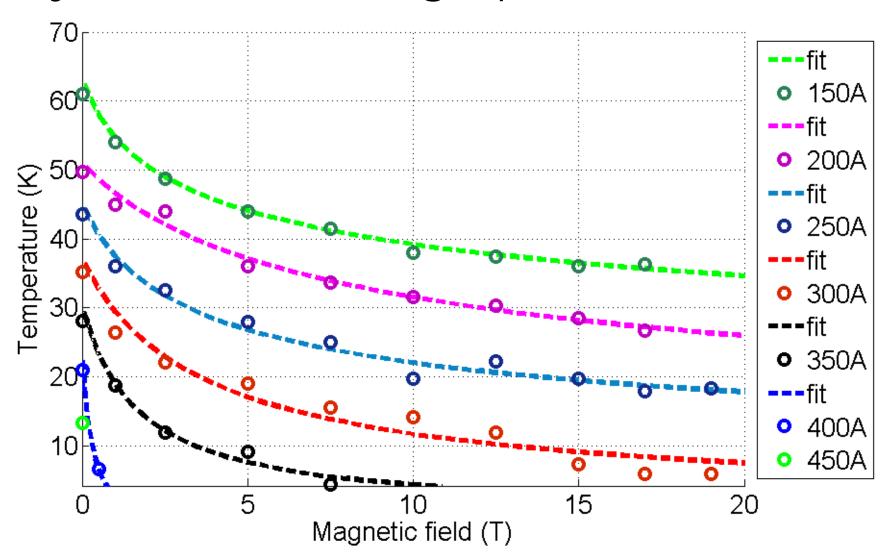
Comparison to experimental study



Single pancake description	
Number of turns	170
Tape wide	6 mm
Inner diameter	60 mm
Outer diameter	110 mm
Field coef.	3.038 mT/A
Inductance	1.16 mH

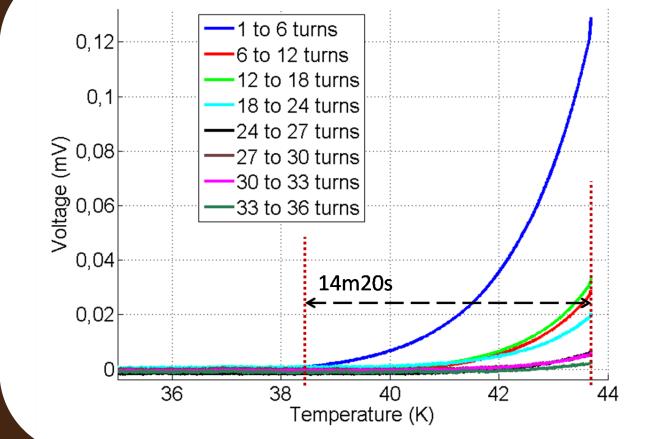
<u>Objectives :</u>

o Comparison of the model with the experimental study under high field of a fully-instrumented single pancake.



Main results: temperature when voltrage threshold is reached

Radius (m



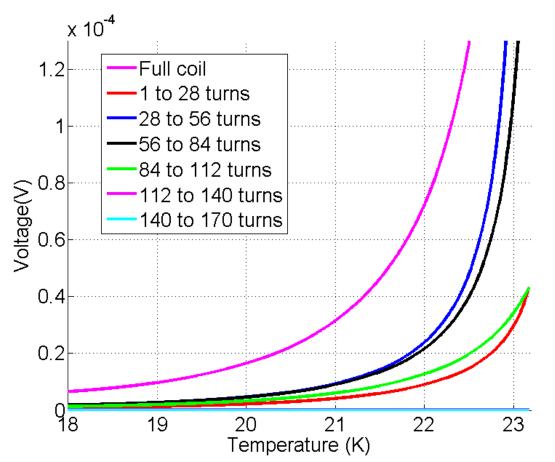
Conclusion and further work

<u>Next objectives of the model :</u>

- Simulate the whole coil behavior under high field to anticipate the location transition and the way it propagates inside the winding.
- Match the previous study of a single pancake fully instrumented Ο

<u>Difficulties :</u>

Definition of the heating initialization to match the experimental study





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