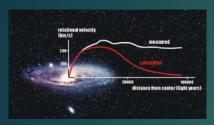
# Results from the CRESST-III low-mass dark matter detector

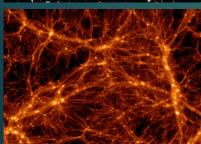
ANTONIO D'ADDABBO – LABORATORI NAZIONALI DEL GRAN SASSO

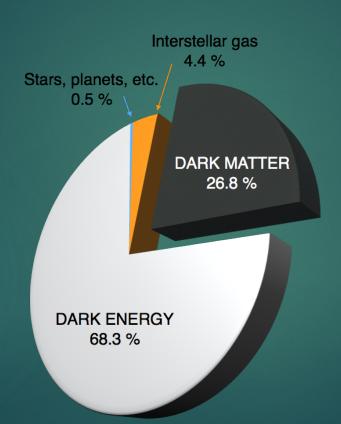
THE PARTICLE FRONTIER - ASPEN 27.03.2018

#### The dark matter problem





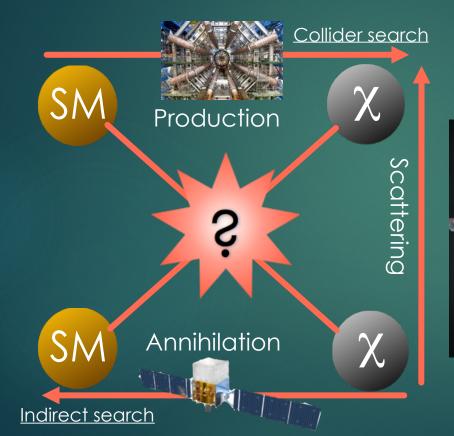






# Results from the CRESS I-III low-mass dark matter a - Antonio D'Addabbo, LNGS (INFN)

#### The hunt for dark matter



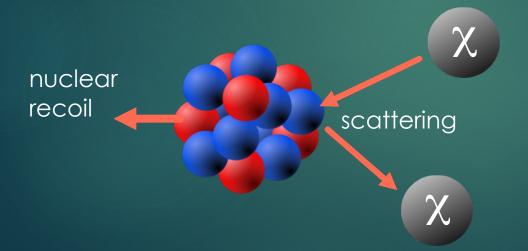
#### Direct search



Cryogenic Rare Event Search with Superconducting Thermometers

What?

Direct detection of dark matter particles via their scattering off target nuclei



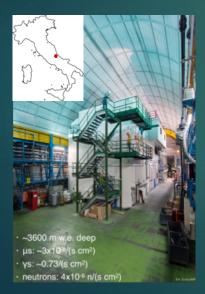
#### Dark matter particles scatter

- off nuclei
- elastically
- coherently: ~A<sup>2</sup>

Cryogenic Rare Event Search with Superconducting Thermometers

Where?

Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso (LNGS) underground facility, Italy



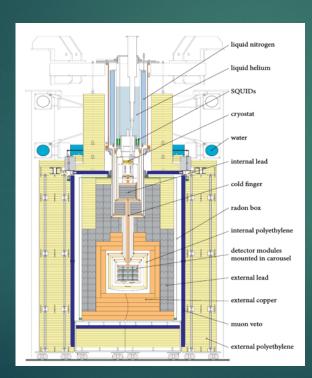
# **Background** suppression



- Underground site
- Shielding/vetoing
- Radon mitigation
- Purity of materials
- Material handling
- Event discrimination

Cryogenic Rare Event Search with Superconducting Thermometers

Setup?

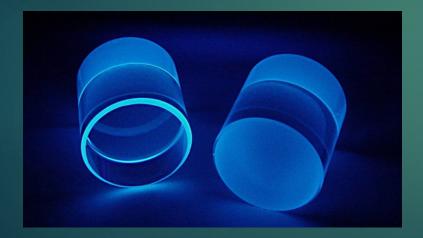




Cryogenic Rare Event Search with Superconducting Thermometers

Target?

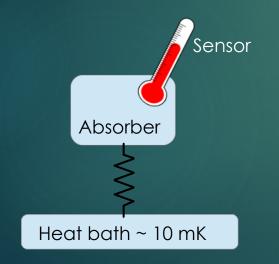
**Scintillating CaWO<sub>4</sub>** crystals

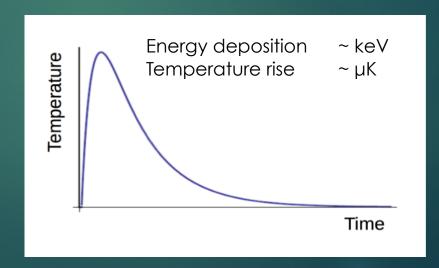


- 3 nuclei: O, Ca and W
- Light targets to maximize sensitivity for low mass dark matter
- Each particle interaction implies phonon signal + light signal

Cryogenic Rare Event Search with Superconducting Thermometers

How? Crystals operated as cryogenic calorimeters (~ 15 mK)



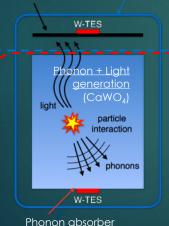


Cryogenic Rare Event Search with Superconducting Thermometers

Detector?

- Absorber:

Scintillating and
Light absorber
(silicon on sapphire)



(aluminum on tungsten)

#### **SOS** for **light channel**:

different responses depending on particle type

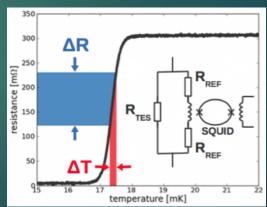
# CaWO<sub>4</sub> for phonon channel:

measures deposited energy independently of particle type

#### - Sensor:

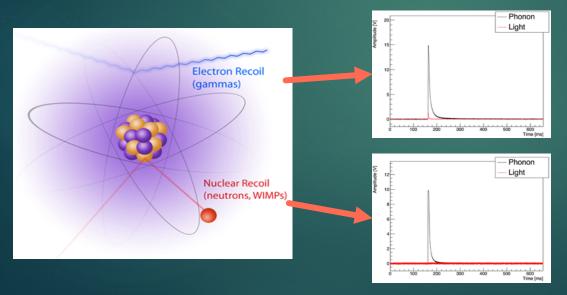
#### W-TES

Transition Edge Sensors



Cryogenic Rare Event Search with Superconducting Thermometers

- Discrimination? Phonon channel for heating +
  - Light channel for scintillation light

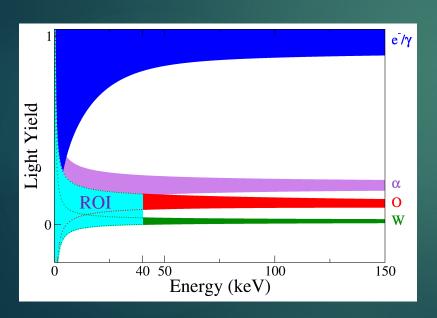


Phonon + light (e/y background)

**Phonon** only

Cryogenic Rare Event Search with Superconducting Thermometers

#### Discrimination?





#### ROI

region of interest for DM search

#### **Excellent background rejection**

dominant radioactive background (electron recoils) from potential DM signals (nuclear recoils)

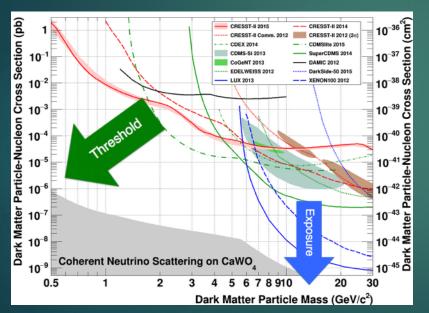
#### **CRESST-II** results

Crystal: Lise (mass 300 g)

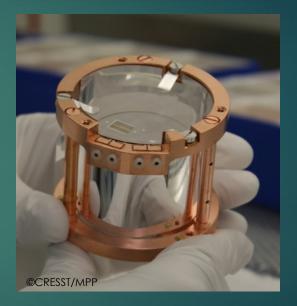
Background level ~ 8.5 counts/(keV kg day)

Threshold: 307 eV, Resolution:  $\sigma$  = 62 eV @ 0 eV

Exposure: 52 kg day



# World-leading below 1.7 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>



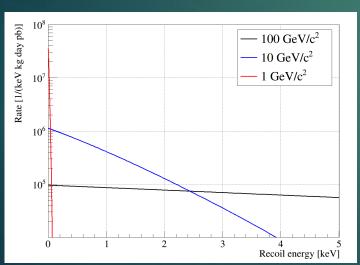
Hunting light dark matter requires a low threshold!

#### Low threshold detectors

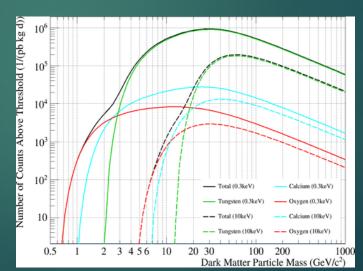
Exploring new parameter space below 0.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

#### **Challenges:**

low energy



low rates

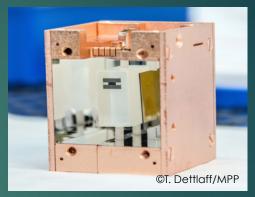


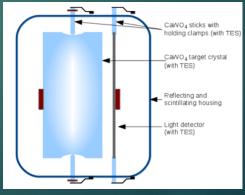
#### CRESST-III low-threshold detector

Exploring new parameter space below 0.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

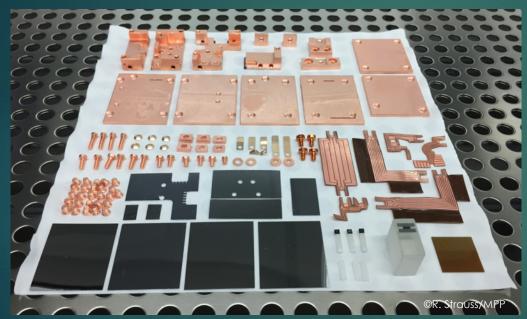
detector dimensions scaling down	(CKE221-II)
• (20×20×10) mm <sup>3</sup>	(40×40×40)
<ul> <li>Mass ~ 24 g</li> </ul>	(~300)
<ul> <li>Threshold goal ~ 100 eV</li> </ul>	(~300)
• Self grown crystals ~ 3	(~8.5)
counts/(keV kg day)	
Fully scintillating housing	no
• Instrumented sticks	no

Surface related background vetoing





#### CRESST-III Phase 1



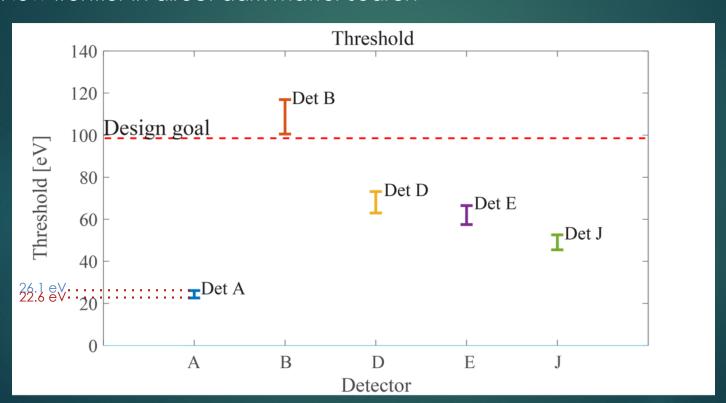




Data taking started July 2016

# Optimum thresholds

New frontier in direct dark matter search



5 detectors met

CRESST-III design goal

Selection criteria

#### Objective

Accept events where a correct determination of the amplitude (>) energy) is guaranteed

#### Unbiased (blind) analysis

- 1. Design cuts on <u>non-blind</u> training set (≤20% of DM data)
- 2. Apply without change to <u>blind</u> DM data set

Rate: noise conditions

Stability: Detector(s) in operating point

Data quality: Non-standard pulse shapes (e.g. i-Stick events and pileup)

Coincidences: with  $\mu$ -veto and i-Sticks only (to be expanded to

"with other detector modules")

#### Detector A

Data taking: 10/2016 – 05/2017

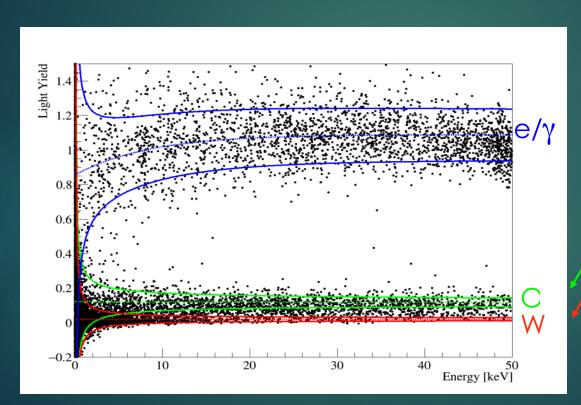
Non-blind data: 20% randomly selected

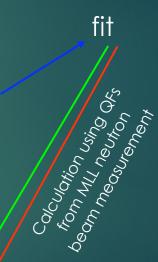
Target crystal mass: 24 g

Gross exposure (before cuts): 2.39 kg days

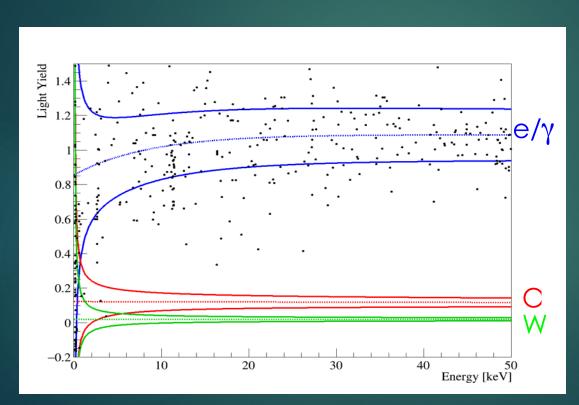
Analysis threshold: 100 eV

Neutron calibration





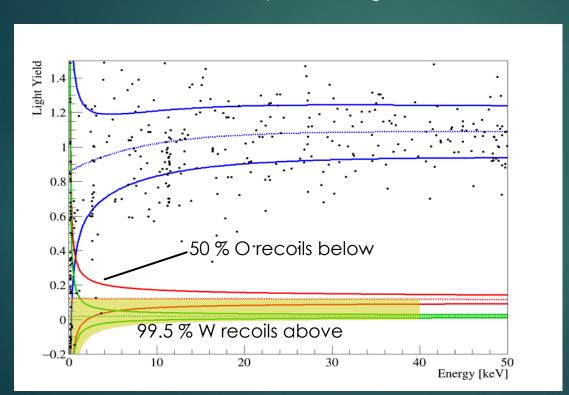
Dark matter data



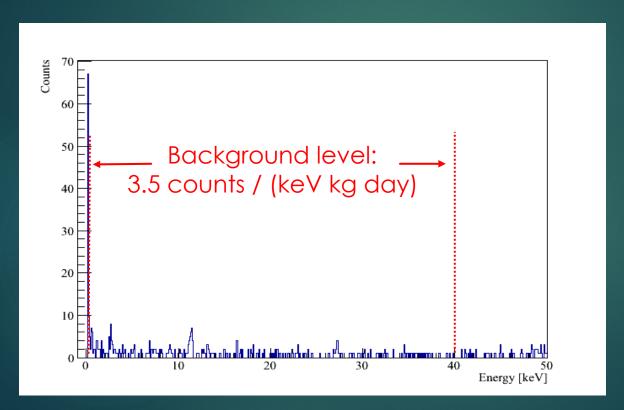
Unblinded: Det A E>100eV

Still blinded: Det ≠ A E<100eV

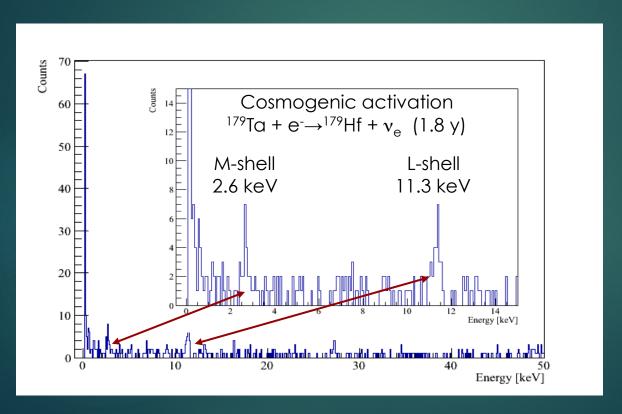
Dark matter data – Acceptance region



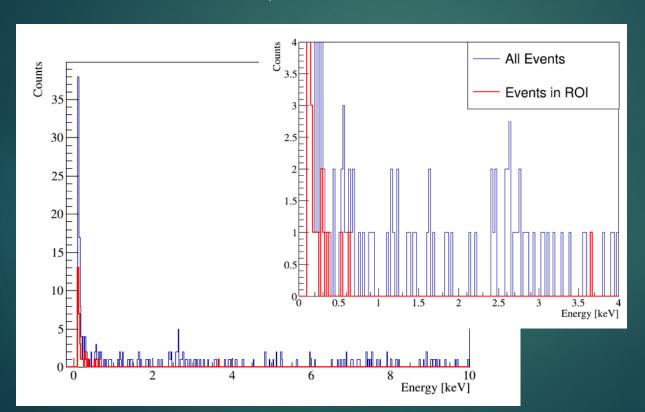
Dark matter data – energy spectrum



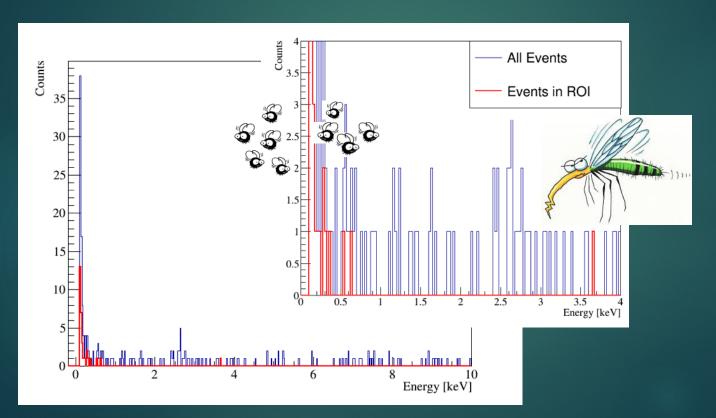
Dark matter data – energy spectrum



Dark matter data – Accepted events



Dark matter data – Accepted events



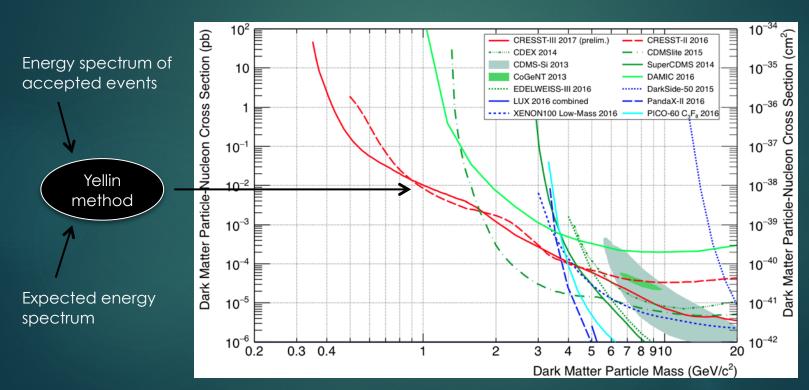
# From accepted events to dark matter limits

Energy spectrum of accepted events



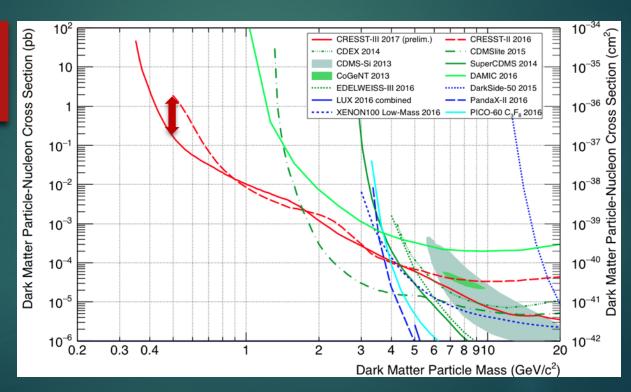
Expected energy spectrum

# From accepted events to dark matter limits



Results

One order of magnitude improvement at 0.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>



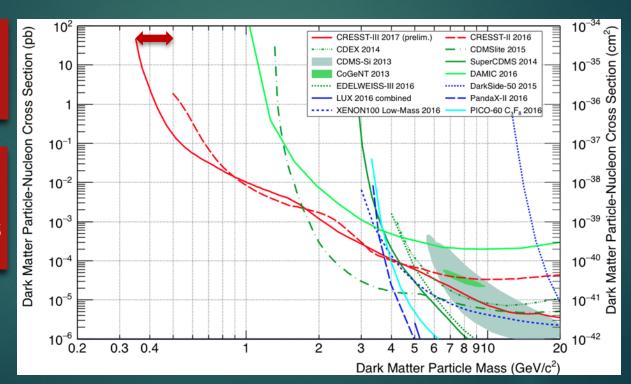
# - Antonio D'Addak

#### Det A – 100eV threshold analysis

Results

One order of magnitude improvement at 0.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

Reach of direct dark matter experiments extended to 0.35 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

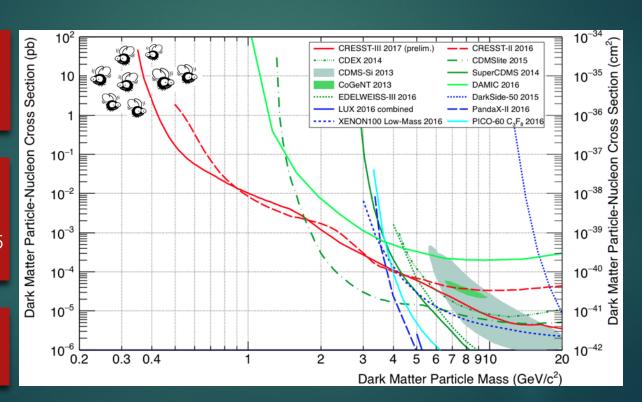


Results

One order of magnitude improvement at 0.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

Reach of direct dark matter experiments extended to 0.35 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

Non-flat background at 100 eV



# Results from the CRESST-III low-mass dark - Antonio D'Addabbo, LNGS (INFN)

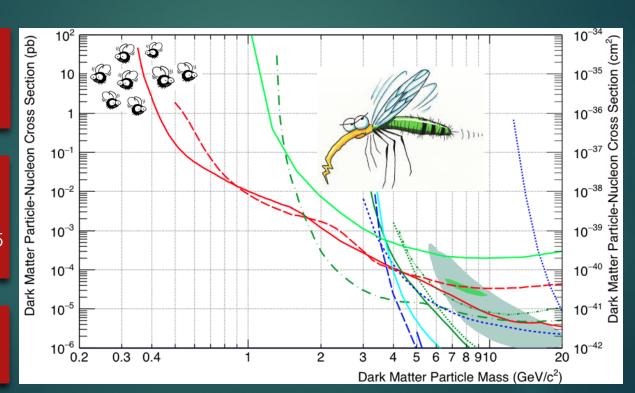
#### Det A – 100eV threshold analysis

Results

One order of magnitude improvement at 0.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

Reach of direct dark matter experiments extended to 0.35 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

Non-flat background at 100 eV

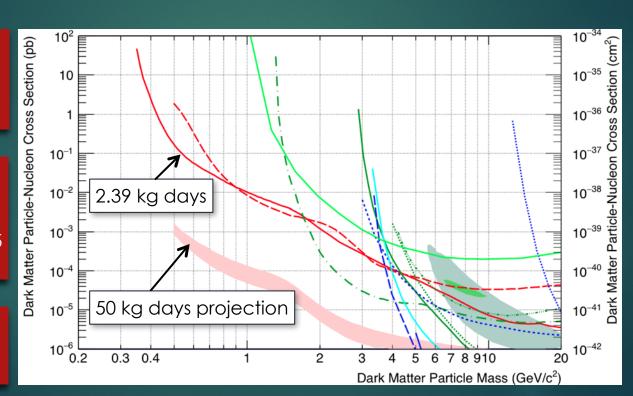


Results

One order of magnitude improvement at 0.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

Reach of direct dark matter experiments extended to 0.35 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>

Non-flat background at 100 eV



This is a new starting point for light DM search program

We are entering in a dark room and we have no idea of what we will find.

New challenges ...
... new potentials ...
... new frontiers!



#### The CRESST collaboration













Thanks for your attention!

Results from the CRESST-III low-mass dark matter detector - Antonio D'Addabbo, LNGS (INFN)