

# LHC results on Standard Model measurements and limits on EFTs

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On behalf of the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations

ASPEN 2018

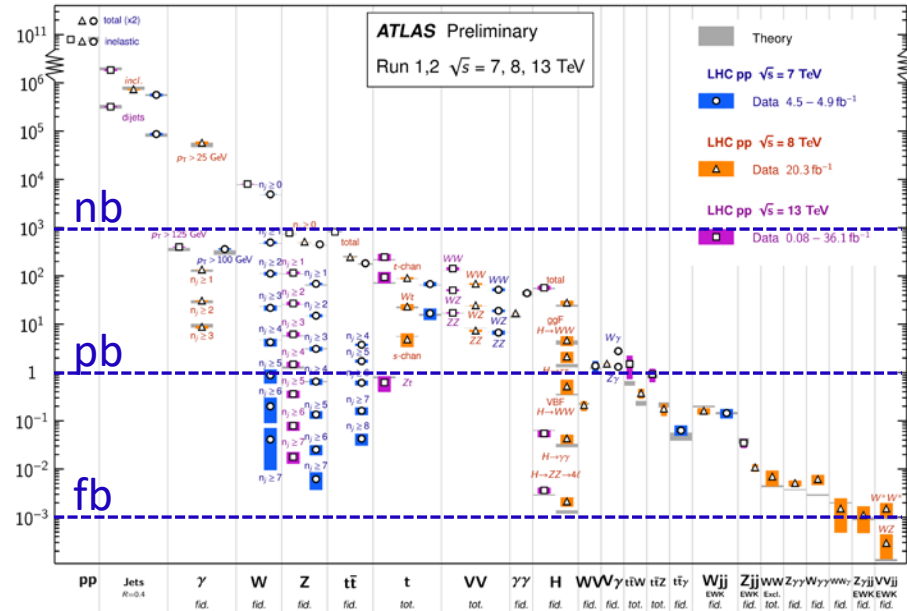
# Standard Model Cross Section Measurements

- Latest SM results from ATLAS and CMS:
  - <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/StandardModelPublicResults>
  - <https://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/SMP/index.html>
- Thanks for spectacular performances of the LHC, ATLAS and CMS detectors, we start to observe processes with fiducial cross sections about sub-fb (1  $ZZ \rightarrow 4l$  event observed at D0 when I gave my Aspen talk in 2008, now  $>2000$   $ZZ \rightarrow 4l$  events observed at ATLAS)

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

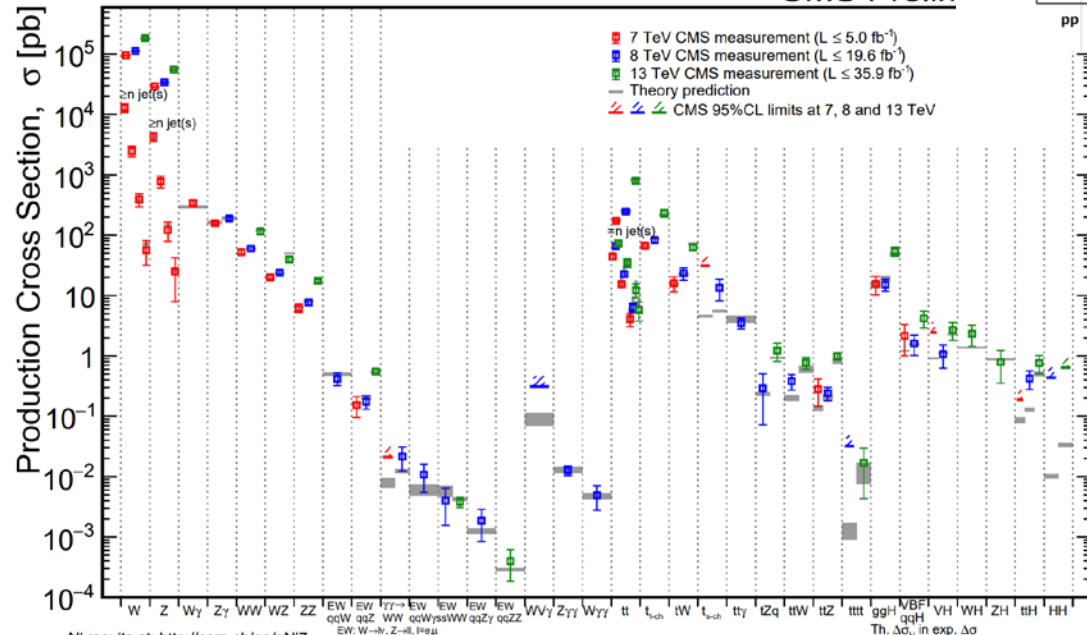
Status: July 2017

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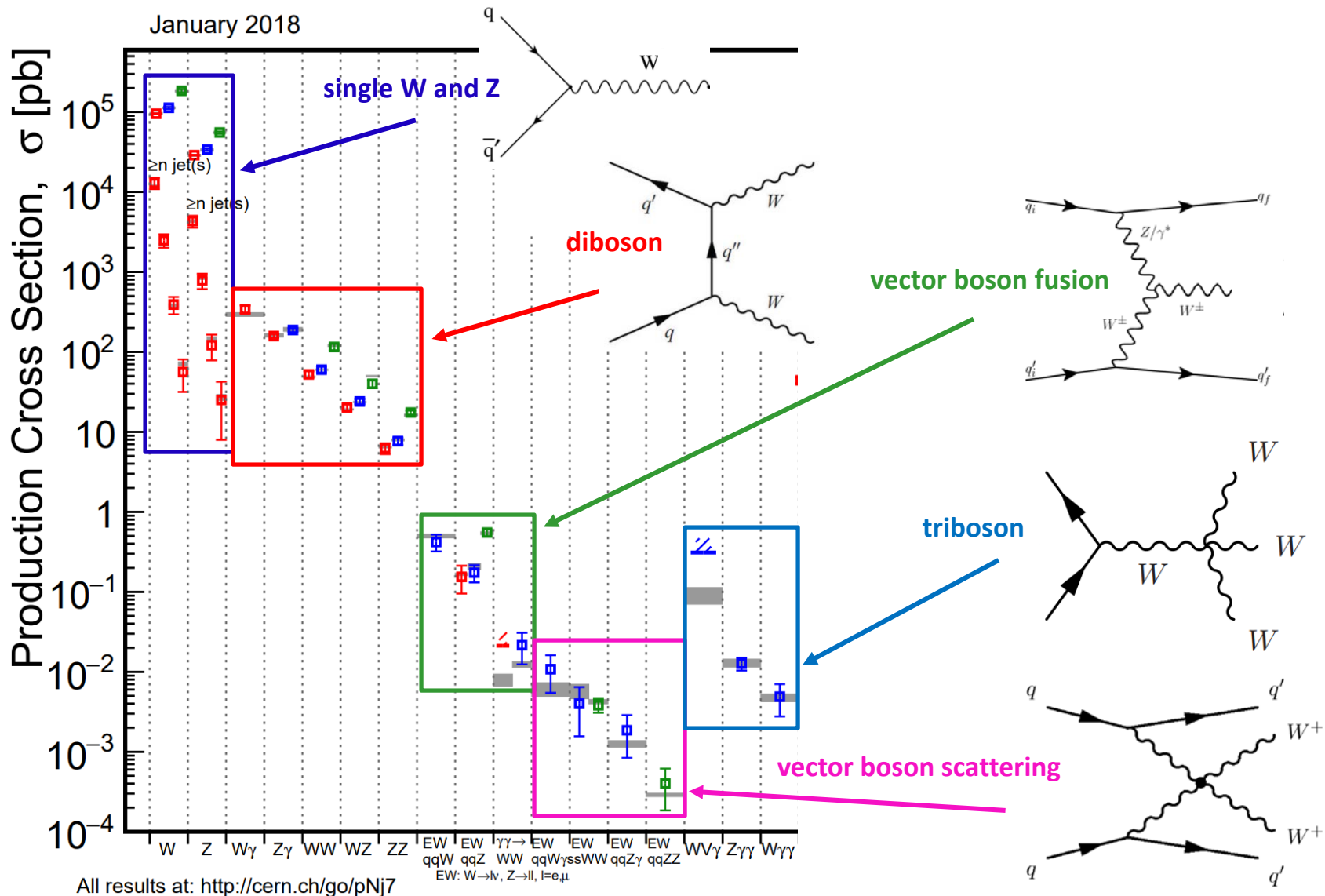
January 2018

CMS Prelim



Overall good agreement with theory, some measurements with high precision that can be used to distinguish between NNLO and NLO predictions

# Electroweak Measurements



# Motivations for Electroweak Measurements

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- Diboson, triboson, VBF and VBS are among least-studied processes in the SM
  - Probe gauge-boson self-interactions (TGCs and QGCs)
  - Constrain (or observe) new physics contributions via virtual corrections or modified gauge boson couplings
  - Test high-order QCD and electroweak corrections
- VBS processes are important for a better understanding of the Electroweak Symmetry Breaking mechanism
  - Massless Goldstone bosons from spontaneous symmetry breaking are “eaten” by W and Z bosons and become their longitudinal components
  - Without the SM Higgs bosons, the cross sections of VBS processes increase as a function of the VV center-of-mass energy and violate the unitarity
  - VBS studies provide a good way to study the dynamics of the EWSB
  - Experimental investigations of most VBS processes only become feasible at the LHC
- Important background processes for many BSM searches and Higgs measurements

# W<sup>+</sup>W<sup>-</sup> Production at 13 TeV

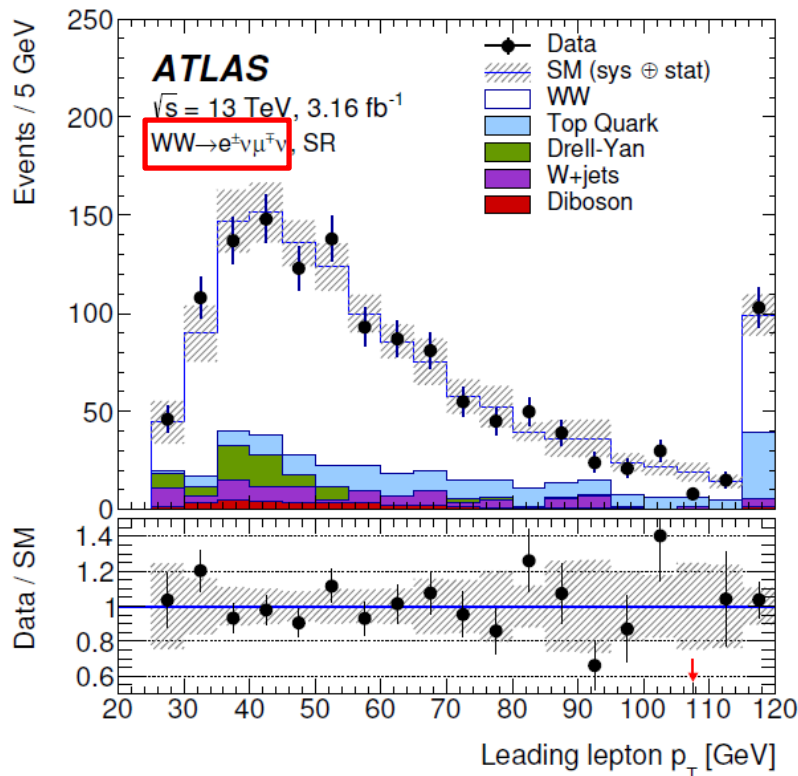
- Both fiducial and total cross sections are measured

$$\sigma^{\text{fid}}(WW \rightarrow e\mu) = 529 \pm 55 \text{ fb}$$

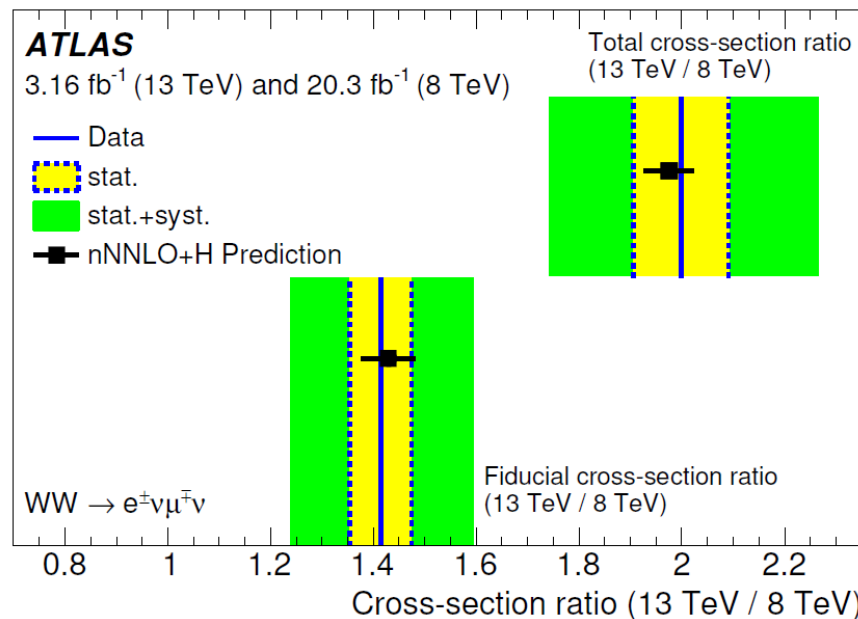
$$\sigma^{\text{tot}}(WW) = 142 \pm 14 \text{ pb}$$

- Ratios of fiducial and total cross sections at 8 and 13 TeV are also measured

Process	Signal region	Top-quark control region	Drell-Yan control region
WW signal	997 ± 69	49 ± 12	75.3 ± 5.4
Drell-Yan	62 ± 23	49 ± 29	1568 ± 45
t $\bar{t}$ +single top	177 ± 33	2057 ± 81	3.5 ± 1.6
W+jets/multi-jet	78 ± 41	70 ± 55	0 ± 17
Other dibosons	38 ± 12	6.3 ± 3.5	19.2 ± 6.1
Total	1351 ± 37	2232 ± 47	1666 ± 41
Data	1351	2232	1666



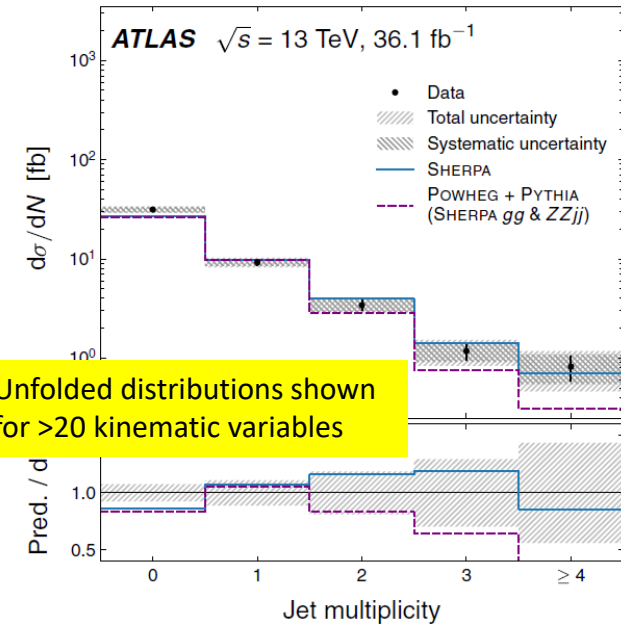
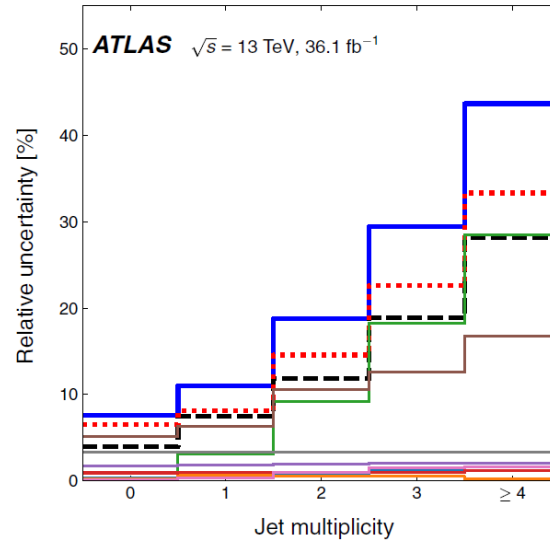
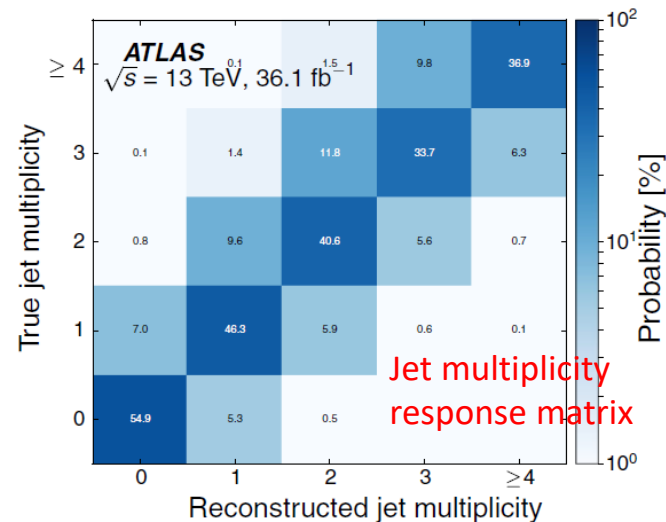
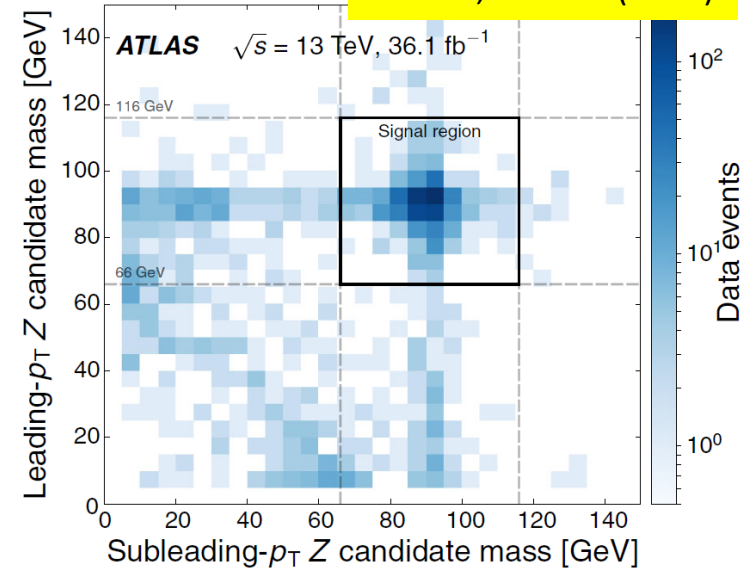
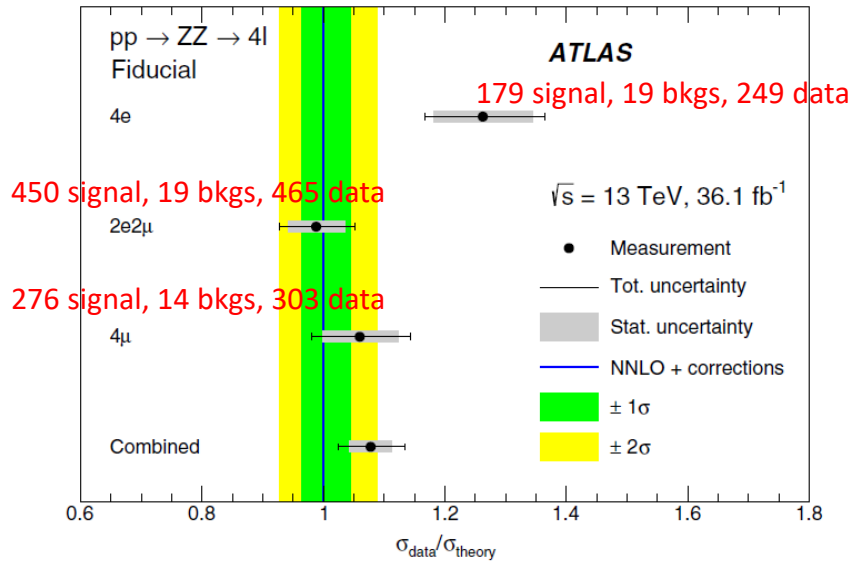
Scale factor: 1.03 ± 0.03 for DY and 0.875 ± 0.035 for top



# ZZ → 4l Production at 13 TeV

- Select events with two Z bosons ( $66 < m_Z < 116$  GeV)
- The lowest lepton  $p_T$  cut is 5 (7) GeV for muon (electron)

PRD 97, 032005 (2018)

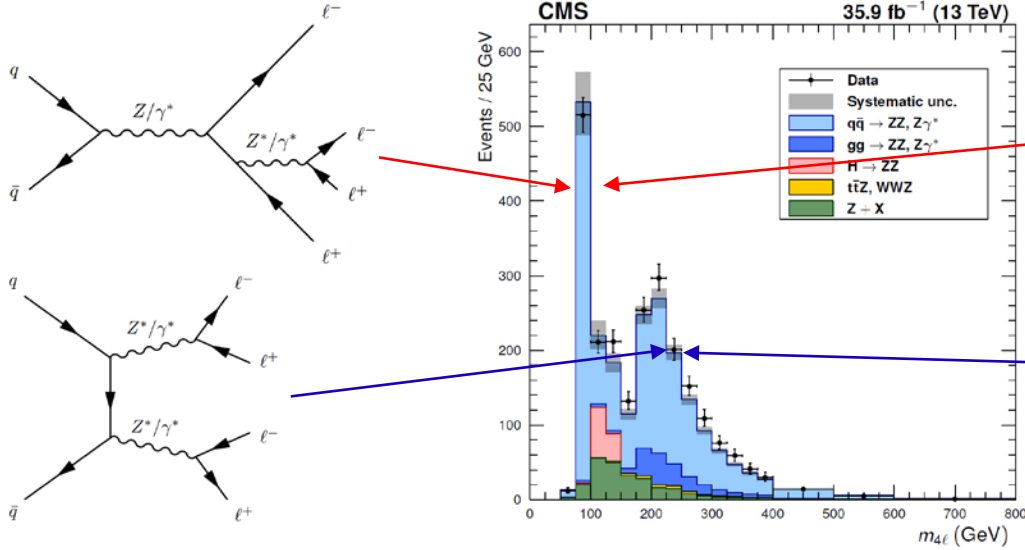


Unfolded distributions shown for >20 kinematic variables

# Z/ZZ → 4l Production at 13 TeV

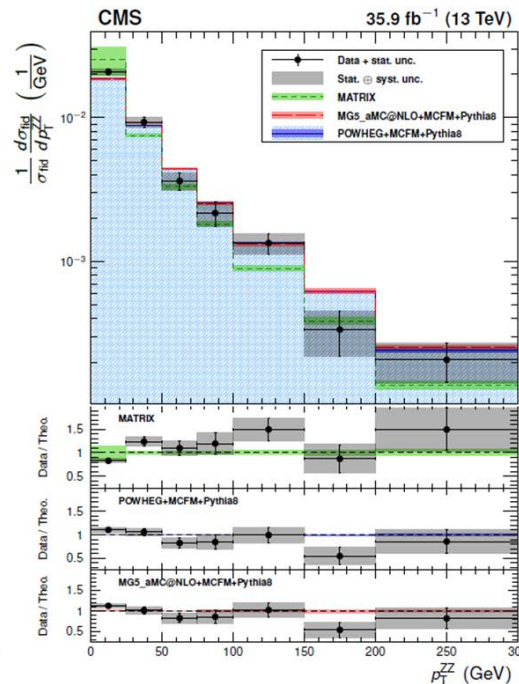
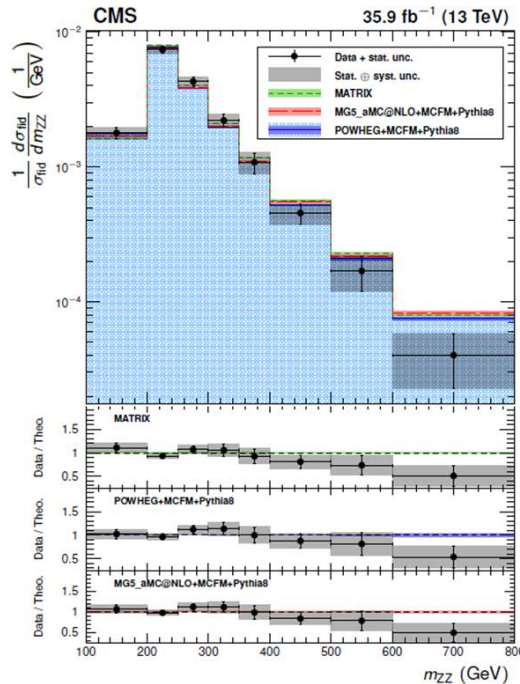


arXiv:1709.08601



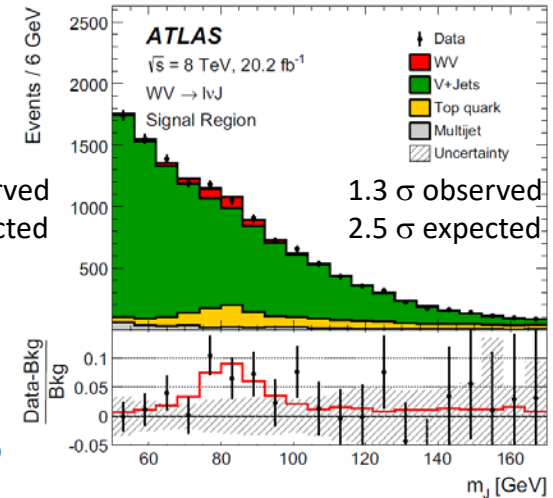
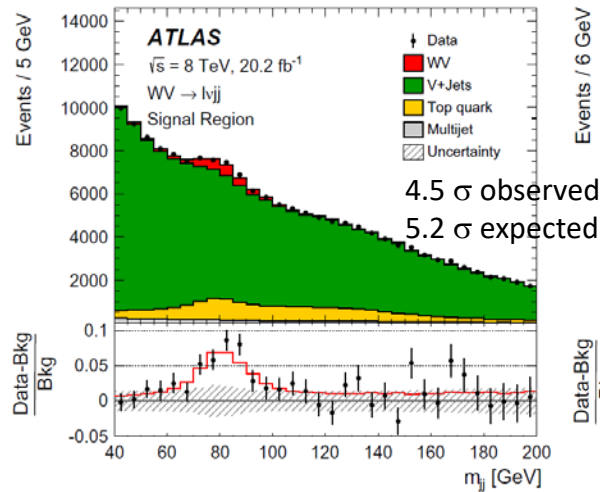
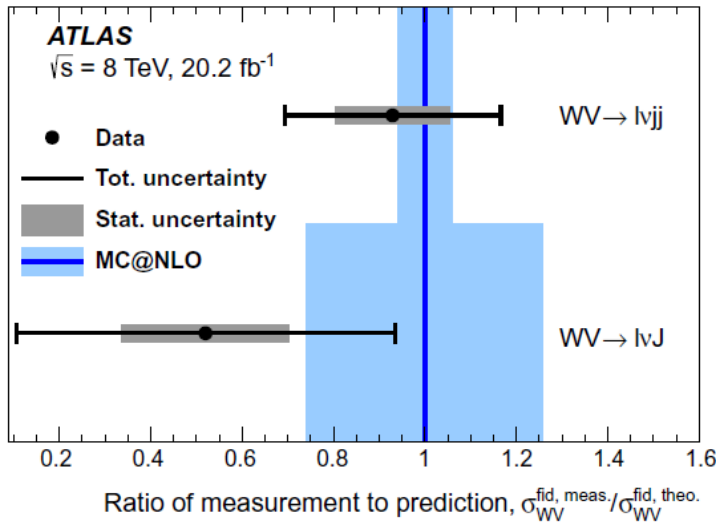
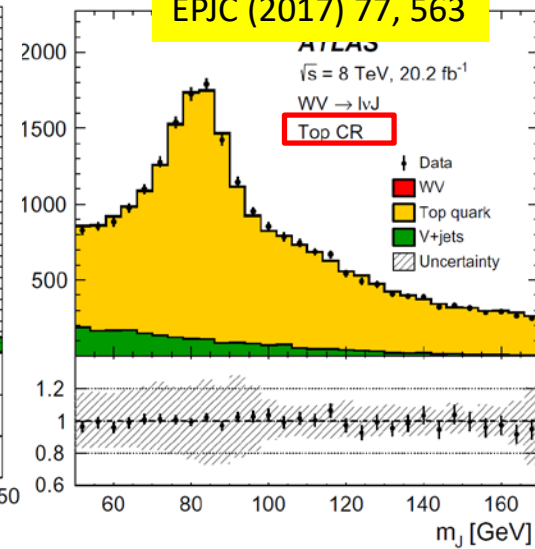
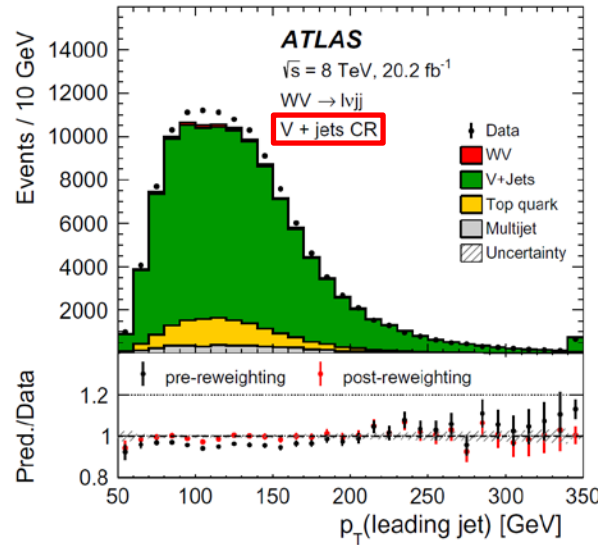
499 signals and 19 bkgs expected  
 $\sigma^{\text{fid}}(pp \rightarrow Z \rightarrow 4l) = 31.2 \pm 2.7 \text{ fb}$   
 $\text{Br}(Z \rightarrow 4l) = (4.8 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-6}$

1009 signals and 60 bkgs expected  
 $\sigma^{\text{fid}}(pp \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l) = 40.9 \pm 2.2 \text{ fb}$



# WV semileptonic decay at 8 TeV

- $WV \rightarrow l\nu + jj/J$  ( $R=0.4$  for small-R jets and  $R=1$  for large-R jets)
- V+jets predictions from MC@NLO, data-driven corrections derived from a V+jets control region with the  $m_{jj}$  cut vetoed
- Signal extracted from a global fit to the  $m_{jj}$  or  $m_J$  distribution



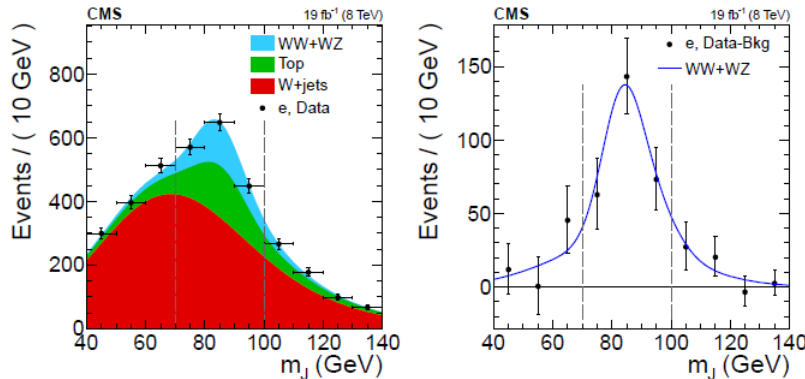
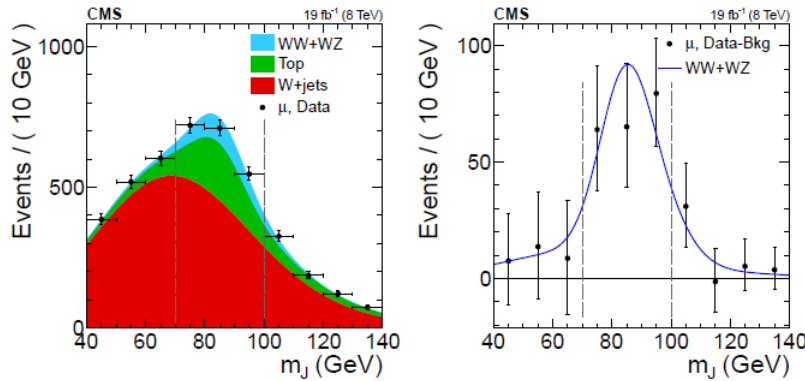


# WV semileptonic decay at 8 TeV

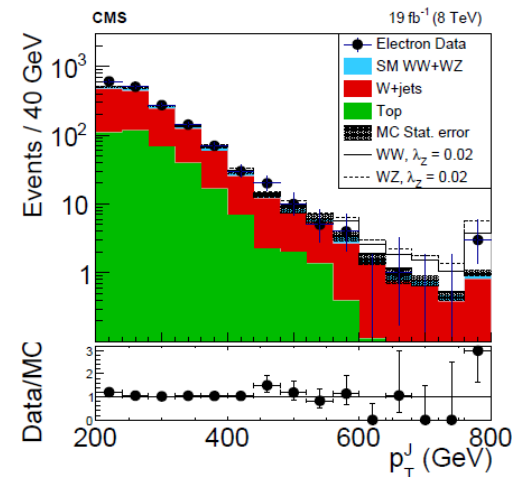
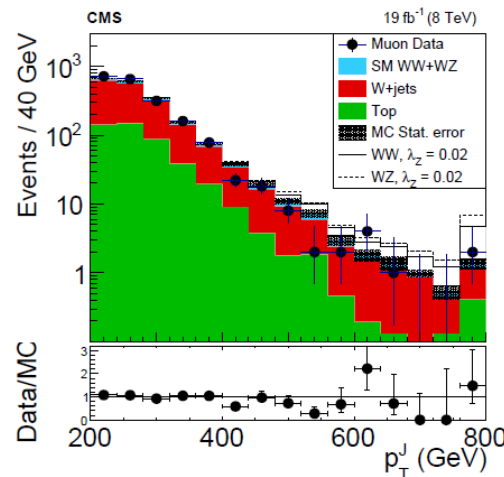


PLB 772 (2017) 21

- $WV \rightarrow l\nu + J$  ( $R=0.8$  CA jet for  $V_{had}$ )
- $W(\rightarrow l\nu)$  and a fat jet with  $p_T > 200$  GeV
- Use the jet-substructure technique N-subjettiness with  $\tau_2/\tau_1$  to reduce W+jets background

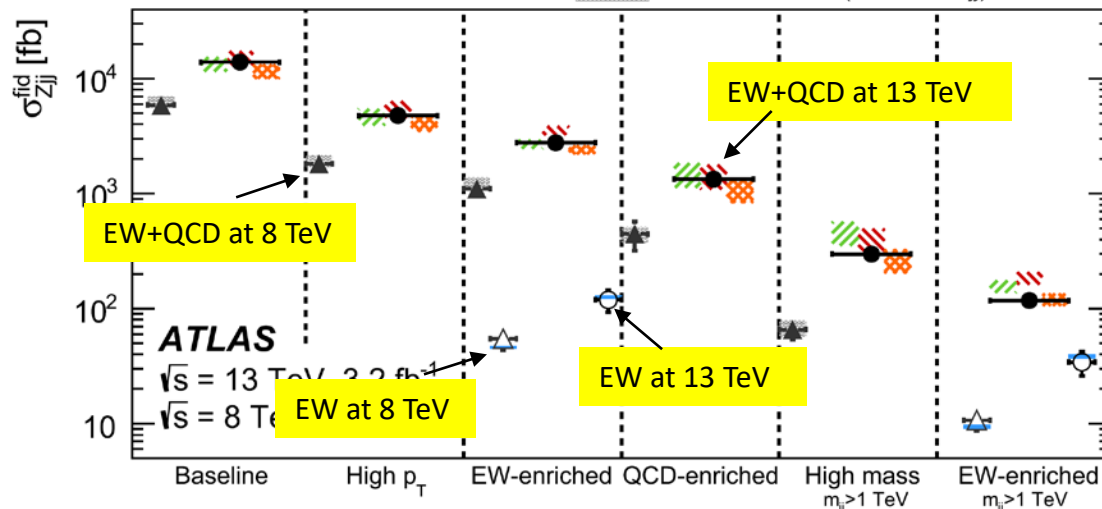
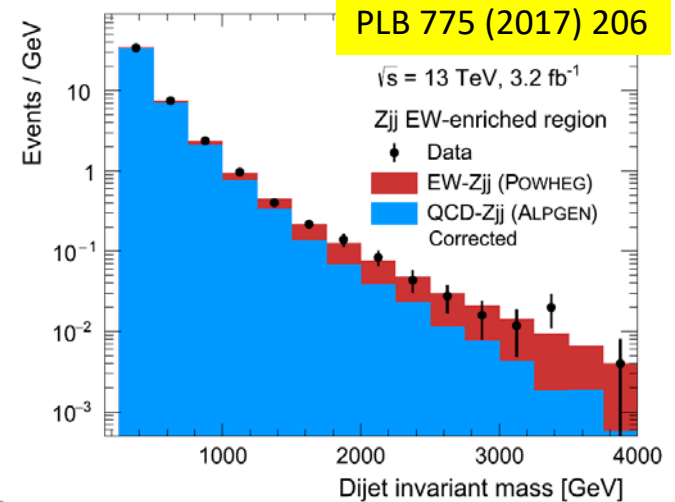
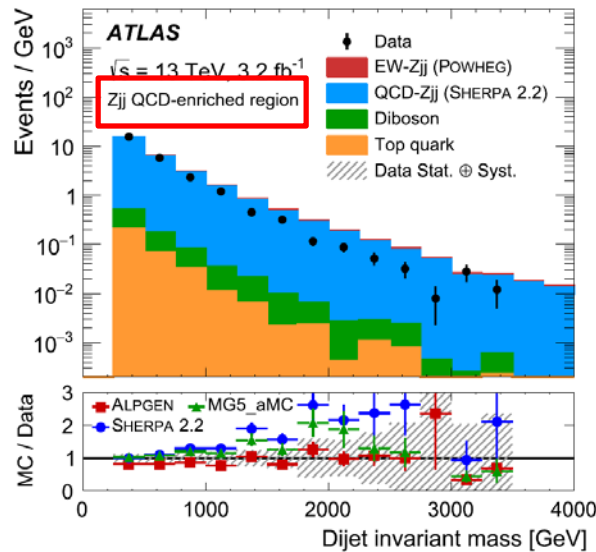


Quantity	$\mu$ channel	e channel
Data	1977	1666
W+jets	1318 ( $1.22 \pm 0.06$ )	1023 ( $1.17 \pm 0.07$ )
Top quark	450 ( $1.00 \pm 0.08$ )	364 ( $1.00 \pm 0.10$ )
WV	204 ( $1.35 \pm 0.77$ )	285 ( $2.23 \pm 0.84$ )
$\mathcal{A}\epsilon$	$9.7 \times 10^{-5}$	$8.3 \times 10^{-5}$



# EWK production of Z bosons at 13 TeV

- Corrections to the QCD-Zjj MC  $m_{jj}$  shape derived from a QCD-enriched region
- Fit of the QCD-Zjj and EW-Zjj simulated  $m_{jj}$  distributions to the data

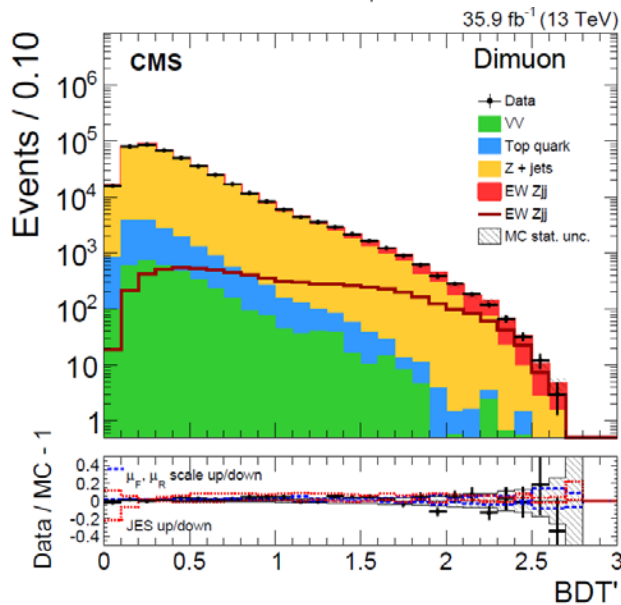
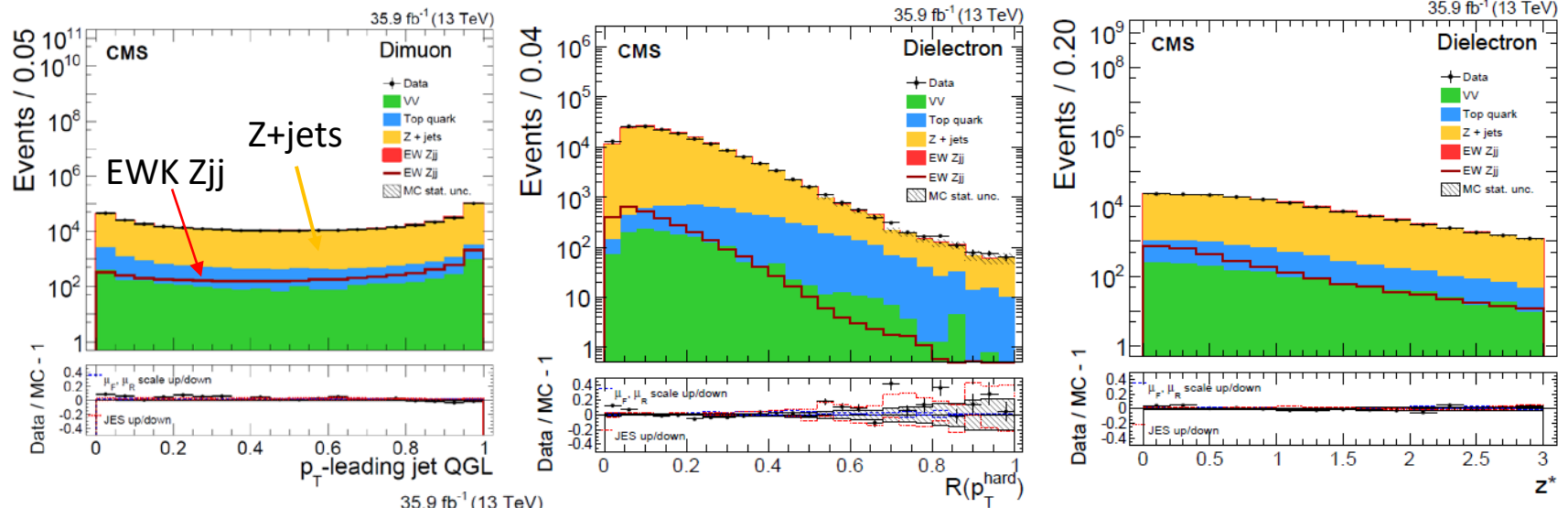


# EWK production of Z bosons at 13 TeV



arXiv:1712.09814

- Train a BDT variable using a quark-gluon likelihood discriminant, hardronic-recoil balance, and the Zeppenfeld variable



Sample	Initial		BDT > 0.92	
	ee	$\mu\mu$	ee	$\mu\mu$
WW	62 ± 16	116 ± 22	—	—
WZ	914 ± 38	2151 ± 63	1.6 ± 1.6	1.8 ± 1.8
ZZ	522 ± 17	1324 ± 29	1.8 ± 1.1	2.7 ± 1.3
t $\bar{t}$	5363 ± 48	12938 ± 81	7.1 ± 1.9	7.1 ± 1.9
single top quark	269 ± 18	723 ± 31	—	—
DY Zjj	152750 ± 510	394640 ± 880	273 ± 20	493 ± 31
Total backgrounds	159890 ± 510	411890 ± 890	283 ± 29	505 ± 43
EW Zjj signal	2833 ± 10	6665 ± 16	194.9 ± 2.6	379.7 ± 3.9
Data	163640	422499	418	892

$$\sigma(\text{EW Zjj}) = 552 \pm 58 \text{ fb}$$

$$\text{BDT}' = \tanh^{-1}((\text{BDT} + 1)/2)$$

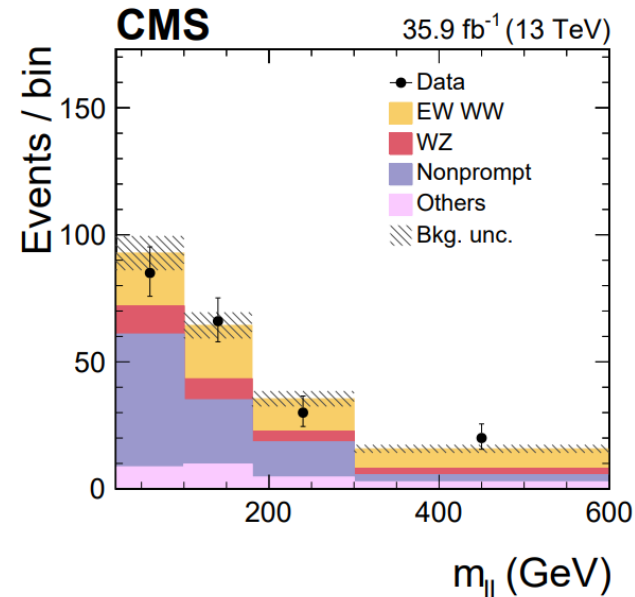
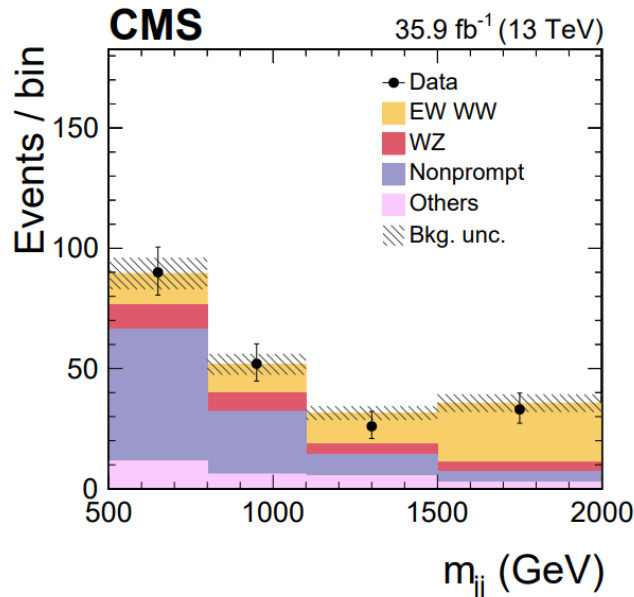
# Same-sign WW VBS at 13 TeV



PRL 120, 081801 (2018)

- Observed (expected) significance is 5.5 (5.7) $\sigma$
- $\sigma^{\text{fid}} = 34.8 \pm 0.66(\text{stat}) \pm 0.35(\text{syst}) \text{ fb}$

	$e^+e^+$	$e^+\mu^+$	$\mu^+\mu^+$	$e^-e^-$	$e^-\mu^-$	$\mu^-\mu^-$	Total
Data	14	63	40	10	48	26	201
Signal + total bkg.	$19.0 \pm 1.9$	$67.6 \pm 3.8$	$44.1 \pm 3.4$	$11.8 \pm 1.8$	$38.9 \pm 3.3$	$23.9 \pm 2.8$	$205 \pm 13$
Signal	$6.2 \pm 0.2$	$24.7 \pm 0.4$	$18.3 \pm 0.4$	$2.5 \pm 0.1$	$8.7 \pm 0.2$	$6.5 \pm 0.2$	$66.9 \pm 2.4$
Total bkg.	$12.8 \pm 1.9$	$42.9 \pm 3.8$	$25.7 \pm 3.4$	$9.4 \pm 1.8$	$30.2 \pm 3.3$	$17.4 \pm 2.8$	$138 \pm 13$
Nonprompt	$5.6 \pm 1.7$	$24.9 \pm 3.6$	$18.4 \pm 3.3$	$5.0 \pm 1.6$	$19.9 \pm 3.2$	$14.2 \pm 2.8$	$88 \pm 13$
WZ	$3.0 \pm 0.2$	$8.5 \pm 0.3$	$4.4 \pm 0.2$	$1.9 \pm 0.2$	$5.2 \pm 0.3$	$2.2 \pm 0.1$	$25.1 \pm 1.1$
QCD WW	$0.6 \pm 0.1$	$1.7 \pm 0.1$	$1.3 \pm 0.1$	$0.2 \pm 0.1$	$0.6 \pm 0.1$	$0.4 \pm 0.1$	$4.8 \pm 0.4$
$W\gamma$	$1.4 \pm 0.5$	$3.6 \pm 0.9$	$0.2 \pm 0.2$	$0.8 \pm 0.4$	$2.3 \pm 0.7$	—	$8.3 \pm 1.6$
Triboson	$0.8 \pm 0.2$	$2.2 \pm 0.4$	$1.2 \pm 0.3$	$0.3 \pm 0.1$	$0.9 \pm 0.3$	$0.5 \pm 0.2$	$5.8 \pm 0.8$
Wrong sign	$1.5 \pm 0.6$	$1.4 \pm 0.4$	—	$1.1 \pm 0.5$	$1.2 \pm 0.4$	—	$5.2 \pm 1.1$

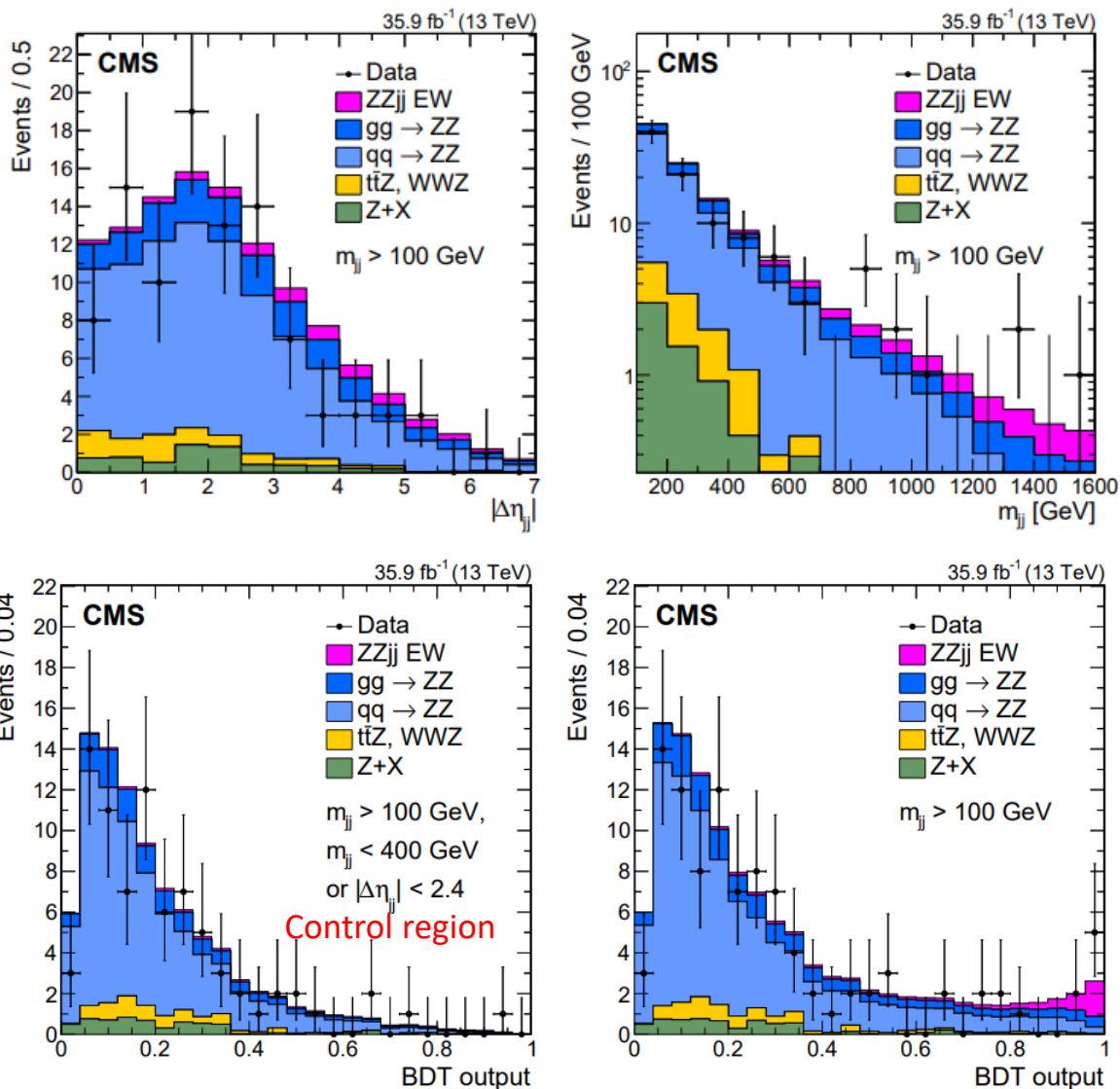


# ZZjj VBS at 13 TeV



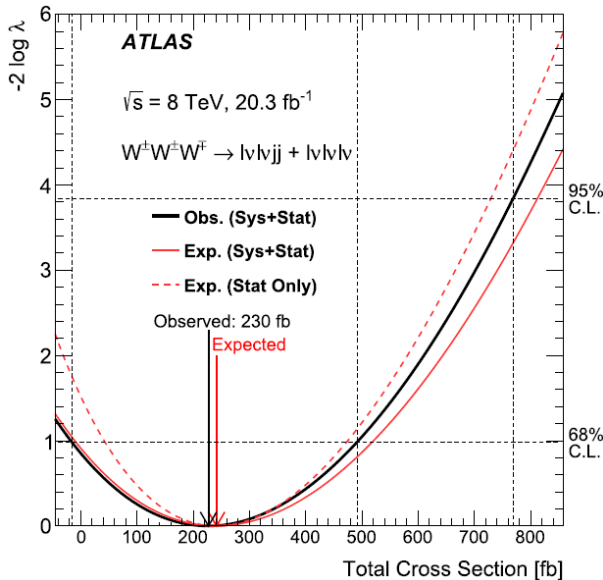
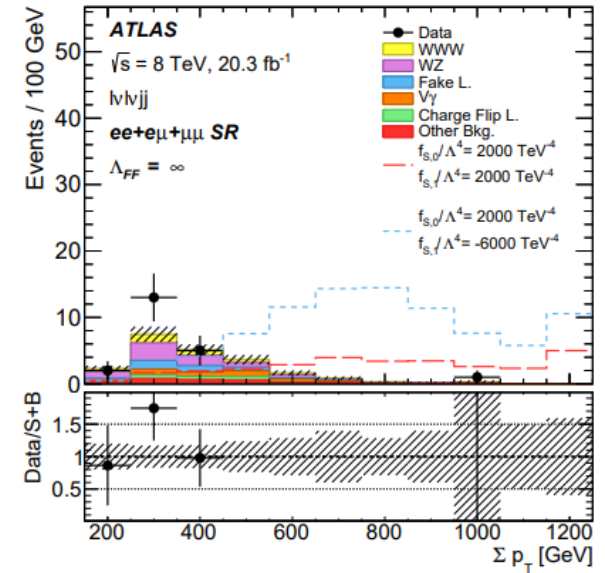
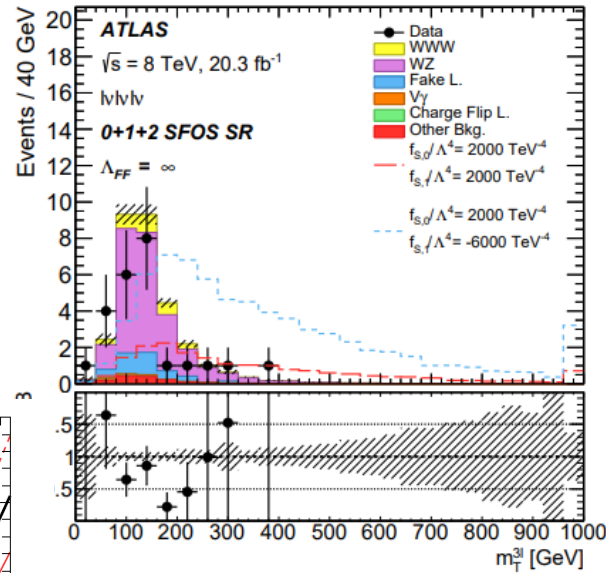
PLB 774 (2017) 682

- Train a BDT variable using  $m_{jj}$ ,  $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ ,  $m_{ZZ}$ , Zeppenfeld variable etc
- Observed (expected) significance is 2.7 (1.6) $\sigma$



# WWW Production at 8 TeV

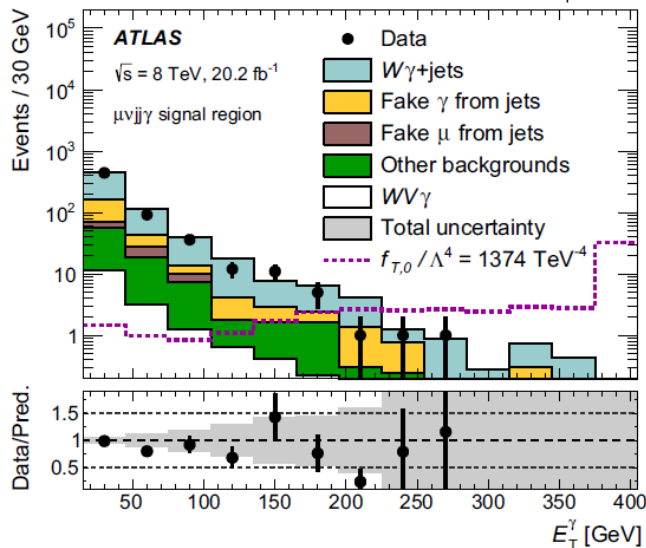
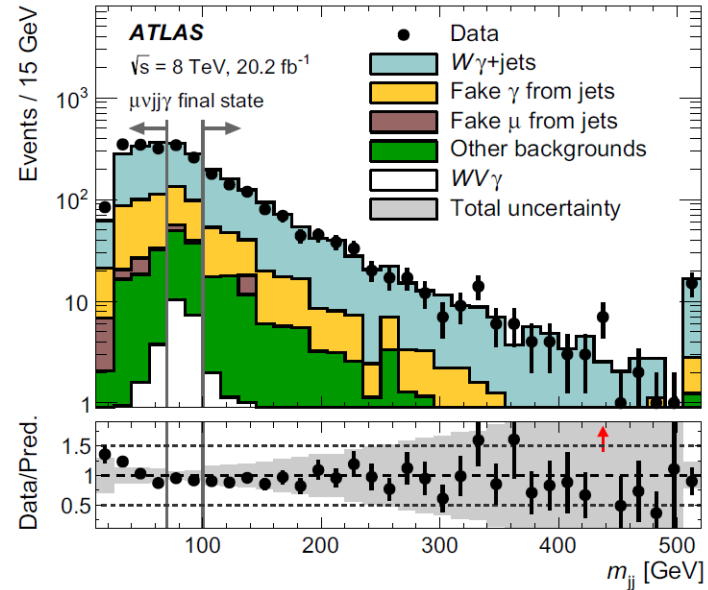
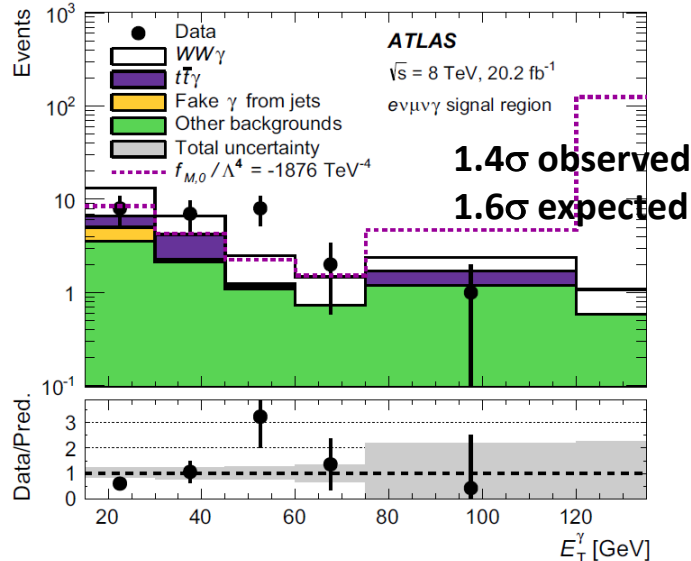
- $WWW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu l\nu, l^\pm\nu l^\pm\nu jj$  and most sensitive channels are:
  - $l\nu l\nu l\nu$ : 0 SFOS (1.3 signal vs 2.4 bkg)
  - $l^\pm\nu l^\pm\nu jj$ :  $e^\pm\mu^\pm$  (1.4 signal vs 9.4 bkg),  $\mu^\pm\mu^\pm$  (1.7 signal vs 5 bkg)



		Cross section [fb]	
		Theory	Observed
Fiducial	$l\nu l\nu l\nu$	$0.309 \pm 0.007 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.015 \text{ (PDF)} \pm 0.008 \text{ (scale)}$	$0.31^{+0.35}_{-0.33} \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.32}_{-0.35} \text{ (syst.)}$
	$l\nu l\nu jj$	$0.286 \pm 0.006 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.015 \text{ (PDF)} \pm 0.010 \text{ (scale)}$	$0.24^{+0.39}_{-0.33} \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.19}_{-0.19} \text{ (syst.)}$
Total		$241.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 10.3 \text{ (PDF)} \pm 6.3 \text{ (scale)}$	$230 \pm 200 \text{ (stat.)}^{+150}_{-160} \text{ (syst.)}$

# WV $\gamma$ Production at 8 TeV

- $WW\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu\gamma$  and  $WV\gamma \rightarrow \ell\nu jj\gamma$
- Background determined from a fit to the  $m_{jj}$  spectrum with the signal region excluded



		Observed limit [fb]	Expected limit [fb]	SM Prediction $\sigma_{\text{theo}}$ [fb]
Fully leptonic	$e\nu\mu\nu$	3.7	$2.1^{+0.9}_{-0.6}$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$
Semileptonic	$e\nu jj\gamma$	10	$16^{+6}_{-4}$	$2.4 \pm 0.1$
	$\mu\nu jj\gamma$	8	$10^{+4}_{-3}$	$2.2 \pm 0.1$
	$\ell\nu jj\gamma$	6	$8.4^{+3.4}_{-2.4}$	$2.3 \pm 0.1$

# $V\gamma\gamma$ Production at 8 TeV



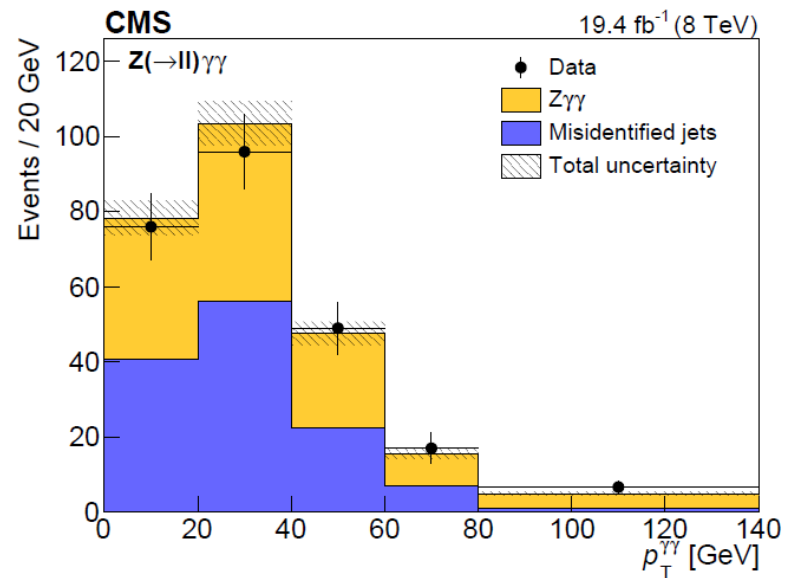
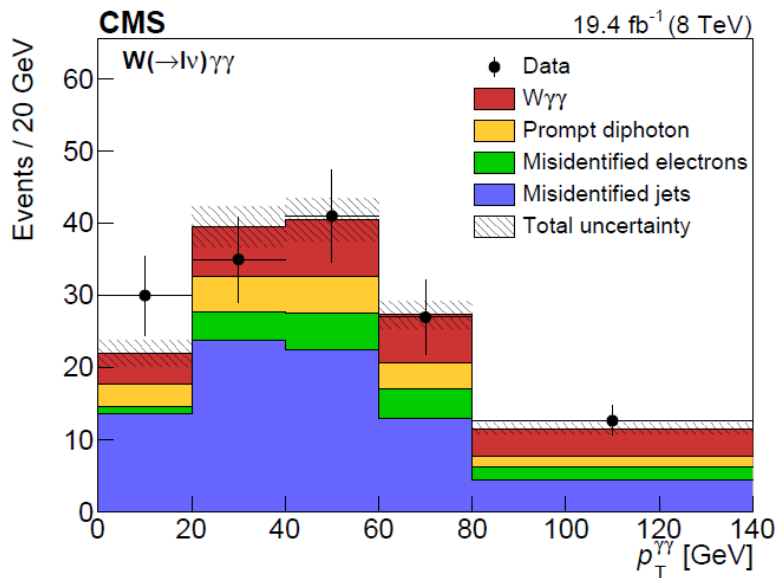
JHEP 10 (2017) 072

- Observed significance:  $2.6 \sigma$  for  $W\gamma\gamma$  and  $5.9 \sigma$  for  $Z\gamma\gamma$
- $\sigma(W\gamma\gamma) = 4.9 \pm 2.1 \text{ fb}$
- $\sigma(Z\gamma\gamma) = 12.7 \pm 2.3 \text{ fb}$

$W\gamma\gamma$	Electron channel	Muon channel
Jet $\rightarrow \gamma$ misidentification	$22 \pm 6$	$63 \pm 12$
Electron $\rightarrow \gamma$ misidentification	$20 \pm 2$	—
Prompt diphoton	$7 \pm 1$	$14 \pm 2$
Total background	$49 \pm 6$	$77 \pm 12$
Expected signal	$13 \pm 1$	$25 \pm 3$
Data	63	108

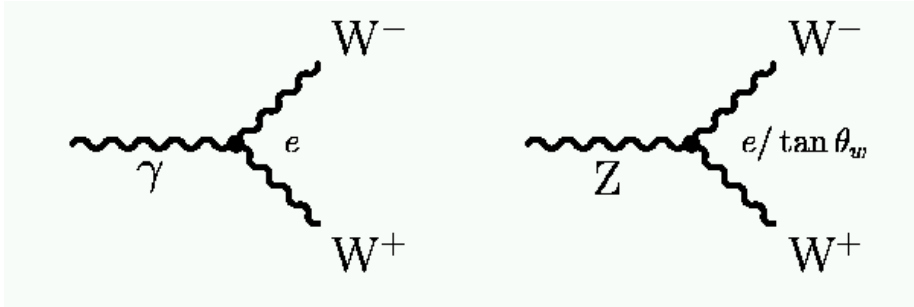
  

$Z\gamma\gamma$	Electron channel	Muon channel
Jet $\rightarrow \gamma$ misidentification	$62 \pm 8$	$68 \pm 9$
Prompt diphoton	$0.3 \pm 0.1$	$0.6 \pm 0.2$
Total background	$62 \pm 8$	$69 \pm 9$
Expected signal	$56 \pm 8$	$73 \pm 10$
Data	117	141





# Triple gauge couplings

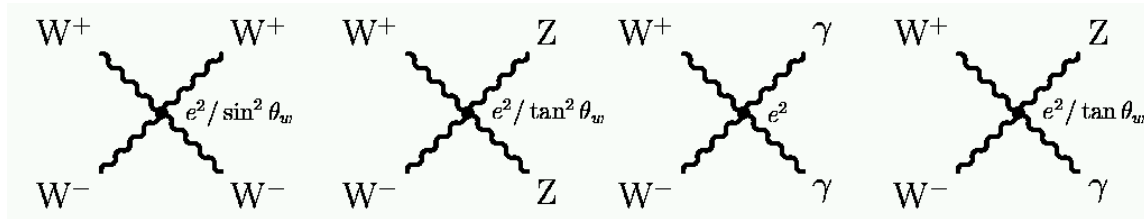


- Non-Abelian gauge structure uniquely defines couplings between gauge bosons
- Only charged couplings ( $WWZ$ ,  $WW\gamma$ ) are allowed and pure neutral couplings ( $ZZZ$ ,  $ZZ\gamma$ ,  $Z\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma\gamma$ ) are forbidden
- A Lagrangian approach with anomalous TGCs is used
- Limits often set based on event kinematics
- Different implementations in different event generators: operator bases, unitarization schemes etc

<i>Coupling</i>	<i>Parameters</i>	<i>Channel</i>
$WW\gamma$	$\Delta\kappa_\gamma, \lambda_\gamma$	$WW, W\gamma$
$WWZ$	$\Delta g_1^Z, \Delta\kappa_Z, \lambda_Z$	$WW, WZ$
$Z\gamma\gamma$	$h_3^Z, h_4^Z$	$Z\gamma$
$ZZ\gamma$	$h_3^\gamma, h_4^\gamma$	$Z\gamma$
$ZZZ$	$f_4^Z, f_5^Z$	$ZZ$
$\gamma ZZ$	$f_4^\gamma, f_5^\gamma$	$ZZ$

$$\mathcal{L} = ig_{WWW} \left[ g_1^V (W_{\mu\nu}^+ W^{-\mu} - W^{+\mu} W_{\mu\nu}^-) V^\nu + \kappa_V W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- V^{\mu\nu} + \frac{\lambda_V}{m_W^2} W_\mu^{+\nu} W_\nu^{-\rho} V_\rho^\mu \right] \quad 17$$

# Quartic gauge couplings



no neutral  $\gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma\gamma Z$ ,  $\gamma\gamma ZZ$ ,  $\gamma\gamma\gamma Z$ ,  $ZZZZ$  vertices

- In an EFT approach:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_d \sum_i \frac{\alpha_i^{(d)}}{\Lambda^{d-4}} \mathcal{O}_i^{(d)}$
- EFT approach: can be used at both tree level and loop level, incorporates SM gauge symmetries, general enough to describe low-energy effects of BSM physics
- Use experimental data to set limits on coefficients of dim-8 operators
- Build operators using: covariant derivative of the Higgs field  $D_\mu \Phi$ , SU(2) field strength  $W_{\mu\nu}$  and U(1) field strength  $B_{\mu\nu}$

only contain  $D_\mu \Phi$ , sensitive to longitudinal components

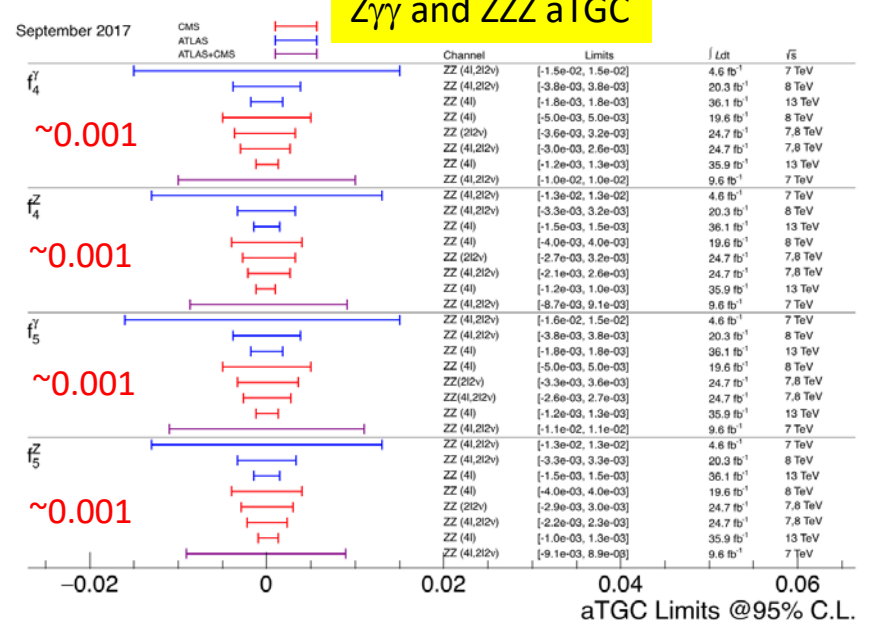
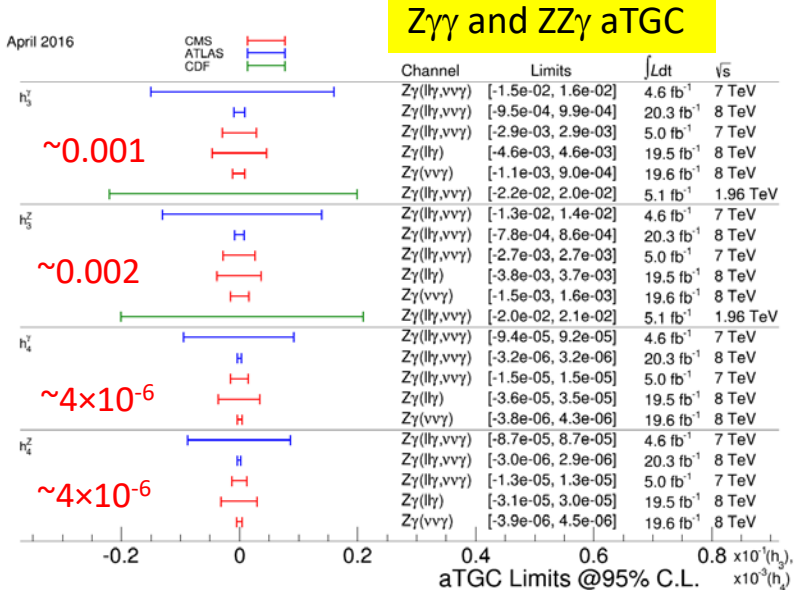
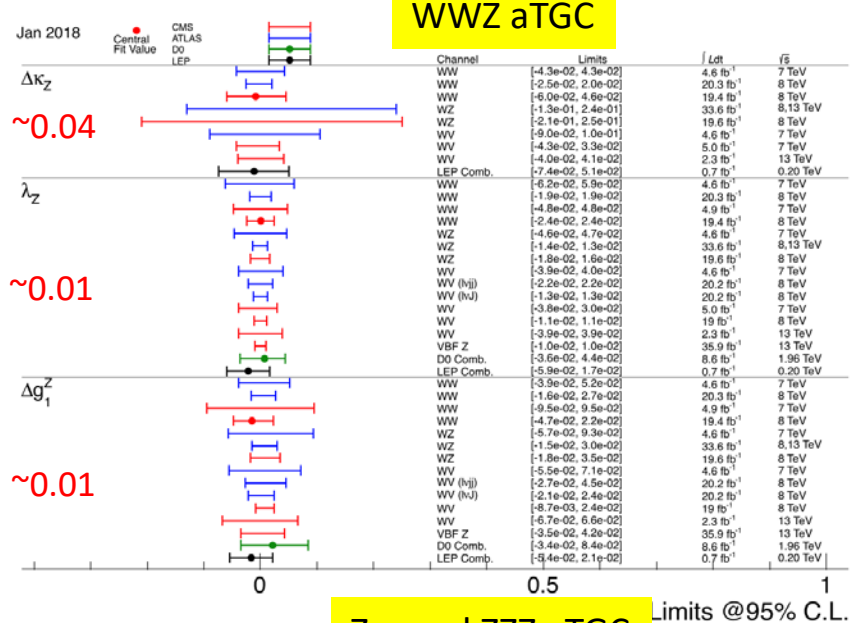
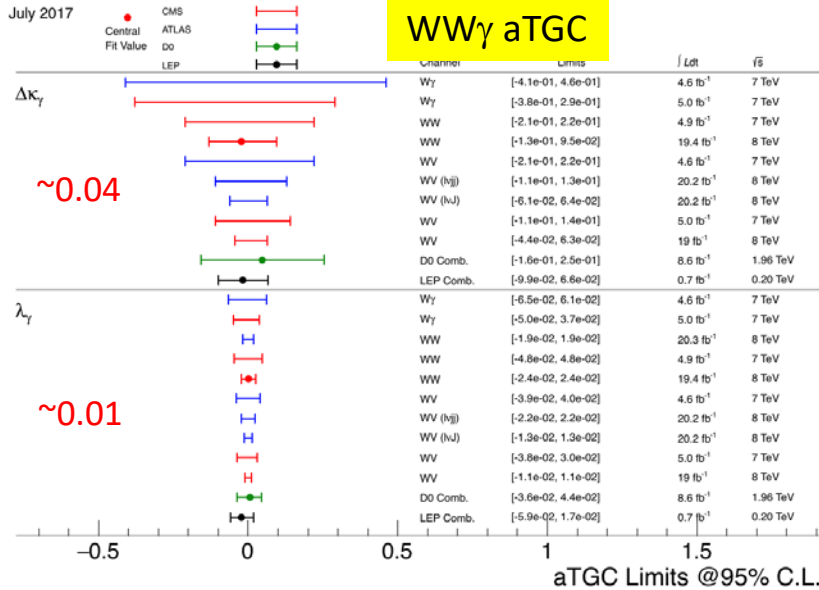
arXiv: 1310.6708

	WWWW	WWZZ	ZZZZ	WWAZ	WWAA	ZZZA	ZZAA	ZAAA	AAAA
$\mathcal{O}_{S,0}, \mathcal{O}_{S,1}$	X	X	X						
$\mathcal{O}_{M,0}, \mathcal{O}_{M,1}, \mathcal{O}_{M,6}, \mathcal{O}_{M,7}$	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
$\mathcal{O}_{M,2}, \mathcal{O}_{M,3}, \mathcal{O}_{M,4}, \mathcal{O}_{M,5}$		X	X	X	X	X	X		
$\mathcal{O}_{T,0}, \mathcal{O}_{T,1}, \mathcal{O}_{T,2}$	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
$\mathcal{O}_{T,5}, \mathcal{O}_{T,6}, \mathcal{O}_{T,7}$		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
$\mathcal{O}_{T,8}, \mathcal{O}_{T,9}$			X			X	X	X	X

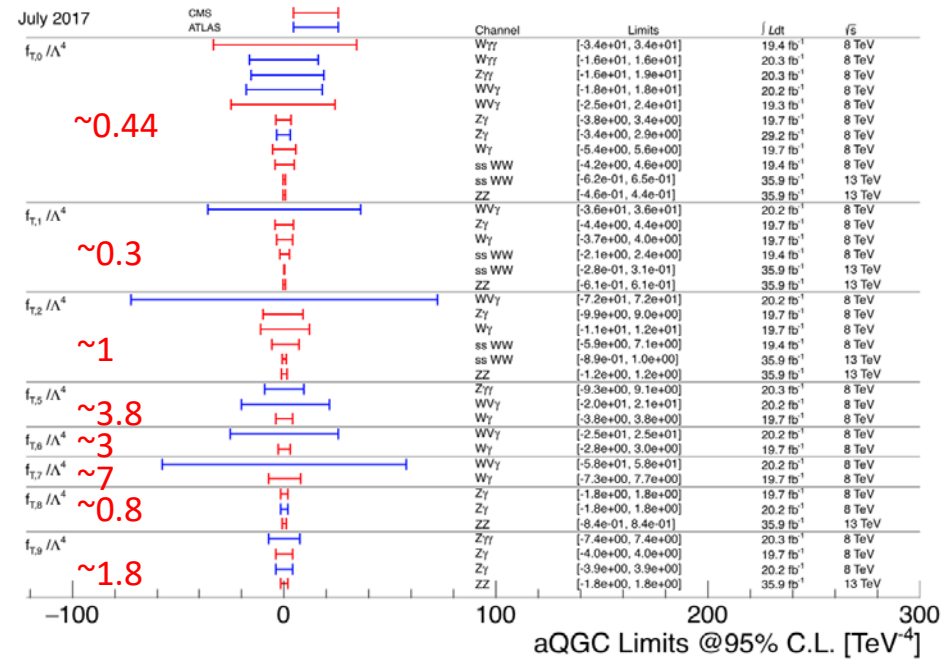
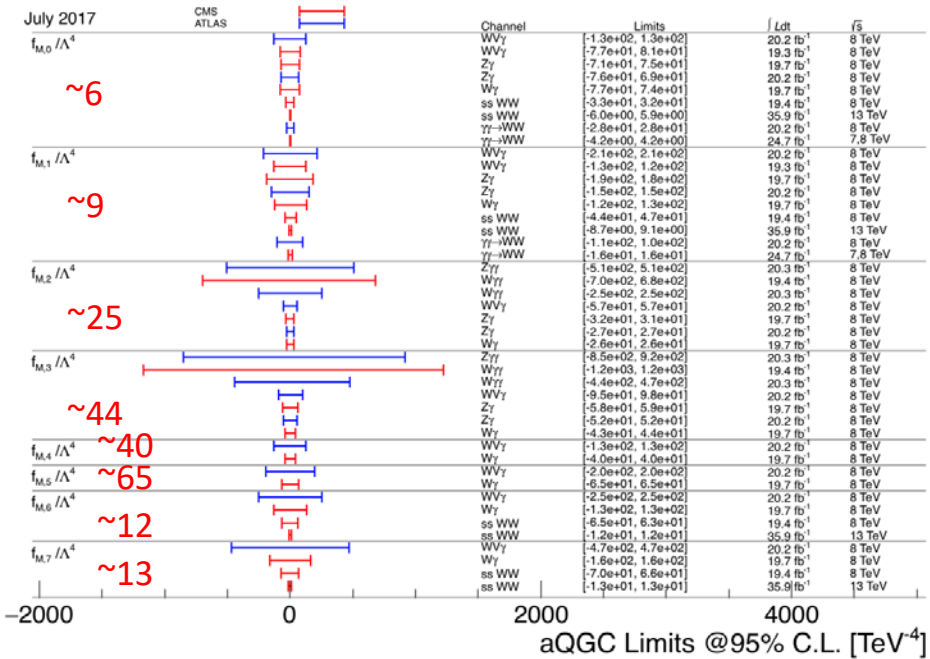
contain a mixture of  $D_\mu \Phi$ ,  $W_{\mu\nu}$  and  $B_{\mu\nu}$

only contain field strengths  $W_{\mu\nu}$  and  $B_{\mu\nu}$ , sensitive to transversal components

# Summary of aTGC limits



# Summary of EFT coefficient limits



# Conclusions

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- Rich electroweak physics programs at ATLAS and CMS
  - All diboson and EWK production of a single boson processes have been observed and ongoing precise measurements
    - Experimental results match with theory predictions
    - Higher order corrections ( $\sim$ NNLO QCD + NLO EW) are desirable
  - Approaching triboson and VBS processes with cross section around sub-fb
    - Observed  $Z\gamma\gamma$  and same-sign WW VBS processes
    - Will follow up with other processes and move to more precise measurements using 13-14 TeV data
    - Study VV longitudinal scattering using VBS processes
    - Need to have higher order corrections for triboson and VBS processes soon
  - Need to have a consistent way for aTGC and aQGC studies (ongoing discussions between theory and experimental groups at LPCC)