

MD2490

Measurement of the TMCI threshold at flat-top

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MD purpose

- Goal of the MD is to estimate the TMCI intensity threshold
- In principle, this measurement should be done at $Q'=0$ and without damper
- However, to prevent instabilities, we propose to measure the tune shift versus intensity for different collimators gap at $Q'=5$ and with damper
- Measurement in two ramps with different bunch intensities:
 - 1st ramp with Pilot, $0.7 \cdot 10^{11}$, $0.9 \cdot 10^{11}$ and $1.2 \cdot 10^{11}$
 - 2nd ramp with Pilot, $0.5 \cdot 10^{11}$ and $1.8 \cdot 10^{11}$

Proposed procedure

- **Tune shift versus intensity:**

- Inject 2/3 bunches of different intensities per beam
- Ramp with nominal collimators, maximum octupoles current and damper gain
- Measure chromaticity, then reduce to chromaticity ~ 5
- Excite the bunches with the ADT to get their tunes
- Close TCSG7 to 6.0σ (to have a 1.0σ separation between TCP7 and TCSG7)
- Excite the bunches with the ADT to get their tunes
- Close TCP and TCSG collimator by 0.5σ
- Excite the bunches with the ADT to get their tunes
- Repeat steps 6 and 7 until the TCP7 are at 4σ
- During the procedure, check: intensity losses to avoid tails scrapping, coupling, emittance and head-tail monitor
- At the end of the measurement: get the collimators back to nominal position then reduce chromaticity to 0.

Simulations

- DELPHI simulations for different impedance scenarios
 - 2017 nominal collimators settings
 - Tighter gaps in TCP7 and TCSG7 (down to $4\sigma_{coll}/5\sigma_{coll}$ for TCP7/TCSG7)
 - Chromaticity between -5 and +5
 - No damper, 500, 100 or 50 turns damper
- Predicted octupole current for the different scenarios
 - Assuming $\varepsilon = 2.0\mu m$, $N_b = 2.0 \cdot 10^{11}$ ppb

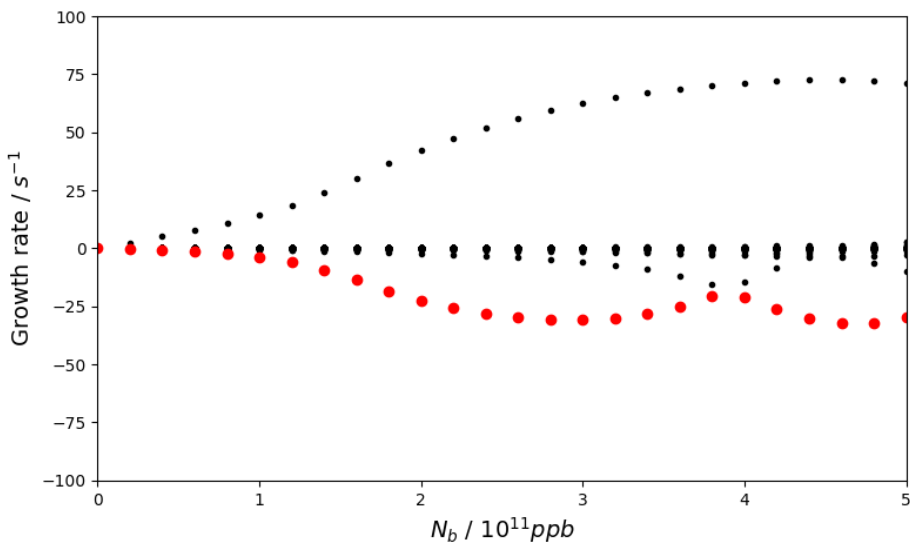
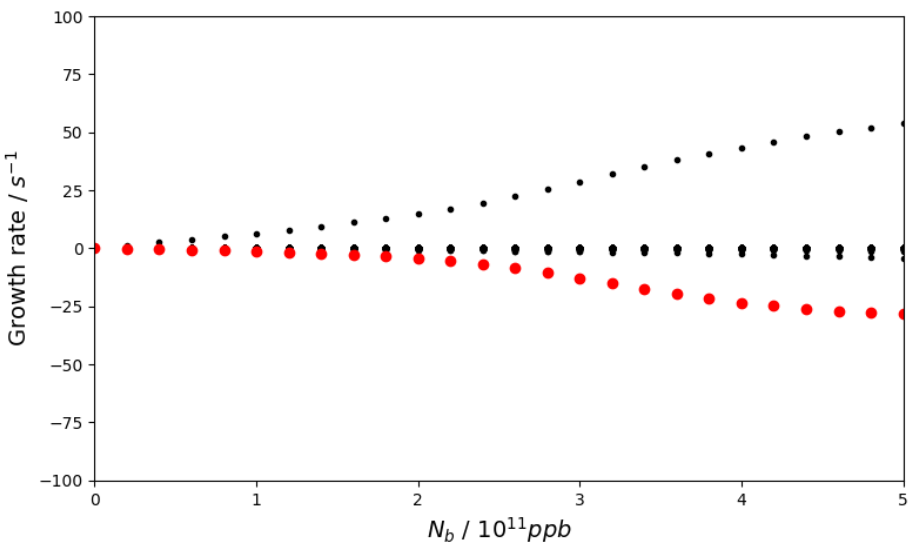
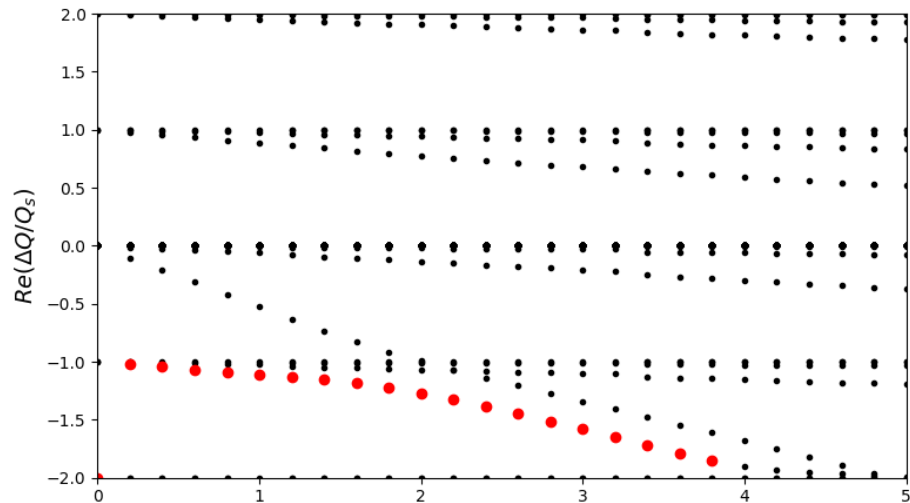
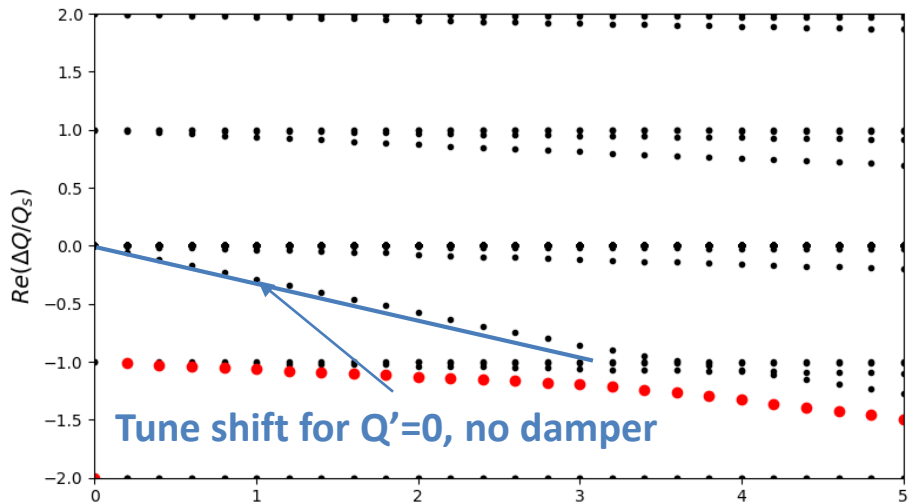
$Q'=5$, no damper

TCP7/TCSG7: 5.0/6.5 σ_{coll}

LHC flat top 6.5 TeV B1H, TCP7 5.0 σ , TCSG7 6.5 σ
 $Q'=5$, $d=0.0$, $\tau_b=1.08$ ns

TCP7/TCSG7: 4.0/5.0 σ_{coll}

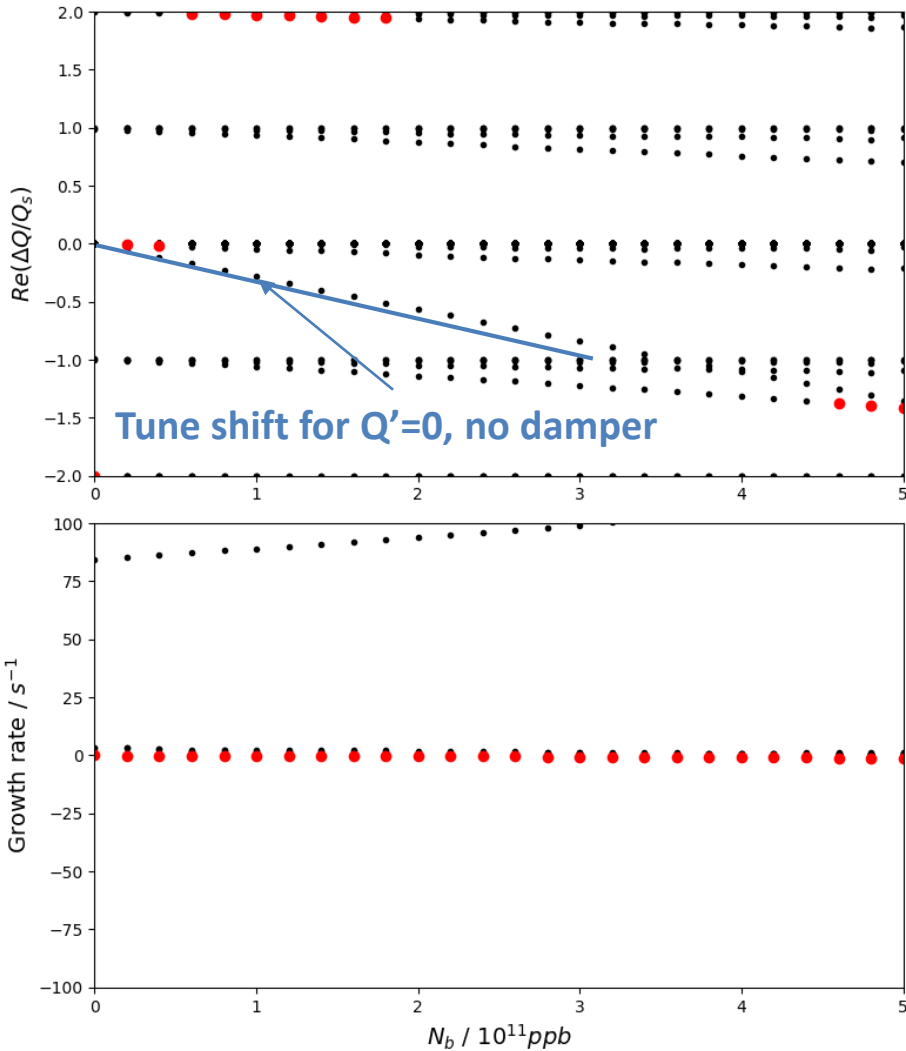
LHC flat top 6.5 TeV B1H, TCP7 4.0 σ , TCSG7 5.0 σ
 $Q'=5$, $d=0.0$, $\tau_b=1.08$ ns



$Q'=5$, 100 turns damper

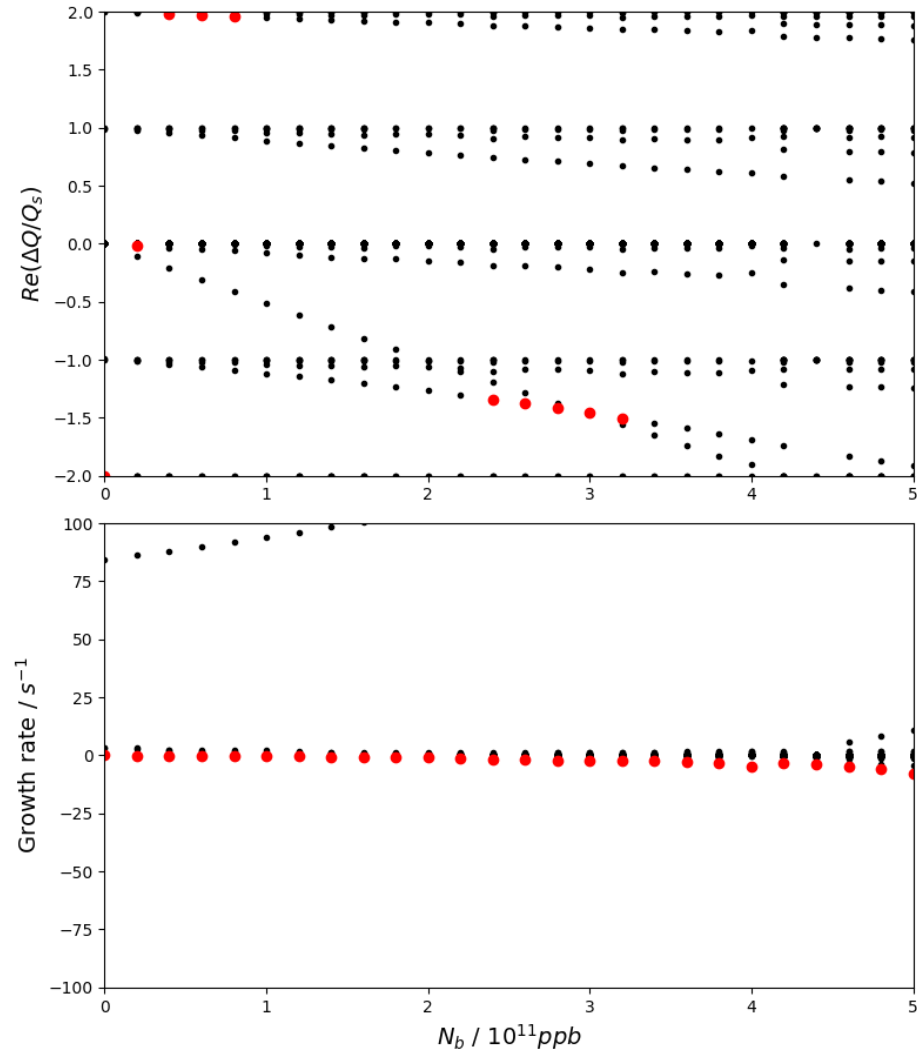
TCP7/TCSG7: 5.0/6.5 σ_{coll}

LHC flat top 6.5 TeV B1H, TCP7 5.0 σ , TCSG7 6.5 σ
 $Q'=5$, $d=0.01$, $\tau_b=1.08$ ns



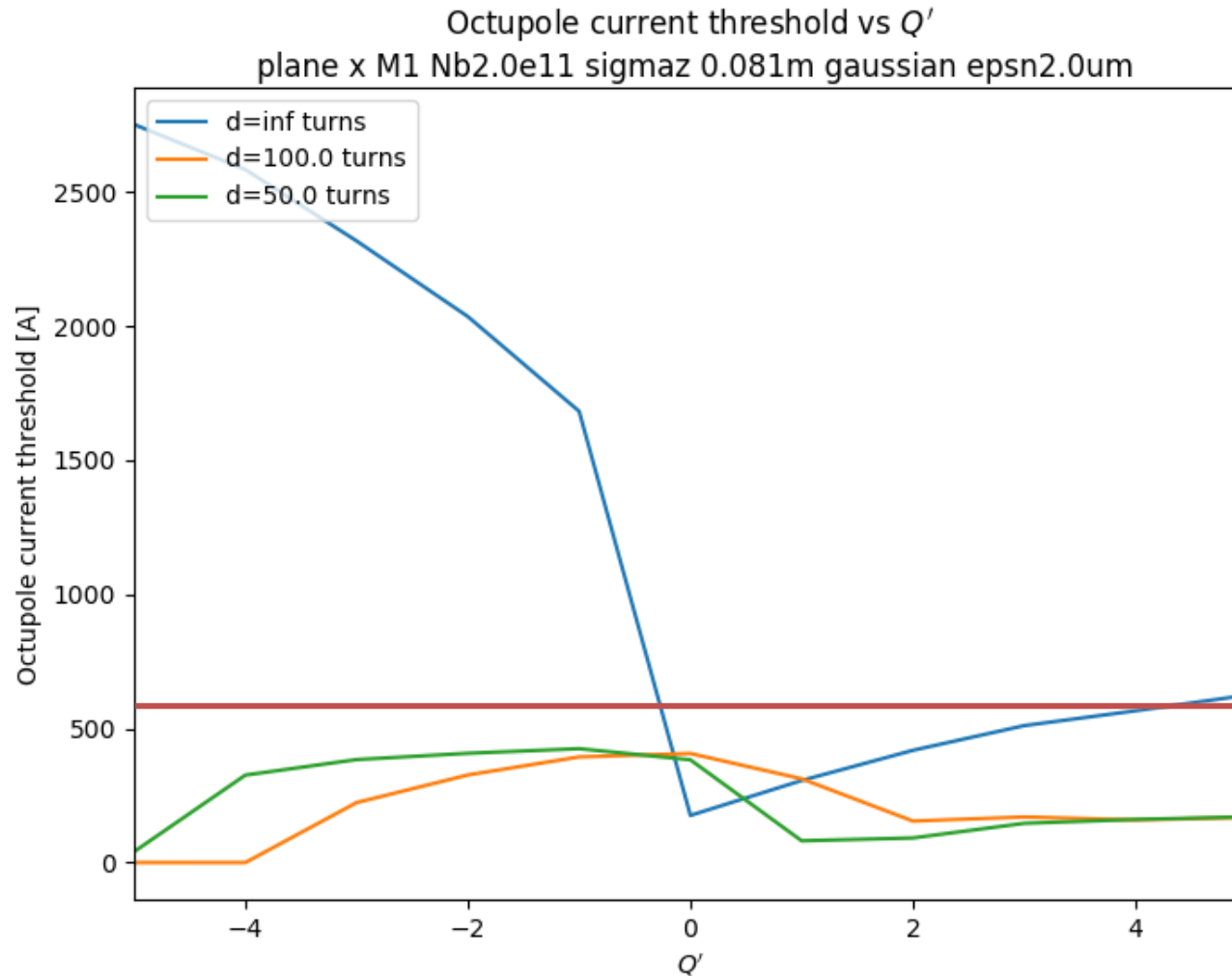
TCP7/TCSG7: 4.0/5.0 σ_{coll}

LHC flat top 6.5 TeV B1H, TCP7 4.0 σ , TCSG7 5.0 σ
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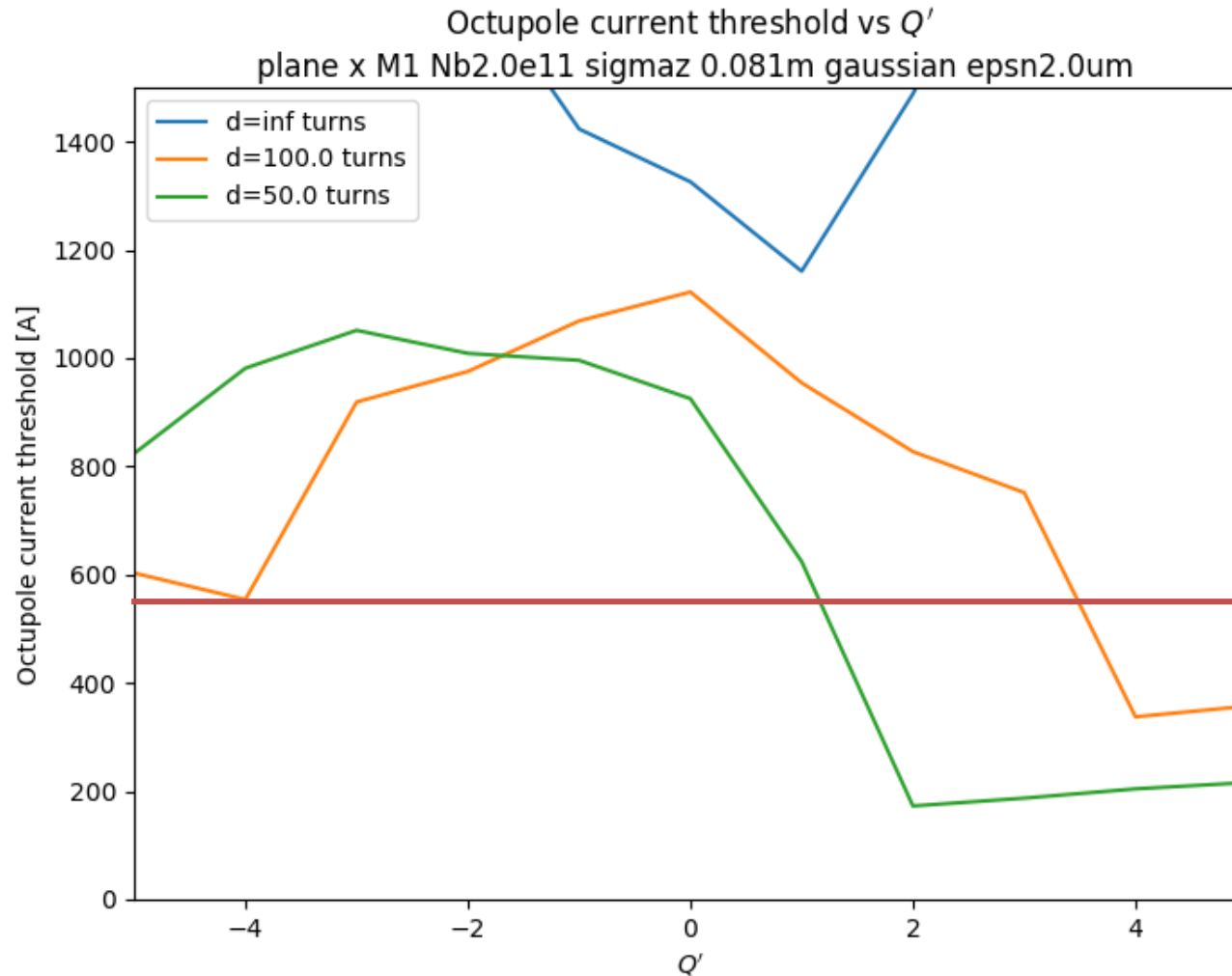
Octupole current

Nominal LHC collimators



Octupole current

TCP7/TCSG7: $4.0/5.0\sigma_{coll}$



Conclusion

- The measurement of tune shift versus intensity at $Q'=5$ and with damper would allow to extrapolate the TMCI intensity threshold
- We would also assess the validity of the LHC impedance model
- At the end of each fill, measurements with chromaticity reduced to 0 and/or lower damper gain could be performed

Backup

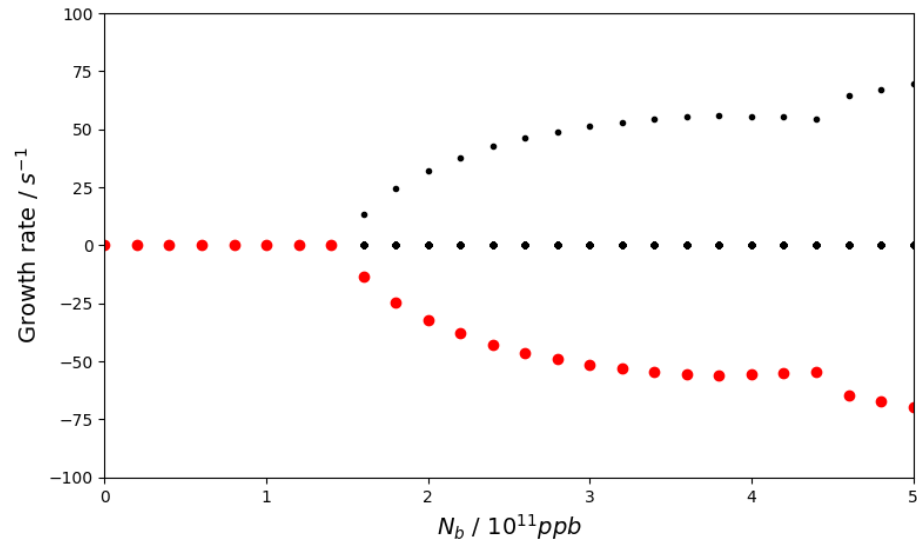
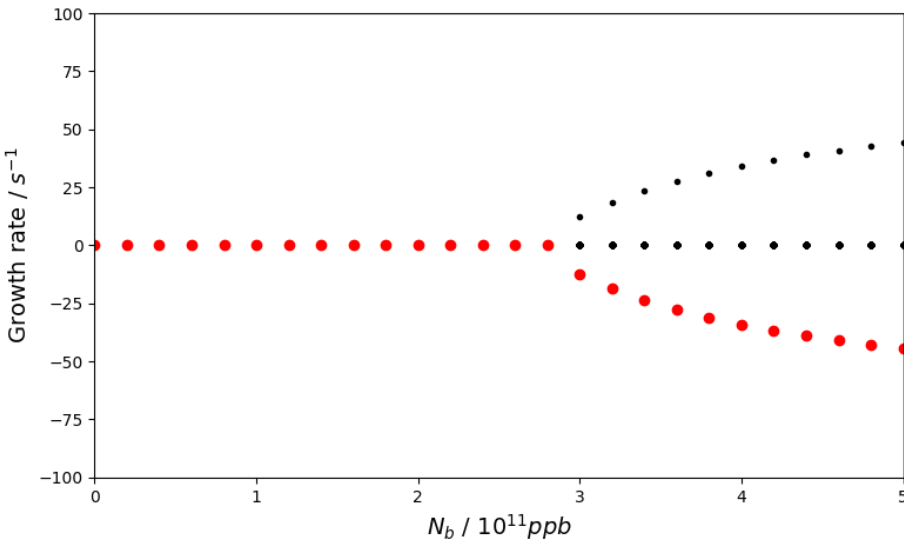
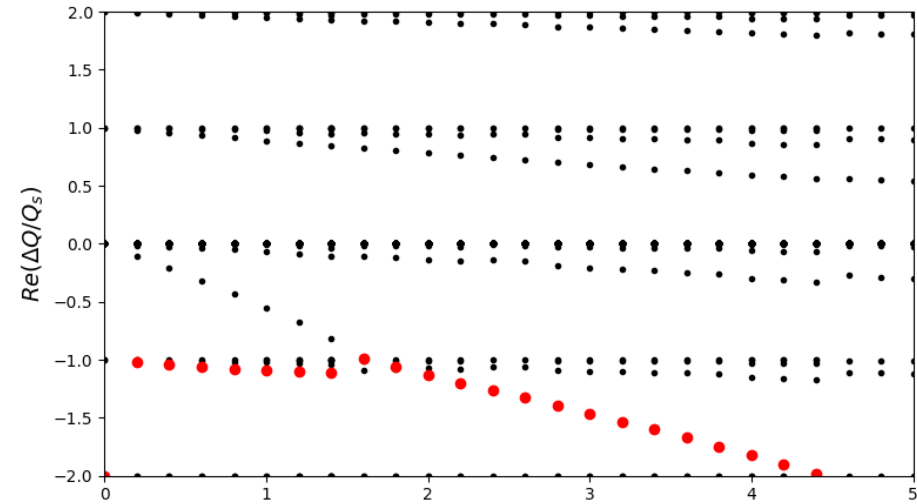
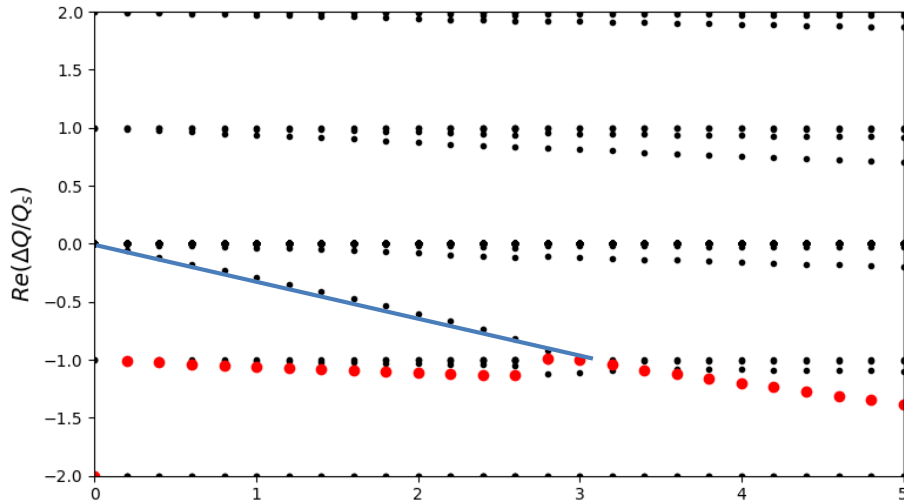
$Q'=0$, no damper

TCP7/TCSG7: 5.0/6.5 σ_{coll}

LHC flat top 6.5 TeV B1H, TCP7 5.0 σ , TCSG7 6.5 σ
 $Q'=0$, $d=0.0$, $\tau_b=1.08$ ns

TCP7/TCSG7: 4.0/5.0 σ_{coll}

LHC flat top 6.5 TeV B1H, TCP7 4.0 σ , TCSG7 5.0 σ
 $Q'=0$, $d=0.0$, $\tau_b=1.08$ ns



$Q'=0$, 100 turns damper

TCP7/TCSG7: 5.0/6.5 σ_{coll}

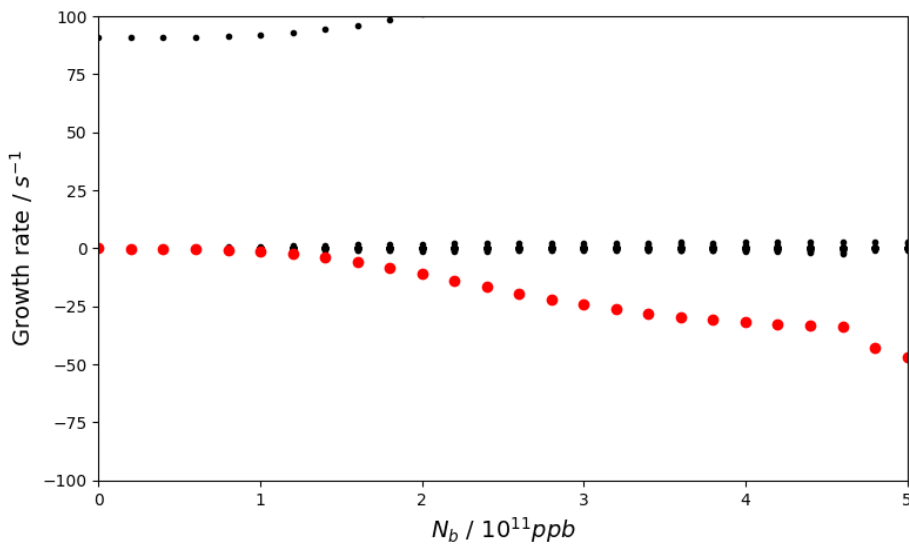
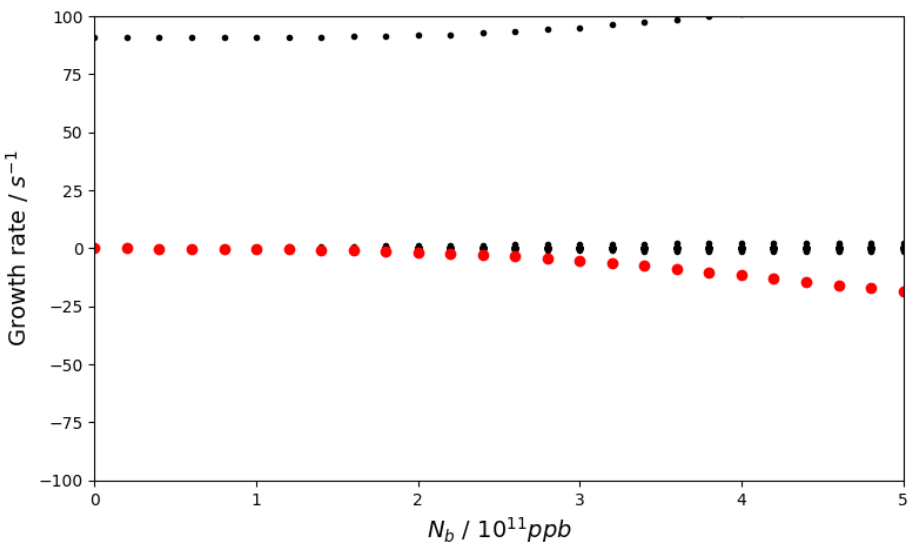
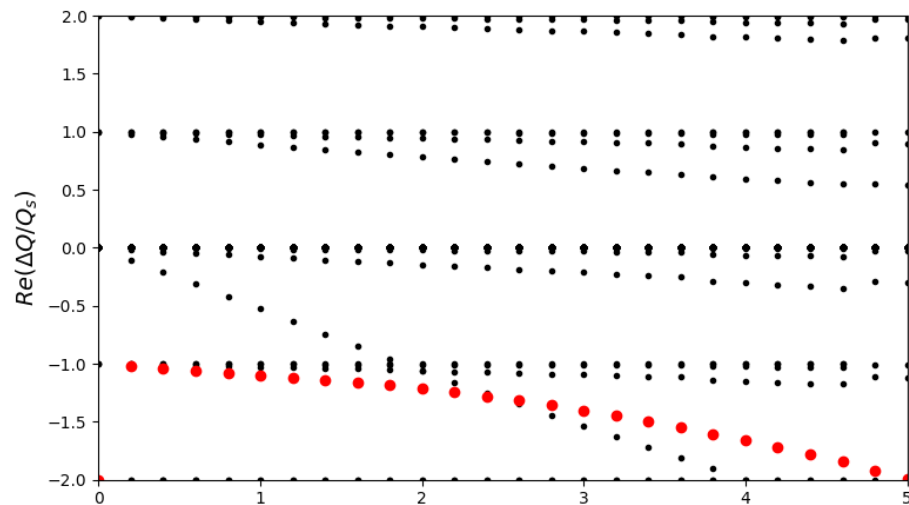
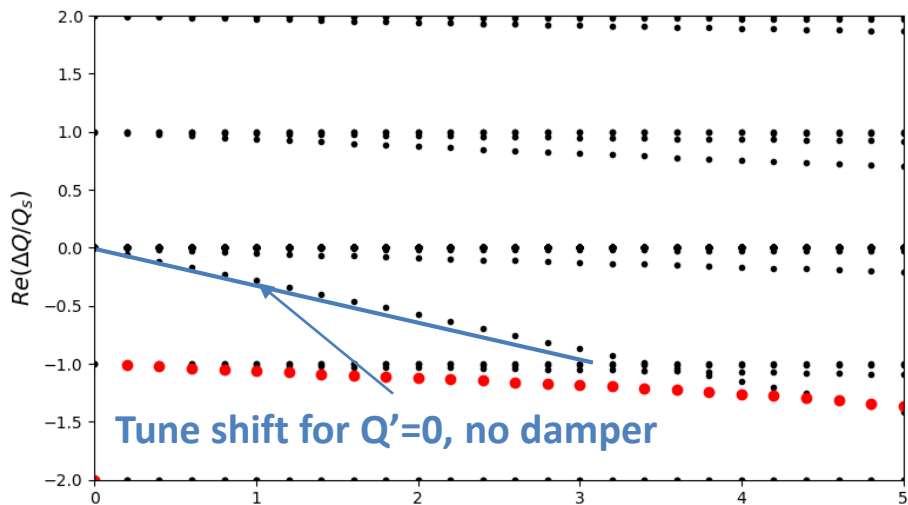
LHC flat top 6.5 TeV B1H, TCP7 5.0 σ , TCSG7 6.5 σ

$Q'=0$, $d=0.01$, $\tau_b=1.08\text{ns}$

TCP7/TCSG7: 4.0/5.0 σ_{coll}

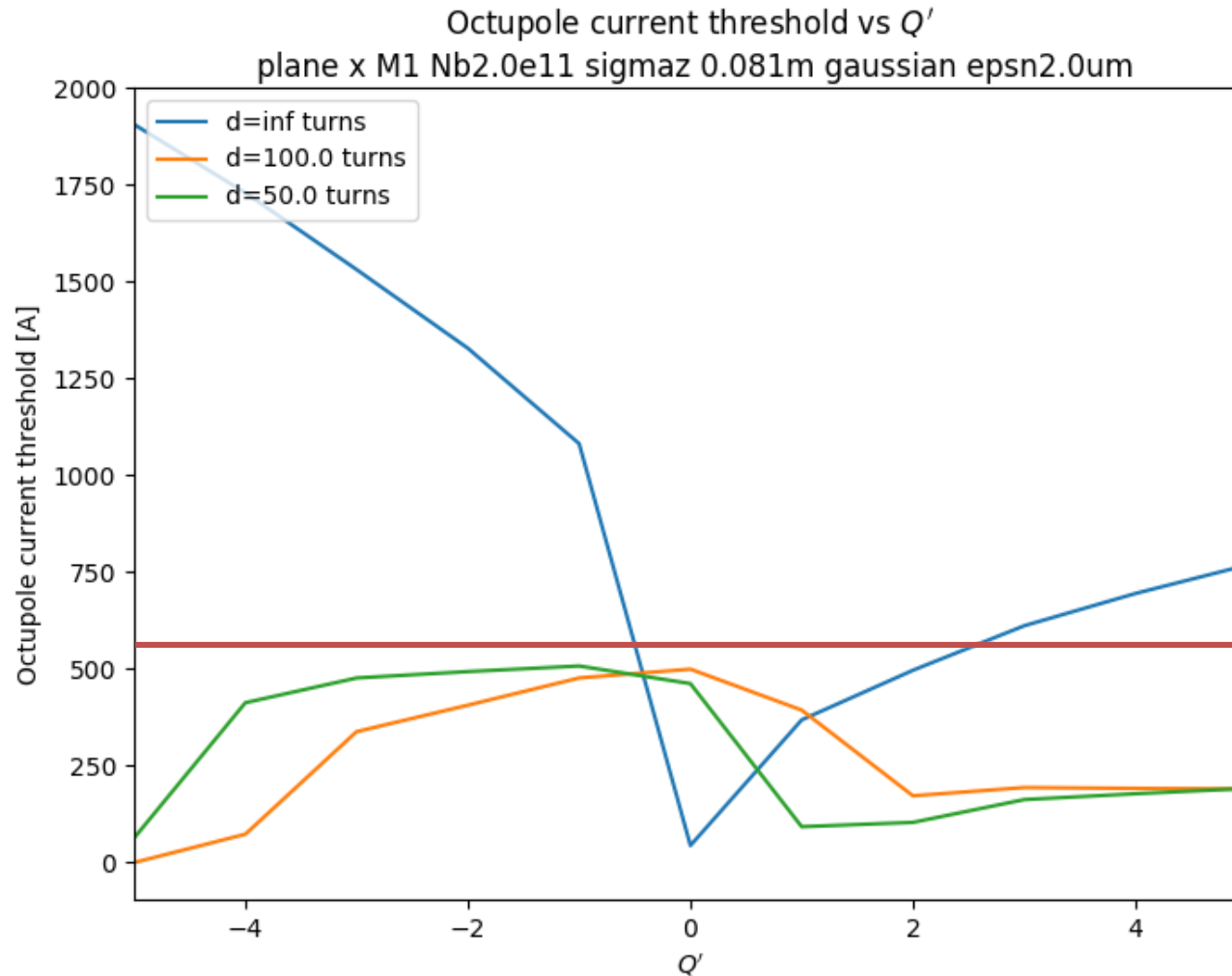
LHC flat top 6.5 TeV B1H, TCP7 4.0 σ , TCSG7 5.0 σ

$Q'=0$, $d=0.01$, $\tau_b=1.08\text{ns}$



Octupole current

TCP7/TCSG7: 5.0/6.0 σ_{coll}



Octupole current

TCP7/TCSG7: $4.5/5.5\sigma_{coll}$

