

# Top quark production cross-section measurements

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on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

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# Why care about the top?



- Unique role in the SM due to its large  $m_t \approx 173$  GeV
- Same order as VEV of the Higgs field ( $v \approx 246$  GeV)
  - Top quark regime one of the “likely” places for beyond-SM observations to manifest
- Broad decay width, short lifetime ( $\tau \sim 10^{-25}$  s)
  - Study of “bare” quark properties
  - Precision measurements of QCD
- Background to many BSM and exotic searches
  - Modelling uncertainties have become limiting factor
  - Experimental results help in constraining them
- Other than that, top quarks are exciting!

ATLAS has a rich catalogue of top physics results:

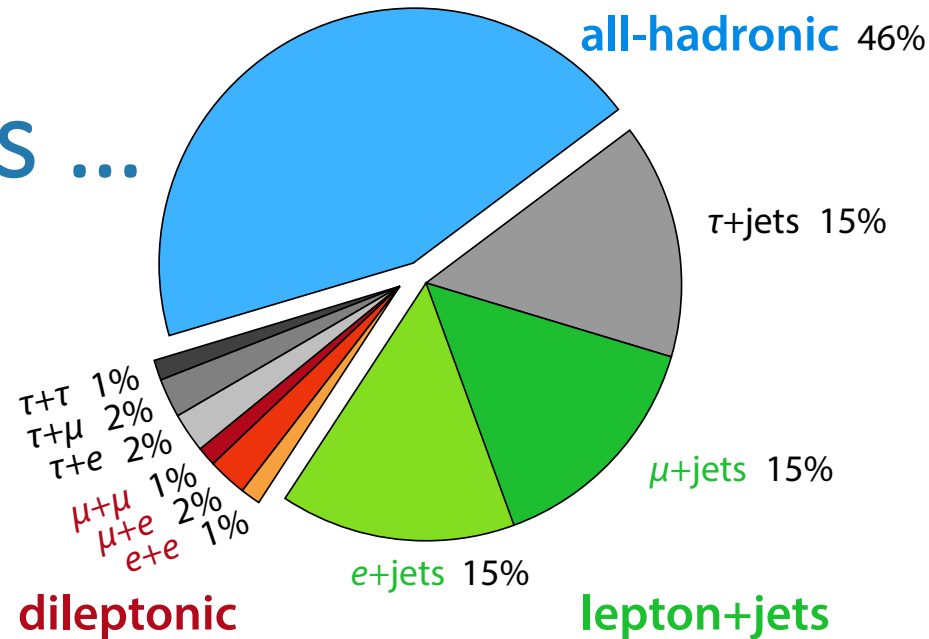
- Many Run 2 results already published
- More in preparation
- This talk only covers a fraction of what’s available!

Link: [ATLAS TopPublicResults](#)

# Top-pair production

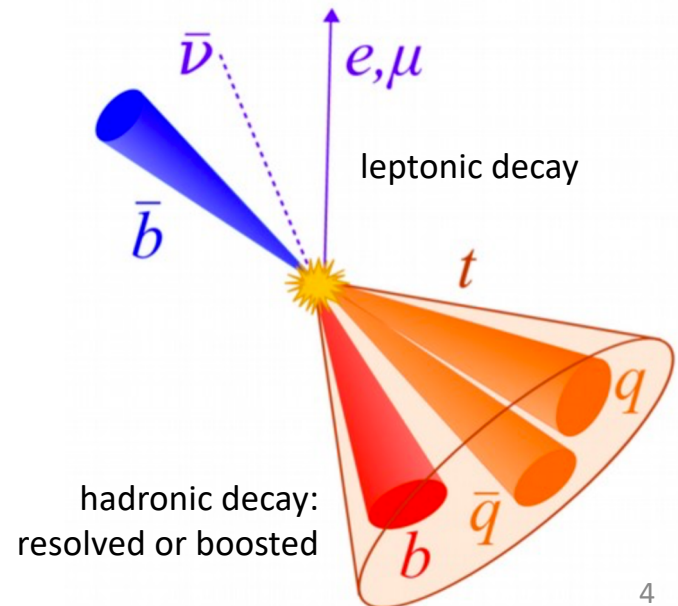
# Tops come in pairs ...

- Inclusive measurements have reached high precision (<5%!)
  - Sensitive to higher order corrections
  - Sensitive to PDFs
- Lots of data from the LHC: differential measurements now also feasible
- Stringent tests of our predictions:
  - Sensitive to higher order corrections
  - Sensitive to PDFs
- Major background to many BSM searches → Accurate description pivotal!



dileptonic

lepton+jets



Most precise theory predictions with  $\sim 5.5\%$ :

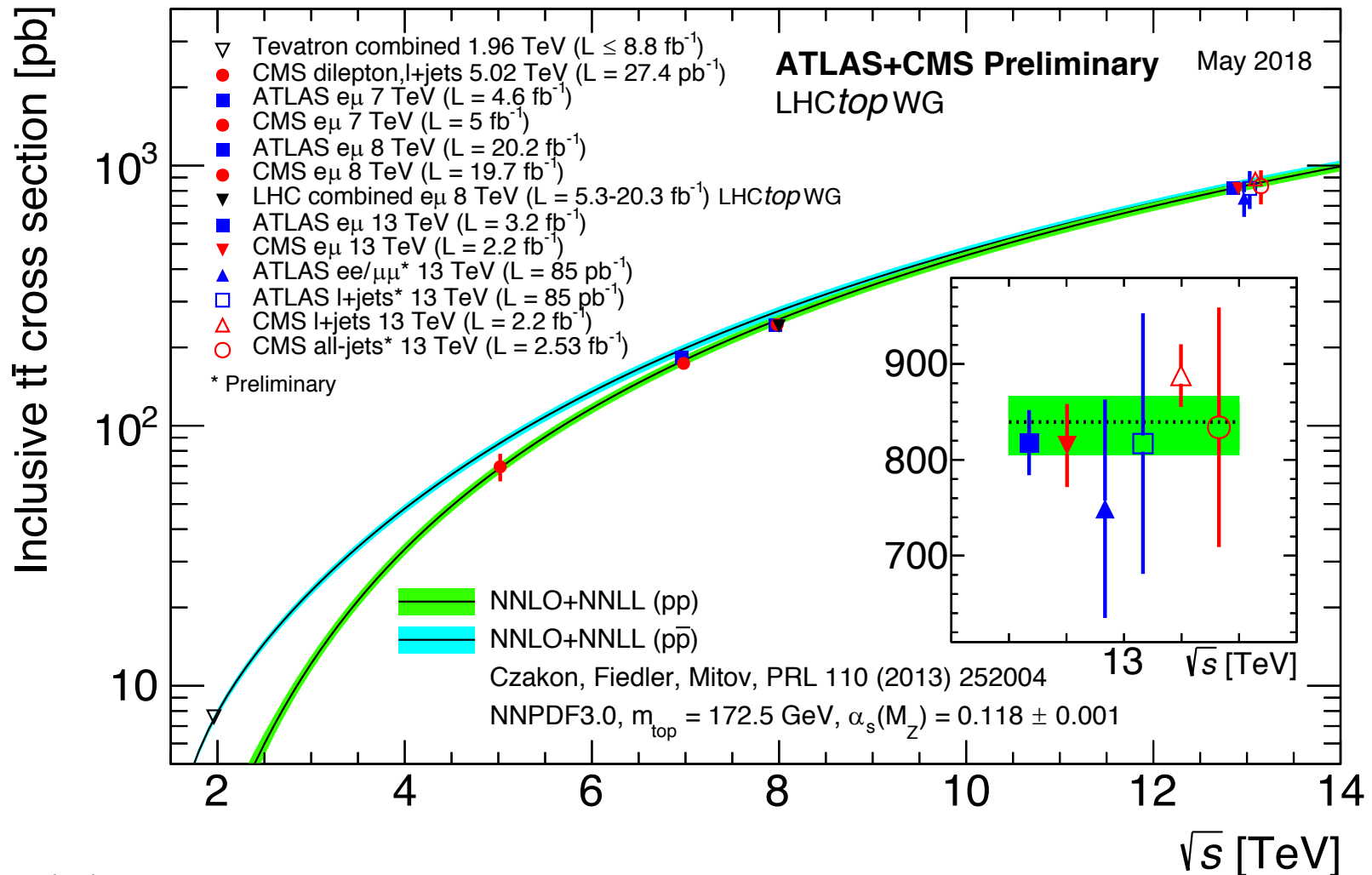
$$\text{at 8 TeV: } \sigma_{t\bar{t}} \approx 250_{-14}^{+13} \text{ pb}$$

$$\text{at 13 TeV: } \sigma_{t\bar{t}} \approx 820_{-45}^{+40} \text{ pb}$$

Main limitations: PDF +  $\alpha_s$  uncertainties

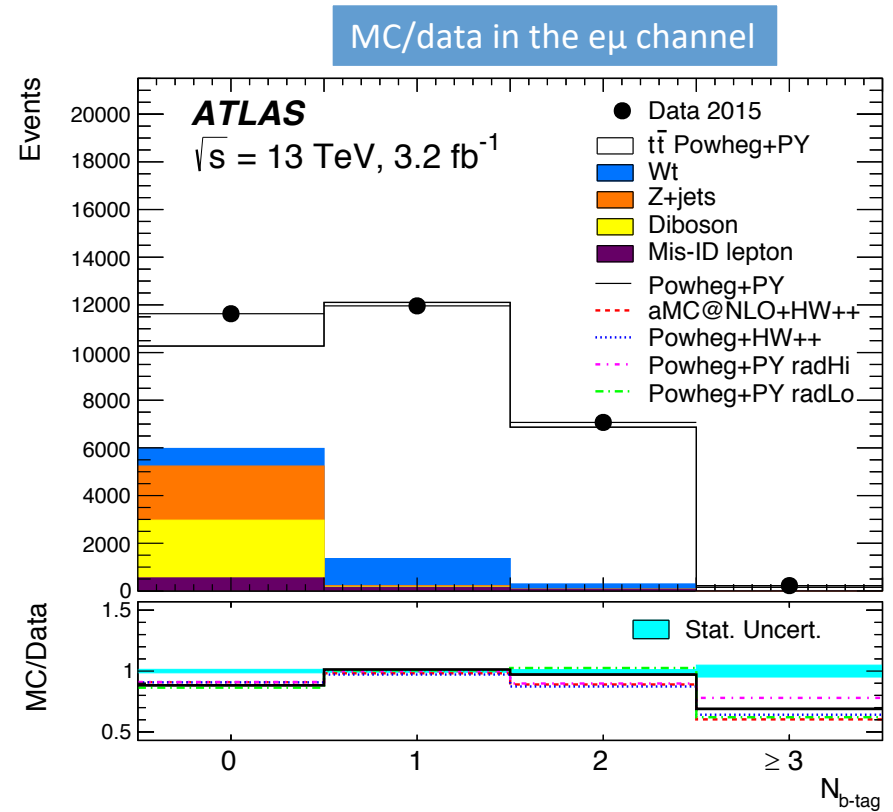
calculated with Top++

# ... and we catch 'em (precisely)



# Inclusive results

- Generally the most precise: dilepton ( $e\mu$ ) channel
  - $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(13 \text{ TeV}) = 818 \pm 8 \text{ (stat)} \pm 27 \text{ (syst)} \pm 19 \text{ (lumi)} \pm 12 \text{ (beam)} \text{ pb}$
  - Relative uncertainty: 4.4% (!)
  - Very little background
  - Low systematic uncertainties
- $l$ +jets: more stats, but also larger systematics
  - Dominantly: jet-related uncertainties, modelling
  - At 8 TeV: 5.7% precision reached

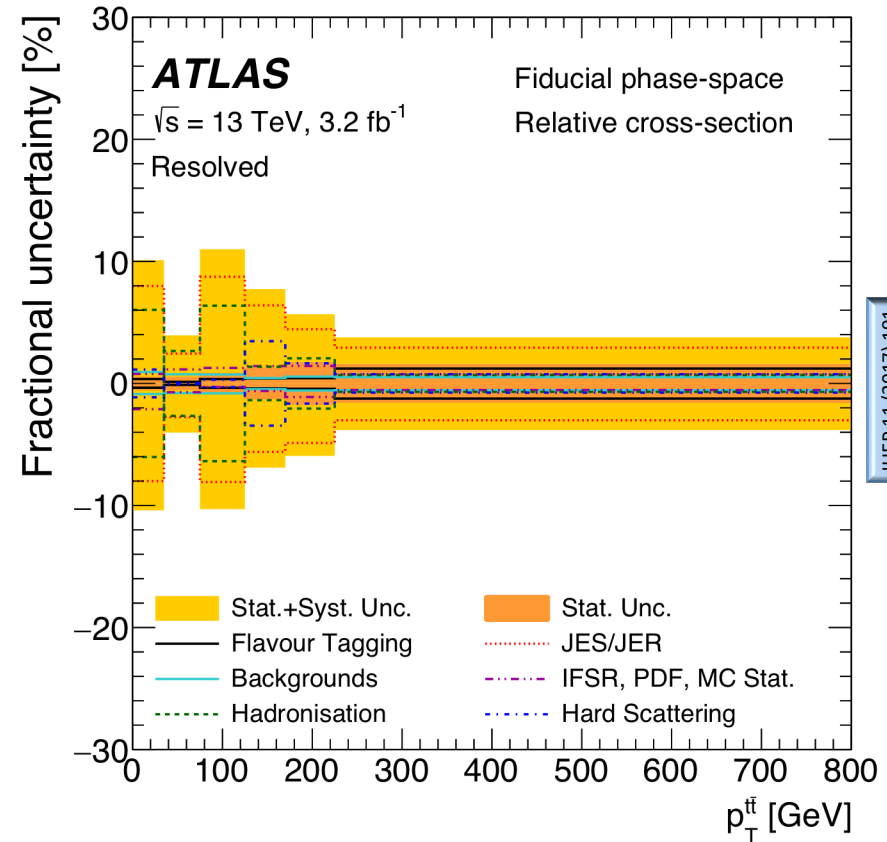


All measurements at 8 and 13 TeV in good agreement with SM predictions!

# And differential?

- Cross-sections unfolded to:
  - Particle level, i.e. stable particles after hadronisation
  - Parton level, i.e. top quarks before decay
- Important constraints on various modelling predictions
- Different channels have different uncertainties, but usually:
  - Limited modelling of  $t\bar{t}$  (ME and PS)
  - Jet energy scale, especially in the boosted topologies
- ATLAS has performed measurements at 7, 8, and 13 TeV with various final states

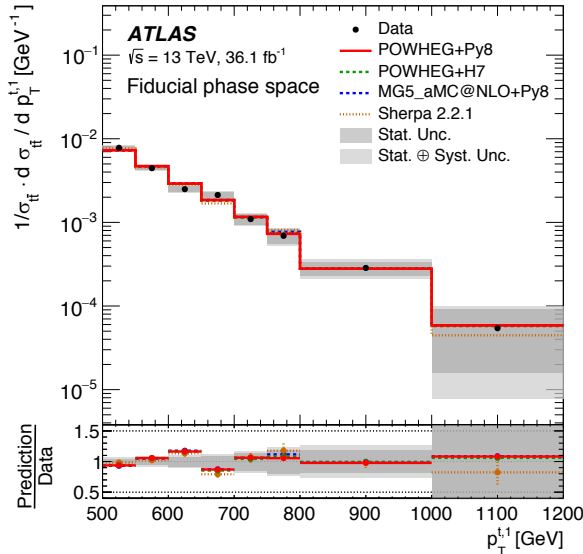
Dominant uncertainties  
in l+jets (resolved) unfolding



# Unfolded top $p_T$

- Predicted  $p_T^t$  spectra harder than observed
- Different trends also among predictions
- Uncertainties generally dominated by modelling (ME and showering), jet energy resolution

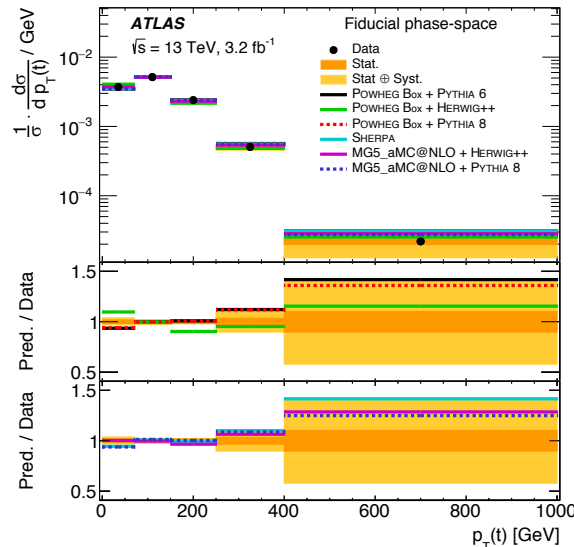
All-hadr. boosted



27/08/2018

Phys. Rev. D 98 (2018) 012003

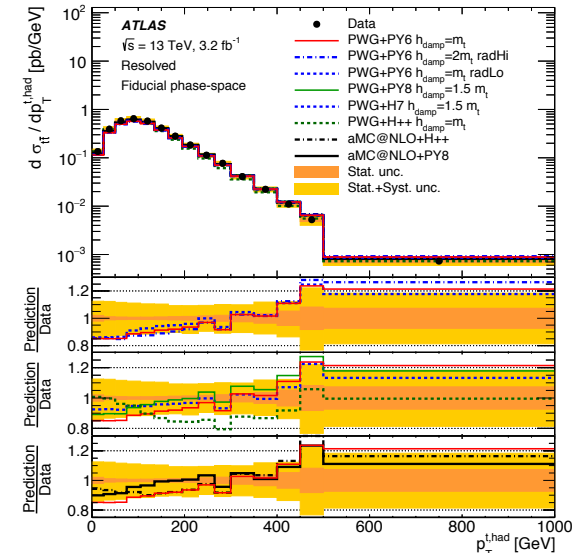
$e\mu$  channel



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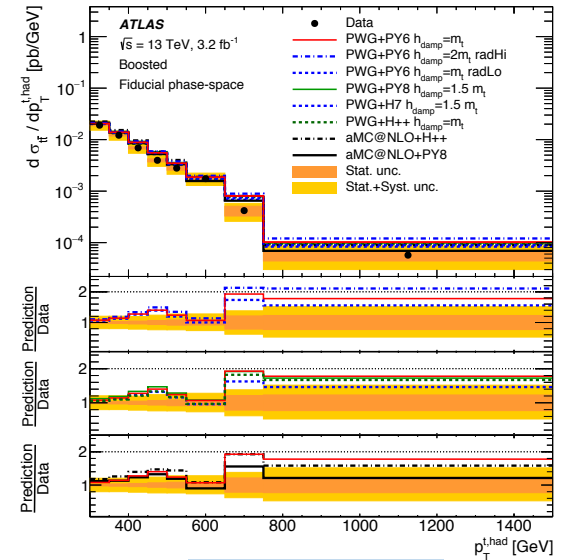
$l+jets$  resolved



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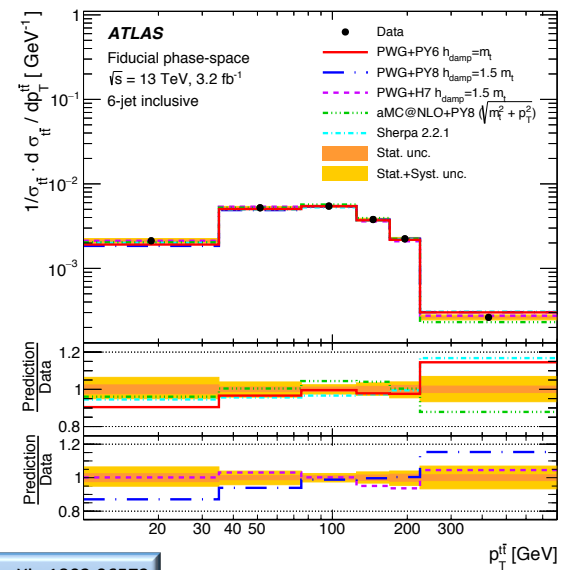
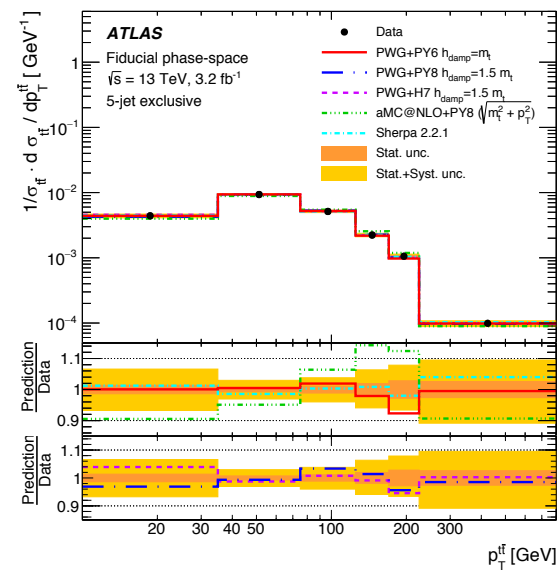
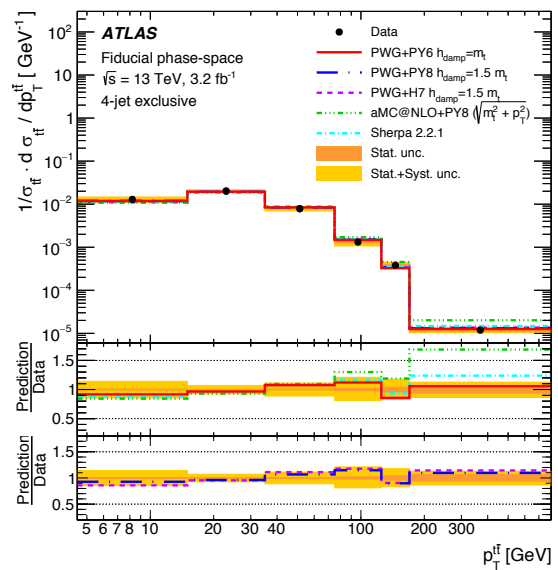
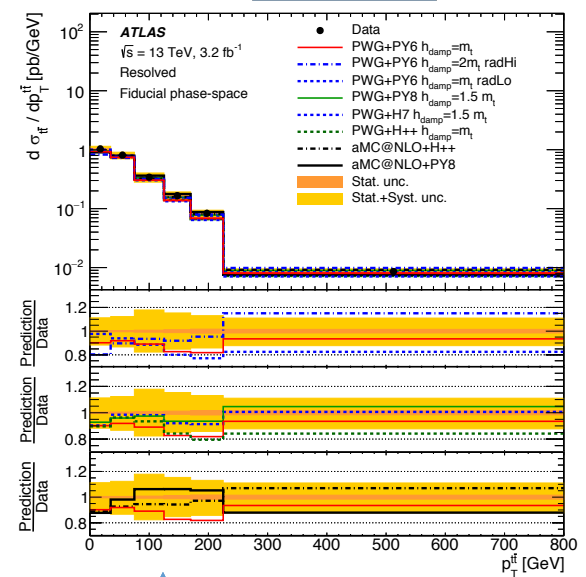
$l+jets$  boosted





# Unfolded in Njets

- Split-up in jet multiplicity with separate unfolding
- Reveals previously unseen discrepancies
- Several predictions disfavoured in  $p_T^{t\bar{t}}$  for high jet multiplicities (6incl)

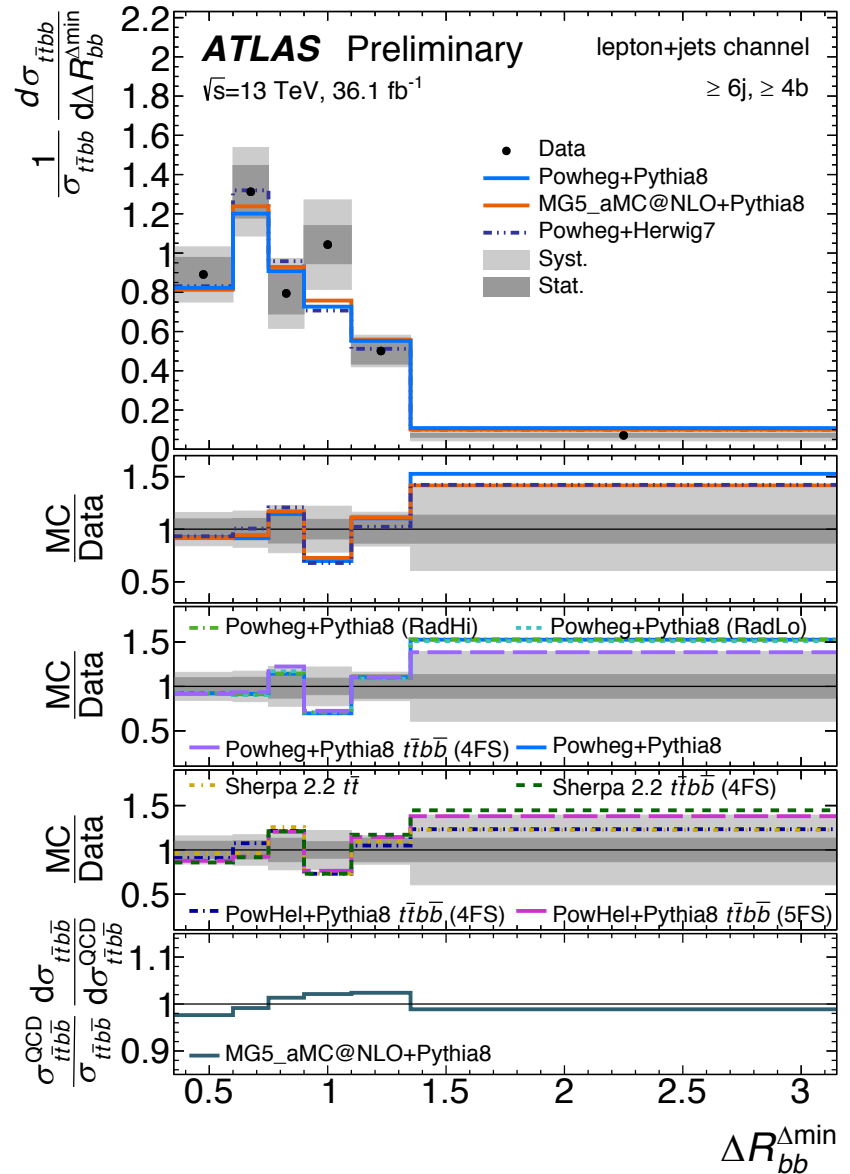


arXiv:1802.06572

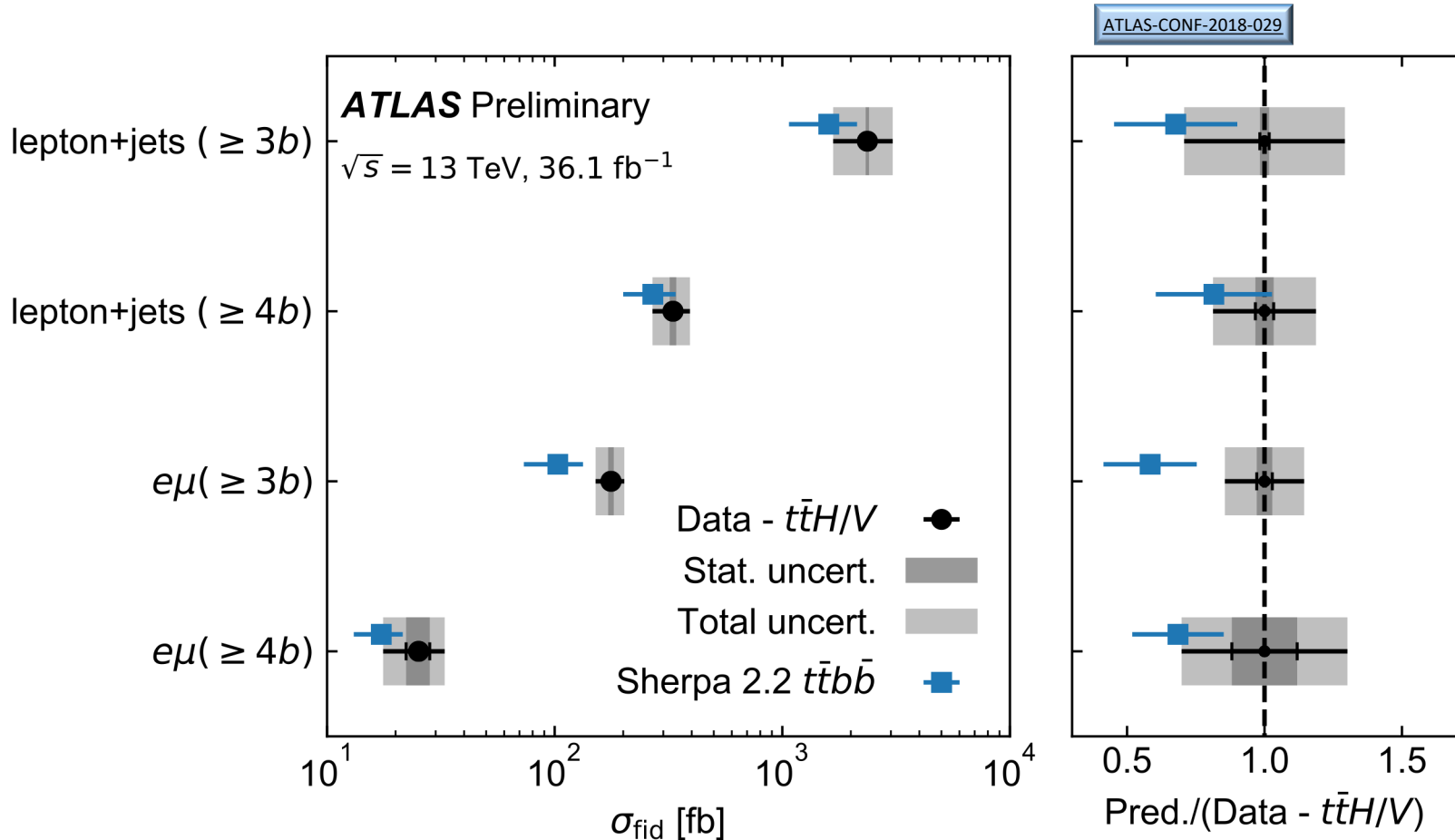
# $t\bar{t}$ with heavy-flavour jets

- Stringent test of QCD calculations, due to non-zero b-quark mass
- Major background for ttH ( $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ )
- Measurements = valuable input for MC tuning

- Disagreements in combined variables (e.g. in  $\Delta R_{bb}^{\Delta min}$  of l+jets)
- Overall best description: Sherpa 2.2 (next talk!)



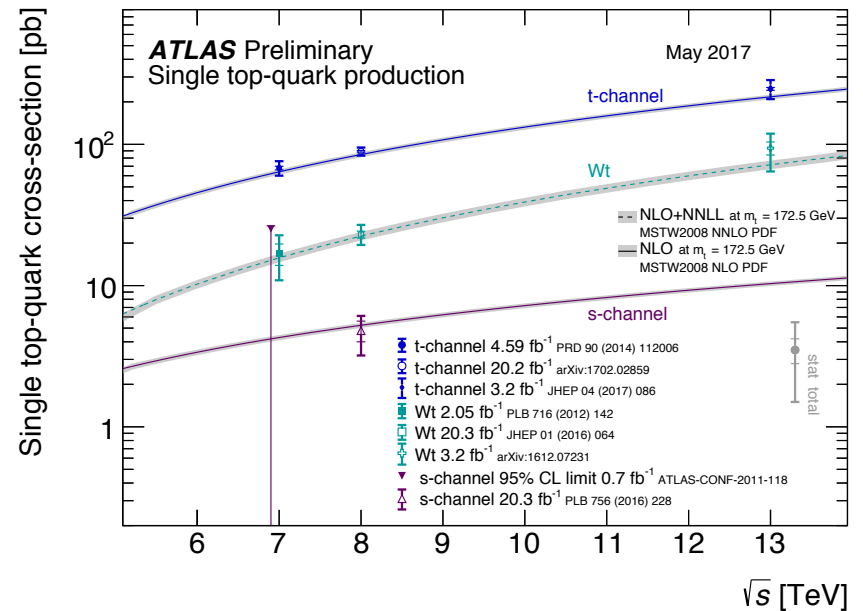
# $t\bar{t}$ with heavy-flavour jets (2)



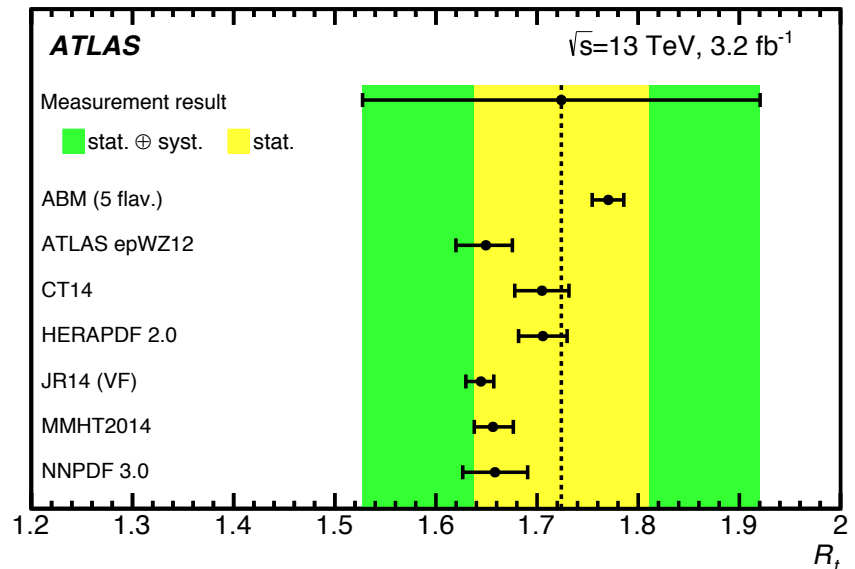
# Single-top production

# Overview

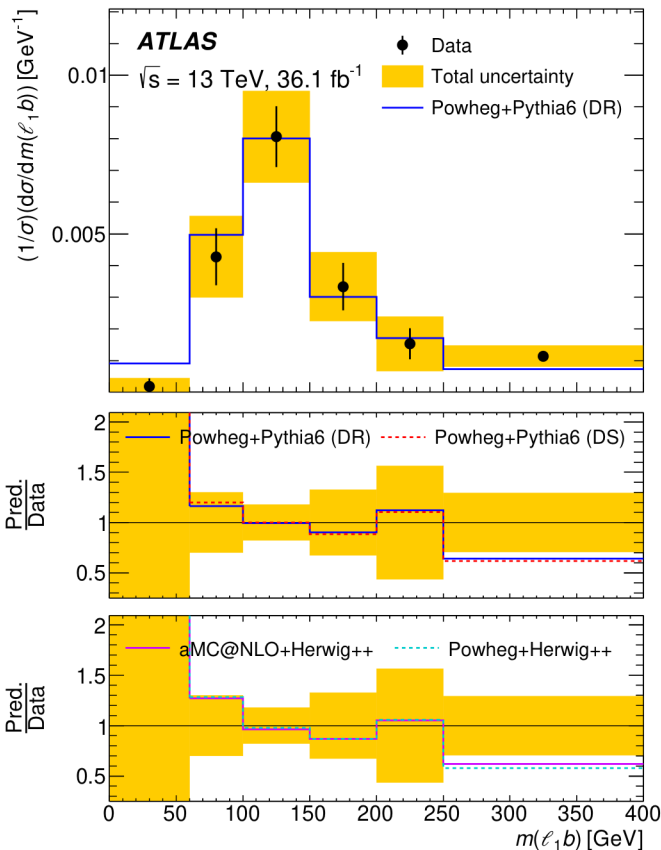
- Single-top production?
  - Possibility to constrain PDFs
  - Possibility to tune generators
  - Tests of CKM matrix unitarity
  - Sensitivity to BSM in the  $Wtb$  vertex
- Three channels: s, t, and associated with W (tW)
  - Various precision measurements in tW and t-channel
  - Evidence for s-channel at 8 TeV, and tqZ at 13 TeV



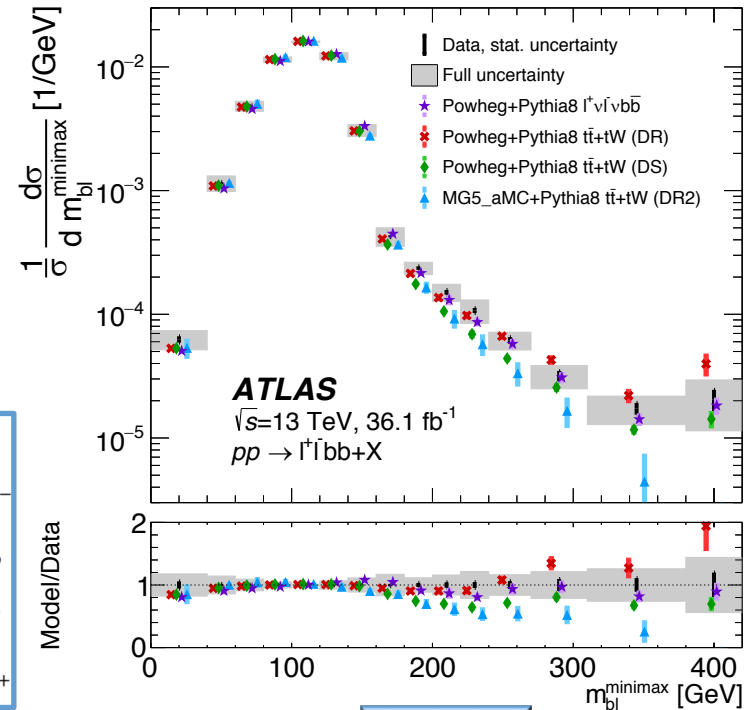
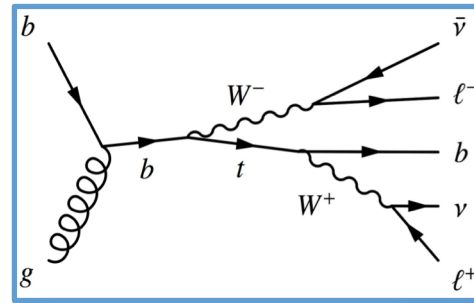
Comparison to different PDFs  
in  $R_t = \sigma(tq)/\sigma(\bar{t}q)$



# Probing $Wtb$ in $tW$ production



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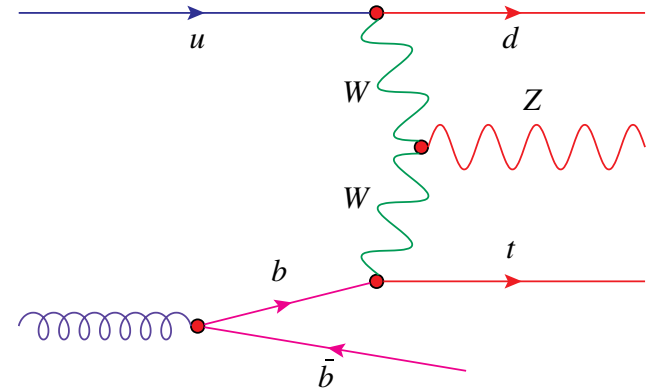


arXiv:1806.04667

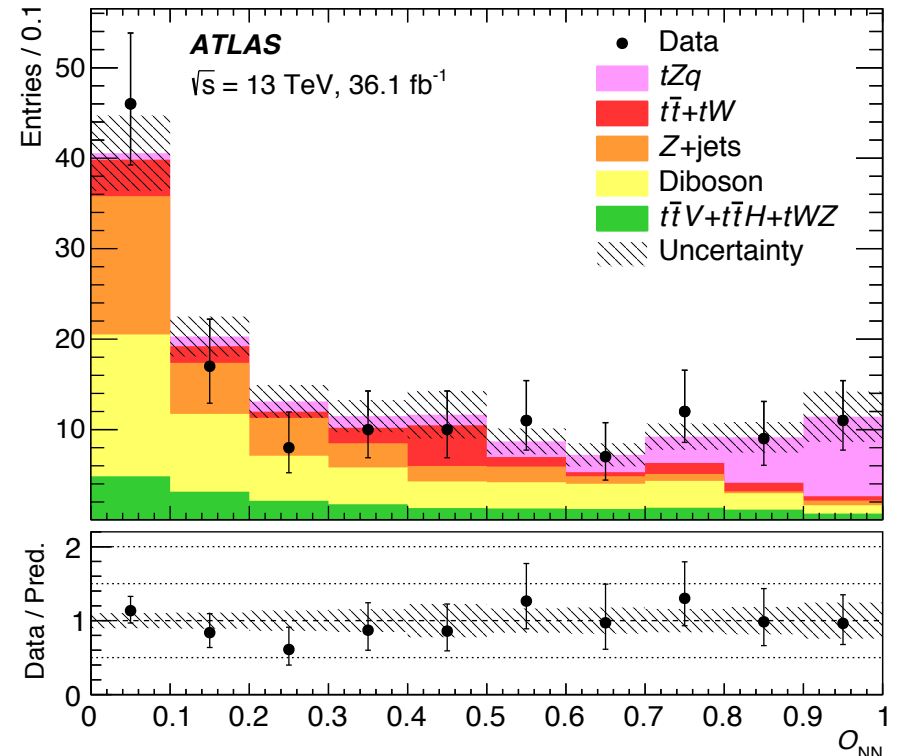
- Strong interference between  $tW$  and  $t\bar{t}$ :
  - Predictions use diagram removal (DR)
  - Large uncertainties estimated with diagram subtraction (DS) scheme
- Recent measurement sensitive to interference terms in  $m_{bl}^{minimax}$
- Good agreement with four-flavour scheme Powheg+Pythia8  $l^\pm \nu l^\pm \bar{\nu} b b$

# Evidence for tZ

- Rare SM process ( $\sigma \approx 800$  fb)
  - Sensitive to tZ and WWZ coupling
  - Background to tH and FCNC
- Tripletonic channel
- Neural network to maximise separation between signal and BG
- Binned likelihood fit of NN output
- $\sigma = 600 \pm 170$  (stat)  $\pm 140$  (syst) fb
- Observed (expected) significance for signal+BG of 4.2 (5.4)



Phys. Lett. B 780 (2018) 557

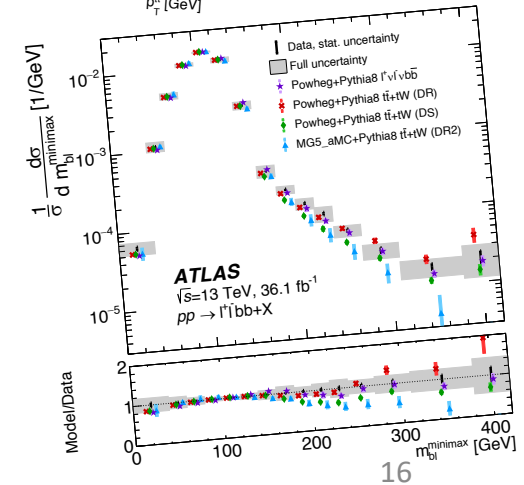
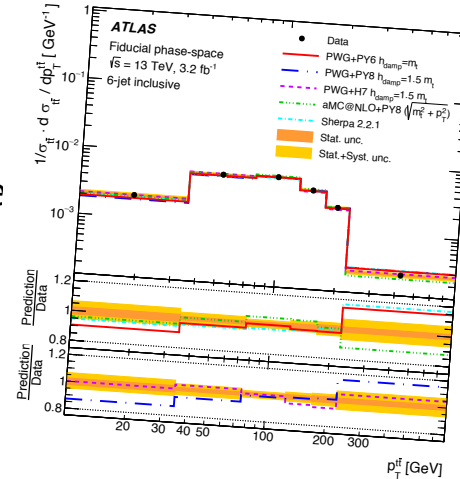
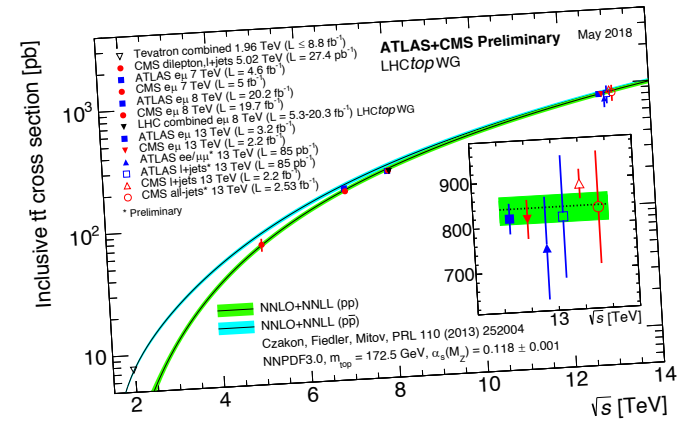


# Summary



- ATLAS has a rich programme in top physics\*
- Inclusive cross-section measurements:
  - Have reached same precision as modelling
  - Constrain BSM theories in the top-quark regime
- Differential measurements:
  - Unfolded to particle or parton level
  - Reveal modelling limitations, e.g. in  $p_T^t$
  - Important input for generator tuning
- Single-top measurements:
  - Precision measurements in t-channel and tW
  - Evidence for tZ production (and for the s-channel at 8 TeV)

\*Top quark properties talk tomorrow afternoon in the "Heavy Quarks" session!

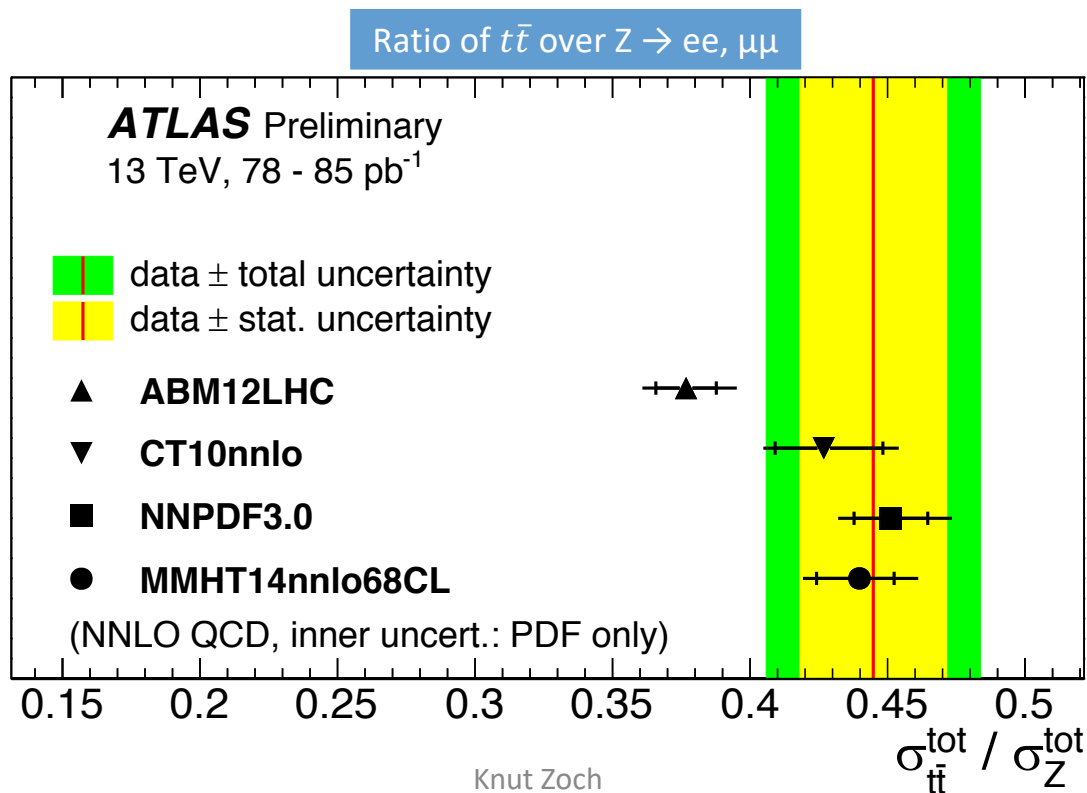




# Backup

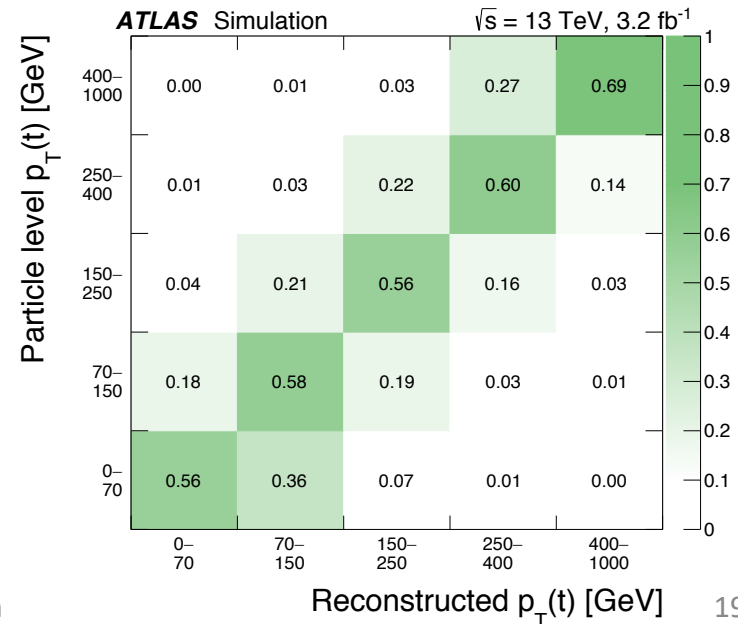
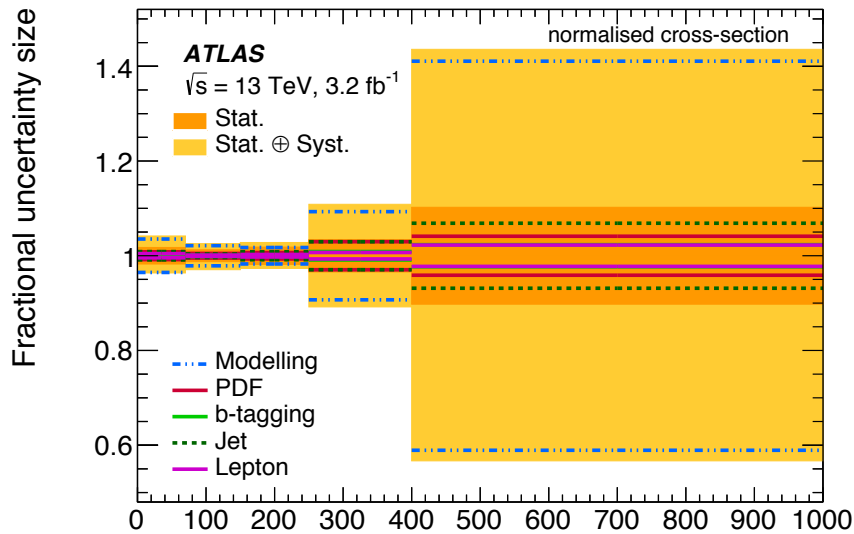
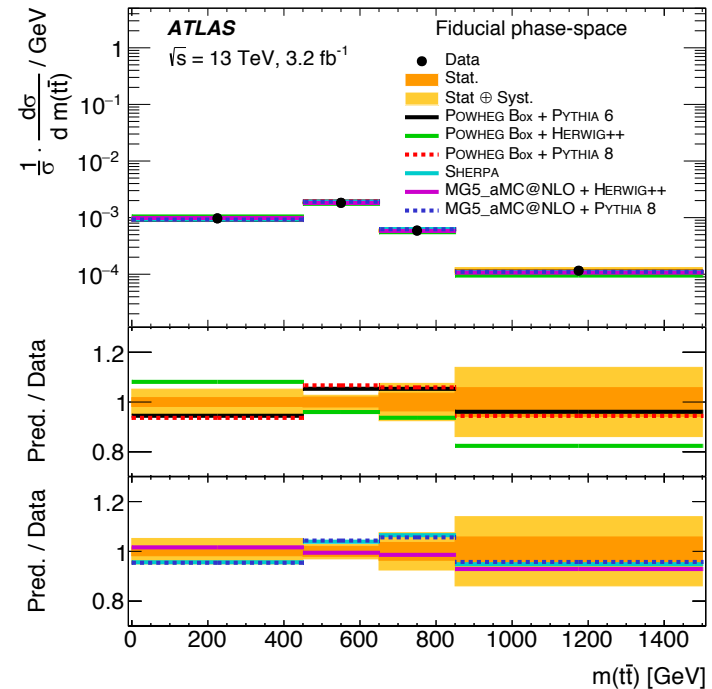
# ATLAS-CONF-2015-049

- Preliminary results at 13 TeV, using only 85/pb of data
  - Measured in both in l+jets and eμ channels
  - $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(13 \text{ TeV, l+jets}) = 817 \pm 13 \text{ (stat)} \pm 103 \text{ (syst)} \pm 88 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$
  - $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}/\sigma(Z \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu)$  cancels many uncertainties



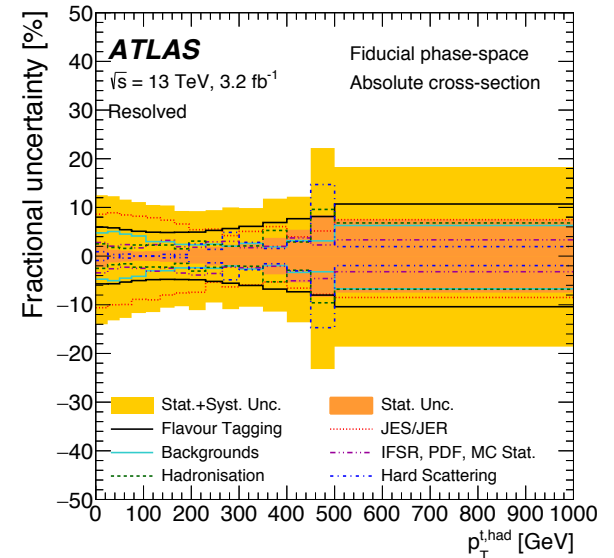
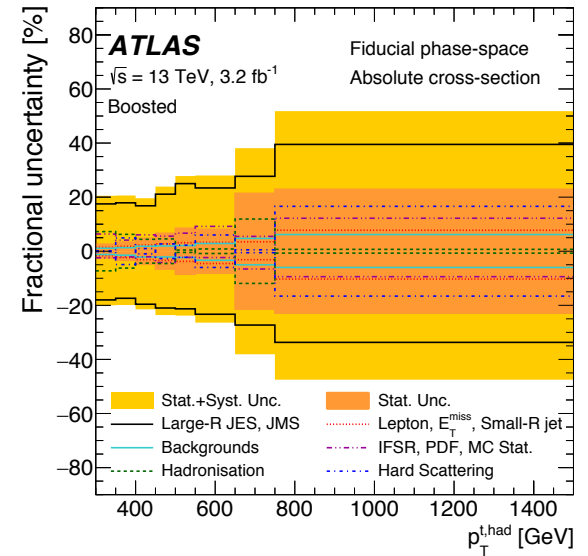
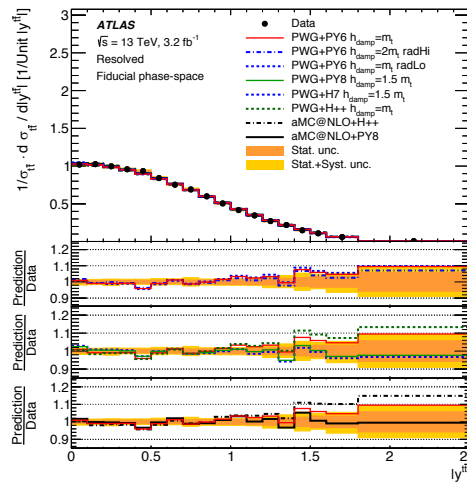
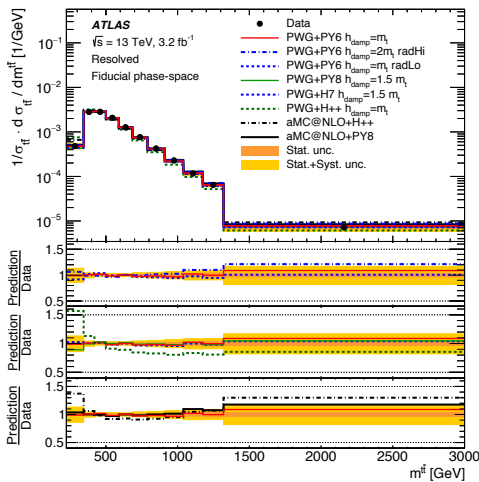
# TOPQ-2016-04

- 13 TeV, 3.2/fb,  $e\mu$  channel
- Selection: two jets, at least one b-tag, no MET requirements
- Reconstruction: neutrino weighting method
- Discrepancies in particular for Powheg-Box + Herwig++ in distributions of  $p_T^{\text{top}}$  and  $m(t\bar{t})$



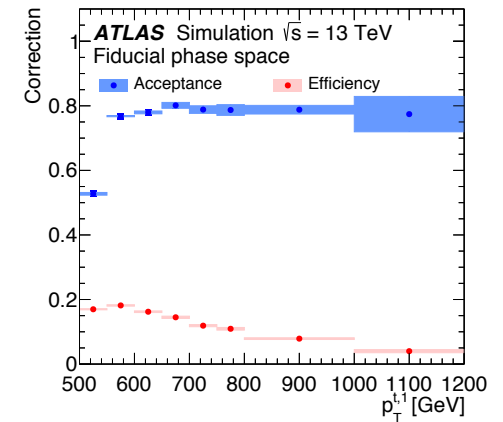
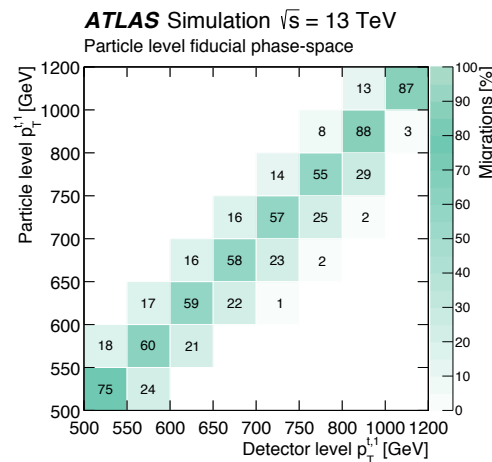
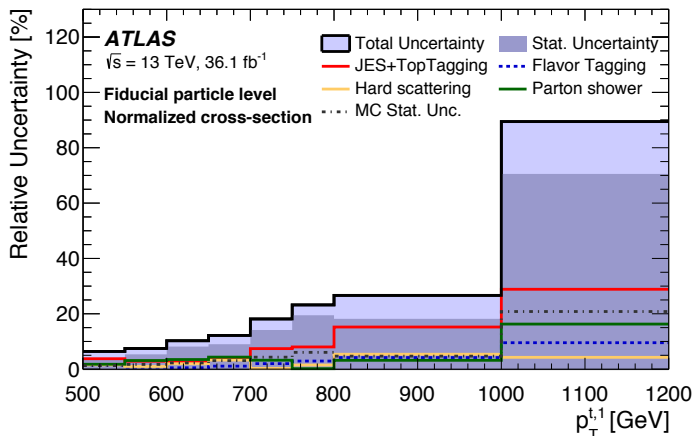
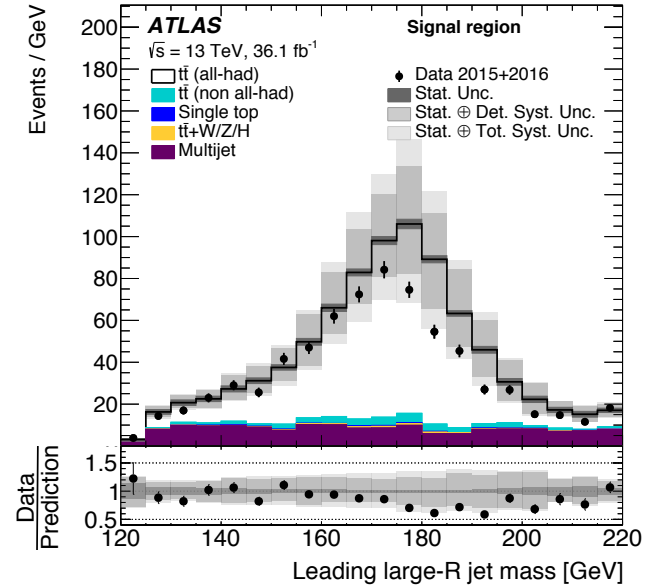
# TOPQ-2016-01

- Resolved: one lepton, at least four small-R jets (0.4), at least 2 b-tags
- Boosted: one lepton, at least one large-R and one small-R jet (1.0, 0.4)
  - Small-R jet close to the lepton ( $\Delta R \leq 2.0$ )
  - Large-R jet top-tagged ( $p_T > 300$  GeV), separated from lepton and jet ( $\Delta R \geq 1.0$ )
  - At least one small-R jet with b-tag (77%): either inside large-R jet, or close to lepton
  - MET  $\geq 20$  GeV, MET + transverse  $m_W \geq 60$  GeV



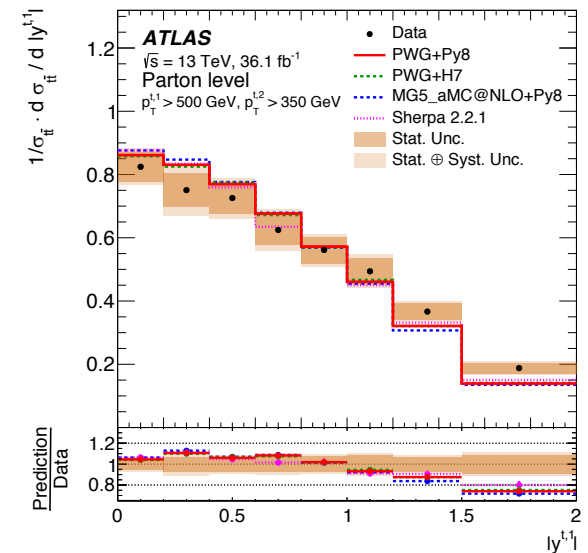
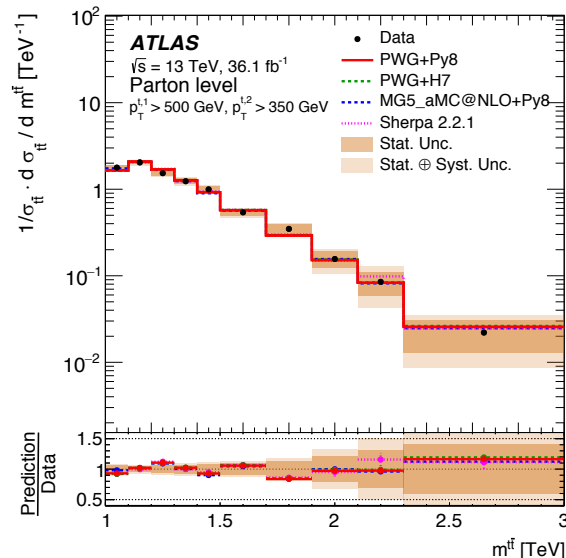
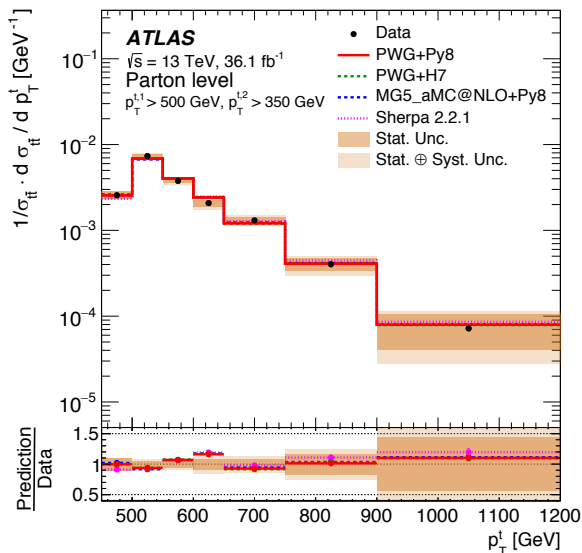
# TOPQ-2016-09

- 13 TeV, 36/fb (2015+16), all-hadronic
- At least two large-R jets (1.0):
  - All required to fulfil  $p_T > 350$  GeV and  $|m_j - m_t| < 50$  GeV
  - At least two of them top-tagged, and both with associated b-jet ( $\Delta R \leq 1.0$ )
  - Leading large-R jet with  $p_T > 500$  GeV
- At least two small-R jets (0.4), at least two of which b-tagged



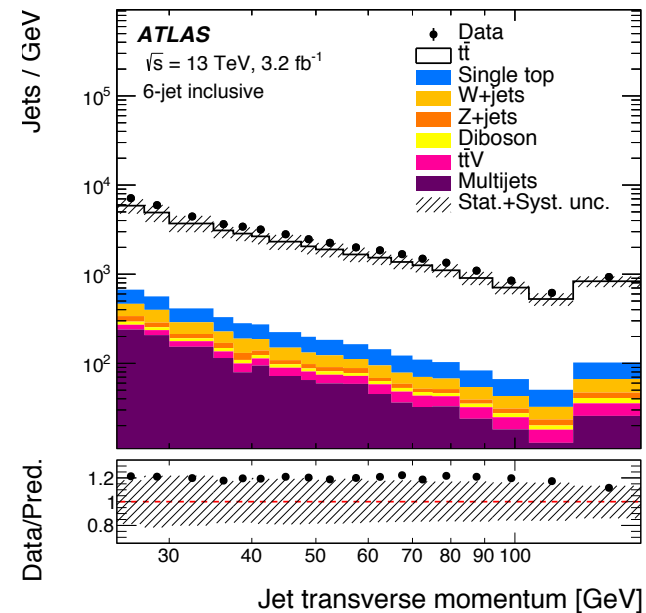
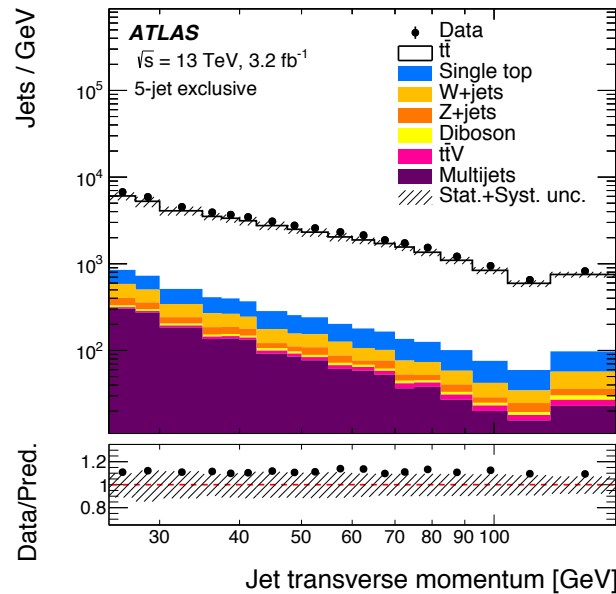
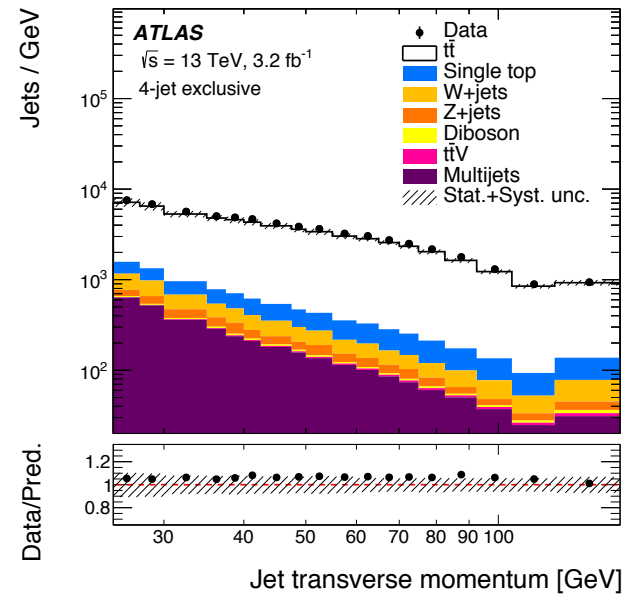
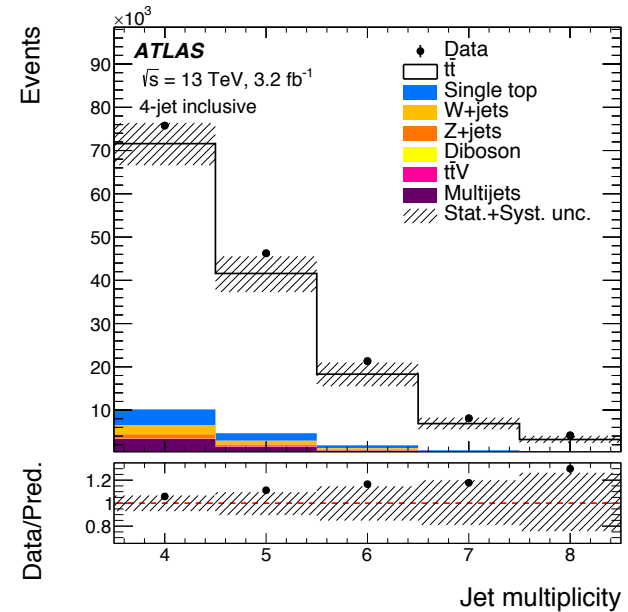
# TOPQ-2016-09 (2)

- Additional unfolding to parton level: two top quarks with  $p_T^{t1} > 500$  GeV and  $p_T^{t2} > 350$  GeV
- Generally a lot more dominated by statistical uncertainties (both in MC and data), due to extrapolation from fiducial phase space
- Discrepancies observed in rapidity distributions (broader in data)



# TOPQ-2017-01

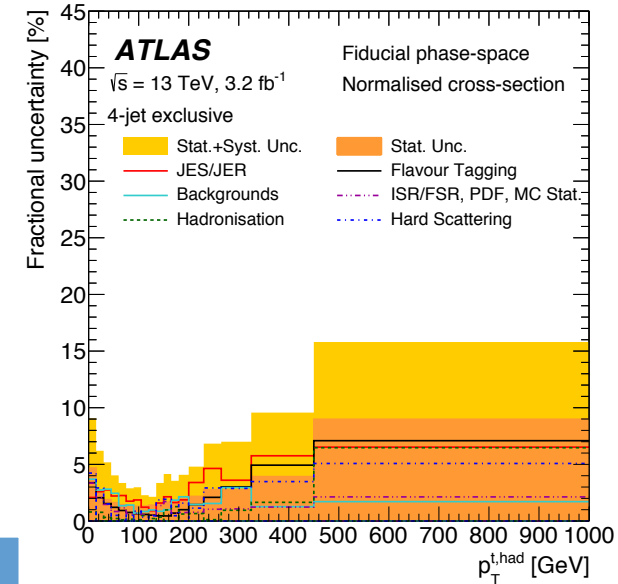
- Submitted to JHEP (pre-print: [1802.06572v1](#))
- 13 TeV, 3.2/fb, l+jets channels
- $|p_{out}^{tt}| = \left| \vec{p}^{t, had} \cdot \frac{\vec{p}^{t, lep} \times \hat{z}}{|\vec{p}^{t, lep} \times \hat{z}|} \right|$
- Exactly one lepton, at least four (two) jets (b-jets)
- Events categorised according to n\_jets



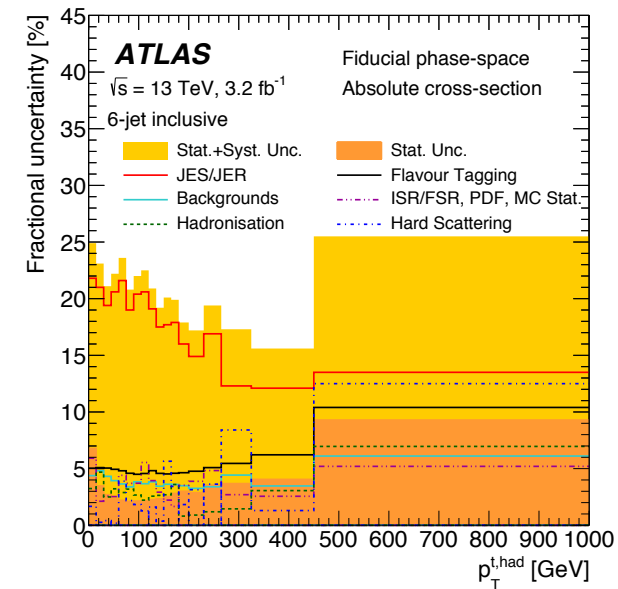
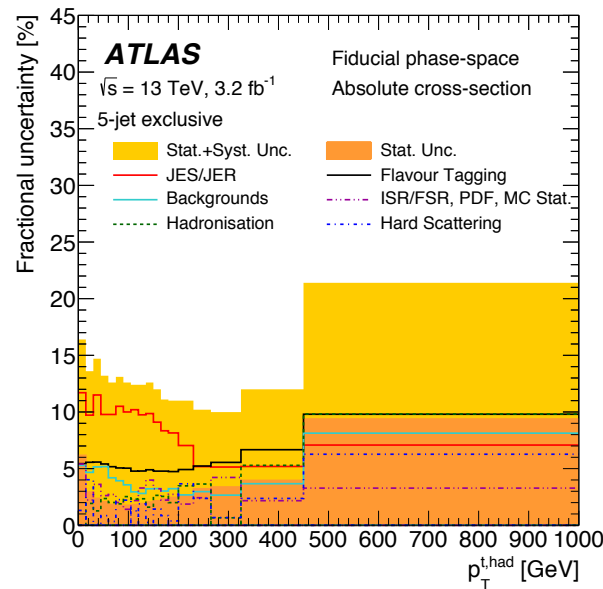
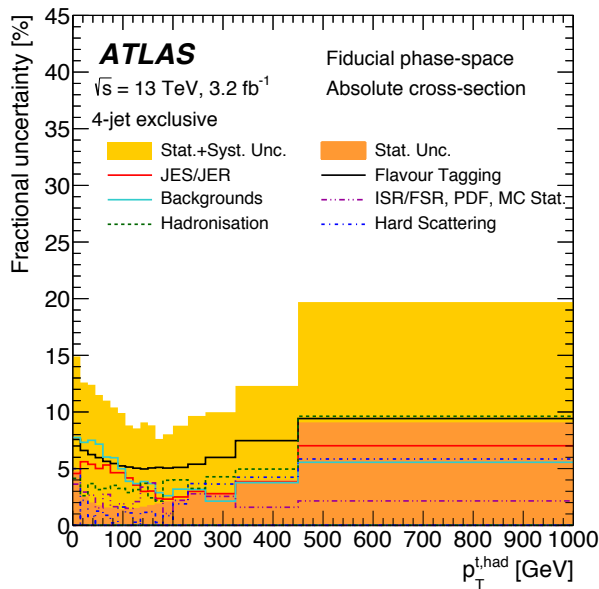
# TOPQ-2017-01 (2)

- Dominant for 6incl: JES (jet energy scale)
- Dominant for 4excl: flavour-tagging
- Total uncertainties reduced for normalised Xsec due to cancellation of correlated uncertainties

## normalised Xsec (4excl)



## absolute Xsec (4excl, 5excl, 6incl)





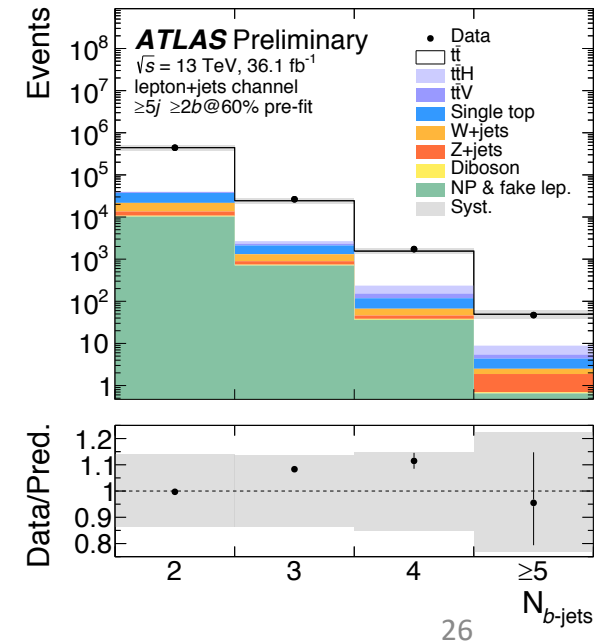
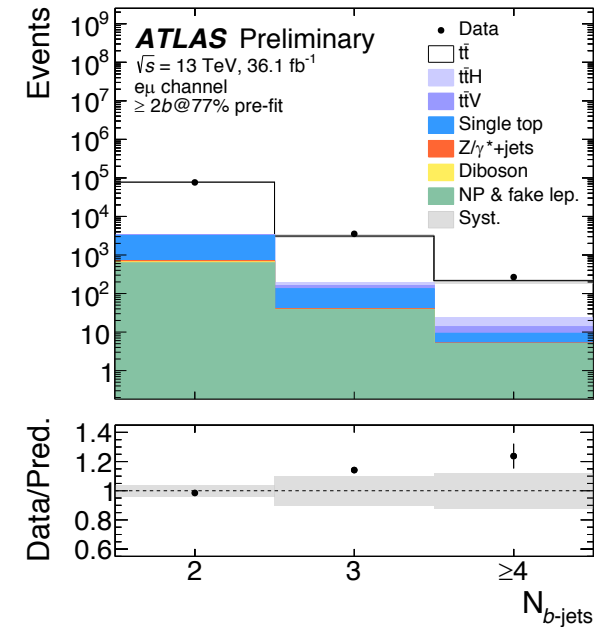
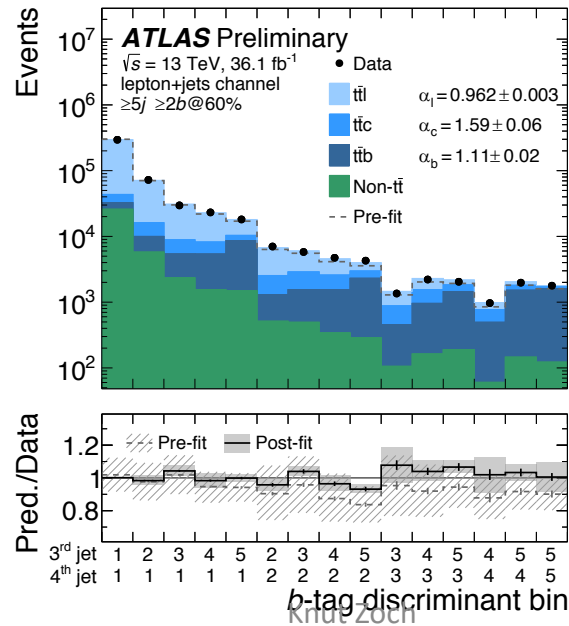
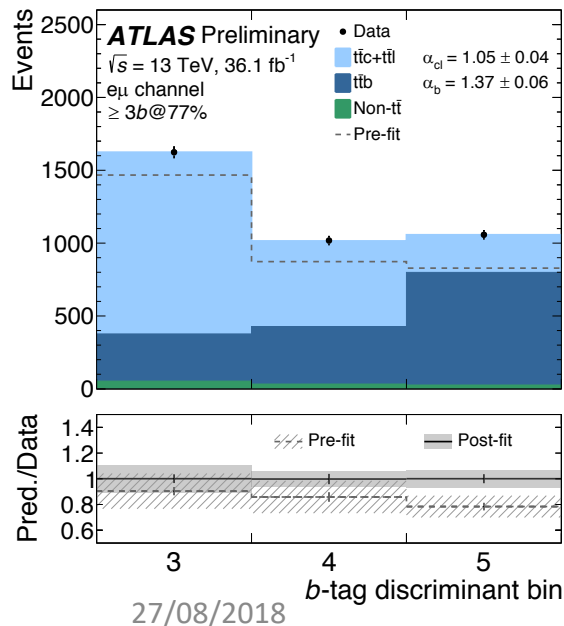
# TOPQ-2017-01 (3)

Table 6: Comparison of the measured fiducial phase space normalised differential cross sections as a function of  $p_T^{t\bar{t}}$  and the predictions from several MC generators in different  $n$ -jet configurations. For each prediction a  $\chi^2$  and a  $p$ -value are calculated using the covariance matrix of the measured spectrum. The number of degrees of freedom (NDF) is equal to the number of bins in the distribution minus one.

	4-jet exclusive		5-jet exclusive		6-jet inclusive	
	$\chi^2$ /NDF	$p$ -value	$\chi^2$ /NDF	$p$ -value	$\chi^2$ /NDF	$p$ -value
POWHEG+PYTHIA6	4.3/5	0.51	3.0/5	0.70	3.9/5	0.56
POWHEG+PYTHIA6 (radHi)	5.2/5	0.40	6.3/5	0.28	9.8/5	0.08
POWHEG+PYTHIA6 (radLo)	6.2/5	0.29	3.5/5	0.62	5.2/5	0.39
POWHEG+PYTHIA8 ( $h_{\text{damp}} = m_t$ )	7.6/5	0.18	4.5/5	0.48	4.7/5	0.46
POWHEG+PYTHIA8 ( $h_{\text{damp}} = 1.5 m_t$ )	5.5/5	0.36	3.9/5	0.57	6.2/5	0.28
POWHEG+PYTHIA8 (radHi) ( $h_{\text{damp}} = 3 m_t$ )	6.5/5	0.26	4.0/5	0.55	10.5/5	0.06
POWHEG+PYTHIA8 (radLo) ( $h_{\text{damp}} = 1.5 m_t$ )	5.2/5	0.39	5.6/5	0.35	7.6/5	0.18
POWHEG+HERWIG7	10.5/5	0.06	5.1/5	0.41	3.1/5	0.68
POWHEG+HERWIG++	18.6/5	<0.01	16.2/5	<0.01	19.4/5	<0.01
MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO+HERWIG++	12.8/5	0.03	10.0/5	0.07	9.3/5	0.10
MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO+PYTHIA8 ( $H_T/2$ )	26.8/5	<0.01	10.2/5	0.07	8.2/5	0.14
MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO+PYTHIA8 ( $\sqrt{m_t^2 + p_T^2}$ )	17.3/5	<0.01	10.0/5	0.07	7.8/5	0.17
SHERPA 2.2.1	7.5/5	0.19	1.7/5	0.89	2.2/5	0.82

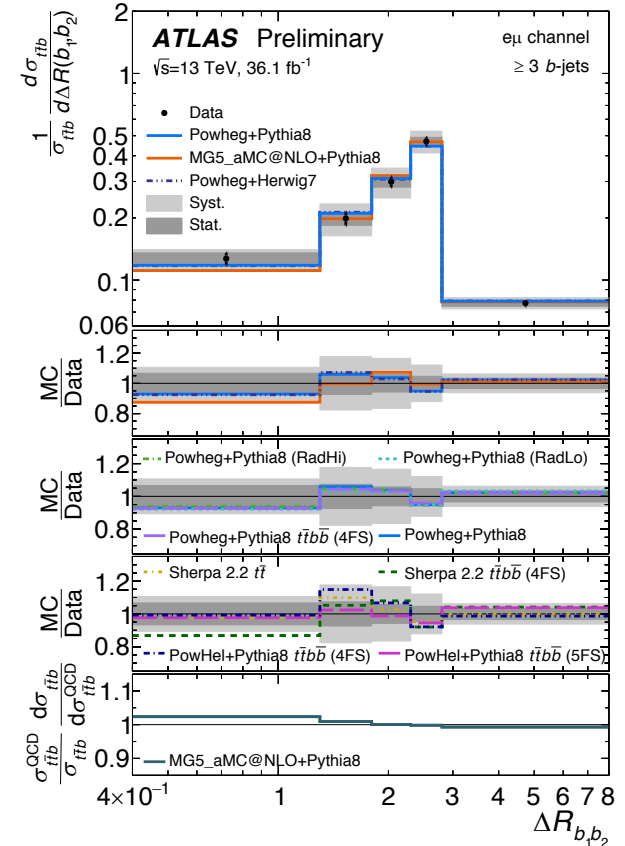
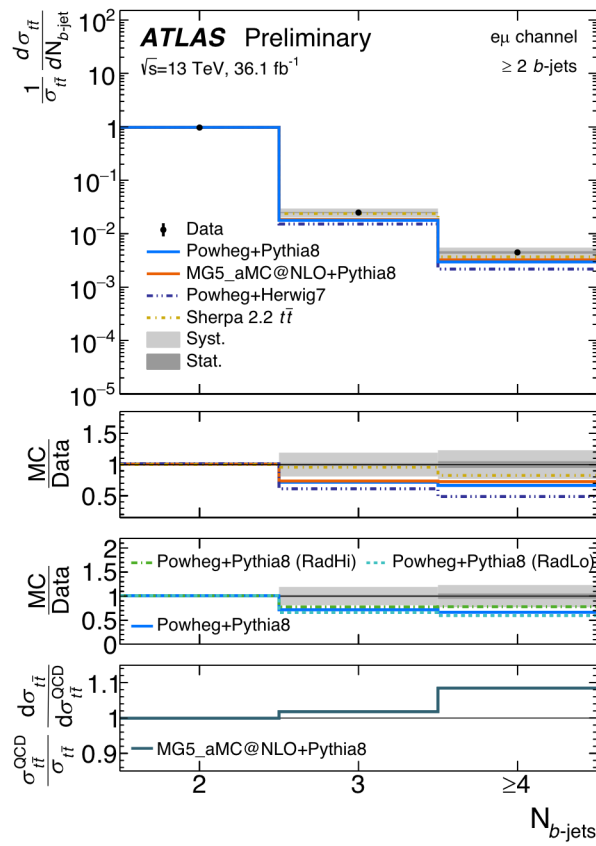
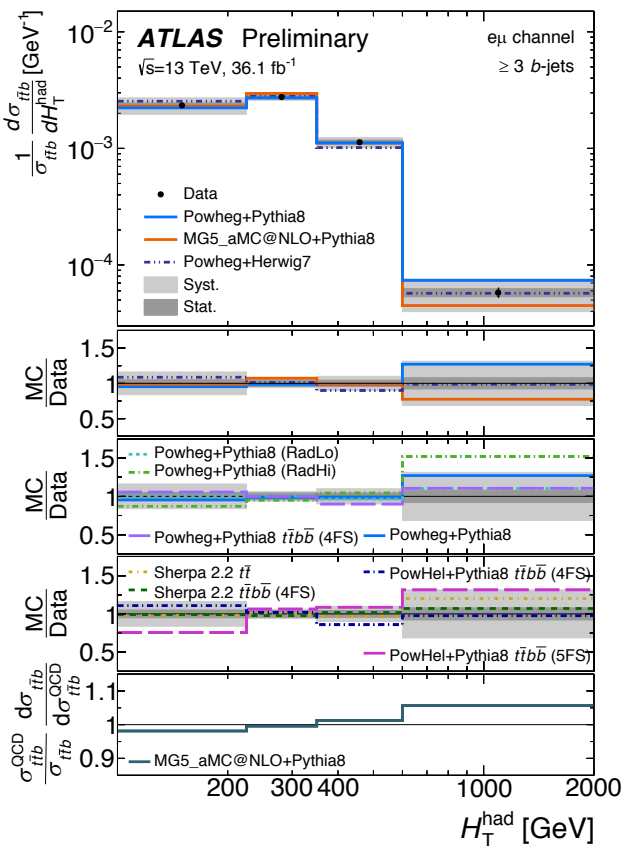
# ATLAS-CONF-2018-029

- 13 TeV, 36.1/fb (2015+16)
- $e\mu$ : exactly one each, opposite charge, at least one trigger-matched, at least two jets with at least two b-tags (@77%)
- l+jets: exactly one lepton, trigger-matched, at least five jets with at least two b-tagged (@60%)
- Data-driven correction factors for flavour composition
- Templates for different b-tag discriminant bins (corresponding to efficiency ranges)



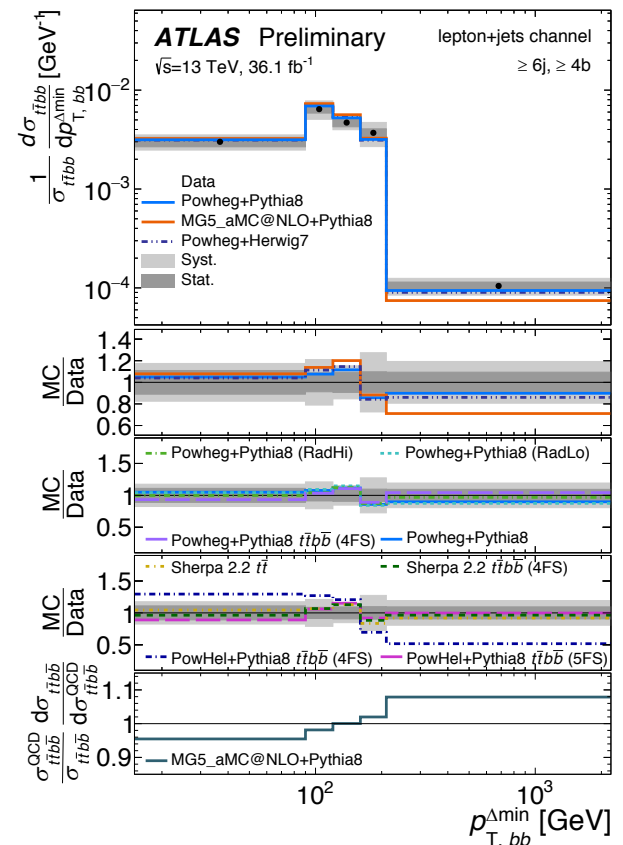
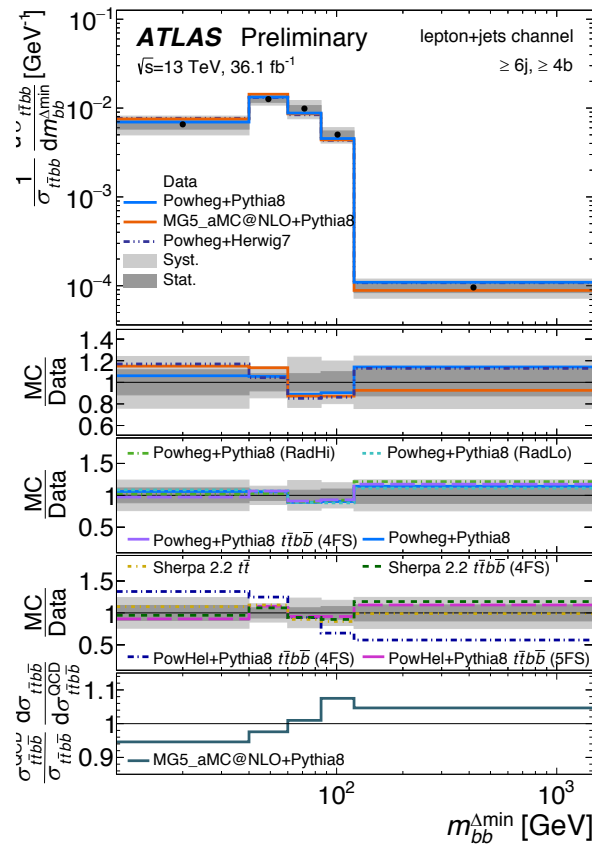
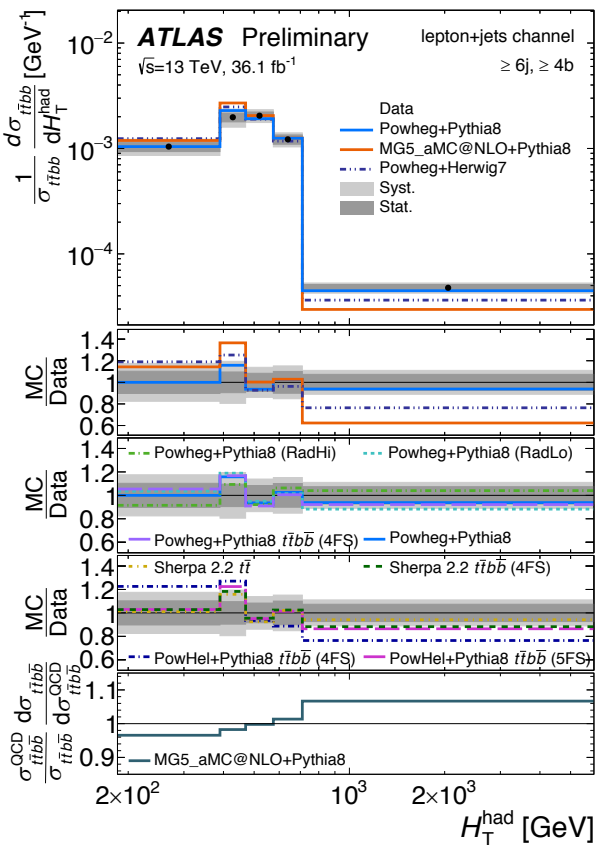
# ATLAS-CONF-2018-029 (2)

## $e\mu$ channel distributions



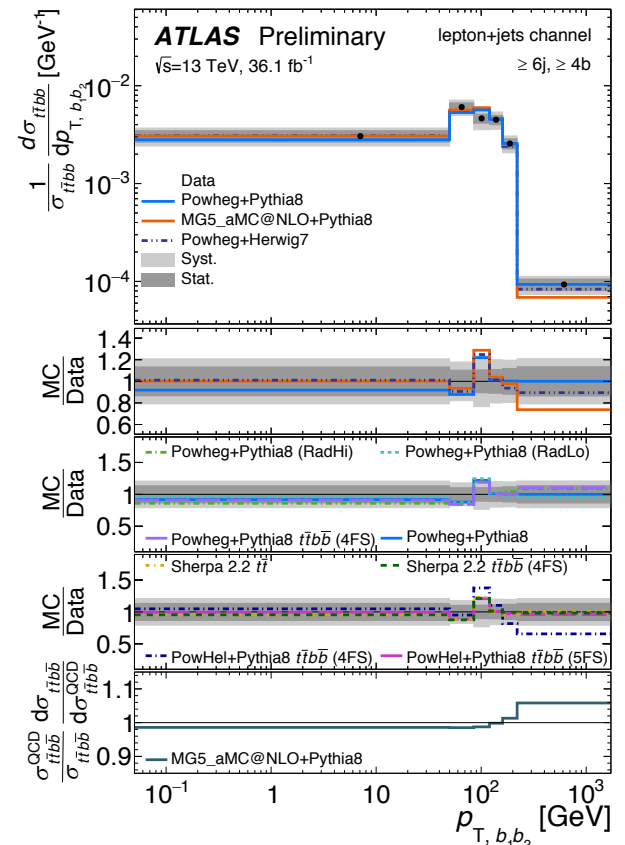
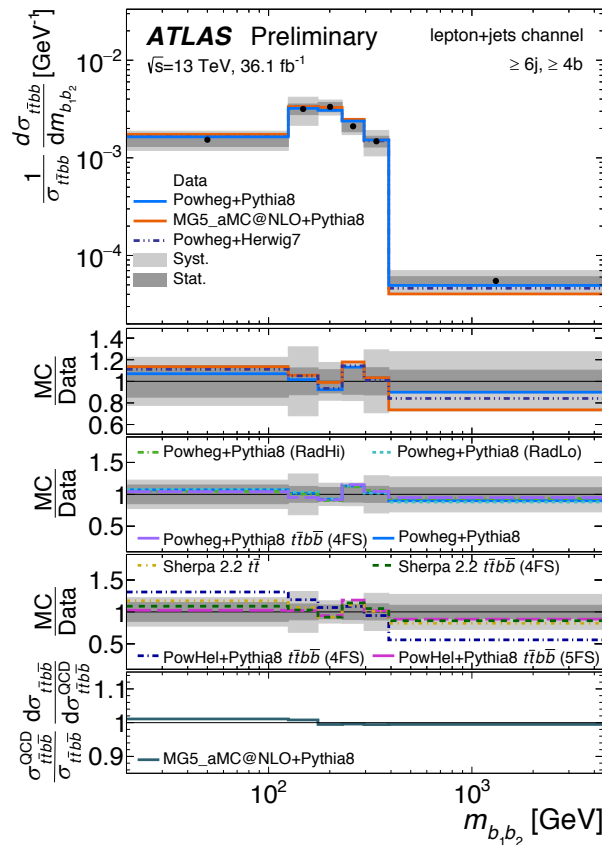
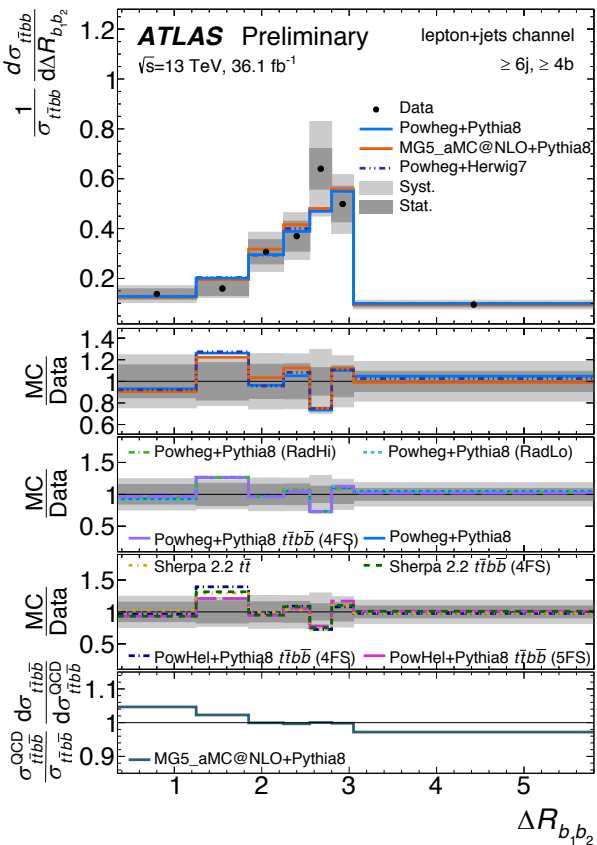
# ATLAS-CONF-2018-029 (3)

## +jets channel distributions



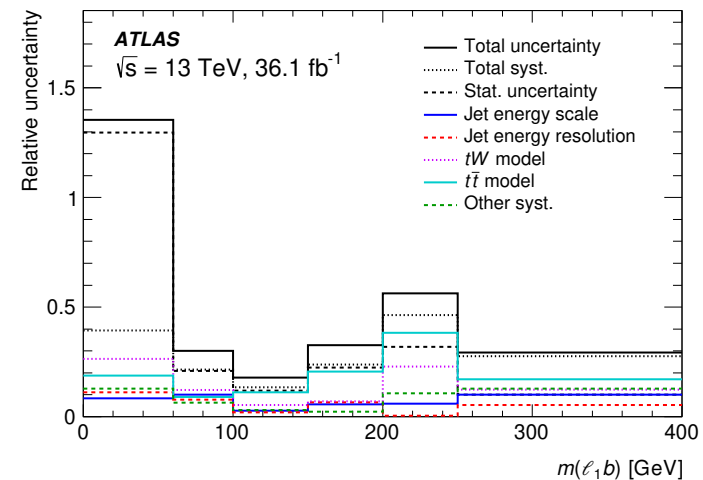
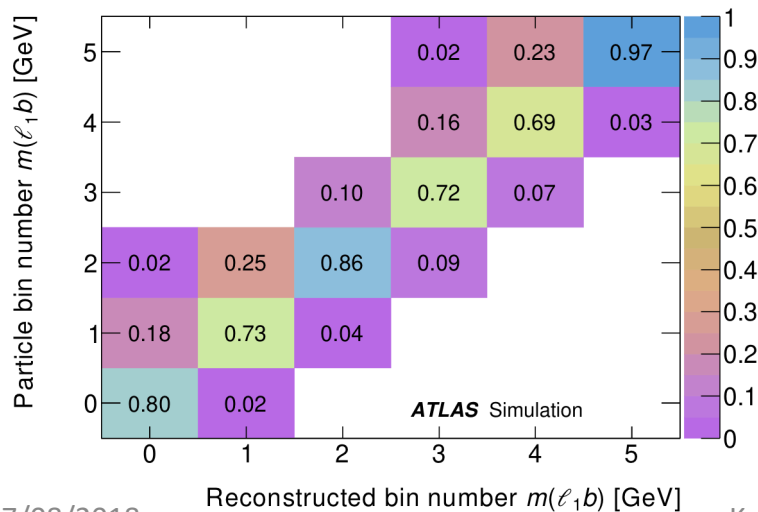
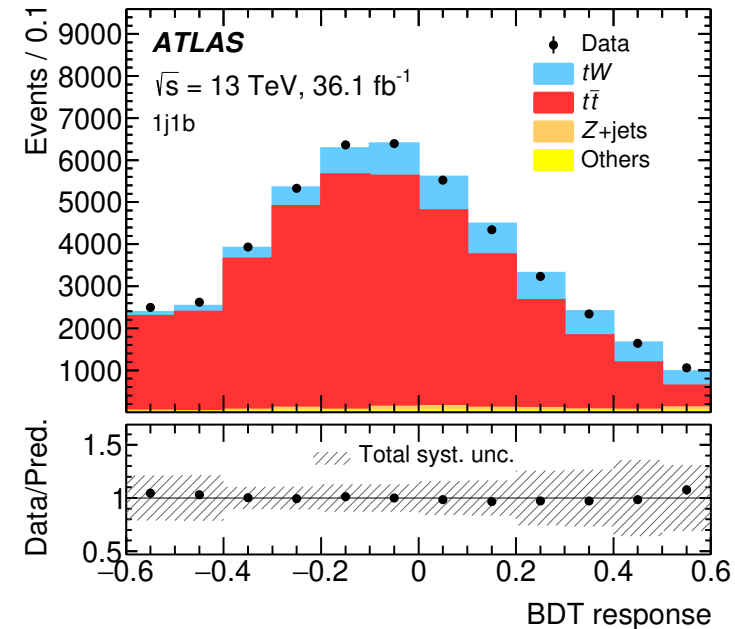
# ATLAS-CONF-2018-029 (4)

## +jets channel distributions



# TOPQ-2016-12

- 13 TeV, 36/fb,  $Wt$  production
- Exactly one jet with b-tag (77%), lepton pair with opposite charge, complex requirements on MET and  $m_{ll}$  to reduce  $t\bar{t}$  and Z+jets backgrounds
- Cut on BDT response  $> 0.3$  to further reduce  $t\bar{t}$  contamination

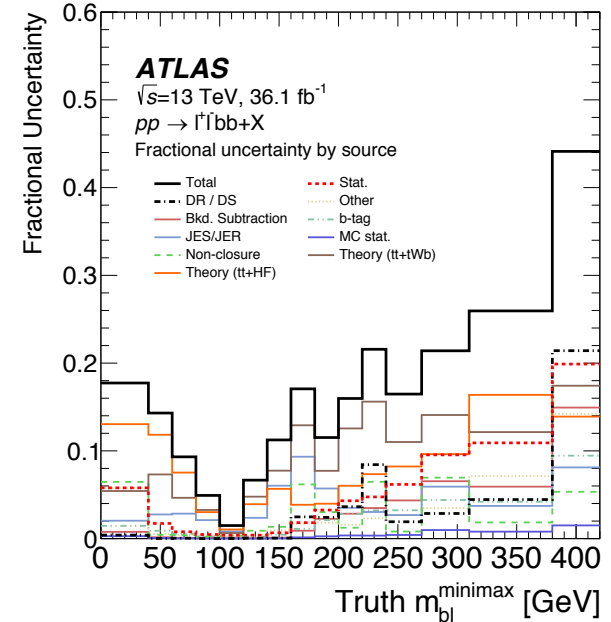
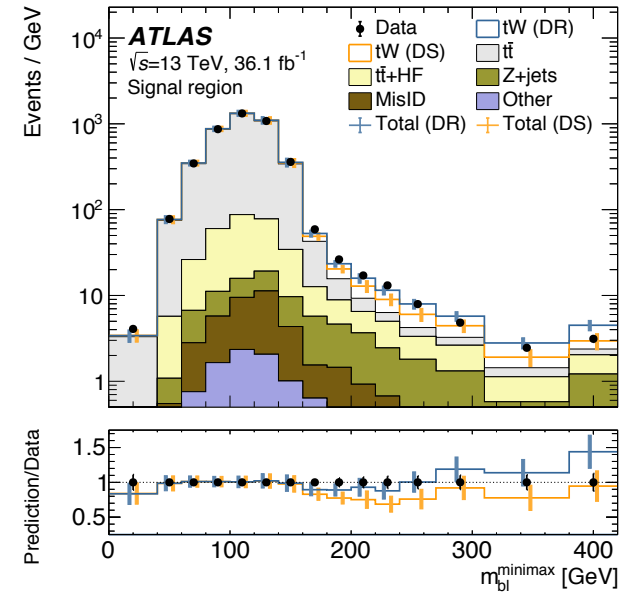


# TOPQ-2017-05

- 13 TeV, 36/fb,  $Wt + t\bar{t}$  interference
- Lepton pair with opposite charge, exactly two b-tagged jets (@60%), no other b-jets passing 85%
- Dominant:  $t\bar{t} + \text{HF}$ , SFs extrapolated from data (3b region)
- $m_{bl}^{\text{minimax}} = \min\{\max(m_{b1l1}, m_{b2l2}), \max(m_{b1l2}, m_{b2l1})\}$
- At leading order, doubly-resonant  $t\bar{t}$  suppressed due to:

$$m_b^{\text{minimax}} < \sqrt{m_t^2 - m_W^2}$$

Model	Full Distribution		$m_{bl}^{\text{minimax}} > 160 \text{ GeV}$	
	$\chi^2 / \text{nDOF}$	$p$ -value	$\chi^2 / \text{nDOF}$	$p$ -value
Powheg+Pythia8 $t\bar{t} + tW$ (DR)	10 / 14	0.71	8.5 / 8	0.40
Powheg+Pythia8 $t\bar{t} + tW$ (DS)	10 / 14	0.77	6.6 / 8	0.56
Powheg+Pythia8 $\ell^+ \nu \ell^- \nu bb$	5.9 / 14	0.92	2.0 / 8	0.95
MG5_aMC+Pythia8 $t\bar{t} + tW$ (DR1)	26 / 14	0.14	13 / 8	0.17
MG5_aMC+Pythia8 $t\bar{t} + tW$ (DR2)	36 / 14	0.02	20 / 8	0.08
Powheg+Herwig++ $t\bar{t} + tW$ (DR)	26 / 14	0.07	7.3 / 8	0.48
MG5_aMC+Herwig++ $t\bar{t} + tW$ (DR)	30 / 14	0.04	11 / 8	0.23
Powheg+Pythia6 $t\bar{t} + tW$ (DR)	14 / 14	0.49	11 / 8	0.23
Powheg+Pythia6 $t\bar{t} + tW$ (DS)	14 / 14	0.49	10 / 8	0.32
MG5_aMC+Pythia8 (LO) $WWbb$	12 / 14	0.68	8.2 / 8	0.42
MG5_aMC+Pythia8 (LO) $WWbb$ , no int.	28 / 14	0.05	22 / 8	0.005



# TOPQ-2015-11\*

- Top quark spin polarisation transferred to decay products

- Sensitivity to  $Im(g_R)$  in polarisation observables of decay products  $x_i$

- $$\frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{d(\cos \theta_x)} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + \alpha_x P \cos \theta_x)$$
 in the top quark rest frame

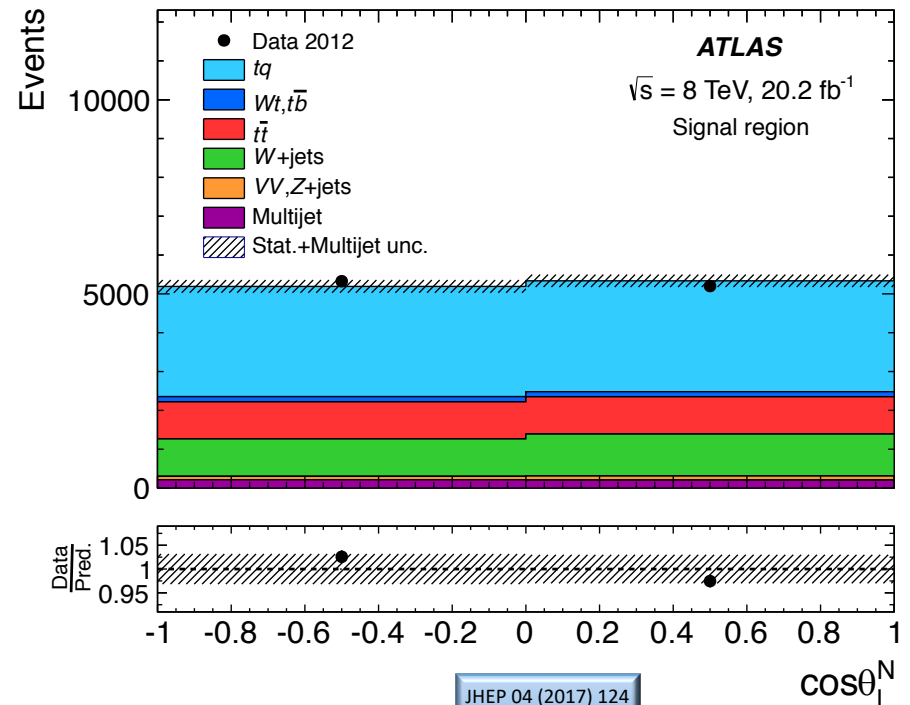
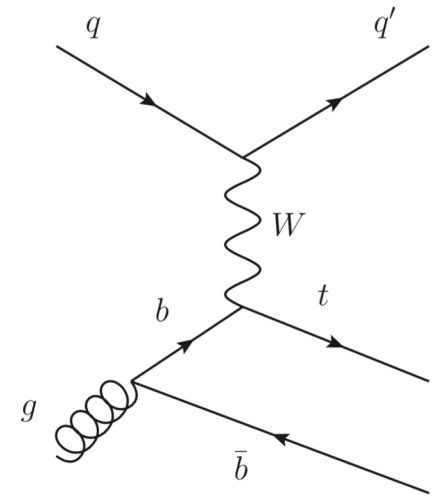
- Largest sensitivities in  $A_{FB}^N$

- I.e. forward-backward asymmetry in  $\cos \theta_l^N$  distribution of the lepton
- Normal axis:  $\vec{N} = \hat{s}_t \times \vec{q}_l$

$$A_{FB}^N = -0.04 \pm 0.02 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.03 \text{ (syst)}$$

$$Im(g_R) \in [-0.18, 0.06] \text{ at 95\% C.L.}$$

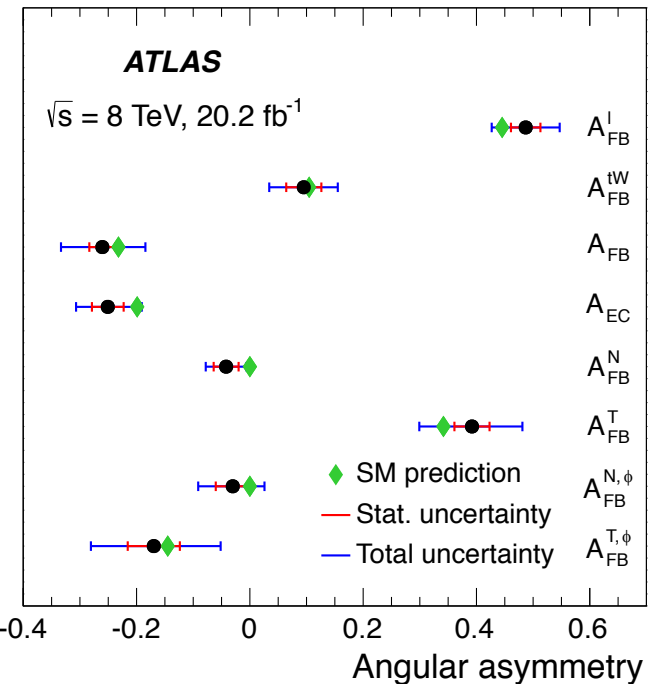
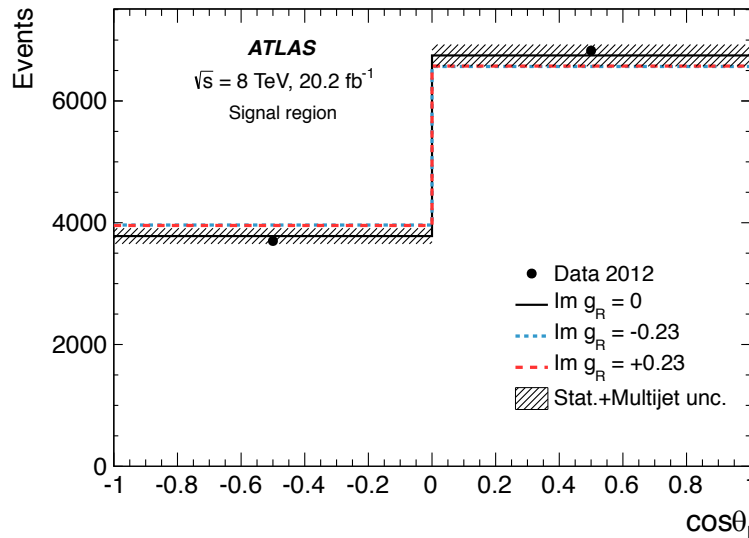
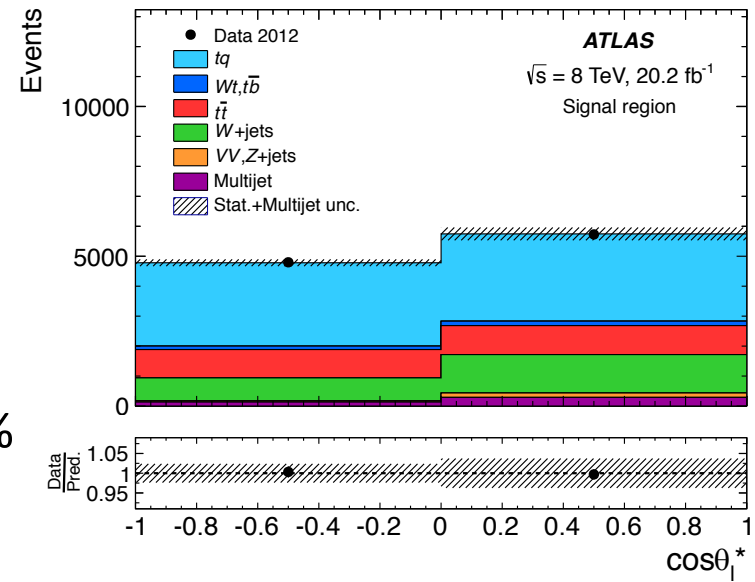
spin analysing power  $\approx 1$  for lepton (at NLO)





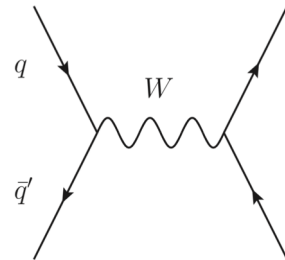
# TOPQ-2015-11 (2)

- Exactly one lepton ( $e/\mu$ ), large MET, exactly two jets, with one of them b-tagged (@50% efficiency)
- Spectator b-jet expected to be softer in  $p_T$  and broader in  $|\eta|$ , and is therefore excluded intentionally
- All asymmetries compatible with predicted values by SM



# TOPQ-2015-01\*

- Matrix Element Method (MEM) to calculate per-event signal probability
- Dominant uncertainties:
  - Data and MC statistics
  - Jet energy resolution
  - t-channel generator choice
- $\sigma_s = 4.8 \pm 0.8$  (stat)  $^{+1.6}_{-1.3}$  (syst) pb
- Signal strength:  $\mu = 0.86^{+0.31}_{-0.28}$  with an observed (expected) significance of 3.2 (3.9)



\*again, at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV

