## **ANTARES and KM3NeT:**

Latest results of the neutrino telescopes in the Mediterranean

# **Matteo Sanguineti**

Università di Genova, INFN Genova on behalf of ANTARES and KM3NeT collaborations



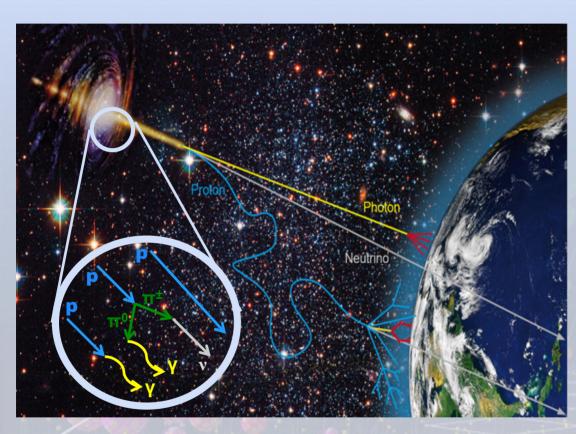
# **ANTARES and KM3NeT:**

Latest results of the neutrino telescopes in the Mediterranean

- Neutrino astronomy
- ANTARES and KM3NeT detectors
- Detector performances
- ANTARES latest results
- KM3NeT status and expected results
- Conclusions



# Neutrino astrophysics



### **Charged Cosmic Rays**

- Copiously produced
- Directions scrambled by magnetic fields

### **High Energy Gamma Rays**

- Produced both by hadronic and leptonic mechanisms
- Absorbed on dust and radiation

### **UltraHigh Energy Cosmic Rays**

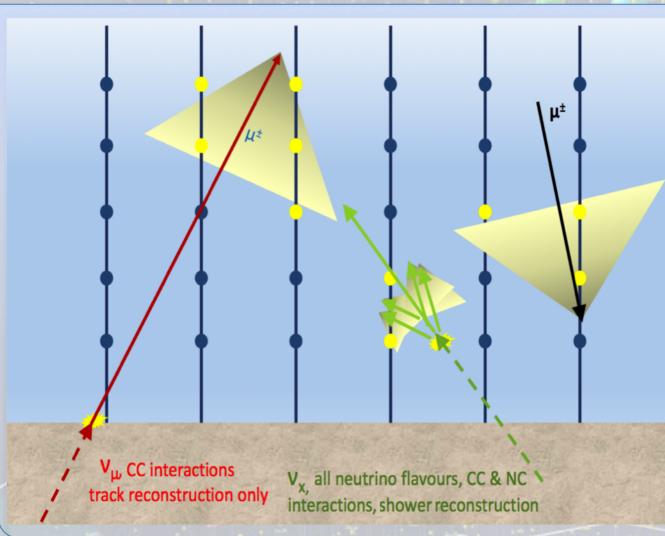
- ✓ Not strongly deflected by magnetic field
- ✗ Limited by GZK cut-off

**Neutrinos** ✓ Not affected by magnetic fields and radiation, not absorbed by matter

Very low interaction cross section



# Neutrino detection principle

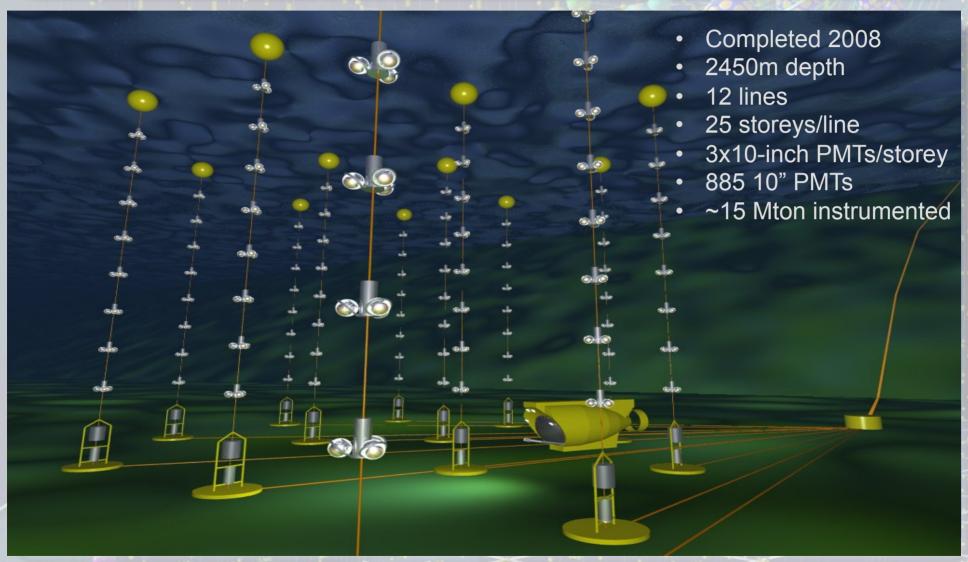


An array of PMT detects the Cherenkov light induced by the particles produced in the neutrino interaction

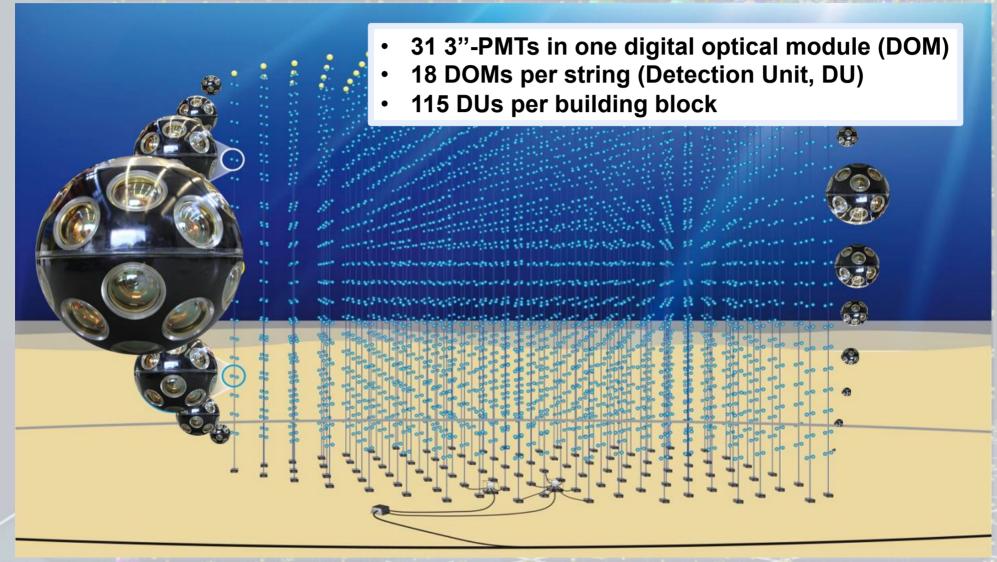


The measurement of position and time of the detected photon allows the reconstruction of the direction and the energy of the event

# The ANTARES detector



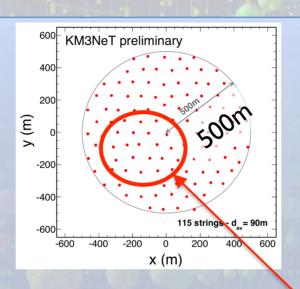
# The KM3NeT detector

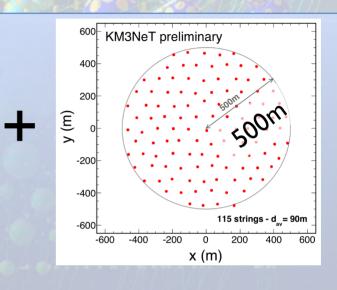


## KM3NeT ARCA & ORCA

#### **ARCA**

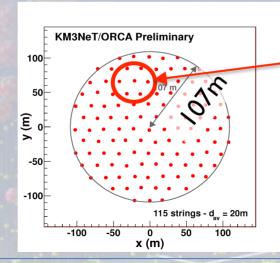
Astroparticle Research
with Cosmics in the
Abyss
Line distance = 90 m
Vertical DOM dist. = 36 m





#### **ORCA**

Oscillation Research with Cosmics in the Abyss Line distance = 20 m Vertical DOM dist. = 9 m



Phase I (fully funded)

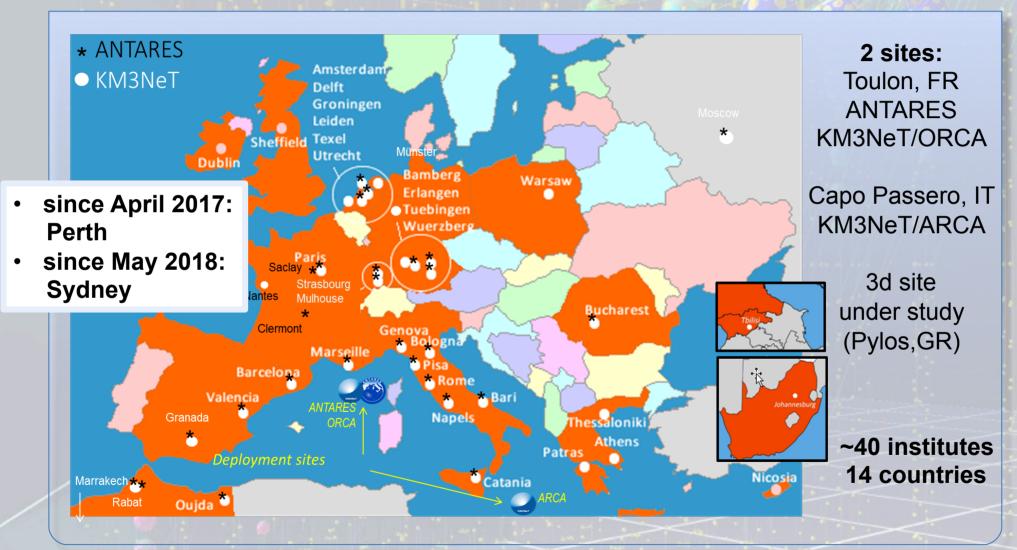
Phase 2 partially funded

KM3NeT 2.0 Letter of Intent: arXiv:1601.07459 and J.Phys. G43 (2016) 084001



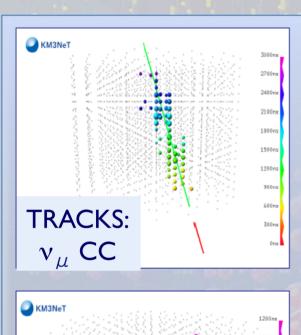


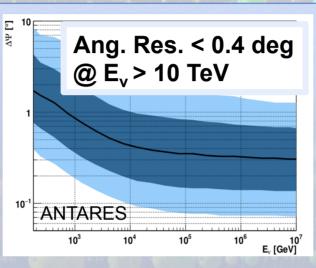
# ANTARES & KM3NeT collaborations

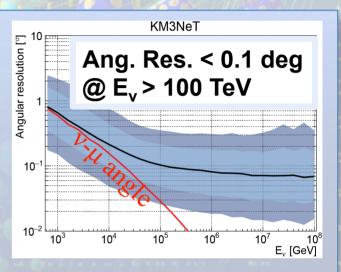


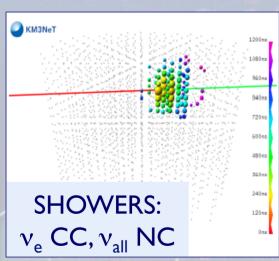
Matteo Sanguineti

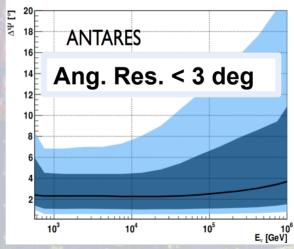
# ANTARES vs KM3NeT-ARCA performances

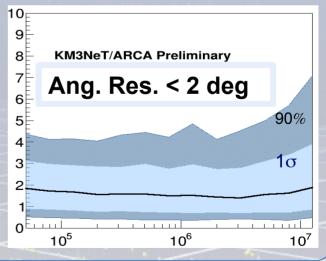




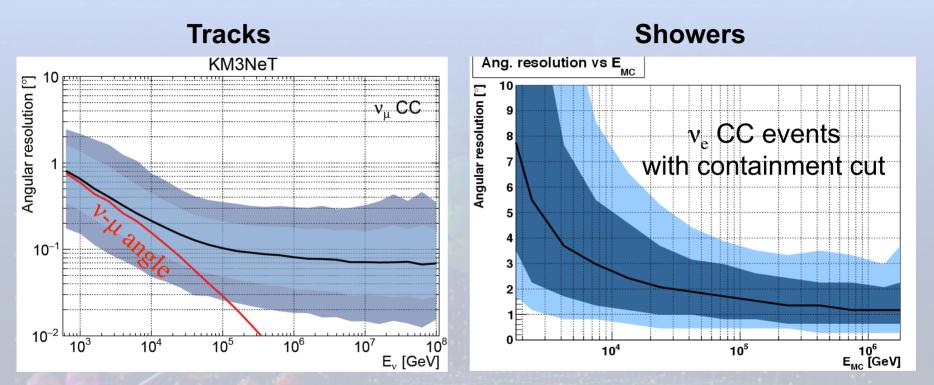








# KM3NeT-ORCA performance



- Muon energy accuracy: Δ(log10 E)=0.25-0.3 @ E > 10 TeV
- Shower energy accuracy: 5-10% at E > some 10 TeV
- Very good angular resolution helps enormously in source associations and enhances S/N ratio especially in point source analysis



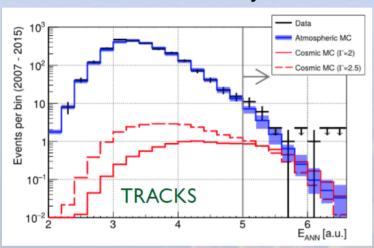
# Latest results from ANTARES

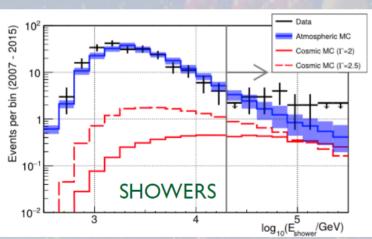
- Diffuse flux search
- Point-source search
- Galactic plane
- Multi-messenger strategies
  - Gravitational waves
  - Fast Radio Burst (FRB)
  - Bright Gamma Ray Burst (GRB)
- Moon shadow



# Diffuse flux search

### All-sky / All-flavor neutrino search (years 2007-2015)





### Reconstructed events after quality cuts:

	Bkg expectation	Signal expectation	N events measured
Tracks	13.5+/-4	3-3.5	19
Showers	10.5+/-4	3-3.5	14

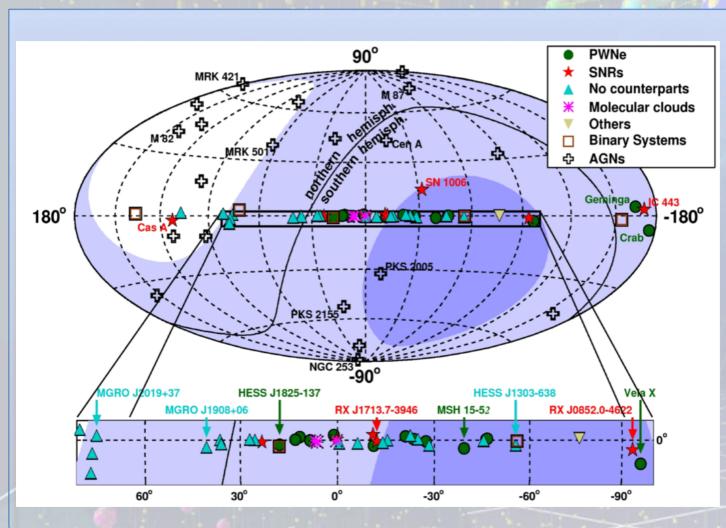
Results compatible with IceCube diffuse flux:

- 1.6 σ excess
- Null cosmic neutrino contribution rejected at 85% CL

Astrophys. J. Lett. 853, L7 (2018)



## Point-source flux search



Most of the galactic gamma ray sources are in the southern sky

Best pointing from a N-Hemisphere telescope

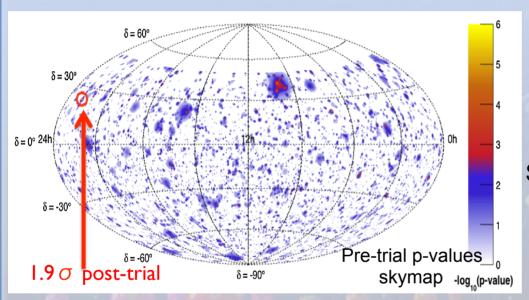
#### Searches:

- Full-sky
- Candidate list
- Galactic centre



## Point-source flux search

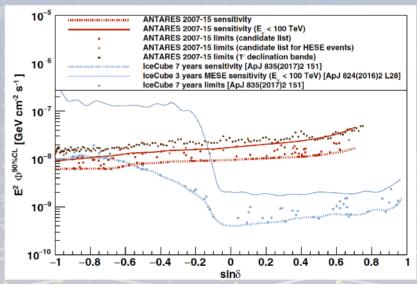
All-flavor neutrino search (years 2007-2015): 7622 track-like + 180 shower-like events



Most sensitive limits for a large fraction of Southern sky, especially at E<100 TeV

Phys. Rev. D 96, 082001 (2017)

Sensitivities and upper limits (90% C.L.)





## Galactic Plane search

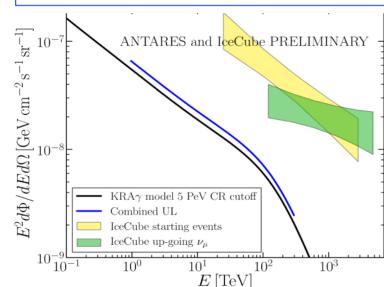
"KRA Gamma model" has been introduced recently to explain the high-

energy gamma ray diffuse Galactic emission.

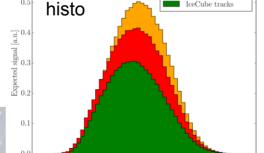
This model reproduces Fermi & Milagro data

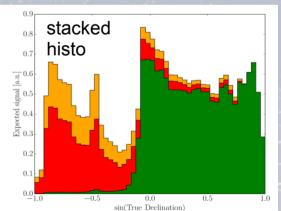
ApJ. Lett., 815:L25, 2015

Phys. Rev. D96 (2017) 062001 ApJ 849 (2017) 67



Relative contribution of ANTARES and IceCube





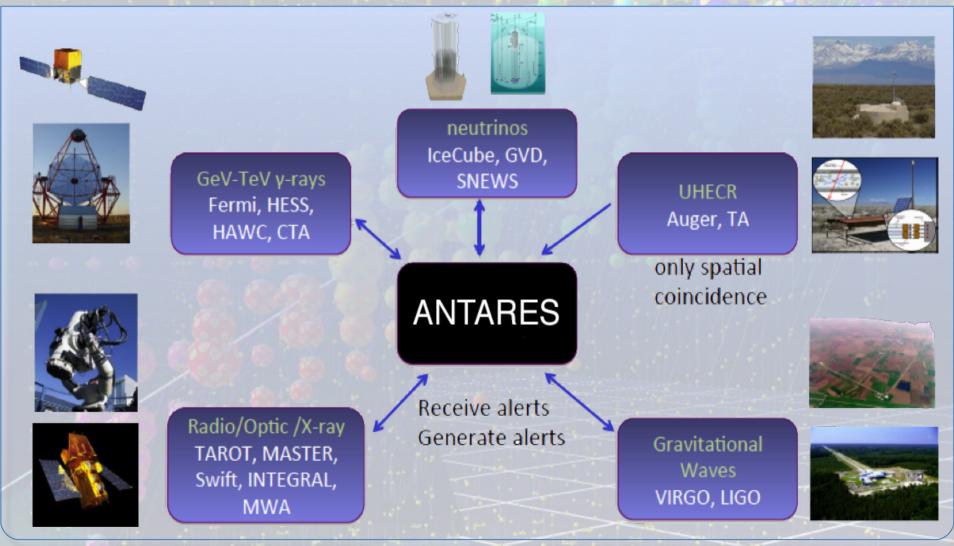
Combined U.L. (ANTARES+ IceCube) excludes the diffuse Galactic neutrino emission as the major cause of the "spectral anomaly" between the two hemispheres measured by IceCube

ANTARES showers

ANTARES tracks

stacked

# Multi-messenger strategies

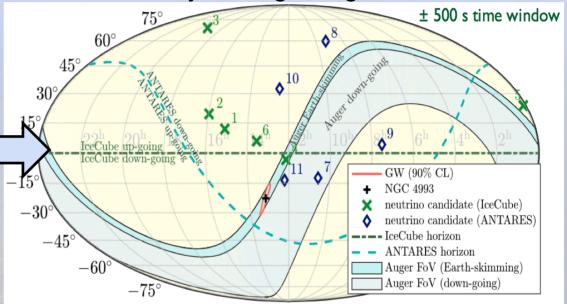


## **Gravitational Waves**

Recent spotlight on the GW events detected by the Ligo-Virgo Collaboration:

- GW150914 (BBH merger)
- GW151226 (BBH merger)
- LVT151012 (candidate)
- GW170104 (BBH merger)
- GW170817 (NS merger)

Neutrino follow-up on all of them, joint searches with IceCube (and also Pierre Auger Observatory)



So far no coincidences with neutrino from the region of interest at 90% C.L.:

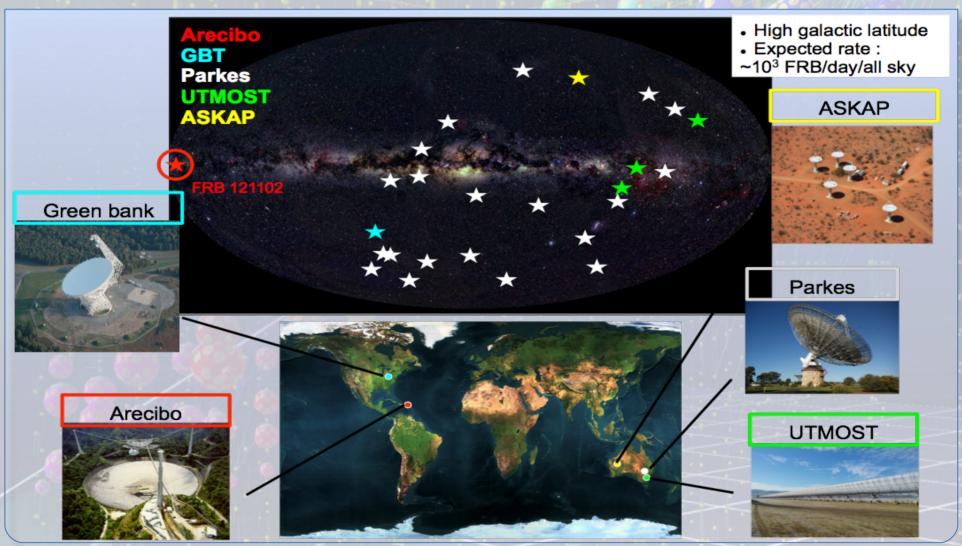
- not so likely for BH-BH merging;
- the jet of the NS-NS event (GW170817) was not aligned to our Line of Sight to provide a visible neutrino signal → upper limit on the neutrino fluence from each events over the whole spectrum

  ApJL 850 L35 (2017)

ANTARES and a few KM3NeT lines operational for Virgo/LIGO run 03!

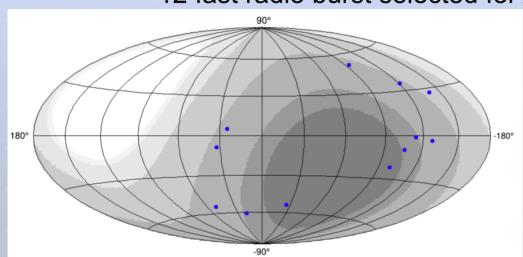


# Fast Radio Bursts



## Fast radio bursts

## 12 fast radio burst selected for ANTARES analysis

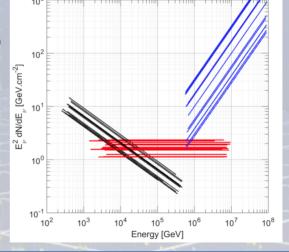


FRB	$z_{\rm DM}$	T <sub>0</sub> (UTC)	RA (°)	dec (°)	radio telescope
131104	0.59	18:03:59	101.04	-51.28	Parkes
140514	0.44	17:14:09	338.52	-12.31	Parkes
150215	0.55	20:41:41	274.36	-4.90	Parkes
150418	0.49	04:29:04	109.15	-19.01	Parkes
150807	0.59	17:53:55	340.10	-55.27	Parkes
151206	1.385	06:14:56	290.36	-4.13	Parkes
151230	0.76	17:03:26	145.21	-3.45	Parkes
160102	2.13	08:28:38	339.71	-30.18	Parkes
160317	0.70	08:30:58	118.45	-29.61	UTMOST
160410	0.18	08:16:54	130.35	6.08	UTMOST
160608	0.37	03:52:24	114.17	-40.78	UTMOST
170107	0.48	20:05:45	170.79	-5.02	ASKAP

90% C.L. ANTARES upper limits on the neutrino fluence for the power law spectral models with

- $\gamma = 1.0$  (blue)
- $\gamma = 2.0 \text{ (red)}$
- γ = 2.5 (black)
   for each FRB.





# Bright gamma ray burst

4 bright GRB have been selected: GRB080916C, GRB110918A, GRB130427A and GRB130505A

MNRAS 469,906-915 (2017)

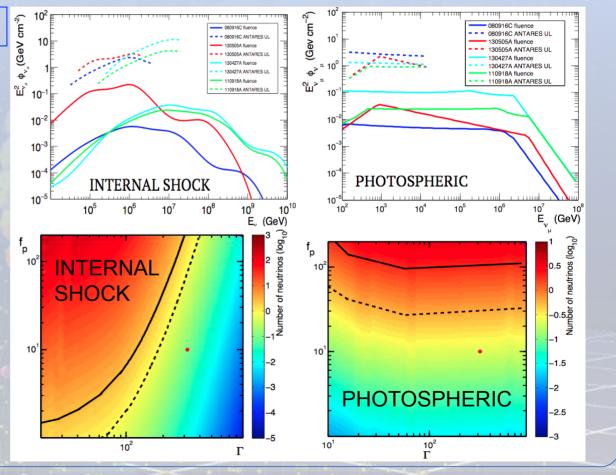
### **Upper limits**

Two model investigated:

- photospheric
- internal shock

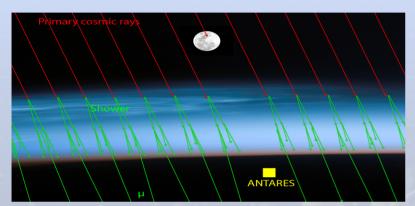
Constraints on baryonic component  $f_p$  and Lorentz factor  $\Gamma$ 

- 90% C.L. (solid line)
- 50% C.L. (dashed line)



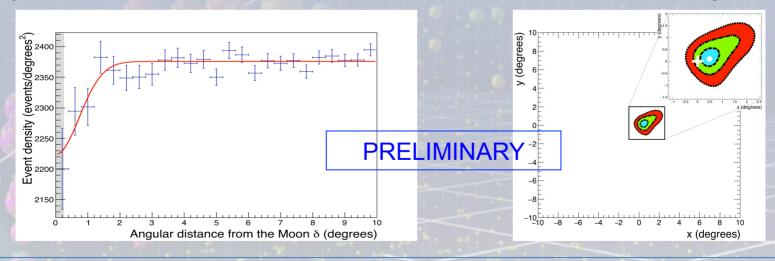


## Moon shadow



One possibility to measure the pointing accuracy is to analyse the shadow of the Moon, i.e. the deficit in the atmospheric muon flux in the direction of the Moon induced by absorption of cosmic rays.

Moon shadow significance 3.5  $\sigma$ ; Angular resolution 0.73°  $\pm$  0.14° The position of the Moon shadow is consistent with **not shifted pointing**.



## Latest results from KM3NeT

- Status and first detections
- KM3NeT-ARCA
  - Diffuse flux expected performance
  - Point-source expected performance
- KM3NeT-ORCA
  - Neutrino mass hierarchy sensitivity



## Status and first detections

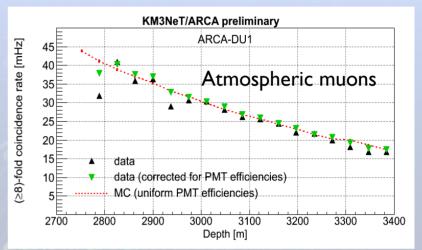
#### **ARCA**

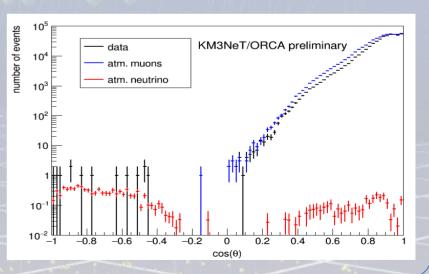
- 3 strings deployed Dec 2015 & May 2016
- 2 out of 3 operated, string #3 with short in power system, recovered
- Full restoration of sea-bed network by mid-2019

#### **ORCA**

- Successful deployment & operation of first string (Sept 2017)
- Cable problem, replacement in summer 2018, resume operations thereafter

DOM and DU assembly proceeding Deployment after repairs, consistent with schedule







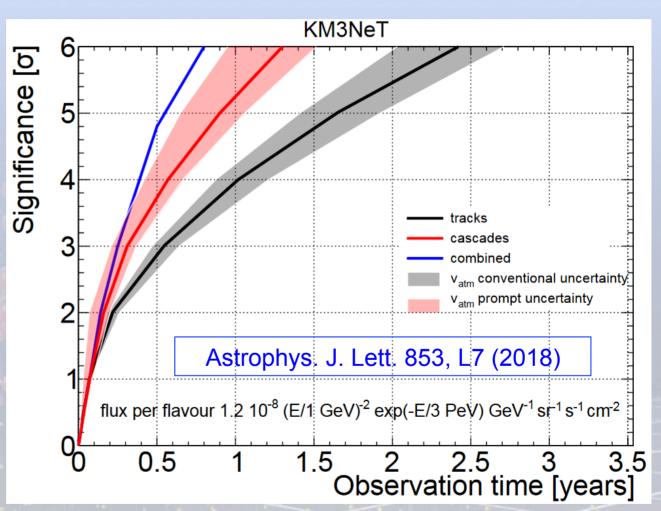
# Diffuse flux performance (KM3NeT-ARCA)

Expected 5σ significance on diffuse IC flux in < 1year:

Tracks per year:

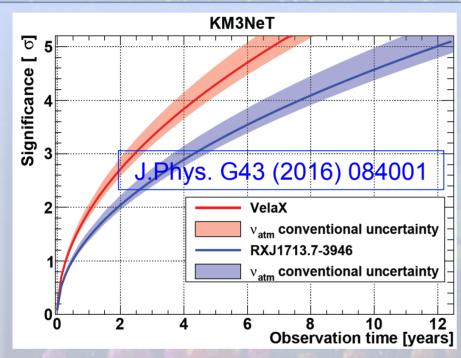
- 6 signal
- 4 background
   Cascades per years:
- 16 signal
- 9 background

KM3NeT and IceCube are complementarity in their field of view, energy range and flavour coverage





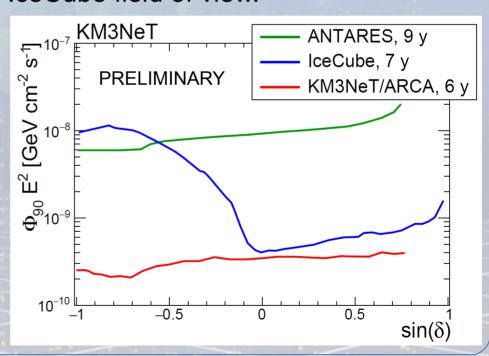
# Point source performance (KM3NeT-ARCA)



Disclaimer: We compare detector sensitivities, not discovery potential at a given time, IceCube will have ~10 years of data when KM3NeT will start operation

KM3NeT-ARCA significance for two of the most promising sources.

Significant discovery potential for extragalactic sources, complementing IceCube field of view.





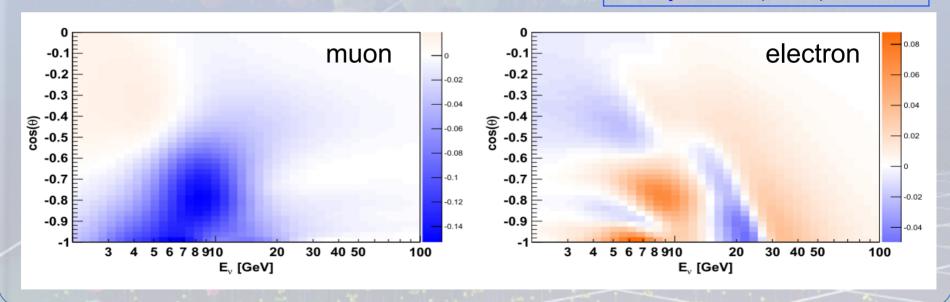
# Neutrino Mass Hierarchy (KM3NeT-ORCA)

Signature of the neutrino mass hierarchy  $\rightarrow$  energy-zenith distribution of atmospheric neutrinos

## Measurement requires

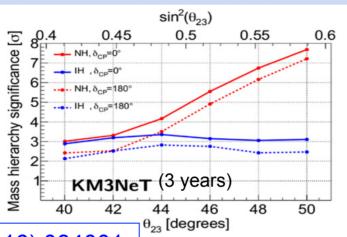
- best possible resolution in energy and zenith
- separation v<sub>e</sub>/v<sub>µ</sub>
- detailed understanding of systematics

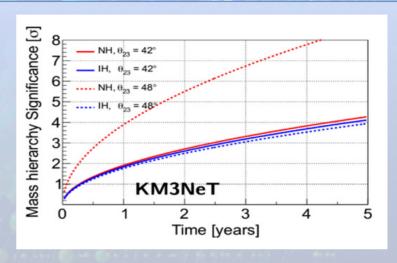
J.Phys. G43 (2016) 084001



# Neutrino Mass Hierarchy (KM3NeT-ORCA)

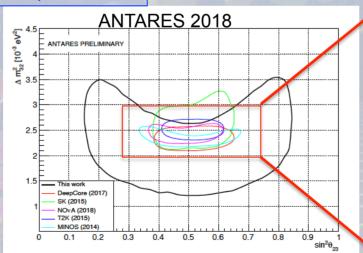
Neutrino mass hierarchy significance

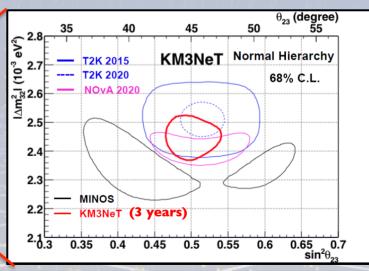




J.Phys. G43 (2016) 084001

Measurement of  $\sin^2\theta_{23}$  and  $\Delta m^2_{32}$ 





## Conclusions

## ANTARES

- 18/6/18 10 year anniversary of ANTARES completion
- Solid results from various searches of neutrino emission (point-like, diffuse, ...)
- Rich multi-messenger program
- Several combined analyses with IceCube

## KM3NeT

- ARCA: Confirmation of IceCube flux in less than one year
- ORCA: Competitive with JUNO, determination of neutrino mass hierarchy in ~3 years

