

Electroweak Penguin Decays (excluding $b \rightarrow se^+e^-$)



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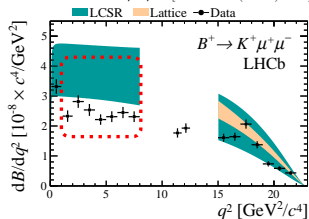
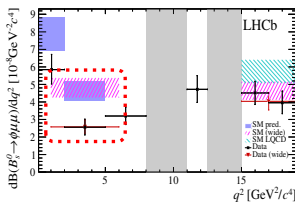
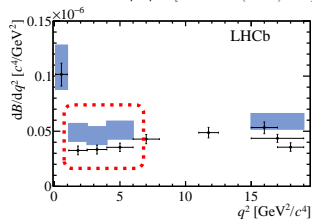


FSP 2017 Siegen, October 5, 2017

LHCb $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ [JHEP 11 (2016) 047]

LHCb $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi \mu^+ \mu^-$ [JHEP 09 (2015) 179]

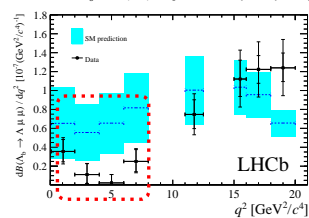
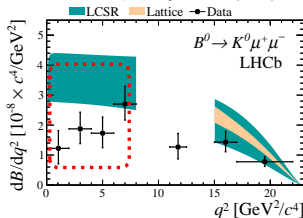
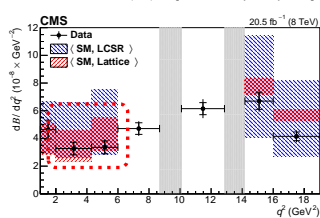
LHCb $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$ [JHEP 06 (2014) 133]



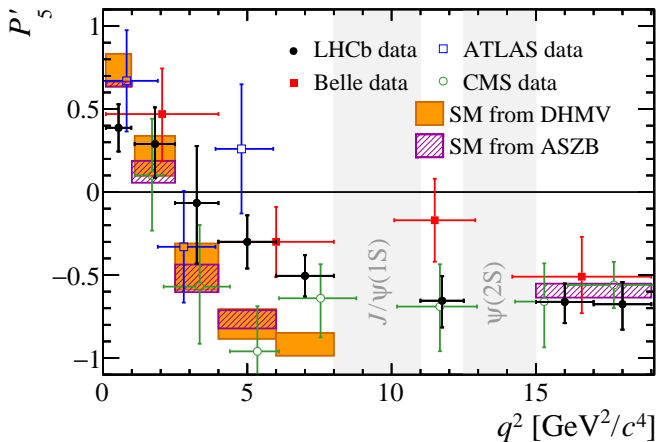
CMS $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ [PLB 753 (2016) 424]

LHCb $B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$ [JHEP 06 (2014) 133]

LHCb $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \mu^-$ [JHEP 06 (2015) 115]

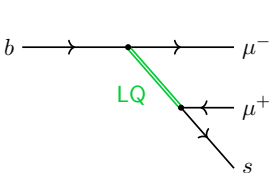


■ Data consistently below SM predictions (particularly at low q^2)

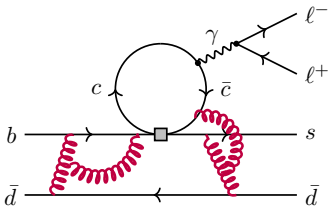
Flavour anomalies II: P_5' angular observable

- LHCb finds local deviations of 2.8σ and 3.0σ
- [JHEP 02 (2016) 104] [[ATLAS-CONF-2017-023](#)]
 [[CMS-PAS-BPH-15-008](#)] [[PRL 118 \(2017\) 111801](#)]

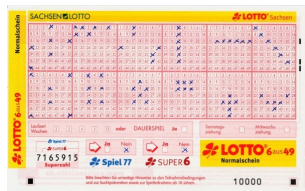
1. New Physics



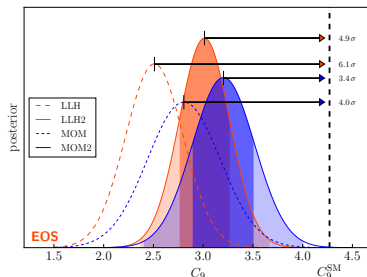
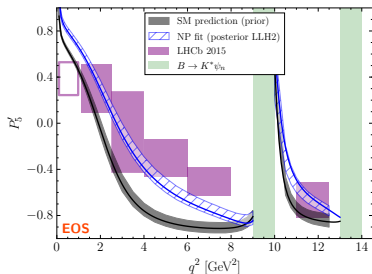
2. SM $c\bar{c}$ loop



3. Fluctuation



- Experimental precision: LHCb Run 2 data on tape already $+3\text{fb}^{-1}$
 \rightarrow Statistics tripled
- Study of q^2 -dependence: NP would be q^2 -independent
- Expect increase in precision of FF predictions from lattice



- Model-ind. $c\bar{c}$ -loop parameterisation from analyticity [arxiv:1707.07305]
- Seems to allow us to use data to fit the charm-loop contributions
- Uses information from the $c\bar{c}$ resonances and the inter-resonance bin
- See also
 - Parameterise $c\bar{c}$ -loop contribution with BWs [arXiv:1709.03921]
 - Increase stat. precision with q^2 -unbinned approach [arxiv:1708.04474]

Other interesting observables

- Clean $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ angular observables available:
T-odd CP asymmetries A_7 , A_8 , A_9 , and S_3 unaffected by charm-loop

- Cancellation in ratios:

$$CP \text{ asymmetries } \mathcal{A}_{CP} = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{K}^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-) - \Gamma(B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{K}^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-) + \Gamma(B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-)}$$

$$\text{Isospin asymmetries } \mathcal{A}_I = \frac{\Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow K^{(*)0} \mu^+ \mu^-) - \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow K^{(*)+} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow K^{(*)0} \mu^+ \mu^-) + \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow K^{(*)+} \mu^+ \mu^-)}$$

- Tests of MFV via $B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$ vs. $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$
and $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$ vs. $B^+ \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$
- Higher resonances e.g. $B_s^0 \rightarrow f_2(1525) \mu^+ \mu^-$
- Further study of rare Λ_b^0 decays
- Rare B_c^+ decays $B_c^+ \rightarrow D_s^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$
- Endpoint relations (?)
[JHEP 03 (2014) 042] [Phys. Rev. D 95, 114006 (2017)] [EPJC 77 (2017) 16]
- Semi-inclusive/Sum of exclusives measurements (?)
- For clean LFU (angular) tests see Johannes talk