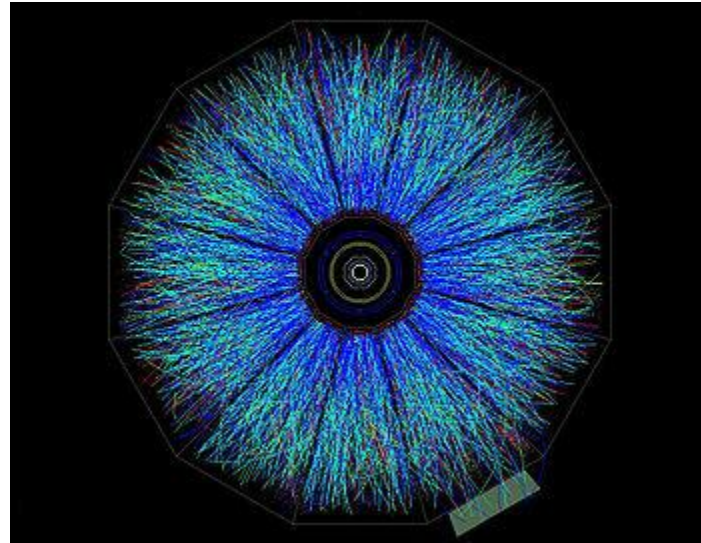


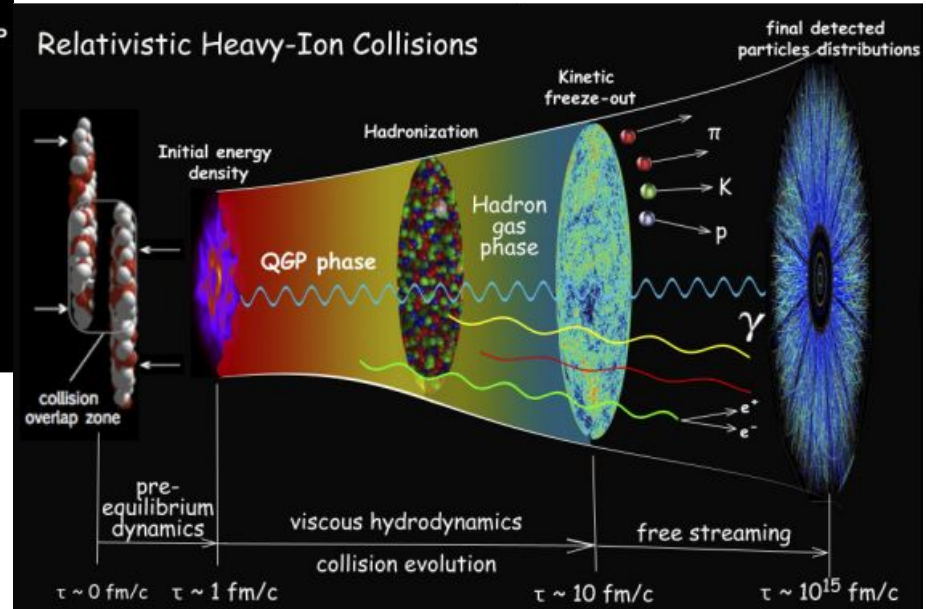
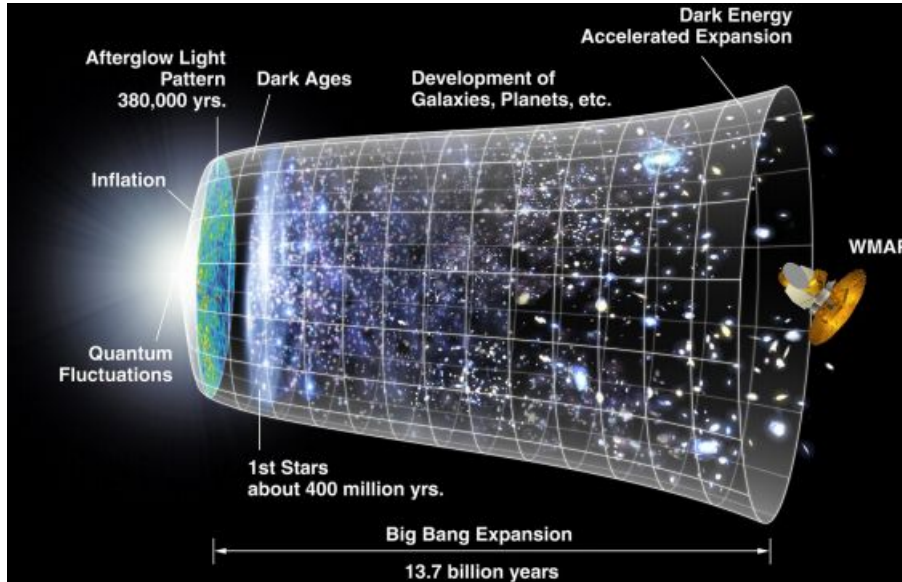
The Little Bang of High Energy Heavy Ion Collisions



Meera Vieira Machado

Spätind 2018

Heavy-Ion collisions vs. Big Bang



Artist's conception of the evolution of the Big Bang (top left - credit: NASA) and the Little Bang (bottom right - credit: Paul Sorensen and Chun Shen). Image extracted from [arXiv:nucl-th/1304.3634](https://arxiv.org/abs/nucl-th/1304.3634).

Heavy-Ion collisions vs. Big Bang

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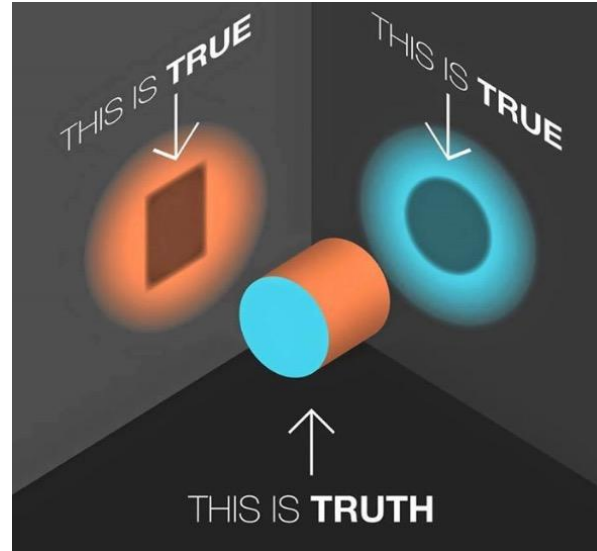
Heavy-Ion collisions vs. Big Bang

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How about a new perspective?



Map of a single HI event

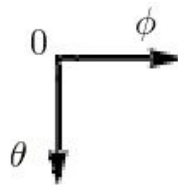
❖ **0-5% centrality, at 5.02 TeV for pseudorapidity range of $|\eta| < 0.8$;**

❖ $\eta = -\ln \left[\tan \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) \right];$

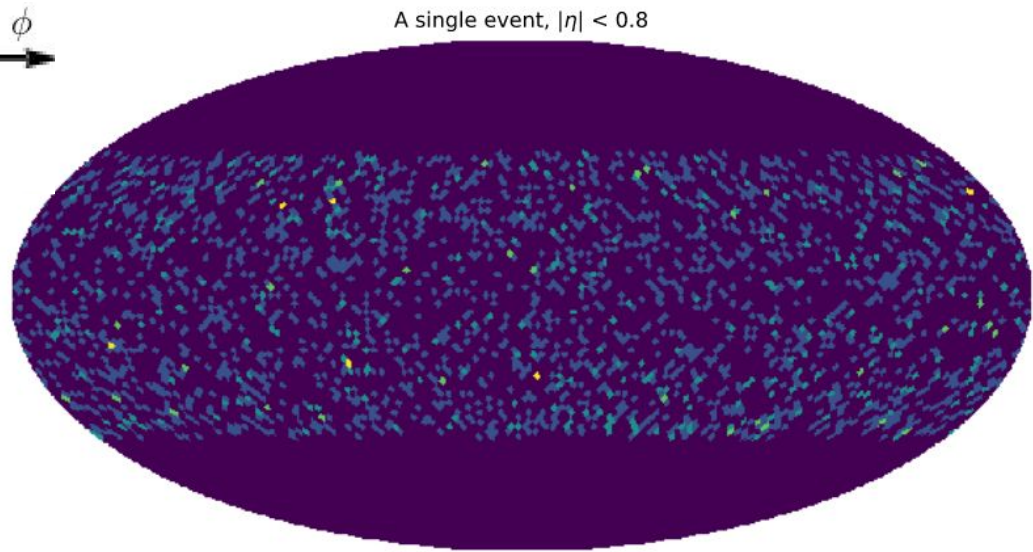
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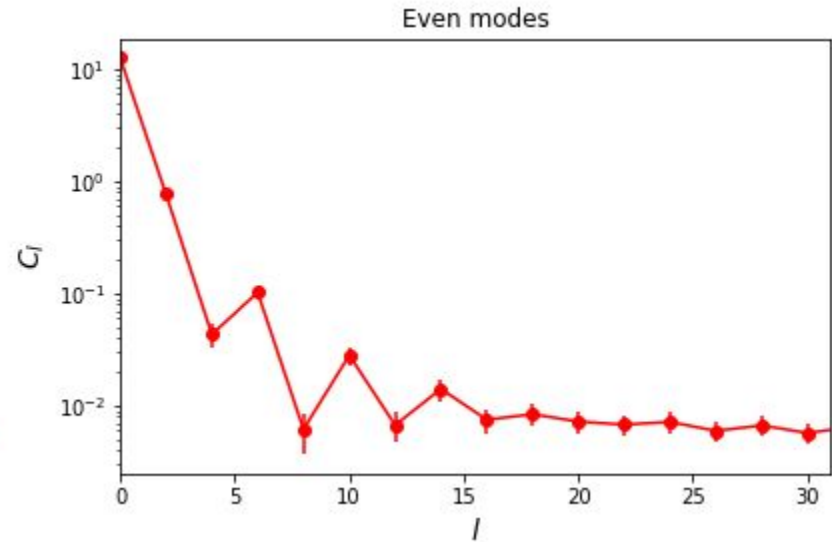
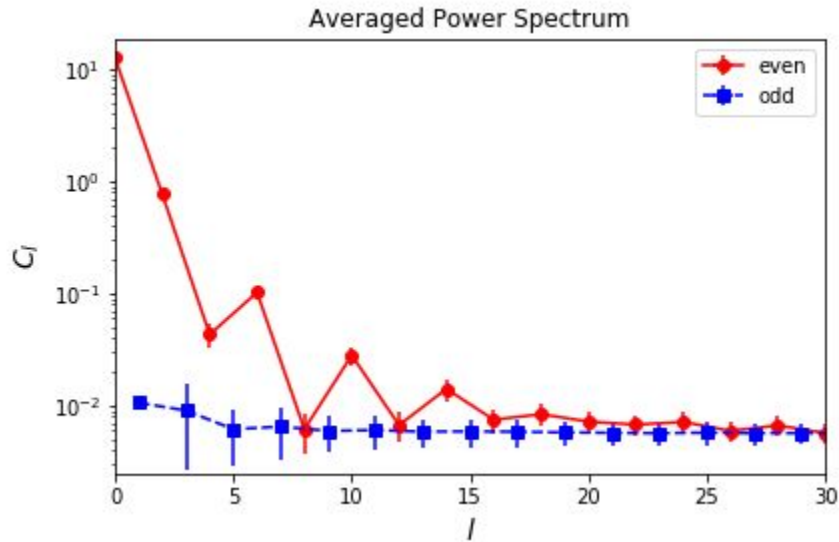
❖ $\eta = -\ln \left[\tan \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) \right];$



❖ $f(\theta, \phi) = \sum_{l=0}^{l_{max}} \sum_{m=-l}^{m=l} a_{l,m} Y_{l,m}(\theta, \phi);$



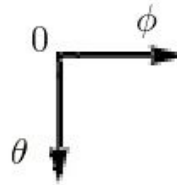
Power Spectrum



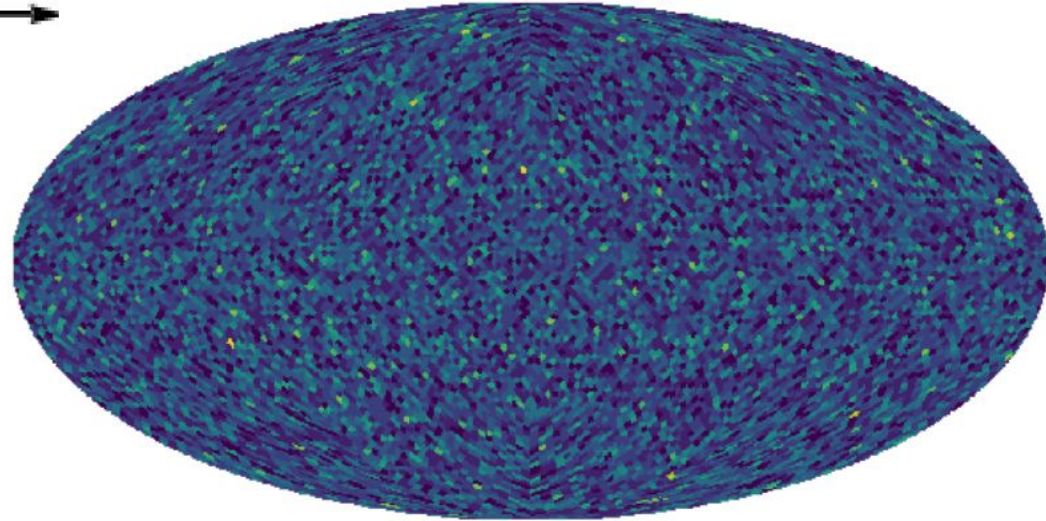
$$C_l = \frac{1}{2l + 1} \sum_{m=-l}^{m=l} |a_{l,m}|^2$$

- ❖ Averaged over ~ 4000 events;
- ❖ Not enough particles to compute over $l \sim 30$;

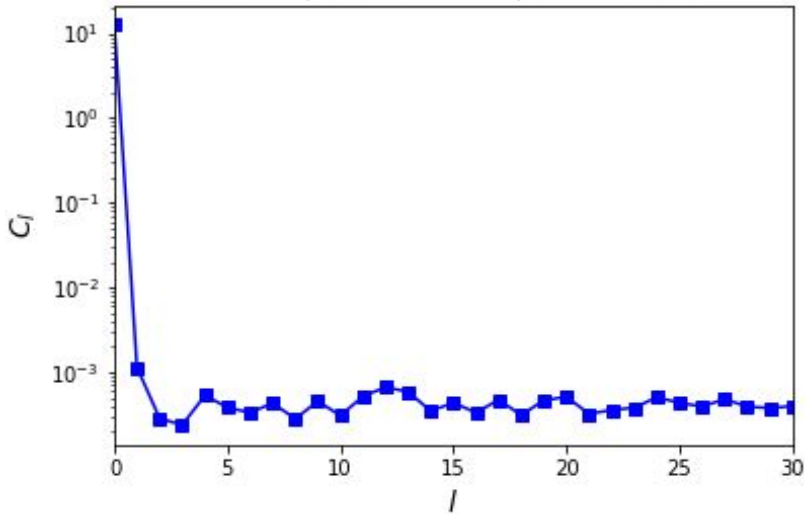
What are the cut effects?



Isotropic distribution

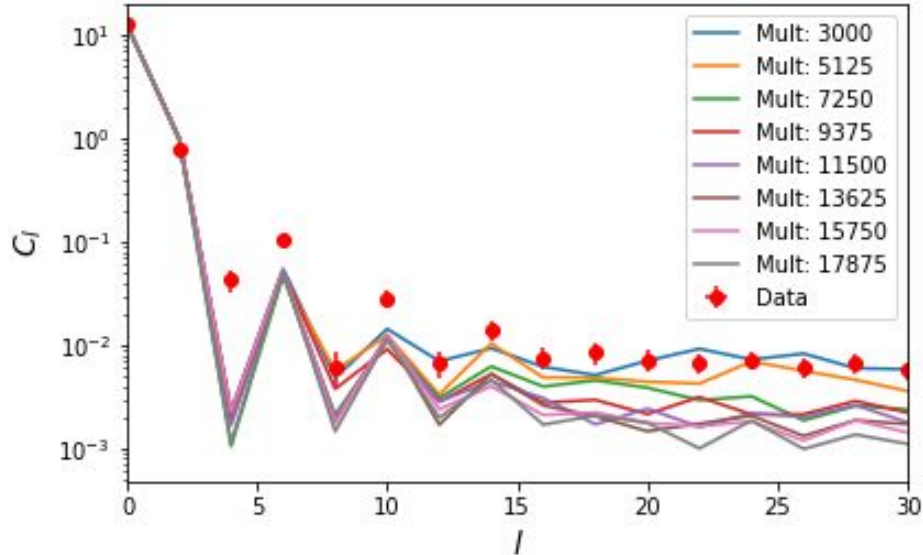


Power Spectrum of isotropic distribution

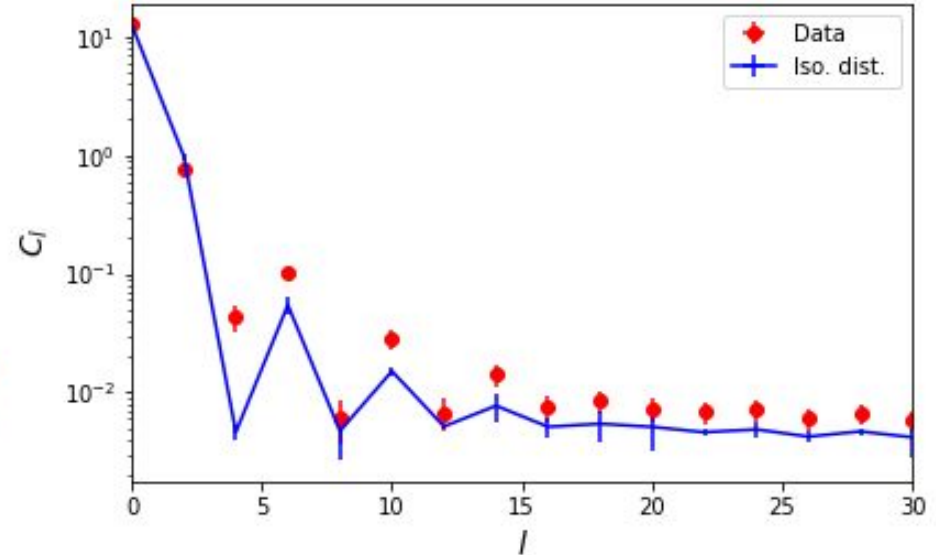


What are the cut effects?

Comparison w/ Isotropic dist.



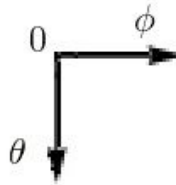
Comparison w/ average Iso. dist.



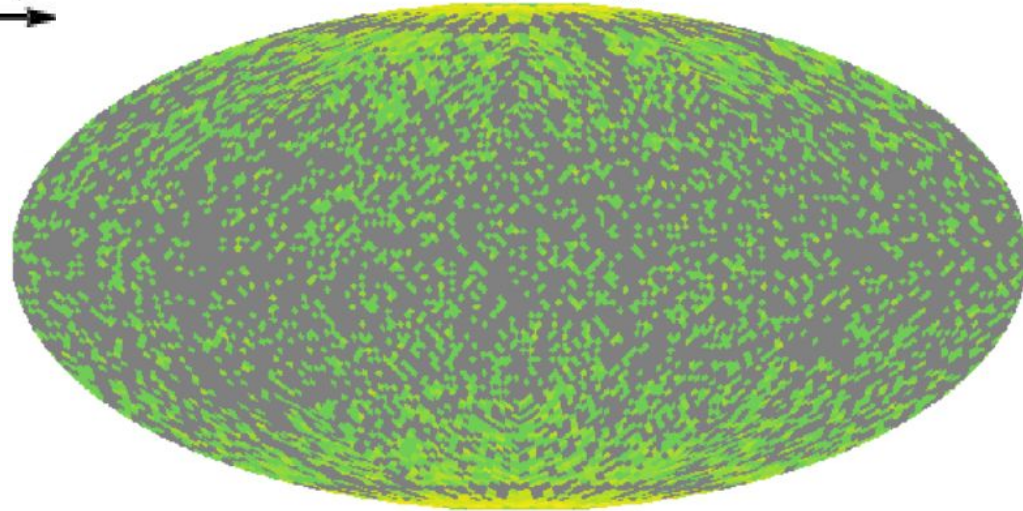
- ❖ Particle distributions of central most collisions seem to behave isotropically in the given range!?

Wider η coverage

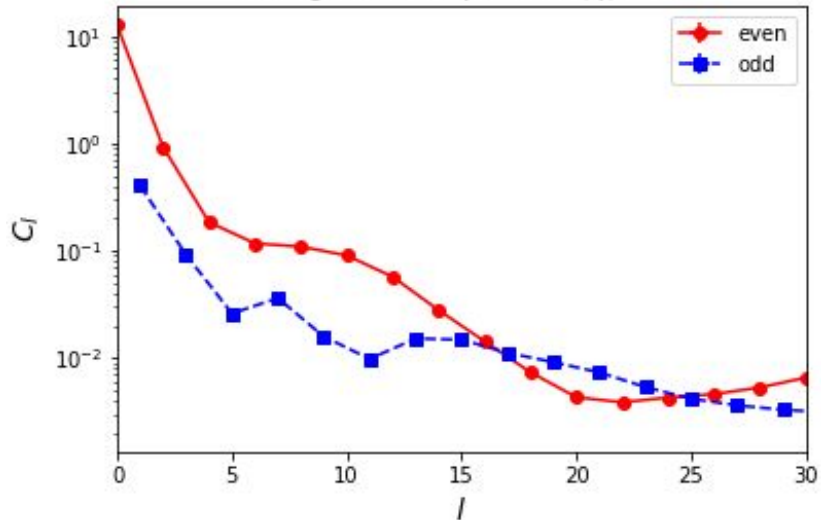
- ❖ For $|\eta| < 3.5$ ($0.06 \lesssim \theta \lesssim 3.08$);



Scheme of a single event, $|\eta| < 3.5$

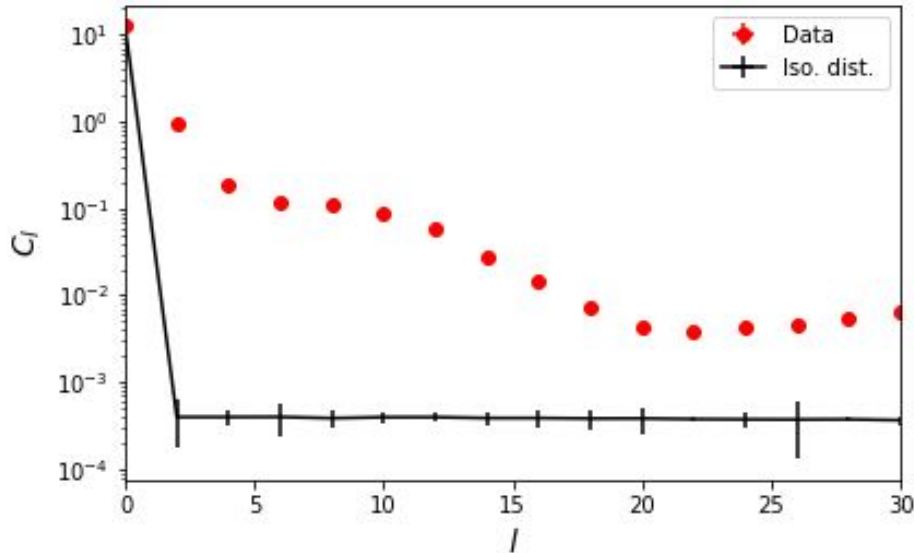


Averaged Power Spectrum, $|\eta| < 3.5$

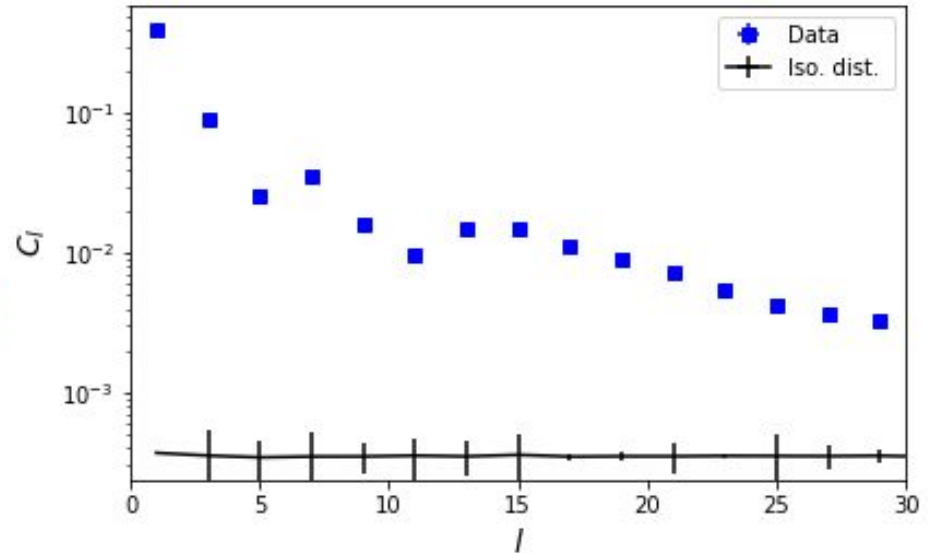


Wider η coverage

Comparison w/ average Iso. dist. - even



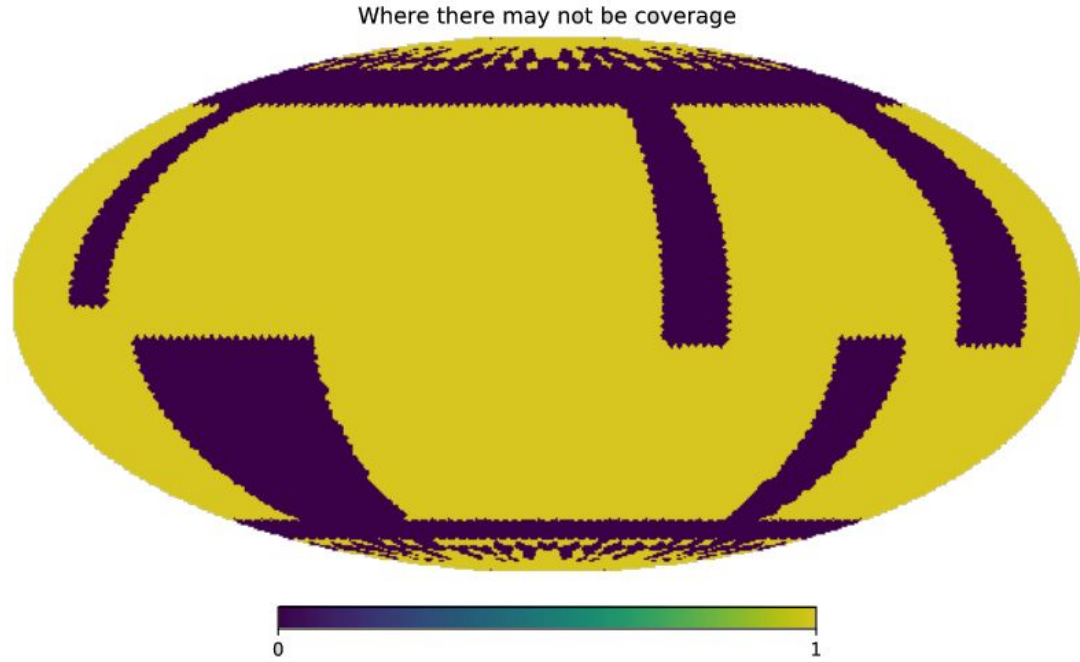
Comparison w/ average Iso. dist. - odd



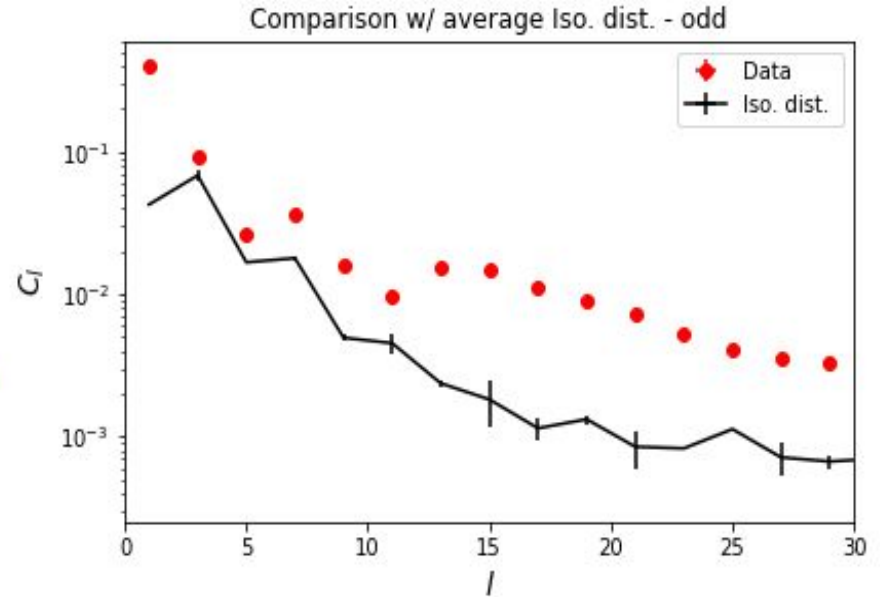
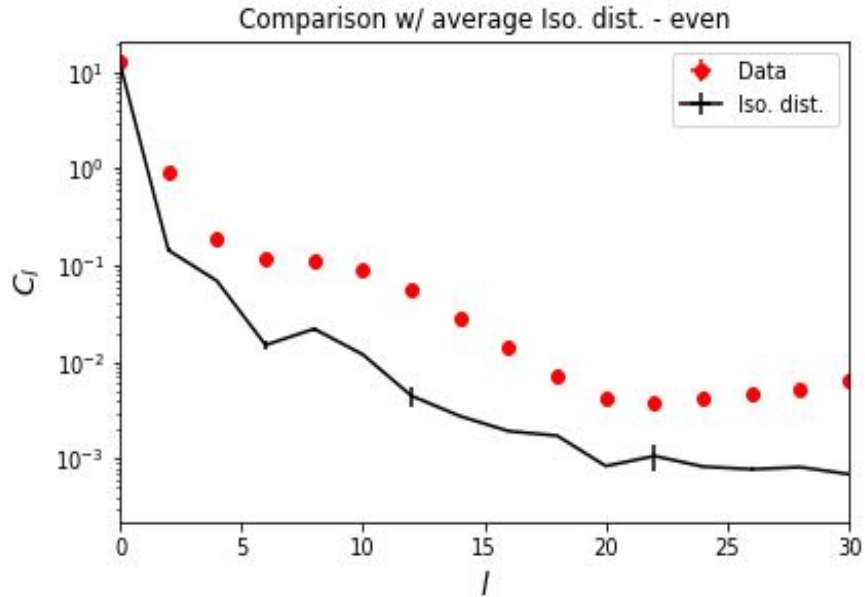
- ❖ Back to the comparison with isotropic distributions given $|\eta| < 3.5$;

Additional effects

- ❖ Issue with secondaries (how they would affect the power spectrum?)
- ❖ Possible detector failures:
 - Create a mask that mimics possible spots where it might have occurred;
 - Apply it to the isotropic distribution.

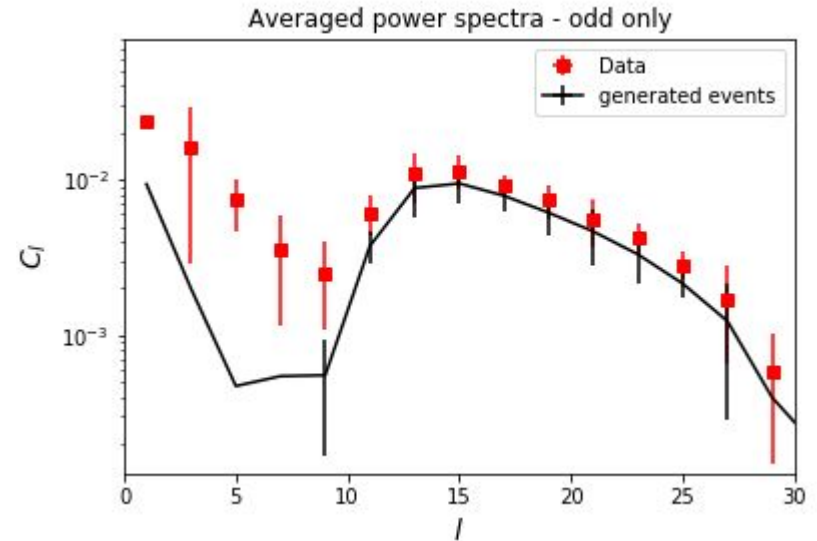
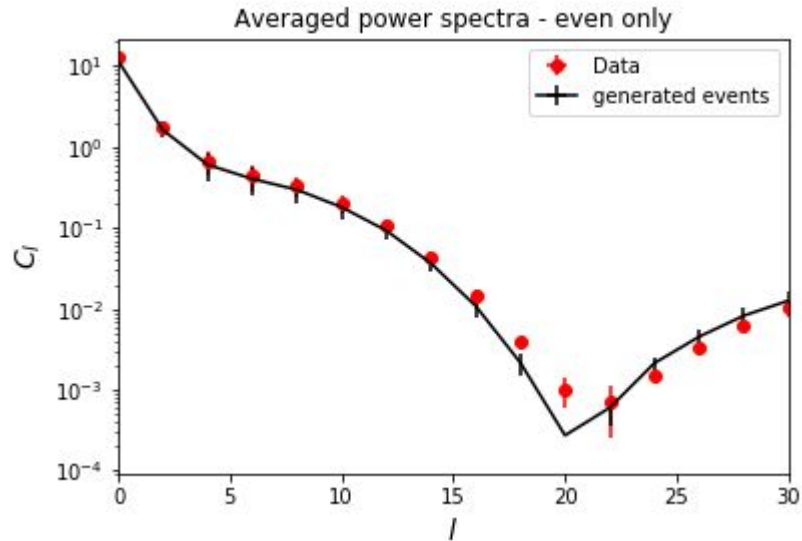


Additional effects



- ❖ Possible failures affect the power spectrum;

Additional effects



- ❖ Distribution in θ created based on data, whereas distribution in φ is random;
- ❖ Created from few events;

It is an ongoing investigation

- ❖ Maps and power spectra for other centralities;
 - Flow effects;
 - Event-plane issue;
- ❖ Methods for reconstruction of power spectrum (e.g. adaptive topological window);
- ❖ Effects of jets (require computation of p_T maps);
- ❖ What can the “true” power spectrum tell us? Could we see turbulence?
- ❖ And even more...

Thank you!

References

- ❖ Title image: <http://www.thefullwiki.org/QGP>;
- ❖ Image about perspective: <http://www.maggiehosmcgrane.com/2015/08/perspective-and-empathy.html>;
- ❖ All data was provided by ALICE collaboration members.