

MSSM benchmark scenario with CP violation

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(& Sven Heinemeyer, Pietro Slavich, Tim Stefaniak and Carlos Wagner)

HiggsDays 2017, Santander

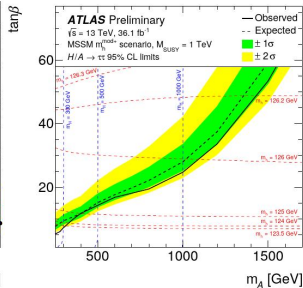
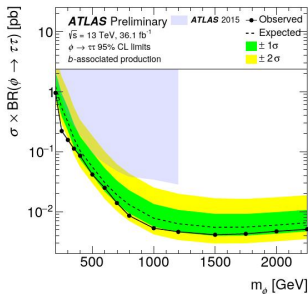
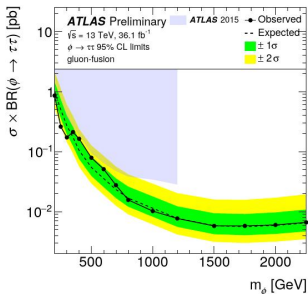
September 19, 2017



Interpretation of searches for additional scalars

Experimental searches for $\phi = h, H, A \leftrightarrow$ talks this afternoon

production $\{gg \rightarrow \phi, b\bar{b}\phi\} \times$ decay $\phi \rightarrow \{\tau^+\tau^-, \mu^+\mu^-, b\bar{b}\}$



ATLAS-CONF-2017-050, CMS-PAS-HIG-16-006

Limitation of interpretation in standard NWA ($\sigma_{\text{prod}} \times \text{BR}$)

interference terms neglected, relevant especially with complex phases

1 Complex parameters in the MSSM Higgs sector

- Motivation
- 3×3 propagator mixing

2 Phases in gg and $b\bar{b}$ Higgs production

3 CP -violating interference effect

- Relative interference term
- Definition of the $m_{h_1}^{125}$ (CPVint) scenario

4 Impact of interference effects on LHC Higgs searches

- $\sigma \times \text{BR}$
- Consequences of interference for exclusion bounds

Complex parameters in the MSSM Higgs sector

Motivation

- ▶ baryon asymmetry of the universe requires BSM \mathcal{CP} -violation
- ▶ MSSM Higgs sector is \mathcal{CP} -conserving at lowest order
- ▶ parameters from **other sectors** can be **complex**
 - trilinear couplings A_f
 - higgsino mass parameter μ
 - gaugino mass parameters M_1, M_3

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Constraints from EDMs

e.g. [Barger, Falk, Han, Jiang, Li, Plehn '01], [Ellis, Lee, Pilaftsis '09], [Li, Profumo, Ramsey-Musolf '10], [Arbey, Ellis, Godbole, Mahmoudi '14]

- ▶ least constrained and most relevant in Higgs sector: $\phi_{A_{t,b}}, \phi_{M_3}$

complex phases induce \mathcal{CP} -violation in Higgs sector via loops

3×3 propagator mixing and \hat{Z} factors

\mathbb{C} : \mathcal{CP} eigenstates $h, H, A \rightarrow$ mass eigenstates h_1, h_2, h_3

- ▶ 3×3 propagator matrix, p^2 -dependent:

$$\Delta_{hHA}(p^2) = \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{hh}(p^2) & \Delta_{hH}(p^2) & \Delta_{hA}(p^2) \\ \Delta_{Hh}(p^2) & \Delta_{HH}(p^2) & \Delta_{HA}(p^2) \\ \Delta_{Ah}(p^2) & \Delta_{AH}(p^2) & \Delta_{AA}(p^2) \end{pmatrix}$$

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- ▶ correct on-shell properties of external Higgs bosons with mixing: \hat{Z}_{aj}

[Chankowski, Pokorski, Rosiek '93], [Frank, Hahn, Heinemeyer, Hollik, Rzehak, Weiglein '07],
[Williams, Rzehak, Weiglein '11]...

$$\hat{Z}_a = \frac{1}{1 + \hat{\Sigma}_{ii}^{\text{eff}}(\mathcal{M}_{h_a}^2)}, \quad \hat{Z}_{aj} = \frac{\Delta_{ij}(\mathcal{M}_{h_a}^2)}{\Delta_{ii}(\mathcal{M}_{h_a}^2)}, \quad \hat{\mathbf{z}}_{aj} = \sqrt{\hat{Z}_a} \hat{Z}_{aj}$$

$$p^2 = \mathcal{M}_a^2 \text{ --- } h_a \text{ --- } \hat{\Gamma}_{h_a} = \sqrt{\hat{Z}_a} \left(\frac{h_a}{\hat{Z}_{ah}} \text{ --- } \hat{\Gamma}_h + \frac{h_a}{\hat{Z}_{aH}} \text{ --- } \hat{\Gamma}_H + \frac{h_a}{\hat{Z}_{aA}} \text{ --- } \hat{\Gamma}_A \right) + \dots$$

Breit-Wigner approximation of full propagators

- ▶ **Breit-Wigner** (BW) propagator (mass basis) with complex pole $\mathcal{M}_{h_a}^2$

$$\Delta_a^{\text{BW}}(p^2) = \frac{i}{p^2 - \mathcal{M}_{h_a}^2} = \frac{i}{p^2 - M_{h_a}^2 + iM_{h_a}\Gamma_{h_a}}$$

- ▶ approximation of **full propagator** around $p^2 \simeq \mathcal{M}_{h_a}^2$:

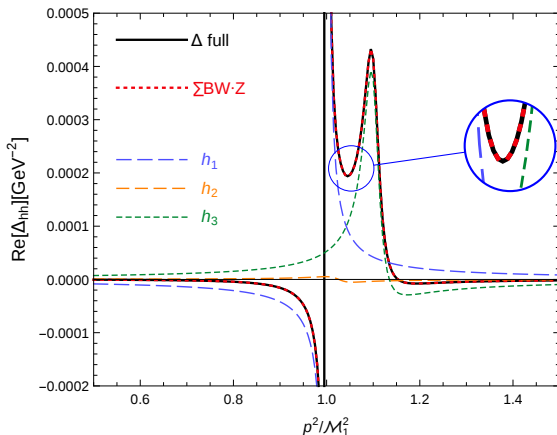
$$\Delta_{ii}(p^2) \simeq \Delta_a^{\text{BW}}(p^2) \hat{\mathbf{Z}}_{ai}^2$$

- ▶ consider all 3 complex poles \mathcal{M}_a^2 , $a = 1, 2, 3$

$$\Delta_{ij}(p^2) \simeq \sum_{a=1,2,3} \hat{\mathbf{Z}}_{ai} \Delta_a^{\text{BW}}(p^2) \hat{\mathbf{Z}}_{aj} \quad \text{[EF, Weiglein 1610.06193]}$$

full mixing \nearrow Breit-Wigner propagators \nwarrow on-shell $\hat{\mathbf{Z}}$ -factors approximate mixing

Comparison: Breit-Wigner and full propagators



- ▶ example scenario \Rightarrow overlap of resonance regions

Δ_{ij} very well approximated by **sum** of **BW** propagators and \hat{Z} -factors

Mixing and overlapping resonances

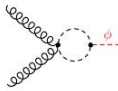
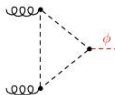
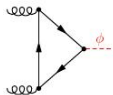
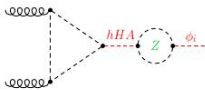
generally: $\Delta M \leq \Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2 \leftrightarrow$ overlapping resonances

MSSM: Higgs bosons can be quasi degenerate and interfere

\mathbb{R}	h, H	$M_h \simeq M_H$ at high $\tan \beta$, low M_A
\mathbb{C}	h_1, h_2, h_3	$M_{h_2} \simeq M_{h_3}$ in decoupling limit

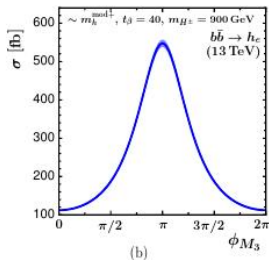
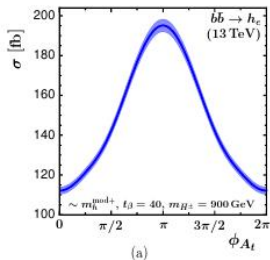
if \mathbb{C} : *incoherent* sum $\sigma_H + \sigma_A$ not sufficient in heavy Higgs searches

Phases in gg and $b\bar{b}$ Higgs production

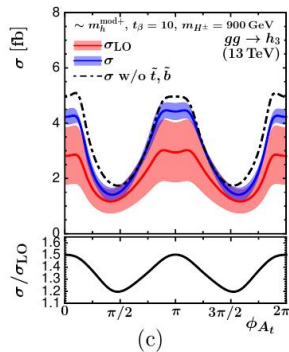
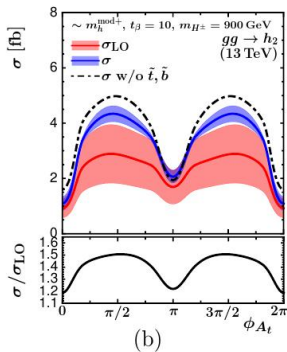
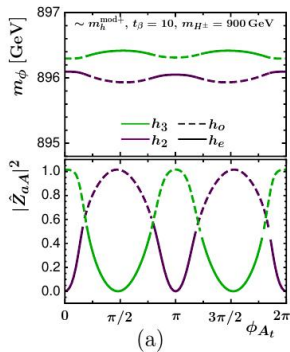


- ▶ \hat{Z} factors
- ▶ squark loops
- ▶ Δ_b correction to the y_b - m_b relation

SusHiMi: Higgs production in the MSSM with complex parameters
via $gg \rightarrow h_a$, $b\bar{b}h_a$, $a = 1, 2, 3$ [Liebler, Patel, Weiglein 1611.09308]



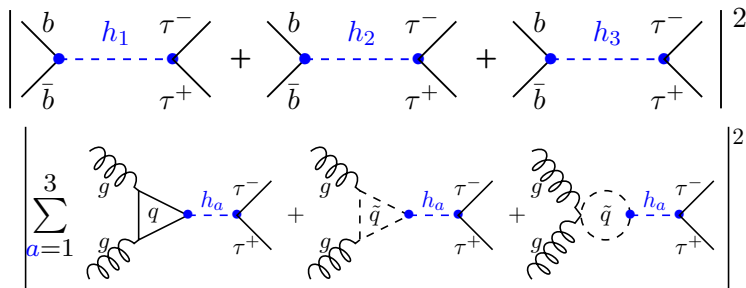
Phase dependence of highly admixed Higgs states



[Liebler, Patel, Weiglein 1611.09308]

Production, decay and interference

Higgs bosons as intermediate states in $\{b\bar{b}, gg\} \rightarrow h_a \rightarrow \tau\tau$

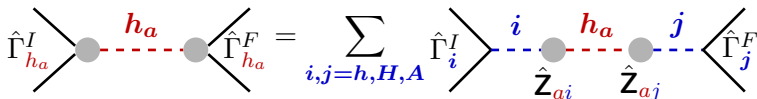


- ▶ phases have impact on masses, couplings, widths, cross sections, mixing
- ▶ \mathcal{CP} mixing and interference: coherent $|\sum h_a|^2$ vs. incoherent $\sum |h_a|^2$

Coherent and incoherent contribution

- ▶ amplitude of Higgs boson h_a exchanged in $I \rightarrow h_a \rightarrow F$ with vert

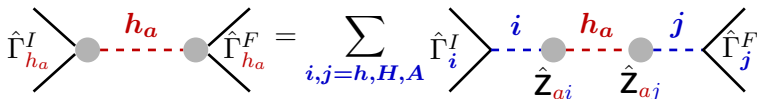
$$\mathcal{A}_{h_a} \equiv \hat{\Gamma}_{h_a}^I \Delta_a^{\text{BW}}(p^2) \hat{\Gamma}_{h_a}^F = \sum_{i,j=h,H,A} \hat{\Gamma}_i^I \hat{\mathbf{Z}}_{ai} \Delta_a^{\text{BW}}(p^2) \hat{\mathbf{Z}}_{aj} \hat{\Gamma}_j^F$$



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- ▶ coherent sum $|\mathcal{A}|_{\text{coh}}^2 = \left| \sum_{a=1}^3 \mathcal{A}_{h_a} \right|^2$ contains interference term
- ▶ incoherent sum $|\mathcal{A}|_{\text{incoh}}^2 = \sum_{a=1}^3 \left| \mathcal{A}_{h_a} \right|^2$
- ▶ interference term $|\mathcal{A}|_{\text{int}}^2 = |\mathcal{A}|_{\text{coh}}^2 - |\mathcal{A}|_{\text{incoh}}^2 = \sum_{a < b} 2 \text{Re} \left[\mathcal{A}_{h_a} \mathcal{A}_{h_b}^* \right]$

Framework for the relative interference term

Approach: maintain factorisation into production \times decay

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma(I \rightarrow h_a \rightarrow F) &= \sum_a \sigma(I \rightarrow h_a) \times \text{BR}(h_a \rightarrow F) + \sigma_{\text{interference}}^{IF} \\ &\simeq \sum_a \sigma(I \rightarrow h_a) \times \eta_a^{IF} \times \text{BR}(h_a \rightarrow F)\end{aligned}$$

- ▶ generalised NWA includes interference
- ▶ σ , BR calculated at higher order
- ▶ relative interference $\eta^{IF} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{int}}^{IF}}{\sigma_{\text{incoh}}^{IF}}$ split into the individual h_a
interference contributions: $\eta_a = \frac{\sigma_{\text{int}_{ab}}}{\sigma_{h_a} + \sigma_{h_b}} + \frac{\sigma_{\text{int}_{ac}}}{\sigma_{h_a} + \sigma_{h_c}}$ [EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]
- ▶ calculation of η_a^{IF} implemented in SusHi, integration over resonance region

Definition of the $m_{h_1}^{125}$ (CPVint) scenario

motivated by large admixture of H, A into h_2, h_3

- ▶ h_2, h_3 almost degenerate
- ▶ mixing reflected in $\hat{\mathbf{Z}}$ matrix
- ▶ large imaginary parts of $\hat{\mathbf{Z}}$ matrix

$$M_{\text{SUSY}} = \mu = 1.5 \text{ TeV}$$

$$M_1 = 0.5 \text{ TeV}, \quad M_2 = 1 \text{ TeV}, \quad M_3 = 2.5 \text{ TeV} \cdot e^{i\phi_{M_3}}$$

$$A_t = (\mu \cot \beta + x \cdot M_{\text{SUSY}}) \cdot e^{i\phi_{A_t}}, \quad A_b = A_t, \quad A_\tau = |A_t|, \quad \phi_{A_t}$$

$$M_{(Q,U,D,L,E)_3} = M_{(Q,U,D)_{1,2}} = M_{\text{SUSY}}$$

Version A

$$\phi_{M_3} = \pi/3, \quad x = 1.8$$

$$M_{(L,E)_{1,2}} = 0.5 \text{ TeV}$$

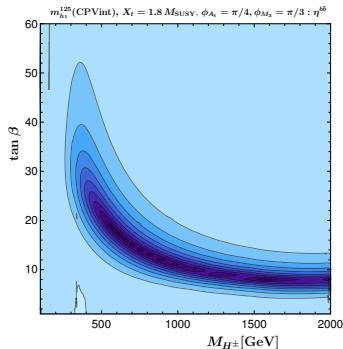
Version B

$$\phi_{M_3} = 0, \quad x = 1.5$$

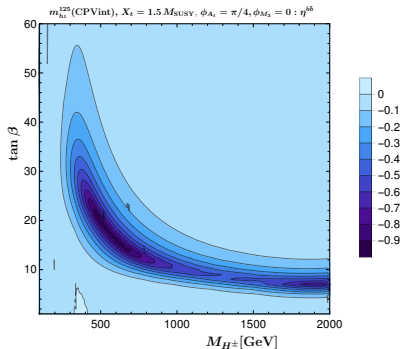
$$M_{(L,E)_{1,2}} = M_{\text{SUSY}}$$

Interference effect in $b\bar{b} \rightarrow h_a \rightarrow \tau\tau$

$m_{h_1}^{125}$ (CPVint) A



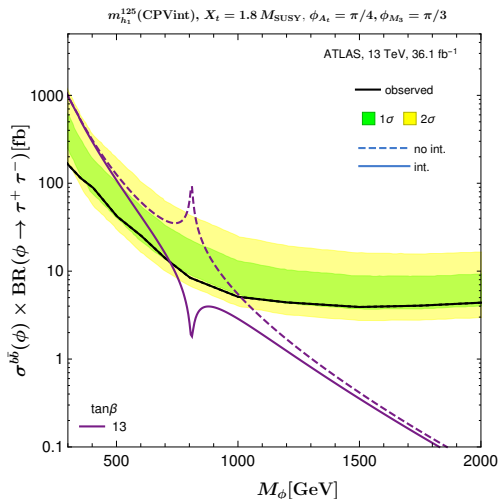
$m_{h_1}^{125}$ (CPVint) B



drastic, **destructive** interference effect

Comparison with experimental exclusion bounds

\hat{Z} -enhancement of cross sections, **reduction** by destructive interference

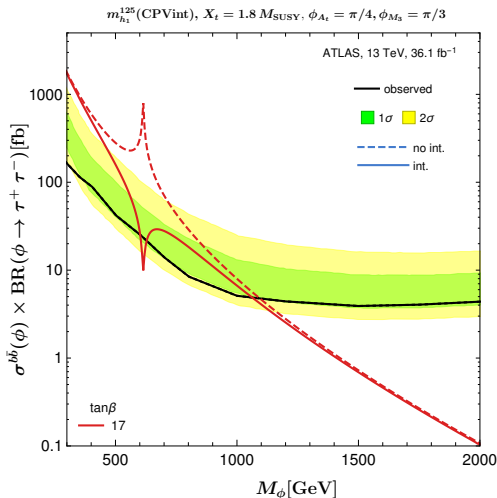


$m_{h_1}^{125}(\text{CPVint})$ A

interference can suppress $\sigma_{\text{coh}} < \sigma_{\text{exp}}$ for some $(M_\phi, \tan \beta)$

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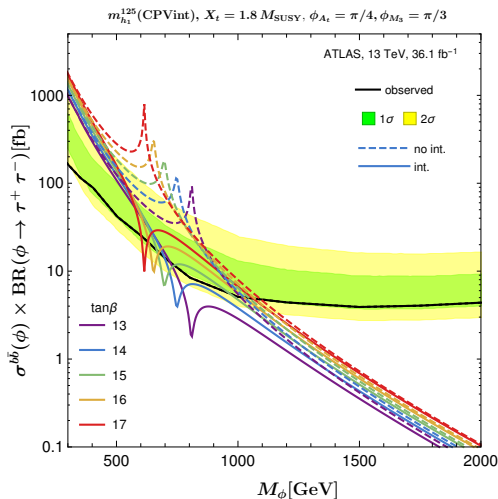


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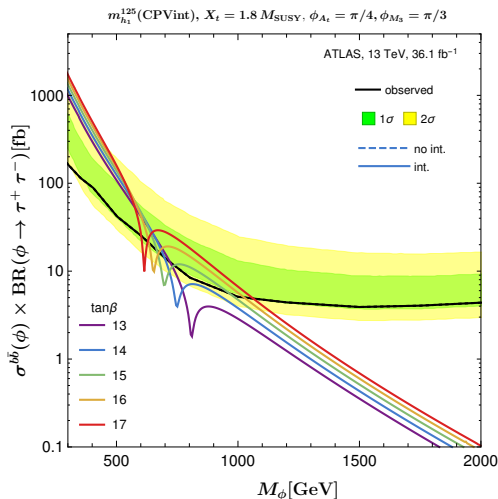


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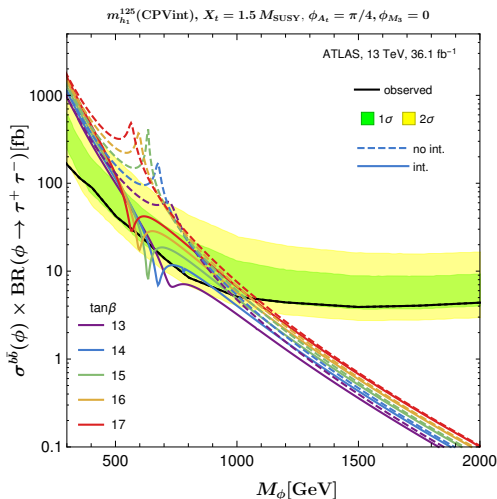


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Combination of precise building blocks

Production: cross sections of $b\bar{b} \rightarrow h_a$ and $gg \rightarrow h_a$ from SusHiMi

Decay: branching ratios for $h_a \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ from FeynHiggs

Combination of precise building blocks

Production: cross sections of $b\bar{b} \rightarrow h_a$ and $gg \rightarrow h_a$ from SusHiMi



Interference incl. propagator corrections:

We included the interference terms by rescaling the production $P = b\bar{b}$ (gg to be included later, here subdominant):

$$\frac{\sigma^{\text{MSSM}}(P \rightarrow h_a)}{\sigma^{\text{SM}}(P \rightarrow h)} \longrightarrow \frac{\sigma^{\text{MSSM}}(P \rightarrow h_a)}{\sigma^{\text{SM}}(P \rightarrow h)} \cdot (1 + \eta_a)$$



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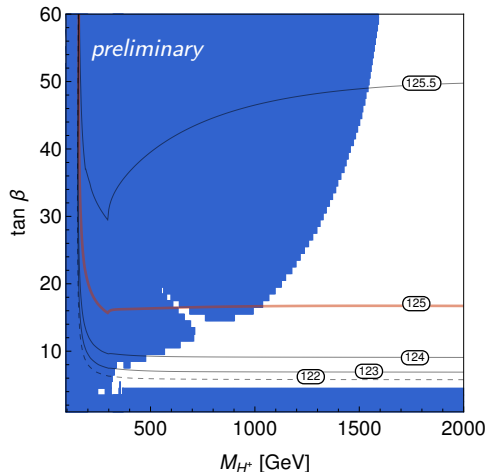
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Confront with experimental data: input for HiggsBounds

Impact on exclusion bound

HiggsBounds 5.2.0 β^* with SusHiMi and FeynHiggs 2.13.0**



$m_{h_1}^{125}$ (CPVint) scenario A

- ▶ $\phi_{A_t} = \pi/4$, $\phi_{M_3} = \pi/3$
- ▶ $M_{h_1} = 125 \pm 3$ GeV in most of the plane
- ▶ $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ ATLAS search sensitive to high masses

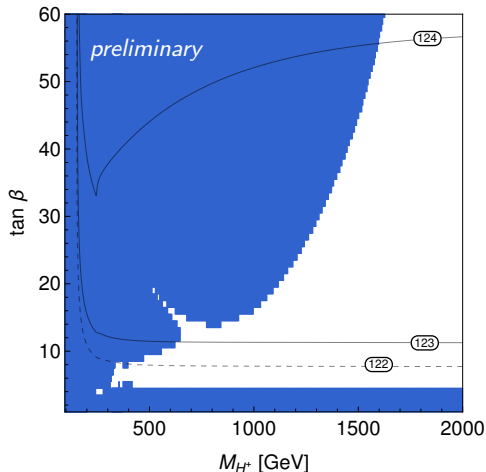
unexcluded “fjord” due to strong, **destructive** interference effect

* thanks to T. Stefaniak

** preliminary checks with FH 2.14.0 β thanks to I. Sobolev and H. Bahl

Impact on exclusion bound

HiggsBounds 5.2.0 β^* with SusHiMi and FeynHiggs 2.13.0**



$m_{h_1}^{125}$ (CPVint) scenario B

- ▶ $\phi_{A_t} = \pi/4$, $\phi_{M_3} = 0$
- ▶ $M_{h_1} \lesssim 124$ GeV in most of the plane due to lower X_t
- ▶ similar effect with varied input parameters

unexcluded “fjord” due to strong, **destructive** interference effect

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** preliminary checks with FH 2.14.0 β thanks to I. Sobolev and H. Bahl

Next steps

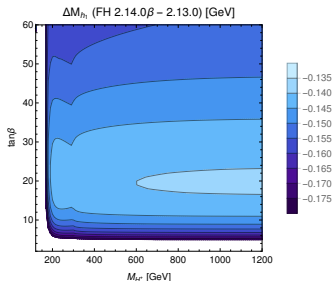
- ▶ include interference also in gluon fusion
 - similar relative effect $\eta^{gg} \sim \eta^{b\bar{b}}$ expected
 - but subdominant production in interference region \Rightarrow less impact on exclusion
 - use 2-dimensional exclusion $(gg, b\bar{b})$ as soon as provided by ATLAS/CMS and included in HiggsBounds

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- ▶ theory uncertainty
 - uncertainty of production (SusHiMi) and decay (FeynHiggs)
 - non-factorisable corrections to η
 - Higgs masses

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 - Higgs masses
- ▶ update to FeynHiggs 2.14.0
 - small downward shift of M_{h_1}
 - adjust X_t



Benchmark input for experimental analyses

for each $(M_{H^\pm}, \tan \beta)$:

- ▶ ROOT files with standard inputs (\rightarrow see Stefan's talk)
- ▶ relative interference factor η_{IF} for production mode $I = b\bar{b}, gg$ and decay channel $F = \tau\tau, b\bar{b}, t\bar{t}$

proceed with experimental analyses as usual

Summary: \mathcal{CP} benchmark with $h_2 - h_3$ interference

- ▶ **propagator mixing** with loop-induced \mathcal{CP}
 - $h, H, A \rightarrow h_1, h_2, h_3$:
full propagators approximated by BW-propagators with $\hat{\mathbf{Z}}$ -factors
- ▶ **Higgs production** with complex parameters in SusHiMi
- ▶ **interference** factors η modify prediction of $\sigma \times \text{BR}$

Summary: \mathcal{CP} benchmark with $h_2 - h_3$ interference

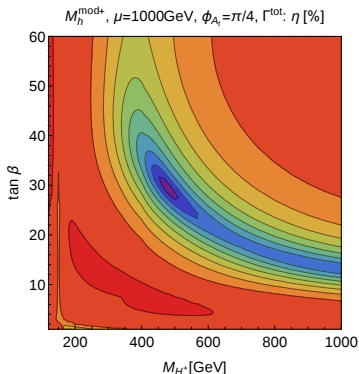
- ▶ **propagator mixing** with loop-induced \mathcal{CP}
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- ▶ **Higgs production** with complex parameters in SusHiMi
- ▶ **interference** factors η modify prediction of $\sigma \times \text{BR}$
- ▶ **\mathcal{CP} -violating benchmark scenario** $m_{h_1}^{125}$ (**CPVint**) with ϕ_{A_t}, ϕ_{M_3}
 - mixing-enhanced cross sections
 - destructive interference suppresses combined h_2, h_3 rate
 - ↪ **interference has significant impact on exclusion limits**
 - ↪ incoherent sum $\sigma_H + \sigma_A$ not sufficient

APPENDIX

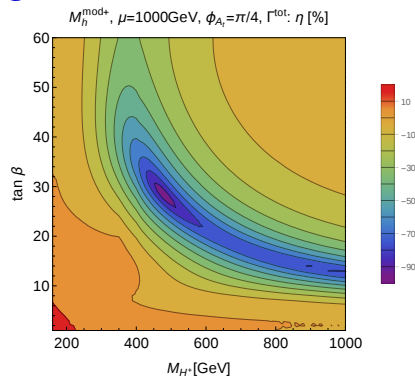
Interference effect in $\{b\bar{b}, gg\} \rightarrow h_\alpha \rightarrow \tau\tau$

relative interference contribution $\eta := \frac{\sigma_{\text{int}}(\phi_{A_t})}{\sigma_{\text{incoh}}(\phi_{A_t})}$ in $\mathbb{C}M_h^{\text{mod}+}$ scenario

$b\bar{b}h_\alpha$ production



gluon fusion



[EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]

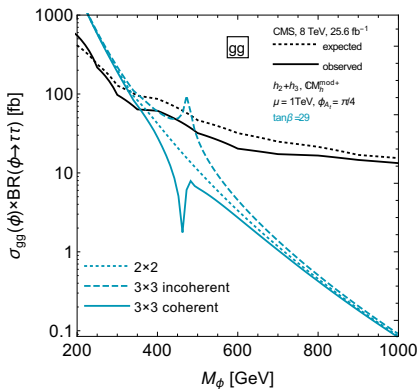
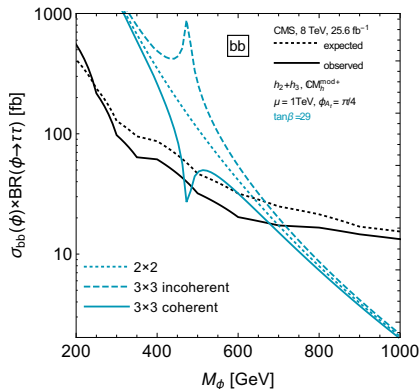
drastic, **destructive** interference effect

Comparison with experimental exclusion bounds

2 effects of \mathcal{CP} -mixing on cross sections \times BR in $\mathbb{C}M_h^{\text{mod}+}$

enhancement by mixing \hat{Z} -factors, reduction by destructive interference

[EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]



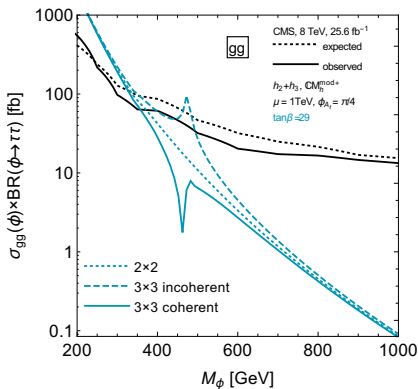
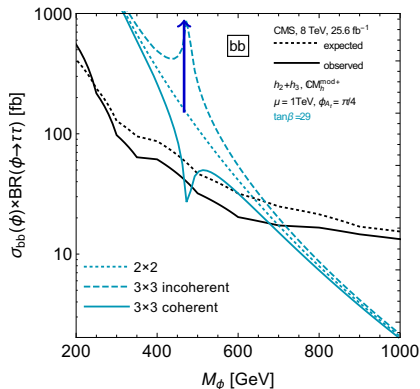
interference can suppress $\sigma_{\text{coh}} < \sigma_{\text{exp}}$ for some $(M_\phi, \tan\beta)$

Comparison with experimental exclusion bounds

2 effects of \mathcal{CP} -mixing on cross sections \times BR in $\mathbb{C}M_h^{\text{mod}+}$

enhancement by mixing $\hat{\mathbf{Z}}$ -factors, reduction by destructive interference

[EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]



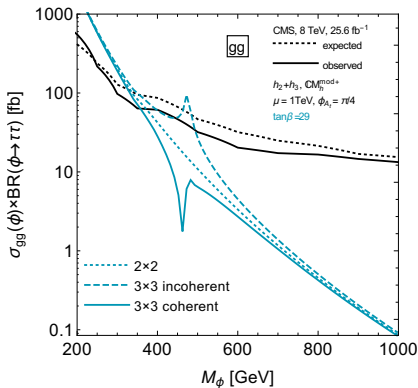
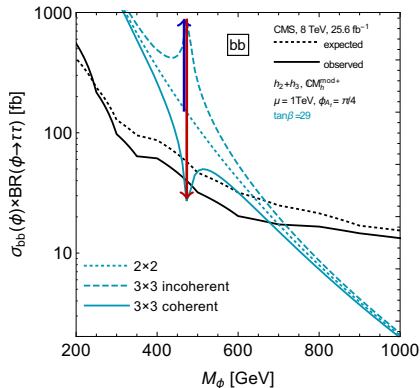
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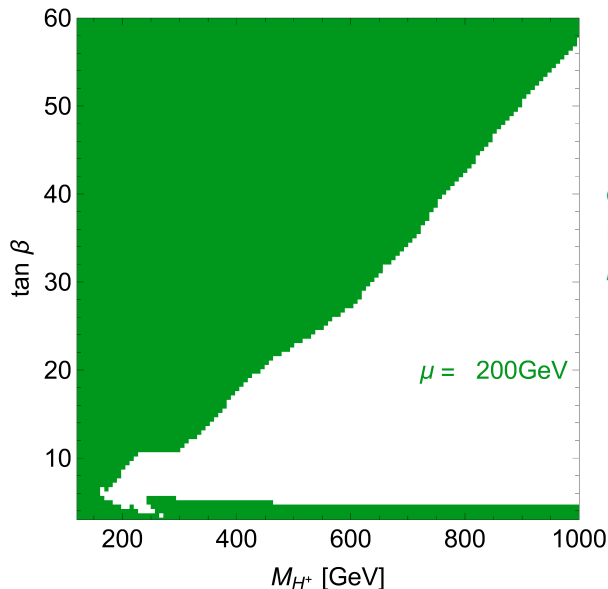
[EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]



interference can suppress $\sigma_{\text{coh}} < \sigma_{\text{exp}}$ for some $(M_\phi, \tan\beta)$

Impact of the interference on exclusion bounds

HiggsBounds 4.2.0

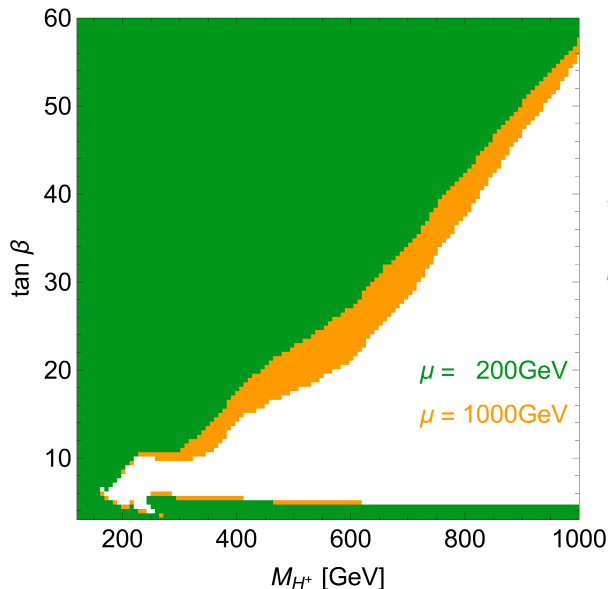


default $M_h^{\text{mod}+}$ scenario:
real parameters
 $\mu = 200 \text{ GeV}$

[EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]

Impact of the interference on exclusion bounds

HiggsBounds 4.2.0

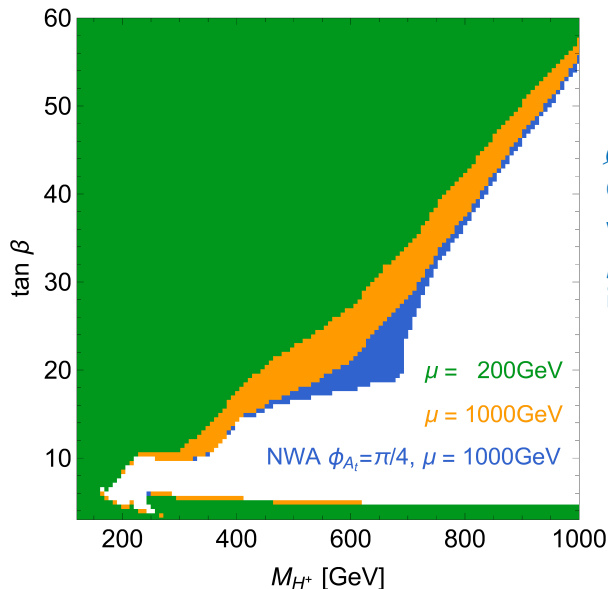


$M_h^{\text{mod}+}$ scenario:
real parameters
 $\mu = 1000 \text{ GeV}$

[EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]

Impact of the interference on exclusion bounds

HiggsBounds 4.2.0

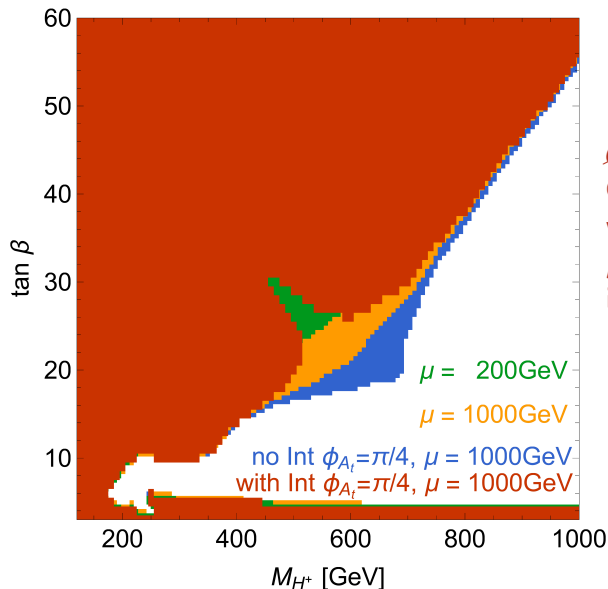


\mathcal{CP} benchmark
 $\mathbb{C}M_h^{\text{mod}+}$:
with $\phi_{A_t} = \pi/4$
 $\mu = 1000 \text{ GeV}$
interference neglected

[EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]

Impact of the interference on exclusion bounds

HiggsBounds with interference implementation

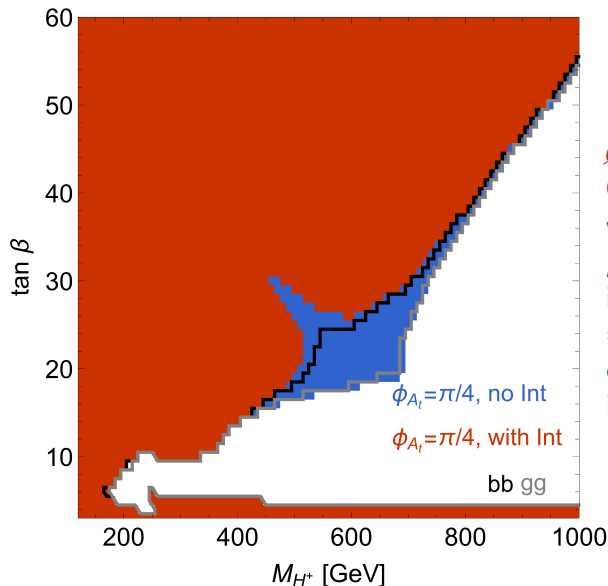


\mathcal{CP} benchmark
 $CM_h^{\text{mod}+}$:
with $\phi_{A_t} = \pi/4$
 $\mu = 1000\text{ GeV}$
interference included

[EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]

Impact of the interference on exclusion bounds

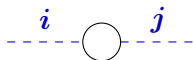
HiggsBounds with interference implementation



\mathcal{CP} benchmark
 $CM_h^{\text{mod}+}$:
with $\phi_{A_t} = \pi/4$
 $\mu = 1000$ GeV
interference included
 \Rightarrow significant shift of
exclusion bounds
impact of **bb** and **gg**

[EF, Weiglein 1705.05757]

Full mixing propagators



mixing self-energies $\hat{\Sigma}_{ij}(p^2)$, $i, j = h, H, A$

- ▶ mass matrix $\mathbf{M}_{ij} = m_i^2 \delta_{ij} - \hat{\Sigma}_{ij}(p^2)$

2-point vertex functions: $\hat{\Gamma}_{hHA} = i [p^2 \mathbf{1} - \mathbf{M}(p^2)]$

propagator matrix: $\Delta_{hHA}(p^2) = - [\hat{\Gamma}_{hHA}(p^2)]^{-1}$

- ▶ diagonal propagator $\Delta_{ii}(p^2) = \frac{i}{p^2 - m_i^2 + \hat{\Sigma}_{ii}^{\text{eff}}(p^2)}$

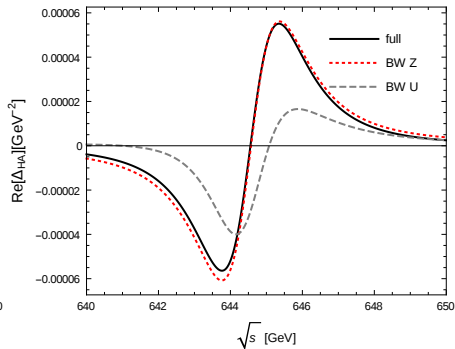
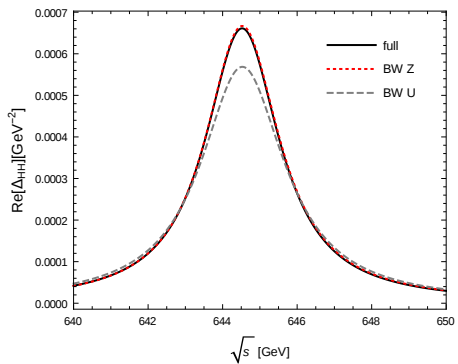
complex poles of propagators:

$$\mathcal{M}_{h_a}^2 = M_{h_a}^2 - i M_{h_a} \Gamma_{h_a}$$

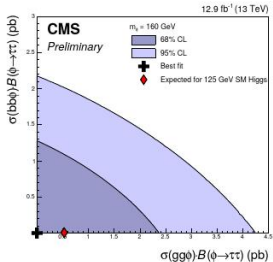
- ▶ higher-order masses M_{h_a} and widths Γ_{h_a} , $a = 1, 2, 3$

\mathcal{CP} eigenstates $h, H, A \rightarrow$ mass eigenstates h_1, h_2, h_3

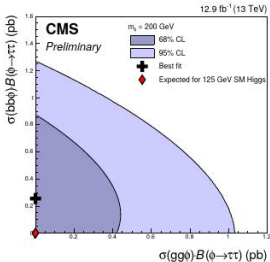
\hat{Z} -factors vs. effective couplings



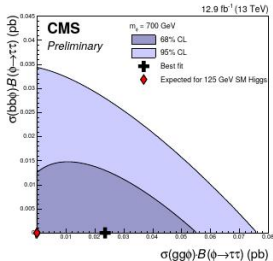
[EF, Weiglein 1610.06193]



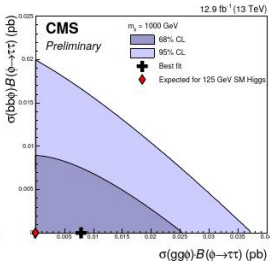
(d) $m_\phi = 160$ GeV



(e) $m_\phi = 200$ GeV



(g) $m_\phi = 700$ GeV



(h) $m_\phi = 1000$ GeV