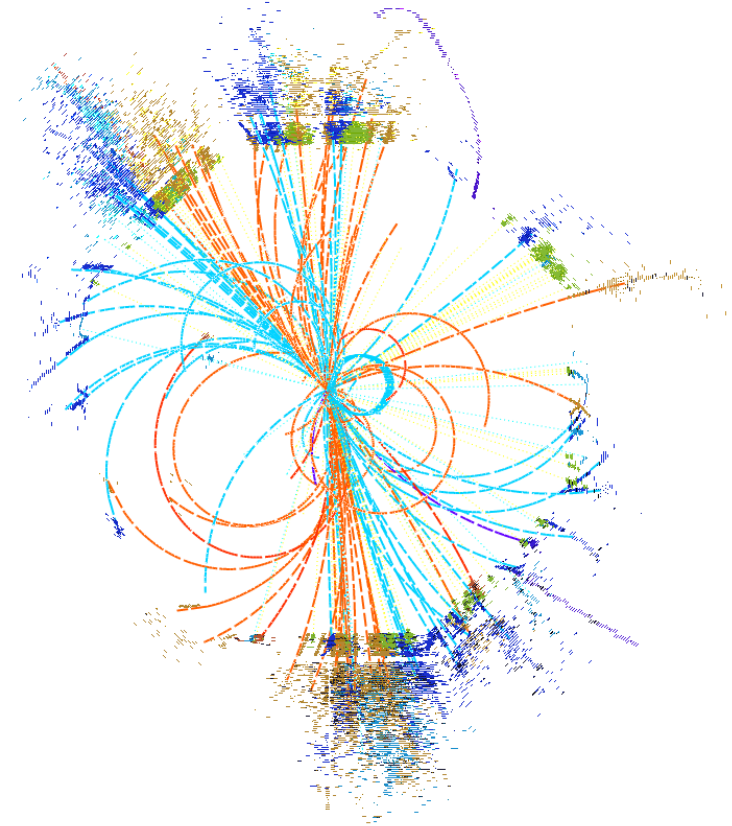


CP-mixing measurement using $t\bar{t}H$



Philipp Roloff (CERN)

CLICdp
WG analysis
meeting



19/10/2017
CERN, Geneva



Introduction

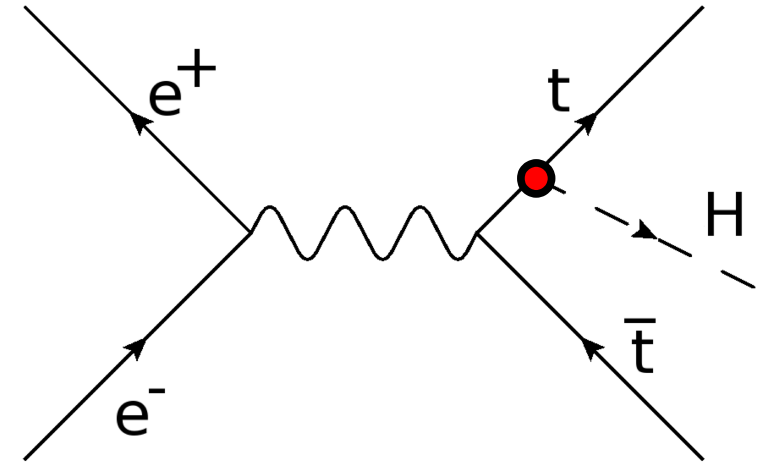
Higgs coupling to the top quark:

$$-ig_{ttH}(a + i b \gamma_5)$$

e.g. arXiv:1103.5404

Standard Model: $a = 1, b = 0$

Pure pseudo-scalar coupling: $a = 0, b \neq 1$



Easiest option: use total cross section $\sigma(t\bar{t}H)$ → [see next slides](#)

In the following: $a = \cos\Phi, b = \sin\Phi, \cos^2\Phi + \sin^2\Phi = 1$

Better: use differential distributions → [analyses by Yixuan and Tom](#)

$t\bar{t}H$ cross section at CLIC

$\sin^2\Phi$:	$\sigma(t\bar{t}H)$ [fb]:
0.0	1.63
0.05	1.57
0.1	1.51
0.2	1.40
0.3	1.28
0.4	1.17
0.5	1.05
0.6	0.93
0.7	0.82
0.8	0.71
0.9	0.59
1.0	0.46

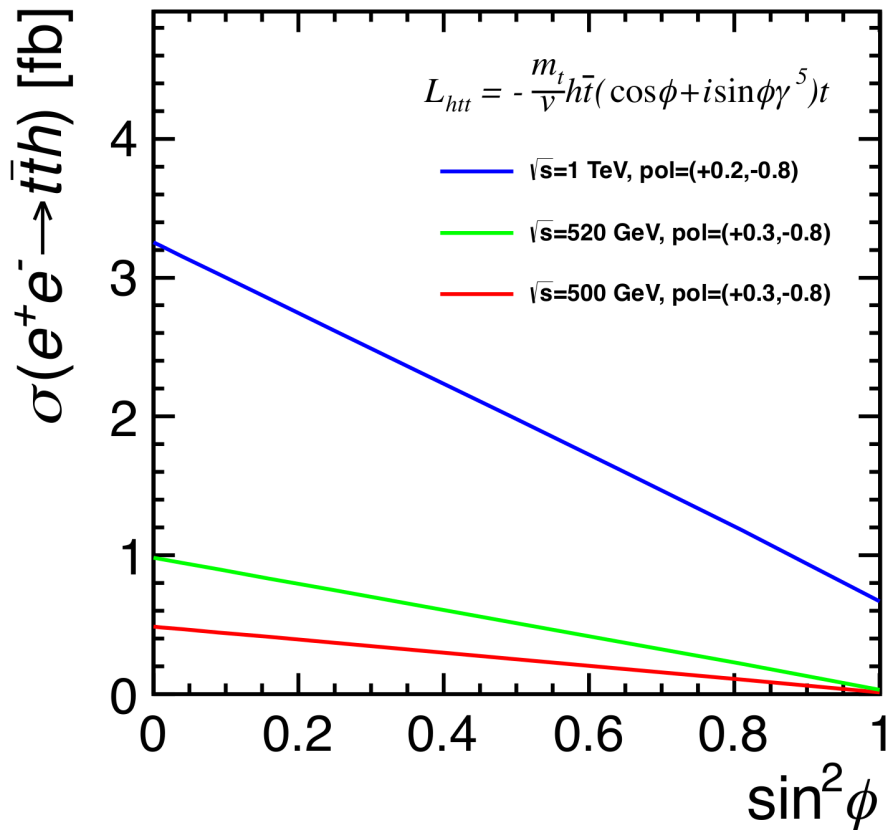
Physsim calculation:

- $\sqrt{s} = 1.4$ TeV
- **ISR**
- **CLIC luminosity spectrum**
- $M_H = 125$ GeV
- $M_t = 174$ GeV

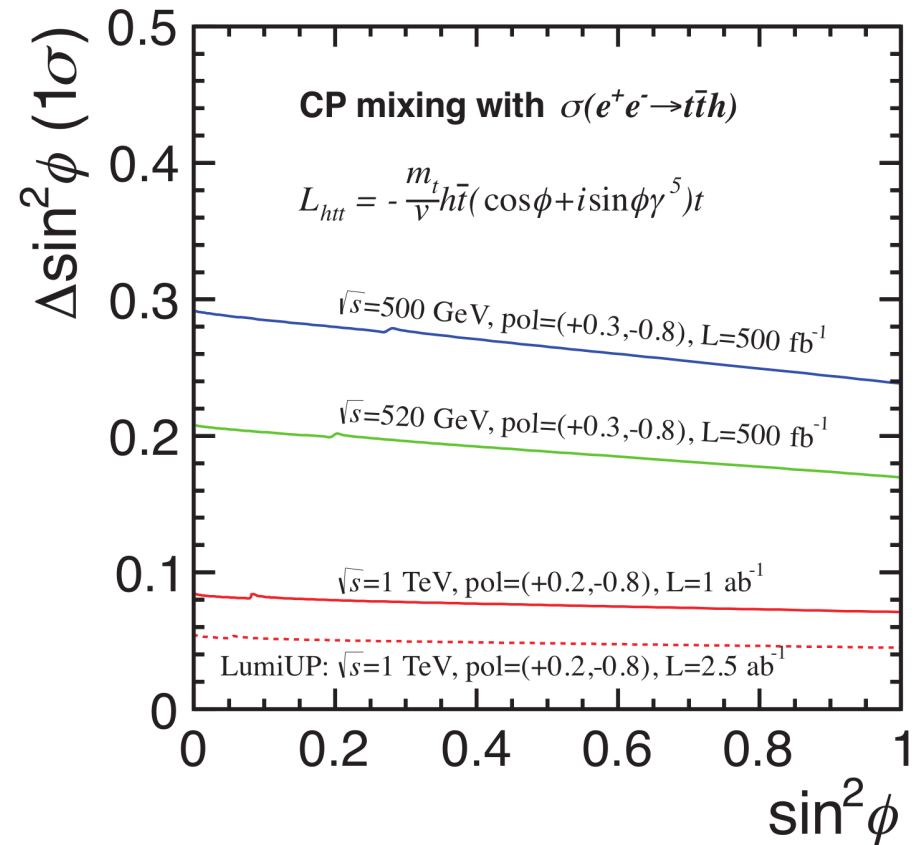
For analysis of differential distributions:

- Producing $t\bar{t}H$ signal samples for the fully hadronic and semi-leptonic channels assuming these $\sin^2\Phi$ values
- 2D templates potentially later

For comparison: ILC projections



→ consistent with CLIC numbers



arXiv:1310.0763