



Contribution ID: 8

Type: Oral Presentation

## SYNTHESIS, STRUCTURAL AND ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF NANOCRYSTALLINE BARIUM TITANATE CERAMIC USING MACHANOCHEMICAL METHOD

Barium Titanate ( $\text{BaTiO}_3$  or BT) ceramics were synthesized by using a combination of solid state and mechanochemical method. The thermal decomposition, phase formation, microstructure and electrical behavior are investigated by TG-DSC analysis, X-ray diffraction, FE-SEM measurements and Impedance Analyzer respectively. The X-ray diffraction patterns show cubic symmetry without secondary phase. The lattice parameter  $a$ ,  $c/a$  ratio and crystal size was found to be  $4.0070 \text{ \AA}$ ,  $1.0000$  and  $31.2 \text{ nm}$  respectively. The Porosity of the samples has been obtained through X-ray density and bulk density. The FESEM results indicated dense microstructure with an average grain size of  $144.53 \text{ nm}$ . Frequency dependence of dielectric permittivity and loss, have been studied in the range of  $30\text{-}150^\circ\text{C}$  and  $40 \text{ Hz-}1 \text{ MHz}$ , respectively. Frequency dependent dielectric study of the sample shows a normal ferroelectric phase transition behavior. The dielectric constant and loss of BT at room temperature are  $1600$  and  $0.77$  respectively. The temperature dependence of dielectric permittivity shows that phase transition seems to be shifted towards lower room temperature with phase transition temperature observed at  $90^\circ\text{C}$ . The hysteresis loop was observed having a remanent polarization ( $P_r$ ) and coercive field ( $E_c$ ) of  $0.27 \text{ Pr}$  ( $\mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^2$ ) and  $581.73 \text{ Ec}$  ( $\text{V}/\text{cm}$ ) respectively. The Cole-Cole plots of complex dielectric constant showed a non-Debye type of dielectric relaxation. Relaxation time was found to decrease with increasing temperature and to obey the Arrhenius relationship. The value of activation energy  $[E]_a$  for the bulk, as calculated from the slope of versus  $[\tau]_g$  Temperature curve, is observed to be  $1.47 \text{ eV}$ .

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**Session Classification:** Material Physics

**Track Classification:** Material Physics