The Large Hadron Collider: In Search of New Physics

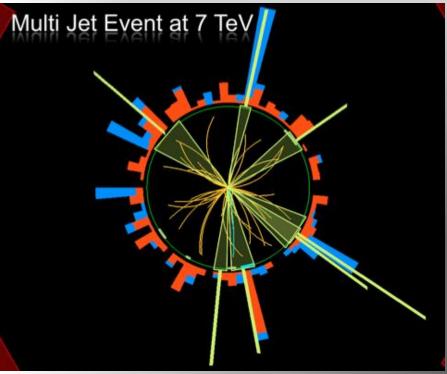
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Albert De Roeck CERN; Geneva, Switzerland Antwerp University Belgium UG-Davis California USA BU, Cairo, Egypt NTU, Singapore

CERN 3 July 2018



African School of Fundamental Physics and Applications

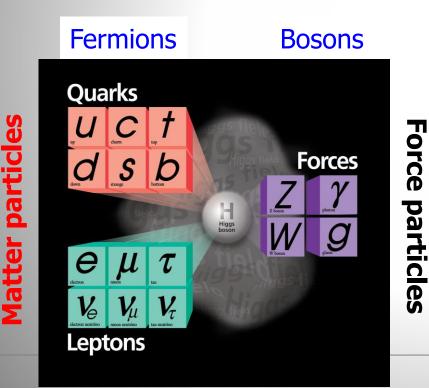


Outline Introduction: LHC & Higgs New Physics Searches @ the Large Hadron Collider -Dark Matter? -Supersymmetry? -Extra space dimensions? -Black Holes? -Matter Substructure? Summary

What is the world made of? What holds the world together? Where did we come from?

The "Standard Model"

Over the last 100 years: combination of Quantum Mechanics and Special Theory of relativity along with all new particles discovered has led to the Standard Model of Particle Physics. The new (final?) "Periodic Table" of fundamental elements:



The most basic mechanism of the SM, that of granting mass to particles remained a mystery for a long time A major step forward was made in July 2012 with the discovery of what could be the long-sought Higgs boson!!

Fermions: particles with spin 1/2 Bosons: particles with integer spin

The Hunt for the Higgs

 $\mathcal{L}_{\mathsf{Higgs}} = (\partial_{\mu}\phi)^{\dagger}(\partial^{\mu}\phi) - V(\phi)$

 $V(\phi) = \mu^2 \phi^{\dagger} \phi + \lambda (\phi^{\dagger} \phi)^2$

Where do the masses of elementary particles come from?

Massless particles move at the speed of light -> no atom formation!!

 $V(\phi)$

The key question (pre-2012): Does the Higgs particle exist? If so, where is the Higgs?

> We do not know the mass of the Higgs Boson

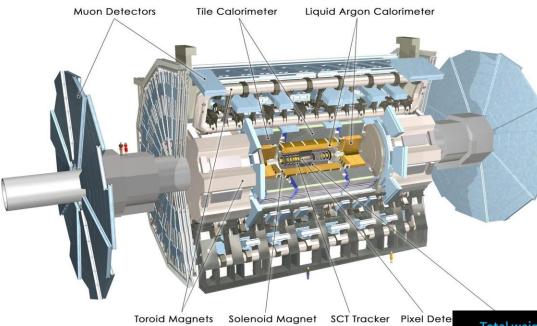
> > > CLICK

It could be anywhere from 114 to ~700 GeV

Scalar field with at least Note: NOT the mass of one scalar particle

protons and neutrons

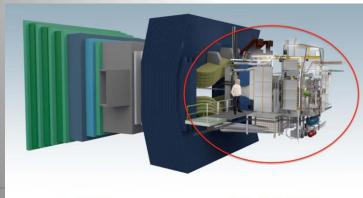
New Physics Hunters @ the LHC



The ATLAS experiment

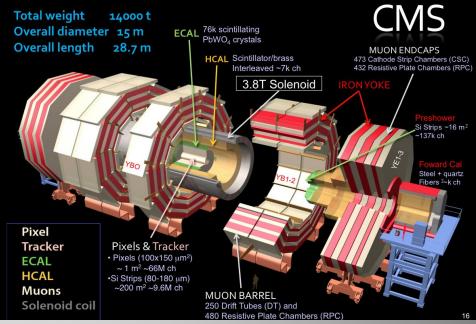
The CMS experiment

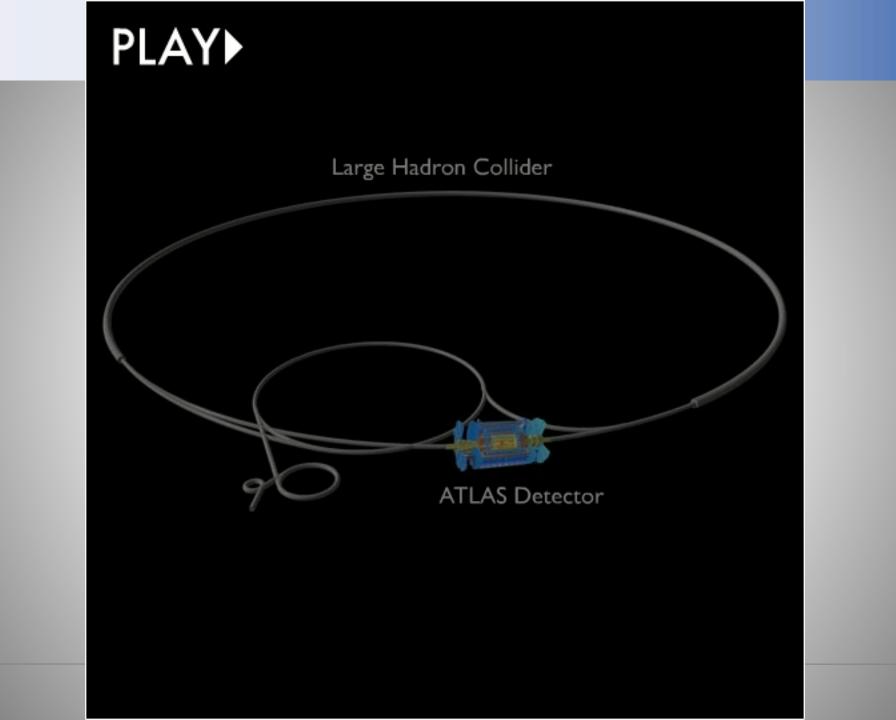
...And also LHCb and MoEDAL



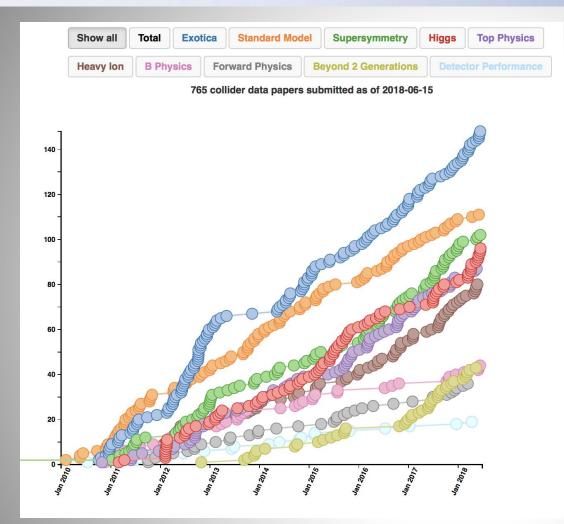
MoEDAL

LHCb





LHC Publications: Example CMS

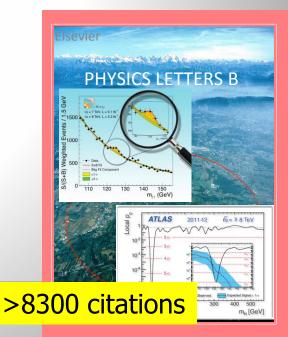


http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cmsresults/public-results/publications-vs-time/

Similar for ATLAS

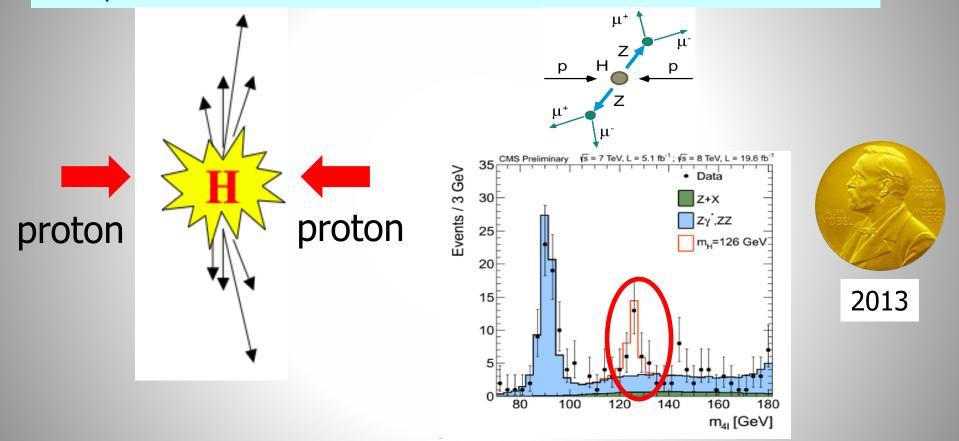
~ 765 publications on pp (and pPb/PbPb) physics since 1/2010

About 90 papers on Higgs studies!! Paper 16 was the discovery paper!



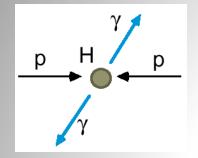
2012: A Milestone in Particle Physics

Observation of a Higgs Particle at the LHC, after about 40 years of experimental searches to find it

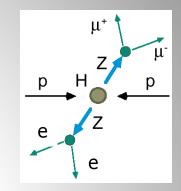


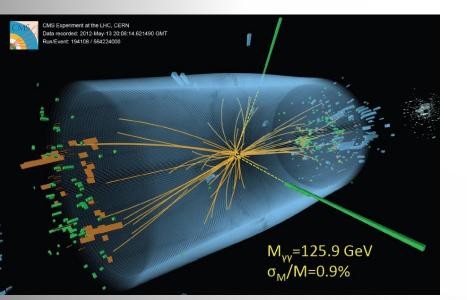
The Higgs particle was the last missing particle in the Standard Model and possibly our portal to physics Beyond the Standard Model

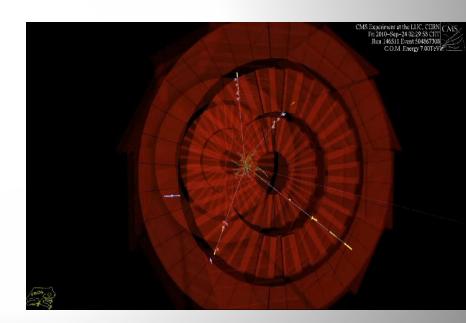
Collisions with a Higgs Candidate



A Higgs or a 'background' process without a Higgs?

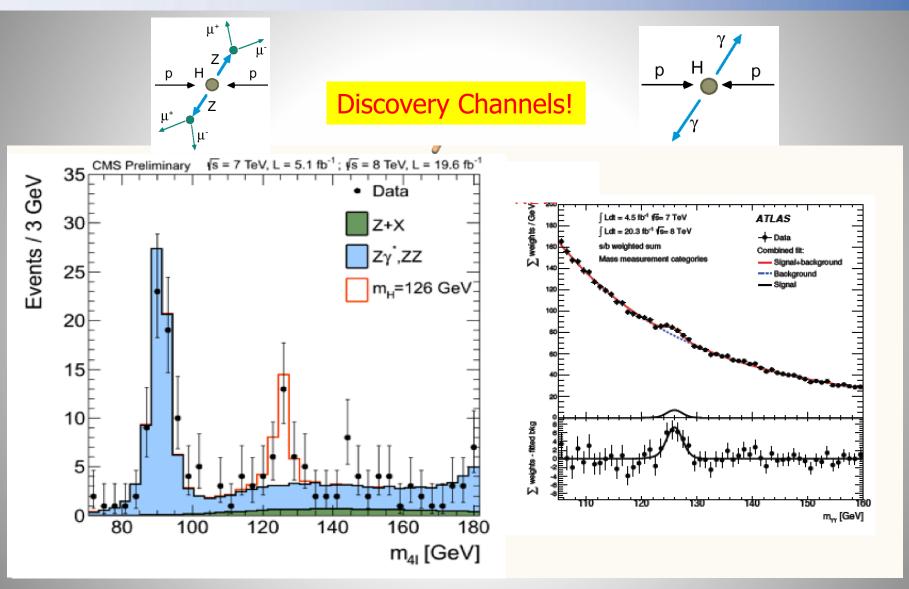






The Higgs is the new playground: Room for new experimental/theoretical ideas!! We have ~ 1 Million Higgses produced at the LHC, but use less than 1 per mille

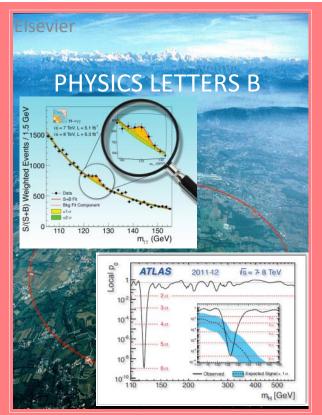
Higgs \rightarrow ZZ and $\gamma\gamma$





Most cited paper so far...

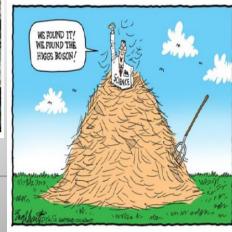
Special Physics Letters B edition with the ATLAS and CMS CMS papers on the Higgs Discovery



Cited about 8400 times so far...

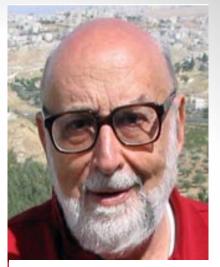
Also...



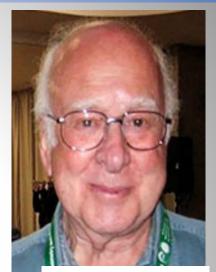


Tuesday 8 October 2013





Francois Englert



Peter Higgs

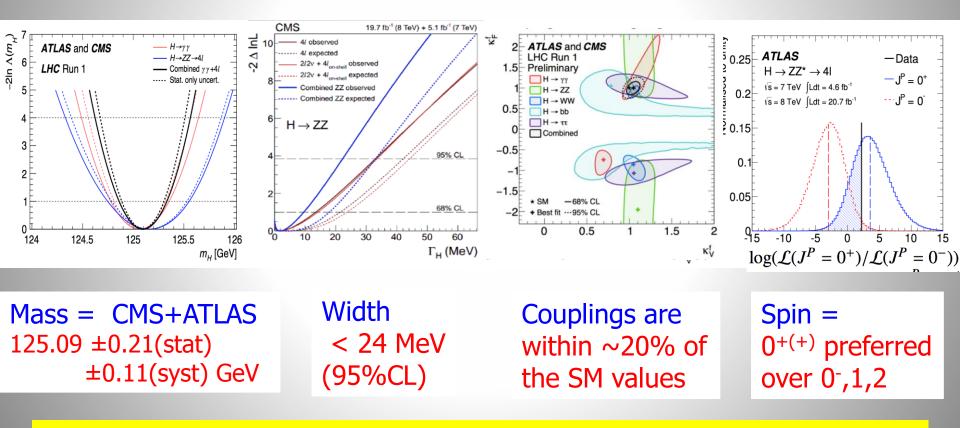
Congratulations!!!!

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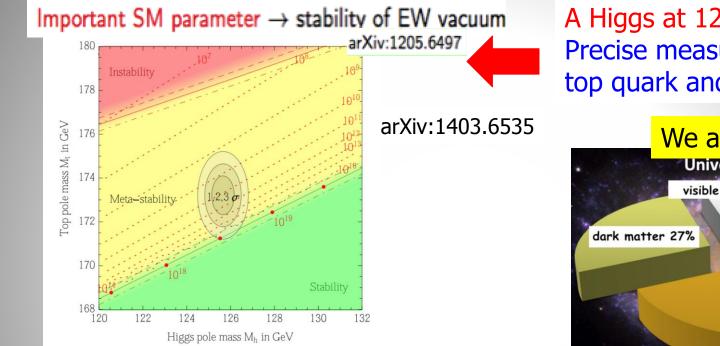
Brief Higgs Summary

We know already a lot on this Brand New Higgs Particle!!

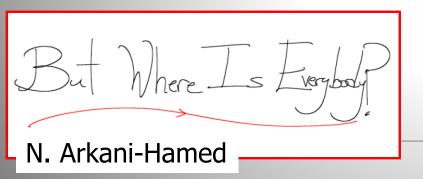


SM-like behaviour for most properties, but continue to look for anomalies, i.e. unexpected decay modes or couplings, multi-Higgs production...

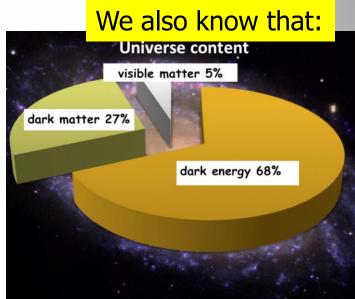
Physics Beyond the Standard Model?

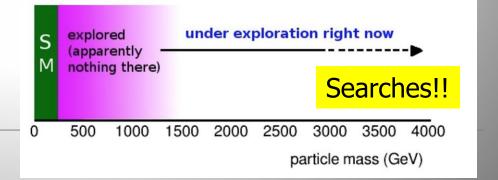


New Physics inevitable? But at which scale/energy?



A Higgs at 125 GeV Precise measurements of the top quark and the Higgs mass





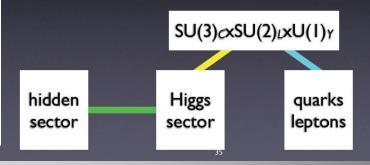
The Future: Studying the Higgs...



More LHC Data 2015-2023
LHC upgrade ! 2026-2036
Experiment upgrades!!
(Other/new machines?)

Higgs as a portal

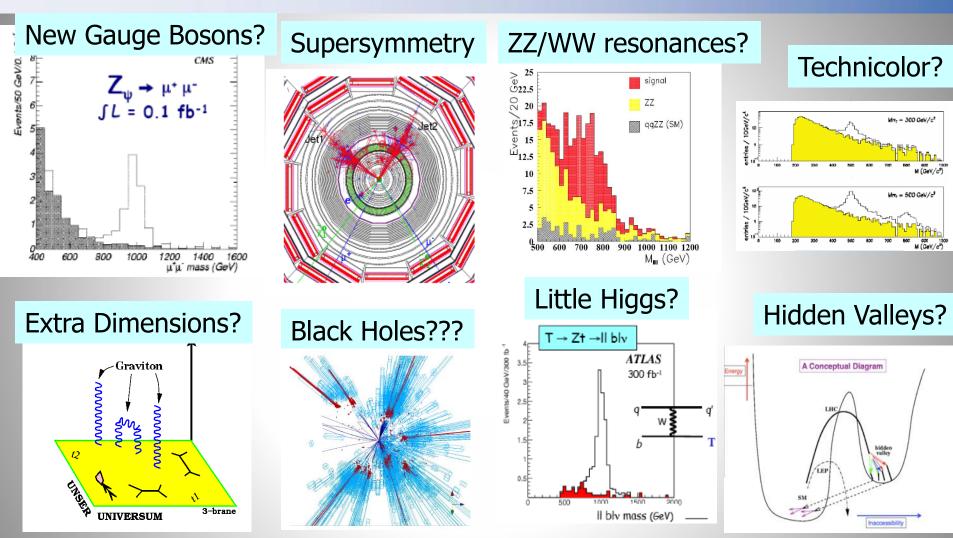
- having discovered the Higgs?
- Higgs boson may connect the Standard Model to other "sectors"



- Many questions are still unanswered:
 What explain a Higgs mass ~ 125 GeV?
 What explains the particle mass pattern?
 Connection with Dark Matter?
- •Where is the antimatter in the Universe?

• (5)

New Physics?



What stabelizes the Higgs Mass? Many ideas, not all viable any more A large variety of possible signals. We have to be ready for that

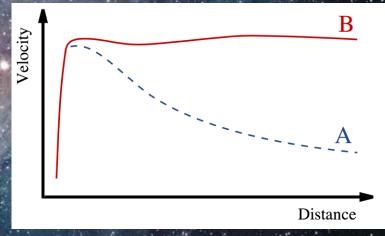
Next Questions...

Dark Matter at the LHC?

Are we Supersymmetric?

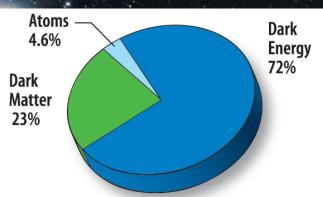
Dark Matter in the Universe

Astronomers found that most of the matter in the Universe must be invisible Dark Matter

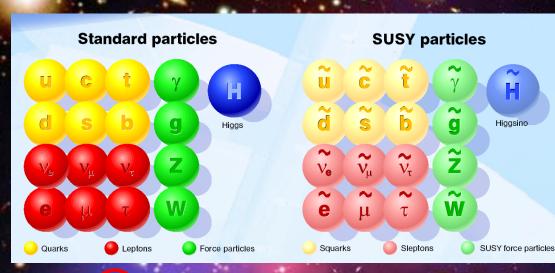


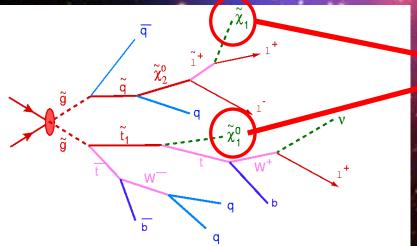
'Supersymmetric' particles ?





Supersymmetry: a new symmetry in Nature?



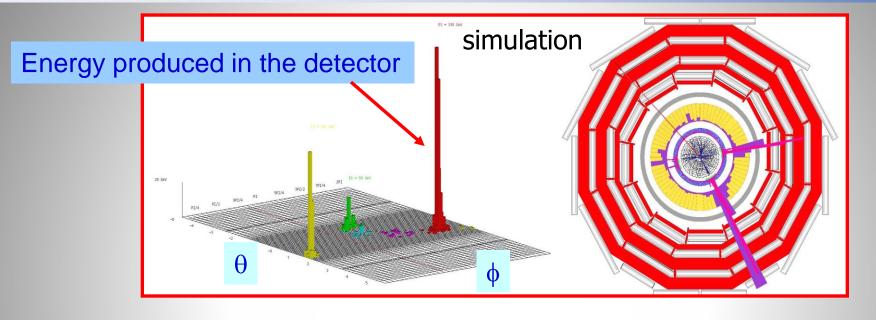


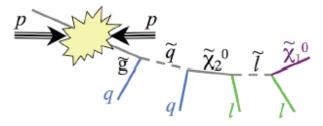
SUSY particle production at the LHC

Candidate particles for Dark Matter \Rightarrow Produce Dark Matter in the lab

Picture from Marusa Bradac

Detecting Supersymmetric Particles

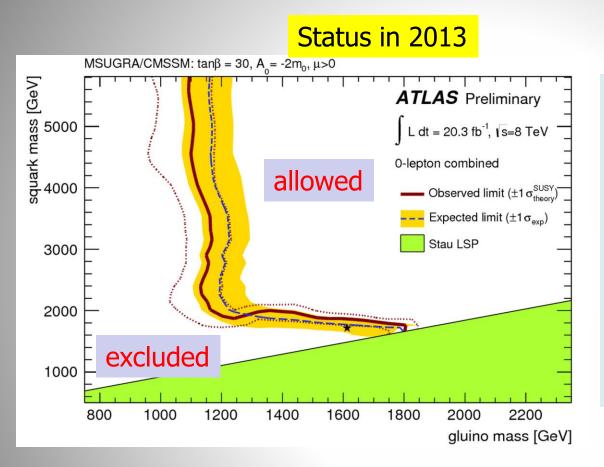




Supersymmetric particles decay and produce a cascade of jets, leptons and missing transverse energy (MET) due to escaping 'dark matter' particle candidates

Very prominent signatures in CMS and ATLAS

SUSY Searches: No signal yet to date...



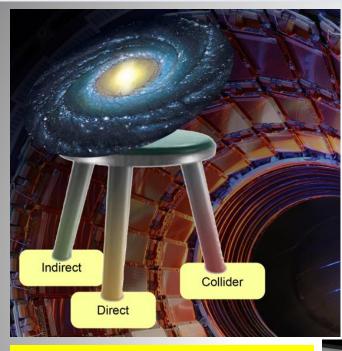
•So far NO clear signal of supersymmetric particles has been found

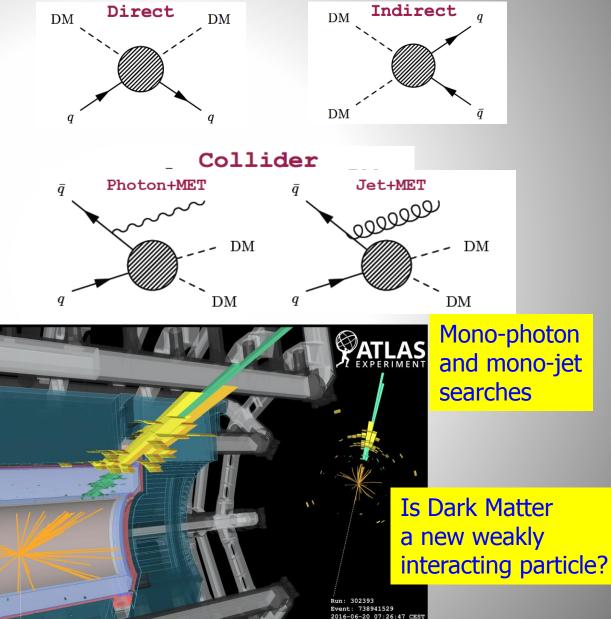
•We can exclude regions where the new particles could exist.

•Searches will continue for the higher energy in 2016

Plenty of searches ongoing: with jets, leptons, photons, W/Z, top, Higgs, with and without large missing transverse energy Also special searches for contrived model regions

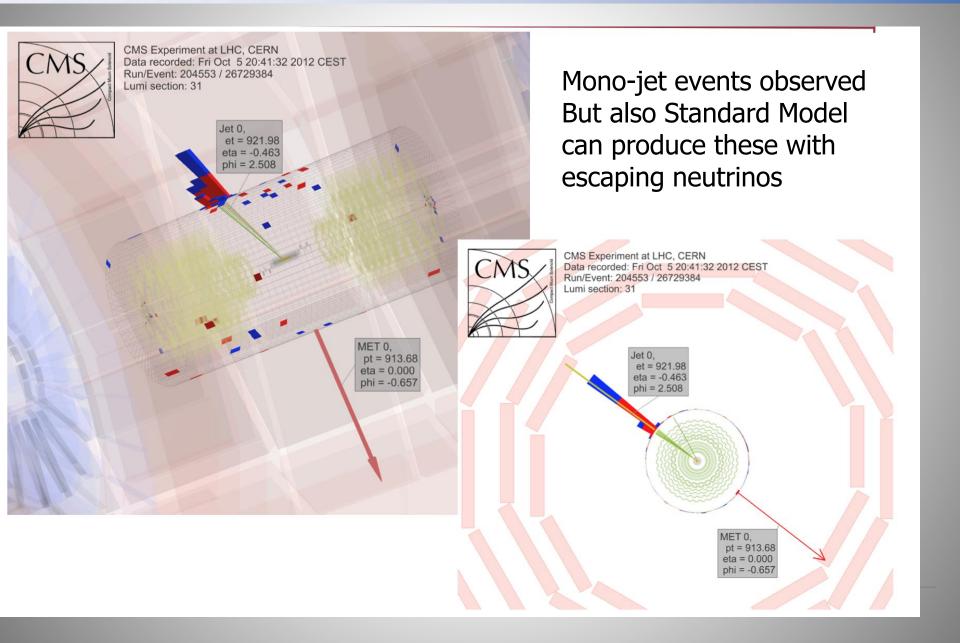
Dark Matter Searches at the LHC





Identifying Dark Matter is one of the most important questions in physics today!
It is likely a new as yet undetected particle
Can it be produced at the LHC?

Mono-Jet Event

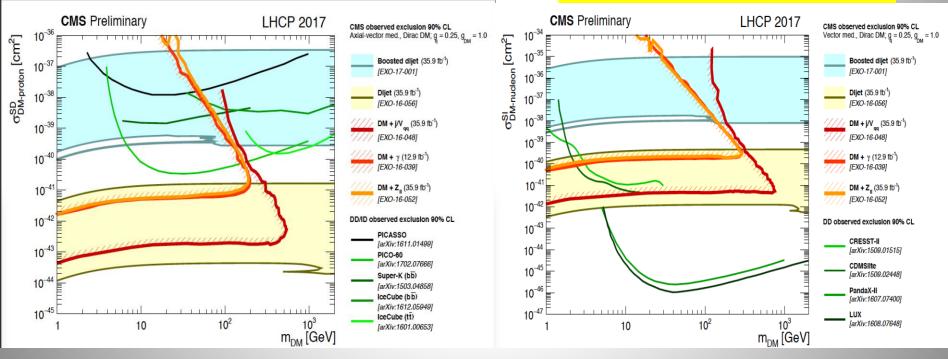


Comparison with Direct Detection

No signal seen in any of the "mono"-signals so far -> limits Comparison with direct detection (underground) experiments

Axial-vector mediator and Spin-dependent direct limits

Vector mediator and Spin-independent direct limits

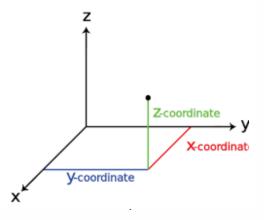


Mono-jet/V searches are typically the most sensitive ones

90% CL limits

New Questions...

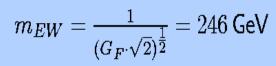
Does space have more than 3 space dimensions?



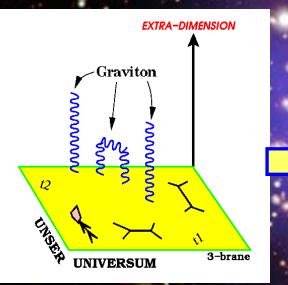
Do Micro Black Holes exist?

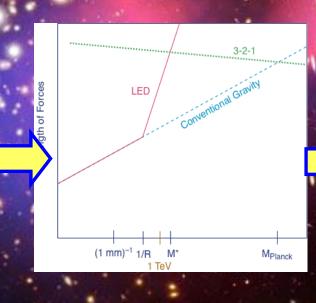
Extra Space Dimensions

Problem:



 $M_{Pl} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{G_N}} = 1.2 \cdot 10^{19} \, \text{GeV}$





November 7 New Planck scale is larger than 3 TeV

ELLA

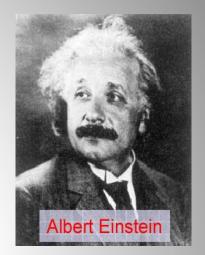
The Gravitational force becomes strong!

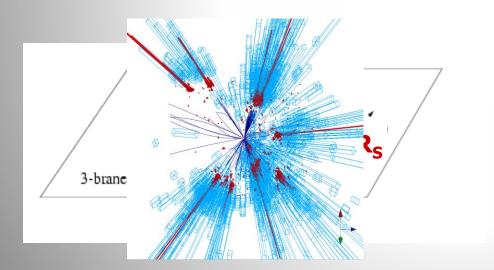
Quantum Black Holes at the LHC?

Black Holes are a direct prediction of Einstein's general theory on relativity

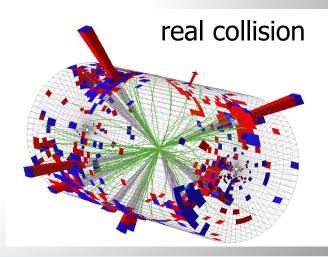
If the Planck scale is in ~TeV region: can expect Quantum Black Hole production

Quantum Black Holes are harmless for the environment: they will decay within less than 10^{-27} seconds \Rightarrow SAFE!





Simulation of a Quantum Black Hole event



Black holes with mass Below 10 TeV are excluded

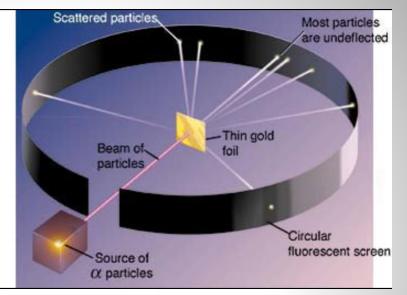
Black Holes Hunters at the LHC...

All and

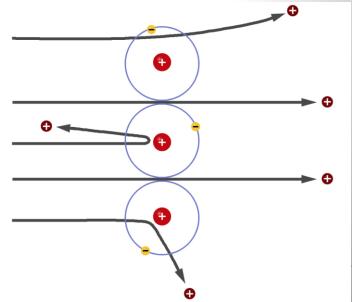
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Are Quarks Elementary Particles?

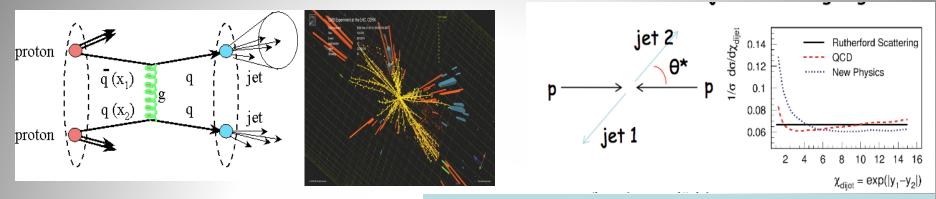


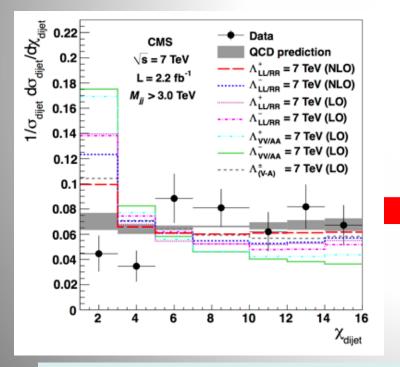


Rutherford experiment: Unexpected backscattering of a-particles: Evidence for the structure of atoms !! (1911)

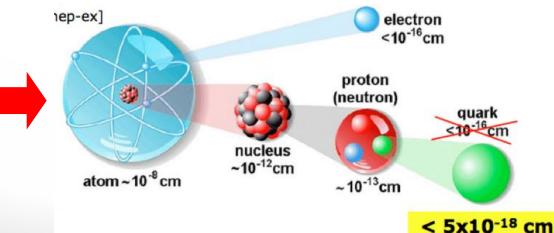


Are Quarks Elementary Particles?





Measurement of the production angle of the jet with respect to the beam -> High Energy Rutherford Experiment



Quarks remain elementary particles after these first results

The Physics Program at LHC

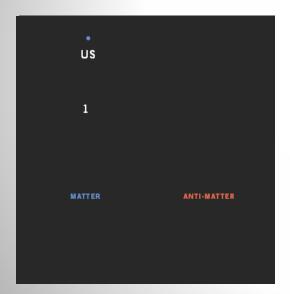
Data taking started in 2010 Now we have about 750 reviewed scientific papers per experiment! Mostly measurements of the strong and electroweak force at 7/8/13 TeV and Searches

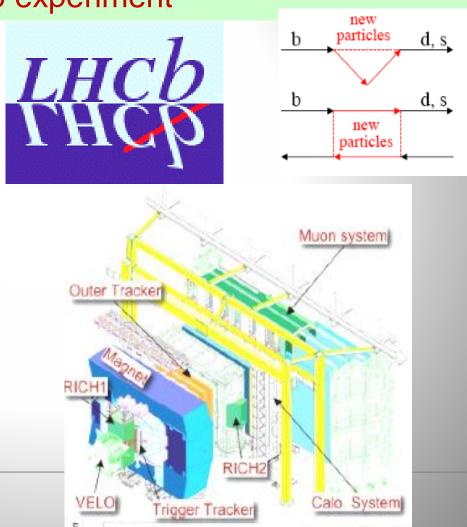
-Are quarks the elementary particles? So far yes
-Do we see supersymmetric particles? Not yet
-Do we see extra space dimensions? Not Yet
-Do we see micro-black holes? No

->The Discovery of a Higgs-like particle!!

Matter-Antimatter

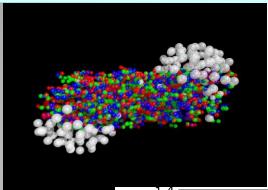
The properties and subtle differences of matter and antimatter using mesons containing the beauty quark, will be studied further in the LHCb experiment





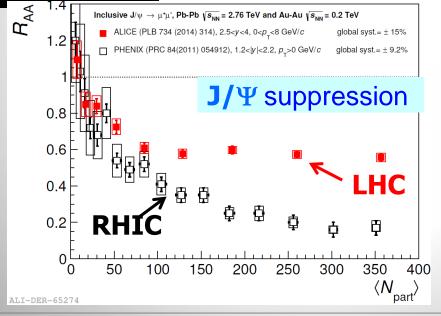
Heavy lons in the Alice Experiment

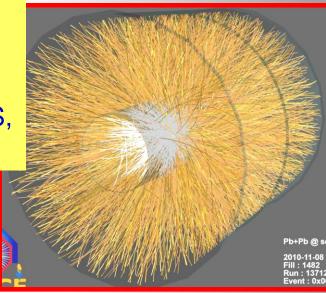
Lead-lead collisions at the LHC to study the primordial plasma, a state of matter in the early moments of the Universe



Hundreds of particles in the detector

Also studies with CMS, ATLAS and LHCb

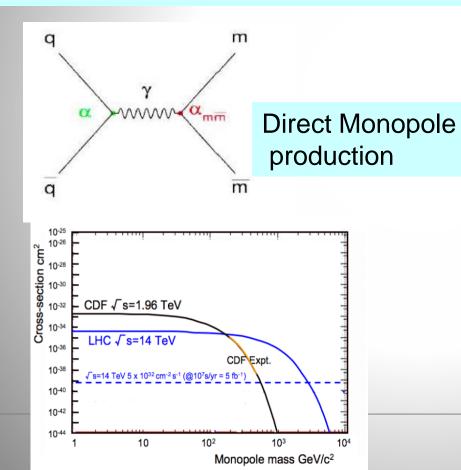


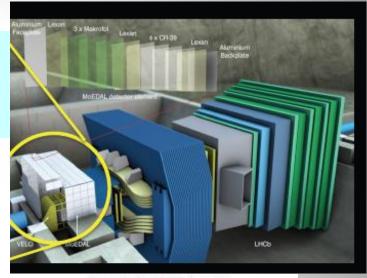


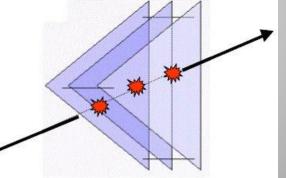
Study the phase transition of a state of quark gluon plasma created at the time of the early Universe to the baryonic matter we observe today

MoEDAL: Monopole and Exotics Detector at the LHC

Heavy particles which carry "magnetic charge" Could eg explain why particles have "integer electric charge"



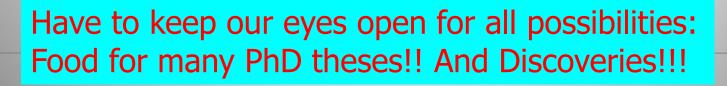


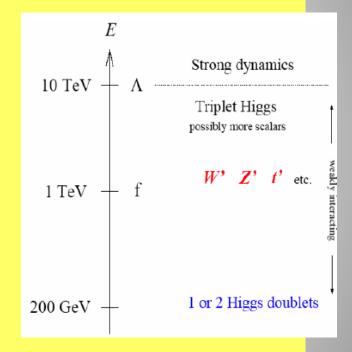


Remove the sheets after some running time and inspect for 'holes'

Many Other New Physics Ideas...

- Plenty!
 - Compositeness/excited quarks & leptons
 - Little Higgs Models
 - Long lived particles
 - String balls/T balls
 - Bi-leptons
 - RP-Violating SUSY
 - SUSY+ Extra dimensions
 - Unparticles
 - Classicalons
 - Dark/Hidden sectors
 - Colored resonances
 - And more....





Summary: The Searches at the LHC!

- The LHC has entered a new territory. The ATLAS and CMS experiments are heavily engaged in searches for New Physics. The most popular example is Supersymmetry, but many other New Physics model searches are covered.
- Physics Beyond the Standard Model has to be there. So far we exclude regions for a large number of models. New searches are starting with much more data at 13 TeV, that will be collected in the coming years (more than factor 10)
- More exotic channels are now being covered: Many as yet unexplored channels left to explore. Still a lot of opportunities for the discovery of new physics (and PhD thes
- The LHC did its part so far with a great run in 2 We found the Higgs!! LHC machine now is brea And maybe one day soon:

