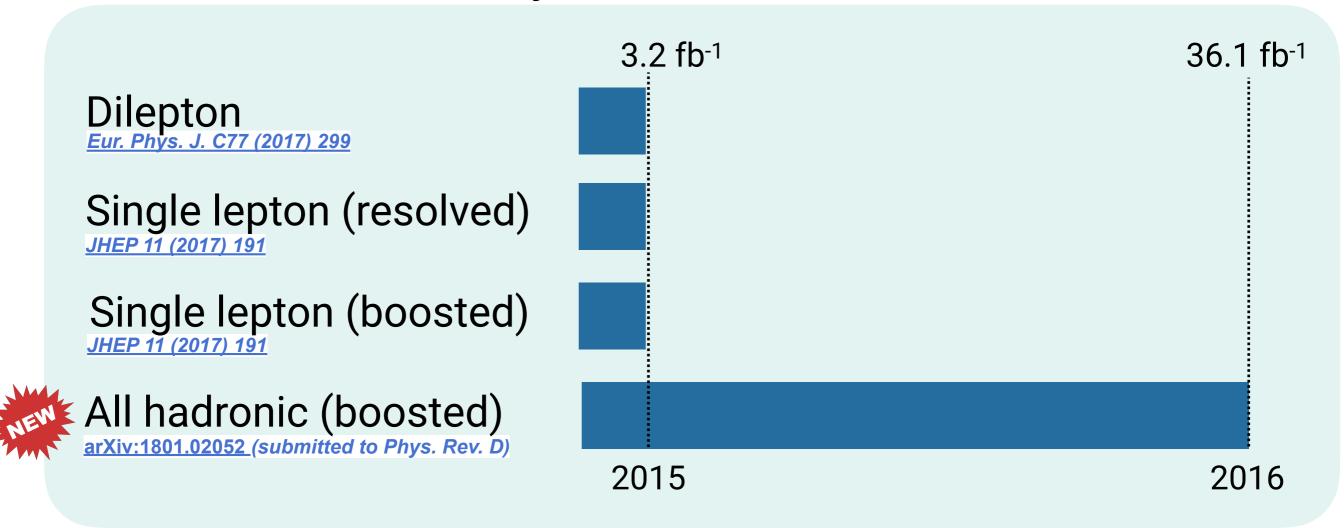


## Top-quark pairs differential cross-sections with the ATLAS detector

Riccardo Di Sipio, University of Toronto On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

### Differential xs analyses √s = 13 TeV

#### What we'll discuss today:

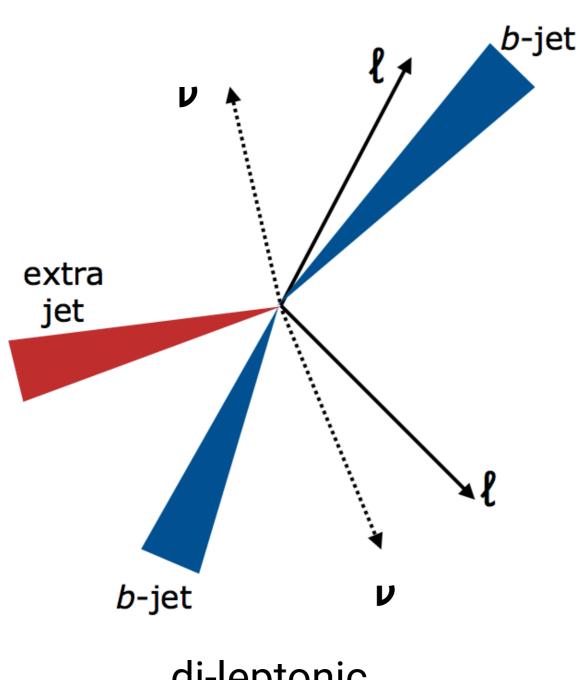


#### Don't miss out:

Lepton differential and pole mass 8 TeV Dilepton gap fractions 13 TeV

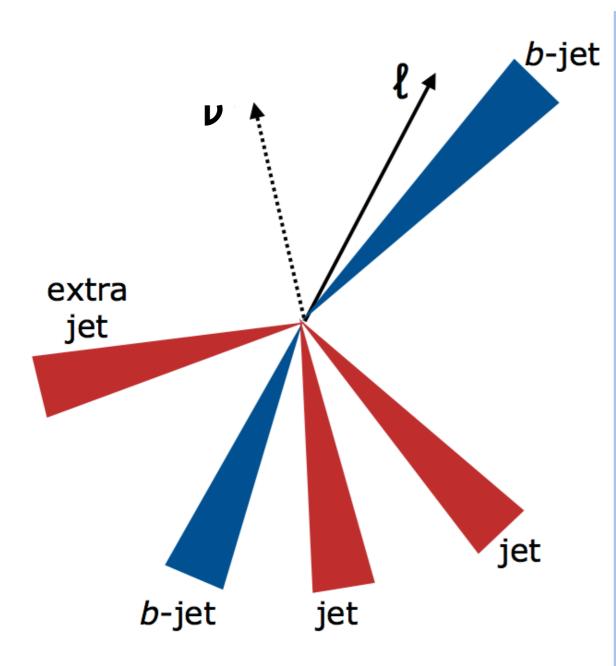
Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 804

Eur. Phys. J. C77 (2017) 220



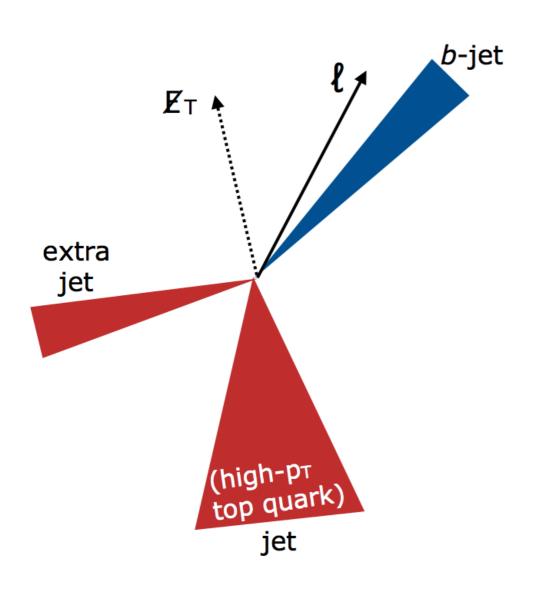
di-leptonic

- Isolated e/µ lepton(s)
- Anti-k<sub>T</sub> R=0.4 ("narrow") jets
  - MVA b-tagging
- Objects-calibrated E<sub>T</sub>miss
- Anti- $k_T$  R=1.0 ("large-R") jets
  - Trimmed R=0.2 f=0.05
  - Substructure information



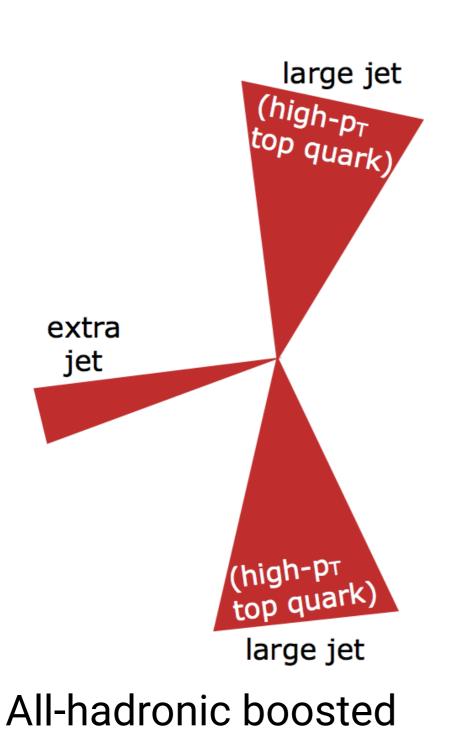
Single lepton resolved

- Isolated e/µ lepton(s)
- Anti-k<sub>T</sub> R=0.4 ("narrow") jets
  - MVA b-tagging
- Objects-calibrated E<sub>T</sub>miss
- Anti- $k_T$  R=1.0 ("large-R") jets
  - Trimmed R=0.2 f=0.05
  - Substructure information



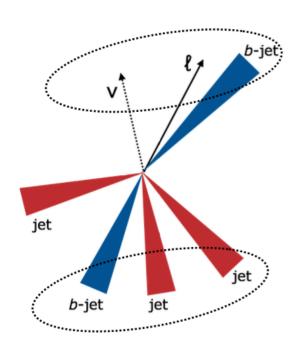
Single lepton boosted

- Isolated e/µ lepton(s)
- Anti-k<sub>T</sub> R=0.4 ("narrow") jets
  - MVA b-tagging
- Objects-calibrated E<sub>T</sub>miss
- Anti-k<sub>T</sub> R=1.0 ("large-R") jets
  - Trimmed R=0.2 f=0.05
  - Substructure information



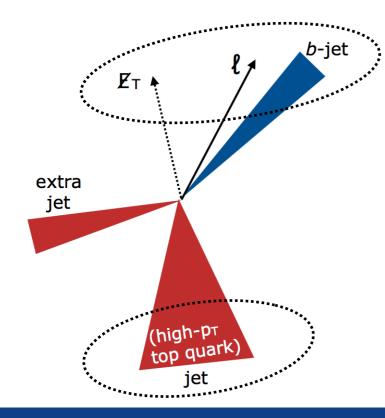
- Isolated e/µ lepton(s) [veto]
- Anti-k<sub>T</sub> R=0.4 ("narrow") jets
  - MVA b-tagging
- Objects-calibrated E<sub>T</sub>miss
- Anti-k<sub>T</sub> R=1.0 ("large-R") jets
  - Trimmed R=0.2 f=0.05
  - Substructure information

### Kinematic reconstruction



#### Single lepton resolved - PseudoTop

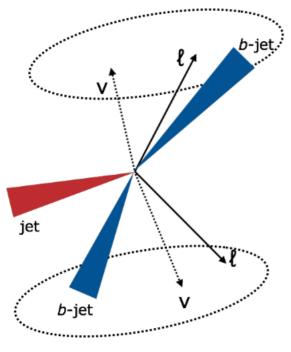
- Mass constrains (m<sub>W</sub>, m<sub>t</sub>) and b-tagging information to reconstruct decays
- Low-p<sub>T</sub>, great stats



#### Single lepton boosted - BoostedPseudoTop

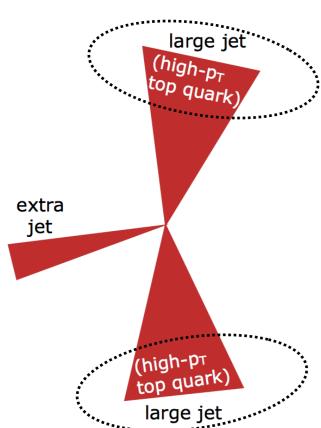
- Kinematic constrains to reconstruct leptonic top
- Hadronic top = large-R jet
- High-p<sub>T</sub>, good stats

### Kinematic reconstruction



#### **Dilepton - Neutrino weighting**

- Kinematic constrains to find optimal longitudinal component of the two neutrinos' momenta [Phys. Lett. B, 752 (2016) 18-26]
- Almost background free, good stats

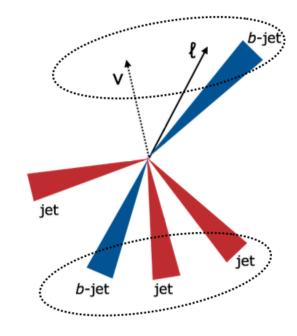


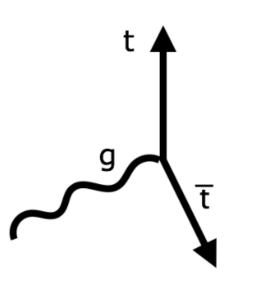
#### All-hadronic boosted - "double double"

- Top quark candidates = 2 leading large-R jets (b- and top-tagged)
- Very high p<sub>T</sub> and m<sup>tt</sup>, data-driven bkg, low stats

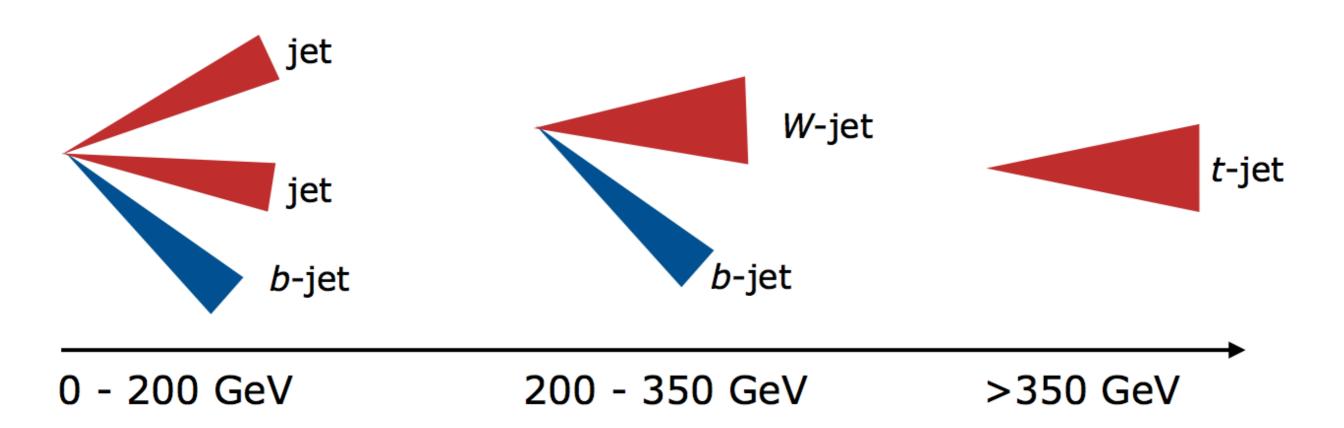
## Comparison with theory

- Similar kinematic reconstruction at detector- and particle-level objects ("fiducial phase-space")
  - Valid for all Monte Carlo event generators
  - Reduce extrapolation uncertainty
  - Endpoint of the theoretical prediction
- "Bleeding edge" predictions usually not yet matched to parton shower ("full phase-space")
  - Numerical calculations with NNLO+NNLL accuracy only available by asking to the theorists, slow turnaround (no comparisons in this talk).
  - Larger extrapolation uncertainty to low-p<sub>T</sub>, high-η.
     Kinematic cuts?
  - Definition of top partons may depend on details of MC generators used in the simulation





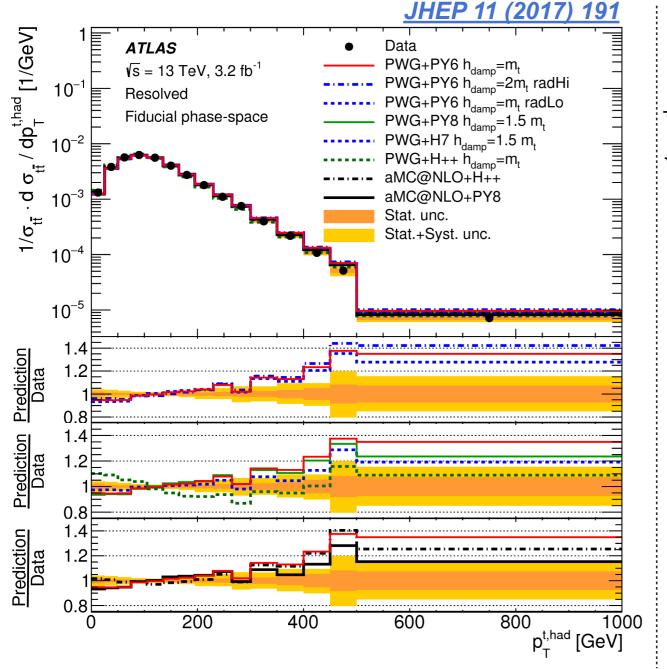
- Probably, the most important observable
- Sensitive to final state radiation
- Measurement up to ~1 TeV spans different kinematic regimes, requiring different reconstruction methods
- Many sources indicate data/theory disagreement with increasing p<sub>T</sub>

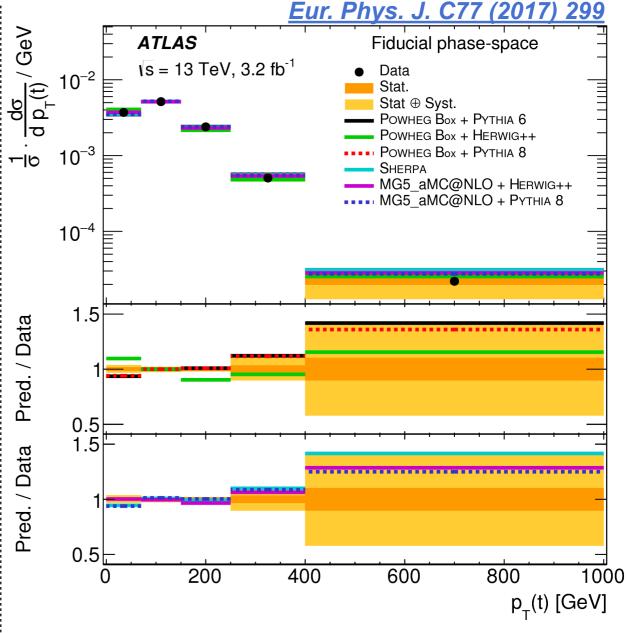


"the devil hides in the tails"

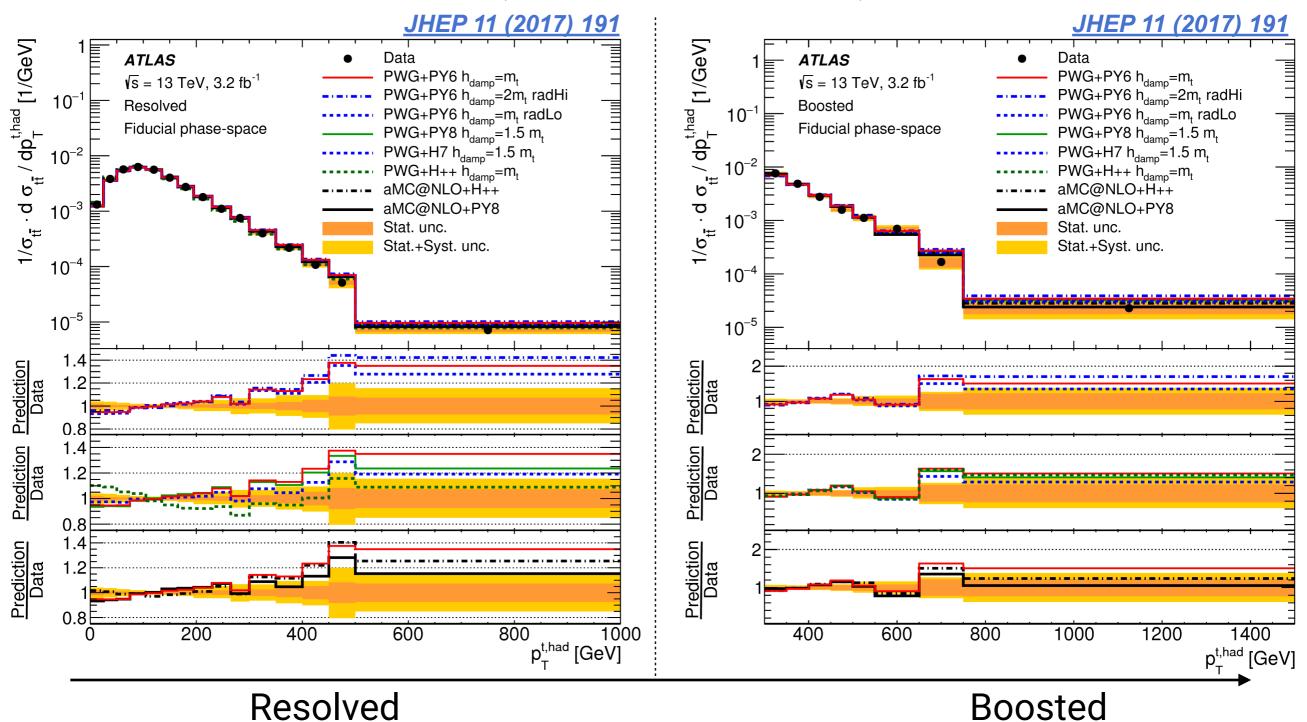
Hadronic top (single lepton channel)

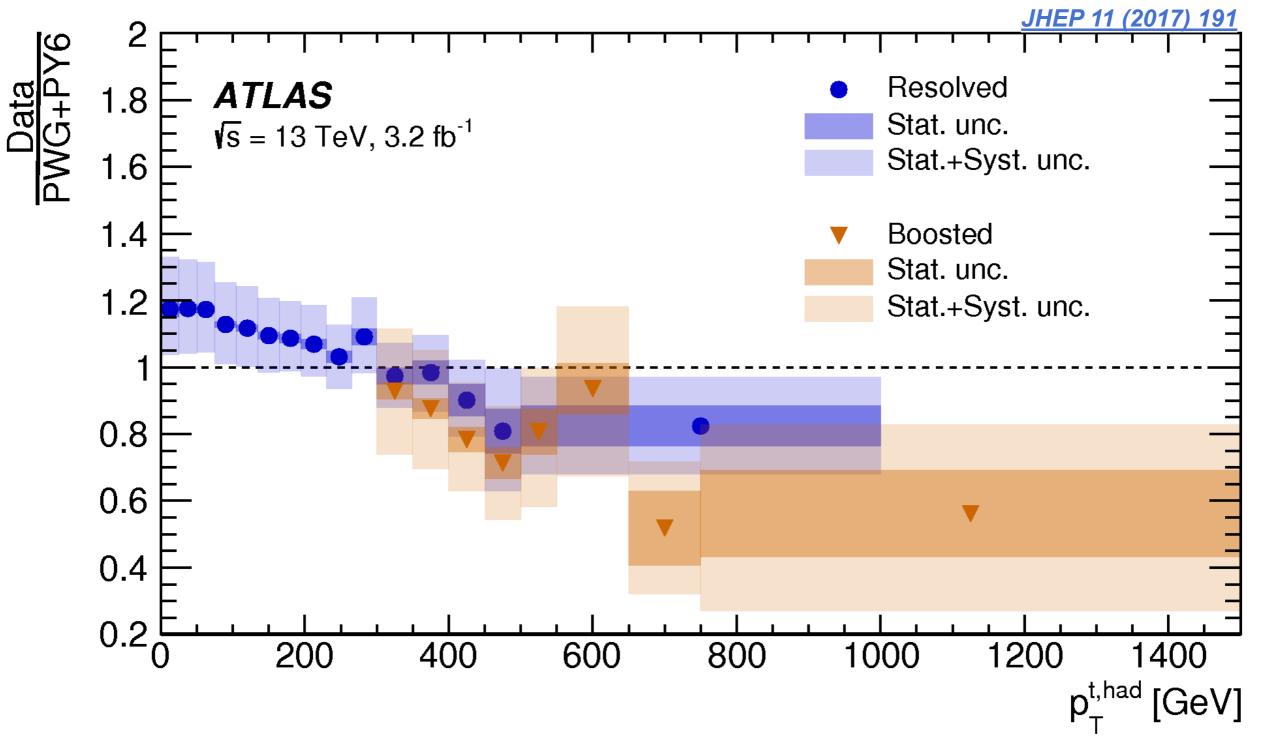
Leptonic top (dilepton channel)





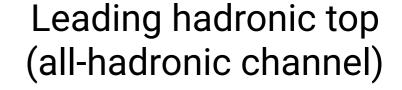
Hadronic top (single lepton channel)

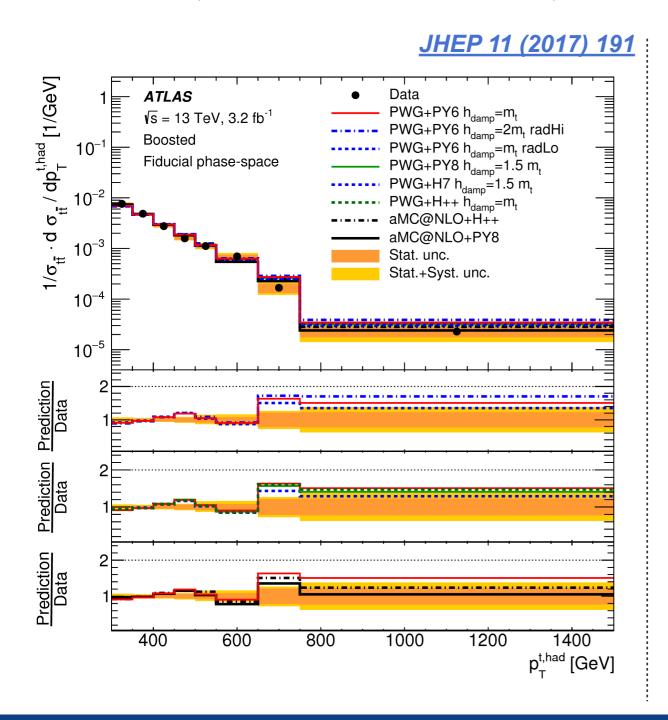


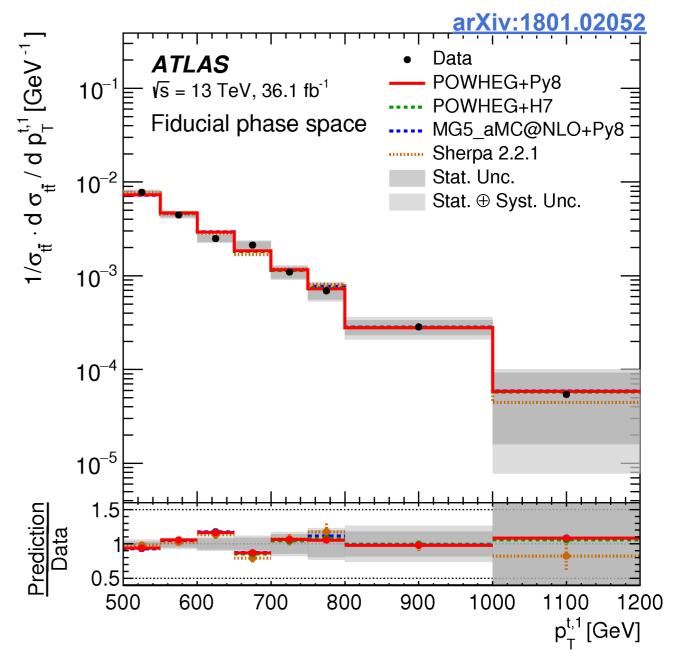


Resolved and boosted channel "overlap" and reinforce the mismodelling

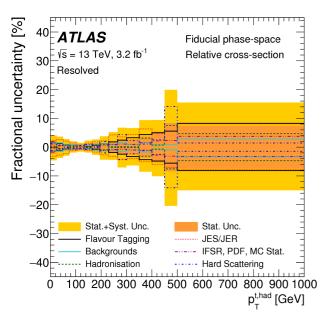
Hadronic top (single lepton channel)

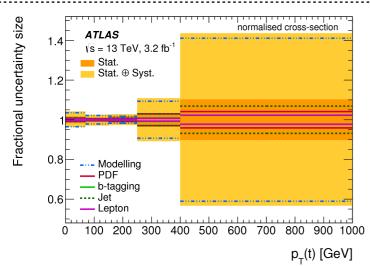


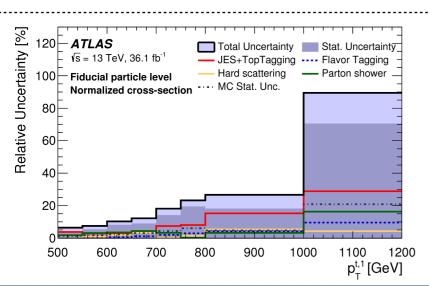




### Uncertainties: Top quark pt







### Single lepton

Jet energy scale 5% b-tagging < 5%

Background modelling (low pT) 2%

→ Signal modelling (high pT) 5%

#### **Dilepton**

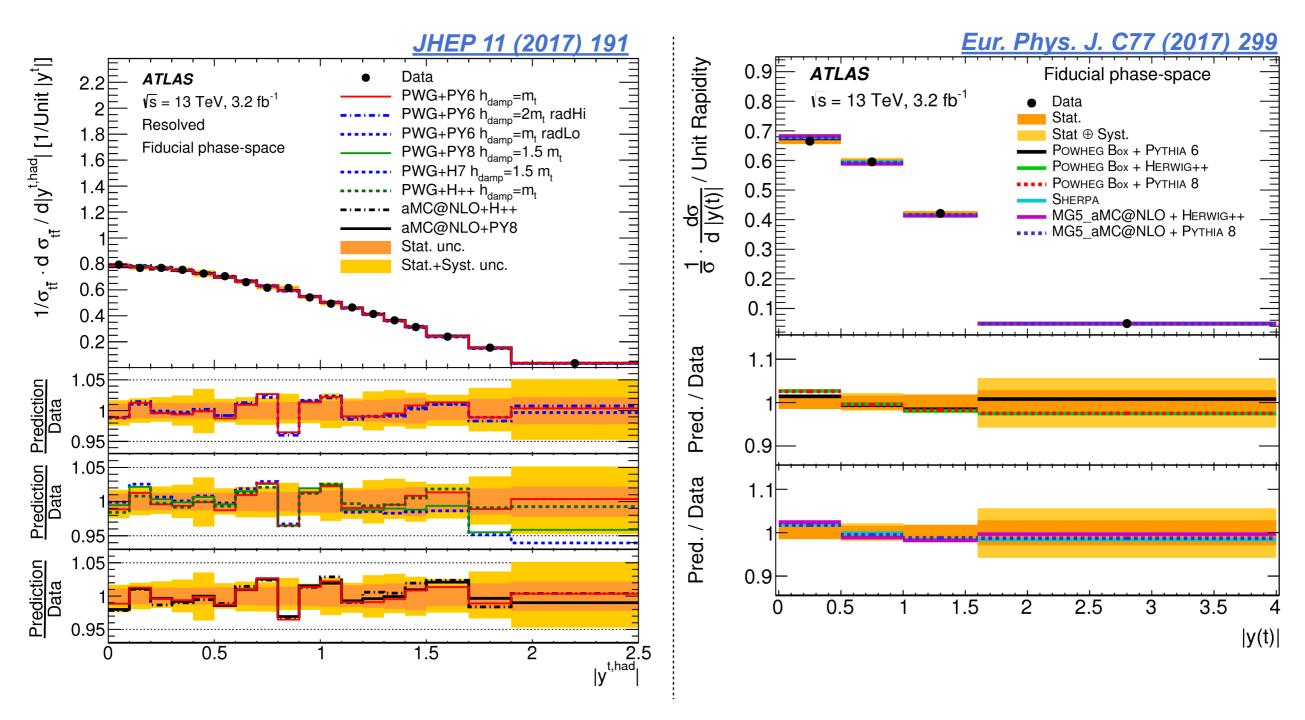
→ Signal modelling >10%PDF 5%b-tagging < 5%</li>

#### All hadronic

Jet energy scale 5% Top-tagging 10% b-tagging < 10%

→ Signal modelling (ps/had) 15%

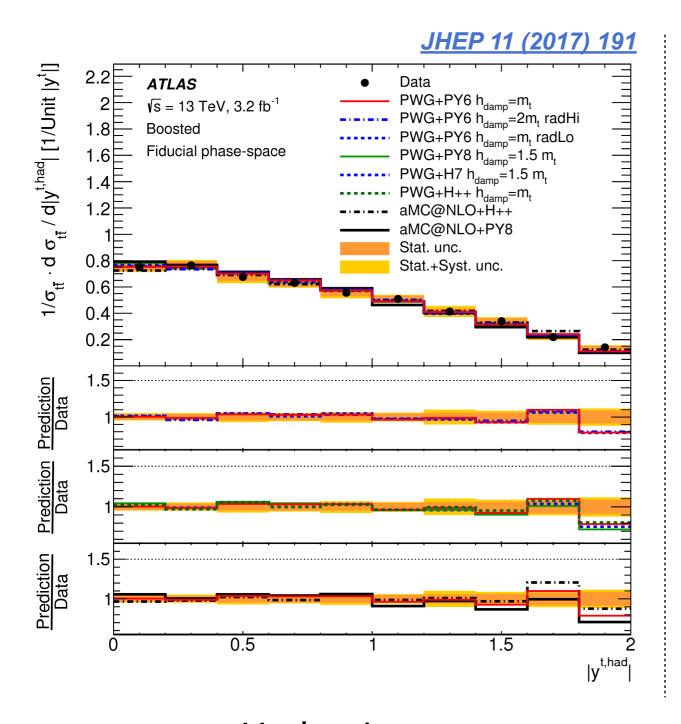
## Top quark y (low pt)

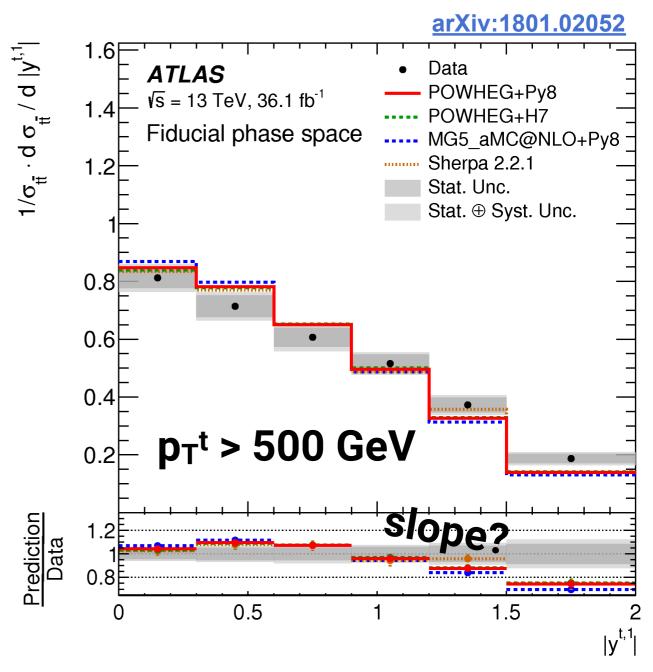


Hadronic top (single lepton channel)

Leptonic top (dilepton channel)

## Top quark y (high pt)



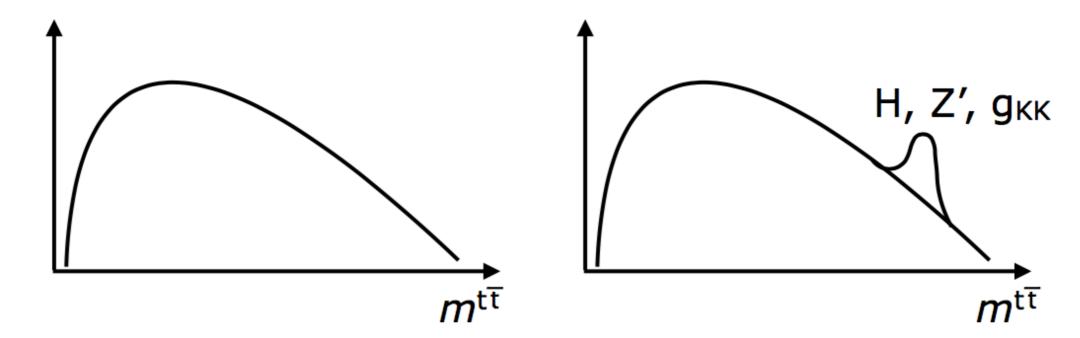


Hadronic top (single lepton channel)

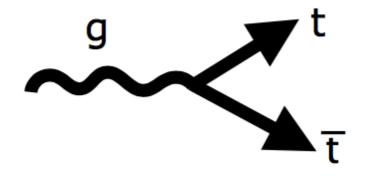
Leading hadronic top (all-hadronic channel)

# tt system m, y, рт

- Mass the most intriguing observable
- Appearance of bumps/deficits may indicate presence of BSM (resonances, interference)



- Rapidity sensitive to PDF
- p<sub>T</sub>tt sensitive to extra radiation

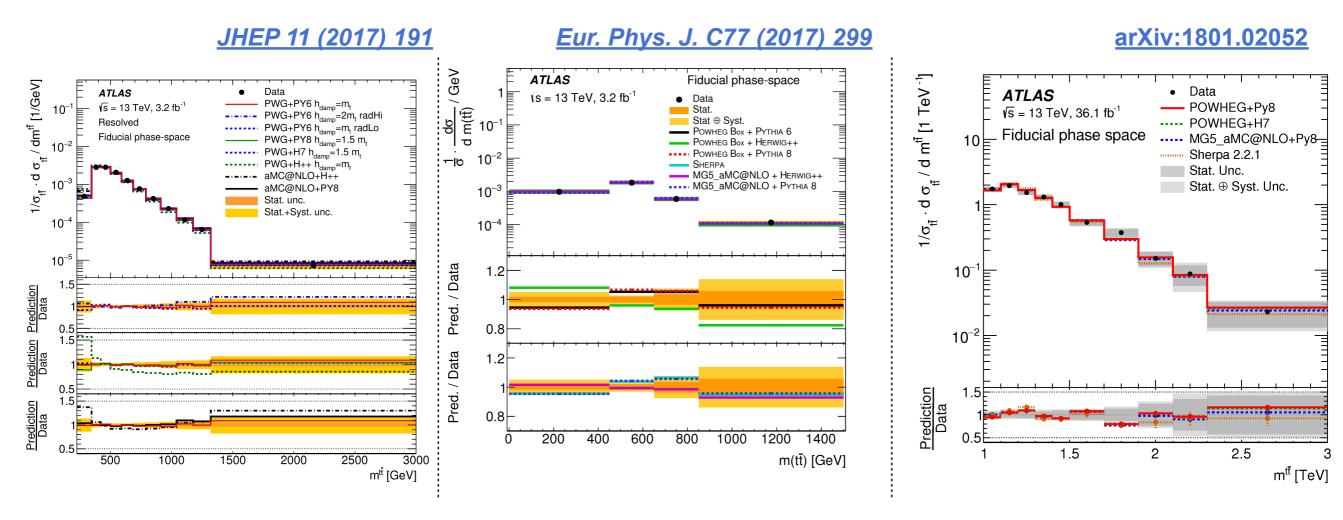


## tt invariant mass

Single lepton

Dilepton

All-hadronic



- Generally well modelled, do not use Herwig++
- Low stats or low resolution at high-m<sup>tt</sup> limiting bump hunting
- · All-Hadronic boosted best resolution to this date at very high mass

# tt rapidity

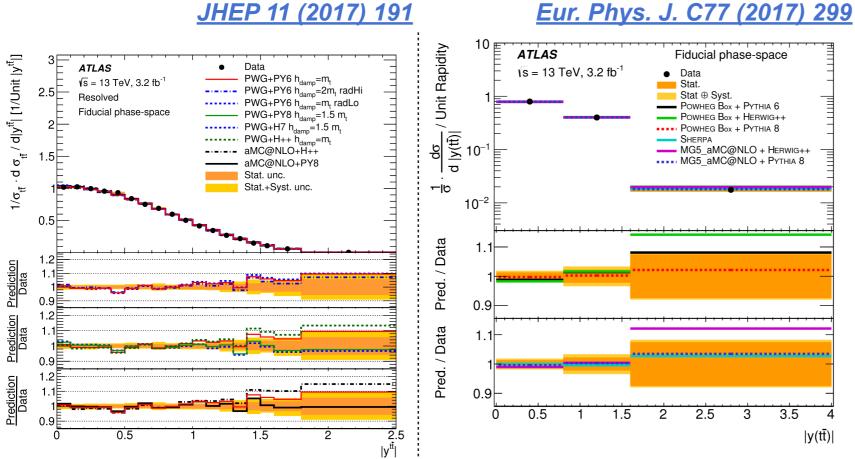
Single lepton

Dilepton

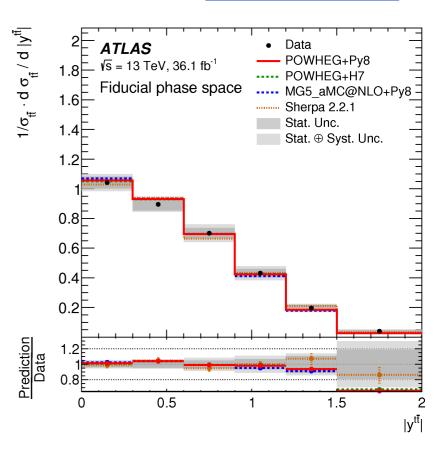
 $|y(t\overline{t})|$ 

All-hadronic





#### arXiv:1801.02052



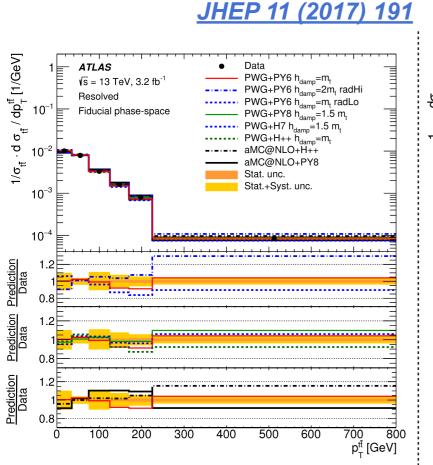
- Good agreement with PWG+P8
- Problems with Herwig++

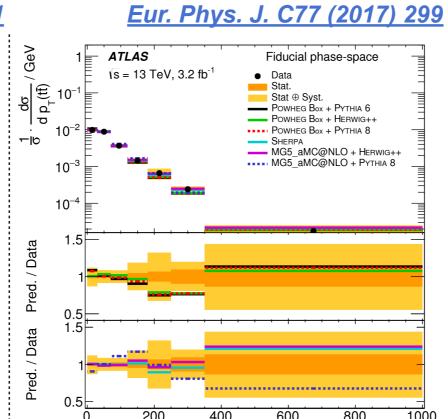
### tt transverse momentum

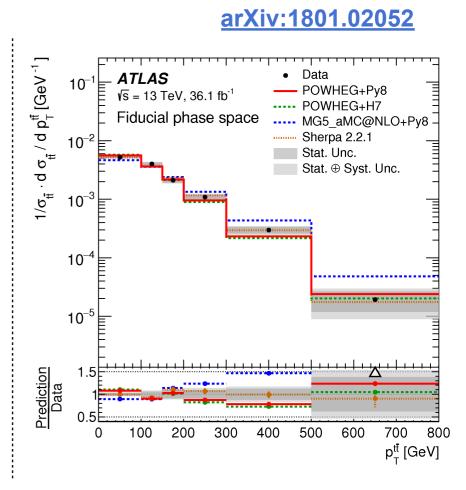
Single lepton

Dilepton

All-hadronic





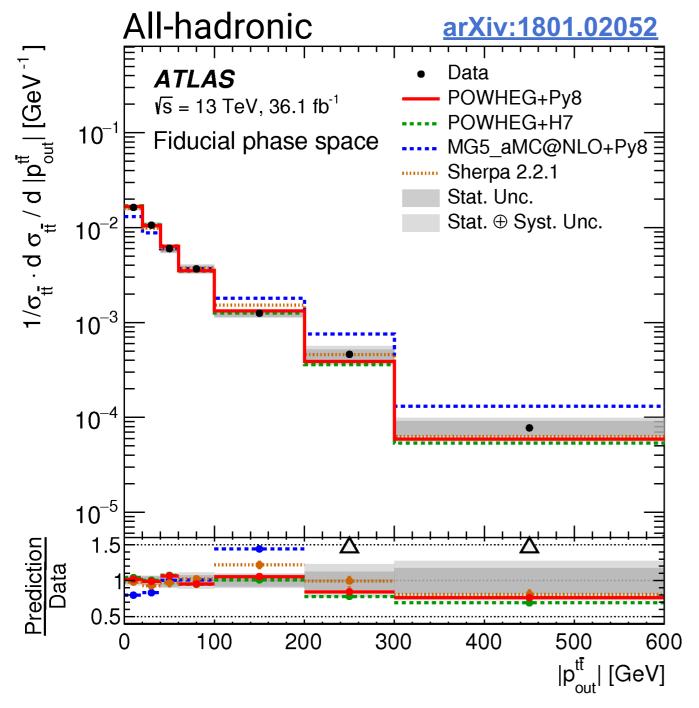


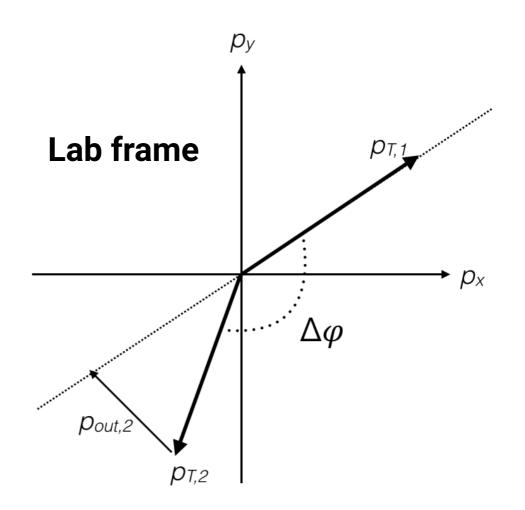
Good agreement, but low stats and large uncertainties at high-p<sub>T</sub>tt

p\_(tt) [GeV]

aMC@NLO+P8 setup needs improvement

### Extra radiation

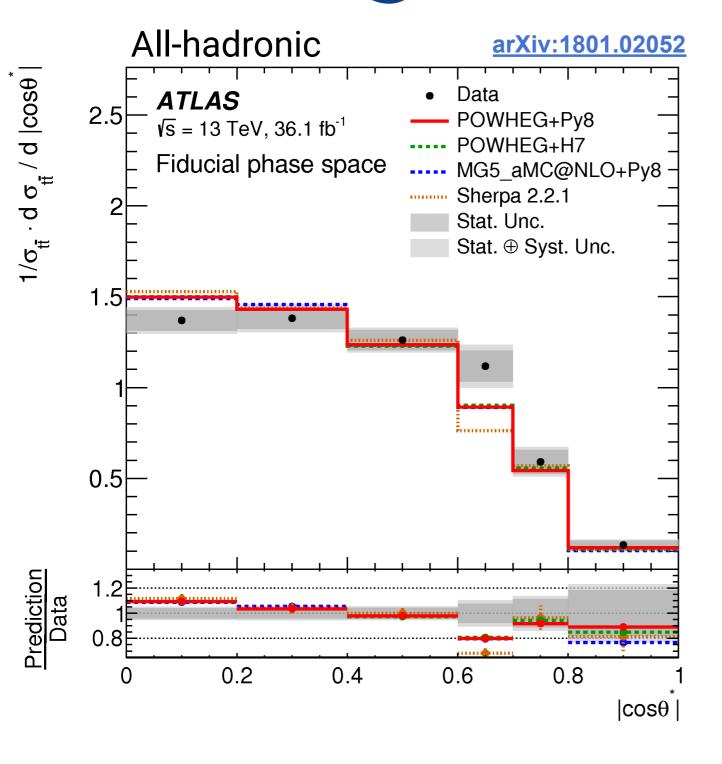


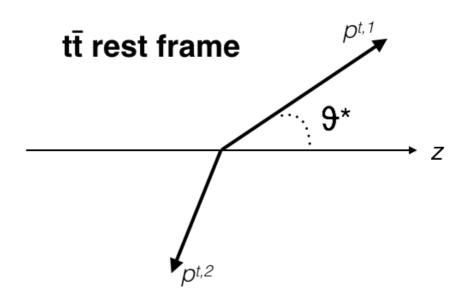


"out-of-plane" momentum (correlated with  $p_T^{tt}$  and  $\Delta \phi^{tt}$ )

- Additional radiation (esp ISR) test NLO, NNLO calculations
- Possible underestimation by POWHEG at high values

## ttangle in Rest Frame





- Fair agreement
- Something going on at low cosϑ\*

### Conclusions

- Disagreement (slope) between NLO predictions and data in top transverse momentum seen in all channels
- Rapidity well described
- t t̄ system generally well described; p<sub>T</sub> still has large uncertainties
- >> ATLAS baseline POWHEG + Pythia8 globally good, also underwent lots of tuning wrt other generators
- Hard-scattering and parton-shower modelling still a big source of systematic uncertainty

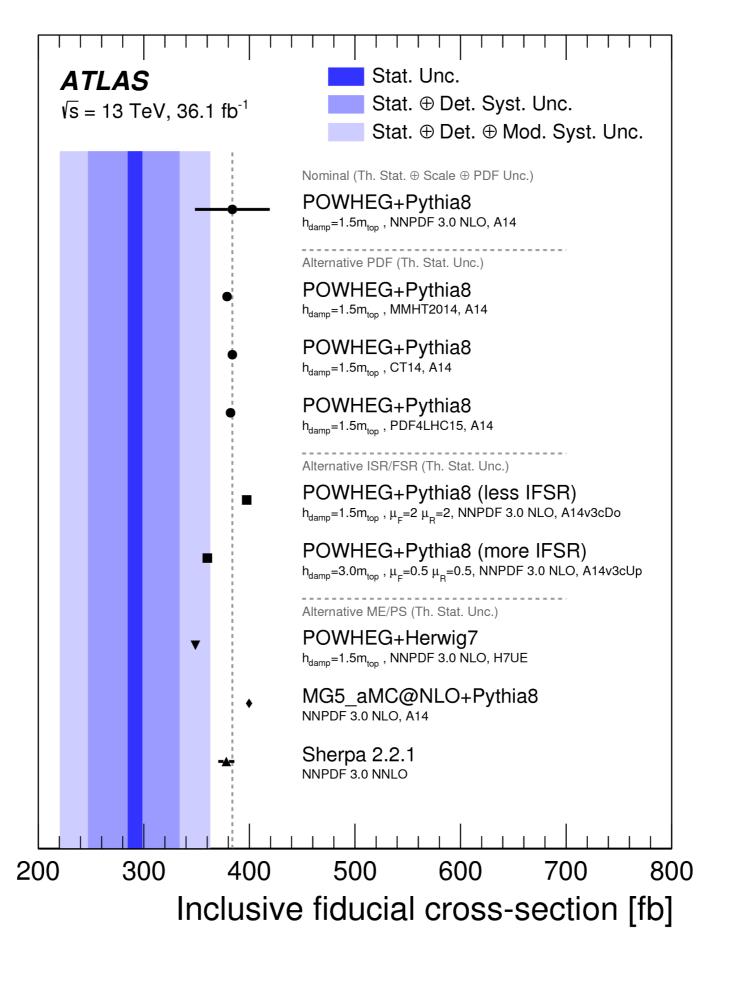
## Backup

Single lepton	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{t,\mathrm{had}}$		$ y^{t,\mathrm{had}} $		$m^{tar{t}}$		$p_{ m T}^{tar{t}}$		$ y^{tar{t}} $	
Single lepton	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	p-val	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	p-val	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	p-val	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}^1$	p-val	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	p-val
Powheg+Pythia6	19.0/15	0.22	7.8/18	0.98	9.8/11	0.55	14.9/6	0.02	20.0/18	0.33
Powheg+Pythia6 (radHi)	20.9/15	0.14	8.5/18	0.97	8.7/11	0.65	56.1/6	< 0.01	17.3/18	0.51
Powheg+Pythia6 (radLo)	20.8/15	0.14	7.4/18	0.99	12.7/11	0.32	22.1/6	< 0.01	25.5/18	0.11
MadGraph5_aMC@NLO+Herwig++	23.5/15	0.07	10.7/18	0.91	32.4/11	< 0.01	16.4/6	0.01	28.1/18	0.06
Powheg+Herwig++	30.3/15	0.01	7.9/18	0.98	34.8/11	< 0.01	28.0/6	< 0.01	30.4/18	0.03
MadGraph5_aMC@NLO+Pythia8	19.1/15	0.21	8.4/18	0.97	7.6/11	0.75	19.0/6	< 0.01	16.1/18	0.59
Powheg+Pythia8	18.4/15	0.24	10.5/18	0.92	7.7/11	0.74	11.7/6	0.07	12.3/18	0.83
Powheg+Herwig7	13.8/15	0.54	10.9/18	0.90	7.0/11	0.80	11.6/6	0.07	12.8/18	0.80

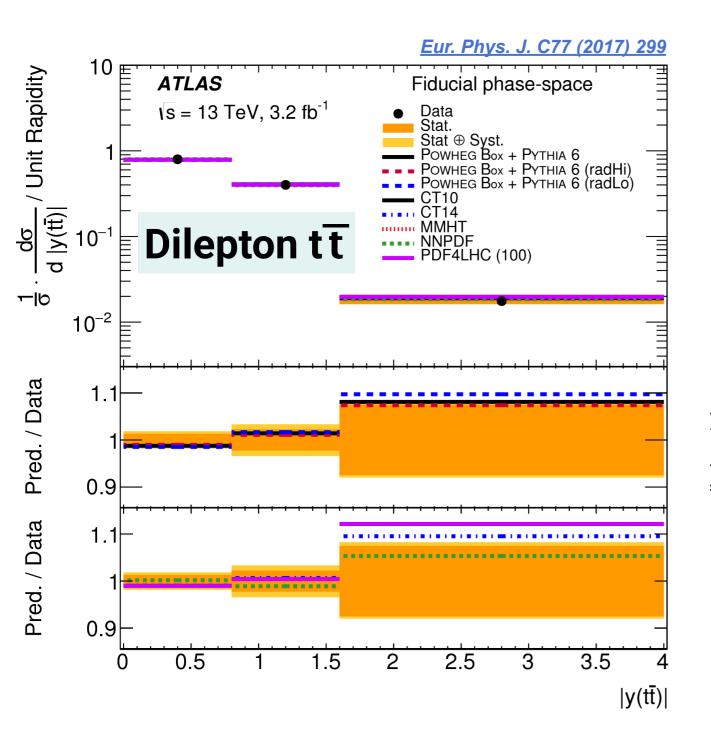
Dilepton	$p_{\mathrm{T}}(t)$		y(t)		$p_{ m T}(tar{t})$		$ y(tar{t}) $		$m(tar{t})$	
Direptori	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	p-value	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	p-value	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	p-value	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	p-value	$\chi^2/{\rm NDF}$	<i>p</i> -value
Powheg + Pythia 6	5.2/4	0.27	0.5/3	0.92	5.5/6	0.48	0.6/2	0.74	3.9/4	0.42
Powheg + Pythia 8	4.6/4	0.33	1.3/3	0.73	5.1/6	0.53	0.0/2	1.00	5.7/4	0.22
Powheg $+$ Herwig $++$	14.6/4	0.01	1.4/3	0.71	4.1/6	0.66	1.0/2	0.61	12.0/4	0.02
$MG5\_aMC@NLO + Herwig++$	2.0/4	0.74	1.3/3	0.73	0.6/6	1.00	0.2/2	0.90	0.9/4	0.92
$MG5\_aMC@NLO + Pythia 8$	3.6/4	0.46	0.6/3	0.90	10.7/6	0.10	0.1/2	0.95	2.7/4	0.61
Sherpa	3.8/4	0.43	0.8/3	0.85	0.7/6	0.99	0.0/2	1.00	2.3/4	0.68
Powнeg + Рутніа 6 (radHi)	7.8/4	0.10	0.6/3	0.90	0.9/6	0.99	0.4/2	0.82	3.8/4	0.43
POWHEG + PYTHIA 6 (radLow)	5.5/4	0.24	0.8/3	0.85	9.6/6	0.14	0.8/2	0.67	4.5/4	0.34

All-hadronic

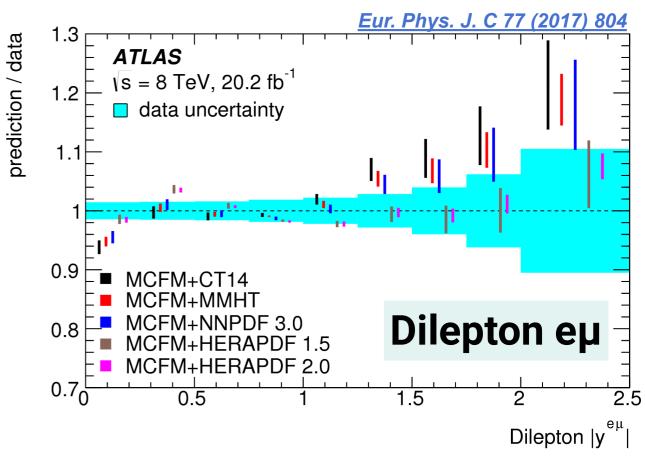
Observable	PWG-	+PY8	AMC@NLO +PY8		PWG+H7		PWG+PY8 (more IFSR)		PWG+PY8 (less IFSR)		Sherpa 2.2.1	
	$\chi^2/{ m NDF}$	$p ext{-value}$	$\chi^2/{ m NDF}$	<i>p</i> -value	$\chi^2/{ m NDF}$	<i>p</i> -value	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	<i>p</i> -value	$\chi^2/\text{NDF}$	<i>p</i> -value	$\chi^2/{ m NDF}$	<i>p</i> -value
$p_{ m T}^{t,1}$	7.7/7	0.36	8.2/7	0.32	8.0/7	0.33	9.1/7	0.24	8.7/7	0.27	9.3/7	0.23
$ y^{t,1} $	7.5/5	0.18	12.2/5	0.03	6.8/5	0.24	8.8/5	0.12	8.1/5	0.15	4.0/5	0.55
$p_{ m T}^{t,2}$	8.6/6	0.20	2.6/6	0.86	9.9/6	0.13	12.2/6	0.06	5.0/6	0.54	5.0/6	0.55
$ y^{t,2} $	3.7/5	0.59	4.6/5	0.46	3.1/5	0.68	3.5/5	0.63	3.2/5	0.67	2.9/5	0.72
$m^{tar{t}}$	4.5/9	0.88	4.7/9	0.86	4.0/9	0.91	5.3/9	0.81	5.2/9	0.82	10.0/9	0.35
$p_{ m T}^{tar{t}}$	7.8/5	0.17	20.9/5	< 0.01	12.6/5	0.03	15.0/5	0.01	1.9/5	0.86	1.9/5	0.87
$ y^{\overline{t}\overline{t}} $	1.1/5	0.95	2.2/5	0.83	0.9/5	0.97	0.8/5	0.98	1.8/5	0.88	1.7/5	0.89
$\chi^{tar{t}}$	14.2/6	0.03	12.7/6	0.05	13.6/6	0.03	16.9/6	< 0.01	10.1/6	0.12	18.5/6	< 0.01
$y_{ m B}^{tar{t}}$ .	2.5/6	0.87	3.3/6	0.77	2.2/6	0.90	2.6/6	0.86	2.8/6	0.84	3.0/6	0.81
$\left p_{ ext{out}}^{t\overline{t}} ight $	1.9/6	0.93	53.1/6	< 0.01	3.1/6	0.80	4.2/6	0.64	4.8/6	0.57	5.9/6	0.44
$\Delta\phi^{tec{t}}$	0.9/3	0.84	16.3/3	< 0.01	2.0/3	0.58	3.0/3	0.40	0.6/3	0.89	3.4/3	0.33
$H_{ m T}^{tar{t}}$	4.8/6	0.57	5.2/6	0.52	4.5/6	0.61	5.0/6	0.54	5.0/6	0.55	3.1/6	0.80
$\cos \theta^{\star}$	9.9/5	0.08	10.5/5	0.06	9.3/5	0.10	12.8/5	0.03	6.5/5	0.26	18.7/5	< 0.01



# tt rapidity

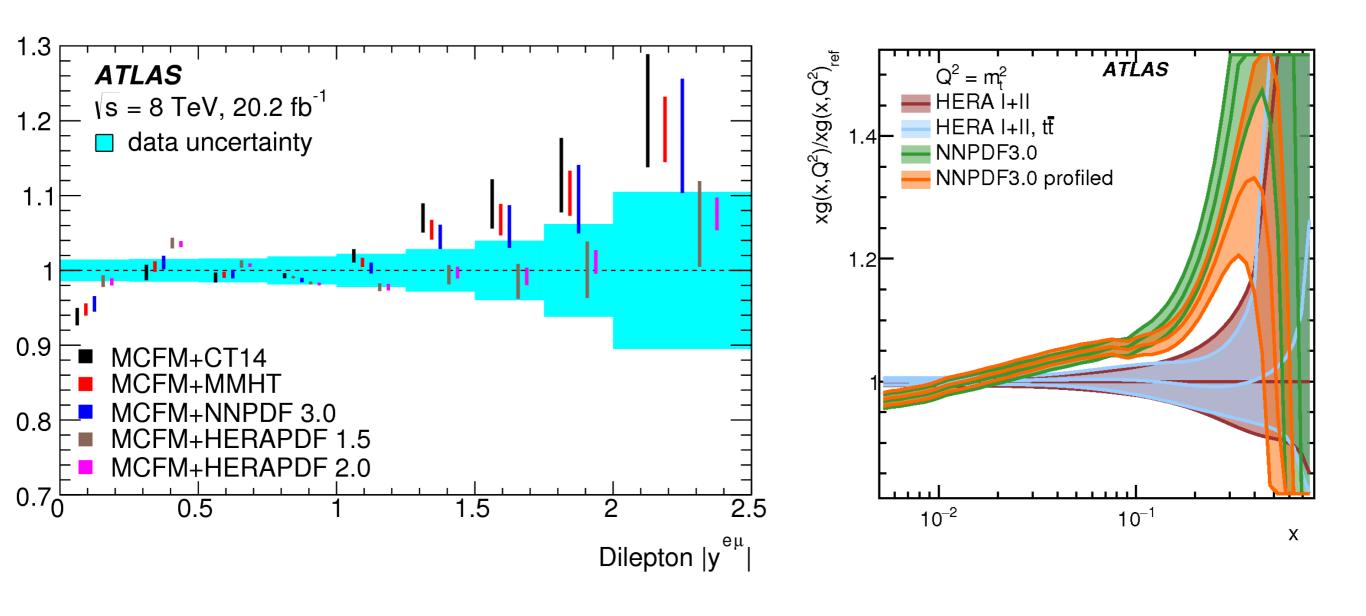


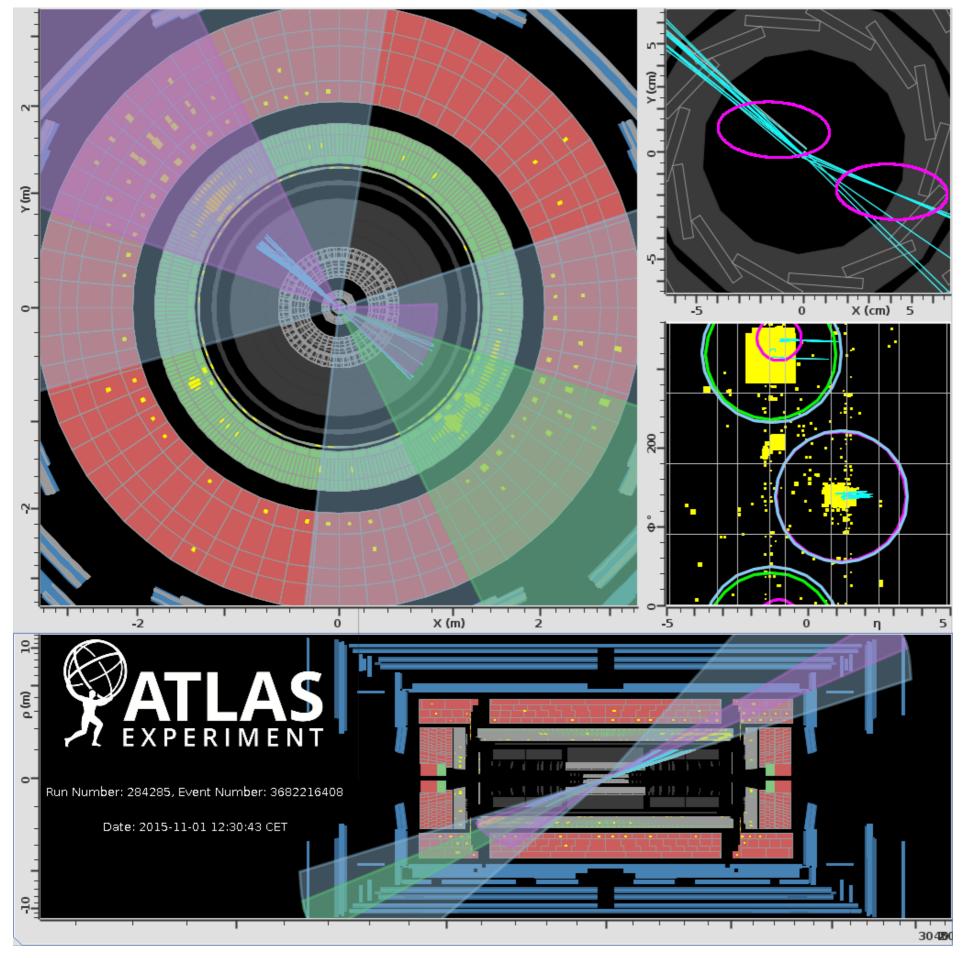
- Forward region sensitive to PDF
- 13 TeV data seems to prefer NNPDF 3.0
- 8 TeV Lepton differential



#### Lepton differential and pole mass 8 TeV

#### Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 804





Event display of a tt candidate event in the 2015 data. The large-R anti-kt R=1.0 jets are shown in blue while the remaining jets are anti-kt R=0.4 jets. The jets identified as containing bhadrons are shown in magenta. The centers of magenta ellipses in the top right pad correspond to secondary vertices. The transverse momenta of the leading and second-leading large-R jets are 961 GeV and **824 GeV**, respectively. The dijet invariant mass of the two large-R jets is 3.33 TeV while the τ32 values are 0.35 and 0.34 for the leading and second-leading large-R jets, respectively.