

Angular correlations in top quark pair & single top events with ATLAS



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Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

Top Quark Physics at the Precision Frontier



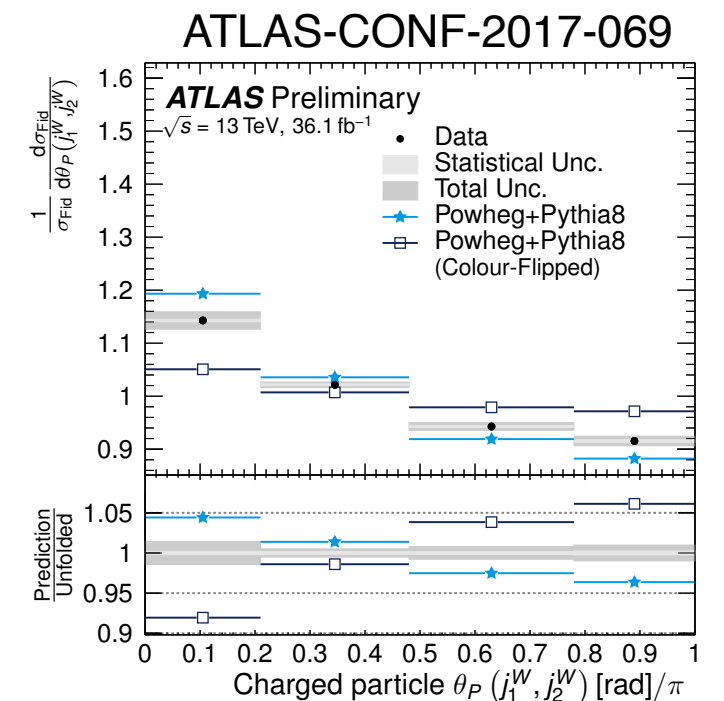
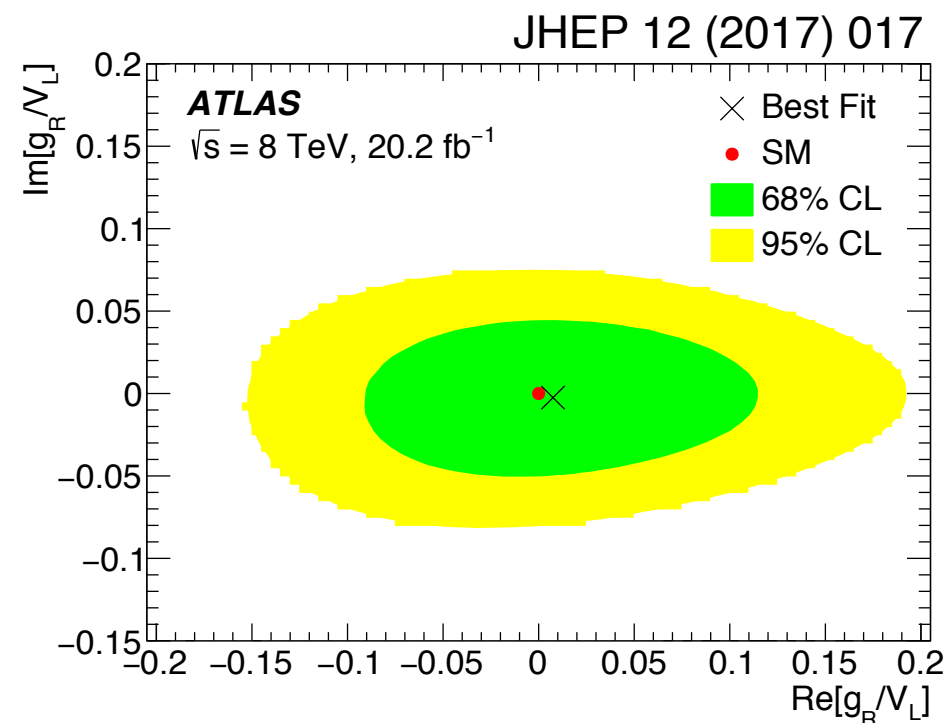
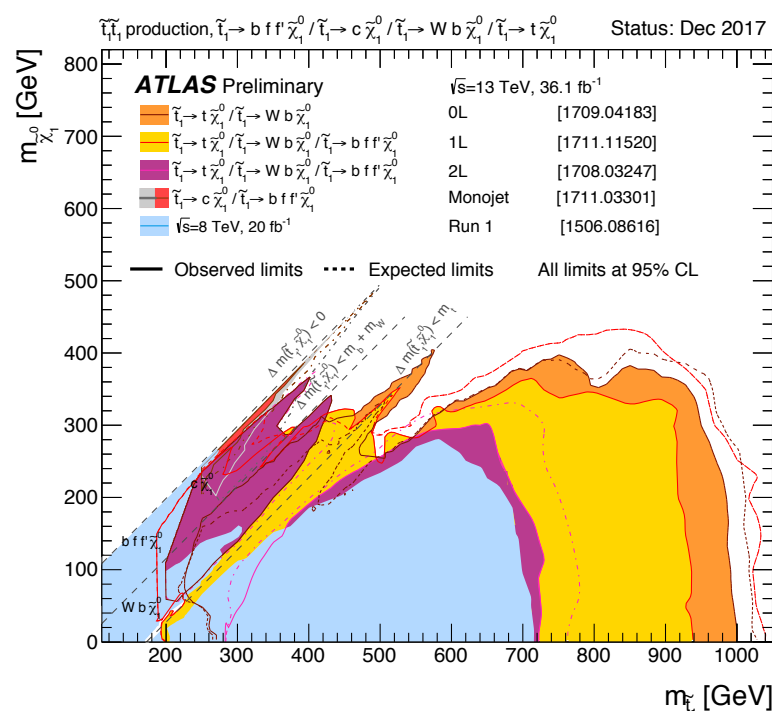
Overview

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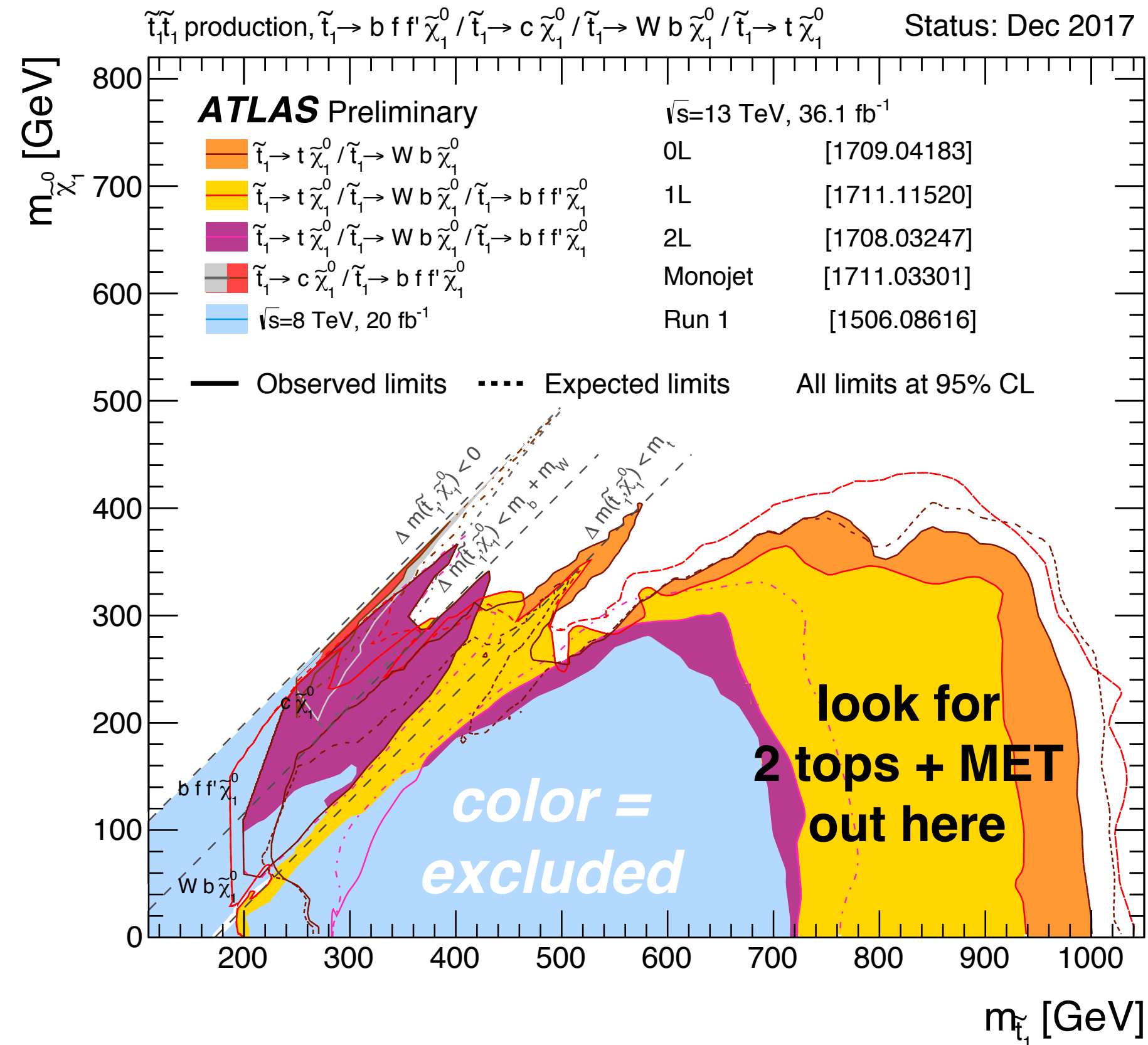
Angular correlations in top events are an interesting probe for **(in)direct BSM** as well as for **over-constraining the SM**.

Unlike cross-section or mass measurements, they are less sensitive to the jet energy scale and PDFs.

ATLAS has performed many such measurements; in this talk, I'll focus on three important results.

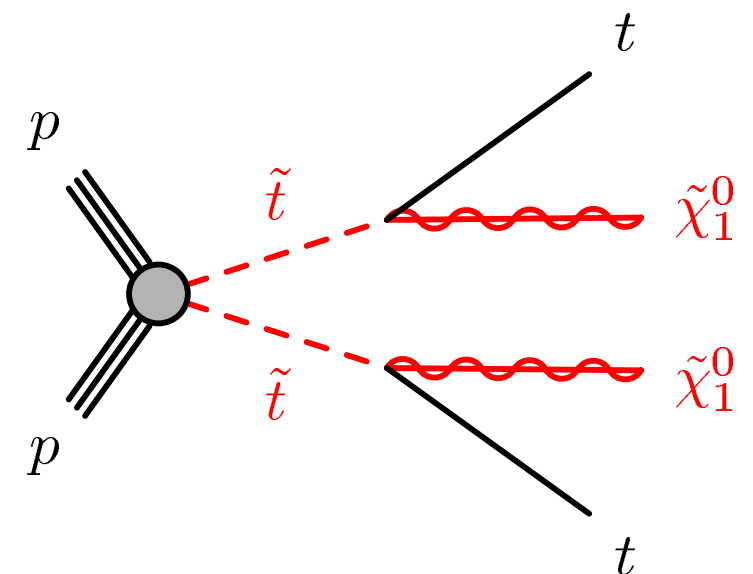


Part I: Direct BSM

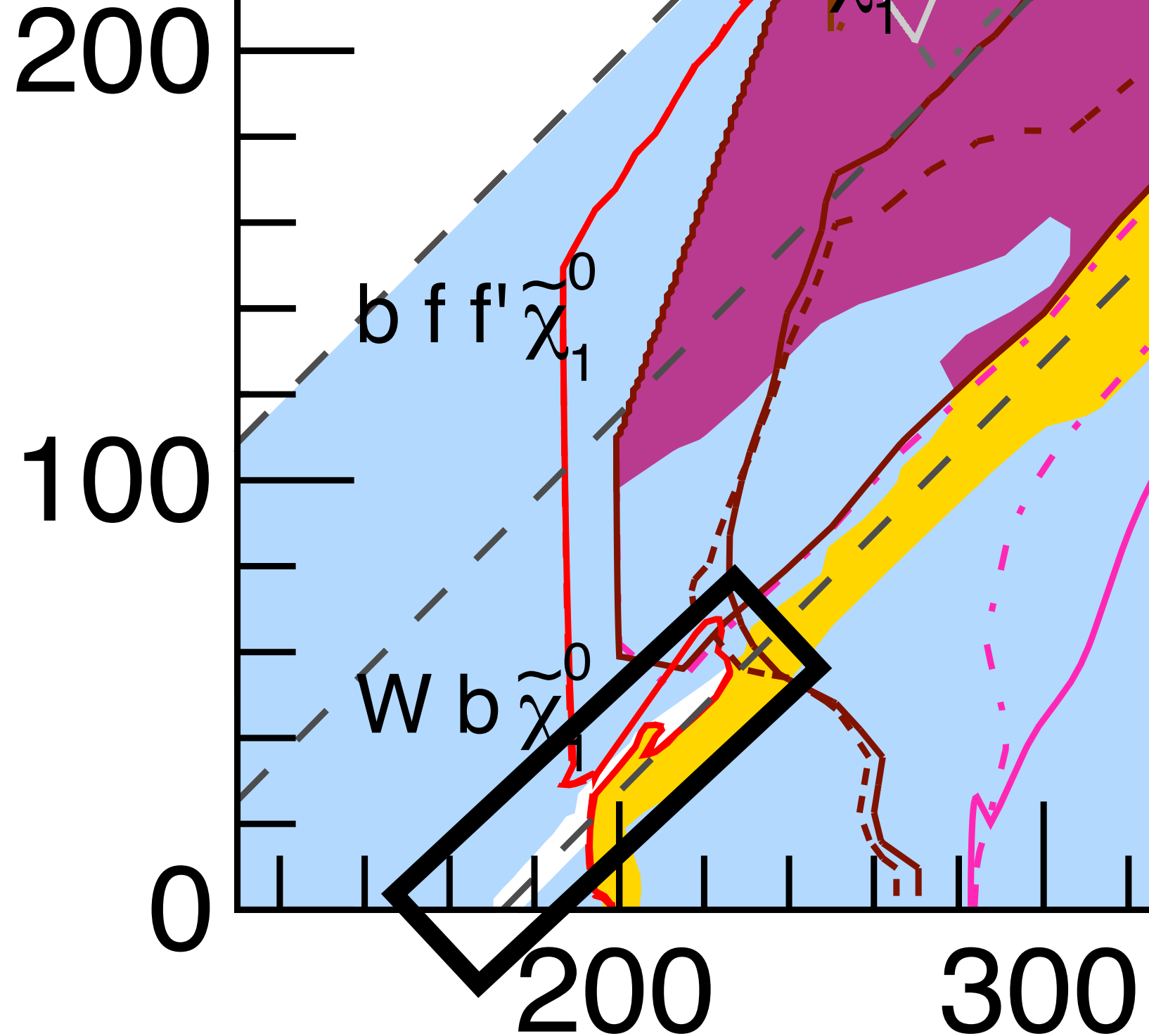
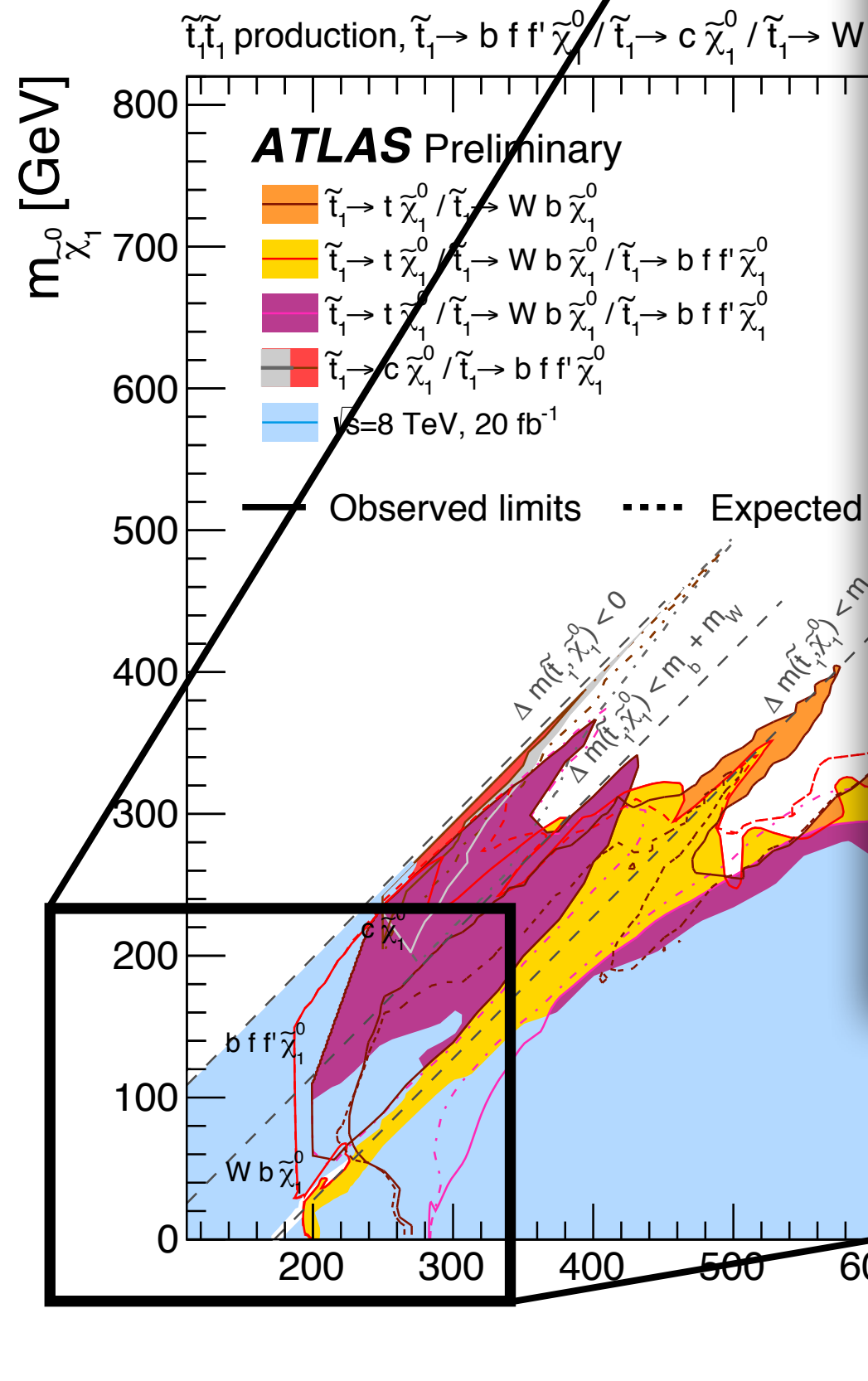


Top-like BSM particles modify measured cross-section but we can also probe with angles if their spin is different.

This includes scalars (stops, LQs) or vectors (LQs)

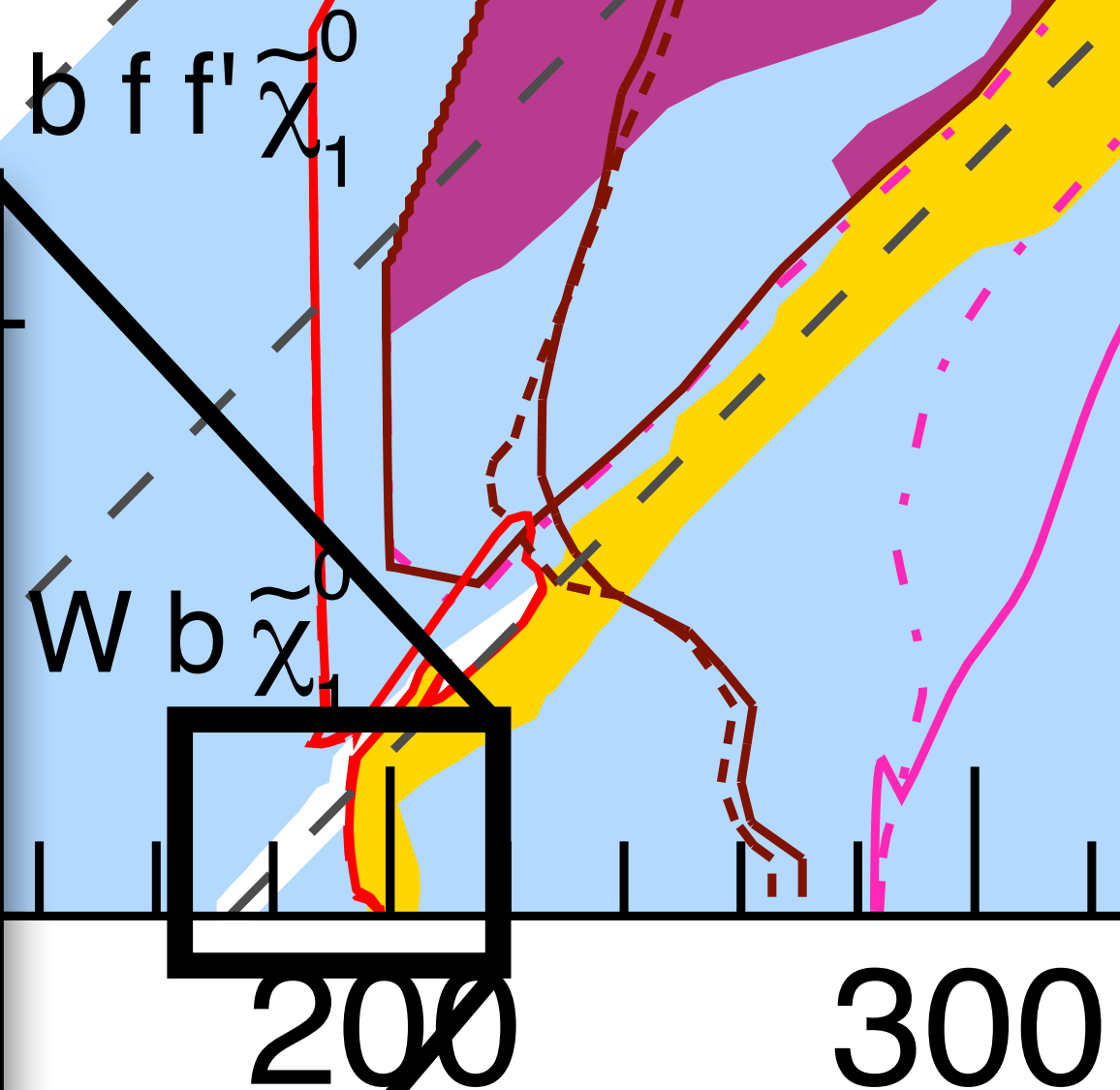
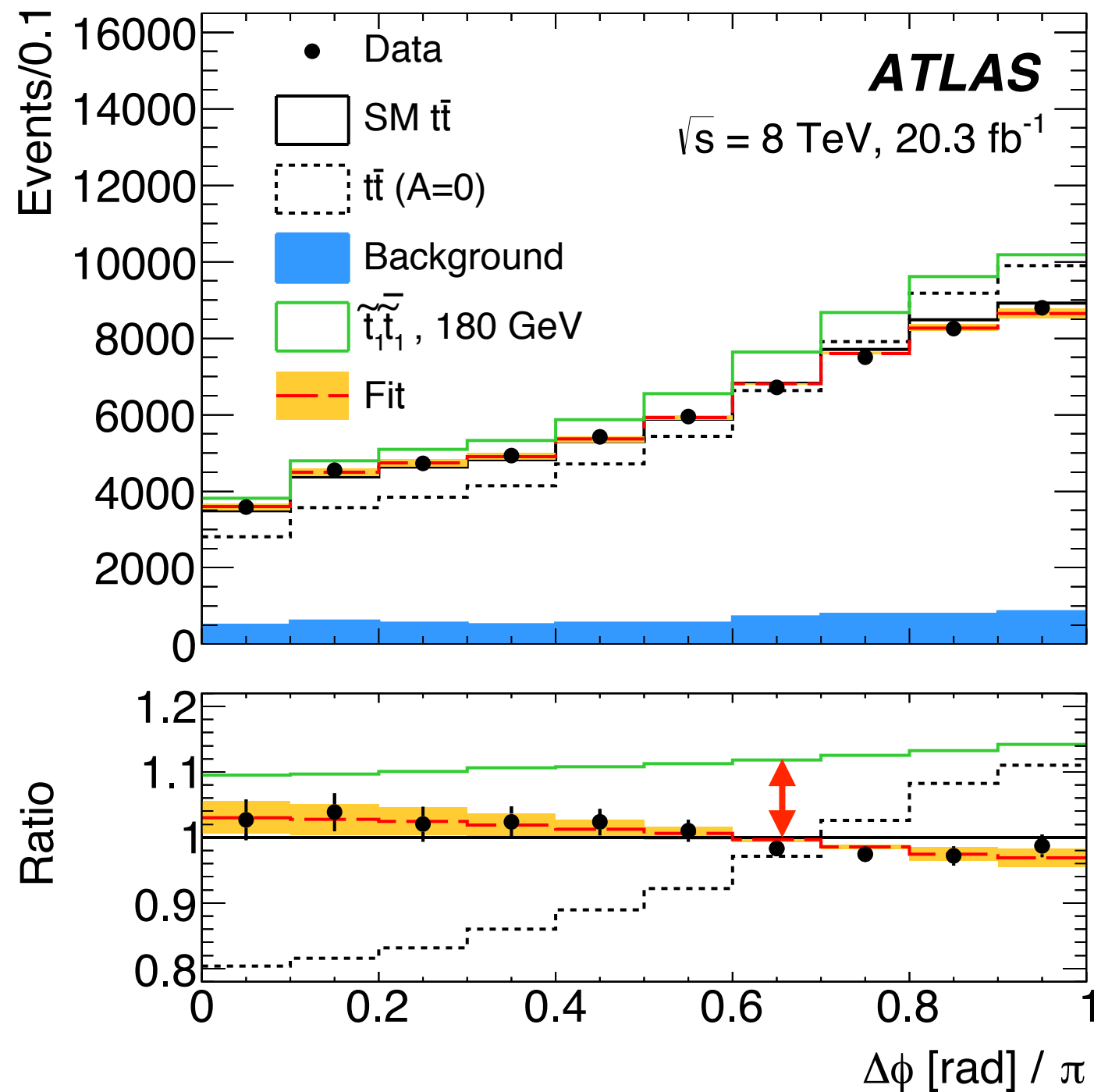


Light Stops



$m_{\tilde{t}_1} [\text{GeV}]$

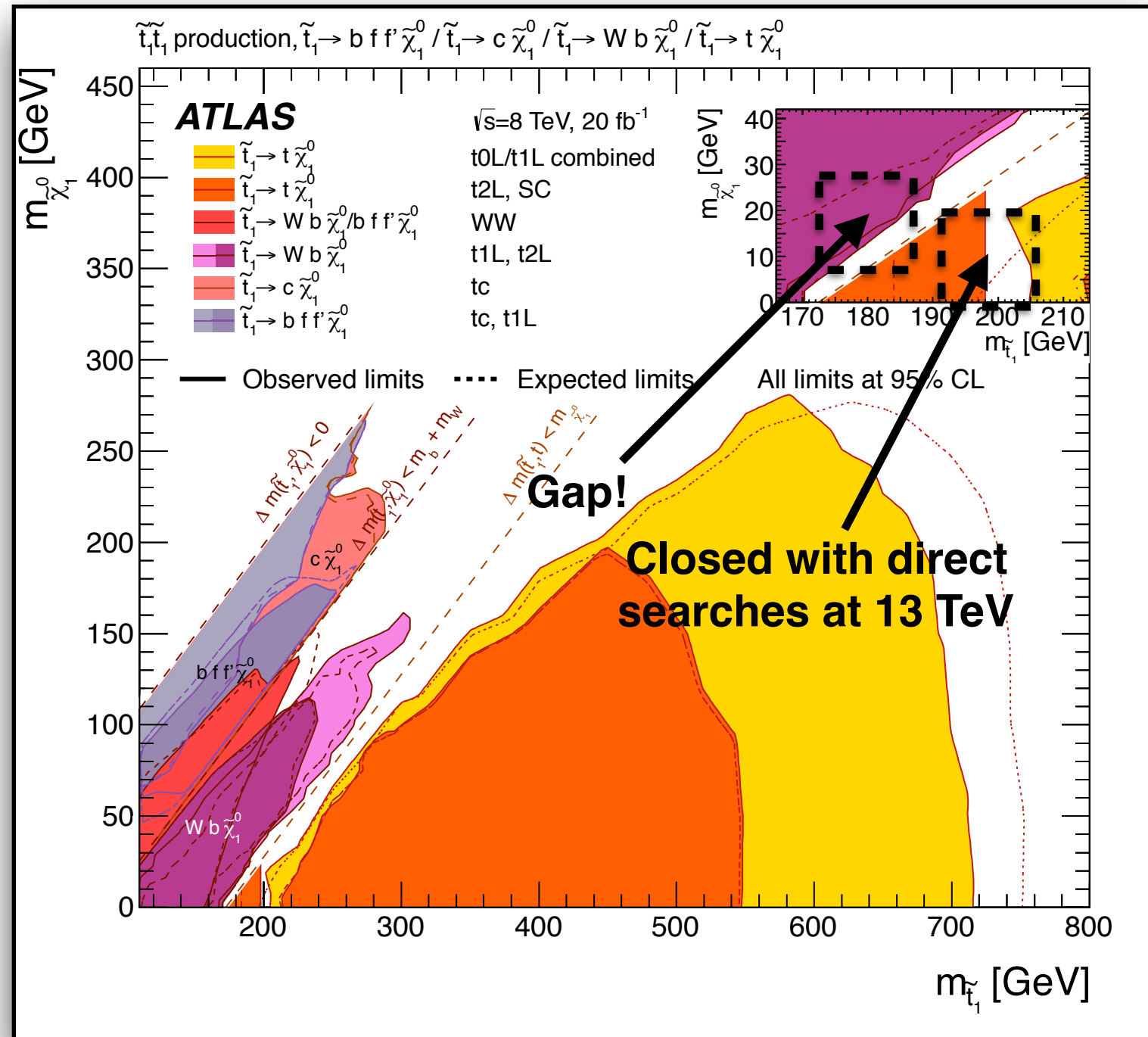
Light Stops



From **xs alone**: up to 180 GeV
Using **shape**: up to 185 GeV
(expected limits)

Light Stops

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Can we close the gap?

-already
systematics limited

- get a small gain
from sqrt(s)

- get a small gain
from improved xs
precision

-signal modeling is
challenging

N.B. right-handed + bino LSP - not conservative!

Light Stops



Source of uncertainty	Δf_{SM}
Detector modeling	
Lepton reconstruction	± 0.01
Jet energy scale	± 0.02
Jet reconstruction	± 0.01
$E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$	< 0.01
Fake leptons	< 0.01
b -tagging	< 0.01
Signal and background modeling	
Renormalization/factorization scale	± 0.05
MC generator	± 0.03
Parton shower and fragmentation	± 0.06
ISR/FSR	± 0.06
Underlying event	± 0.04
Color reconnection	± 0.01
PDF uncertainty	± 0.05
Background	± 0.01
MC statistics	± 0.04
→ Total systematic uncertainty	± 0.13
→ Data statistics	± 0.05

does not include top cross section uncertainties

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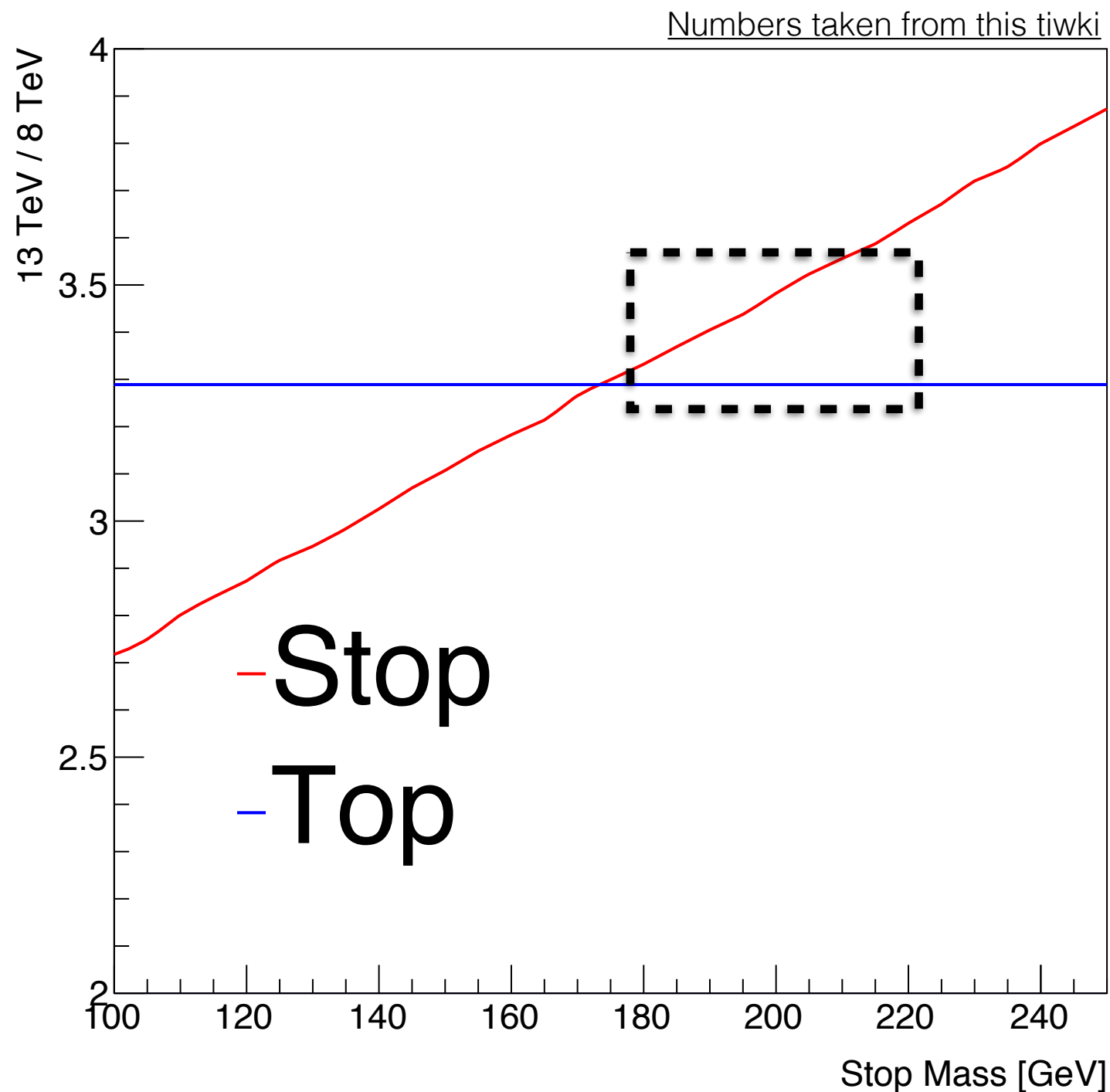
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Light Stops

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Light Stops



Can we close the gap?

Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams 20 (2017) 081003

Nominal momentum (GeV/c)	Actual momentum (GeV/c)	Relative uncertainty (%)
450	450.31	0.024
1380	1380	0.1
2510	2510	0.1
3500	3500	0.1
4000	4000	0.1
6370	6370	0.1
6500	6500	0.1

(was 0.7% for the paper; at least for the xs measurement, this was same size as exp. uncertainty)

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systematics limited

- get a small gain
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**- get a small gain
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-signal modeling is
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Light Stops

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(1) Need high precision MC,
also for uncertainties, on signal

(2) Off-shell tops require careful
treatment for spin correlations

(3) Interplay with the top mass

Can we close the gap?

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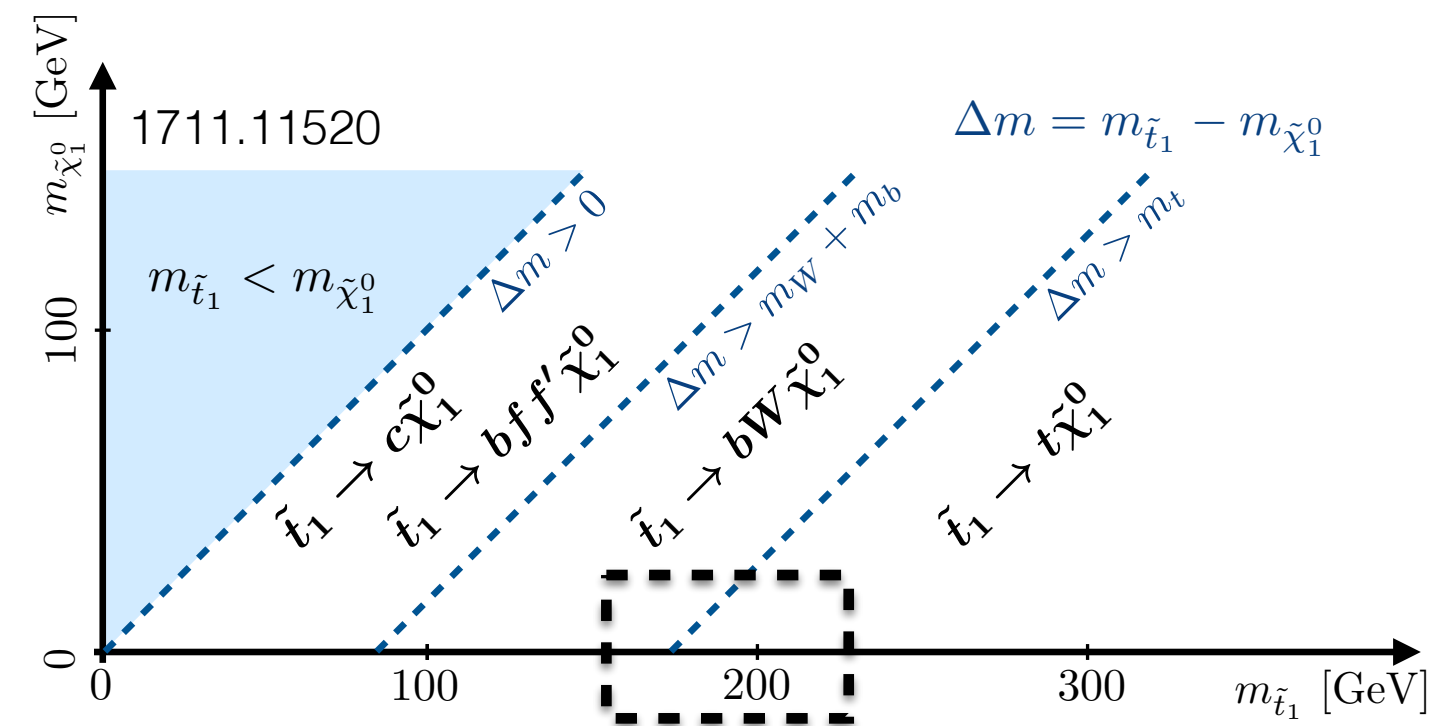
**-signal modeling
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Light Stops

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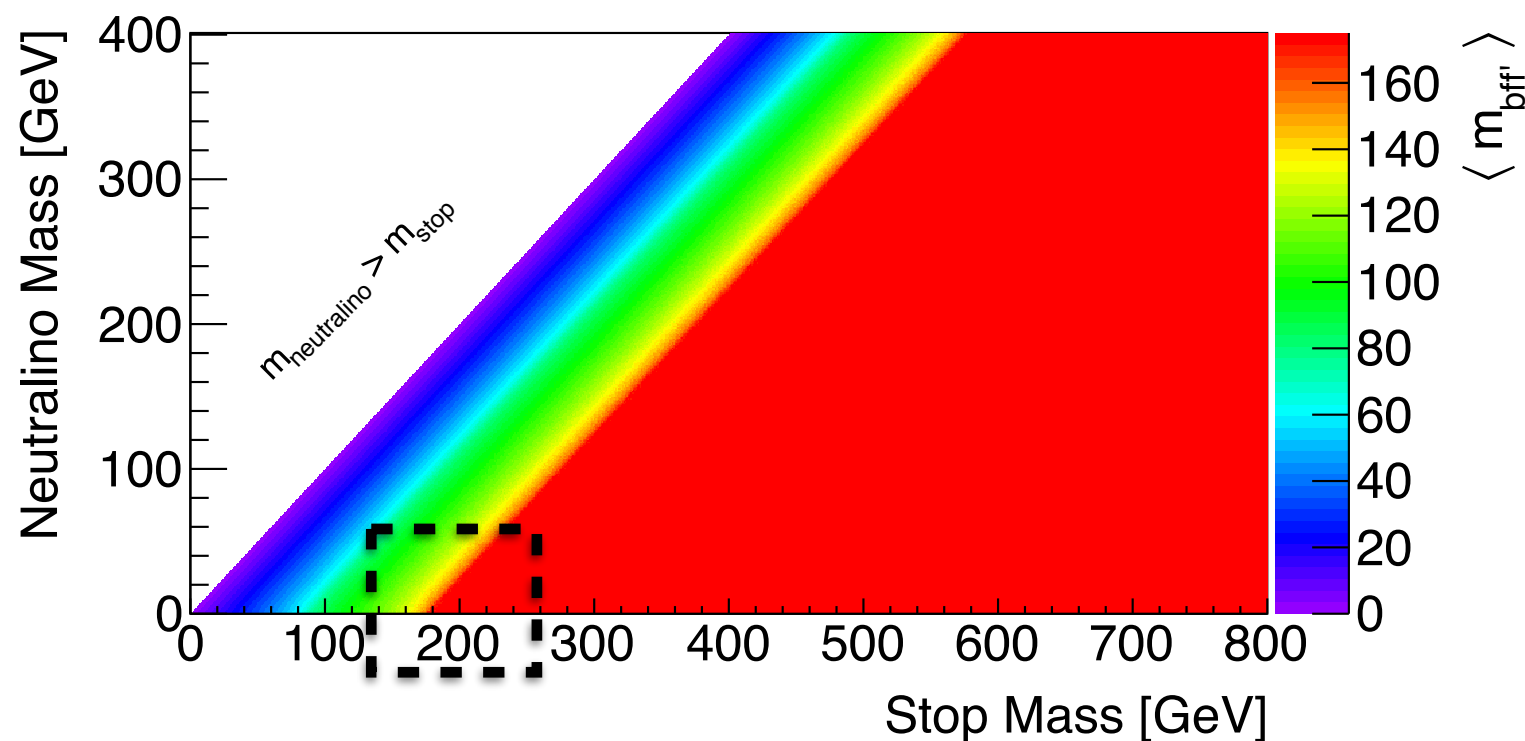
**-signal modeling
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Light Stops

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**-signal modeling
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- (2) Off-shell tops require careful treatment for spin correlations
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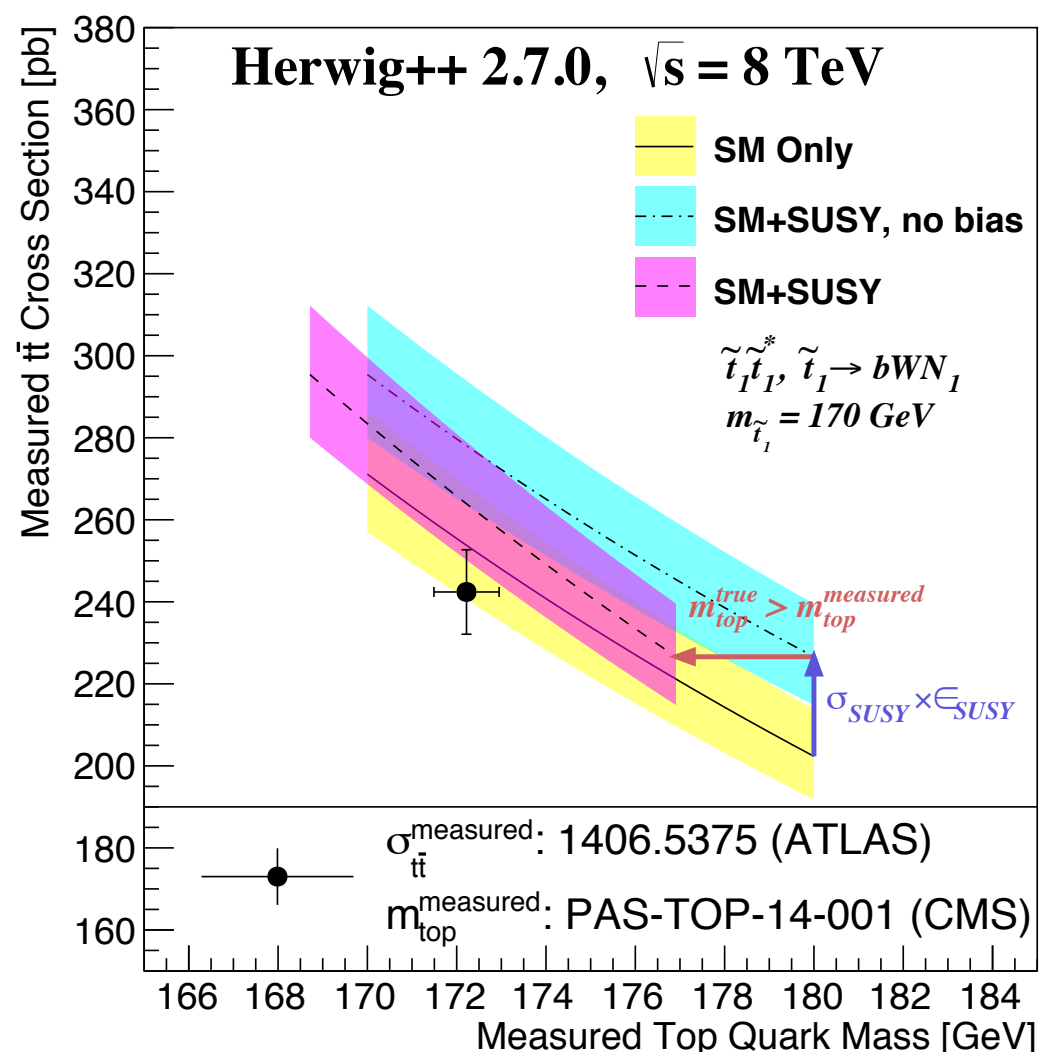
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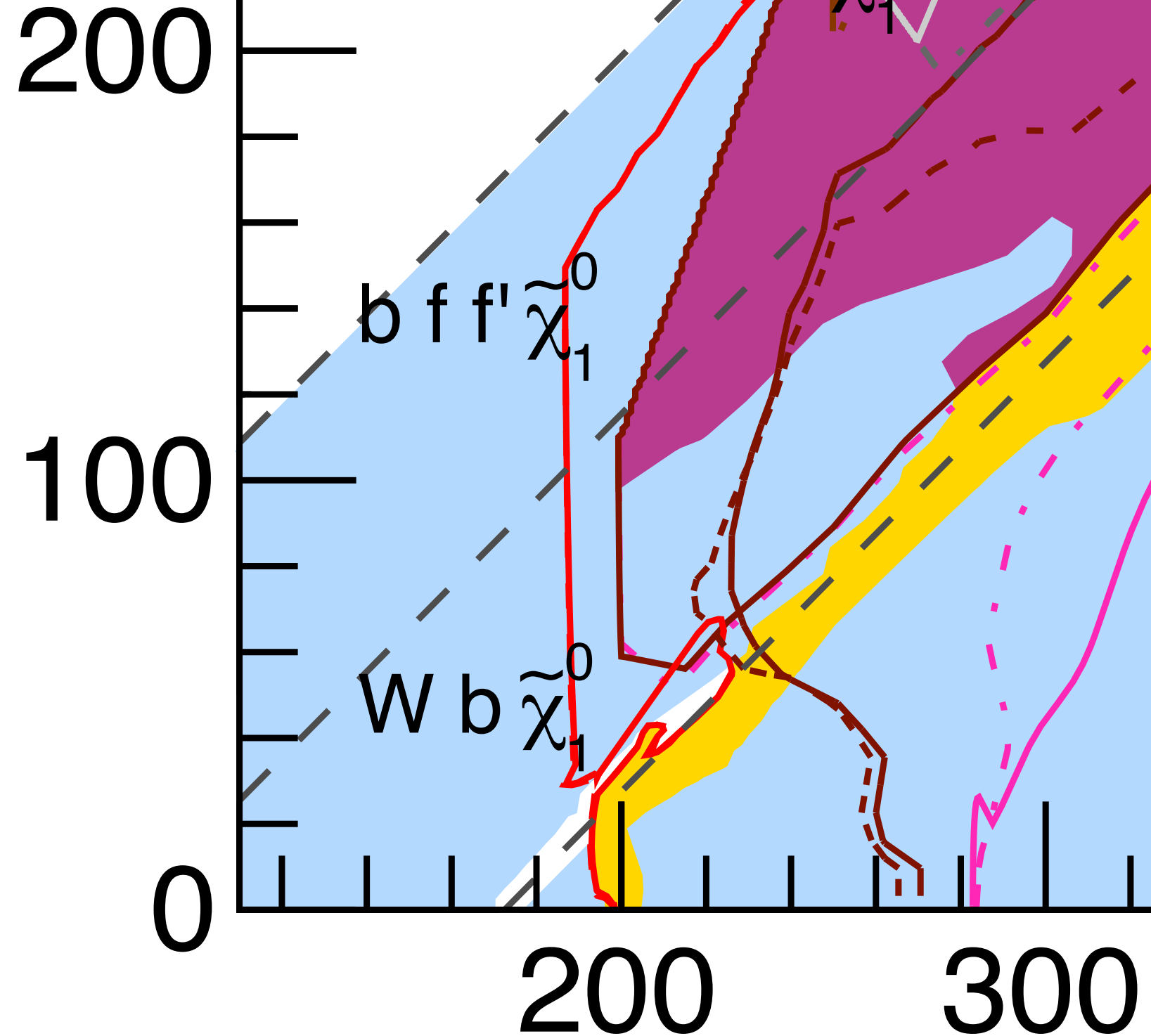
**-signal modeling
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PLB 743 (2015) 218

Light Stops

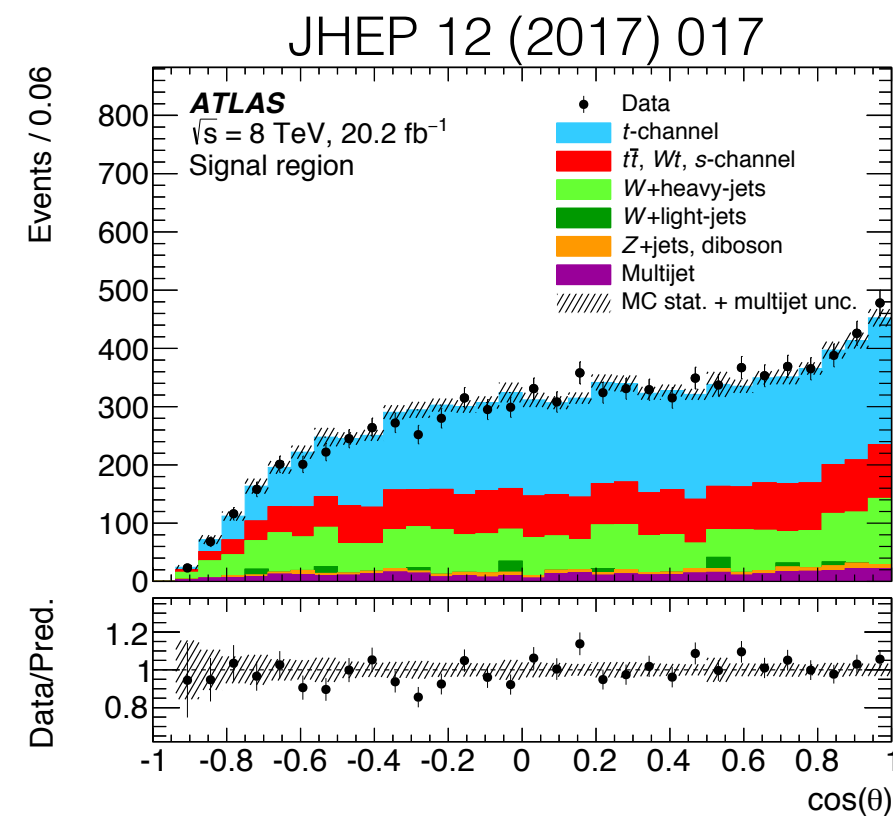
Upshot: **It won't come for free**, but if we work hard, then it should be possible to **close** the sneaky light stop **gap** still during Run 2.



N.B. this applies also for scalar leptoquarks.

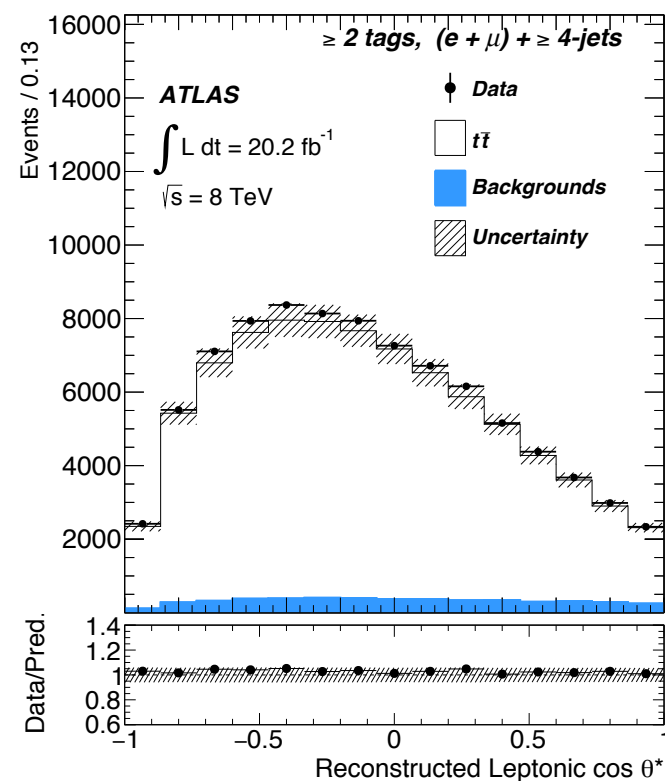
Part II: Indirect BSM (all from 2017!)

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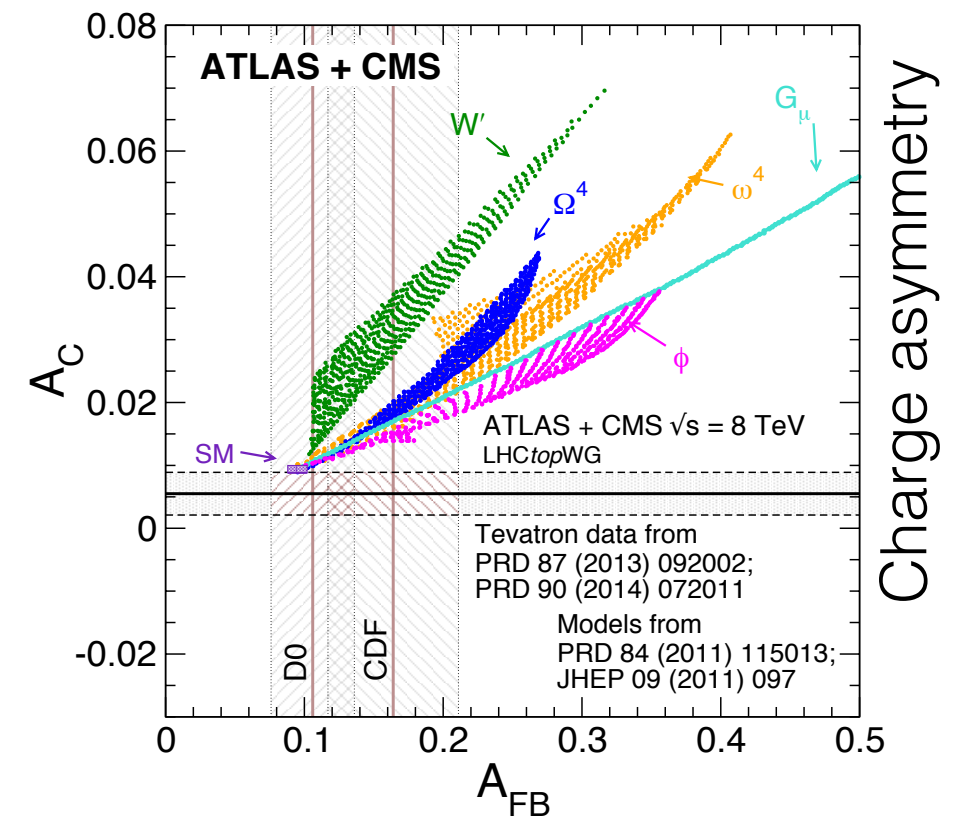
angles in single-lepton t-channel

Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 264



single-lepton in top pairs

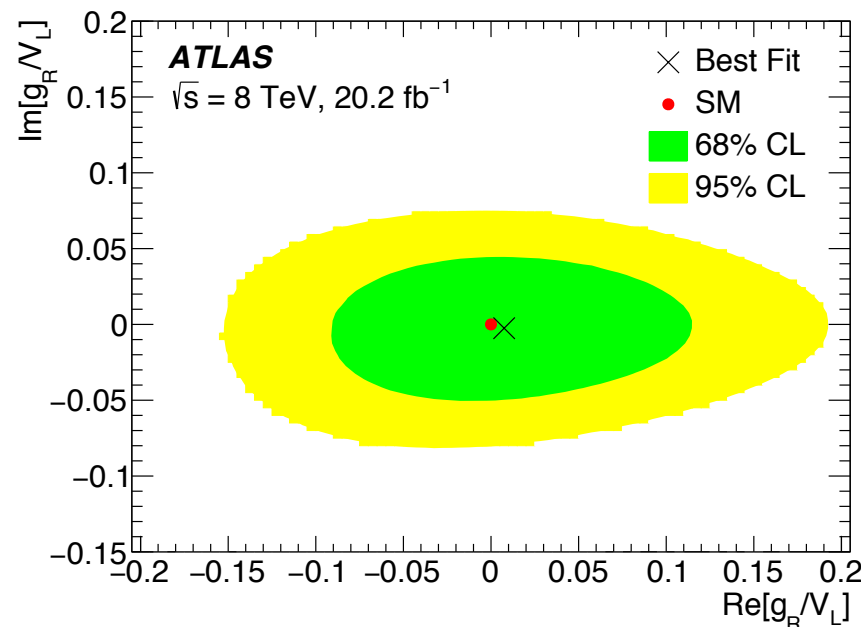
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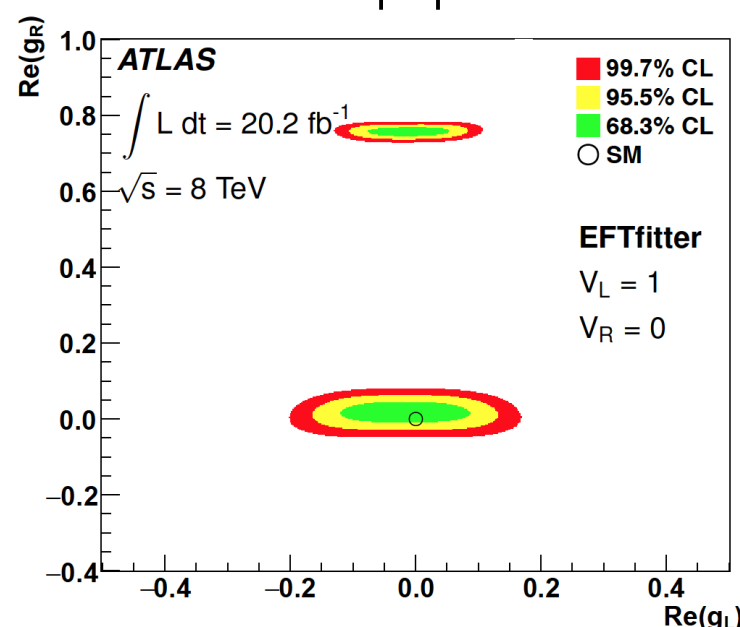
High-scale BSM could manifest as non-resonant modifications to the SM

Precise angular measurements ideal for constraining!

➔ See Jim Mueller's talk



see also JHEP04 (2017) 124



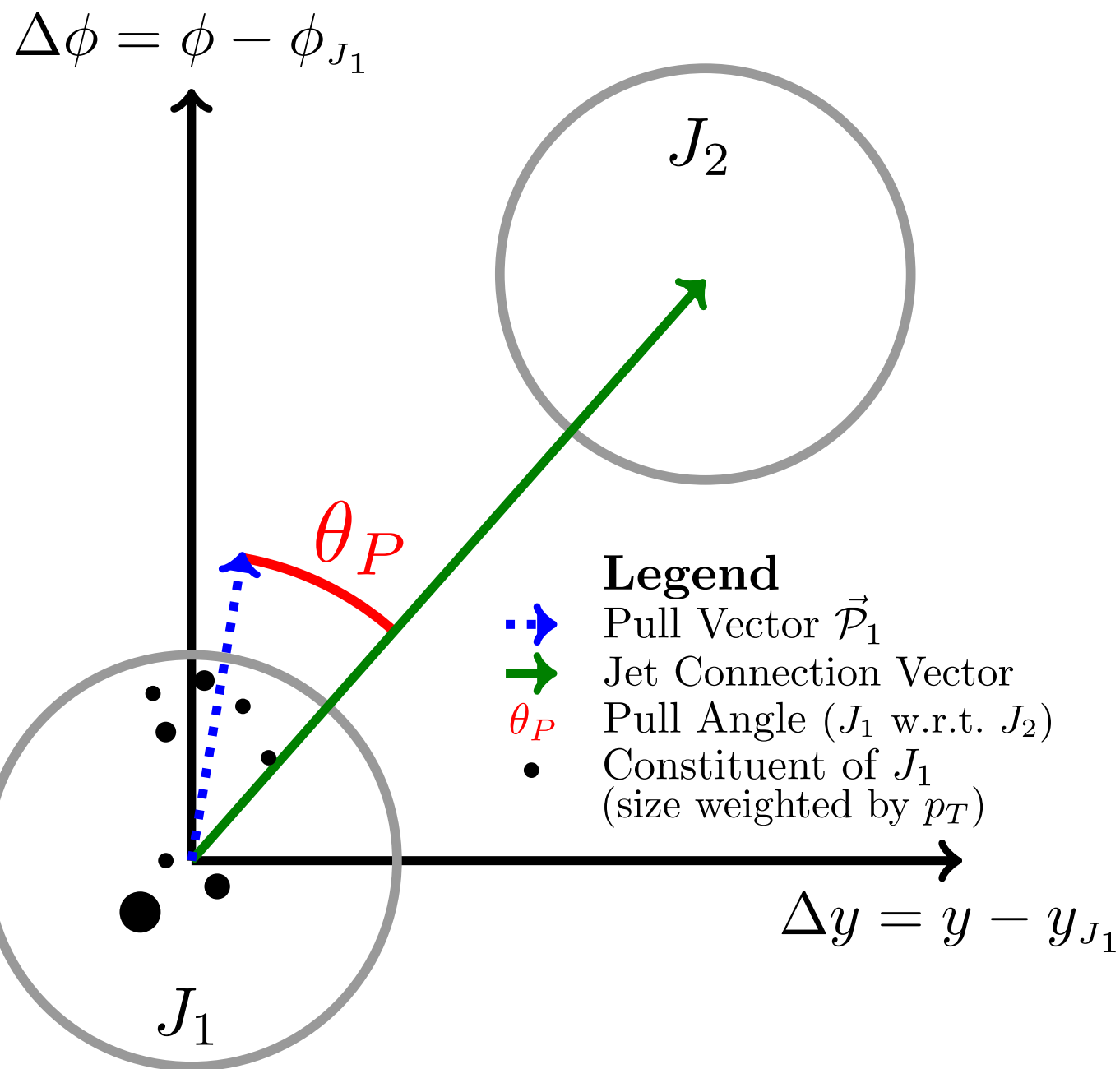
Part III: “Constrain the SM” w/ Hadronic Correlations

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The only way to get a clean sample of jet originating from a singlet decay (since LEP)

Step 1: How singlet-like is it?

Tool: Jet superstructure - the interplay between jet substructure and global radiation / kinematics.

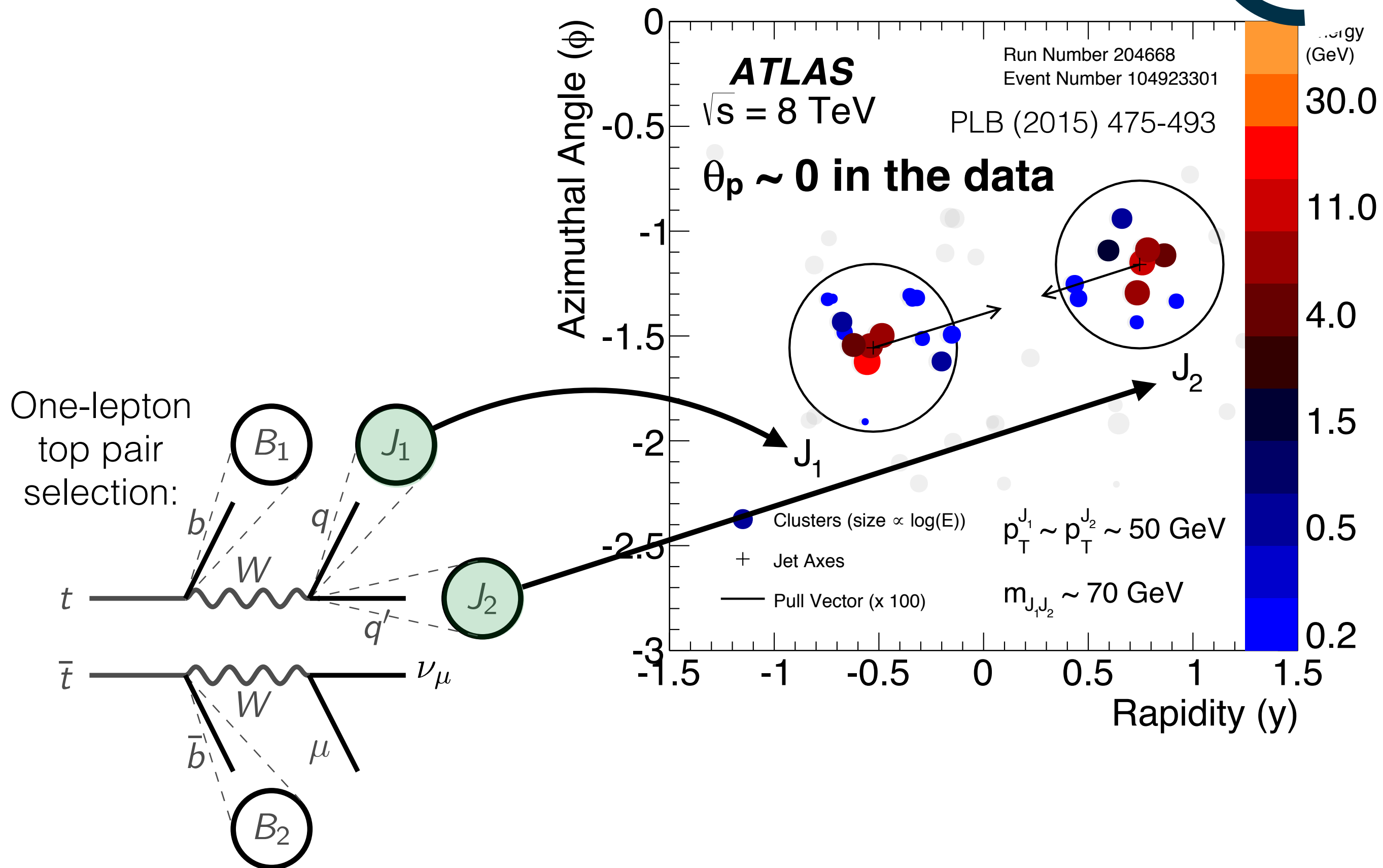


$$\vec{\Phi}(J) = \sum_{i \in J} \frac{|\vec{\Delta r}_i| \cdot p_T^i}{p_T^J} \vec{\Delta r}_i$$

Question: how much does the radiation from one jet lean towards the other?

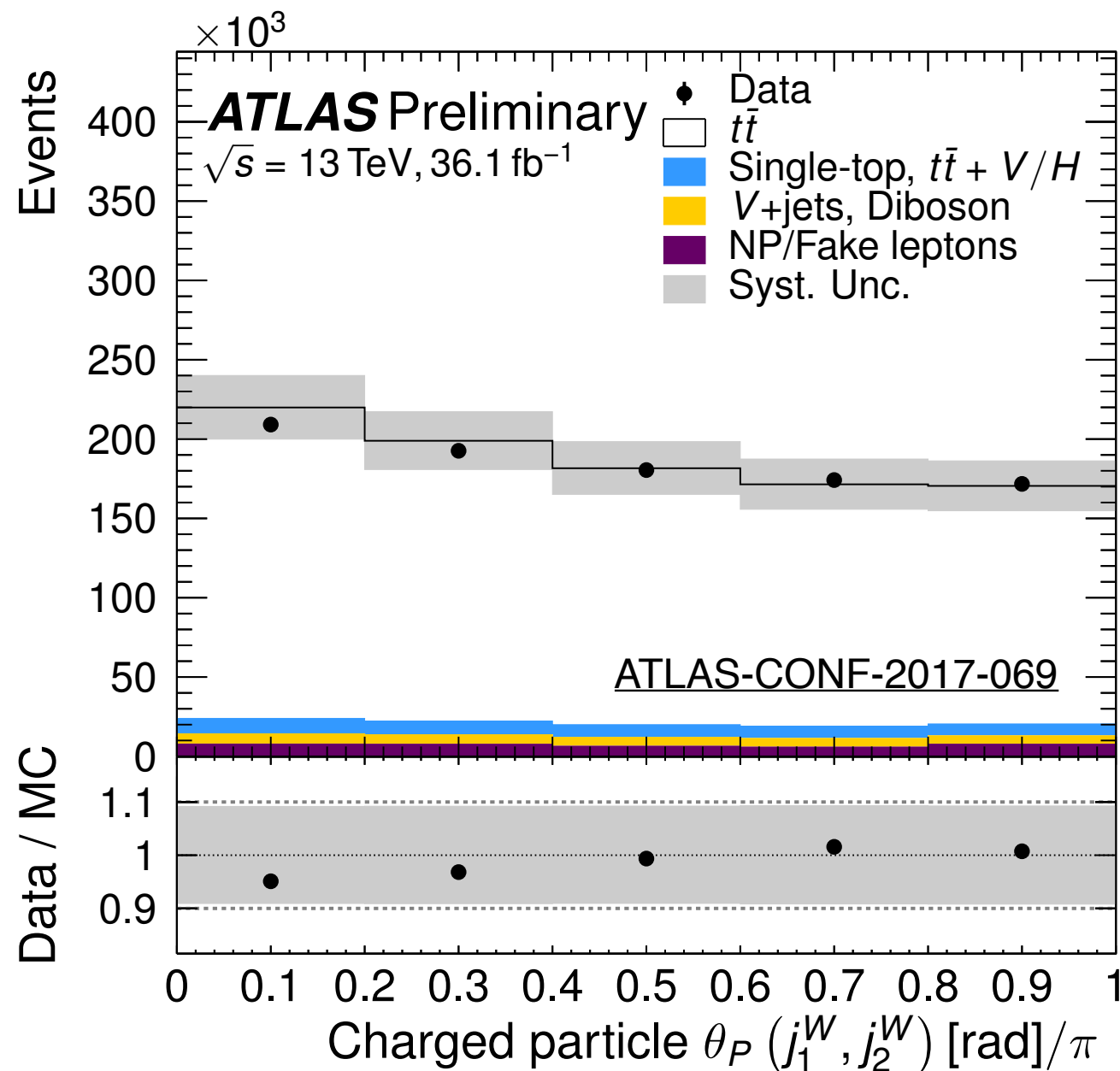
Hadronic Correlations: Jet Superstructure

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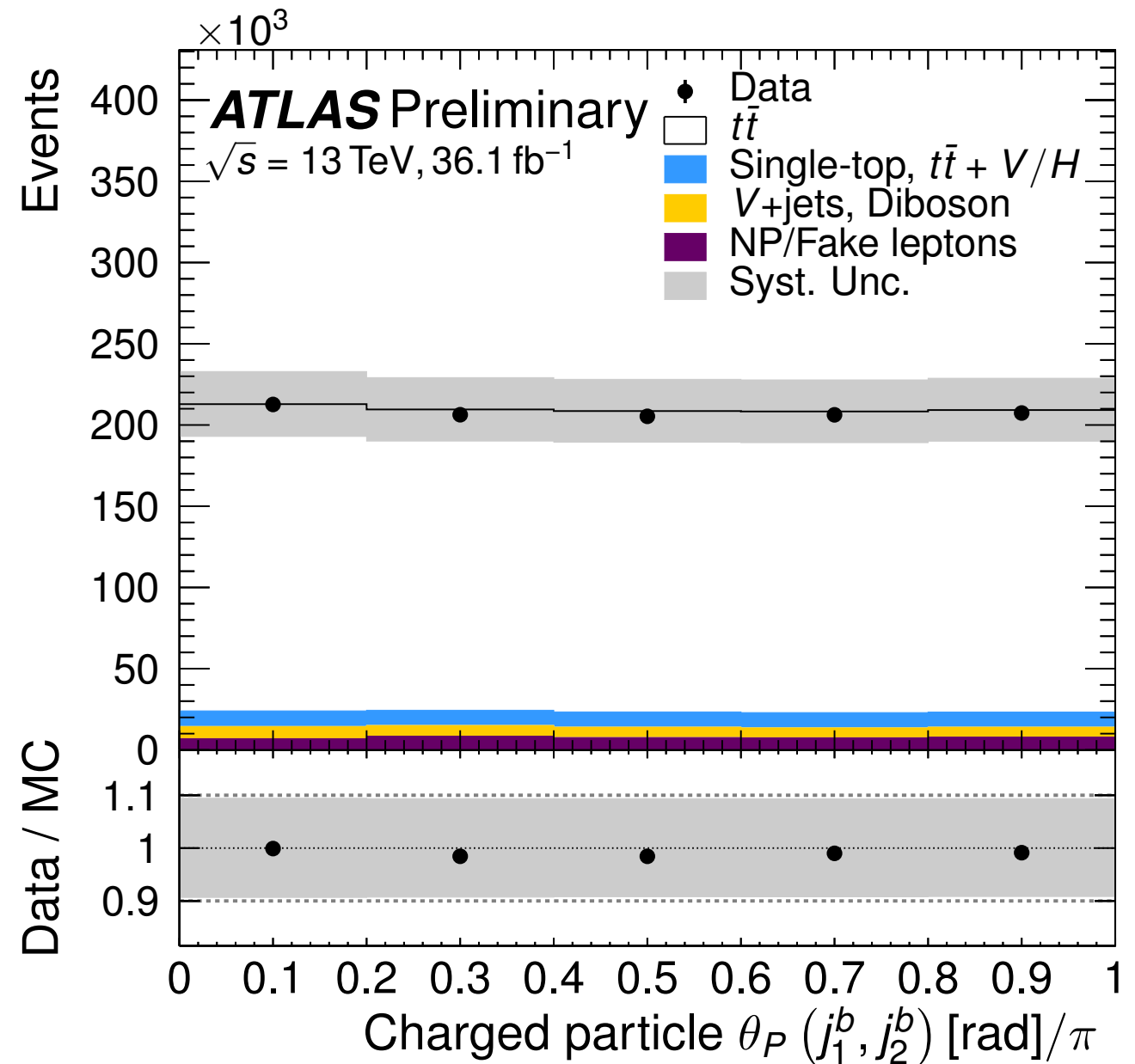


Hadronic Correlations: Jet Superstructure

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peak at 0 - W daughters
are “connected”

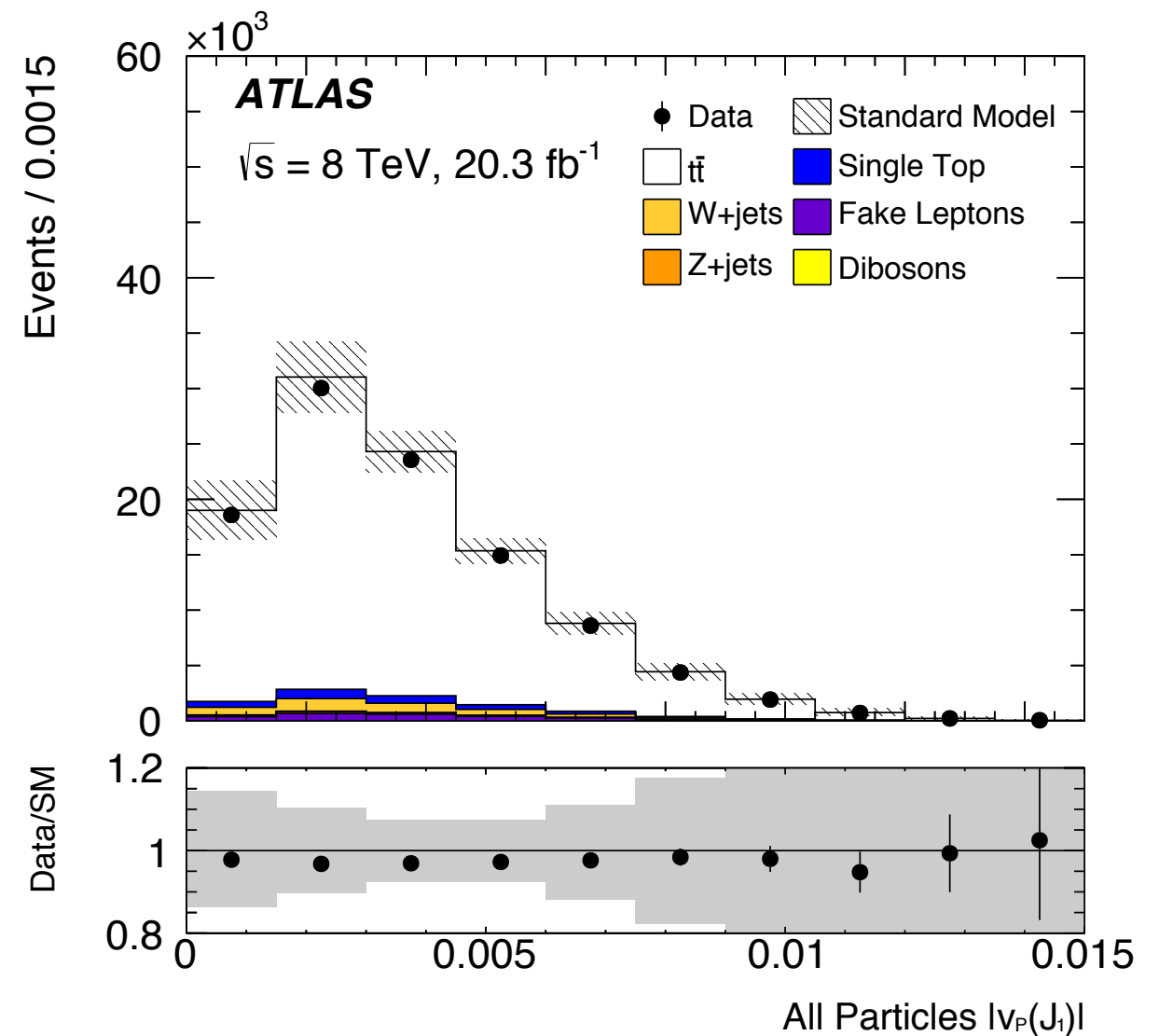
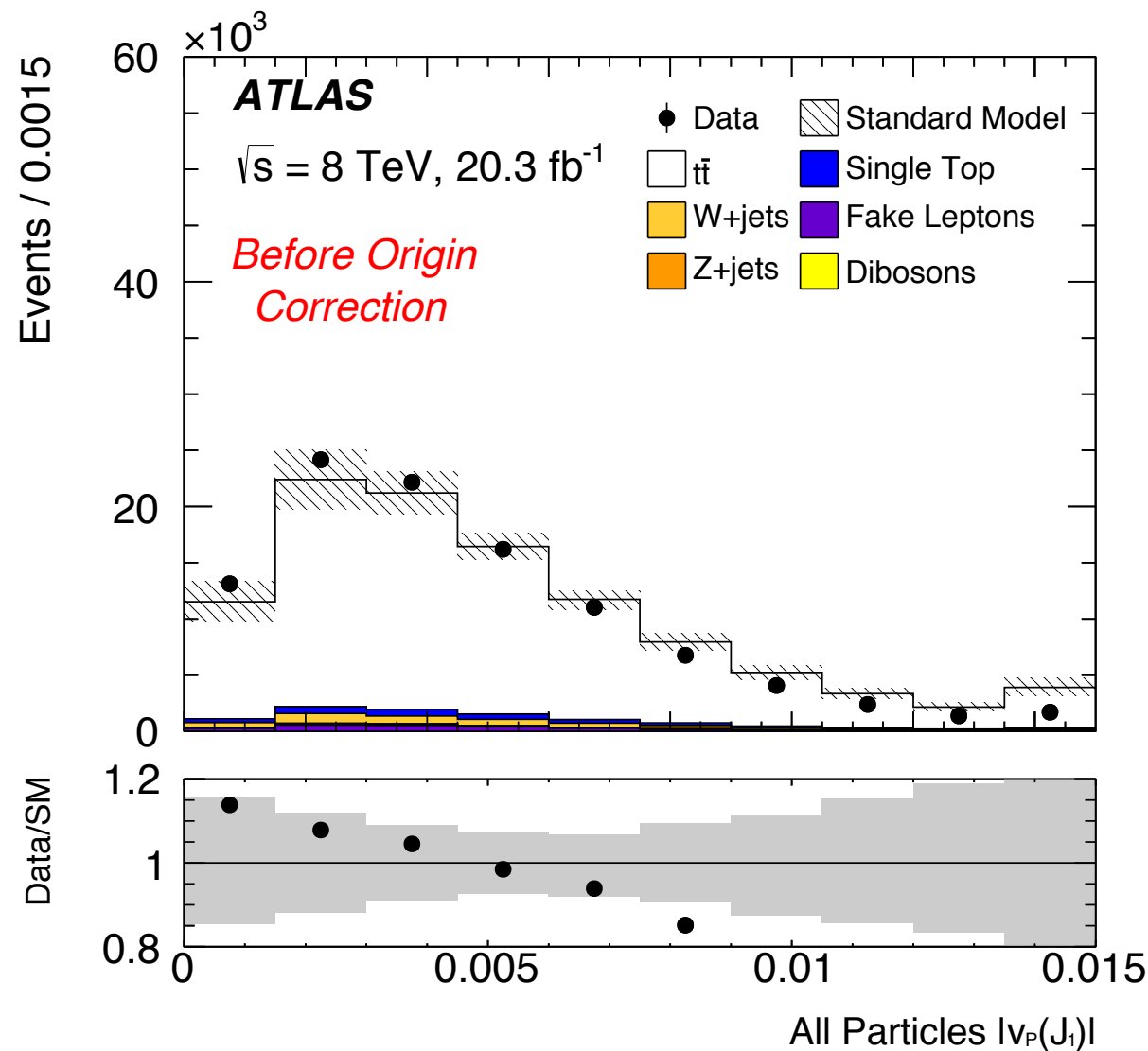


no peak - b's are
not connected

Jet Pull: Experimental Challenges

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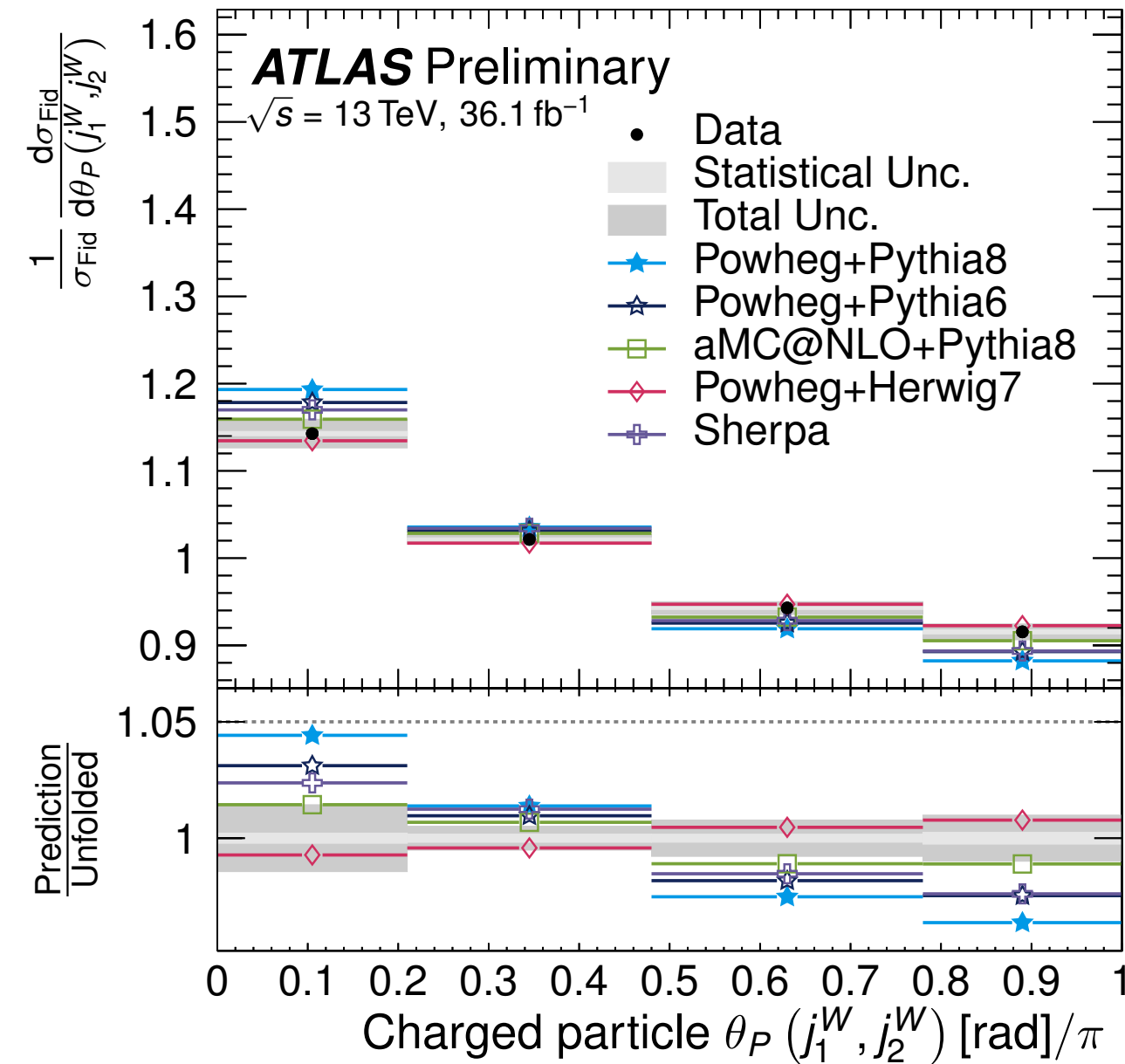
Measuring hadronic correlations is
much harder than leptonic ones.



For example: origin corrections are crucial!
(axis is the magnitude of the pull vector)

Jet Pull for MC Tuning

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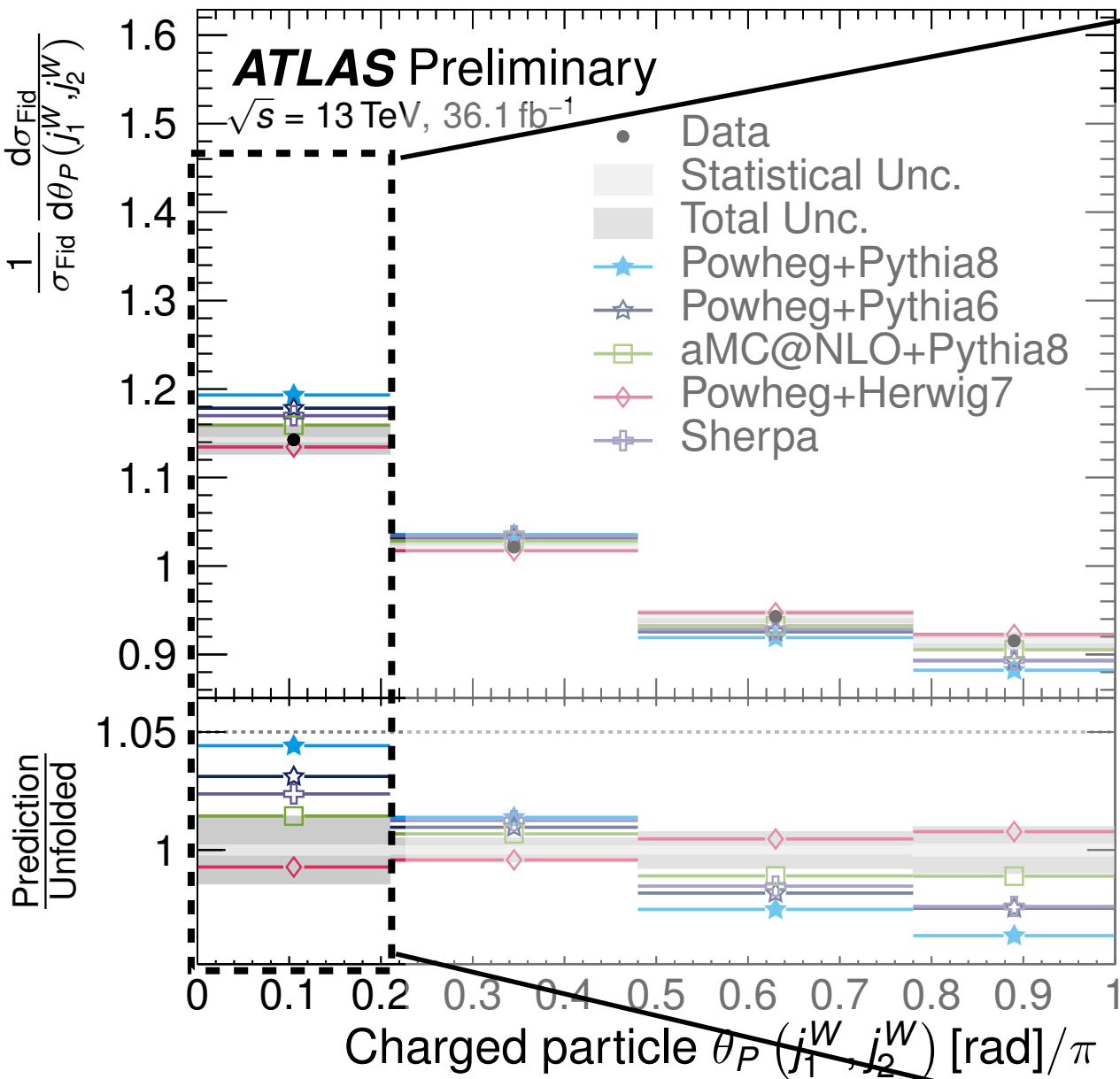


Despite the challenges,
we can measure the
angle to the 1%-level

Interestingly, there is a
rather large spread in
the MC predictions.

(useful for tuning!)

Jet Pull: Systematic Uncertainties



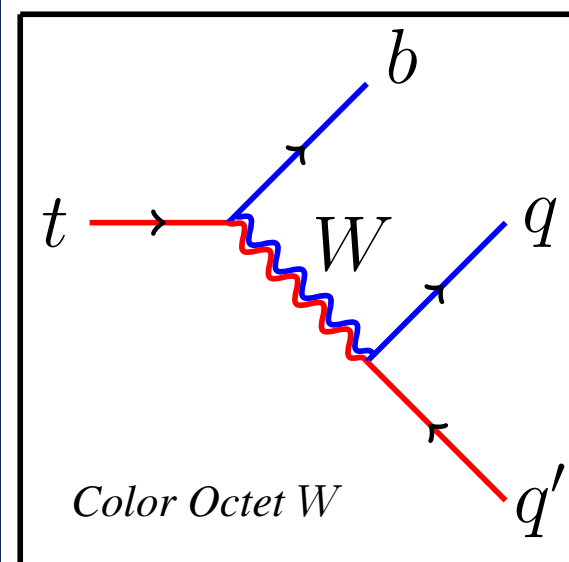
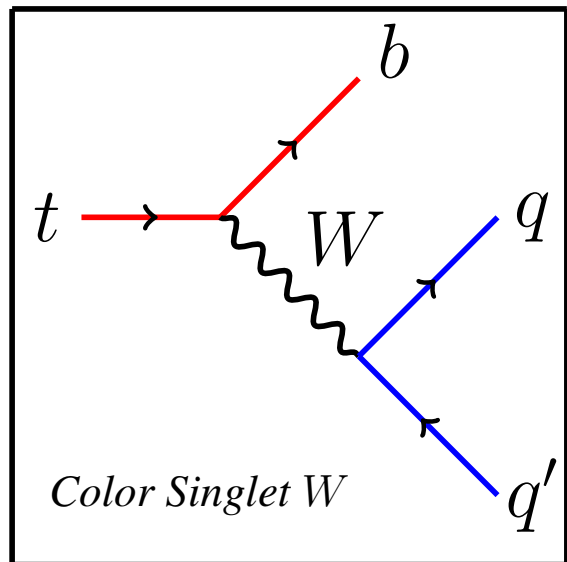
$\Delta\theta_P \left(j_1^W, j_2^W\right) \left[\% \right]$	
0.0 – 0.21	
→ Hadronisation	0.63
Generator	0.37
Colour Reconnection	0.11
<i>b</i> -Tagging	0.35
Non-Closure	0.25
ISR / FSR	0.32
Other	0.25
JER	0.12
JES	0.13
Tracks	0.09
Syst.	0.97
→ Stat.	0.22
Total	0.99

Resolution already much better with charged particles only;

Currently syst-limited

Jet Pull: More on tuning

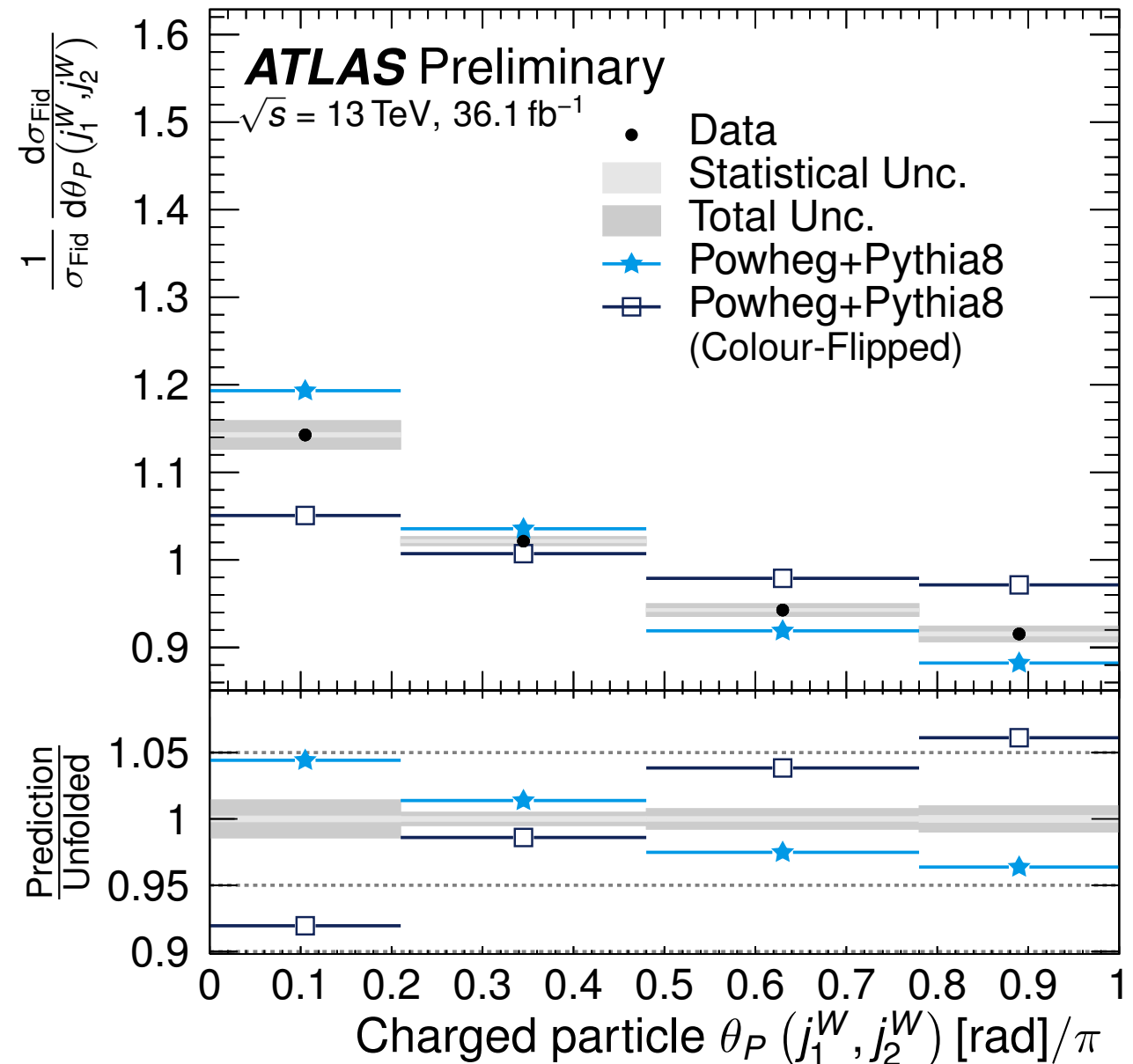
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An important message: if we artificially make W 's in Pythia octet-like, then we only marginally prefer the singlet.

clearly there is something we can learn for tuning here!

(it is not as dramatic for Pythia 6 and the default tune - maybe that is a hint)

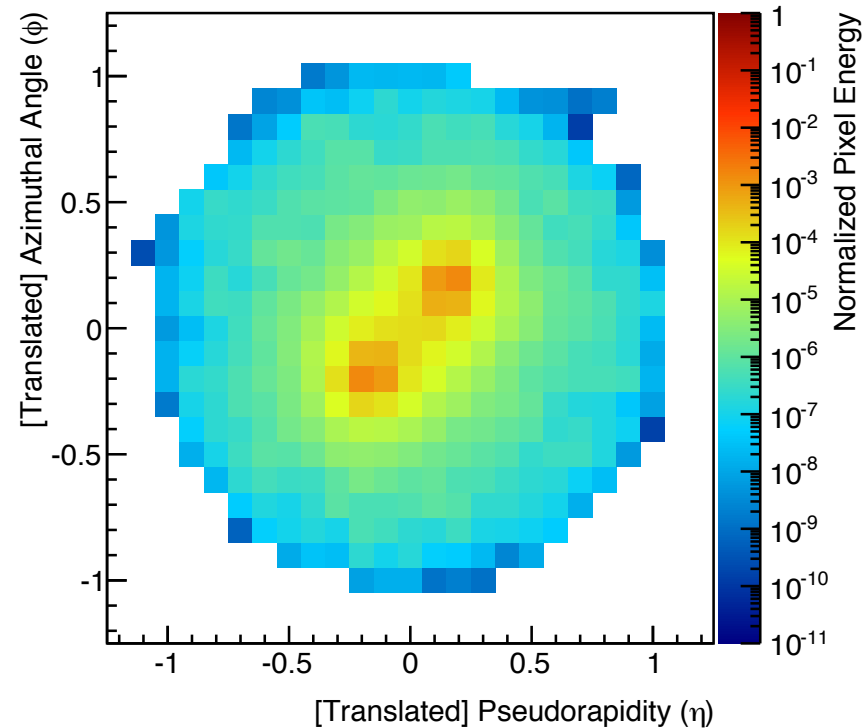


Hadronic Correlations: Future Directions

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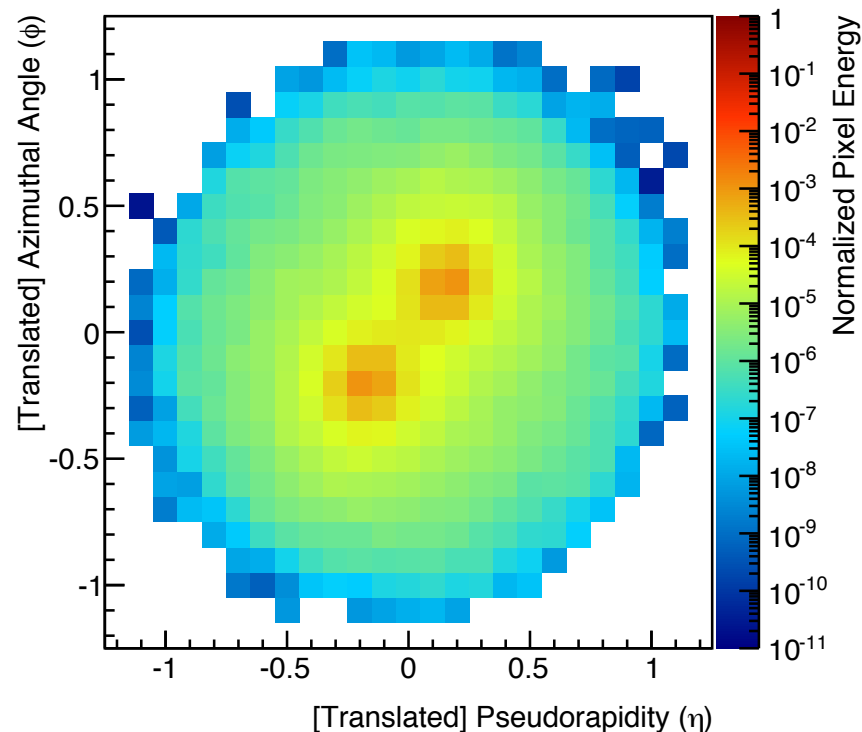
$$p p \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow b \bar{b}$$

re-showered with Pythia 8, $m_1 = 125$ GeV



$$p p \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow b \bar{b}$$

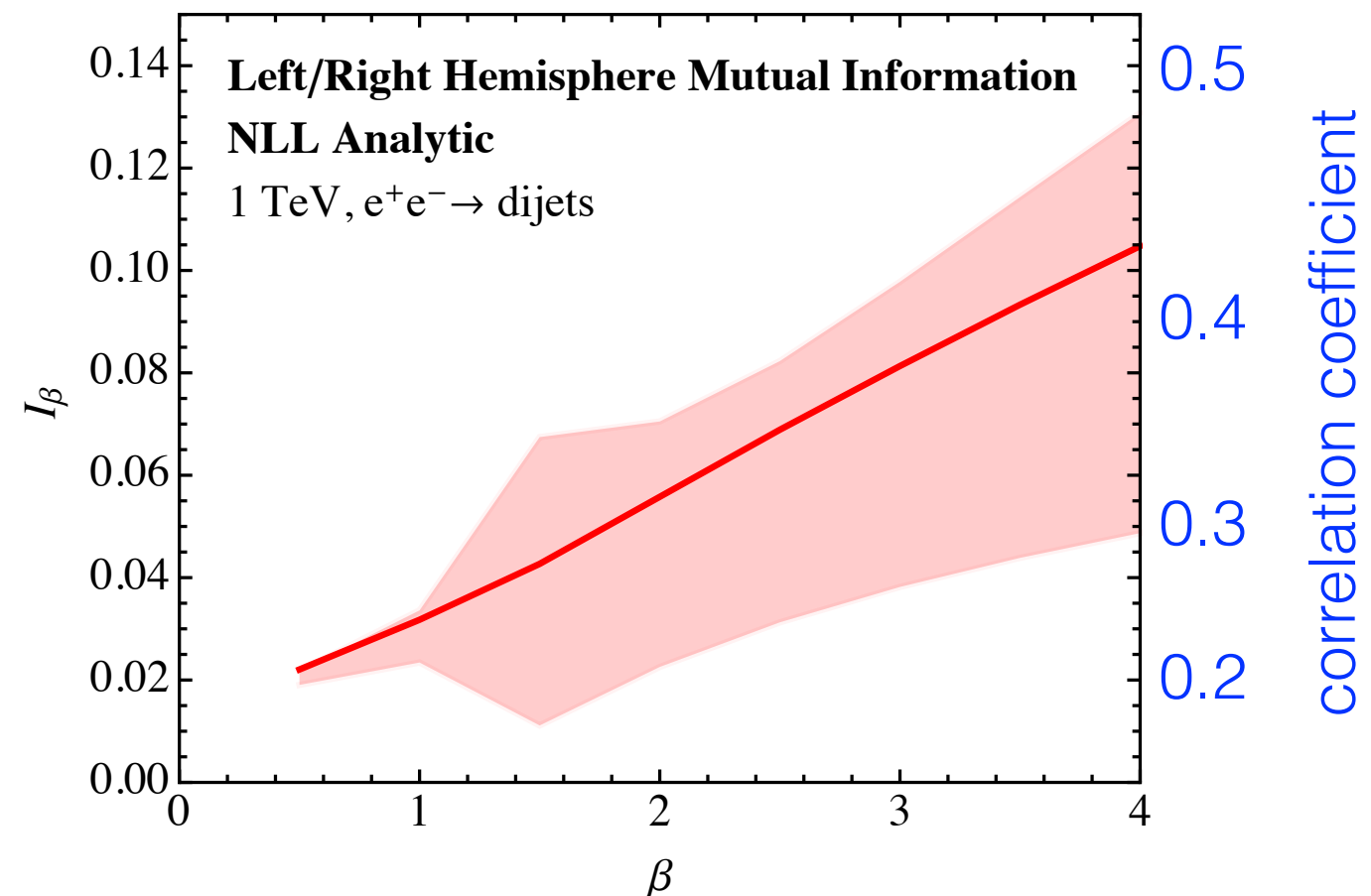
re-showered with Pythia 8, $m_8 = 125$ GeV



Colorflow more pronounced when boosted;
-> differential measurement (+tagging?)

Other observables: jet substructure correlations
probe non-global effects in a clean way

A. Larkoski, I. Mout, PRD 93, 014012 (2016)



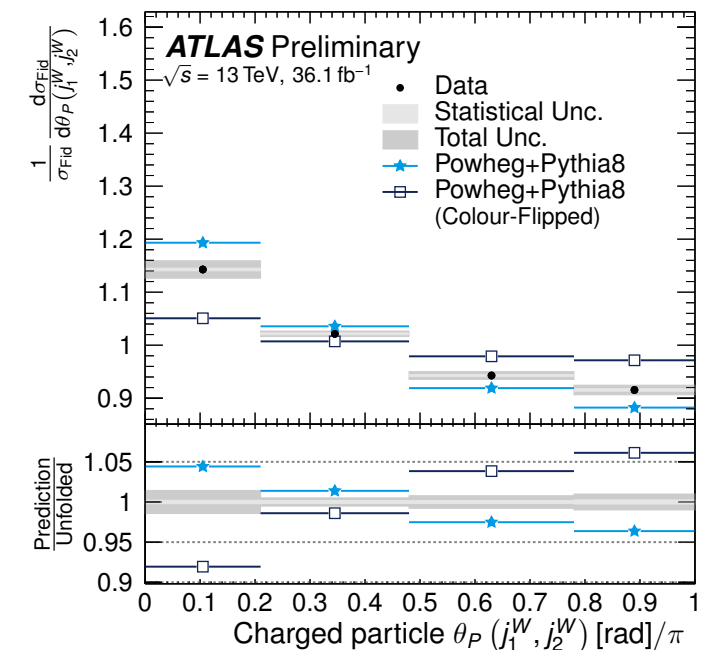
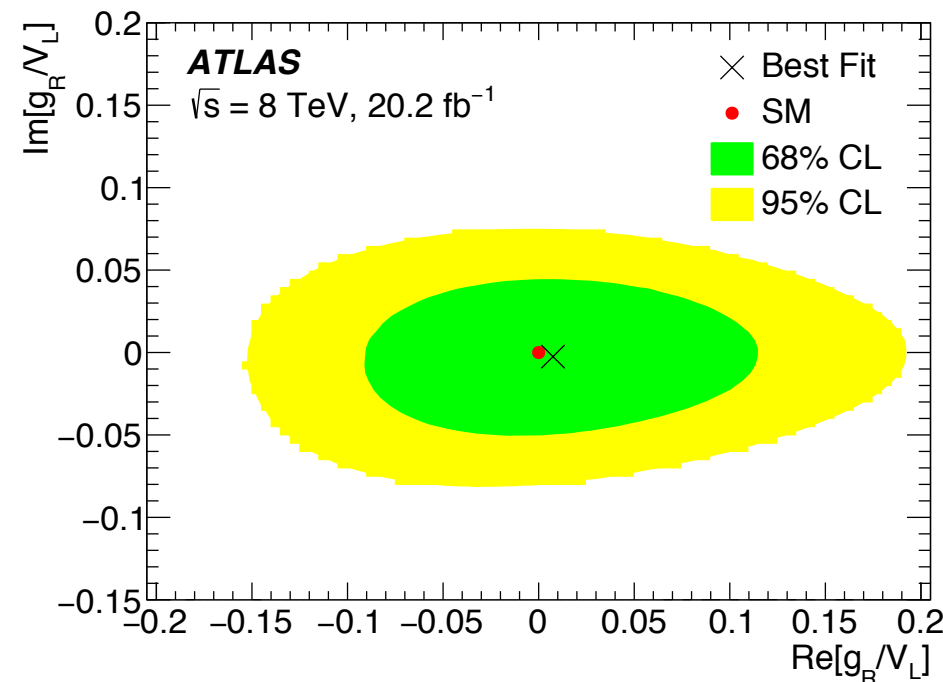
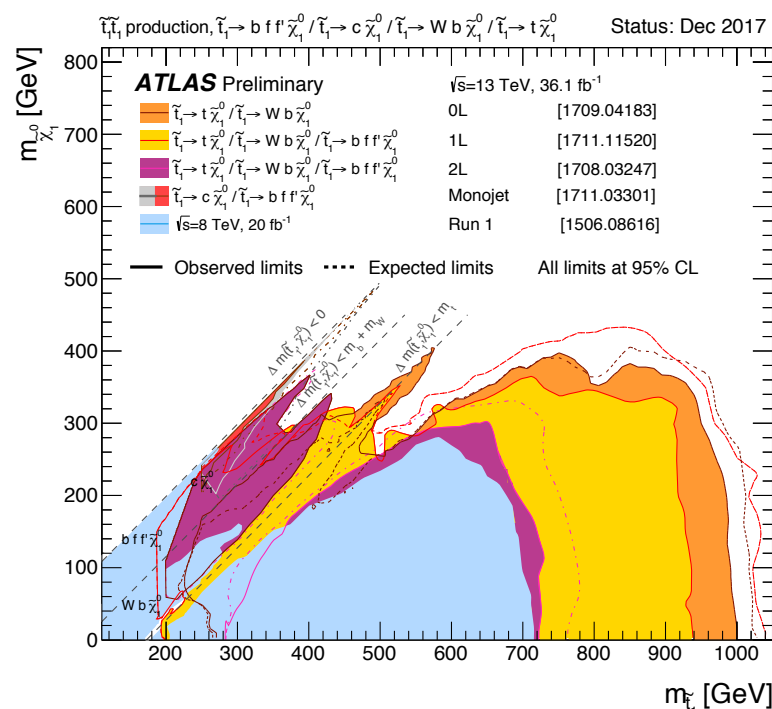
← more jet grooming

Conclusions and Outlook

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During runs 2+3, we will be able to exploit angular correlations in top events to make strong claims about the mass scale of BSM and probe the SM in new and interesting ways!

In many areas, we are already limited by uncertainties - largely in the realm of theory modeling.



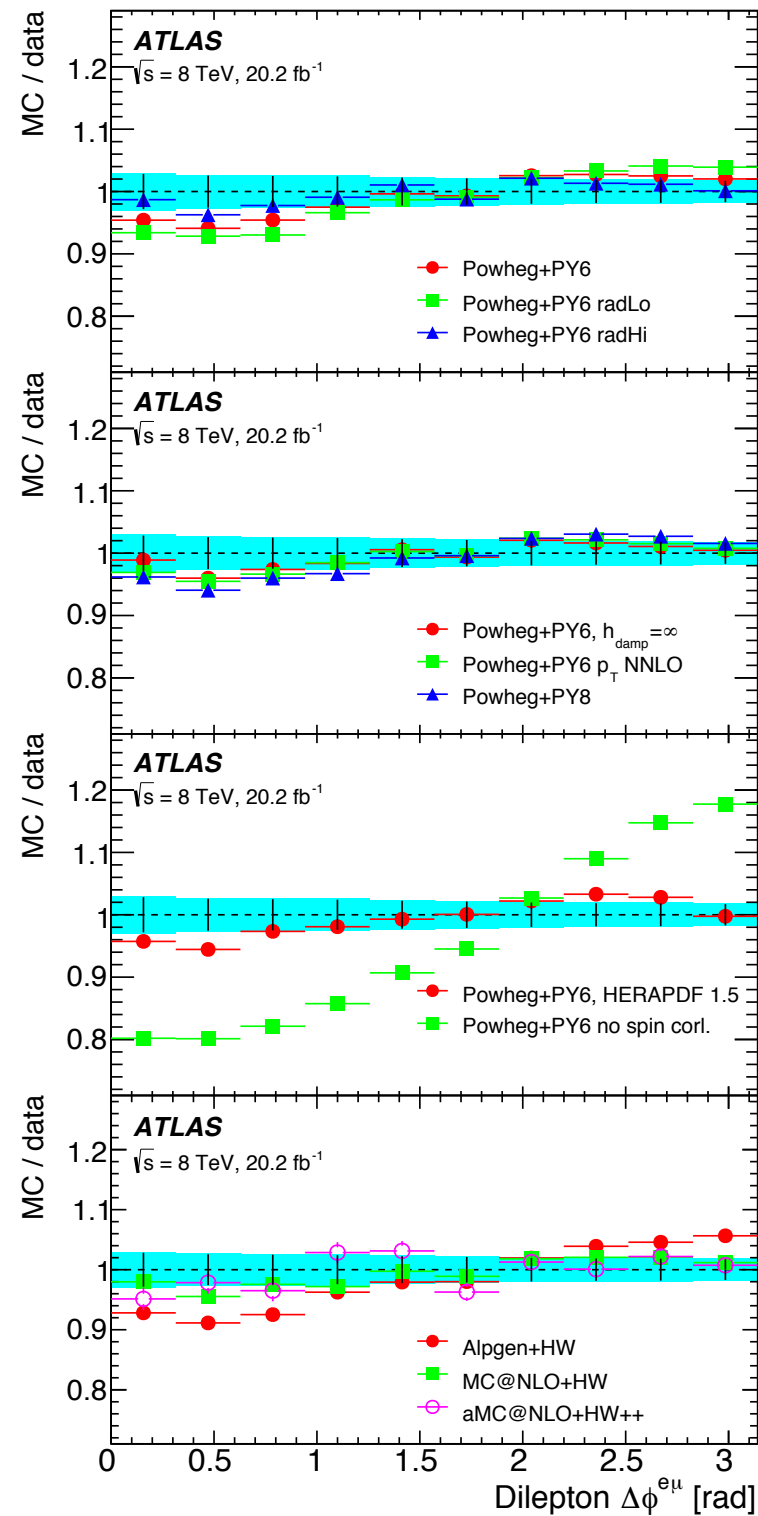
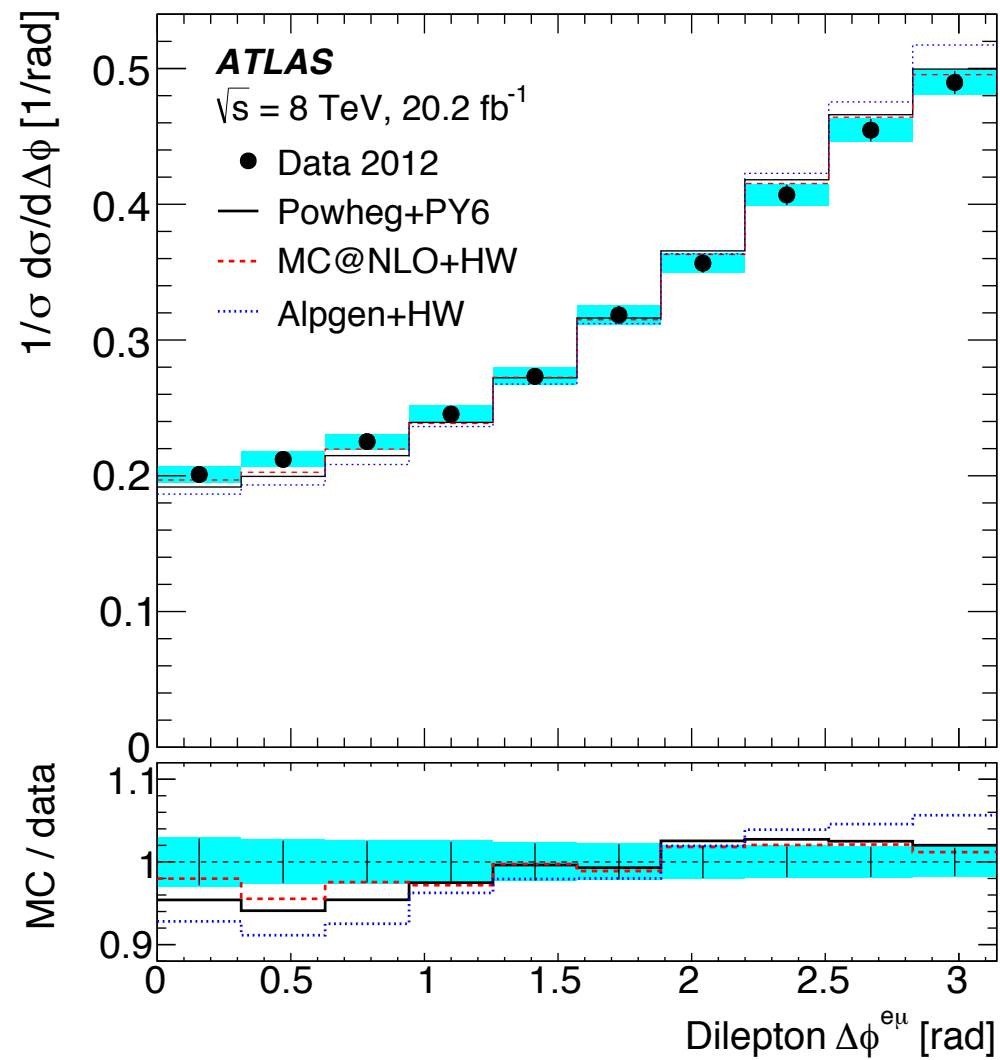
Questions?



Backup

Other correlation measurements

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Other correlation measurements

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[https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PAPERS/
TOPQ-2016-16/](https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PAPERS/TOPQ-2016-16/)

Other correlation measurements

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<https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/PAPERS/TOPQ-2015-13/>

Other correlation measurements

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