



Contribution ID: 188

Type: **Contributed**

Thermal expansion coefficient and elastic modulus of reactive pulsed-DC magnetron co sputtered piezoelectric AlScN thin films

Friday 22 June 2018 10:10 (20 minutes)

$\text{Al}_{1-x}\text{Sc}_x\text{N}$ is an attractive material for radio frequency microelectromechanical systems (RF-MEMS) due to higher piezoelectric coefficient $d_{33}=27.6$ pC/N ($x=0.43$) compared to 6 pC/N in pure AlN [1] and increased electromechanical coupling k_t^2 [2]. Mechanical properties such as elastic modulus and coefficient of thermal expansion (CTE) are important for designing RF-MEMS. However, there are very few experimental or theoretical studies of elastic modulus of $\text{Al}_{1-x}\text{Sc}_x\text{N}$ in a large range of compositions (up to $x=0.26$) [3] and, the CTE of $\text{Al}_{1-x}\text{Sc}_x\text{N}$ thin films has never been reported until now. In this work, reactive pulsed-DC magnetron sputtering process was optimized [4] to produce 1 μm thick highly c-axis oriented $\text{Al}_{1-x}\text{Sc}_x\text{N}$ thin films (up to $x=0.32$) on 100 mm Si(001) and $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3(0001)$ substrates. X-ray diffraction, scanning electron microscopy, piezoresponse force microscopy, and Berlincourt method were used to analyze the film properties. To simultaneously determine the thermal expansion coefficients and the elastic modulus, a thermal cycling was performed [5] and the temperature dependent film stress was then measured. Based on the stress measurement results, CTE was calculated as a function of Sc concentration. Our measurements show average CTE $\alpha_f=5.01\times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$, biaxial elastic modulus of 300 GPa, and Young's modulus of 216 GPa for $\text{Al}_{0.7}\text{Sc}_{0.3}\text{N}$. The average CTE and elastic modulus measured for AlN fits values found in literature [5]. Consequently, the experimentally determined elastic modulus will allow designing RF-MEMS based on $\text{Al}_{1-x}\text{Sc}_x\text{N}$ with various Sc concentrations and the CTE will enable the device performance prediction at elevated temperatures.

- [1] M. Akiyama, et al., Adv. Mater. 21(5), 593 (2009)
- [2] G. Wingqvist, et al., Appl. Phys. Lett., 97(11), 112902 (2010)
- [3] M. A. Caro, et al., J. Phys. Condens. Matter 27, 245901 (2015)
- [4] Y. Lu, et al., Phys. Status Solidi A, 1700559 (2017)
- [5] R.E. Sah, et al., J. Vac. Sci. Technol. A Vacuum, Surfaces, Film. 28, 394 (2010).

Author: LU, Yuan (Fraunhofer IAF)

Co-authors: Mr REUSCH, Markus (Fraunhofer Institute for Applied Solid State Physics IAF); Mr KURZ, Nicolas (IMTEK –Department of Microsystems Engineering, University of Freiburg); Ms DING, Anli (Fraunhofer Institute for Applied Solid State Physics IAF); Mr CHRISTOPH, Tim (Fraunhofer Institute for Applied Solid State Physics IAF); Dr KIRSTE, Lutz (Fraunhofer Institute for Applied Solid State Physics IAF); Ms LEBEDEV, Vadim (Fraunhofer Institute for Applied Solid State Physics IAF); ŽUKAUSKAITĖ, Agnė (Fraunhofer Institute for Applied Solid State Physics IAF)

Presenter: LU, Yuan (Fraunhofer IAF)

Session Classification: Electronic Materials & Processing

Track Classification: Electronic Materials & Processing