

Contribution ID: 378

Type: Contributed

Novel Superhydrophobic Celllulose Coating and Its Multifunctional Applications

Wednesday 20 June 2018 14:00 (20 minutes)

Recently, an increasing trend has been noticed towards synthesizing superhydrophobic surface with a water contact angle (WCA) higher than 150° due to its many potential applications including water repellency, oil spill recovery, self-cleaning, antifouling, anti-icing-deicing and so on. Unfortunately, most of the cases the superhydrophobic surface was achieved utilizing either fluorinated materials or organic-inorganic nanoparticles as the water–solid contact angle varies with the surface chemistry and roughness of the solid surface. Herein, we presented a novel approach for preparation of superhydrophobic coating without involving any such hazardous chemicals with the oath to create sustainable world. The superhydrophobic coating was prepared using cellulose nanofibers (CNFs) via a new surface modification chemistry. The as-synthesized cellulose surface shows water contact angle (WCA) value of $161^{\circ}(\pm 2^{\circ})$. When used this material to coat other substrates such as paper, sponge, fabrics, aluminium, etc., to test the water repellent capacity, the WCA values were found to be between 136-147°($\pm 3^{\circ}$) for the above surfaces. Moreover, the excellent durability of the coating made it very promising for efficient oil/water separation process to self-cleaning textile.

Author: Prof. ROY, Sunanda (Inha University, South Korea)
Co-author: Prof. KIM, Jaehwan (Inha University, South Korea)
Presenter: Prof. ROY, Sunanda (Inha University, South Korea)
Session Classification: Thin Films & Surface Engineering

Track Classification: Thin Film & Surface Engineering