

## **Status of FIT simulation**

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### Outline

- FIT detector in ALICE
- AliRoot FIT
- 02 FIT
- Manpower and timetable

## Why ALICE needs FIT:

- Luminosity monitoring & feedback to LHC
  - Essential for the operation of ALICE
- Fast Interaction <u>Trigger</u>
  - Online Vertex determination
  - Minimum Bias and centrality selection
  - Rejection of beam/gas events
  - Veto for Ultra Peripheral Collisions
- Collision <u>time</u> for Time-Of-Flight particle ID

## View from the absorber side

A-



**Interaction Point** 

## FIT = T0+ and V0+

CCCC

### **FIT detector layout**





### FIT-T0C (EDR 26-06-2017)

- 28 modules
- Module: MCP and 4 radiators, 4 output signals
- Total number of independent channels : 112

### FIT-T0A (EDR October-2017)

- 24 modules
- Module: MCP and 4 radiators, 4 output signals
- Total number of independent channels : 96

### FIT-V0A (EDR October 2017)

Total number of independent channels : 48

### **FIT performance requirements**

The upgraded trigger detector needs to fulfill the following requirements:

- Minimum Bias trigger for pp collisions with efficiency comparable to the current V0,
- Event Multiplicity determination capable of selecting and triggering on central as well as on semi-central collisions. The centrality selection should match the performance of the present V0.
- Vertex location with a performance comparable to the present T0 system
- Evaluation and rejection of beam-induced background and in particular beam gas event sensitivity on the level of the current V0 detector.
- Time resolution better than 50 ps for pp collisions, as in the present T0 system.
- Event plane determination with a precision similar to the present V0 system
- Minimal ageing over the ALICE Run3/Run4 operation period.
- Direct feedback to LHC on luminosity and beam conditions.

**V0+** 

## **AliRoot FIT geometry**

### FIT-C with piece of beam pipe



### **Class AliFITv7**

- concave T0C+, flat T0A+;
- real T0+ radiator optical properties
- sides of each radiator are wrapped with metal reflecting surface
- MCP PMT photocathode quantum efficiency
- schematic mechanical support C side
- V0+

## AliRoot FIT T0+



#MIPs for T0A+ for most central PbPb collisions 5.5TeV

### Photoelectrons distributions





class o2::fit::Geometry class o2::fit::Detector

No special Hit class

# XY and time distributions of charged particles from FIT hits









### To be done next

- Production of Cherenkovs photons should be fixed;
- To repeat performance plots for T0+: trigger efficiency, centrality, event plane resolution;

Implement of V0+ ;

## **Timetable: simulation**

D12.10			
D12.10.1	General geometry and base classes T0+ geometry V0+ geometry	A.Maevskaya A.Maevskaya, M.Słupecki ??????????????	Q4.2017
D12.10.2	Hits creation	A.Maevskaya	Q4.2017
D12.10.3	Digitization	D.Finogeev	Q2.2018
D12.10.4	Trigger simulation	M.Słupecki	Q2.2018

T	imetable: reconstruction	n	
D13.12.1	Common: raw data decoding at FLP, convert raw data to digits: time, amplitude, trigger signals	D Finogeev	Q4 2018
D13.12.2	Reconstruction on EPN T0+: interaction time, vertex and multiplicity reconstruction	A.Maevskaya	Q3 2018
D13.12.3	Calibration at FLP : dead and noisy channels	D.Finogeev	Q4.2018
D13.12.4	T0+: Calibration at EPN: individual channel offset, global offset, multiplicity	A.Maevskaya	Q4.2018
D13.12.2 D13.12.3 D13.12.4	<pre>convert raw data to digits: time, amplitude, trigger signals</pre> Reconstruction on EPN T0+: interaction time, vertex and multiplicity reconstruction Calibration at FLP : dead and noisy channels T0+: Calibration at EPN: individual channel offset, global offset, multiplicity	A.Maevskaya D.Finogeev A.Maevskaya	Q3 20 <sup>4</sup> Q4.20 <sup>4</sup>