

# Studying of non-linearity of TileCals modules

**TileCal Calibration**  
**Tile 2002-2003 testbeam**



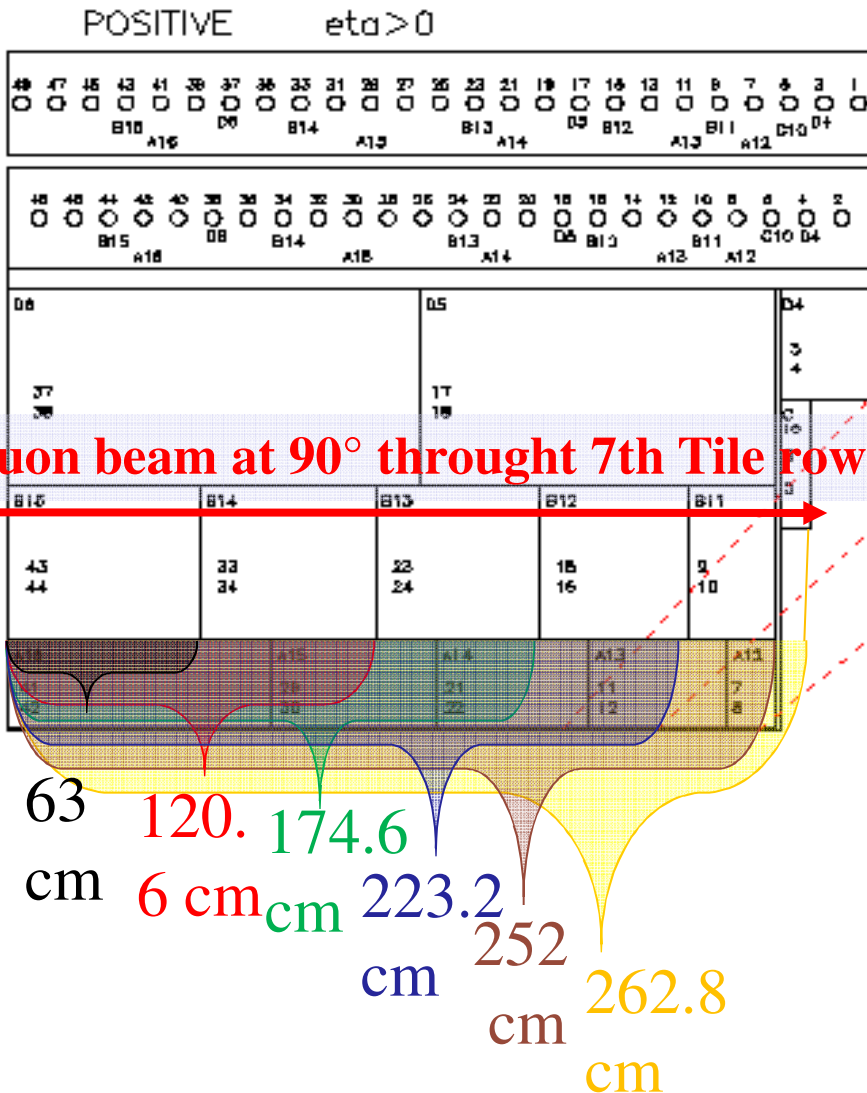
Lucia Batkova, Lukas Pribyl

## Motivation:

- Energy deposited by muon depends non-linearly on muon path length for all studied muon signal definitions (mop, TM, mean).
- In order to compare signals from tile cells we must first correct for this non-linearity using MC
- In this study we compare TB data and MC to see whether MC describes TB data with a good precision and could be used for the non-linearity correction
- Signal's non-linearity :
  - TM97.5, mean, mop
- Signal's non-linearity compared for MC:
  - 20 GeV, 50 GeV, 180 GeV
- Goal: to reach good agreement between signal's non-linearity in MC simulations and data from TB

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# Analysis:



➤ Athena Release 15.0.0 was used to MC simulation of each tile row of EB(D0) module (180 GeV muons at 90°)

➤ From TB data were used:

- July02 (+EB module IFA42)
- June02 (+EB module IFA59)
- July03 (+EB, LB)

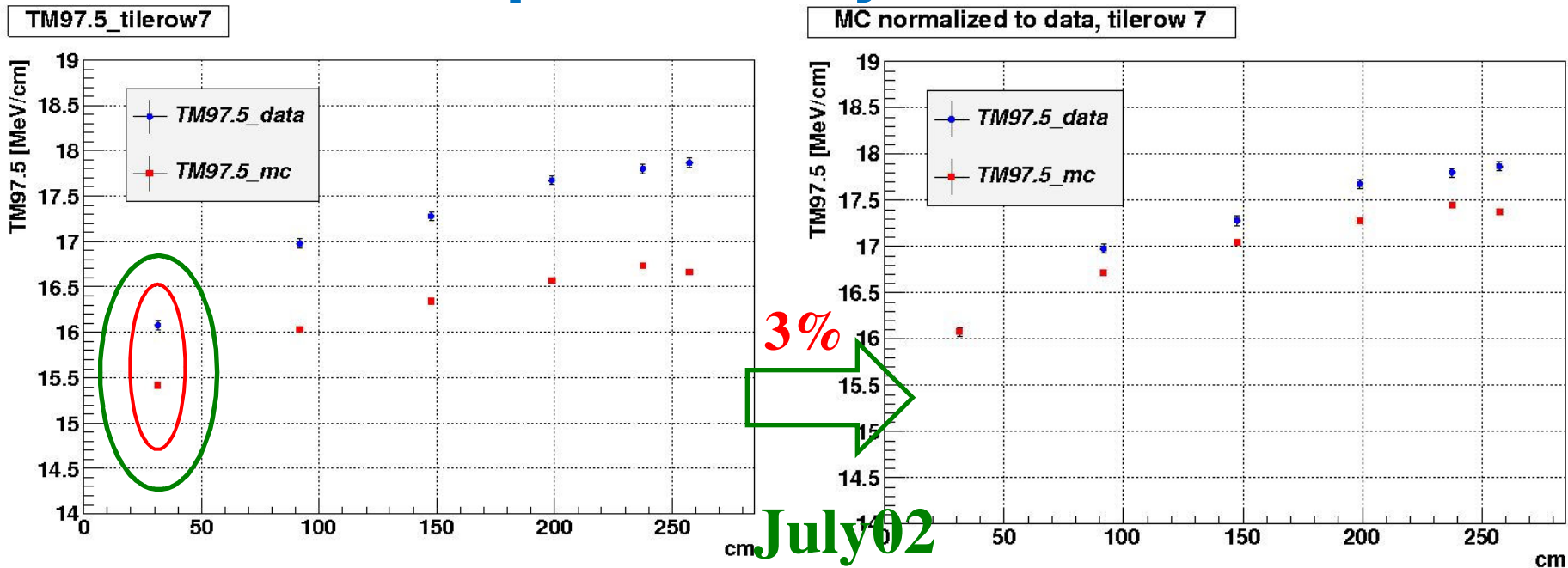
➤ Muon beam at 90° to +EB/LB modul (TB data), to +EBD/BA-C module (MC).

➤ tile row # 7 is presented

## Cuts used in TB data:

1. Beam chambers (S1cou, S3cou, Xcha2-Xch1, Ycha2-Ycha1, Ximp, Yimp)
  - In level  $2\sigma$
  
1. Condition  $E_{\text{dep per cell}} > 1\sigma_{\text{noise}}$  must be satisfied (for each cell individually)
  - $1\sigma_{\text{noise}}$  was obtained from spectrum of noise fitted by Gauss

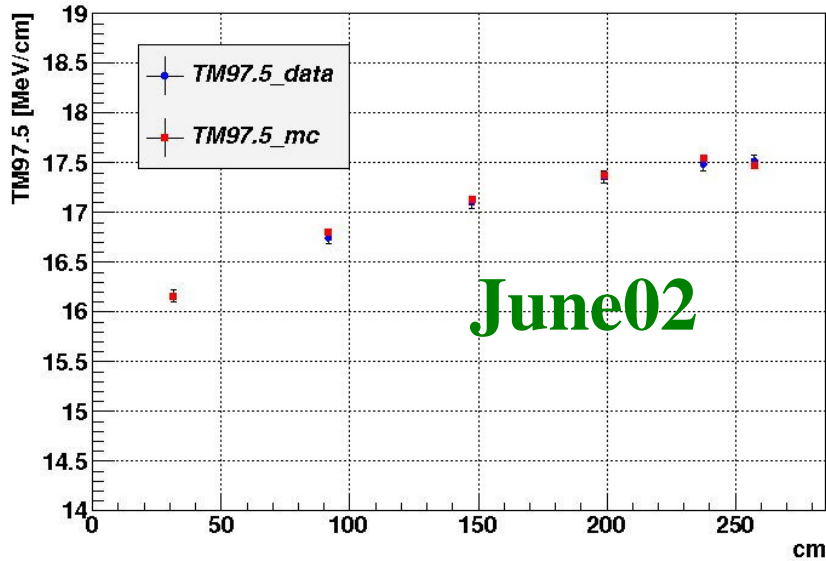
# 1/2 Muon signal / muon path length expressed by **TM97.5**



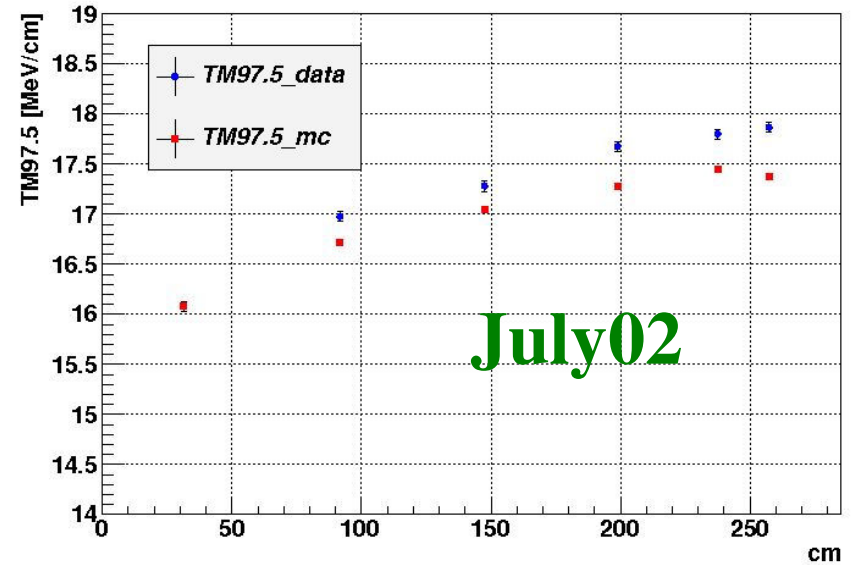
- Effect of first cell → signal of first cell is lower than other  
=> Data Preparation (2-Jul-08) - Uniformity with 90 deg muons (Tomas, Ana)
- MC normalized to data at ~ 63 cm.
- Muon signal summed from cells (both PMTs) in tile row.
- After normalization MC to data residual difference less ~ 3%.

# 2/2 Muon signal / muon path length expressed by **TM97.5**

MC normalized to data, tilerow 7

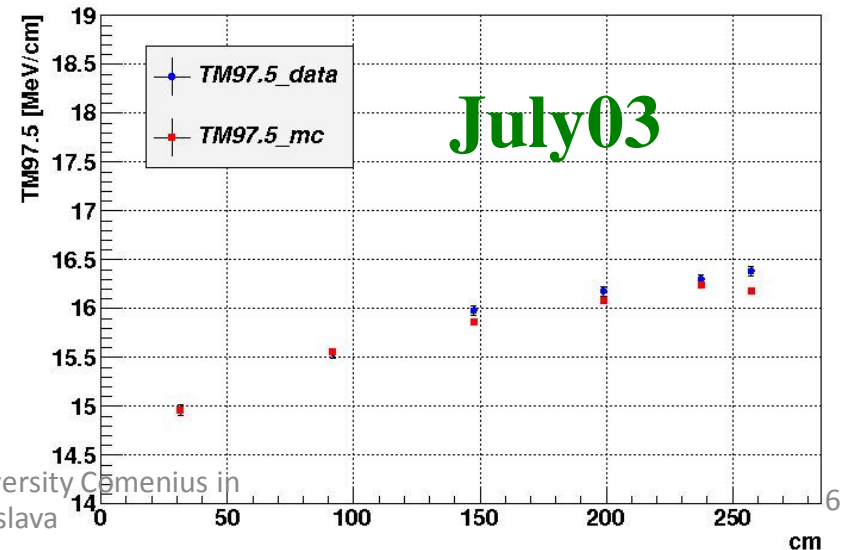


MC normalized to data, tilerow 7



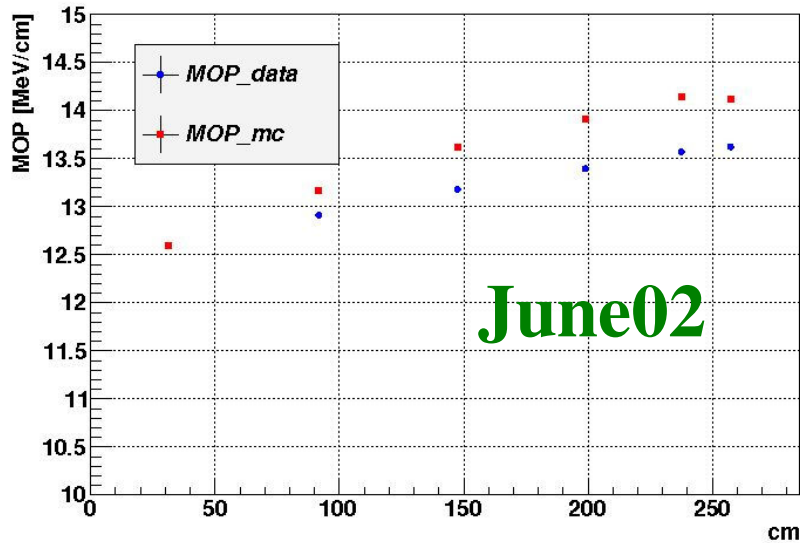
TM97.5 = 2.5% the highest energy events are truncated

- After normalization MC to data residual difference
- June02 ~ 1%.
- July02 ~ 3%.
- July03 ~ 2%.

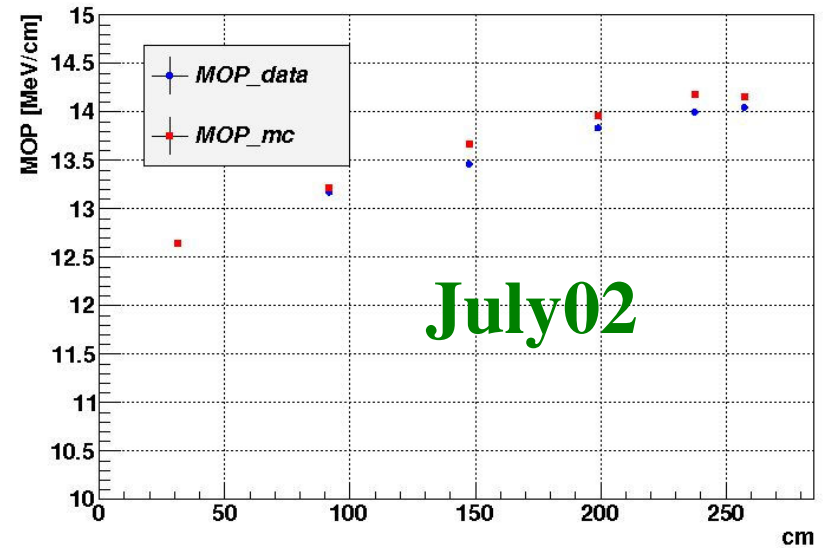


# Muon signal / muon path length expressed by **Mop**

MC normalized to data, tilerow 7



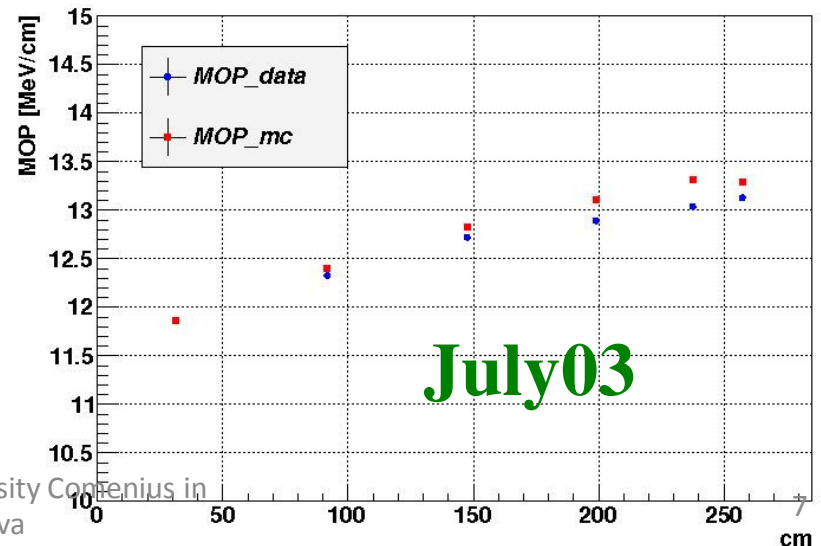
MC normalized to data, tilerow 7



Mop is obtained:

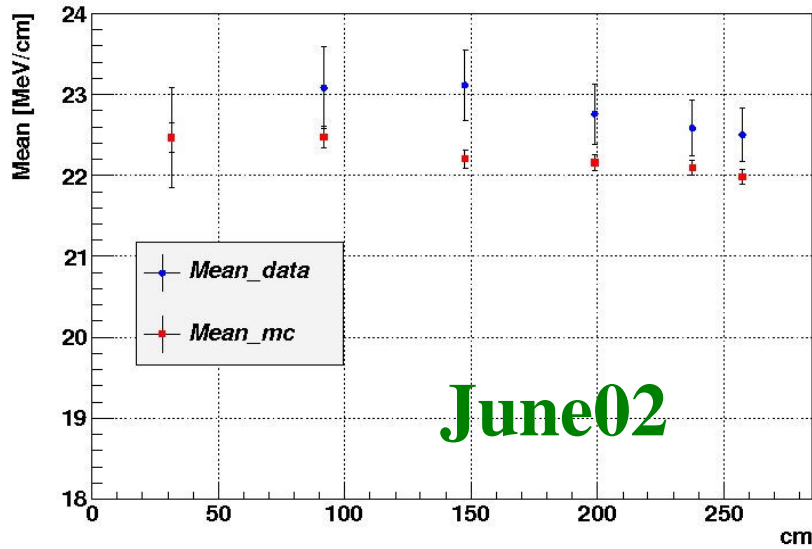
- convolution L\*G fit

- After normalization MC to data residual difference
- June02 ~ 5%
- July02 ~ 2%
- July03 ~ 2%

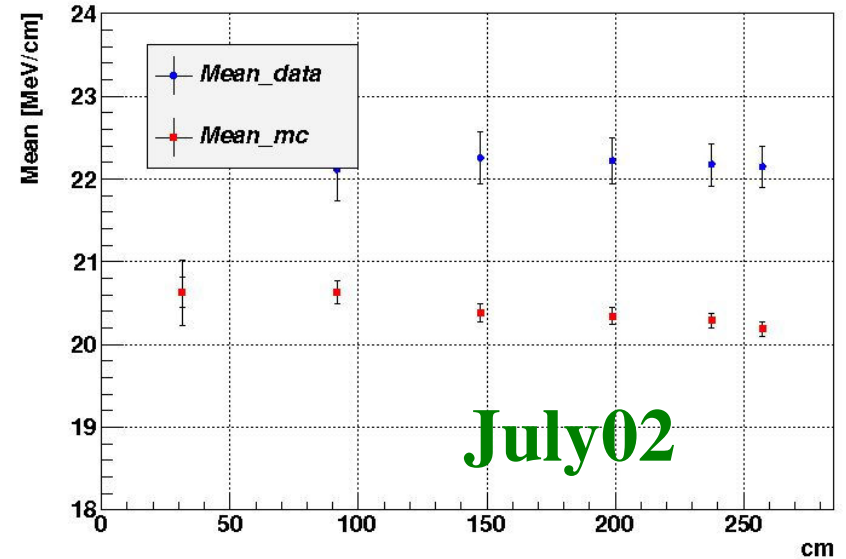


# Muon signal / muon path length expressed by mean

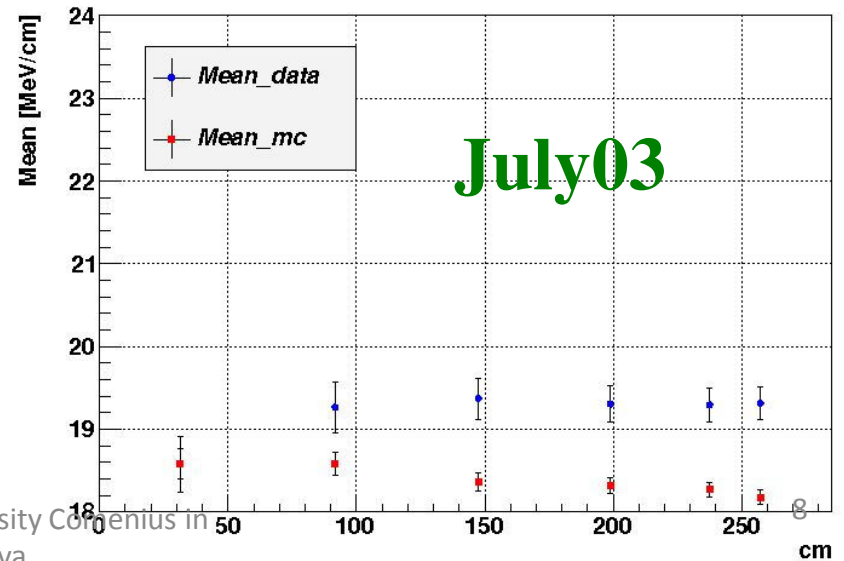
MC normalized to data, tilerow 7



MC normalized to data, tilerow 7

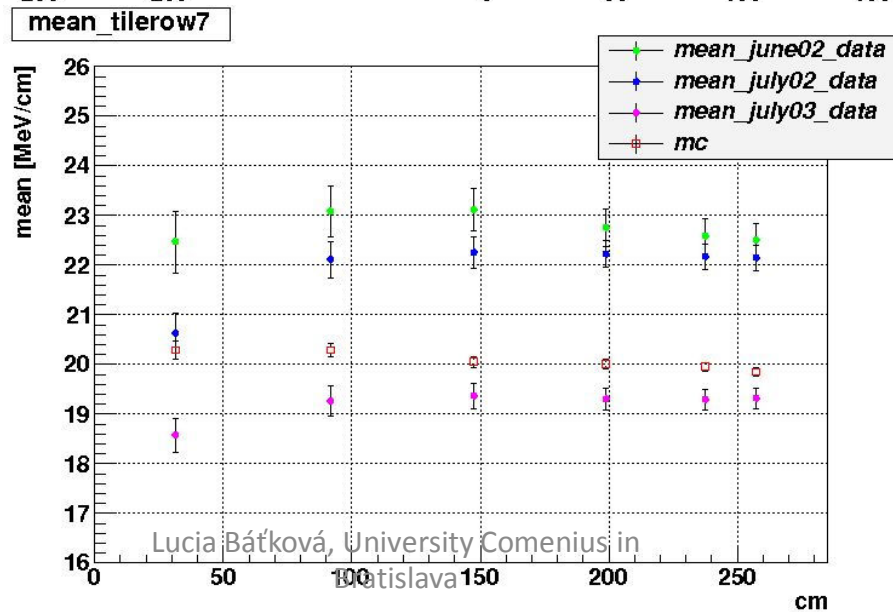
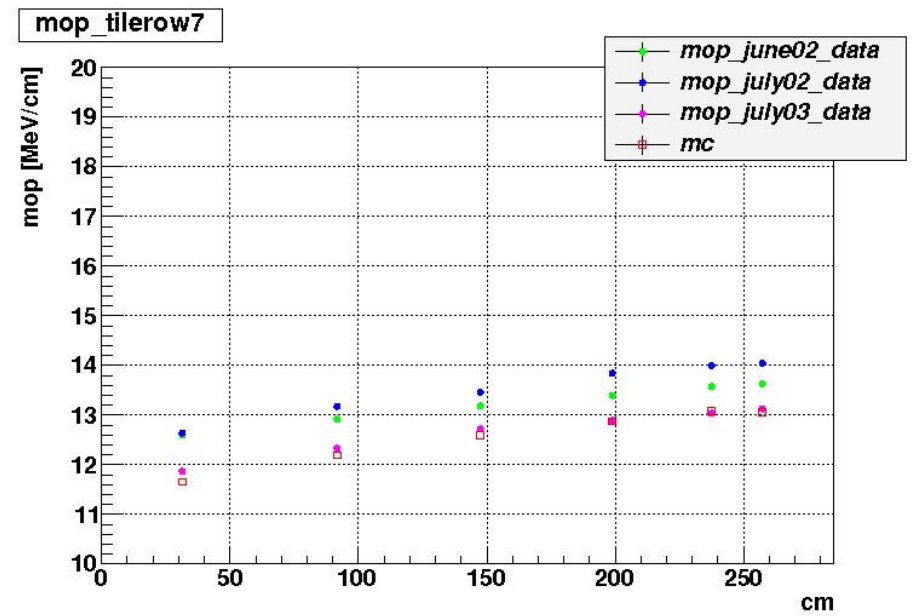
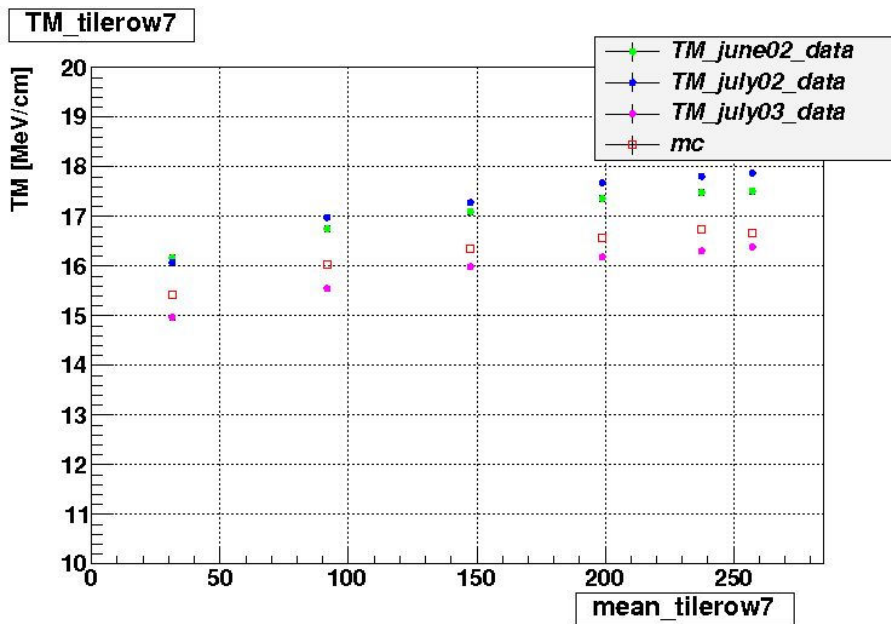


- MC normalized to data at  $\sim 63$  cm.
- Residual difference between MC and data  $\sim 7\%$



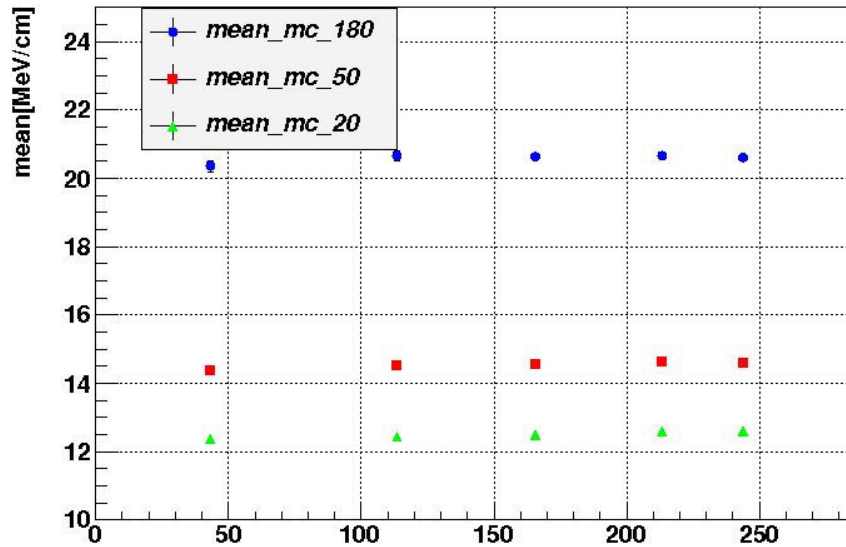


# Summary: 3 definition for 3 period

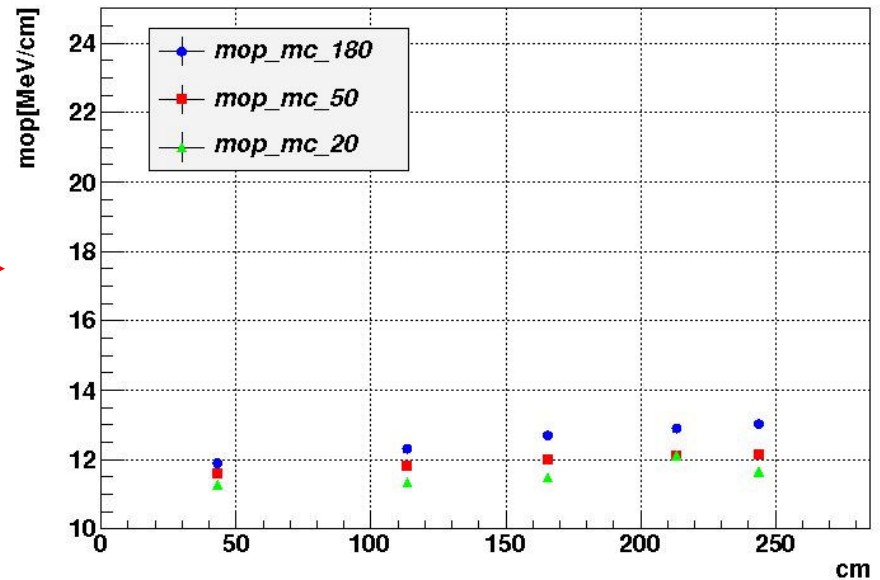


# Signal's non-linearity vs. energies (MC only)

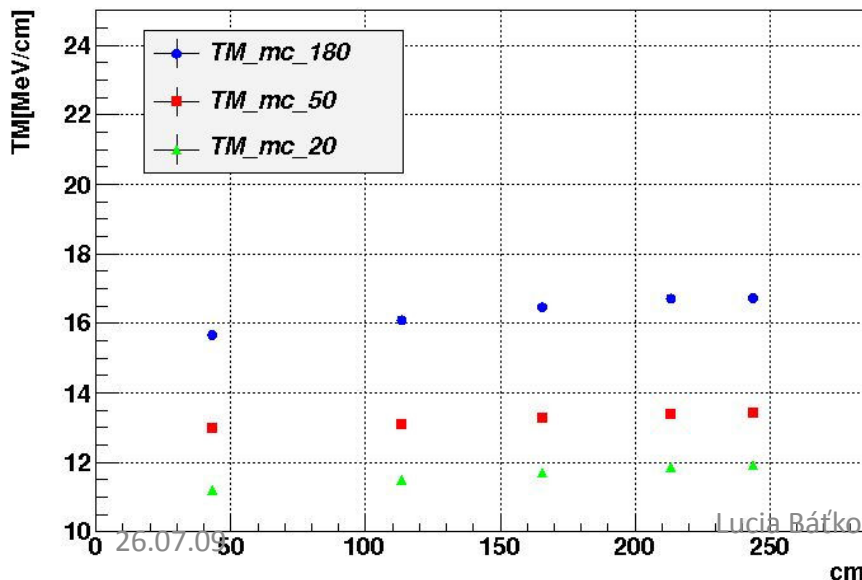
mean\_tr2 muon of different energies



mop\_tr2 muon of different energies



TM\_tr1 muon of different energies



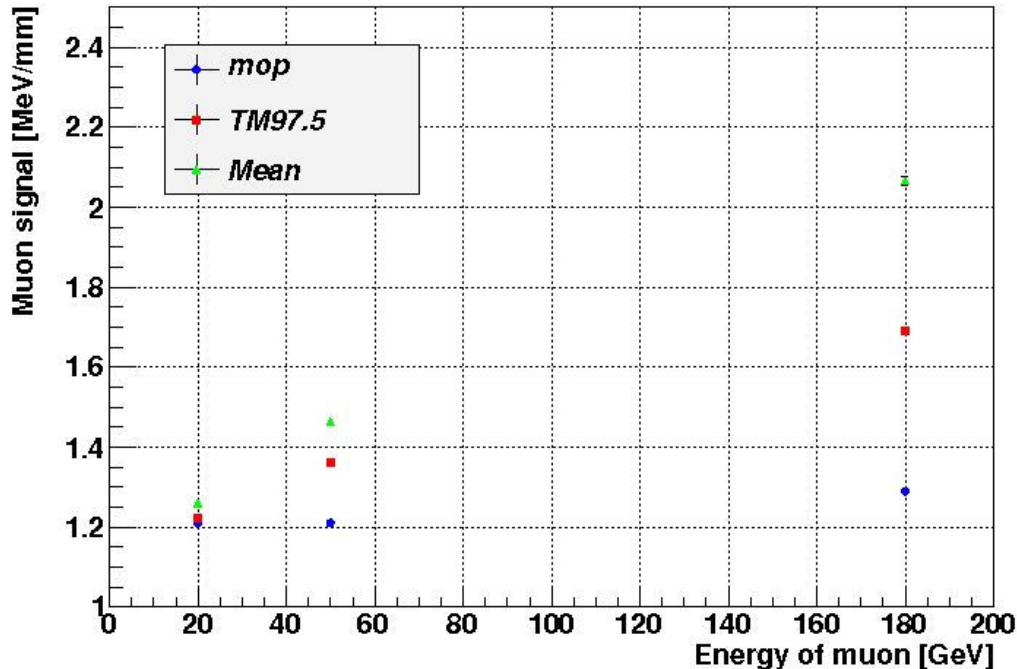
Tile row 2 – only result from MC

→ mop is least dependent on energy of muon

- Ionization losses mostly contribute to curve under mop
- Radiation losses contribute to right half of curve which are account to mean and TM97.5

# Muon signal vs. deposited energy (only MC)

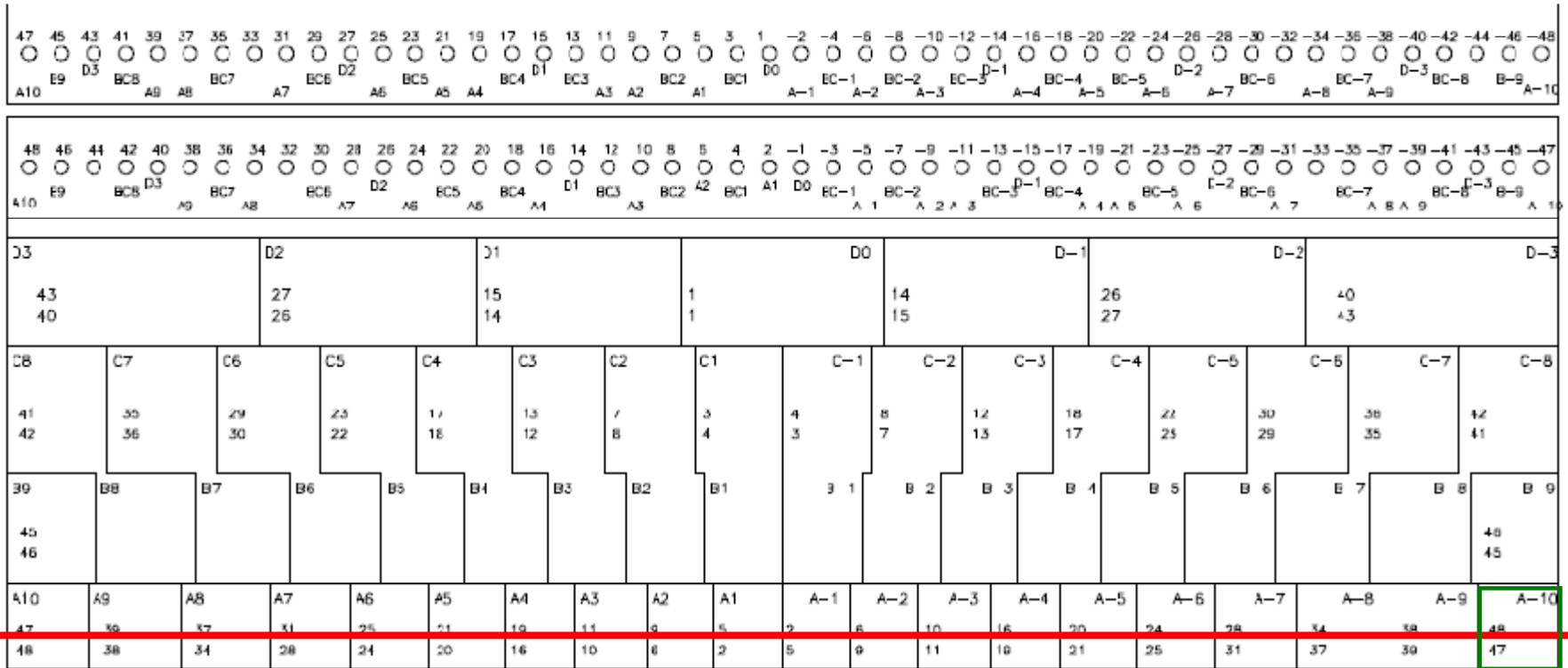
Signal muon vs E for tilerow2



Energy [GeV]	Mean	Mop	TM97,5
20	1.258	1.211	1.221
50	1.462	1.21	1.360
180	2.066	1.29	1.690
<b>180/20</b>	<b>1.64</b>	<b>1.11</b>	<b>1.44</b>

- Values obtained in 235.8 cm muon path length (similar path length which pass projective muon in EB), tilerow # 2
- Mop is least dependent on muon momentum of energy.
- It could be used in analysis of cosmic muon

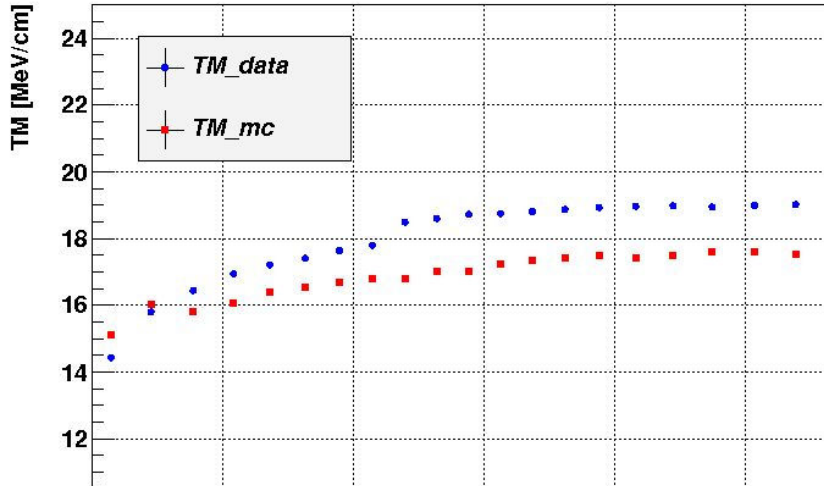
# Muon signal in LB module



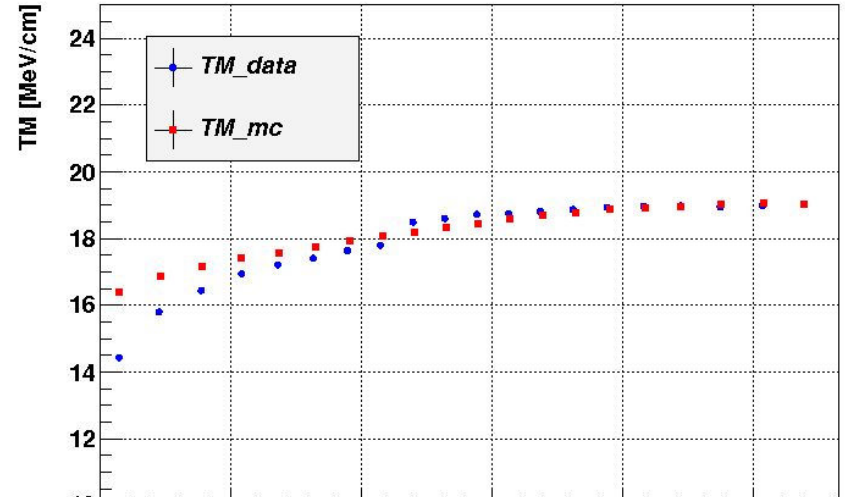
- Muon beam at 90° through 2<sup>nd</sup> Tile row
- MC normalized to data at the end of LB module

# Muon signal / muon path length expressed by **TM97.5** and **Mop**

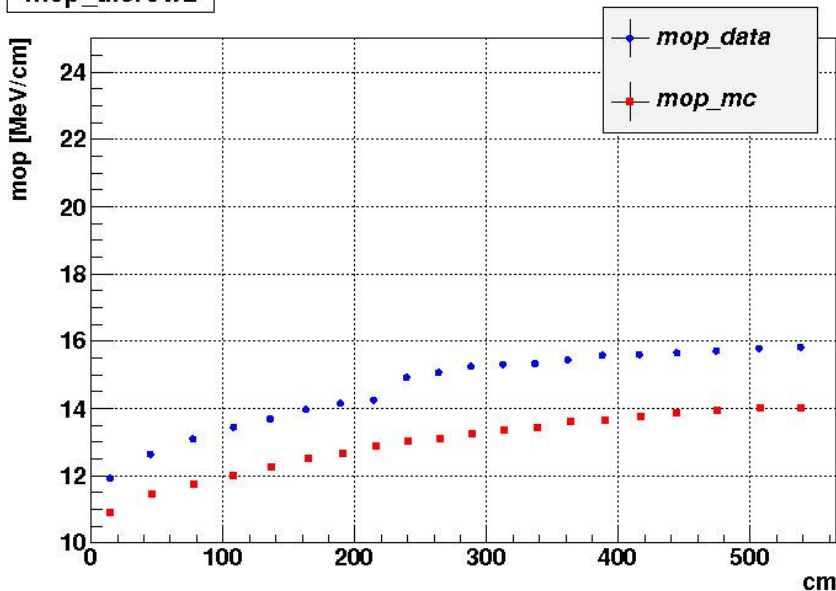
TM\_tilerow2



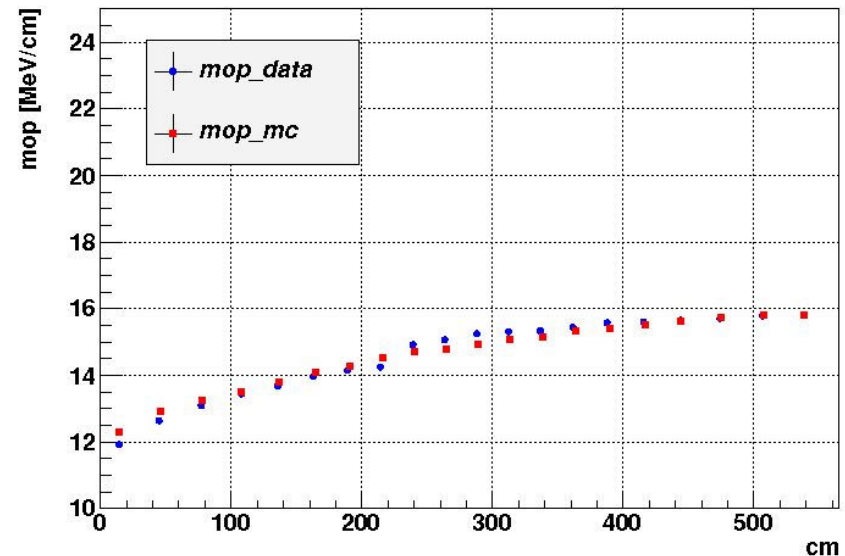
TM\_tilerow2



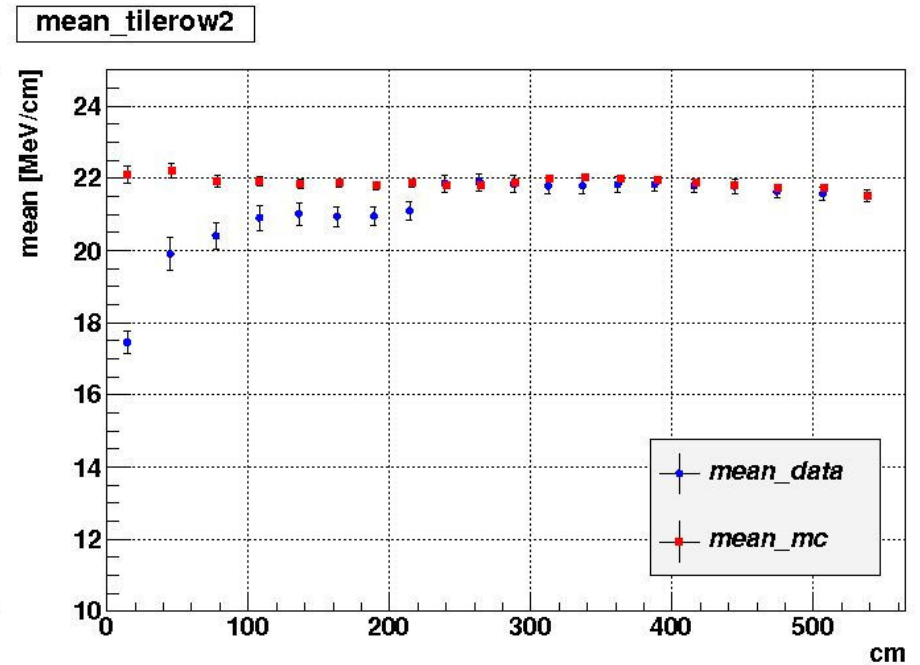
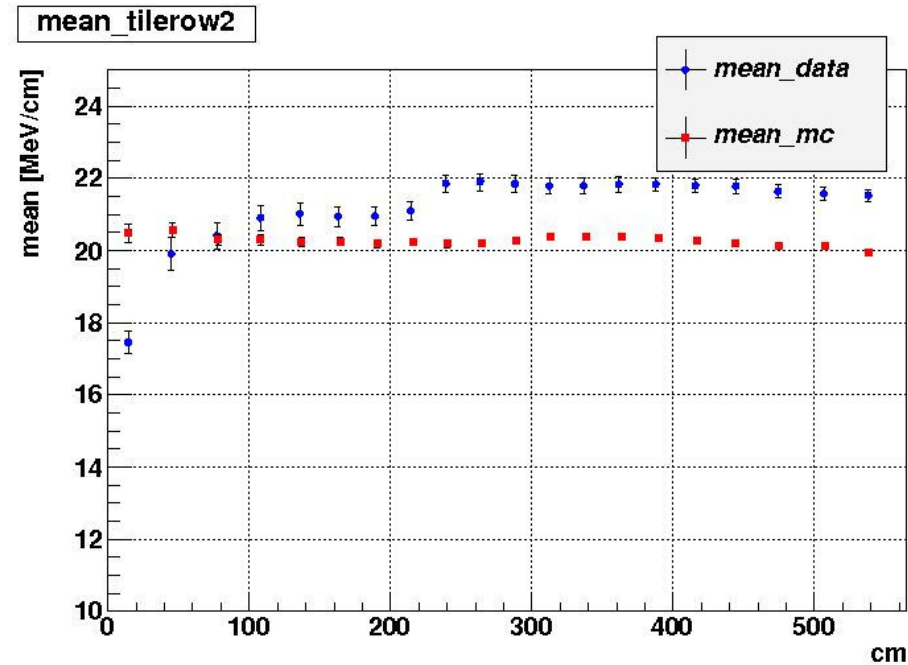
mop\_tilerow2



mop\_tilerow2



# Muon signal / muon path length expressed by mean



- Mop looks like the most stable signal definition also for LB module
- One can reach the best agreement between TB data and MC for mop as signal definition

# Conclusions and plans:

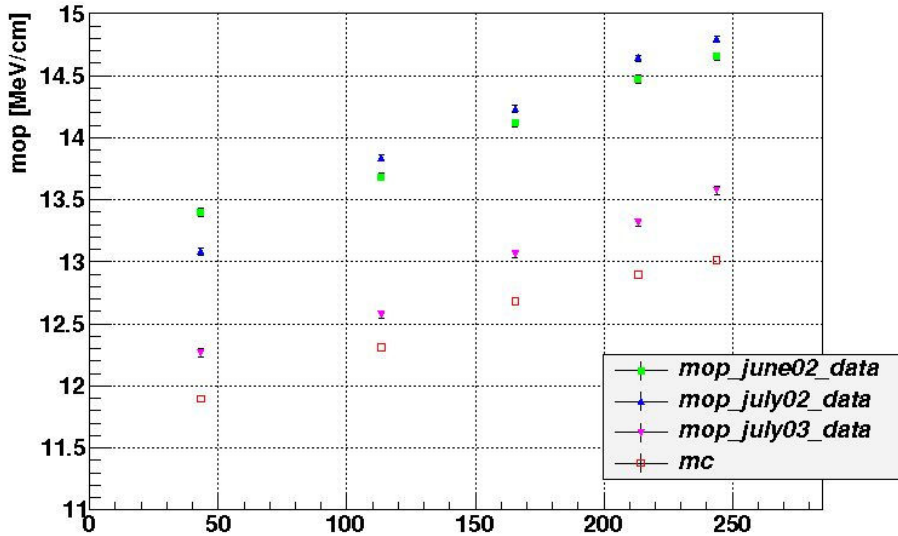
1. In order to correct for muon signal (TM97.5, MOP, mean) path length non-linearity ( $\sim 10\%$  or more) a good agreement between these non-linearities observed in MC and real data must be reached.
  - ❖ **TM97.5 and MOP is least dependent:**
    - On muon path length (Residual difference  $\sim 3\%$ )
    - For both EB and LB
  - ❖ **MOP is least dependent:**
    - On energy 20-180 GeV difference 11% for (EB)
1. Write a note



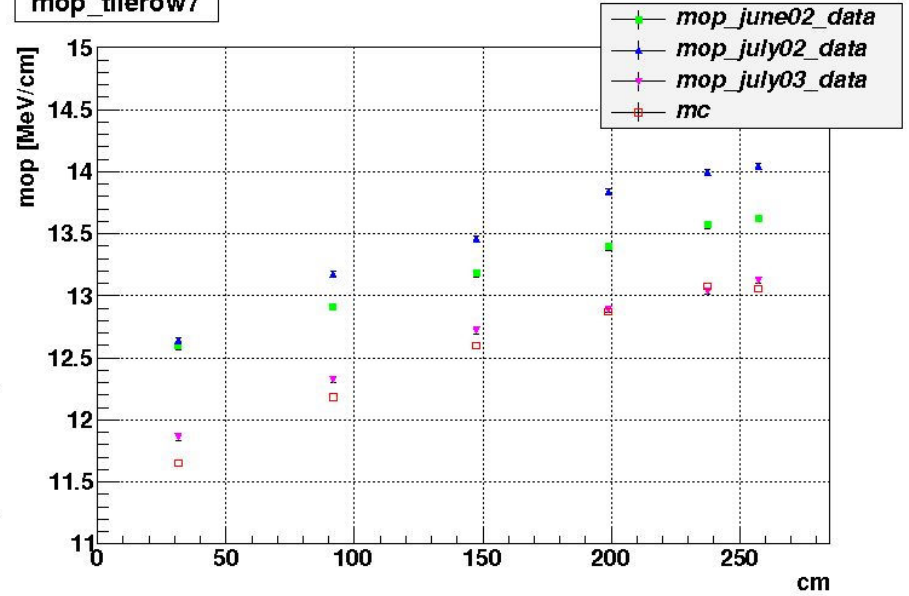


# Muon signal Mop

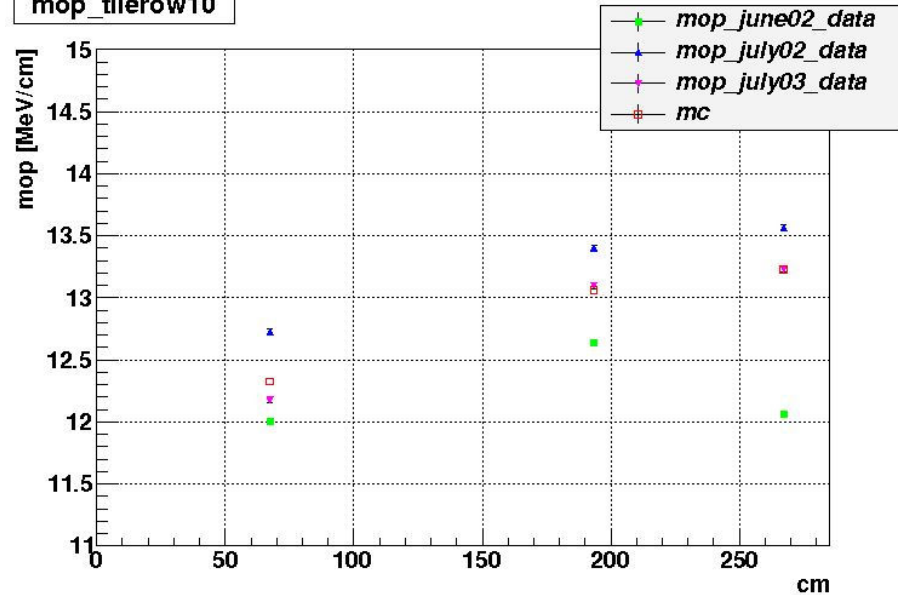
mop\_tilerow2



mop\_tilerow7

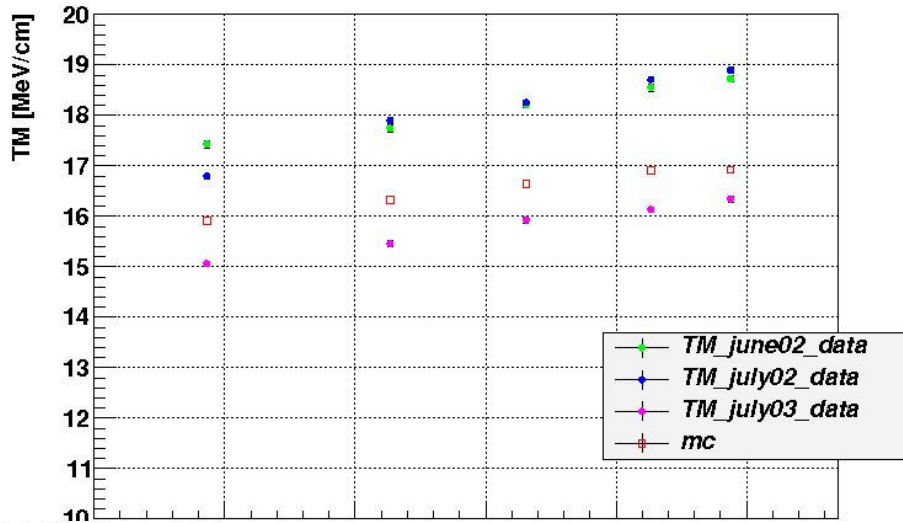


mop\_tilerow10

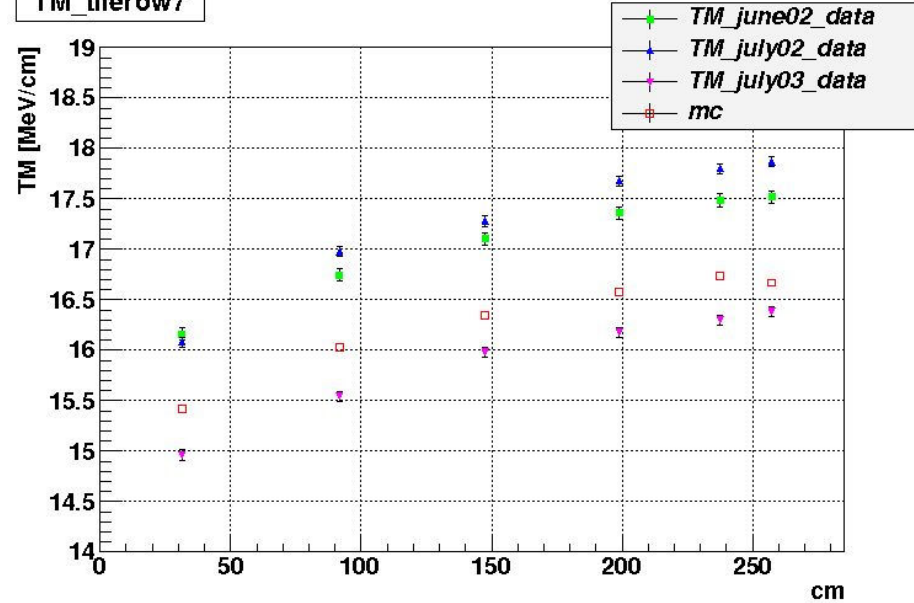


# Muon signal TM97.5

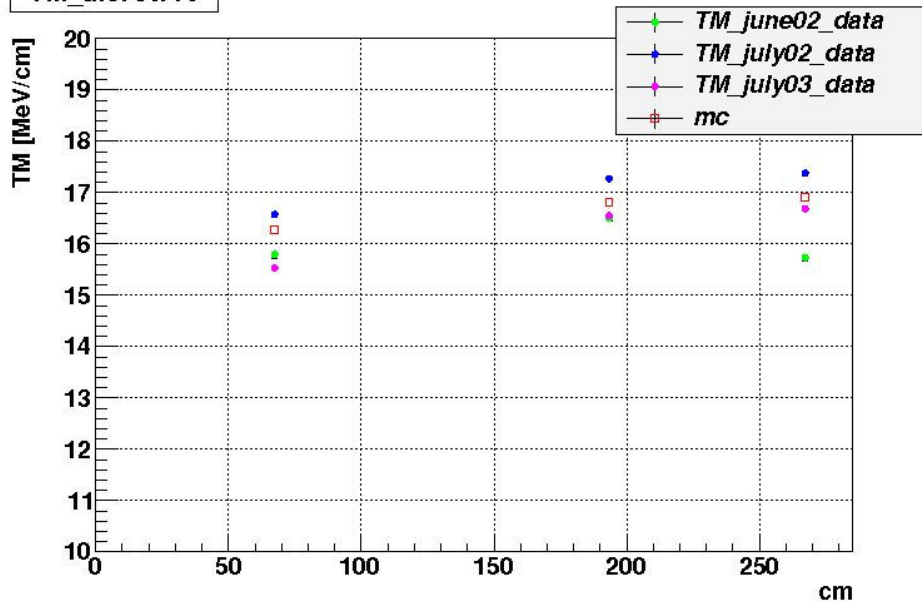
TM\_tilerow2



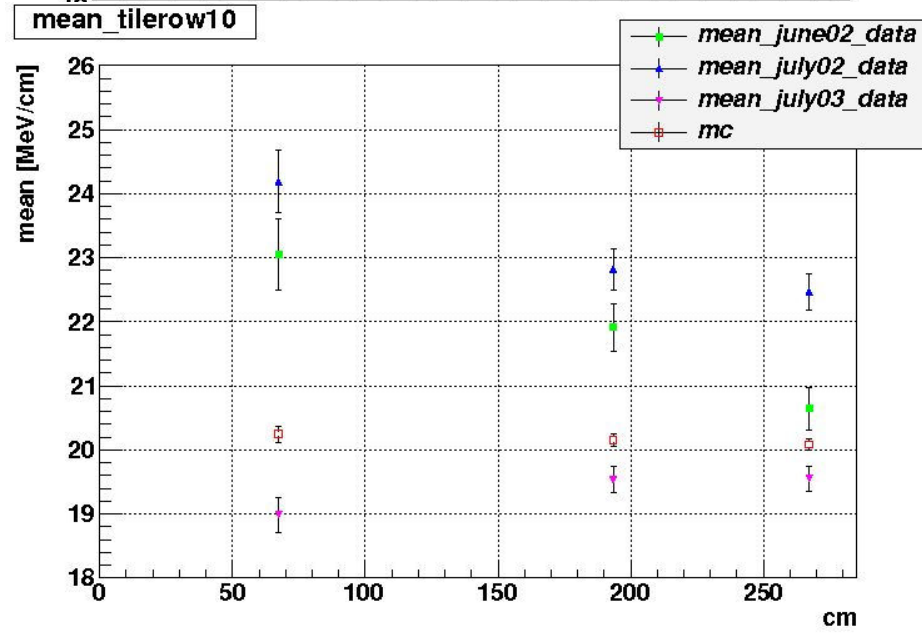
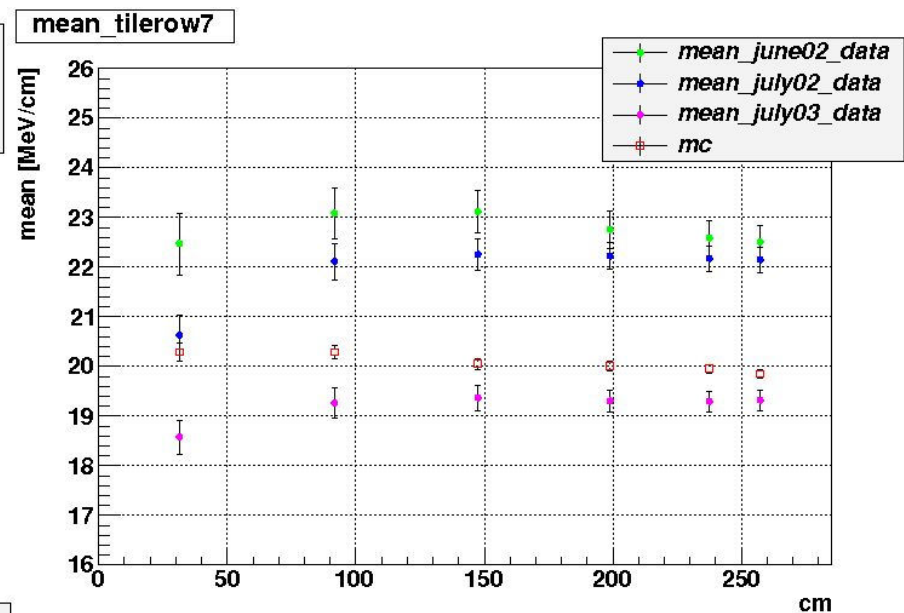
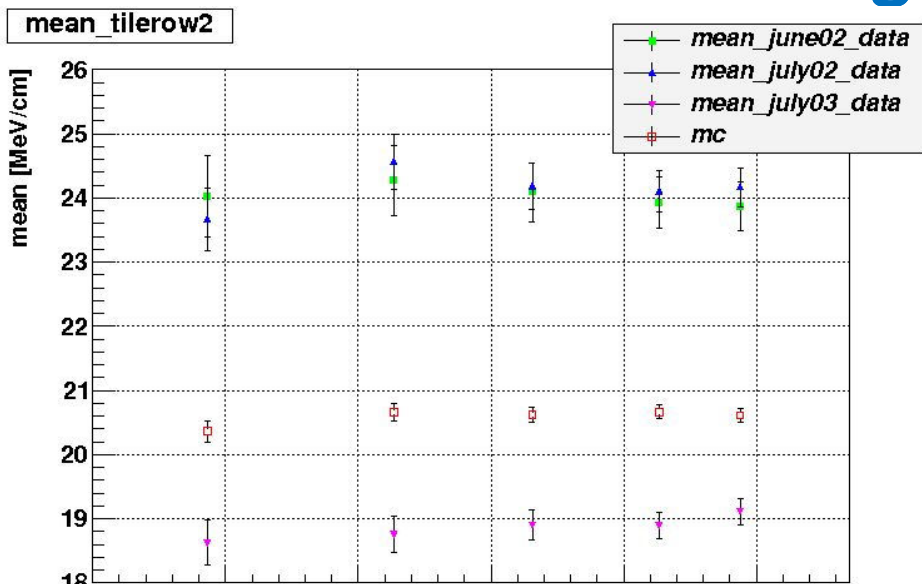
TM\_tilerow7



TM\_tilerow10



# Muon signal mean



# Muon signal / muon path length

