Opportunistic and HPC computing resources

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- Opportunistic resources
- SSH Computing Elements
- Boinc case
- HPC case
- Conclusions



- Opportunistic resources are all those which are not ensured by formal agreement with some grid infrastructure and pledges from resource providers
- It still can be grid resources at sites which do not make pledges to a community but do not object using it with low priority
 - When no high priority payloads are available
- Communities should be ready to use those grid resources
 - Resources should be configured for the community
 - Make effort to be not very specific in the payload requirements
 - Ensure small amount of pilots constantly waiting at opportunistic sites if there are suitable user payloads.



- DIRAC can offer the users of the common infrastructure, e.g. EGI, the possibility to connect their own computing resource with
 - no middleware
 - no BDII entry
 - no accounting reports



- All the computing resources where DIRAC pilots can be deployed can offer opportunities to user communities
- Pilot deployment is mimicking actions of a user running one's payloads
 - On a local host(s)
 - On a local batch system
 - User logs in via SSH and makes it payload running locally or via a "qsub" or equivalent command



DIRAC Standalone computing clusters

- Off-site Pilot Director
 - Site must only define a dedicated local user account
 - The payload submission through an SSH tunnel
- The site can be:
 - a single computer or several computers without any batch system
 - a computing cluster with a batch system
- Pilots are sent as an executable self-extracting archive with the pilot proxy bundled in
- The user payload is executed with the owner credentials
 - No security compromises with respect to external services





SSH CE: simplest case

SSH CE simplest case:

 One host CE with one job slot

SSHBatch CE

- Several hosts form a CE
 - Same SSH login details
 - Number of job slots per host can be specified
- Pilots are sent as an executable selfextracting archive with the pilot proxy bundled in



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- SSH login to the cluster interactive host
 - Copy several tools, e.g. BatchSystem plugin at the first time
- Submit pilots to the local cluster using a relevant BatchSystem plugin
 - Condor, GE, LSF, Torque
 - SLURM, OAR
- Pilots are sent as an executable self-extracting archive with the pilot proxy bundled in





Boinc resources: LHCb case



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- Most of the building blocks are standard DIRAC components
- Specific Boinc components are extracted into the DIRAC extension package BoincDIRAC
 - https://github.com/DIRACGrid/BoincDIRAC
 - Mostly containing code for the WMSSecureGW service
 - Redirection of all the DIRAC WMS interfaces needed by pilots
- BoincDIRAC is LHCb independent
 - Needs a developer to accomplish it as a general purpose solution
 - Started by Wenjing Wu, IHEP



- HPC clusters are usually not part of any distributed infrastructure
 - We have to agree that the HPC site delegates control of user jobs to the central DIRAC service
- We can easily use HPC centers if:
 - There is SSH login to the center interactive interface
 - Worker nodes have world-wide outbound connectivity
 - CVMFS available on worker nodes to deploy application software
 - The payloads have no requirements to use HPC special features, e.g. MPI, GPUs, etc



- SSH login is usually not a problem
- There are cases where there is rather an GSISSH login is required (LRZ)
 - This is controlled by SSHType parameter: ssh (default) or gsissh
- There are cases where one should login first into some local host and from there to the batch system interactive host
 - This is possible with using SSHTunnel parameter to specify the intermediate host



- DIRAC requires output-bound connectivity of worker nodes
 - To interact with central services
 - To download input and upload resulting data
- If no such connectivity, then more collaboration with the HPC site is necessary.
- DIRAC solution can be to install on the site gateway host
 - Gateway service
 - StorageElementProxy service



- Pilot communicates with the DIRAC central services through the Gateway proxy service
- Download Input Data and upload output data to the target SE through the SE proxy







- This case is similar to the Boinc case with no security related complications
- If StorageElement Proxy is a bottleneck, then local buffer SE can be used with the usual machinery for the asynchronous data upload with failure management:
 - ReqManager + RequestExecutingAgent



Application software on an HPC cluster

- If no way to strike a deal to install CVMFS on the HPC worker nodes, then other solutions that existed in pre-CVMFS era can be employed depending on site:
 - Preinstalling in a shared file system
 - Downloading for each job
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- There are many opportunities to grab non-dedicated resources in large grid infrastructures. User communities should be prepared for that
- In many cases SSH Computing Element solution can help to connect privately negotiated resources to the pool of dedicated resource managed by DIRAC
- BOINC solution can bring potentially a lot of resources but needs a special care about security in the untrusted environments
- HPC clusters may have many constraints but in almost all the cases a workaround solution can be found by putting together and properly configuring existing DIRAC components