



# Problems and Perspectives in Cosmology

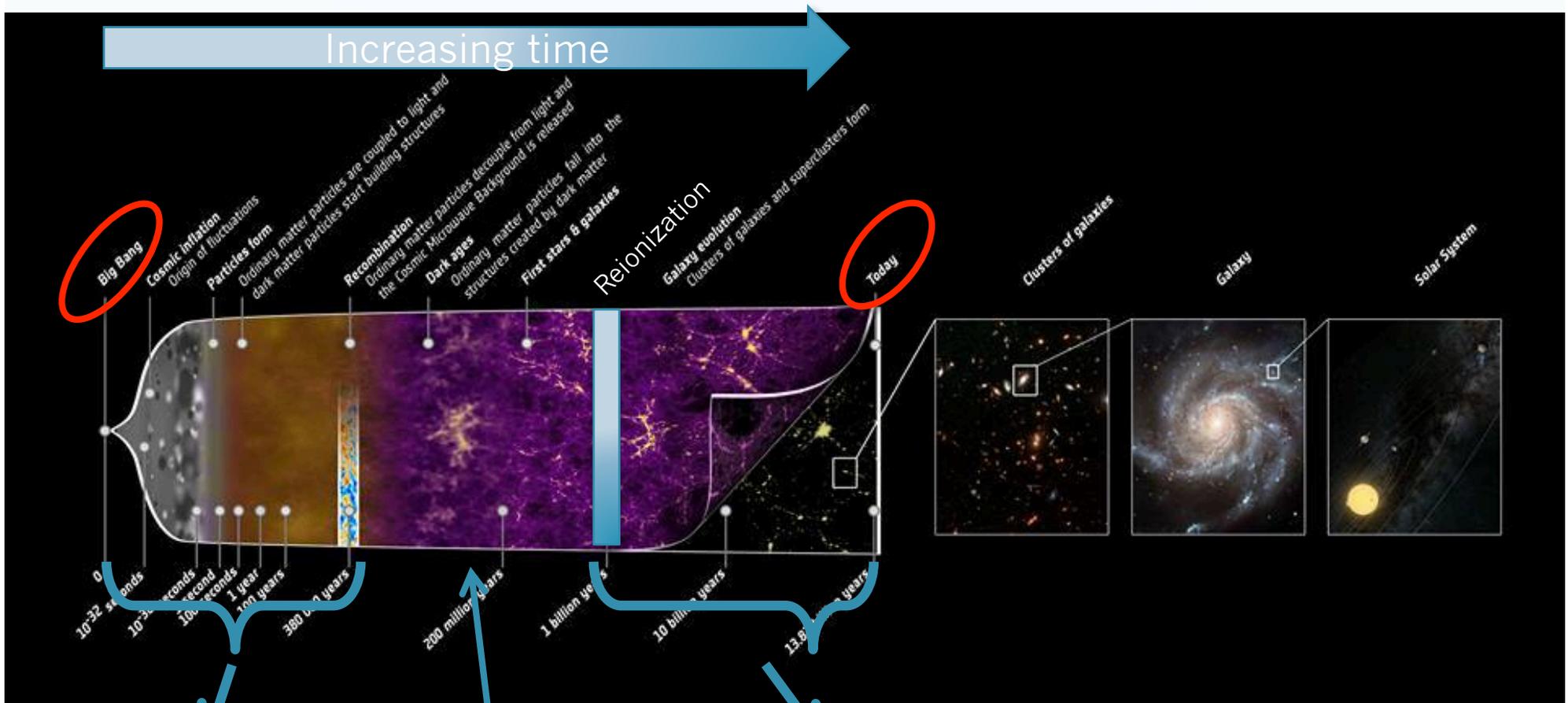
James G. Bartlett  
Astroparticule et Cosmologie – Université Paris Diderot

30 Rencontres de Blois  
3-8 June 2018

# Problems and Perspectives

- Where we stand
  - The standard cosmological model
  - Possible tensions
- The path forward
  - Open questions
  - Observational campaign

# Vista Point

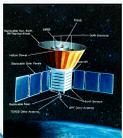


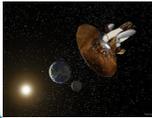
**Early universe:**  
Inflation ( $z > 1000$ )

Dark ages

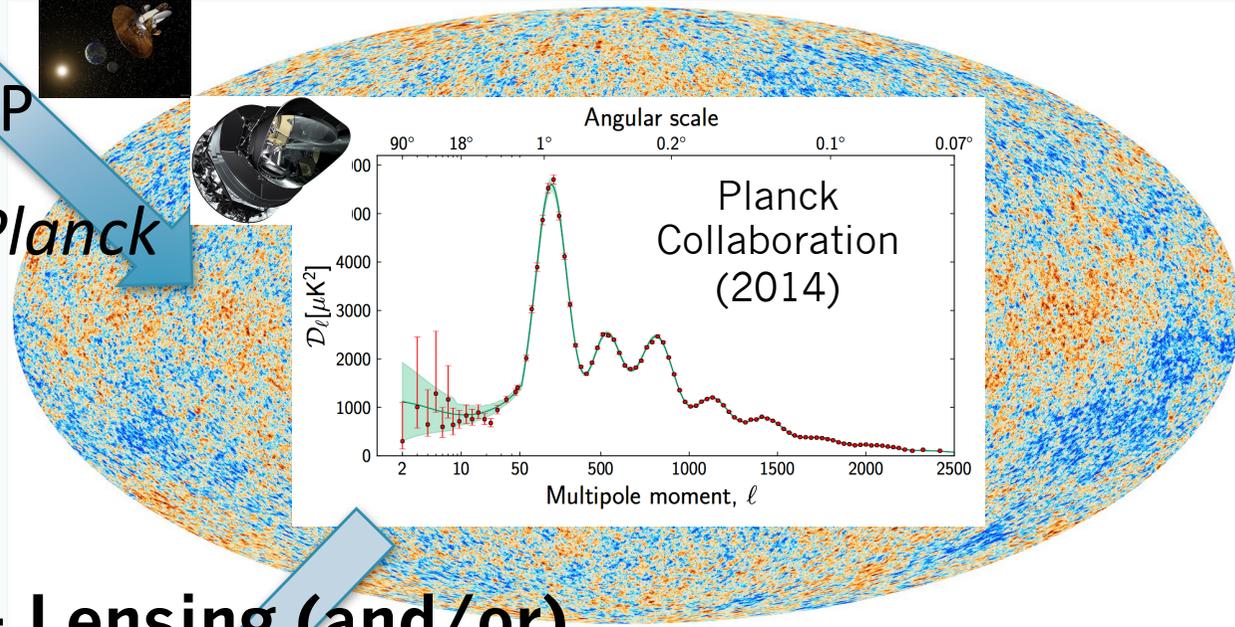
**Late universe:**  
Dark sector, galaxy formation,  
reionization ( $z < 15$ )

# Standard Model

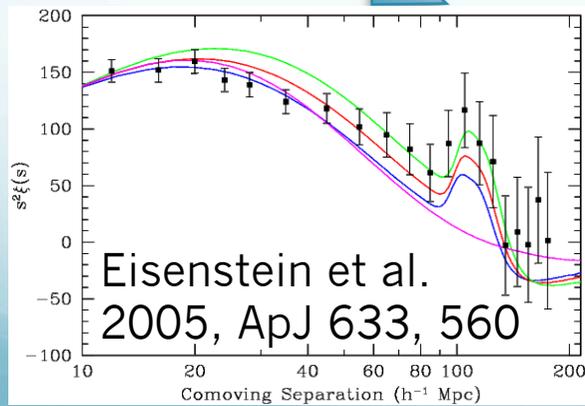
COBE 

WMAP 

Planck 

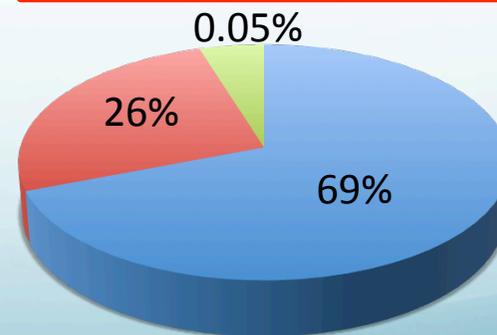


+ Lensing (and/or)  
+ BAO



**Flat  $\Lambda$ CDM**

6 parameters



- Dark Energy
- Dark Matter
- Baryons

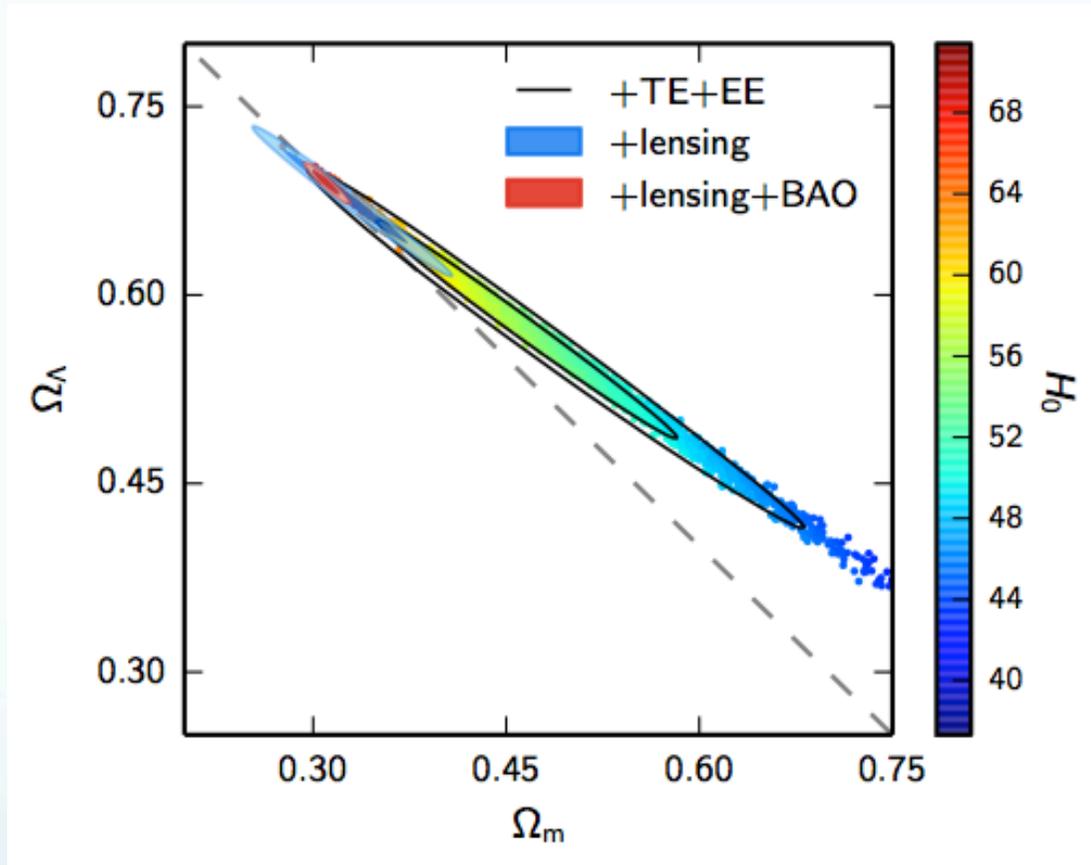
# Standard Model Parameters

Planck CMB + Planck lensing:  $\Omega_K = -0.004 \pm 0.015$   
 + Ext (BAO, SN,  $H_0$ ) :  $\Omega_K = 0.0008 \pm 0.004$

For flat  $\Lambda$ CDM (base model):

Parameter	TT+lowP 68% limits	TT+lowP+lensing 68% limits	TT+lowP+lensing+ext 68% limits	TT,TE,EE+lowP 68% limits	TT,TE,EE+lowP+lensing 68% limits	TT,TE,EE+lowP+lensing+ext 68% limits
$\Omega_b h^2$	$0.02222 \pm 0.00023$	$0.02226 \pm 0.00023$	$0.02227 \pm 0.00020$	$0.02225 \pm 0.00016$	$0.02226 \pm 0.00016$	$0.02230 \pm 0.00014$
$\Omega_c h^2$	$0.1197 \pm 0.0022$	$0.1186 \pm 0.0020$	$0.1184 \pm 0.0012$	$0.1198 \pm 0.0015$	$0.1193 \pm 0.0014$	$0.1188 \pm 0.0010$
$100\theta_{MC}$	$1.04085 \pm 0.00047$	$1.04103 \pm 0.00046$	$1.04106 \pm 0.00041$	$1.04077 \pm 0.00032$	$1.04087 \pm 0.00032$	$1.04093 \pm 0.00030$
$\tau$	$0.078 \pm 0.019$	$0.066 \pm 0.016$	$0.067 \pm 0.013$	$0.079 \pm 0.017$	$0.063 \pm 0.014$	$0.066 \pm 0.012$
$\ln(10^{10} A_s)$	$3.089 \pm 0.036$	$3.062 \pm 0.029$	$3.064 \pm 0.024$	$3.094 \pm 0.034$	$3.059 \pm 0.025$	$3.064 \pm 0.023$
$n_s$	$0.9655 \pm 0.0062$	$0.9677 \pm 0.0060$	$0.9681 \pm 0.0044$	$0.9645 \pm 0.0049$	$0.9653 \pm 0.0048$	$0.9667 \pm 0.0040$
$H_0$	$67.31 \pm 0.96$	$67.81 \pm 0.92$	$67.90 \pm 0.55$	$67.27 \pm 0.66$	$67.51 \pm 0.64$	$67.74 \pm 0.46$
$\sigma_8$	$0.829 \pm 0.014$	$0.8149 \pm 0.0093$	$0.8154 \pm 0.0090$	$0.831 \pm 0.013$	$0.8150 \pm 0.0087$	$0.8159 \pm 0.0086$

# Tensions: $H_0$



$3.6\sigma$

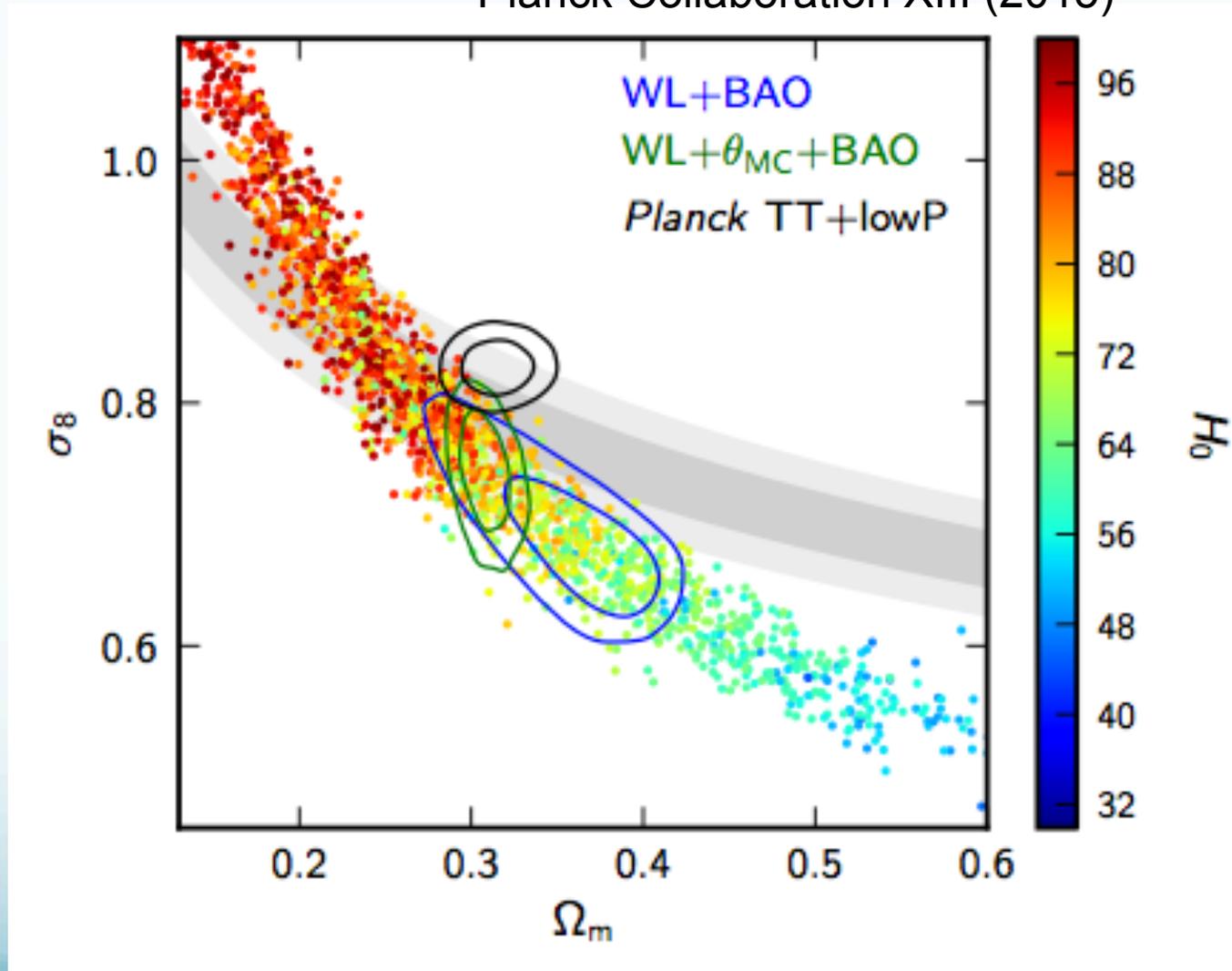
Tension between  
CMB and local  $H_0$   
determinations

$$H_0 = (67.74 \pm 0.46) \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{Mpc}^{-1} \quad \text{Planck+BAO}$$

$$H_0 = (73.52 \pm 1.62) \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{Mpc}^{-1} \quad \text{Local (Riess+ 2018)}$$

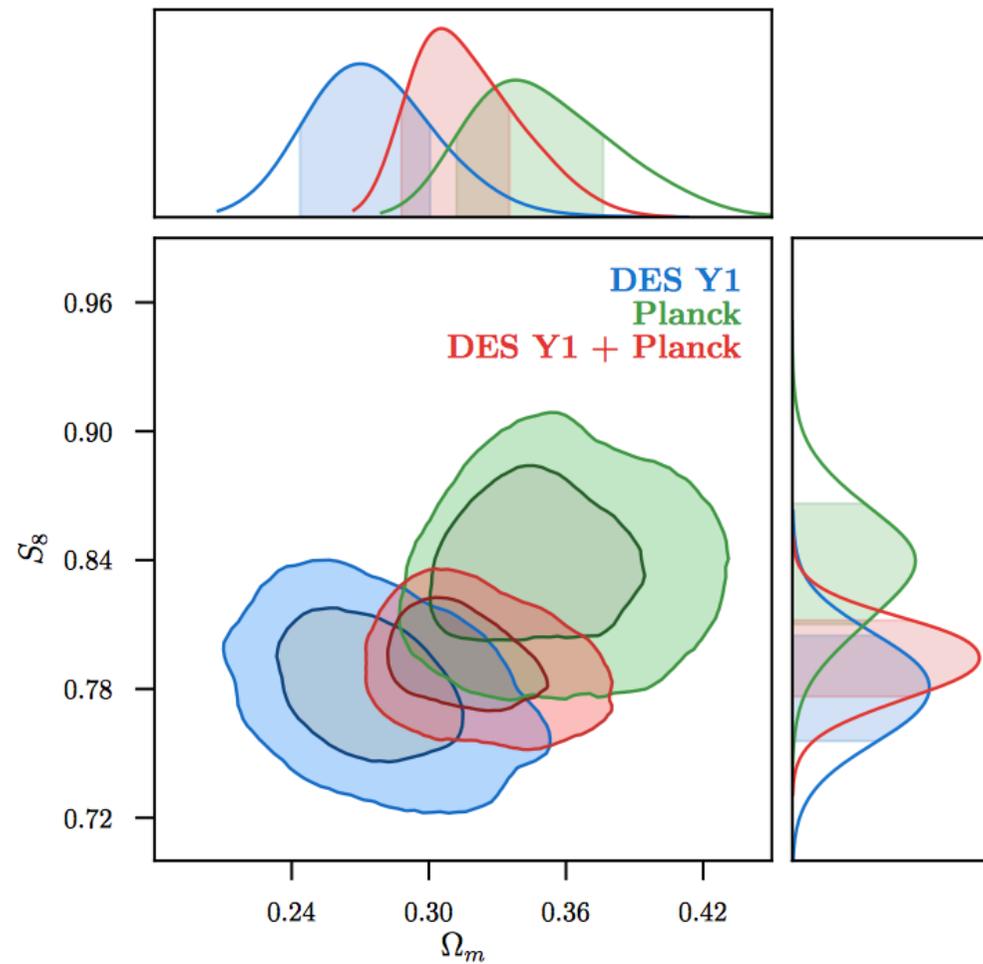
# Tensions: $\sigma_8$

Planck Collaboration XIII (2015)



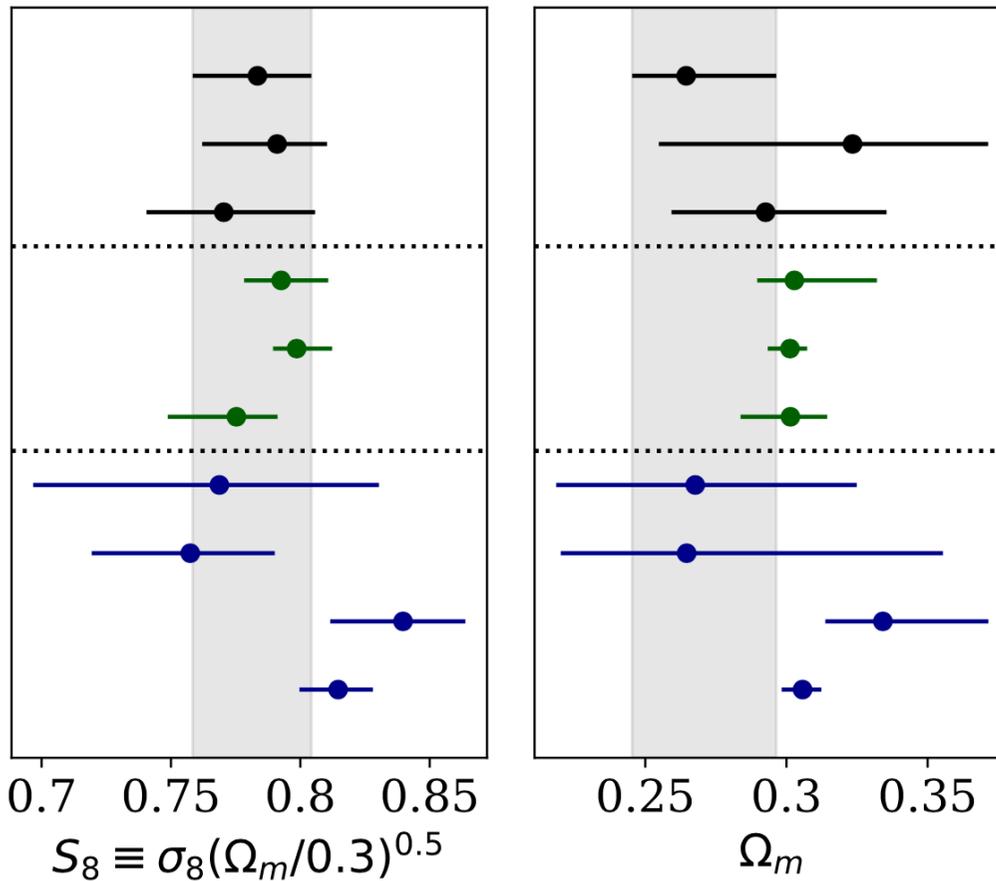
# Tensions: $\sigma_8$

Dark Energy Survey Year 1 Results (Abbott et al. 2018)



# Tensions: $\sigma_8$

Dark Energy Survey Year 1 Results (Abbott et al. 2018)



## DES Y1 All

DES Y1 Shear

DES Y1  $w + \gamma_t$

DES Y1 All + Planck (No Lensing)

DES Y1 All + Planck + BAO + JLA

DES Y1 All + BAO + JLA

DES SV

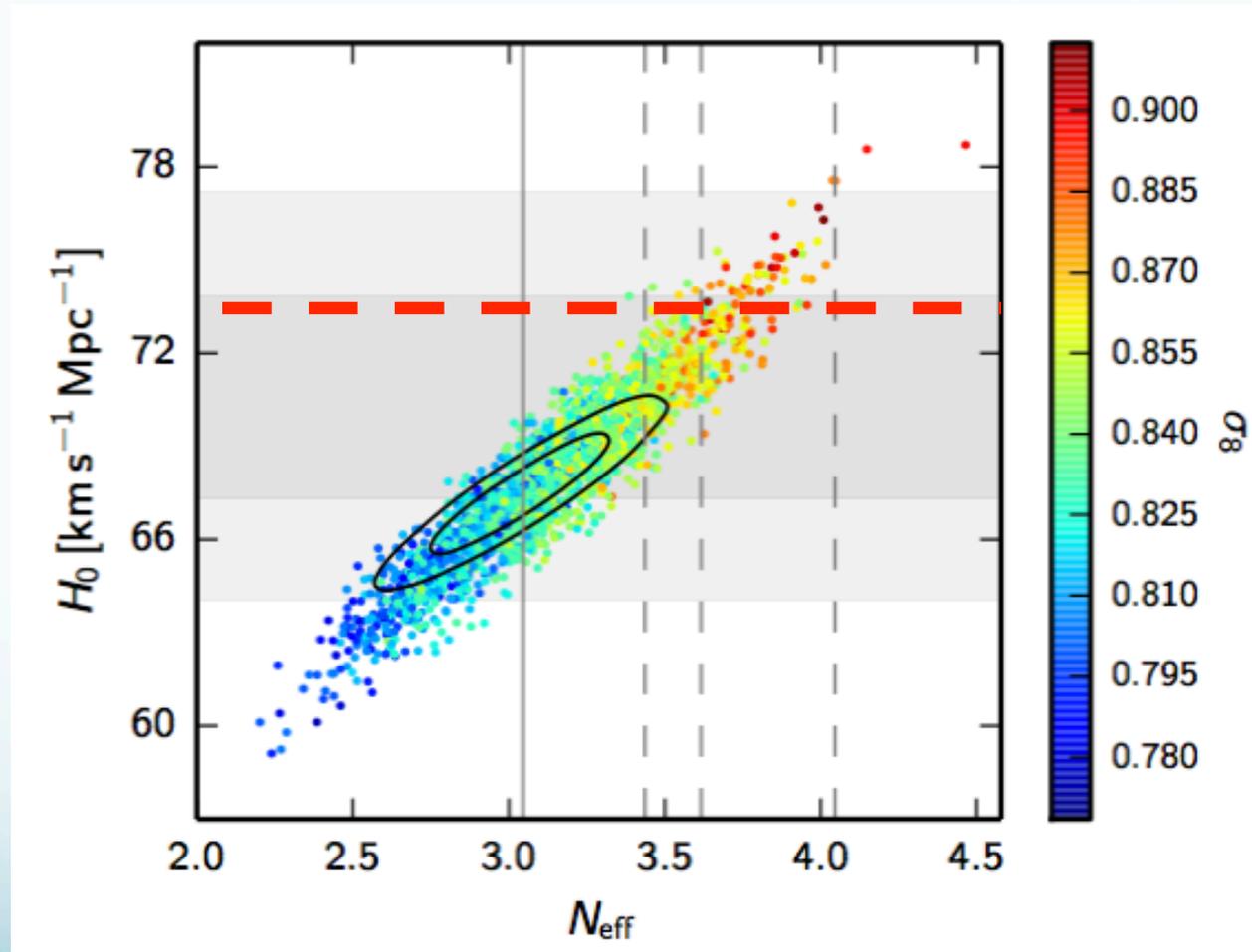
KiDS-450

Planck (No Lensing)

Planck + BAO + JLA

# $H_0$ , $N_{eff}$ and $\sigma_8$

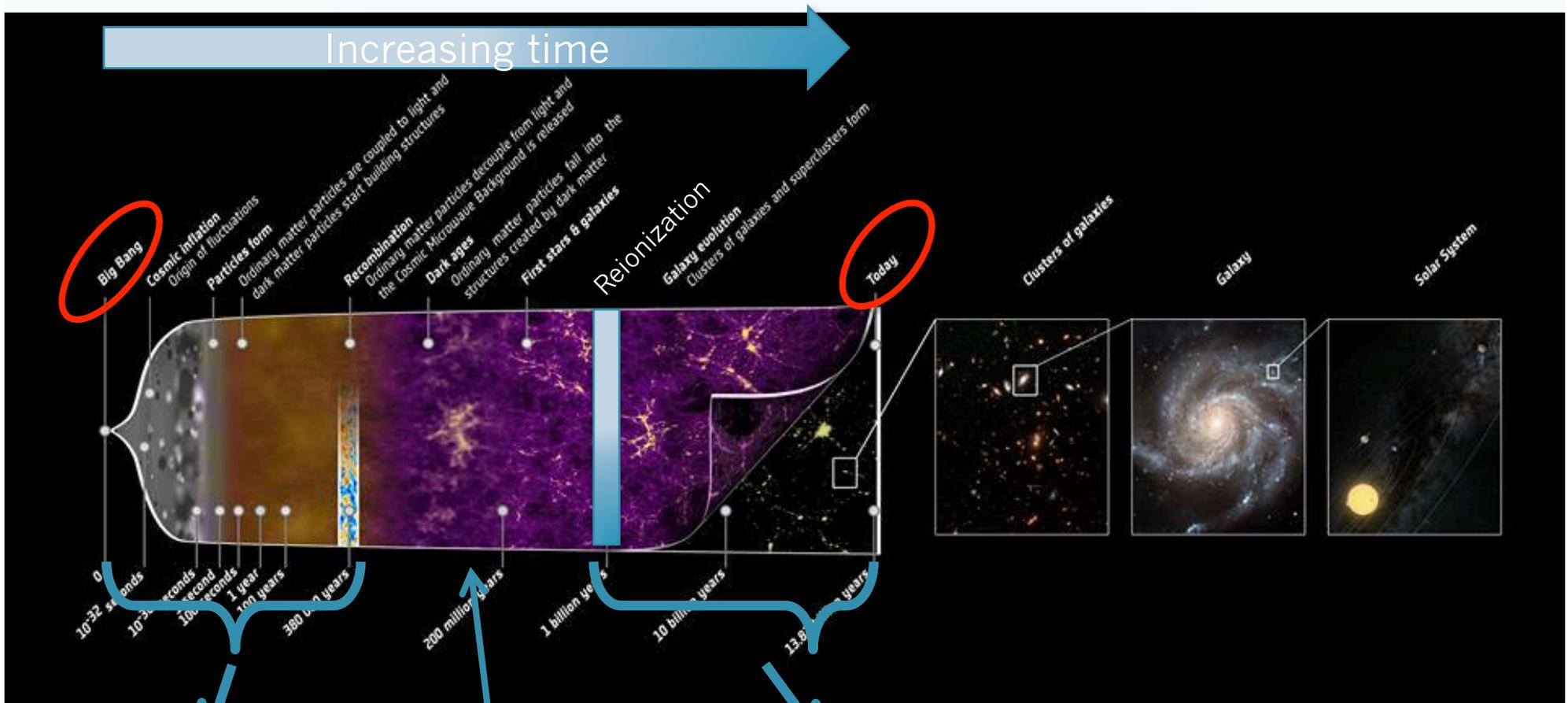
Planck Collaboration XIII (2015)



# Open Questions

- **Tensions?**
- **Primordial perturbations**
  - **Primordial gravity waves from inflation (CMB surveys)**
  - Non-Gaussianity (Galaxy surveys)
- Neutrino sector (CMB and galaxy surveys)
  - Mass scale
  - $N_{\text{eff}}$
- **Dark sector (Galaxy surveys)**
  - Dark matter
  - **Dark energy**
  - Modified gravity
- Baryon physics
  - Galaxy formation and evolution
  - Reionization

# Vista Point



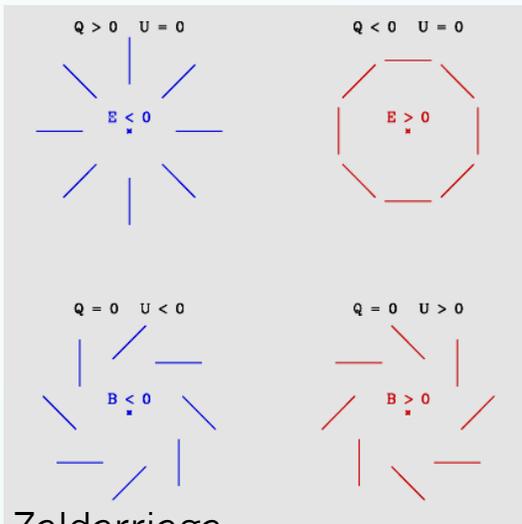
**Early universe:**  
**Gravity waves** - CMB  
polarization surveys

Dark ages

**Late universe:**  
**Dark Energy** - SNIa, BAO/RSD,  
lensing, clusters

# Primordial Grav. Waves

Polarization anisotropy patterns



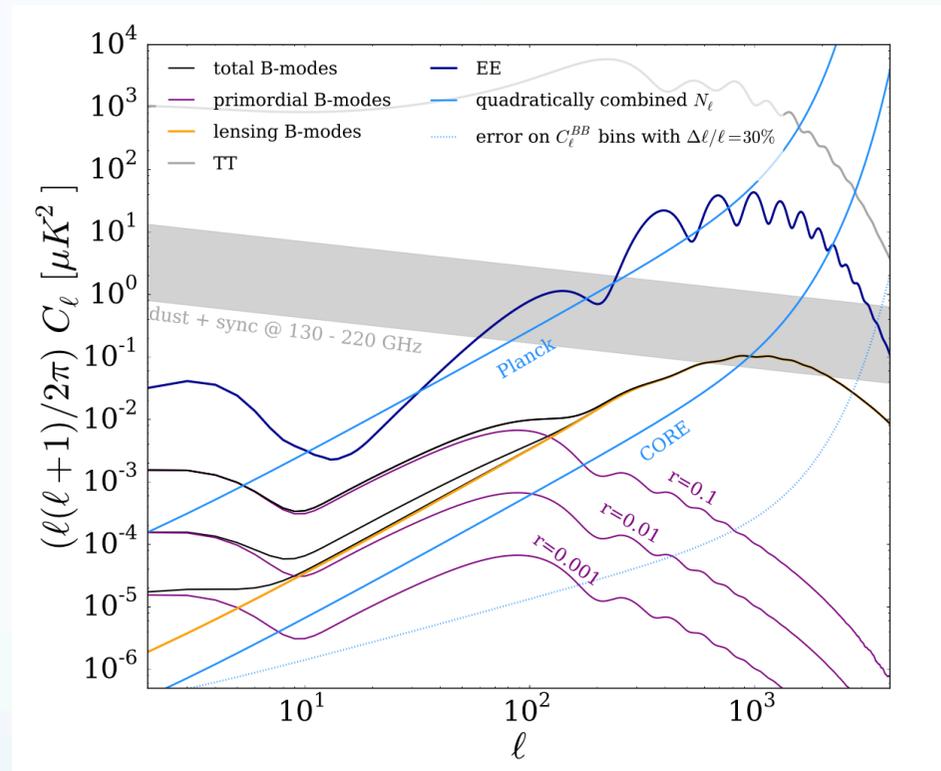
E-mode



B-mode: only grav. waves & lensing  
(loss of axial symmetry)

Zaldarriaga

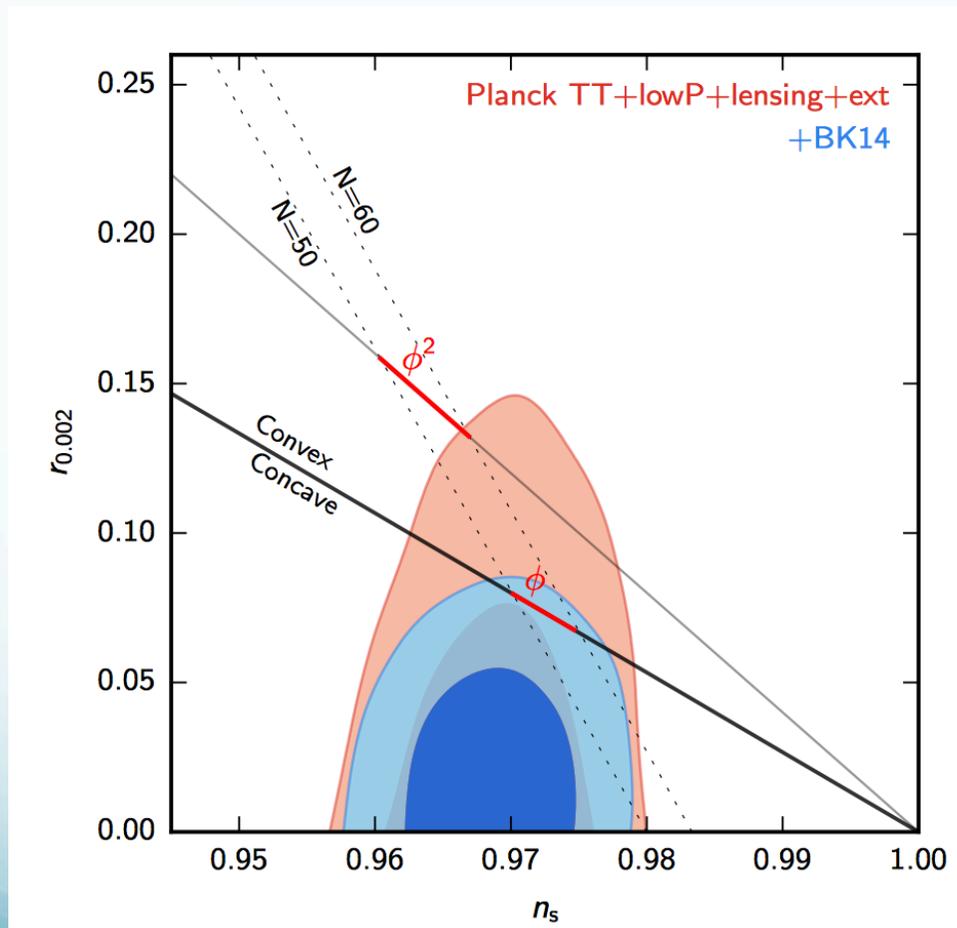
Finelli et al. (2017)



Inflation “smoking gun” & energy scale:  $\Delta^2 h_{+,x} = \frac{1}{2\pi^2} \left( \frac{H}{M_{pl}} \right)^2$   
 $r \sim 0.07 (E / 1.8 \times 10^{16} \text{ GeV})^4$  Lyth (1997)

# Primordial Grav. Waves

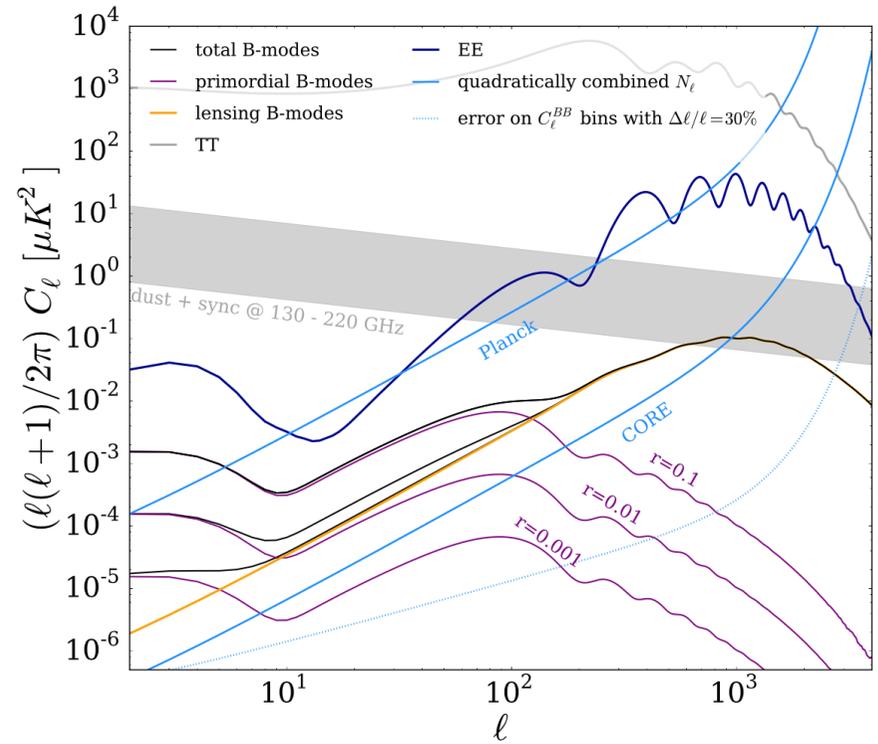
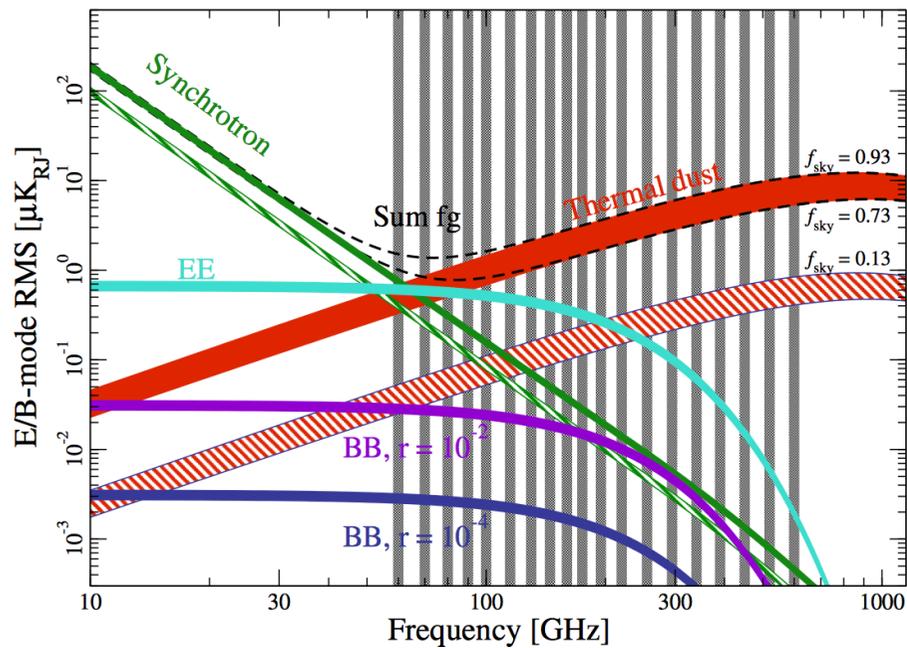
Keck Array and BICEP2 Collaborations (2016)



$$r_{0.05} < 0.07 \quad 95\%$$

# The Challenge

Finelli et al. (2017)

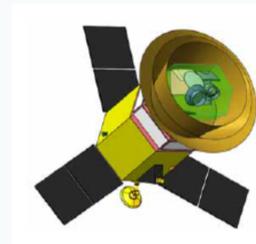


Remazeilles et al. (2017)

# The CMB Program

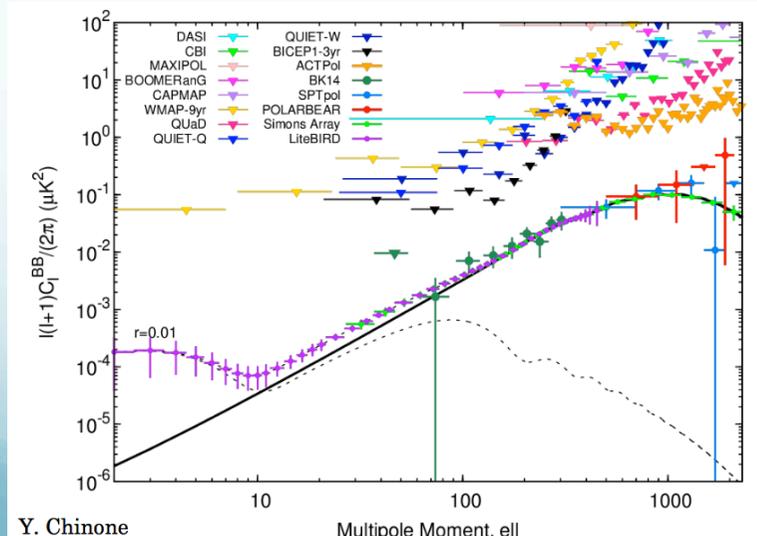
Simons Observatory: Atacama

CMB-S4 2025: South Pole + Atacama



LiteBIRD  
2027

E.g. LiteBIRD



Y. Chinone

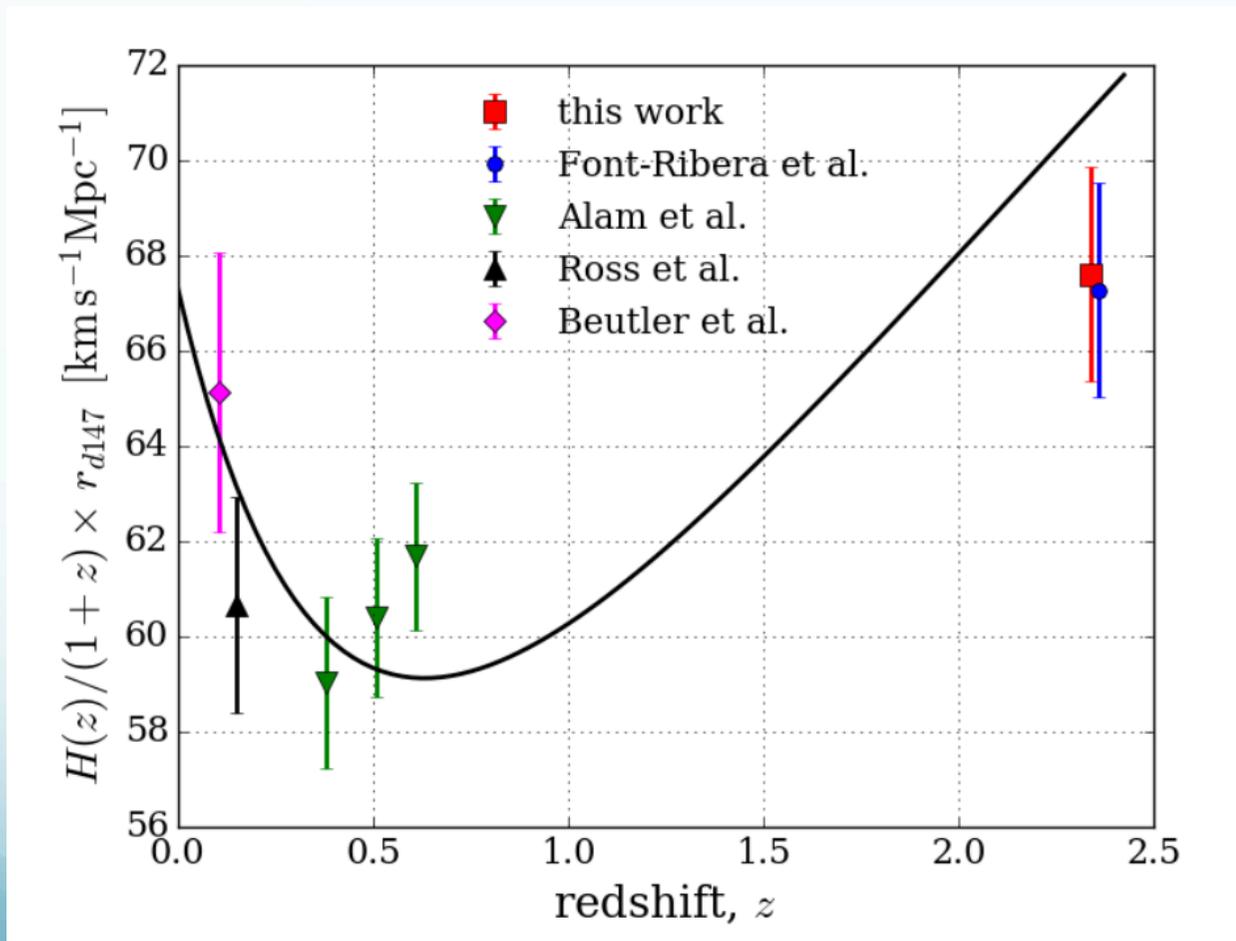
Multipole Moment, ell

PICO / ? ~2030?

$$\sigma_r = 5 \times 10^{-4}$$

# Dark Energy

Bautista et al. (2017)



What is  $\Lambda$ ?

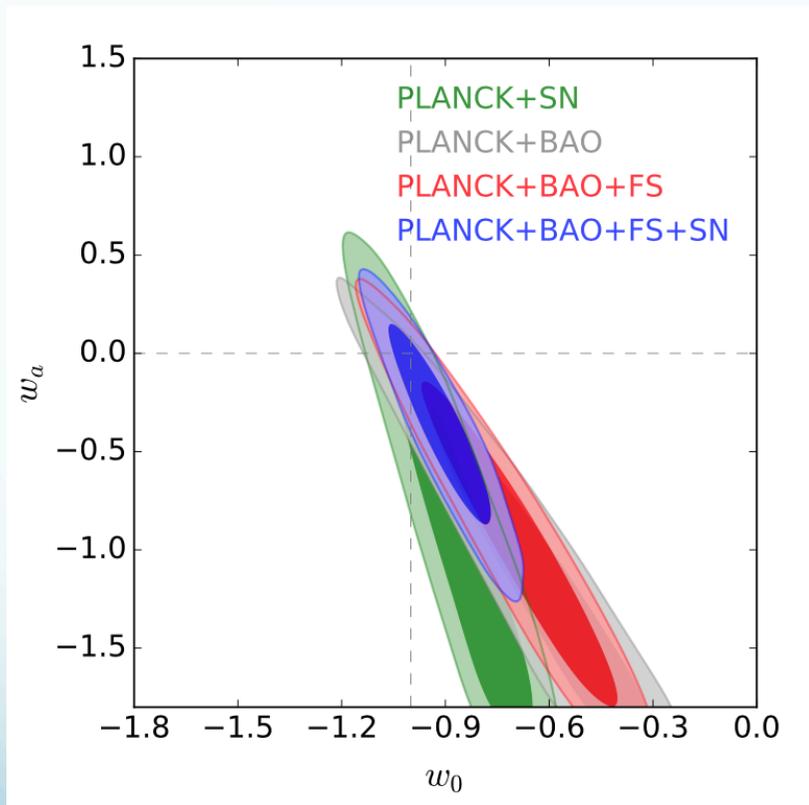
- Does it evolve?
- Generic EoS

$$p = w(a)\rho$$

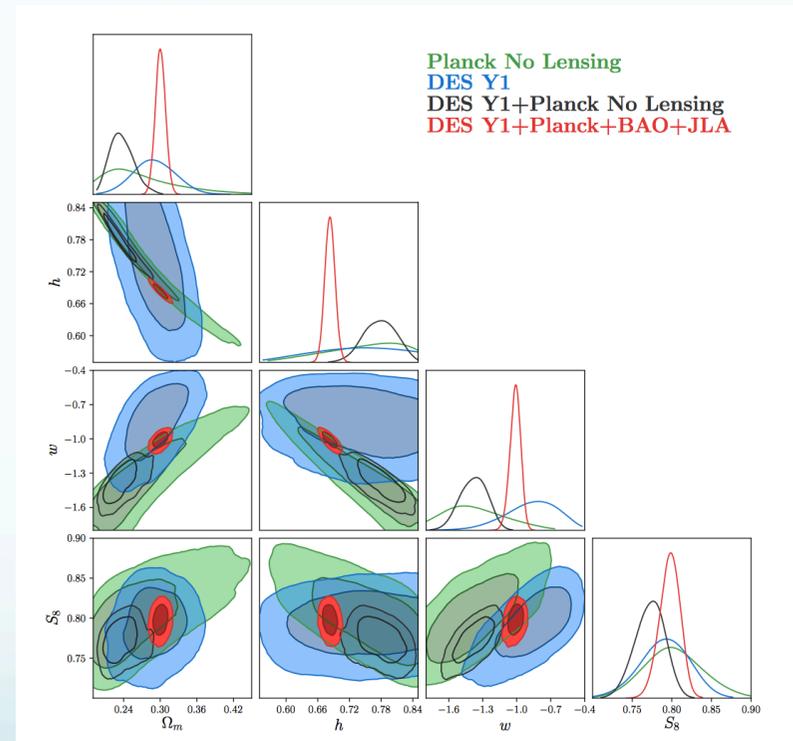
$$w = w_0 + (1 - a)w_a$$

# Dark Energy Status

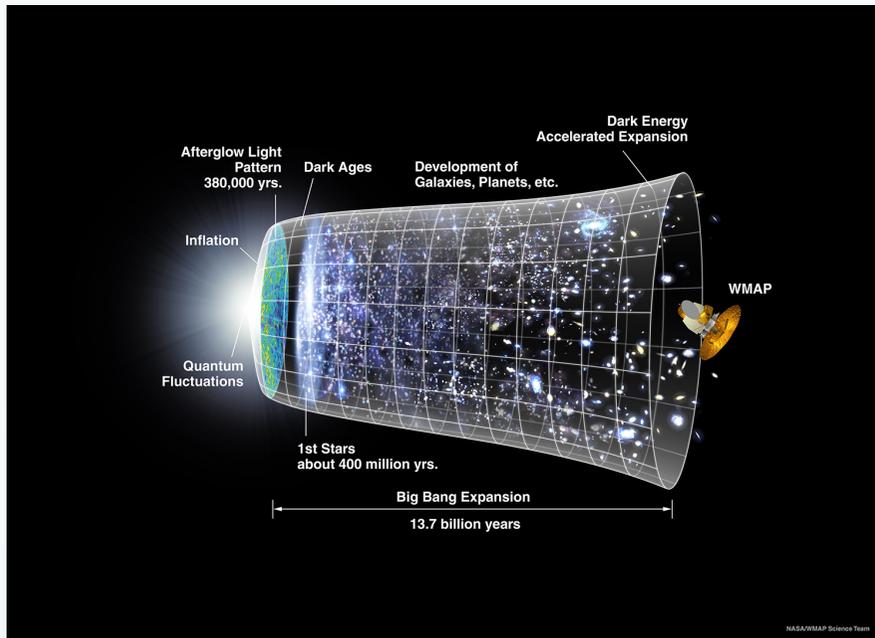
SDSS BOSS (DR12, Alam et al. 2017)



DES Year 1 Results (Abbott et al. 2018)



# The Dark Energy Program



Dark energy begins to dominate late (around  $z=1$ )

Wide Field Surveying  
in optical/NIR

- Imaging
- Spectra

Dark energy probes:

- Baryon acoustic oscillations (geometry)
- Galaxy cluster evolution (dynamics, geometry)
- Cosmic shear (dynamics, geometry)
- SNIa distance measurements (geometry)

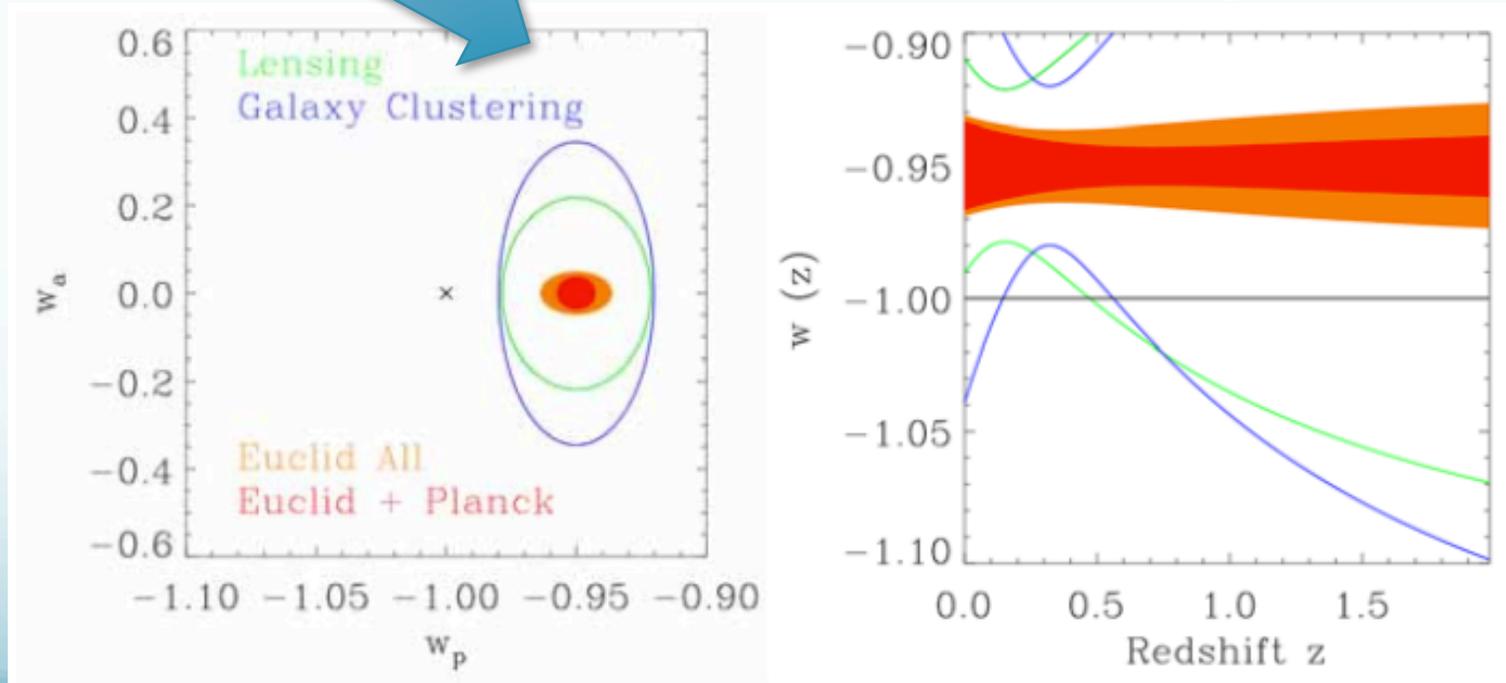
# The Dark Energy Program

DESI (2018 start)

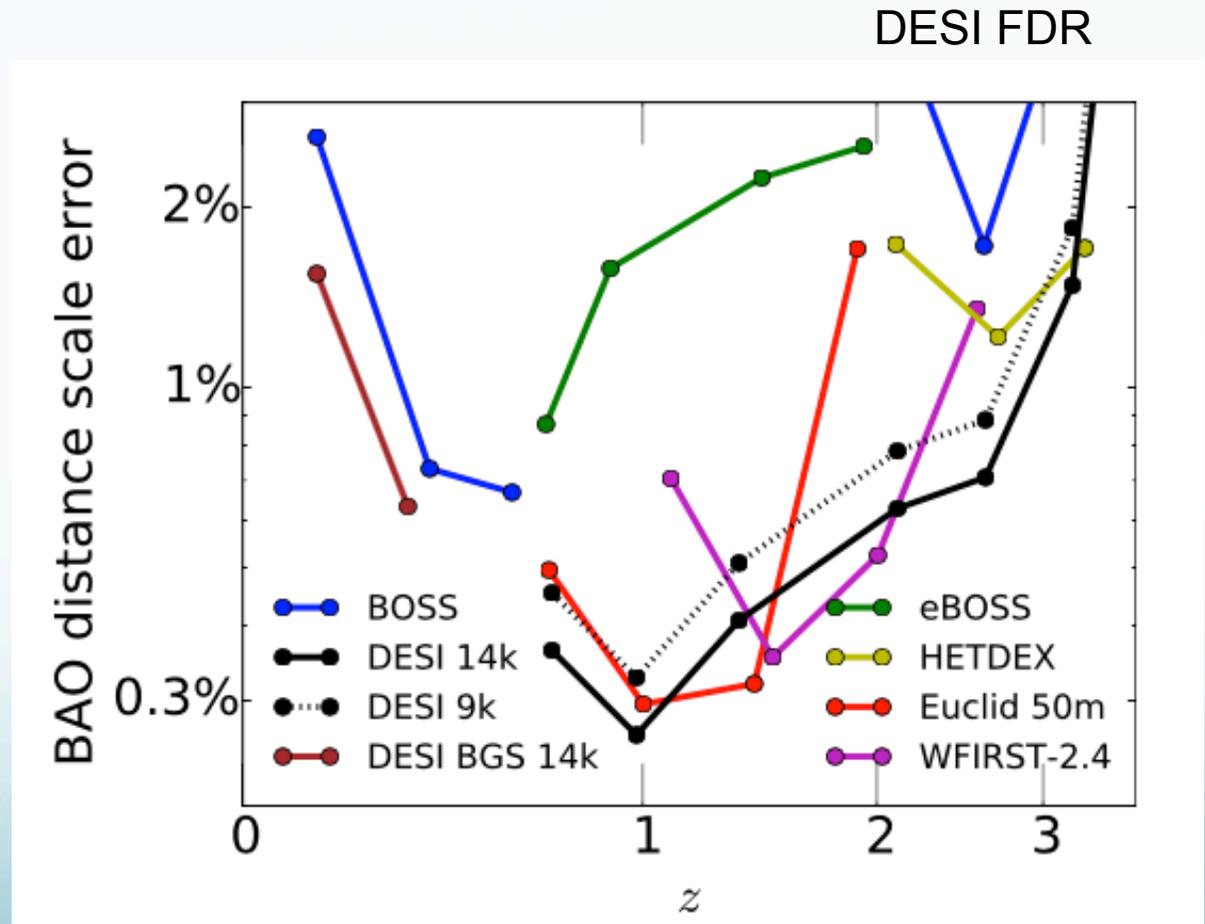
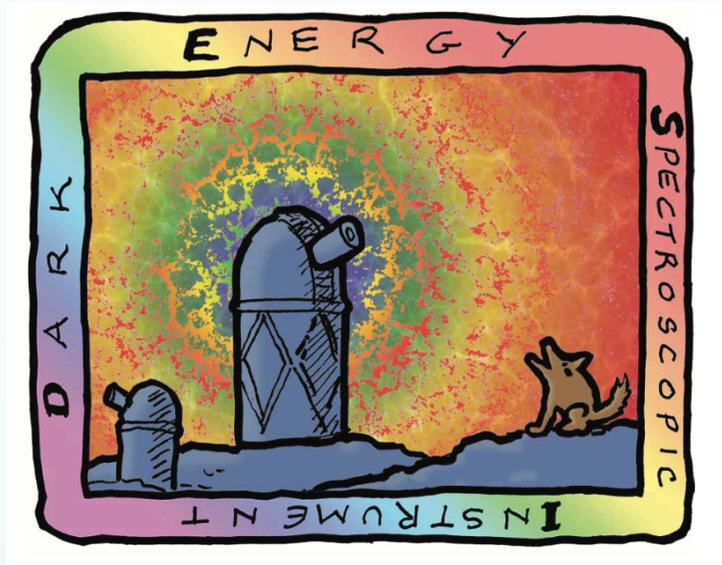
Euclid/LSST (early 2020s start, 6-10 year operation)

WFIRST (2025?)

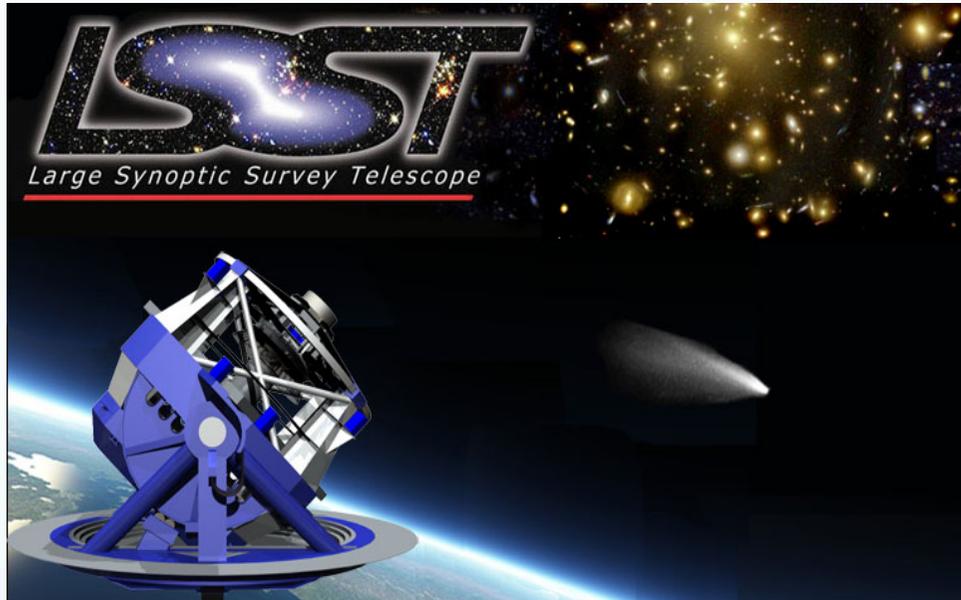
E.g. Euclid



# Dark Energy Spectroscopic Instrument



# Large Synoptic Survey Telescope



- 8.4 m primary
- 10 sq. deg. FOV
- 6 bands (ugrizY)
- Single visit (2x15s) to  $r \approx 24.5$  mag
- 10-year survey (full southern sky every few days) to  $r \approx 27.5$  mag
- All 4 dark energy probes
- Construction start 2014; Operations 2023-2033

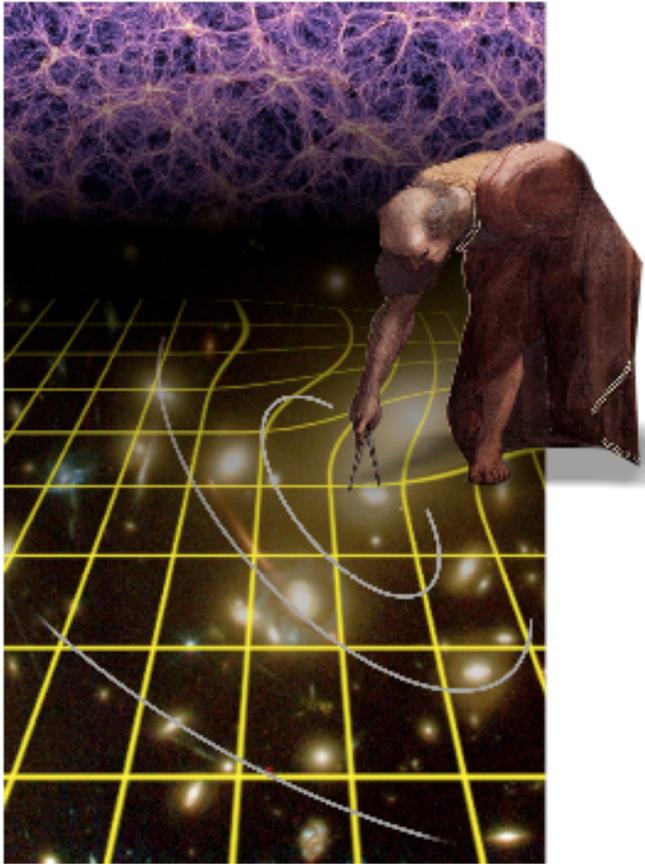


Moon image

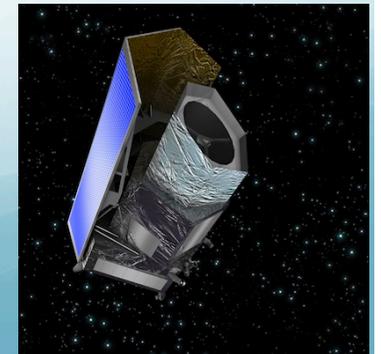


189 science CCD (21 rafts)  
3024 Channels  
>3  $10^9$  pixels  
Readout: 2s

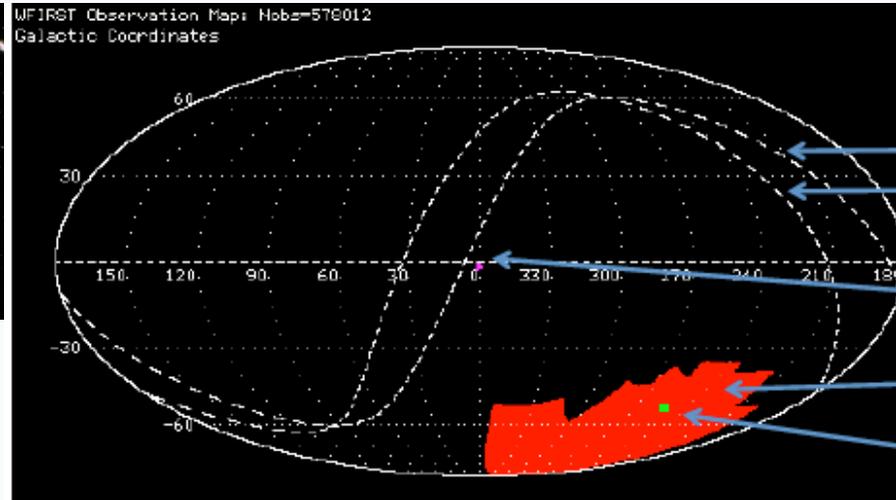
# Space: Euclid



- Optimized for BAO and cosmic shear
  - Other probes: Clusters, z-distortions, ISW
- 1.2m survey telescope at L2
- Two instruments
  - Imaging: Visible RIZ-band to 24.5 mag (shapes) + NIR photometry YJH-bands to 24 mag
  - NIR Spectroscopy
- Tremendous Legacy Science
- Launch 2021



# Space: WFIRST



Ecliptic Plane  
Celestial Equator

Microlensing  
Fields

High Latitude  
Survey Area

SN Fields

- Cosmic shear, BAO, Supernovae + Clusters, RSD, ISW (& Exoplanets)
- 2.4m survey telescope at L2
- Wide Field Instrument
- Wide field channel: NIR imaging, Grism spectro (R=645-900)
- Integral Field Unit
- Launch 2025

# Conclusions

- Tensions?
- Primordial perturbations
  - Primordial gravity waves from inflation (CMB surveys)
  - Non-Gaussianity (Galaxy surveys)
- Neutrino sector (CMB and galaxy surveys)
  - Mass scale  $\sigma(\sum m_\nu) = 0.02 \text{ eV}$
  - Neff
- Dark sector (Galaxy surveys)
  - Dark matter
  - Dark energy
  - Modified gravity
- Baryon physics
  - Galaxy formation and evolution
  - Reionization

Vigorous  
observational  
program over next  
10-15 years